CSS Box Types

Box Types

1. Block-Level Elements

- occupy 100% of parent element's width
- elements are stacked vertically (with line-breaks)

Examples:

body, div, h1 to h6, p, ul, ol, li, etc.

In CSS, display: block;

Box Types

2. Inline Elements

- occupies only the space necessary for its content
- causes no line-breaks
- heights and widths do not apply
- paddings & margins are applied only horizontally (left & right)

Examples:

a, img, strong, em, button, etc.

In CSS, display: inline;

Box Types

3. Inline-Block Elements

- displayed in a line, like 'inline' elements
- do not cause line-breaks
- elements can have a width and height set
- margins & paddings are fully respected by browser
- margin collapsing does not occur with 'inline-block' elements

In CSS, display: inline-block;