



PCS2056 - Linguagens e Compiladores

P2

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PRIMEIRA PARTE DA P2

1. (2,5 pontos) Construa um reconhecedor determinístico, baseado no autômato de pilha estruturado, que aceite como entrada válida um arquivo contendo descrições e comandos em Kipple. Não é necessário colocar toda a descrição da linguagem (incluindo bibliotecas), basta utilizar os elementos descritos explicitamente na sintaxe.

a) Descrição Wirth da linguagem:

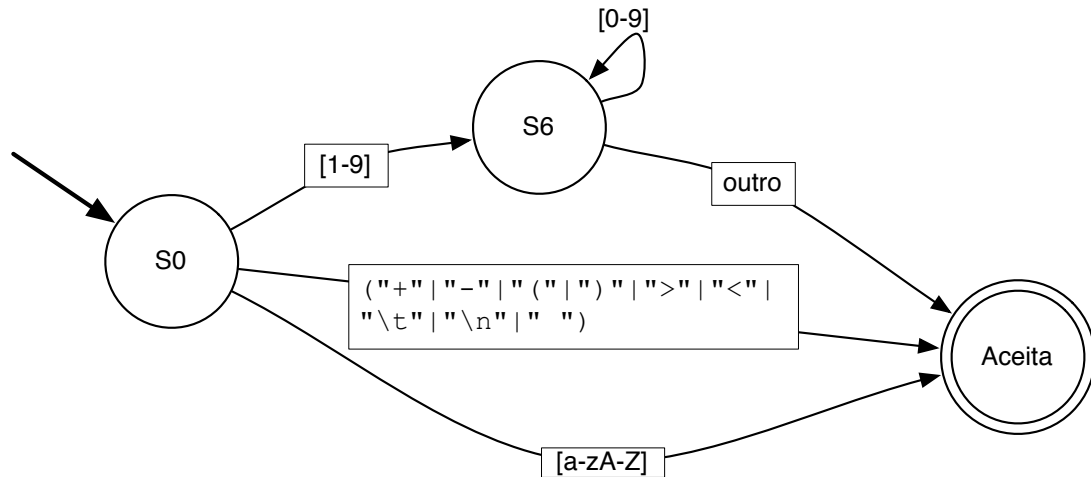
```
STACK_ID =  
"a"|"b"|"c"|"d"|"e"|"f"|"g"|"h"|"i"|"j"|"k"|"l"|"m"|"n" |  
"o"|"p"|"q"|"r"|"s"|"t"|"u"|"v"|"w"|"x"|"y"|"z"|"A"|"B" |  
"C"|"D"|"E"|"F"|"G"|"H"|"I"|"J"|"K"|"L"|"M"|"N"|"O"|"P" |  
"Q"|"R"|"S"|"T"|"U"|"V"|"W"|"X"|"Y"|"Z"|"@".  
  
NUM = "0" | ( ("1"|"2"|"3"|"4"|"5"|"6"|"7"|"8"|"9")  
              {"0"|"1"|"2"|"3"|"4"|"5"|"6"|"7"|"8"|"9"} ).  
  
OPERATION = OP1 | OP2.  
OP_UM = NUM [REST_PR].  
OP_DOIS = STACK_ID ( [REST_PR | REST_PL | REST_ADD |  
                     REST_SUB | REST_CLR] ).  
  
REST_PR  = ">" OP_DOIS.  
REST_PL  = "<" (OP_UM | OP_DOIS).  
REST_ADD = "+" (OP_UM | OP_DOIS).  
REST_SUB = "-" (OP_UM | OP_DOIS).  
REST_CLR = "?".  
  
LOOP = "(" OP_DOIS CODE ")".  
CODE = {LOOP | OPERATION}.
```

b) Tabela de tokens:

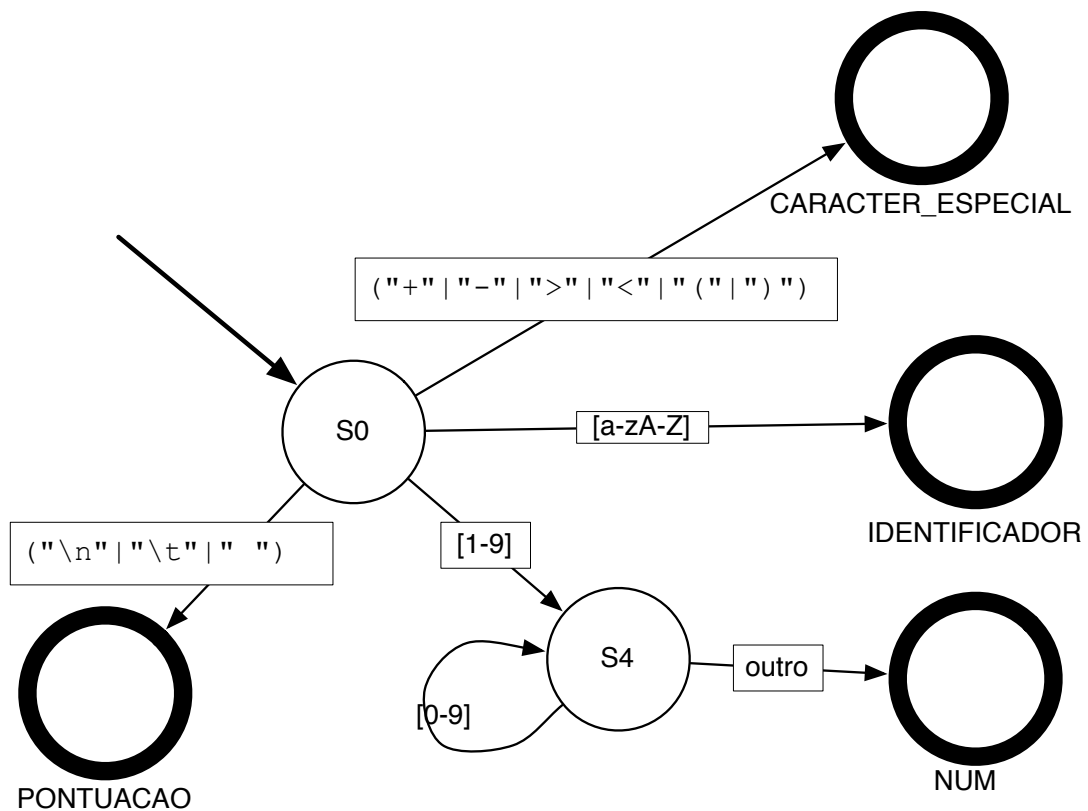
Expressão Regular	Valor	Tipo
<code>["a" "b" ... "z" "A" "B" ... "Z")</code>	Lexema Lido	ID
<code>(">" "<" "+" "-" "(" ")")</code>	Lexema Lido	SPECIAL_CHARACTER
<code>(0 [1-9][0-9]*)</code>	Lexema lido	NUM
<code>(" " "\n" "\t")</code>	-	PONTUACAO



c) Autômato finito que reconhece os lexemas da linguagem:



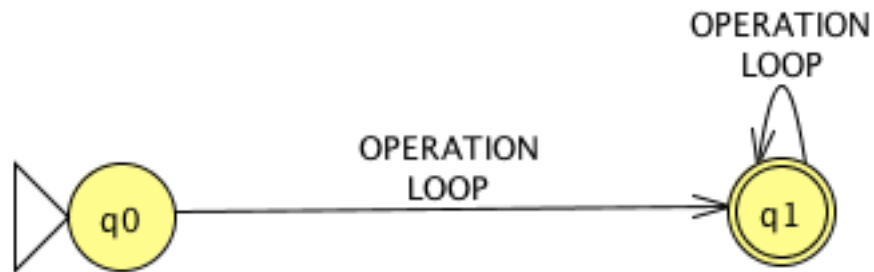
d) Transdutor:





e) Autômato de pilha estruturado para o reconhecimento da linguagem Kipple.

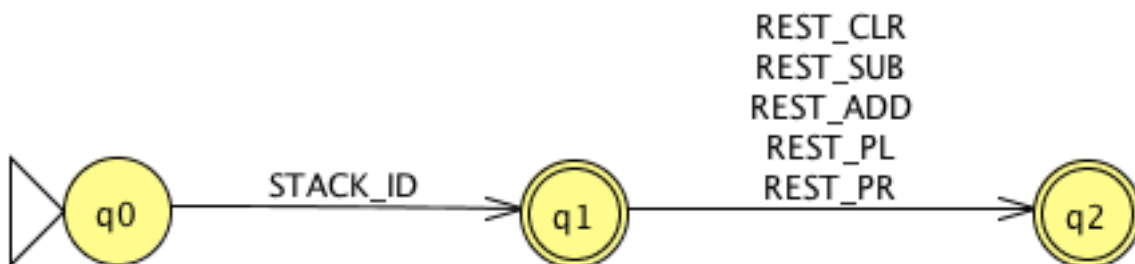
CODE:



LOOP:

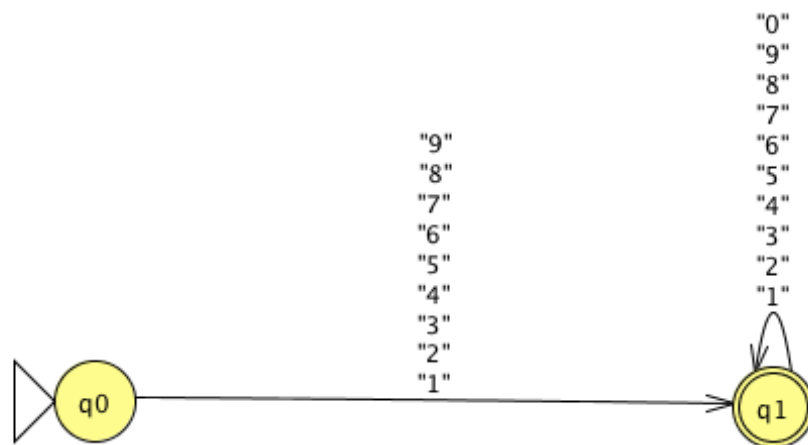


OP_DOIS:

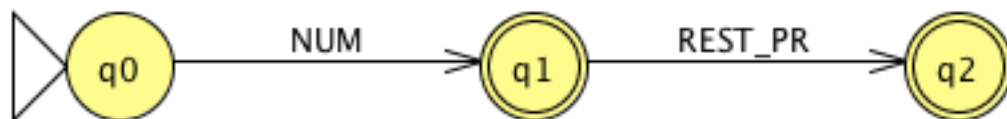




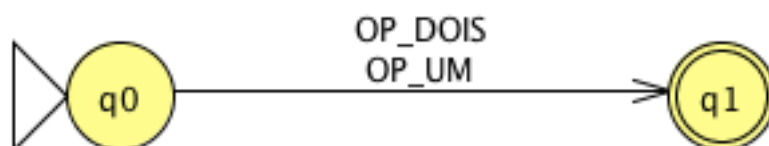
NUM:



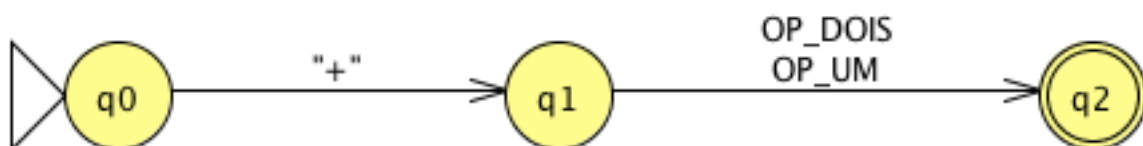
OP_UM:



OPERATION:

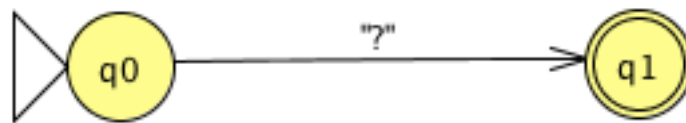


REST_ADD:

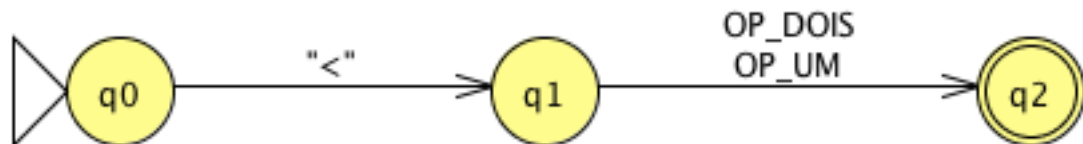




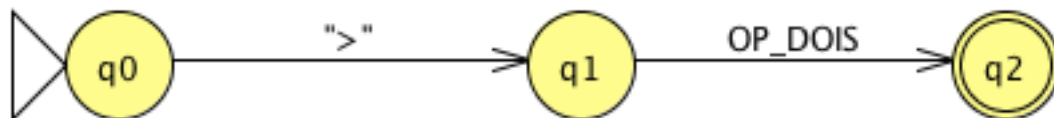
REST_CLR:



REST_PL:



REST_PR:



REST_SUB:

