



# **BOARD ACTIVITY SHEET: July 2023**

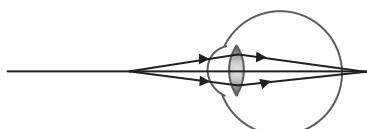
## **Science and Technology Part - 1**

## Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

**Note:**

- i. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Use of a calculator is not allowed.
- iii. The numbers to the right of the questions indicate full marks.
- iv. In case of MCQs (Q. No. 1(A)) only the first attempt will be evaluated and will be given credit.
- v. For each MCQ, the correct alternative (A), (B), (C) or (D) with subquestion number is to be written as an answer.  
For Eg.: (i) (A), (ii) (B), (iii) (C)
- vi. Scientifically correct, labelled diagrams should be drawn wherever necessary.



- v. Give the unit of intensity of magnetic field.



**Q.2. (A) Give scientific reasons (any two):**

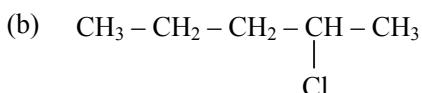
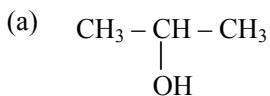
[4]

- Tungsten metal is used to make solenoid type coil in an electric bulb.
- Simple microscope is used for watch repairs.
- Metallic character goes on decreasing while going from left to right in a period.

**(B) Answer any three of the following questions:**

[6]

- Write the IUPAC names of the following structural formulae:



- An iron ball of mass 5 kg is released from a height of 125 m and falls freely to the ground. Assuming that the value of g is  $10 \text{ m/s}^2$ , calculate time taken by the ball to reach the ground.
- What is meant by artificial satellite? Name the first satellite launched by Russia.
- Draw the image formed by convex lens, if object is placed at  $2F_1$ .
- Why does the apparent position of stars keep changing a bit?

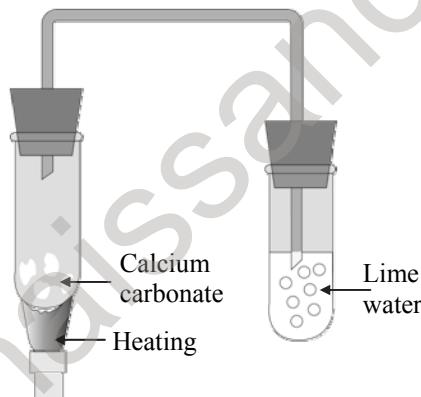
**Q.3. Answer any five of the following questions:**

[15]

- Identify the process given below and accordingly draw neat labelled diagram:

A molten mixture of alumina ( $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ ) (melting point  $> 2000^\circ\text{C}$ ) is done in a steel tank. The tank has a graphite lining on the inner side. The lining does the work of cathode. A set of graphite rods dipped in the molten electrolyte works as anode. Cryolite ( $\text{Na}_3\text{AlF}_6$ ) and fluorspar ( $\text{CaF}_2$ ) are added in the mixture to lower its melting point upto  $1000^\circ\text{C}$ .

- With reference to the given diagram answer the following questions:



- Give type of chemical reaction.
- Give the names of reactants and products.
- Write down the balanced chemical equation.

- What is Electrical Power? Derive the unit of electric power from the given equations:

$$P = V \times \boxed{\quad}$$

$$P = \boxed{\quad} \times \text{ampere}$$

$$= 1 \text{ volt} \times 1 \boxed{\quad} = \frac{1\text{J}}{1\text{C}} \times \frac{1\text{C}}{1\text{s}}$$

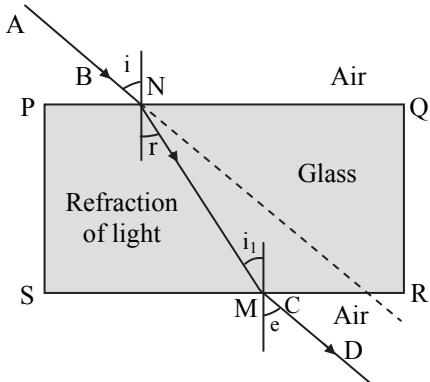
$$\therefore P = \frac{1\text{J}}{\boxed{\quad}} = \text{W (Watt).}$$

- Explain the term anodization with example. Give one use of it.
- State Kepler's three laws of motion.





- vi. The electronic configuration of an element X is 2, 8, 8, 2.  
(a) What is the atomic number of the element X?  
(b) To which group does this element belong?  
(c) In which period does this element lie?
- vii. What is the contribution of India in space technology?
- viii. Observe the given diagram and answer the following questions:

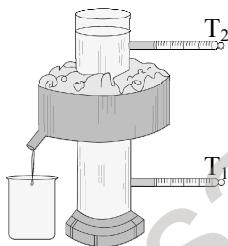


- (a) What is refraction of light?  
(b) Name the emergent ray.  
(c) Which two angles are equal?

**Q.4. Attempt any one of the following questions:**

[5]

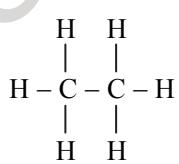
- i. Observe the given diagram and answer the following questions:



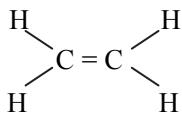
- (a) What is the name of the given apparatus?  
(b) Which phenomenon is studied with the help of this apparatus?  
(c) What are the final temperatures in thermometers T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>?  
(d) At what temperature the density of water is maximum?  
(e) Give one example of the above phenomenon in nature.

- ii. Observe and write the answers to the questions given below:

(I)



(II)



- (a) Write the names of compound I and II.  
(b) Draw electron-dot structure for I and II.  
(c) Which one of the above structures is saturated compound and unsaturated compound?

