

AWS API Gateway

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Rest API



A Representational State Transfer (REST) API is a type of web service architecture that allows different systems to communicate with each other over the internet broken down into key components:

Resources: In a REST API, resources represent the data entities or objects that clients can interact with. Each resource is identified by a unique Uniform Resource Identifier (URI), commonly known as an endpoint. For example, /users might represent a collection of user resources, and /users/{id} might represent a specific user identified by their ID.

HTTP Methods: RESTful APIs use standard HTTP methods to perform operations on resources. The most commonly used HTTP methods in REST APIs are:

- GET: Retrieve a representation of a resource.
- POST: Create a new resource.
- PUT: Update an existing resource.
- DELETE: Delete a resource.
- PATCH: Partially update a resource.

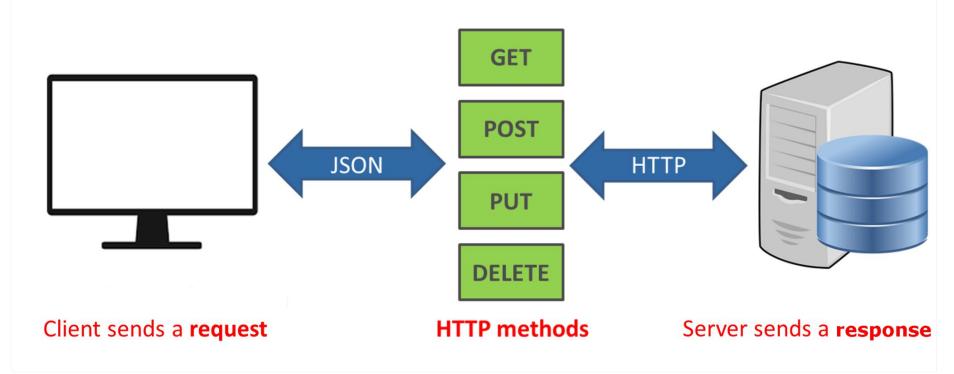
These HTTP methods map to CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on resources.

Statelessness: REST APIs are stateless, meaning that each request from a client to the server must contain all the information necessary to understand and process the request. The server does not maintain any client state between requests.

Representation: Resources in a REST API are typically represented using different media types such as JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) or XML (eXtensible Markup Language). Clients and servers communicate by exchanging representations of resources, which contain data in a structured format.

Rest API







Build and Deploy APIs Quickly: PI Gateway allows you to quickly create RESTful APIs or WebSocket APIs without the need for infrastructure setup or management

Scalability and High Availability: API Gateway automatically scales to handle any amount of traffic, ensuring high availability and reliability of your APIs

Integration with AWS Services: AWS Lambda, AWS S3, AWS DynamoDB, AWS Cognito, and more

Security and Access Control: API Gateway provides features for securing your APIs, including authentication, authorization, and encryption. You can use AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM), OAuth 2.0, and Amazon Cognito to control access to your APIs and protect sensitive data

Monitoring and Logging: API Gateway offers built-in monitoring and logging capabilities that allow you to track API usage, performance metrics, and errors in real-time

Cost-effective Pricing Model: API Gateway offers a pay-as-you-go pricing model, where you only pay for the API requests and data transfer out of the service.

Support for API Versioning and Lifecycle Management: API Gateway supports API versioning and lifecycle management, allowing you to easily manage multiple versions of your APIs, roll back changes, and deprecate outdated versions without disrupting existing clients.

Developer-Friendly Features: API Gateway provides features such as API documentation, SDK generation, and testing tools that make it easier for developers to consume and integrate with your APIs.

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/apigateway/latest/developerguide/limits.html



HTTP API:

- HTTP API is a new type of API Gateway introduced by AWS, designed to offer low-latency, low-cost API integrations for HTTP-based APIs.
- It provides a lightweight and cost-effective solution for building APIs with simple use cases.
- HTTP APIs support core API Gateway features such as request/response transformation, CORS (Cross-Origin Resource Sharing), JWT (JSON Web Tokens) authorizers, and rate limiting.
- HTTP APIs do not support all features available in REST APIs, but they are optimized for serverless architectures and simple API use cases.

REST API:

- REST API is the traditional API Gateway offered by AWS, which supports a broader range of features and customization options compared to HTTP APIs.
- It follows the principles of Representational State Transfer (REST) architecture, allowing clients to interact with resources using standard HTTP methods and representations.
- REST APIs support more advanced features such as custom domain names, API keys, IAM (Identity and Access Management) authorization, request/response validation, and stage variables.
- REST APIs are suitable for building complex APIs with multiple endpoints, advanced security requirements, and integration with various AWS services.

REST API Private:

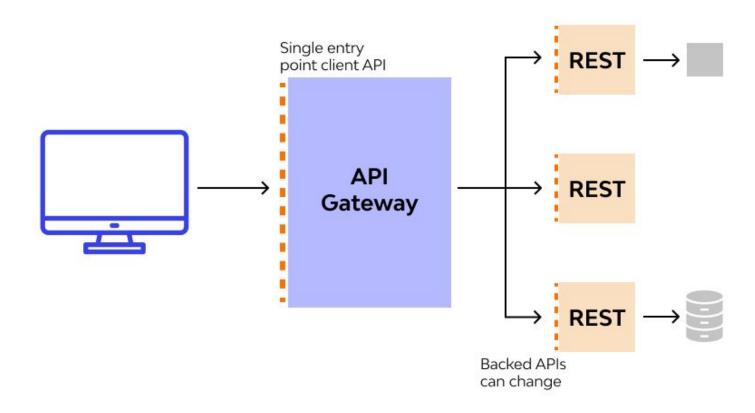
- REST API Private is a variation of REST API that allows you to expose your API privately within a VPC (Virtual Private Cloud) without exposing it to the public internet.
- It is suitable for scenarios where you want to restrict access to your API to specific VPC resources or securely integrate with internal systems.
- REST API Private supports all the features available in REST APIs, including custom domain names, authorization mechanisms, and request/response handling.
- It provides enhanced security and isolation by leveraging private integration with AWS resources or using AWS PrivateLink to access resources within a VPC.

WebSocket APIs:

- WebSocket APIs are used for real-time, bidirectional communication between clients and servers over a single, long-lived connection.
- Unlike HTTP APIs and REST APIs, which use request/response model, WebSocket APIs enable full-duplex communication, allowing both clients and servers to send
 messages asynchronously.
- WebSocket APIs support features such as route management, message transformation, authorization, and integration with AWS Lambda for serverless processing.
- They are suitable for building applications that require real-time updates, such as chat applications, gaming platforms, or collaborative editing tools.

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/apigateway/latest/developerguide/http-api-vs-rest.html









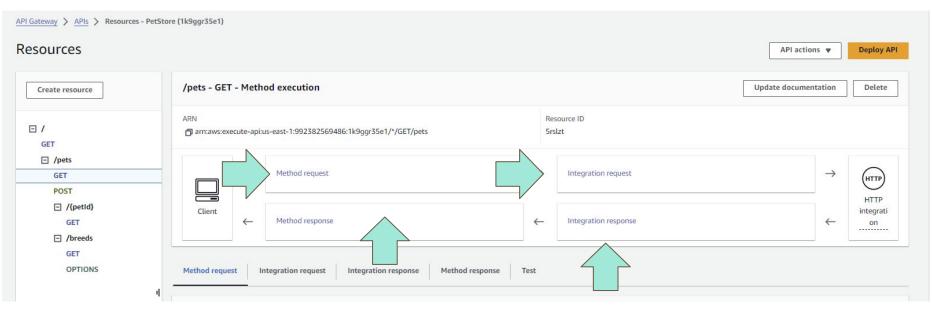


01. Building our first API



02.Exploring the flow







Method request	settings			
Authorization				
None			•	
Request validator				
None			▼	
Operation name - opt GetPets	ionat			
• URL query str	ing parameters	10		
URL query str HTTP request				

ethod details		
egration type		
Lambda function Integrate your API with a Lambda function.	HTTP Integrate with an existing HTTP endpoint. HTTP	Mock Generate a response based on API Gateway mappings and transformations.
AWS service Integrate with an AWS Service.	○ VPC link Intograte with a resource that isn't accessible over the public internet.	
TP method	dpoint without customizing the integrat	ion request or integration response.
ET		▼
dpoint URL		
ttp://petstore.execute-api.us-east-1.	amazonaws.com/petstore/pets	
ntent handling Learn more 🗹		



HTTP status regex Info		
Method response status code		
200		
Content handling Learn more	1	
Passthrough	▼	
Header mappings Info		
Response header	Mapping value	
Access-Control-A <mark>l</mark> low-Origin		

Response details			
HTTP status code			
200			
Header name			
Header name			
Access-Control-Allow-Origin			
		Remove	
Add header			
Response body			
Content type application/json	Model Pets	•	
		Remove	

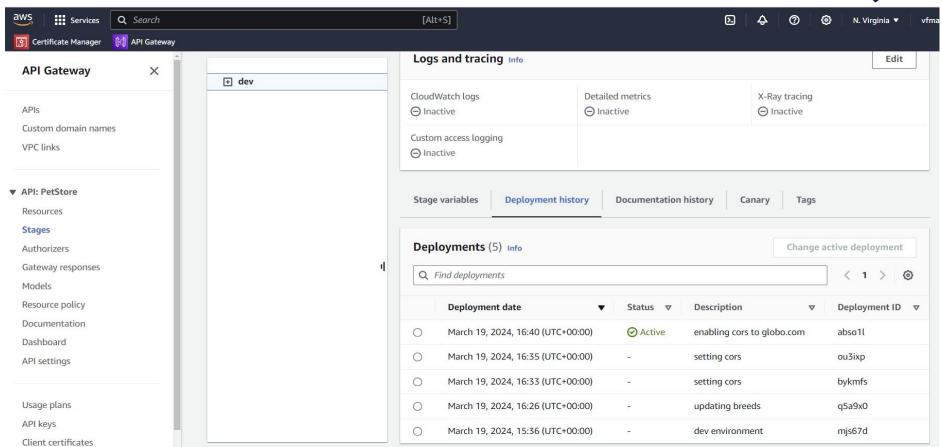


03.Providing mock data



04.Deploying to DEV env







05.Using lambda function to replace the mock content



06.Enabling CORS



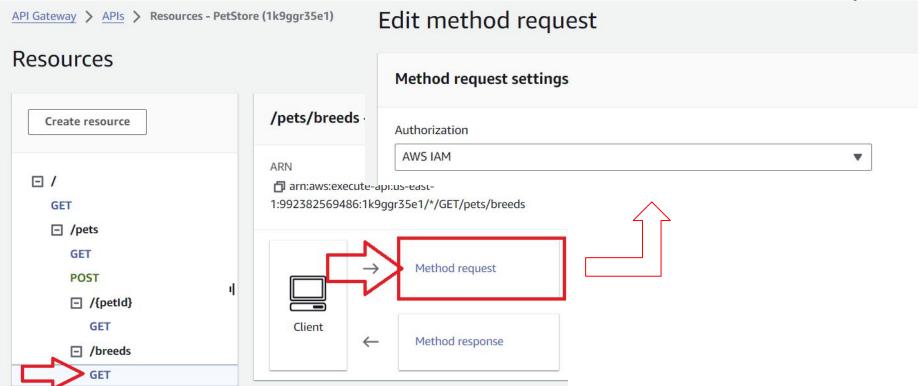
Paste this code below using **console browser** and press **RETURN**, after that run the code typing **main()**

```
function main() {
    console.log("requesting breeds")
    $.ajax({
      url: "https://lk9ggr35e1.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/dev/pets/breeds",
      success: function(data) {
         console.log(data)
```



07.Enabling IAM Authentication



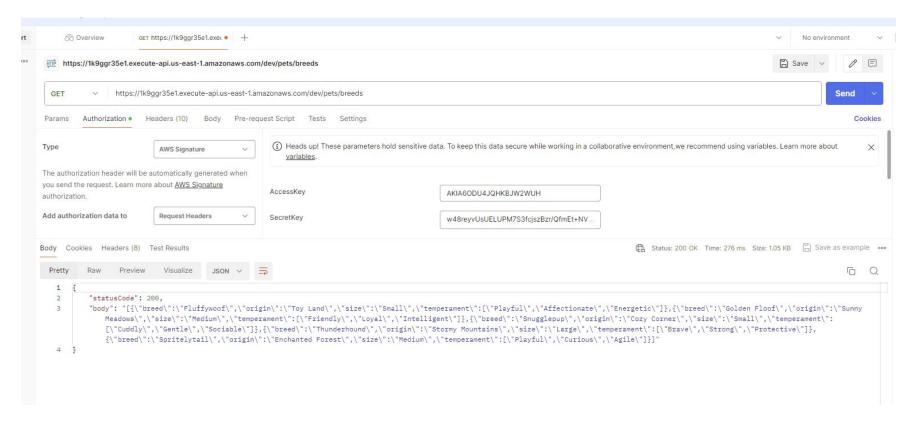




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+	← → C 25 1k9ggr35e1.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/dev/pets/breeds						
{ "me	{"message":"Missing Authentication Token"}						

Elements Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security Lighthouse Recorder Z Performance insights <a>
∆ Console ☐ Preserve log ☐ Disable cache No throttling ☐ Invert ☐ Hide data URLs ☐ Hide extension URLs WS Wasm Other Filter Fetch/XHR Doc CSS JS Font Img Media Manifest 20 ms 40 ms 60 ms 80 ms 100 ms 120 ms 140 ms 160 ms 180 X Headers Response Initiator Timing Name Preview 8 breeds ▼ General 8 favicon.ico Request URL: https://1k9ggr35e1.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/dev/pets/breeds Request Method: GET 403 Forbidden Status Code:

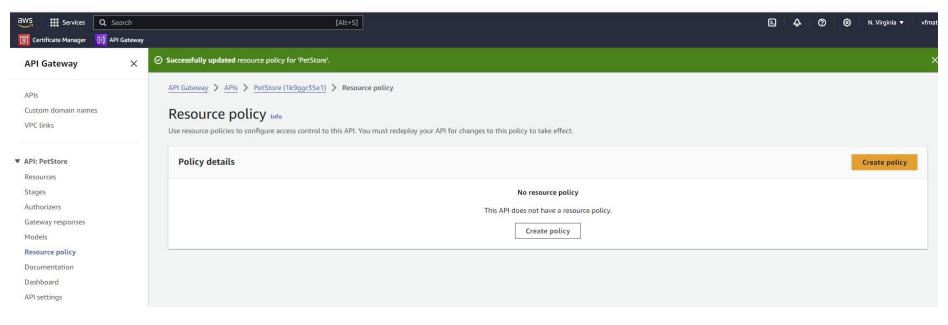






08.Resource Policy



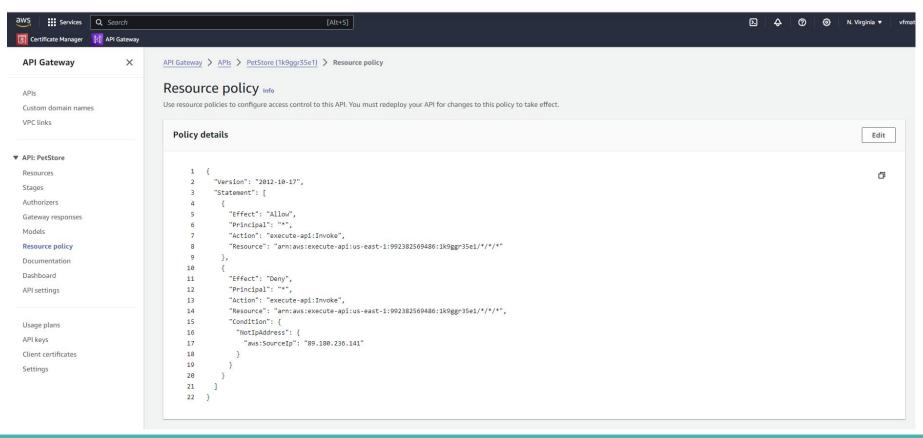




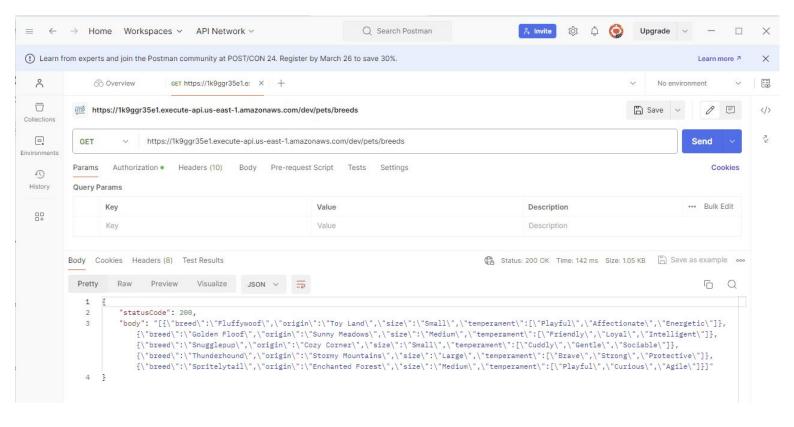
```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
    "Effect": "Allow",
    "Principal": "*",
    "Action": "execute-api:Invoke",
    "Resource": "arn:aws:execute-api:us-east-1:992382569486:1k9ggr35e1/*/*/*"
   "Effect": "Deny",
   "Principal": "*",
    "Action": "execute-api:Invoke",
    "Resource": "arn:aws:execute-api:us-east-1:992382569486:1k9ggr35e1/*/*/,
    "Condition": {
      "NotIpAddress": {
        "aws:SourceIp": "89.180.236.241"
```

https://repost.aws/knowledge-center/api-gateway-resource-policy-access

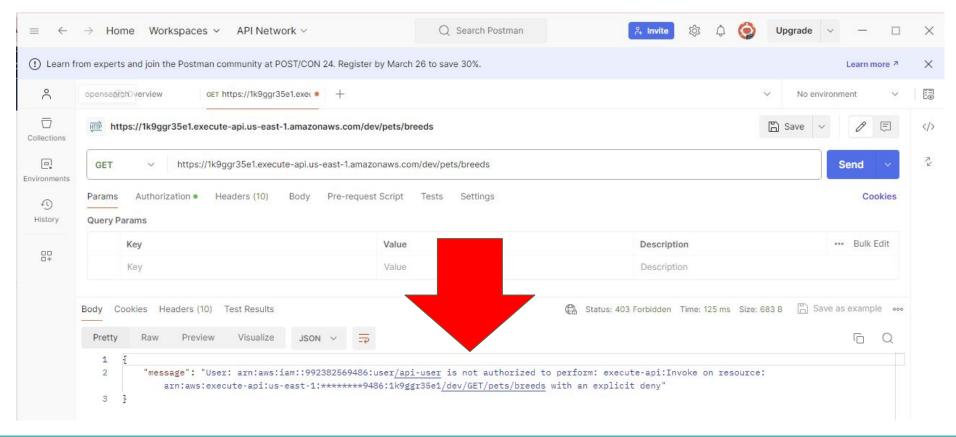










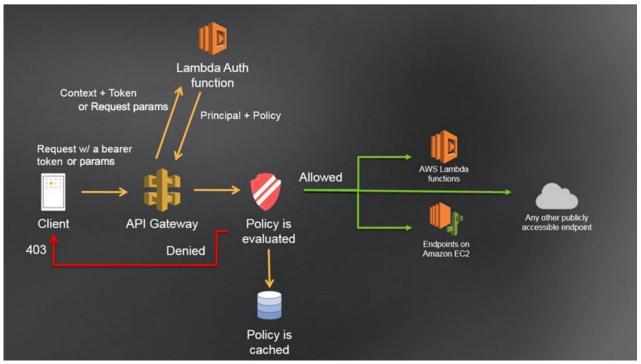




09.Lambda Authorizers



A Lambda authorizer (formerly known as a custom authorizer) is an API Gateway feature that uses a Lambda function to control access to your API.



https://docs.aws.amazon.com/apigateway/latest/developerguide/apigateway-use-lambda-authorizer.html



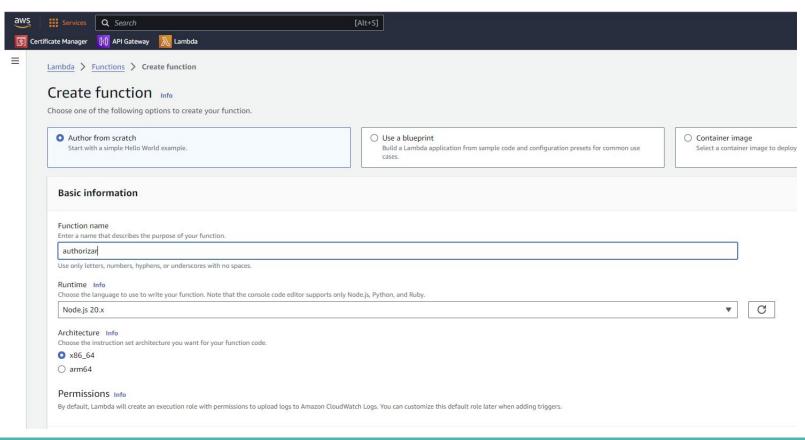
Token-Based Authorizer:

- Token-based authorizers are used when clients provide tokens (such as JWT JSON Web Tokens) as part of the request, typically in the Authorization header.
- The Lambda authorizer extracts the token from the request, validates its authenticity (e.g., verifies the signature, expiration), and optionally checks the token against an external identity provider (e.g., AWS Cognito, OAuth provider).
- If the token is valid and authorized, the authorizer returns an IAM policy allowing access to the requested resource.
- Token-based authorizers are commonly used for authentication purposes, where clients provide tokens to prove their identity and access rights.

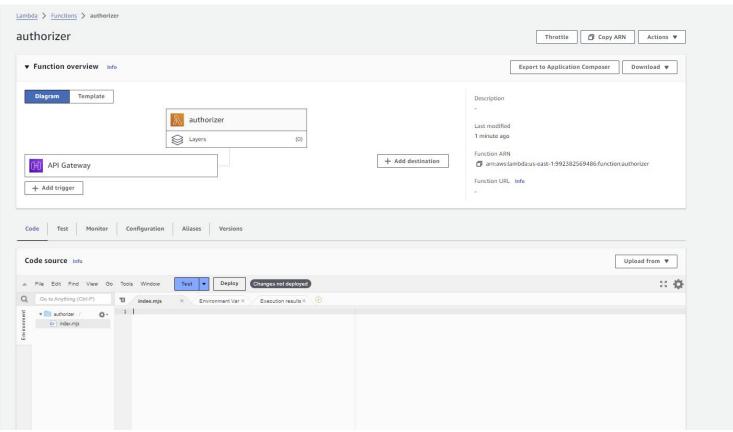
Request-Based Authorizer:

- Request-based authorizers are used when clients provide additional information in the request payload, headers, or query parameters to determine access control.
- The Lambda authorizer receives the entire request and examines its content to determine whether the requester is authorized to access the resource.
- Based on the information provided in the request, the authorizer constructs an IAM policy allowing or denying access to the requested resource.
- Request-based authorizers are more flexible and can accommodate various authentication and authorization mechanisms beyond token-based authentication. For example, they can perform custom logic based on request attributes, user attributes, or external data sources.

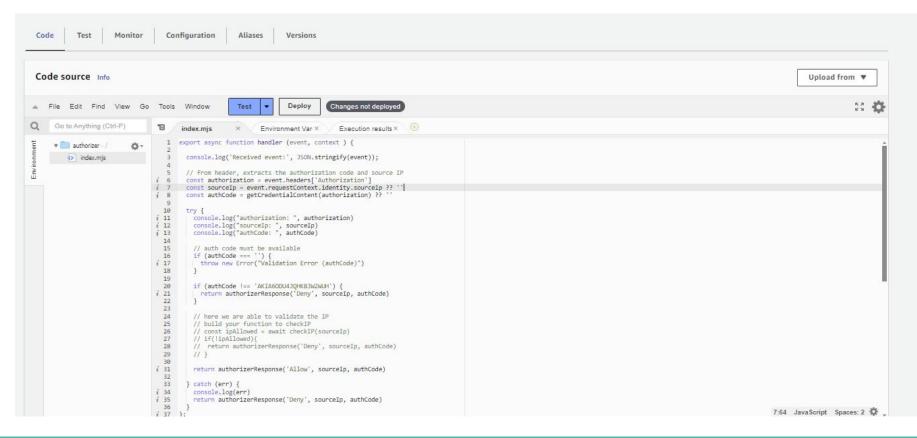










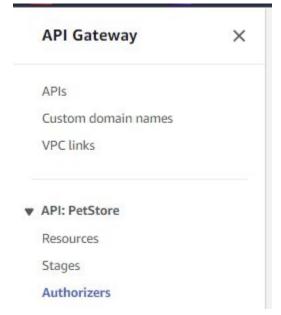


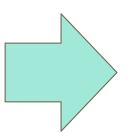


```
export async function handler (event, context ) {
 // from header, extracts the authorization code and source IP
  const authorization = event.headers['Authorization']
  const sourceIp = event.requestContext.identity.sourceIp ?? ''
  const authCode = getCredentialContent(authorization) ?? ''
  try {
   // auth code must be available
    if (authCode === '') {
     throw new Error ("Validation Error (authCode)")
    // forcing authCode to be a valid user 'AKIA60DU4JQHKBJW2WUH'
    if (authCode !== 'AKIA6ODU4JQHKBJW2WUH') {
     return authorizerResponse('Deny', sourceIp, authCode)
    return authorizerResponse('Allow', sourceIp, authCode)
  } catch (err) {
   console.log(err)
    return authorizerResponse('Deny', sourceIp, authCode)
```

```
"bjss
```

```
// build the final Policy (Allow)
function authorizerResponse (effect, sourcelp, authCode) {
 const response = {
  principalld: sourcelp,
  context: {
   "sourcelp": sourcelp,
   "authCode": authCode
  policyDocument: {
     Version: '2012-10-17',
     Statement: [
         Action: 'execute-api:Invoke',
          Effect: effect.
          Resource: '*'.
 return response
```

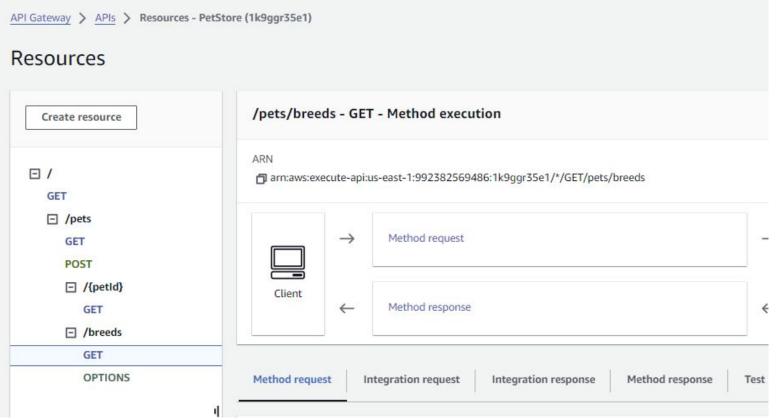






Alderio III de la	ils
Authorizer name	
authorizar	
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us-east-1	▼ Q. Choose a Lambda function or enter its ARN
	armaws:lambda:us-east-1:992382569486:function:authorizer - optional API Gatewa armaws:lambda:us-east-1:992382569486:function:getBreeds in the regid-
Lambda event paylo Choose token to send a Token Request Identity source type	single header that contains an authorization token. Choose request to send all request parameters.
Header	▼ Authorization
Add parameter	







Authorization		
authorizer	A	
None		
AWS IAM		
Request authorizers		
authorizer	~	
peration name - optional		
GetPets		
URL query string parameters HTTP request headers		



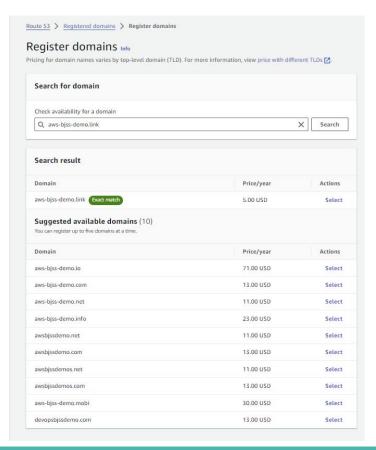
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Туре	AWS Signature V	 Heads up! These parameters h 	old sensitive data. To keep this data secure while working in a collaborative environment, we recommend using variables. Learn mo	re about <u>variables</u> .
The authorization header will be autrequest. Learn more about AWS Sign Add authorization data to	omatically generated when you send the nature authorization. Request Headers	AccessKey SecretKey	AKIA6ODU4JQHKBJW2WUH W48reyvUsUELUPM7S3fcjszBzr/QfmEt+NV	
		→ Advanced configuration Postman auto-generates default val AWS Region ①	ues for some of these fields unless a value is specified. e.g. us-east-1	
		Service Name ①	e.g. s3	
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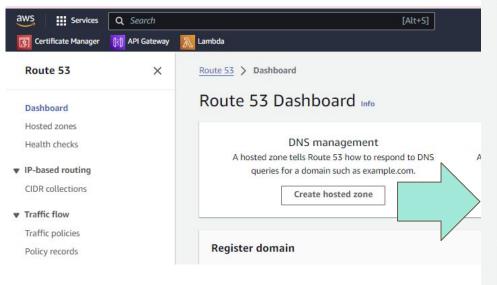
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Туре	AWS Signature V	(i) Heads up! These parameters hold sensitive	data. To keep this data secure while working in a collaborative environment,we recom	mend using variables. Learn more about <u>variables</u> .	×
The authorization header will be autom request. Learn more about AWS Signat		AccessKey	AKIA6ODU4JQHKBJW2WUH999		
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1 { 2 "message": "User is 3 }	not authorized to access this re	source with an explicit deny"			



10.Custom Domain







Route 53 > Hosted zones > Create hosted zone

Create hosted zone Info

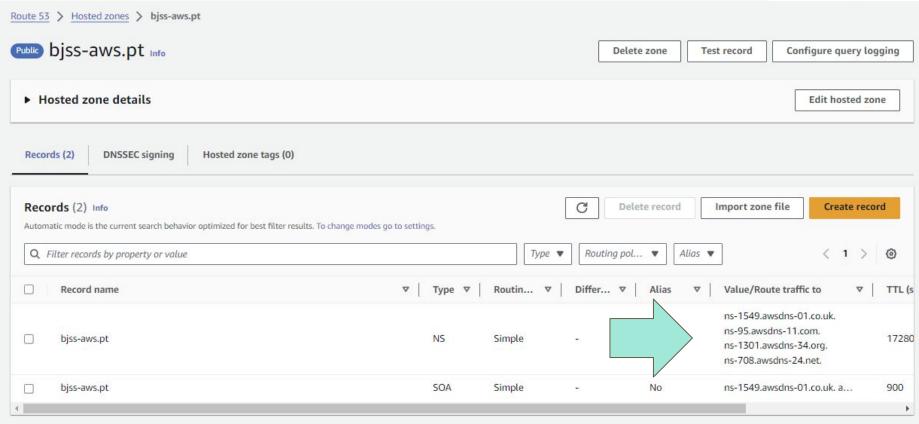
Hosted zone configuration A hosted zone is a container that holds information about how you want to route traffic for a domain, such as example.com, and its subdomains. Domain name Info This is the name of the domain that you want to route traffic for. biss-aws.pt Valid characters: a-z, 0-9,!"#\$%&'()*+,-/:;<=>?@[\]^_`{|}.~ Description - optional Info This value lets you distinguish hosted zones that have the same name. The hosted zone is used for... The description can have up to 256 characters. 0/256 The type indicates whether you want to route traffic on the internet or in an Amazon VPC. Public hosted zone Private hosted zone A public hosted zone determines how A private hosted zone determines how traffic is routed on the internet. traffic is routed within an Amazon VPC.

Tags Info Apply tags to hosted zones to help organize and identify them.	
No tags associated with the resource.	
You can add up to 50 more tags.	

Cancel

Create hosted zone





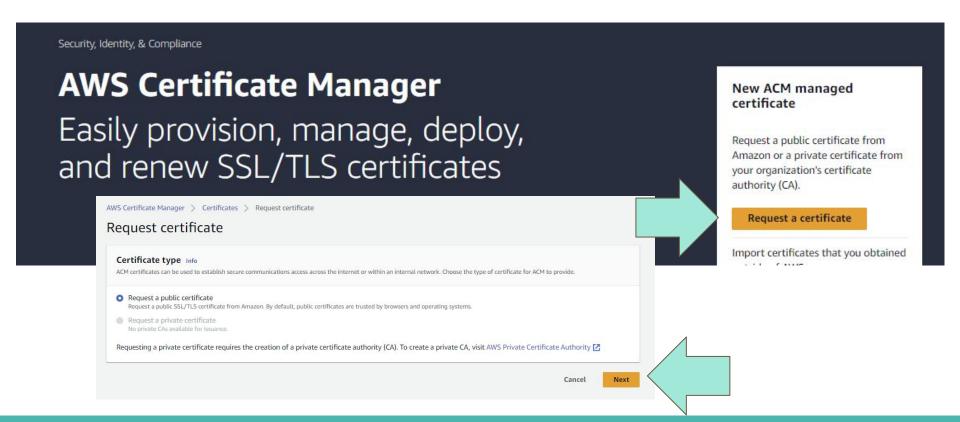


bjss-aws.pt



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Renato Matos			
Código de Cliente: RM5118-AMPT			
Gestão da conta, facturas e pagamentos	Þ		
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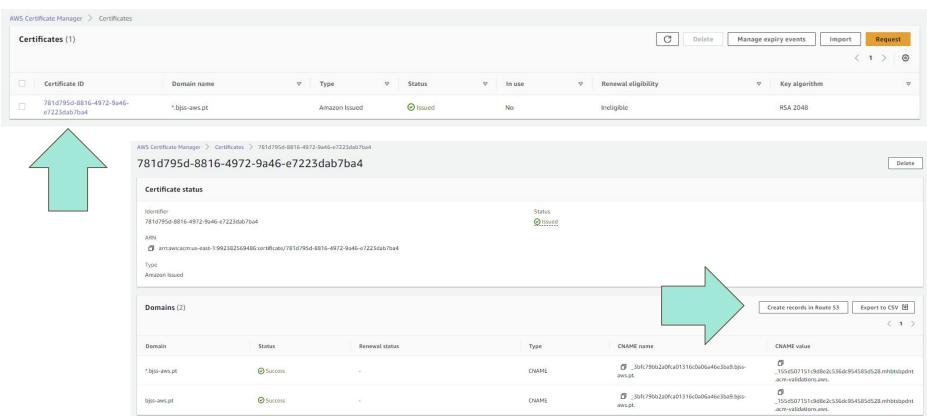




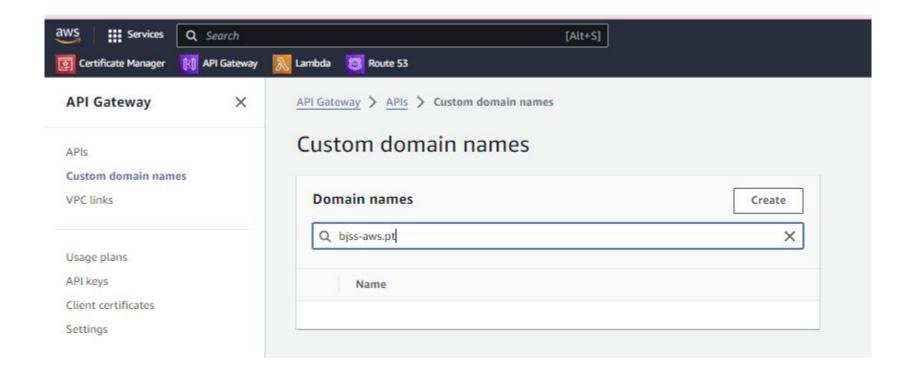
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*.bjss-aws.pt			Remove	
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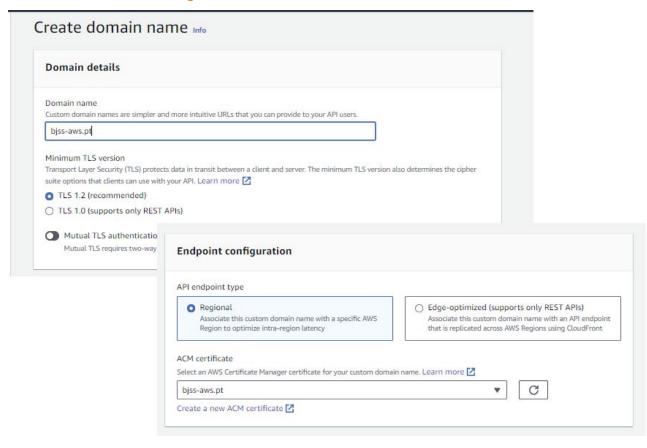






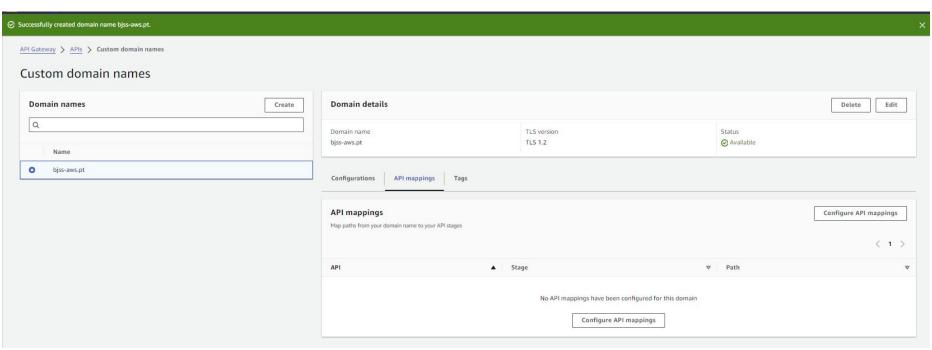




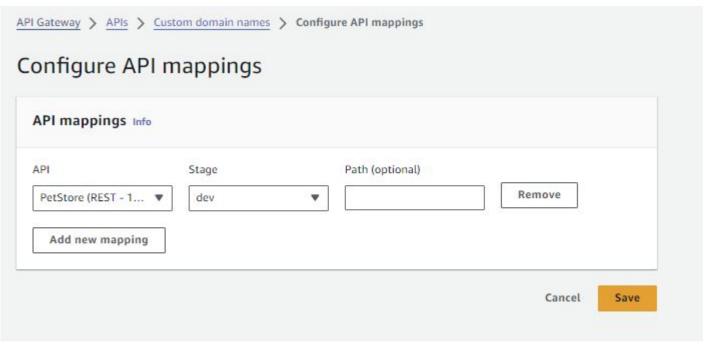




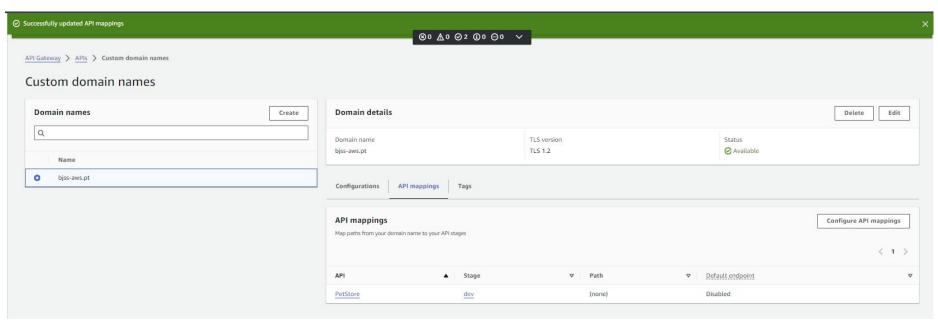














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Record 1	Delete
ecord name Info	Record type Info
subdomain bjss-aws.pt	A – Routes traffic to an IPv4 address and some AWS resources ▼
Alias to API Gateway API	▼
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rom experts and join the Postn	nan community at POST/CON 24. Register by March	1 26 to save 30%.		
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The authorization header will request. Learn more about Add authorization data to	Il be automatically generated when you send the III be automatically generated when you send the III was Signature authorization.	AccessKey SecretKey	AKIA6ODU4JQHH7EDAAZF W+C/A9TJ9sUffu5XQJUlmSPAO5fpaaXQibs	
6	"cat", 124.99			Status: 200 OK Time: 1





https://github.com/renatomatos79/bjss-aws-api-gateway renato.matos79@gmail.com

