

ETS Decomposition

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ETS

- stands for Error, Trend, and Seasonality
- a method used to break down a time series into three components

Trend (T)

- Overall direction in which the time series is moving (upward, downward, stable/flat)

Seasonality (S)

- Repeating patterns in the series (e.g. daily, monthly, yearly)

Residual/Error (E)

- The noise or irregular fluctuations that cannot be explained by trend or seasonality

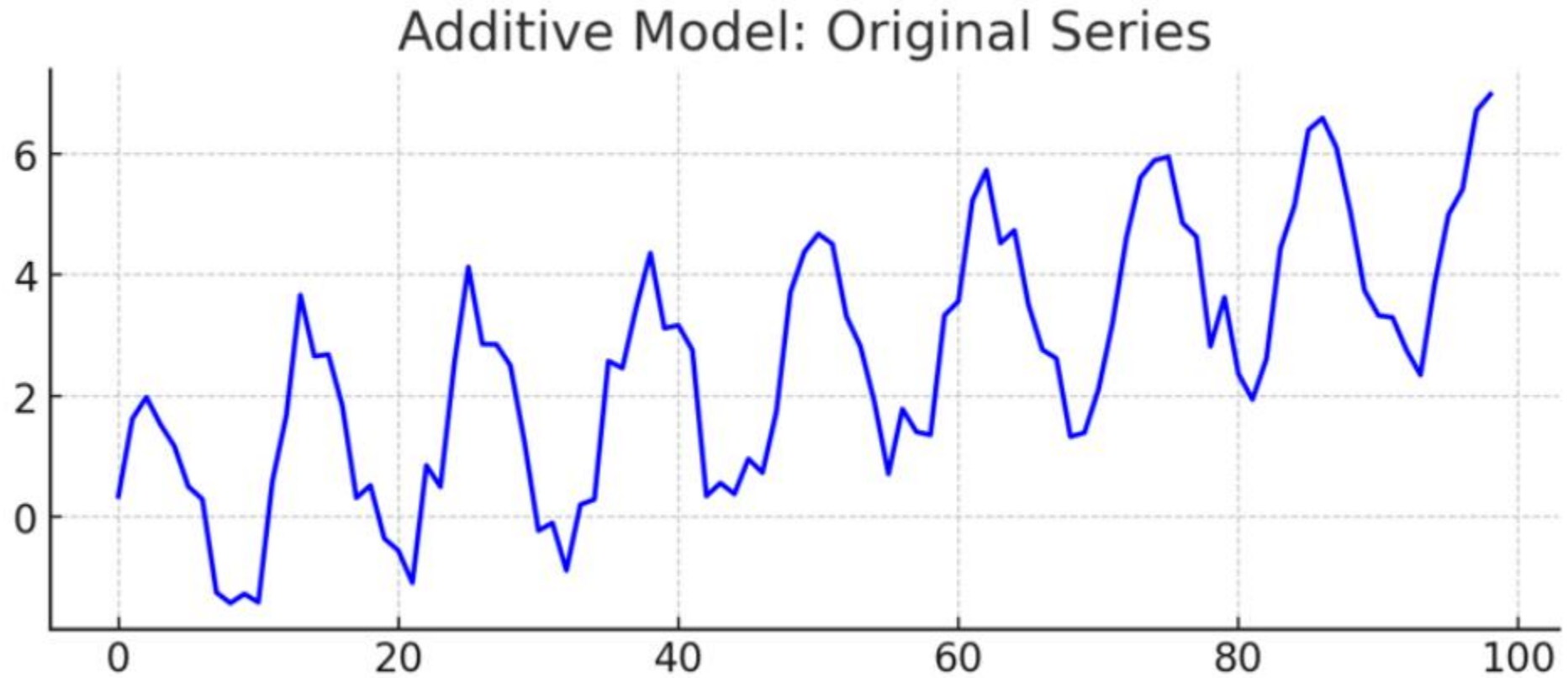
ETS decomposition allows us to understand the underlying patterns in a time series and helps in forecasting

Types of ETS Models

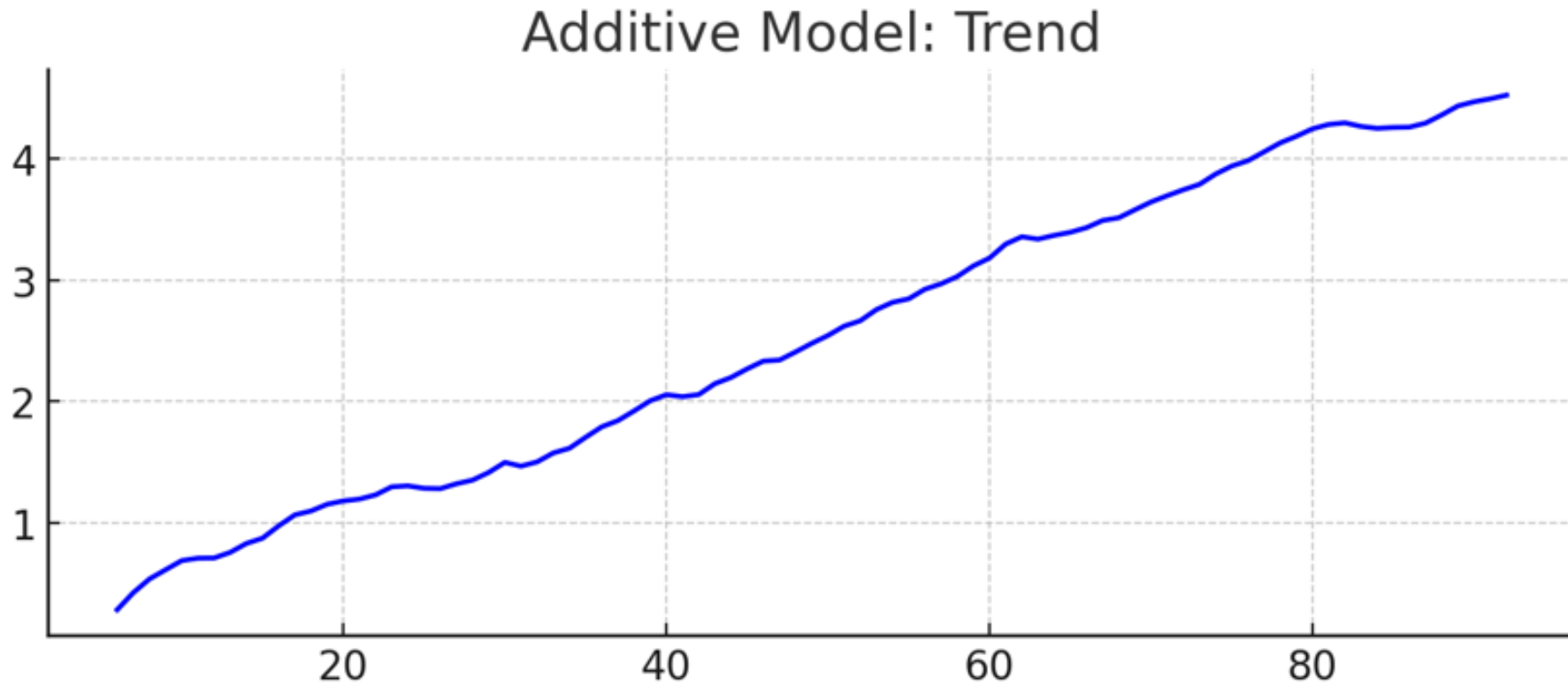
1. Additive Model

- when seasonal variations remain constant over time

Cognate/Professional Electives

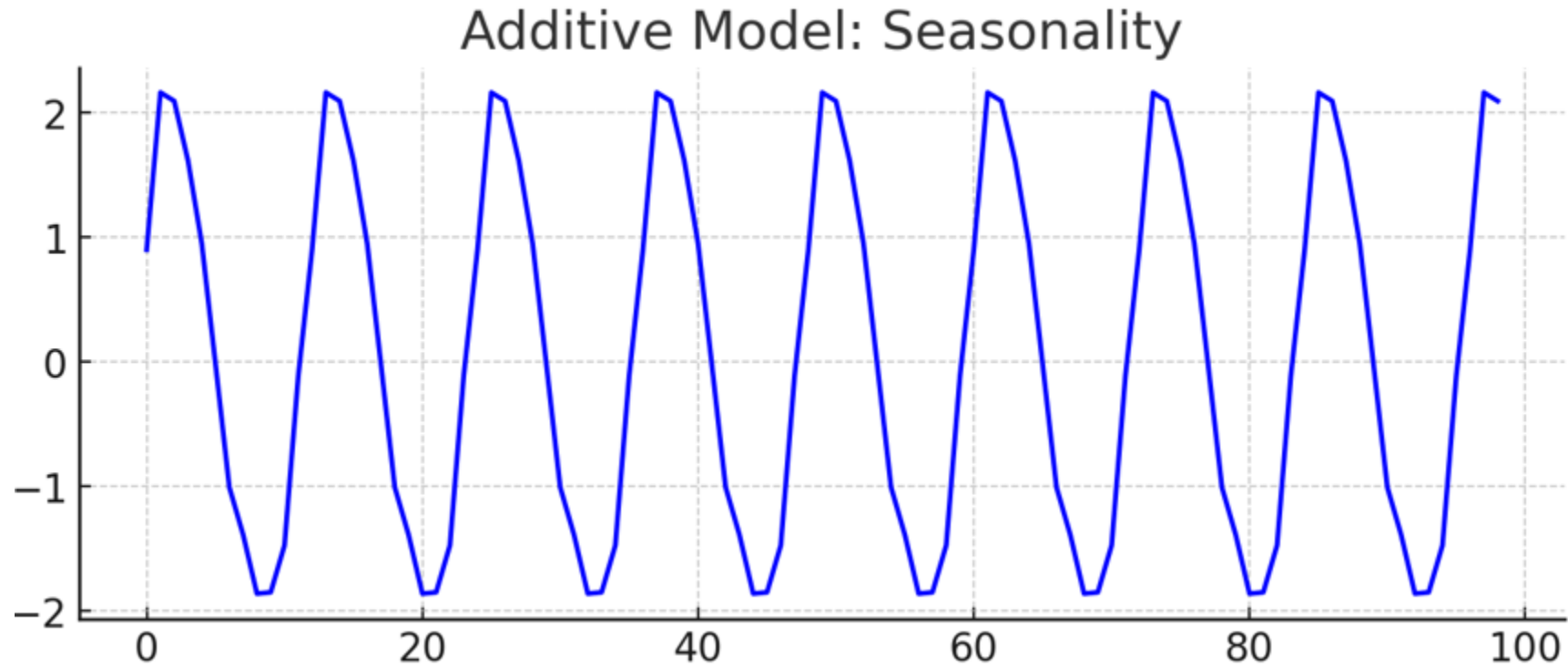


Cognate/Professional Electives



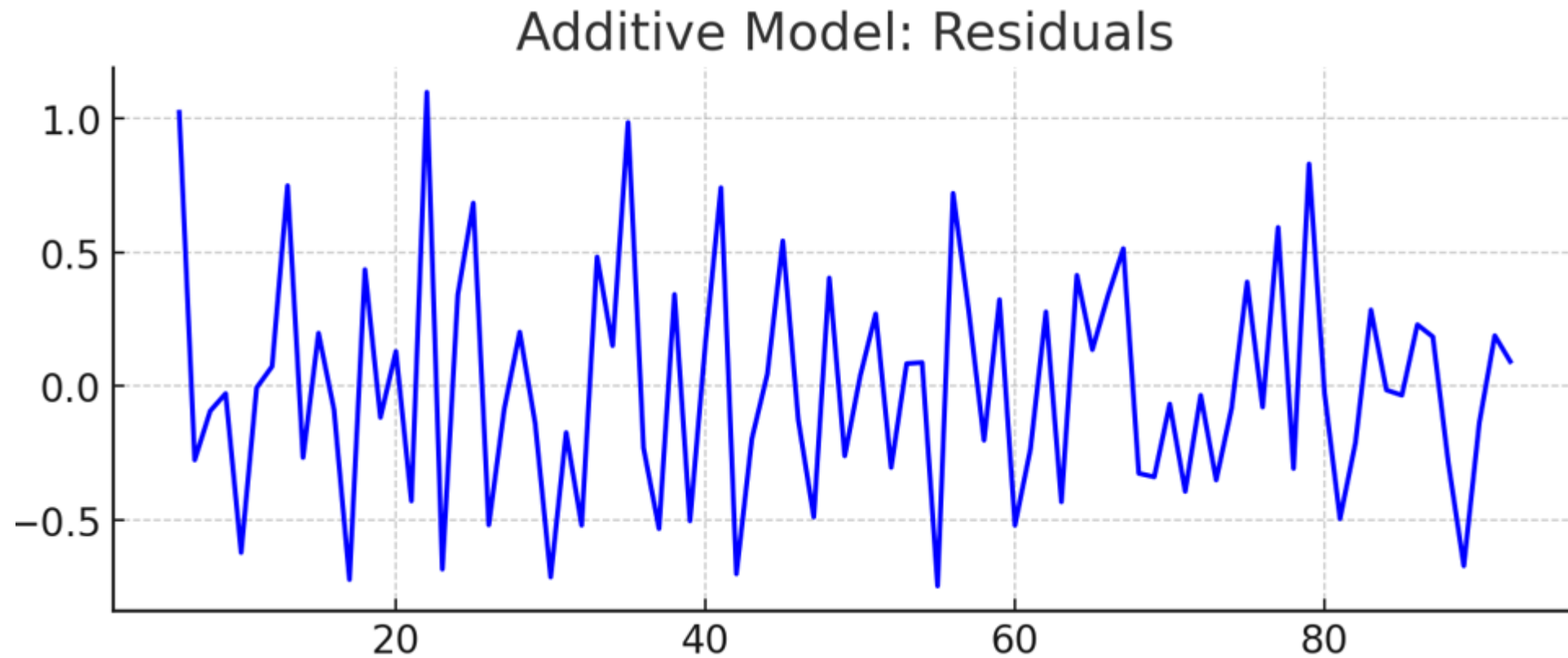
Additive Model's trend increase linearly over time

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Additive Model's seasonal pattern remains constant in magnitude
(fixed oscillations)

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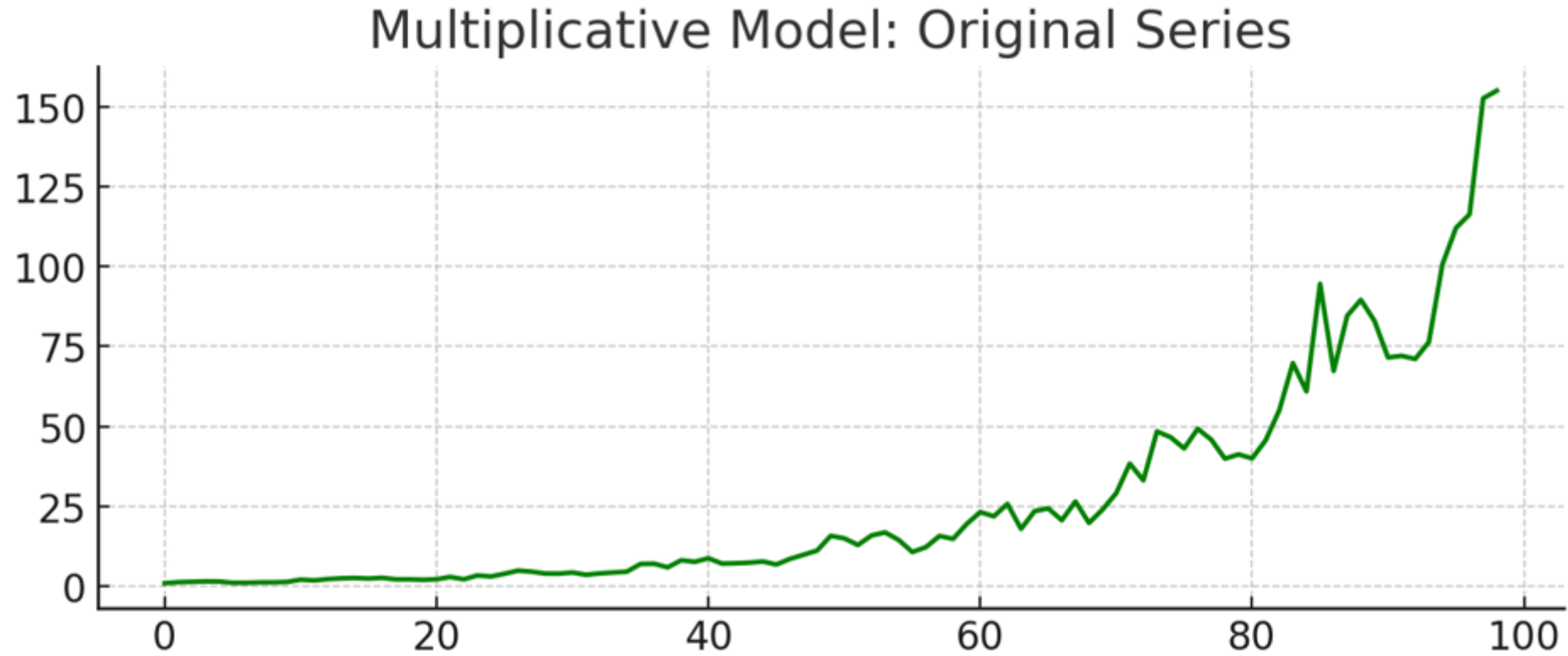
Additive Model's residuals have constant noise over time

Types of ETS Models

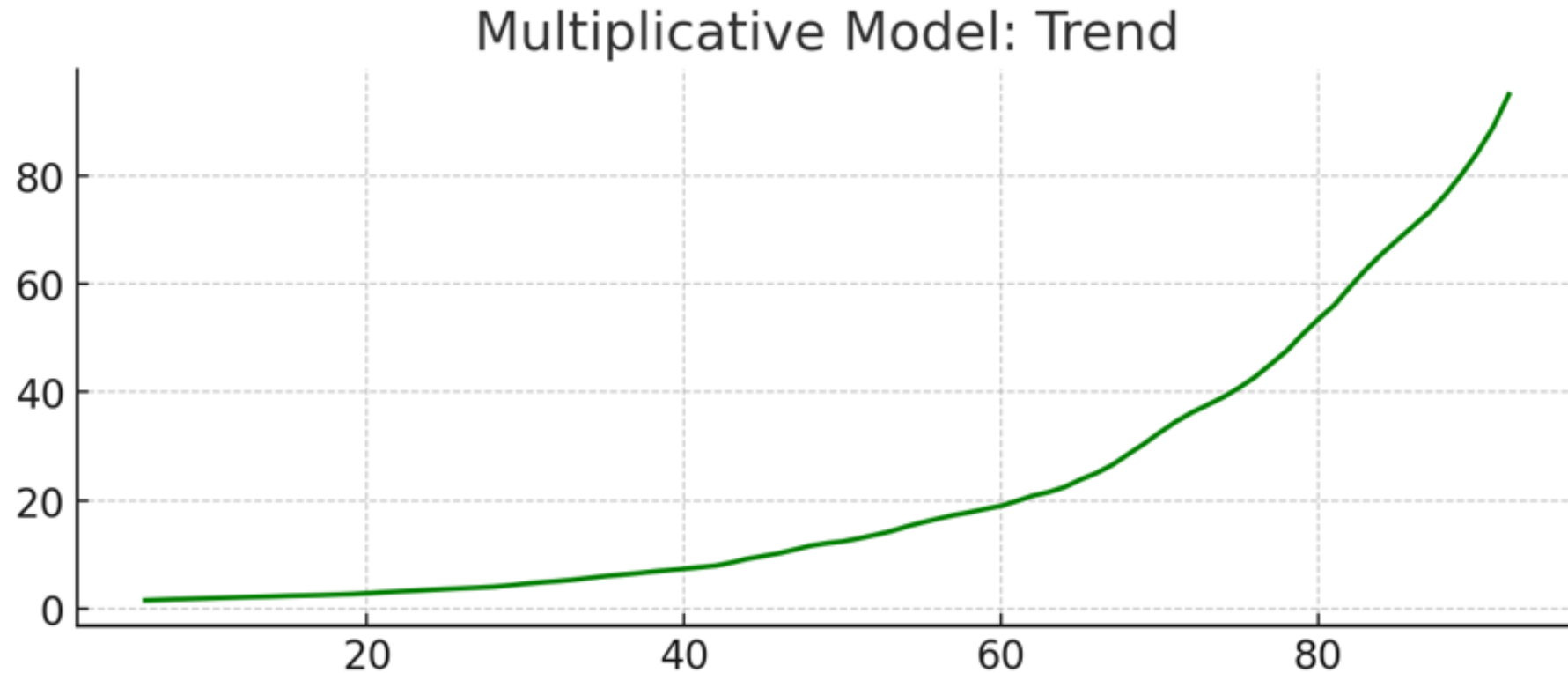
2. Multiplicative Model

- when seasonal variations increase or decrease in size over time

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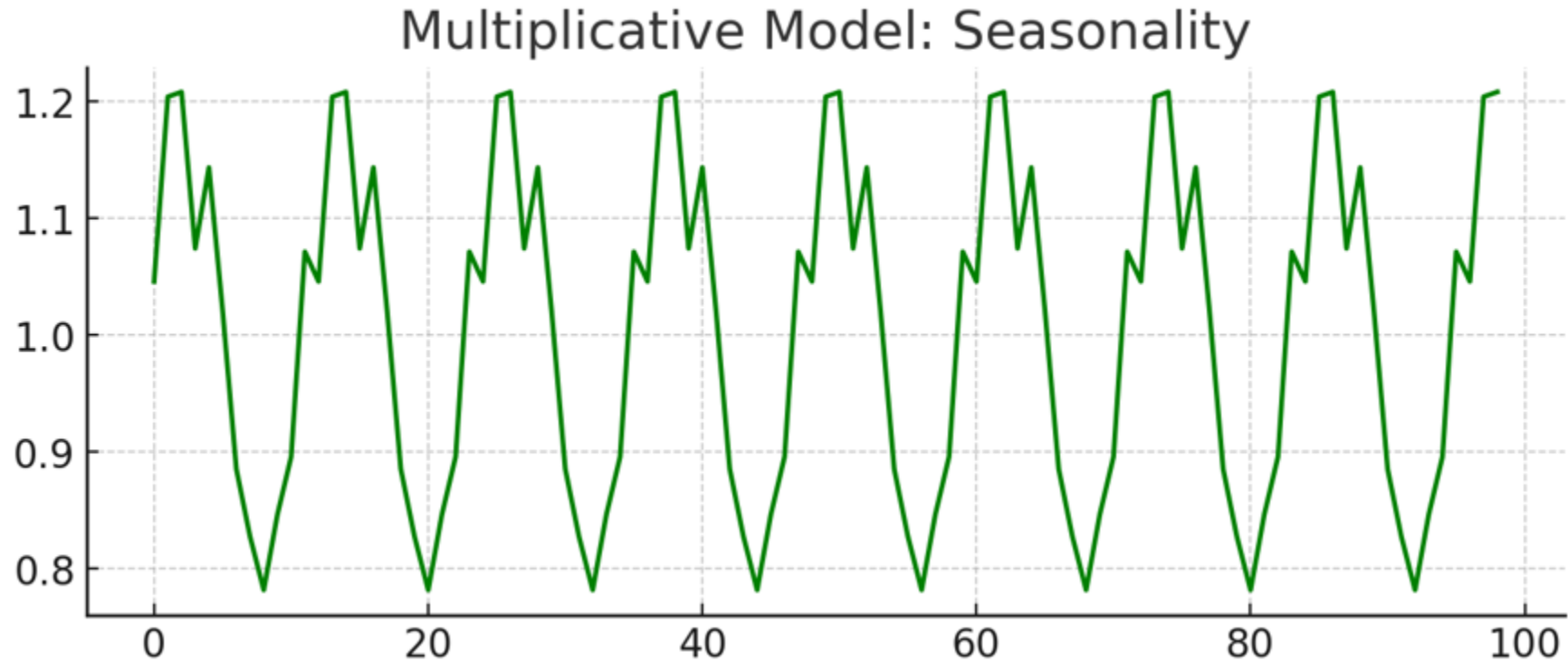


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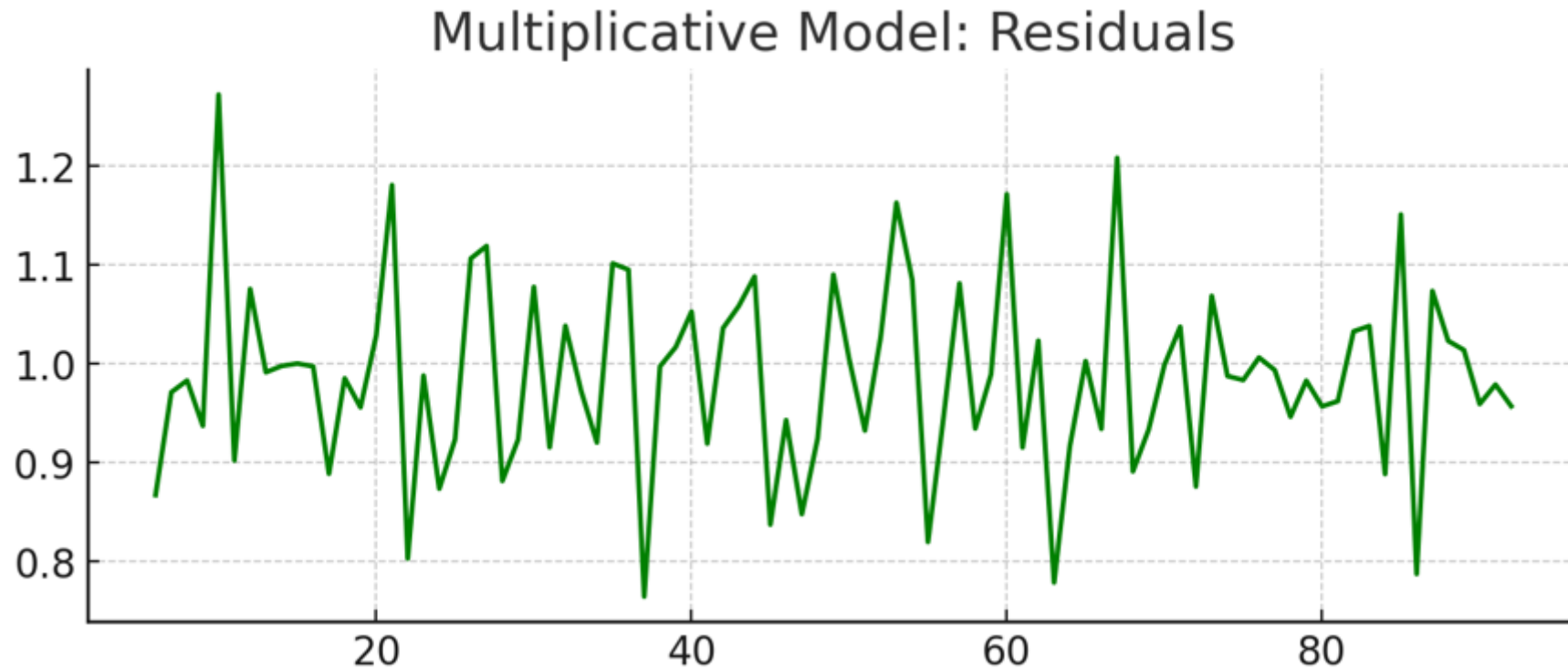
Multiplicative Model's trend grows exponentially

Cognate/Professional Electives



Multiplicative Model's seasonal pattern increases in magnitude over time
(amplitude grows larger)

Cognate/Professional Electives



Multiplicative Model's residuals noise grows larger as the series increases

Cognate/Professional Electives

[Code Demo]

Thank you very much for listening.