# Manipulação de arquivos e diretórios

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## Apresentação da biblioteca

### A biblioteca *Filesystem*

- Fornece recursos para **executar operações em sistemas de arquivos e seus componentes**, como caminhos, arquivos e diretórios.
- Está disponível a partir do C++17.
- Compatibilidade com Windows\* e Unix.

# Criação de arquivos e diretórios

#### Criar diretório

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
    fs::current path(fs::temp directory path());
    fs::create_directories("sandbox/1/2/a");
    fs::create_directory("sandbox/1/2/b");
    fs::permissions("sandbox/1/2/b", fs::perms::others_all, fs::perm_options::remove);
    fs::create_directory("sandbox/1/2/c", "sandbox/1/2/b");
    std::system("ls -l sandbox/1/2");
    std::system("tree sandbox");
   fs::remove all("sandbox");
```

```
drwxr-xr-x 2 user group 4096 Apr 15 09:33 a
drwxr-x--- 2 user group 4096 Apr 15 09:33 b
drwxr-x--- 2 user group 4096 Apr 15 09:33 c
sandbox
```

### Copiar arquivo ou diretório

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
    fs::create directories("sandbox/dir/subdir");
    std::ofstream("sandbox/file1.txt").put('a');
    fs::copy("sandbox/file1.txt", "sandbox/file2.txt"); // copy file
    fs::copy("sandbox/dir", "sandbox/dir2"); // copy directory (non-recursive)
    const auto copyOptions = fs::copy_options::update_existing
                             fs::copy options::recursive
                             fs::copy options::directories only;
    fs::copy("sandbox", "sandbox_copy", copyOptions);
    static cast<void>(std::system("tree"));
    fs::remove all("sandbox");
    fs::remove all("sandbox copy");
```



### Copiar arquivo

```
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
    fs::create_directory("sandbox");
    std::ofstream("sandbox/file1.txt").put('a');
    fs::copy_file("sandbox/file1.txt", "sandbox/file2.txt");
    // now there are two files in sandbox:
    std::cout << "file1.txt holds: "</pre>
              << std::ifstream("sandbox/file1.txt").rdbuf() << '\n';</pre>
    std::cout << "file2.txt holds: "</pre>
              << std::ifstream("sandbox/file2.txt").rdbuf() << '\n';</pre>
    // fail to copy directory
    fs::create_directory("sandbox/abc");
```

```
try
    fs::copy_file("sandbox/abc", "sandbox/def");
catch (fs::filesystem_error& e)
    std::cout << "Could not copy sandbox/abc: " << e.what() << '\n';</pre>
fs::remove_all("sandbox");
```

```
file1.txt holds: a
file2.txt holds: a
Could not copy sandbox/abc: copy_file: Is a directory: "sandbox/abc", "sandbox/def"
```

# Modificação de arquivos e diretórios

### Renomear arquivo ou diretório

```
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
   std::filesystem::path p = std::filesystem::current path() / "sandbox";
    std::filesystem::create_directories(p / "from");
    std::ofstream{ p / "from/file1.txt" }.put('a');
    std::filesystem::create_directory(p / "to");
// fs::rename(p / "from/file1.txt", p / "to/"); // error: "to" is a directory
   fs::rename(p / "from/file1.txt", p / "to/file2.txt"); // OK
// fs::rename(p / "from", p / "to"); // error: "to" is not empty
   fs::rename(p / "from", p / "to/subdir"); // OK
    std::filesystem::remove all(p);
```

## Alterar permissão de acesso de arquivo ou diretório

```
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
void demo_perms(std::filesystem::perms p)
   using std::filesystem::perms;
    auto show = [=](char op, perms perm)
        std::cout << (perms::none == (perm & p) ? '-' : op);</pre>
    };
    show('r', perms::owner_read);
    show('w', perms::owner_write);
    show('x', perms::owner_exec);
    show('r', perms::group_read);
    show('w', perms::group_write);
    show('x', perms::group_exec);
    show('r', perms::others_read);
    show('w', perms::others_write);
    show('x', perms::others_exec);
```

```
std::cout << '\n';</pre>
int main()
    std::ofstream("test.txt"); // create file
    std::cout << "Created file with permissions: ";</pre>
    demo_perms(std::filesystem::status("test.txt").permissions());
    std::filesystem::permissions(
        "test.txt",
        std::filesystem::perms::owner_all | std::filesystem::perms::group_all,
        std::filesystem::perm options::add
    );
    std::cout << "After adding u+rwx and g+rwx: ";</pre>
    demo_perms(std::filesystem::status("test.txt").permissions());
    std::filesystem::remove("test.txt");
```



Created file with permissions: rw-r--r--After adding u+rwx and g+wrx: rwxrwxr--

#### Obter ou definir diretório de trabalho atual

```
#include <filesystem>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
    std::cout << "Current path is " << fs::current_path() << '\n';</pre>
    fs::current_path(fs::temp_directory_path());
    std::cout << "Current path is " << fs::current_path() << '\n';</pre>
```

Current path is "D:/local/ConsoleApplication1"
Current path is "E:/Temp"

# Verificação de arquivos e diretórios

### Verificar se arquivo ou diretório existem

```
#include <cstdint>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
void demo exists(const fs::path& p, fs::file_status s = fs::file_status{})
    std::cout << p;</pre>
    if(fs::status_known(s) ? fs::exists(s) : fs::exists(p))
        std::cout << " exists\n";</pre>
    else
        std::cout << " does not exist\n";</pre>
int main()
    const fs::path sandbox{"sandbox"};
    fs::create directory(sandbox);
    std::ofstream{sandbox/"file"}; // create regular file
```

```
fs::create_symlink("non-existing", sandbox/"symlink");
demo_exists(sandbox);
for (const auto& entry : fs::directory_iterator(sandbox))
    demo_exists(entry, entry.status()); // use cached status from directory entry
fs::remove_all(sandbox);
```

"sandbox" exists "sandbox/symlink" does not exist "sandbox/file" exists

### Verificar se é um arquivo

#### Verificar se é um diretório

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/un.h>
#include <unistd.h>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
void demo_status(const fs::path& p, fs::file_status s)
    std::cout << p;</pre>
    // alternative: switch(s.type()) { case fs::file_type::regular: ...}
    if (fs::is regular file(s))
        std::cout << " is a regular file\n";</pre>
    if (fs::is directory(s))
        std::cout << " is a directory\n";</pre>
```

```
if (fs::is_block_file(s))
        std::cout << " is a block device\n";</pre>
    if (fs::is_character_file(s))
        std::cout << " is a character device\n";</pre>
    if (fs::is_fifo(s))
        std::cout << " is a named IPC pipe\n";</pre>
    if (fs::is socket(s))
        std::cout << " is a named IPC socket\n";</pre>
    if (fs::is_symlink(s))
        std::cout << " is a symlink\n";</pre>
    if (!fs::exists(s))
        std::cout << " does not exist\n";</pre>
int main()
    // create files of different kinds
    fs::create_directory("sandbox");
    fs::create directory("sandbox/dir");
    std::ofstream{"sandbox/file"}; // create regular file
```

```
fs::create symlink("file", "sandbox/symlink");
mkfifo("sandbox/pipe", 0644);
sockaddr un addr;
addr.sun_family = AF_UNIX;
std::strcpy(addr.sun_path, "sandbox/sock");
int fd = socket(PF UNIX, SOCK STREAM, 0);
bind(fd, reinterpret_cast<sockaddr*>(&addr), sizeof addr);
// demo different status accessors
for (auto it{fs::directory_iterator("sandbox")}; it != fs::directory_iterator(); ++it)
    demo status(*it, it->symlink status()); // use cached status from directory entry
    demo_status("/dev/null", fs::status("/dev/null")); // direct calls to status
    demo status("/dev/sda", fs::status("/dev/sda"));
    demo status("sandbox/no", fs::status("/sandbox/no"));
// cleanup (prefer std::unique ptr-based custom deleters)
close(fd);
fs::remove all("sandbox");
```

"sandbox/file" is a regular file "sandbox/dir" is a directory "sandbox/pipe" is a named IPC pipe "sandbox/sock" is a named IPC socket "sandbox/symlink" is a symlink "/dev/null" is a character device "/dev/sda" is a block device "sandbox/no" does not exist

### Verificar se é um arquivo ou diretório vazio

```
#include <cstdio>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
int main()
    namespace fs = std::filesystem;
    const fs::path tmp_dir{fs::temp_directory_path()};
    std::cout << std::boolalpha</pre>
               << "Temp dir: " << tmp dir << '\n'</pre>
               << "is_empty(): " << fs::is_empty(tmp_dir) << '\n';</pre>
    const fs::path tmp_name{tmp_dir / std::tmpnam(nullptr)};
    std::cout << "Temp file: " << tmp_name << '\n';</pre>
    std::ofstream file{tmp_name.string()};
    std::cout << "is_empty(): " << fs::is_empty(tmp_name) << '\n';</pre>
    file << "cppreference.com";</pre>
```

```
file.flush();
std::cout << "is_empty(): " << fs::is_empty(tmp_name) << '\n'</pre>
          << "file_size(): " << fs::file_size(tmp_name) << '\n';</pre>
file.close();
fs::remove(tmp_name);
```

```
Temp dir: "/tmp"
is_empty(): false
Temp file: "/tmp/fileCqd9DM"
is_empty(): true
is_empty(): false
file_size(): 16
```

# Exclusão de arquivos ou diretórios

#### Excluir arquivo ou diretório

```
#include <cstdint>
#include <filesystem>
#include <iostream>
namespace fs = std::filesystem;
int main()
    fs::path tmp{std::filesystem::temp_directory_path()};
    std::filesystem::create_directories(tmp / "abcdef/example");
    std::uintmax_t n{fs::remove_all(tmp / "abcdef")};
    std::cout << "Deleted " << n << " files or directories\n";</pre>
```

Deleted 2 files or directories

## Recursos adicionais

#### Obter conteúdo de um diretório

directory\_entry
directory\_iterator
recursive\_directory\_iterator

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <filesystem>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
int main()
    const std::filesystem::path sandbox{"sandbox"};
    std::filesystem::create directories(sandbox/"dir1"/"dir2");
    std::ofstream{sandbox/"file1.txt"};
    std::ofstream{sandbox/"file2.txt"};
    std::cout << "directory iterator:\n";</pre>
    // directory iterator can be iterated using a range-for loop
    for (auto const& dir_entry : std::filesystem::directory_iterator{sandbox})
        std::cout << dir entry.path() << '\n';</pre>
    std::cout << "\ndirectory_iterator as a range:\n";</pre>
    // directory iterator behaves as a range in other ways, too
    std::ranges::for each(
```

```
std::filesystem::directory_iterator{sandbox},
    [](const auto& dir_entry) { std::cout << dir_entry << '\n'; });</pre>
std::cout << "\nrecursive directory iterator:\n";</pre>
for (auto const& dir_entry : std::filesystem::recursive_directory_iterator{sandbox})
    std::cout << dir_entry << '\n';</pre>
// delete the sandbox dir and all contents within it, including subdirs
std::filesystem::remove_all(sandbox);
```

```
directory_iterator:
"sandbox/file2.txt"
"sandbox/file1.txt"
"sandbox/dir1"
directory_iterator as a range:
"sandbox/file2.txt"
"sandbox/file1.txt"
"sandbox/dir1"
recursive_directory_iterator:
"sandbox/file2.txt"
"sandbox/file1.txt"
"sandbox/dir1"
"sandbox/dir1/dir2"
```

### Tratamento de exceções

filesystem\_error

```
#include <filesystem>
#include <iostream>
#include <system_error>
int main()
    const std::filesystem::path from{"/none1/a"}, to{"/none2/b"};
    try
        std::filesystem::copy file(from, to); // throws: files do not exist
    catch (std::filesystem::filesystem_error const& ex)
        std::cout << "what(): " << ex.what() << '\n'</pre>
                   << "path1(): " << ex.path1() << '\n'</pre>
                   << "path2(): " << ex.path2() << '\n'</pre>
                   << "code().value(): " << ex.code().value() << '\n'</pre>
                   << "code().message(): " << ex.code().message() << '\n'</pre>
                   << "code().category(): " << ex.code().category().name() << '\n';</pre>
```

```
// All functions have non-throwing equivalents
std::error_code ec;
std::filesystem::copy_file(from, to, ec); // does not throw
std::cout << "\nNon-throwing form sets error_code: " << ec.message() << '\n';</pre>
```

```
what(): filesystem error: cannot copy file: No such file or directory [/none1/a] [/none2/b]
path1(): "/none1/a"
path2(): "/none2/b"
code().value():
code().message(): No such file or directory
code().category(): generic
Non-throwing form sets error_code: No such file or directory
```

# Referências

## C++ Reference: Filesystem Library

https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/filesyst em