```
import streamlit as st
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
from PIL import
Image
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
load_model(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Desktop\Folder pengumpulan\dataset\BestModel_VGG
CNN Tensorflow.h5')
class_names = ["Jahe", "Kunyit",
"Lengkuas"]
def predict_image(image):
    image = image.resize((224, 224))
image_array = np.array(image) / 255.0
    image_array = np.expand_dims(image_array, axis=0)
  predictions = model.predict(image_array)
   predicted_class = np.argmax(predictions)
confidence = np.max(predictions)
   return class_names[predicted_class],
confidence
st.set_page_config(page_title="Klasifikasi Rempah",
page_icon="?", layout="centered")
st.title("? Klasifikasi
Rempah")
st.write("Unggah gambar rempah seperti Jahe, Lengkuas, atau Kunyit, dan
model kami akan mengidentifikasinya.")
uploaded_file = st.file_uploader("Unggah
gambar", type=["jpg", "jpeg", "png"])
if uploaded_file is
not None:
    image = Image.open(uploaded_file)
    st.image(image, caption="Gambar yang
diunggah", use_column_width=True)
    if st.button("Prediksi Gambar"):
  with st.spinner("Sedang memproses gambar..."):
            label, confidence =
predict_image(image)
        st.success("Prediksi Selesai!")
st.write(f"**Label:** {label}")
        st.write(f"**Kepercayaan:** {confidence
* 100:.2f}%")
st.markdown("---")
```

```
import os
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator,
load imq
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout, DepthwiseConv2D, BatchNormalization, ReLU,
GlobalAveragePooling2D, SeparableConv2D
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping,
ReduceLROnPlateau, ModelCheckpoint
count = 0
dirs = os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Mobile Net\train')
for i in dirs:
    files = list(os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Mobile
Net\train' + '/' + i))
    count += len(files)
    print(i + ' punya ' + str(len(files)) + ' images')
print('Total gambar dalam folder: ', count)
jahe punya 100 images
kunyit punya 100 images
lengkuas punya 100 images
Total gambar dalam folder: 300
import os
import shutil
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
base dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Mobile Net\train"
validation dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Mobile Net\
validation"
test dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Mobile Net\test"
os.makedirs(validation dir, exist ok=True)
os.makedirs(test dir, exist ok=True)
categories = [name for name in os.listdir(base dir) if
os.path.isdir(os.path.join(base dir, name))]
validation split = 0.1 # 10% untuk validasi
test_split = 0.1 # 10% untuk test
train split = 1 - validation split - test split # 80% untuk train
for category in categories:
    category dir = os.path.join(base dir, category)
    validation category dir = os.path.join(validation dir, category)
    test category dir = os.path.join(test dir, category)
```

```
os.makedirs(validation category dir, exist ok=True)
    os.makedirs(test_category_dir, exist_ok=True)
    all files = os.listdir(category dir)
    train val files, test files = train test split(all files,
test size=test split, random state=42)
    train files, val files = train test split(train val files,
test size=validation split / (train split + validation split),
random state=42)
    for file in val files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category dir, file),
os.path.join(validation category dir, file))
    for file in test files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category dir, file),
os.path.join(test category dir, file))
print("Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!")
Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1.0 / 255,
    rotation range=45,
    width shift range=0.3,
    height_shift_range=0.3,
    shear range=0.3,
    zoom range=0.3,
    brightness range=[0.8, 1.2],
    horizontal flip=True,
    vertical flip=True,
    fill mode="nearest"
)
validation datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
```

```
r'train',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=64,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=True
)
validation generator = validation datagen.flow from directory(
    r'validation',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=64,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=True
)
test_generator = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(
    r'test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=64,
    class mode='categorical'
)
Found 240 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
sample batch = next(train generator)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(min(9, len(sample_batch[0]))):
    image = sample batch[0][i]
    label = sample batch[1][i]
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(image)
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nSize: {image.shape}")
    plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
def create_mobilenet_model(img_size, num_classes, depth_multiplier=1):
    model = Sequential()

# Convolutional layers
    model.add(SeparableConv2D(int(32 * depth_multiplier), (3, 3),
activation='relu', padding='same', input_shape=(img_size, img_size,
3)))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(Conv2D(int(32 * depth_multiplier), (1, 1),
activation='relu', padding='same', kernel_regularizer='l2'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
```

```
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(DepthwiseConv2D((3, 3), activation='relu',
padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(Conv2D(int(64 * depth multiplier), (1, 1),
activation='relu', padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(DepthwiseConv2D((3, 3), activation='relu',
padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(Conv2D(int(128 * depth multiplier), (1, 1),
activation='relu', padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(DepthwiseConv2D((3, 3), activation='relu',
padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(Conv2D(int(256 * depth multiplier), (1, 1),
activation='relu', padding='same'))
    model.add(BatchNormalization())
    model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
    model.add(GlobalAveragePooling2D())
    model.add(Dense(int(512 * depth multiplier), activation='relu',
kernel_initializer='he_normal', kernel_regularizer='l2'))
    model.add(Dropout(0.7))
    model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
    return model
model = create mobilenet model(img size=224, num classes=3)
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\lavers\convolutional\base separable conv.pv:104: UserWarning: Do
not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using
Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
layer in the model instead.
  super().__init__(
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=1e-4),
              loss='categorical crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
```

Layer (type) Param #	Output Shape	
separable_conv2d 155 (SeparableConv2D)	(None, 224, 224, 32) 	
batch_normalization 128 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 224, 224, 32)	
conv2d (Conv2D) 1,056	(None, 224, 224, 32)	
batch_normalization_1 batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 224, 224, 32) 	
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 112, 112, 32)	
depthwise_conv2d 320 (DepthwiseConv2D)	(None, 112, 112, 32)	
batch_normalization_2 128 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 112, 112, 32)	
conv2d_1 (Conv2D) 2,112	(None, 112, 112, 64)	
batch_normalization_3 256	(None, 112, 112, 64)	

(None, 56, 56, 64)
(None, 56, 56, 64)
(None, 56, 56, 64)
(None, 56, 56, 128)
(None, 56, 56, 128)
(None, 28, 28, 128)
(None, 28, 28, 128)
(None, 28, 28, 128)
(None, 28, 28, 256)

```
batch normalization 7
                                  (None, 28, 28, 256)
1,024
  (BatchNormalization)
 max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D) | (None, 14, 14, 256)
 global_average_pooling2d
                                  (None, 256)
  (GlobalAveragePooling2D)
 dense (Dense)
                                   (None, 512)
131,584
 dropout (Dropout)
                                   (None, 512)
 dense 1 (Dense)
                                   (None, 3)
1,539
Total params: 182,974 (714.74 KB)
Trainable params: 181,502 (708.99 KB)
Non-trainable params: 1,472 (5.75 KB)
early stopping = EarlyStopping(
    monitor='val loss',
    patience=15,
    restore_best_weights=True
reduce lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val loss', factor=0.5,
patience=3, min_lr=1e-7)
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    steps per epoch=train generator.samples // 64,
    epochs=50,
    validation data=validation generator,
    validation steps=validation generator.samples // 64,
```

```
callbacks=[early stopping, reduce lr]
)
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its
constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers\, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self. warn if super not called()
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:1000:
UserWarning: Palette images with Transparency expressed in bytes
should be converted to RGBA images
 warnings.warn(
Epoch 1/50
               _____ 23s 5s/step - accuracy: 0.2958 - loss:
3/3 ——
12.9285 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.6155 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/50
               _____ 5s 3s/step - accuracy: 0.3125 - loss: 12.6263
1/3 —
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\contextlib.py:158: UserWarning: Your
input ran out of data; interrupting training. Make sure that your
dataset or generator can generate at least `steps per epoch * epochs`
batches. You may need to use the `.repeat()` function when building
your dataset.
  self.gen.throw(value)
12.6263 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.6076 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/50
           12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.2569 - loss:
3/3 ———
12.3980 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.5847 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/50
               4s 373ms/step - accuracy: 0.3281 - loss:
12.0828 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.5770 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/50
              12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.3846 - loss:
3/3 ———
12.1493 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.5530 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/50
3/3 —
                4s 371ms/step - accuracy: 0.3438 - loss:
12.2243 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.5449 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/50
3/3 -
                   ——— 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4116 - loss:
```

```
12.1452 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.5199 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/50
3/3 ———
              4s 381ms/step - accuracy: 0.4375 - loss:
11.9481 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.5115 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/50
3/3 ———
              12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.3282 - loss:
12.1297 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.4858 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/50
           4s 373ms/step - accuracy: 0.4062 - loss:
3/3 ----
11.9944 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.4771 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/50
            _____ 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.3778 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.9597 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.4510 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 12/50
              4s 378ms/step - accuracy: 0.3594 - loss:
3/3 ——
11.8576 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.4422 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 13/50
              13s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4655 - loss:
11.6413 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.4155 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 14/50
            3s 378ms/step - accuracy: 0.6042 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.3457 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.4065 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 15/50

12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4372 - loss:
11.6762 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.3794 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 16/50
             4s 387ms/step - accuracy: 0.4062 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.7486 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.3704 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 17/50
3/3 —
              13s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4811 - loss:
11.6601 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.3431 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 18/50
11.4606 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.3340 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 19/50
             13s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4298 - loss:
3/3 ——
11.6294 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.3065 - learning rate:
```

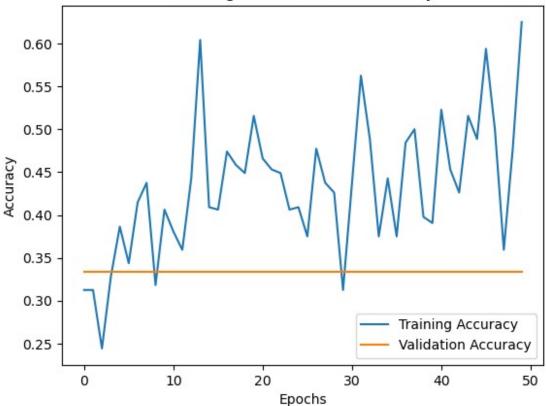
```
1.0000e-04
Epoch 20/50
               4s 375ms/step - accuracy: 0.5156 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.4933 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.2973 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 21/50
              12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4629 - loss:
3/3 ——
11.5428 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.2699 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 22/50
              4s 380ms/step - accuracy: 0.4531 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.6066 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.2607 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 23/50
              3/3 ———
11.5135 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.2331 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 24/50
               4s 390ms/step - accuracy: 0.4062 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.6785 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.2238 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 25/50
             12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.3623 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.4908 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.1961 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 26/50
               4s 377ms/step - accuracy: 0.3750 - loss:
3/3 ----
11.5956 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.1869 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 27/50
              ------- 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4945 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.2430 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.1594 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 28/50
            4s 379ms/step - accuracy: 0.4375 - loss:
3/3 —
11.5838 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 11.1502 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 29/50
             ______ 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4288 - loss:
11.4869 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.1225 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 30/50
              4s 378ms/step - accuracy: 0.3125 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.4887 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.1133 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 31/50
             12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4219 - loss:
11.3775 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0860 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
```

```
Epoch 32/50

4s 383ms/step - accuracy: 0.5625 - loss:
10.9782 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0771 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 33/50
                _____ 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4787 - loss:
11.3559 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0502 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 34/50
              4s 377ms/step - accuracy: 0.3750 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.2711 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0413 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 35/50
               _____ 14s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4225 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.2514 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0142 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 36/50
              ______ 3s 379ms/step - accuracy: 0.3750 - loss:
3/3 ———
11.3842 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 11.0053 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 37/50
               _____ 13s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4609 - loss:
3/3 ——
11.2846 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 10.9784 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 38/50
               _____ 3s 380ms/step - accuracy: 0.5000 - loss:
10.9056 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 10.9694 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 39/50
           12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.3864 - loss:
3/3 —
11.1736 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.9424 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 40/50
             4s 378ms/step - accuracy: 0.3906 - loss:
11.0615 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.9333 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 41/50
            12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.5368 - loss:
3/3 ———
10.9183 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 10.9064 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 42/50
               4s 380ms/step - accuracy: 0.4531 - loss:
11.1512 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.8975 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 43/50
              _____ 12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4377 - loss:
3/3 ———
10.9906 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.8712 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 44/50
```

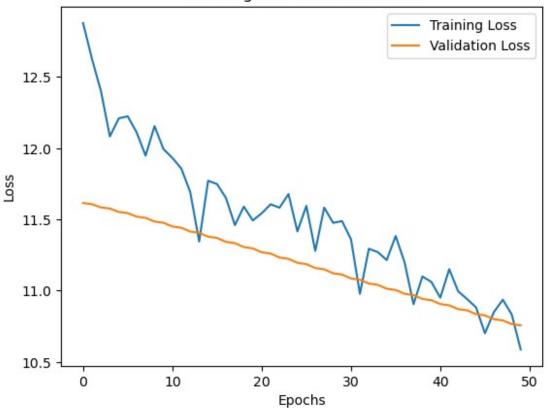
```
4s 380ms/step - accuracy: 0.5156 - loss:
10.9416 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.8625 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 45/50
              12s 4s/step - accuracy: 0.4859 - loss:
3/3 ———
10.9074 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.8357 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 46/50
               4s 377ms/step - accuracy: 0.5938 - loss:
3/3 ———
10.7015 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.8269 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 47/50
              _____ 12s 5s/step - accuracy: 0.4896 - loss:
3/3 ———
10.9206 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 10.8003 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 48/50
               4s 414ms/step - accuracy: 0.3594 - loss:
3/3 —
10.9371 - val_accuracy: 0.3333 - val_loss: 10.7916 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 49/50
             10.8150 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.7658 - learning rate:
1.0000e-04
Epoch 50/50
              4s 378ms/step - accuracy: 0.6250 - loss:
3/3 —
10.5879 - val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 10.7571 - learning_rate:
1.0000e-04
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
         1s 732ms/step - accuracy: 0.3333 - loss:
1/1 —
10.7570
Test Loss: 10.75701904296875
Test Accuracy: 0.3333333432674408
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





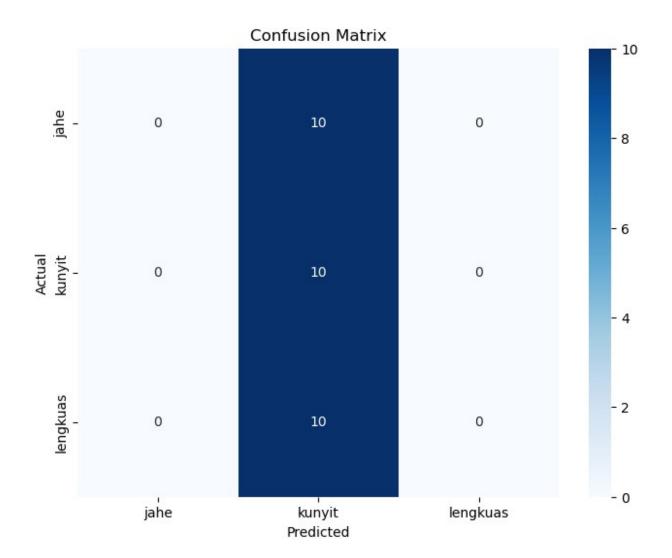
```
# Plot Loss
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Loss



```
model.save('BestModel MobileNet AlbertCornelius.h5')
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via
`model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format
is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras
format, e.g. `model.save('my model.keras')` or
`keras.saving.save model(model, 'my model.keras')`.
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    r'test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=False
)
```

```
model = load model('BestModel MobileNet AlbertCornelius.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(test generator), axis=1)
y true = test generator.classes
conf matrix = confusion matrix(y true, y pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys(),
            yticklabels=test_generator.class_indices.keys())
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
class report = classification report(y true, y pred,
target names=test generator.class indices.keys())
print("Classification Report:")
print(class_report)
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have
yet to be built. `model.compile metrics` will be empty until you train
or evaluate the model.
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its
constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self. warn if super not called()
          ______ 2s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.3333 - loss: 10.7570
Test Loss: 10.75701904296875
Test Accuracy: 0.3333333432674408
              1s 996ms/step
1/1 —
```



Classification Report:						
	precision	recall	f1-score	support		
jahe	0.00	0.00	0.00	10		
kunyit	0.33	1.00	0.50	10		
lengkuas	0.00	0.00	0.00	10		
accuracy			0.33	30		
macro avg weighted avg	$0.11 \\ 0.11$	0.33 0.33	0.17 0.17	30 30		
weighted avg	0.11	0.55	0.17	30		

c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
_classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is illdefined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.

_warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))

```
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
    _classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
    _classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
```

```
import os
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator,
load img
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
count = 0
dirs = os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Google net\train')
for i in dirs:
    files = list(os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Google
net\train' + '/' + i))
   count += len(files)
    print(i + ' Folder has ' + str(len(files)) + ' images')
print('Total images in train folder: ', count)
jahe Folder has 100 images
kunyit Folder has 100 images
lengkuas Folder has 100 images
Total images in train folder: 300
import os
import shutil
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
base dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Google net\train"
validation dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Google net\
validation"
test dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Google net\test"
os.makedirs(validation dir, exist ok=True)
os.makedirs(test dir, exist ok=True)
categories = [name for name in os.listdir(base dir) if
os.path.isdir(os.path.join(base dir, name))]
validation split = 0.1 # 10% untuk validasi
                        # 10% untuk test
test split = 0.1
train split = 1 - validation split - test split # 80% untuk train
for category in categories:
    category dir = os.path.join(base dir, category)
   validation category dir = os.path.join(validation dir, category)
   test_category_dir = os.path.join(test dir, category)
   os.makedirs(validation category dir, exist ok=True)
   os.makedirs(test category dir, exist ok=True)
```

```
all files = os.listdir(category dir)
    train val files, test files = train test split(all files,
test size=test split, random state=42)
    train files, val files = train test split(train val files,
test size=validation split / (train split + validation split),
random state=42)
    for file in val files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category_dir, file),
os.path.join(validation category dir, file))
    for file in test files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category dir, file),
os.path.join(test category dir, file))
print("Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!")
Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1.0 / 255,
    rotation range=30,
    width shift range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    fill mode="nearest"
)
validation datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
    r'train',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical'
)
```

```
validation generator = validation datagen.flow from directory(
    r'validation',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class_mode='categorical'
)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    r'test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class_mode='categorical'
)
Found 240 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
sample batch = next(train generator)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(min(9, len(sample_batch[0]))):
    image = sample batch[0][i]
    label = sample batch[1][i]
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(image)
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nSize: {image.shape}")
    plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

Label: [1. 0. 0.] Size: (224, 224, 3)

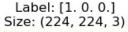


Label: [1. 0. 0.] Size: (224, 224, 3)

Label: [1. 0. 0.] Size: (224, 224, 3)



Label: [0. 0. 1.] Size: (224, 224, 3)





Label: [0. 0. 1.] Size: (224, 224, 3)



Label: [1. 0. 0.] Size: (224, 224, 3)



Label: [1. 0. 0.] Size: (224, 224, 3)



Label: [0. 0. 1.] Size: (224, 224, 3)







from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D,
AveragePooling2D, Flatten, Dense, Dropout, Input, concatenate
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model

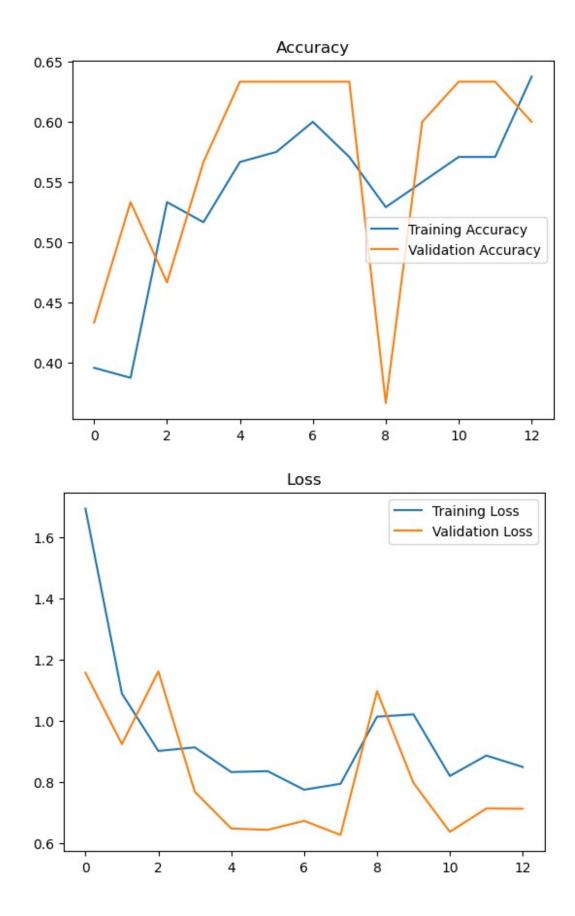
```
def inception_block(x, filters):
    conv_1x1 = Conv2D(filters[0], (1, 1), padding='same',
activation='relu')(x)

    conv_3x3_reduce = Conv2D(filters[1], (1, 1), padding='same',
activation='relu')(x)
    conv_3x3 = Conv2D(filters[2], (3, 3), padding='same',
```

```
activation='relu')(conv 3x3 reduce)
    conv 5x5 reduce = Conv2D(filters[3], (1, 1), padding='same',
activation='relu')(x)
    conv 5x5 = Conv2D(filters[4], (5, 5), padding='same',
activation='relu')(conv 5x5 reduce)
    pool proj = MaxPooling2D((3, 3), strides=(1, 1), padding='same')
(x)
    pool proj = Conv2D(filters[5], (1, 1), padding='same',
activation='relu')(pool proj)
    output = concatenate([conv 1x1, conv 3x3, conv 5x5, pool proj],
axis=-1)
    return output
def googlenet(input shape, num classes):
    input layer = Input(shape=input shape)
    x = Conv2D(64, (7, 7), strides=(2, 2), padding='same',
activation='relu')(input layer)
    x = MaxPooling2D((3, 3), strides=(2, 2), padding='same')(x)
    x = inception block(x, [64, 96, 128, 16, 32, 32])
    x = inception_block(x, [128, 128, 192, 32, 96, 64])
    x = MaxPooling2D((3, 3), strides=(2, 2), padding='same')(x)
   x = inception block(x, [192, 96, 208, 16, 48, 64])
    x = inception block(x, [256, 160, 320, 32, 128, 128])
    x = AveragePooling2D((7, 7), strides=(1, 1))(x)
    x = Flatten()(x)
    x = Dropout(0.4)(x)
    output layer = Dense(num classes, activation='softmax')(x)
    model = Model(input layer, output layer)
    return model
model = googlenet((224, 224, 3), num classes=3)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
early stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss', patience=5,
restore best weights=True)
history = model.fit(train generator,
                    validation data=validation generator,
```

```
epochs=50,
                  callbacks=[early stopping])
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its
constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers\, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
 self._warn_if_super_not_called()
Epoch 1/50
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:1000:
UserWarning: Palette images with Transparency expressed in bytes
should be converted to RGBA images
 warnings.warn(
- val accuracy: 0.4333 - val loss: 1.1568
Epoch 2/50
                8/8 ———
- val accuracy: 0.5333 - val loss: 0.9242
Epoch 3/50
                ------ 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5468 - loss: 0.9119
- val accuracy: 0.4667 - val loss: 1.1613
Epoch 4/50
                    -- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5073 - loss: 0.9402
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.5667 - val loss: 0.7686
Epoch 5/50
8/8 -
                 ----- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5826 - loss: 0.8259
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.6487
Epoch 6/50
            ______ 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6078 - loss: 0.8279
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val_loss: 0.6441
Epoch 7/50
            ______ 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6096 - loss: 0.8026
8/8
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.6737
Epoch 8/50
                 ----- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5422 - loss: 0.7729
8/8 ———
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.6276
Epoch 9/50
                  ---- 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5762 - loss: 0.8955
- val_accuracy: 0.3667 - val_loss: 1.0968
Epoch 10/50
                   —— 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5164 - loss: 1.0678
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.7976
Epoch 11/50
8/8 -
                 ----- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6077 - loss: 0.8601
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.6379
```

```
Epoch 12/50
8/8 -
                    ----- 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6183 - loss: 0.7398
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.7139
Epoch 13/50
8/8 —
                     ---- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6578 - loss: 0.8337
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.7131
test loss, test acc = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test acc}")
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Accuracy")
plt.show()
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Loss")
plt.show()
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data adapters\py dataset adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self._warn_if_super_not_called()
                  _____ 1s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.6000 - loss: 0.7099
Test Loss: 0.709863007068634
Test Accuracy: 0.6000000238418579
```



```
model.save('googleNet model.h5')
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via
`model.save()` or `keras.saving.save model(model)`. This file format
is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras
format, e.g. `model.save('my model.keras')` or
`keras.saving.save model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    'test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=False
)
model = load model('googleNet model.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(test generator), axis=1)
y true = test generator.classes
conf matrix = confusion matrix(y true, y pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys(),
            yticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys())
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
class report = classification report(y true, y pred,
target names=test generator.class indices.keys())
print("Classification Report:")
print(class report)
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
```

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until you train or evaluate the model.

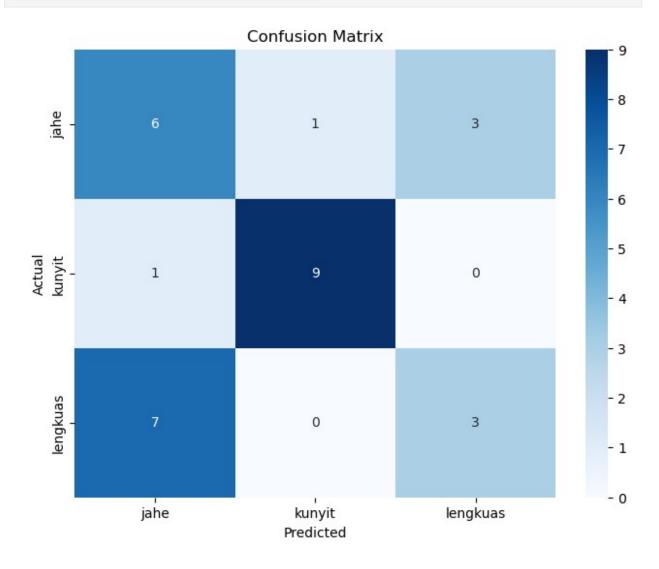
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`, `max_queue_size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will be ignored.

self._warn_if_super_not_called()

1/1 ______ 2s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6000 - loss: 0.7099

Test Loss: 0.709863007068634

Test Accuracy: 0.6000000238418579
1/1 ______ 1s 1s/step



Classificatio	n Report: precision	recall	f1-score	support
jahe kunyit lengkuas	0.43 0.90 0.50	0.60 0.90 0.30	0.50 0.90 0.38	10 10 10
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.61 0.61	0.60 0.60	0.60 0.59 0.59	30 30 30

```
import os
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator,
load img
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
count = 0
dirs = os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\dataset train
test\train')
for i in dirs:
    files = list(os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\dataset
train test\train' + '/' + i))
   count += len(files)
    print(i + ' punya ' + str(len(files)) + ' images')
print('Total gambar dalam folder: ', count)
jahe punya 80 images
kunvit punva 80 images
lengkuas punya 80 images
Total gambar dalam folder: 240
import os
import shutil
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
base dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\dataset train test\train"
validation dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\dataset train test\
validation"
test_dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\dataset train test\test"
os.makedirs(validation dir, exist ok=True)
os.makedirs(test dir, exist ok=True)
categories = [name for name in os.listdir(base dir) if
os.path.isdir(os.path.join(base dir, name))]
validation split = 0.1 # 10% untuk validasi
test_split = 0.1 # 10% untuk test
train split = 1 - validation split - test split # 80% untuk train
for category in categories:
    category dir = os.path.join(base dir, category)
   validation_category_dir = os.path.join(validation_dir, category)
   test_category_dir = os.path.join(test_dir, category)
   os.makedirs(validation category dir, exist ok=True)
```

```
os.makedirs(test category dir, exist ok=True)
    all files = os.listdir(category dir)
    train val files, test files = train test split(all files,
test size=test split, random state=42)
    train files, val files = train test split(train val files,
test size=validation split / (train split + validation split),
random state=42)
    for file in val files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category_dir, file),
os.path.join(validation category dir, file))
    for file in test files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category dir, file),
os.path.join(test_category_dir, file))
print("Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!")
Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1.0 / 255,
    rotation range=30,
    width shift range=0.2,
    height shift range=0.2,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal flip=True,
    fill mode="nearest"
)
validation datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
    r'dataset train test\train',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class_mode='categorical'
```

```
)
validation generator = validation datagen.flow from directory(
    r'dataset train test\validation',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical'
)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    r'dataset train test\test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical'
)
Found 240 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
sample batch = next(train generator)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(min(9, len(sample_batch[0]))):
    image = sample batch[0][i]
    label = sample batch[1][i]
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(image)
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nSize: {image.shape}")
    plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:1000:
UserWarning: Palette images with Transparency expressed in bytes
should be converted to RGBA images
 warnings.warn(
```



```
model = Sequential([
    Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)),
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),

Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),

Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),

Conv2D(512, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
```

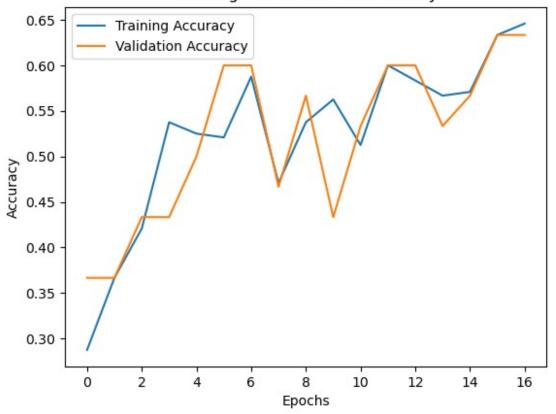
```
MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dropout (0.5),
    Dense(3, activation='softmax')
])
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\layers\convolutional\base conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an
`input shape`/`input dim` argument to a layer. When using Seguential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in
the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
model.compile(
    optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.0001),
    loss='categorical crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
early stopping = EarlyStopping(
    monitor='val loss',
    patience=5.
    restore best weights=True
)
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    epochs=50,
    validation data=validation generator,
    callbacks=[early stopping]
)
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py dataset adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self._warn_if_super_not_called()
Epoch 1/50
                  _____ 21s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.2794 - loss: 1.1428
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.3667 - val loss: 1.0979
Epoch 2/50
8/8 ——
                    ----- 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.3753 - loss: 1.0940
- val_accuracy: 0.3667 - val_loss: 1.0821
Epoch 3/50
```

```
------ 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.4518 - loss: 1.0715
- val accuracy: 0.4333 - val loss: 1.0479
Epoch 4/50
8/8 -
               ----- 16s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5021 - loss: 1.0233
- val_accuracy: 0.4333 - val loss: 0.9929
Epoch 5/50
              8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9147
Epoch 6/50
            ______ 18s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5388 - loss: 0.8841
8/8 ———
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.8258
Epoch 7/50
             18s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5773 - loss: 0.8721
8/8 ———
- val_accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.7915
Epoch 8/50
               ----- 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.4828 - loss: 0.9472
8/8 —
- val accuracy: 0.4667 - val loss: 0.8554
Epoch 9/50
                 --- 18s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5175 - loss: 0.8999
- val accuracy: 0.5667 - val loss: 0.7401
Epoch 10/50
               ----- 18s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5779 - loss: 0.8129
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.4333 - val loss: 0.7636
- val accuracy: 0.5333 - val loss: 0.7419
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.6577
Epoch 13/50
               ———— 19s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5695 - loss: 0.8565
8/8 ———
- val_accuracy: 0.6000 - val_loss: 0.6785
Epoch 14/50
               _____ 20s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5695 - loss: 0.8504
- val accuracy: 0.5333 - val loss: 0.7693
Epoch 15/50
               ------ 17s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5672 - loss: 0.7929
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.5667 - val loss: 0.6895
Epoch 16/50
               ----- 18s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.6633 - loss: 0.7523
8/8 -
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.7073
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.7106
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
```

```
1/1 _____ 1s 927ms/step - accuracy: 0.6667 - loss:
0.7331
Test Loss: 0.7331267595291138
Test Accuracy: 0.6666666865348816

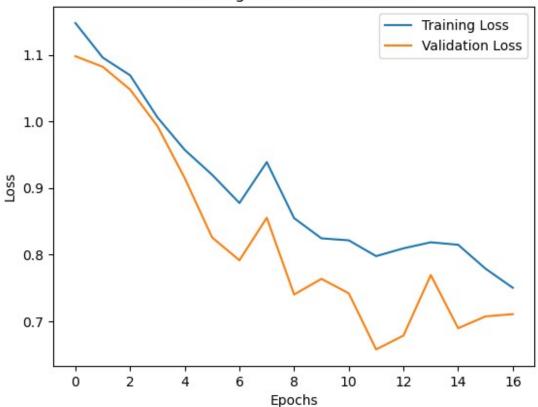
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Accuracy



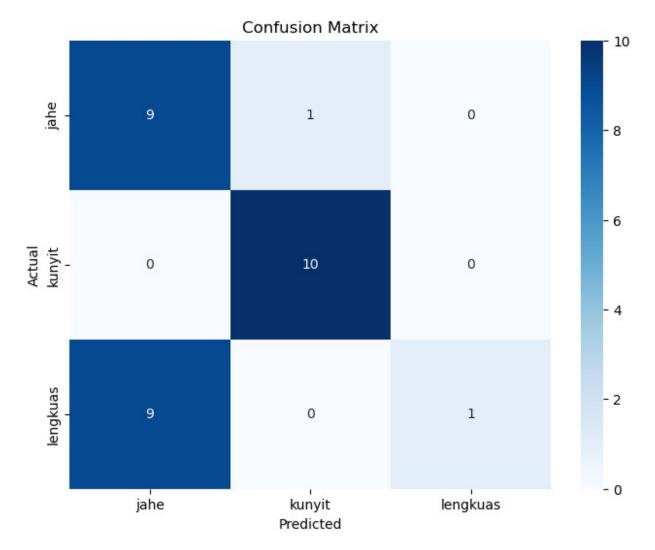
```
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Loss



```
model.save('VGG rev.h5')
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via
`model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format
is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras
format, e.g. `model.save('my model.keras')` or
`keras.saving.save model(model, 'my model.keras')`.
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    dataset train test/test',
    target size=(224, 224),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=False
)
```

```
model = load model('VGG rev.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(test generator), axis=1)
y true = test generator.classes
conf matrix = confusion matrix(y true, y pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys(),
            yticklabels=test_generator.class_indices.keys())
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
# Classification Report
class report = classification report(y true, y pred,
target names=test generator.class indices.keys())
print("Classification Report:")
print(class report)
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have
yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` will be empty until you train
or evaluate the model.
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data adapters\py dataset adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self. warn if super not called()
                        - 1s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.6667 - loss: 0.7331
Test Loss: 0.7331267595291138
Test Accuracy: 0.6666666865348816
1/1 -
                         1s 996ms/step
```



Classificatio	n Report:				
0 (000) 1 1 0 0 0 1 0	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
jahe	0.50	0.90	0.64	10	
kunyit	0.91	1.00	0.95	10	
lengkuas	1.00	0.10	0.18	10	
_					
accuracy			0.67	30	
macro avg	0.80	0.67	0.59	30	
weighted avg	0.80	0.67	0.59	30	

```
import os
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import load img,
ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, load_model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dense,
Dropout, Flatten
count = 0
dirs = os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Alex net\train')
for i in dirs:
    files = list(os.listdir(r'C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Alex
net\train' + '/' + i))
    count += len(files)
    print(i + ' punya ' + str(len(files)) + ' images')
print('Total gambar dalam folder: ', count)
jahe punya 100 images
kunyit punya 100 images
lengkuas punya 100 images
Total gambar dalam folder: 300
import os
import shutil
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
base dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Alex net\train"
validation dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Alex net\
validation"
test_dir = r"C:\Users\ASUS\Documents\dataset\Alex net\test"
os.makedirs(validation dir, exist ok=True)
os.makedirs(test dir, exist ok=True)
categories = [name for name in os.listdir(base dir) if
os.path.isdir(os.path.join(base dir, name))]
validation split = 0.1 # 10% untuk validasi
test split = 0.1 # 10% untuk test
train split = 1 - validation split - test split # 80% untuk train
for category in categories:
    category dir = os.path.join(base dir, category)
   validation category dir = os.path.join(validation dir, category)
   test_category_dir = os.path.join(test dir, category)
   os.makedirs(validation category dir, exist ok=True)
   os.makedirs(test category dir, exist ok=True)
```

```
all files = os.listdir(category dir)
    train val files, test files = train test split(all files,
test size=test split, random state=42)
    train files, val files = train test split(train val files,
test size=validation split / (train split + validation split),
random state=42)
    for file in val files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category_dir, file),
os.path.join(validation category dir, file))
    for file in test files:
        shutil.move(os.path.join(category dir, file),
os.path.join(test category dir, file))
print("Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!")
Dataset berhasil dibagi menjadi train, validation, dan test!
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten,
Dense, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
    rescale=1.0 / 255,
    rotation range=30,
    width shift range=0.2,
    height_shift_range=0.2,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal_flip=True,
    fill mode="nearest"
)
validation datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
    r"train",
    target size=(227, 227),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical'
)
```

```
validation generator = validation datagen.flow from directory(
    r'validation',
    target size=(227, 227),
    batch size=32,
    class_mode='categorical'
)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    r'test',
    target size=(227, 227),
    batch size=32,
    class_mode='categorical'
)
Found 240 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
sample batch = next(train generator)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(min(9, len(sample_batch[0]))):
    image = sample batch[0][i]
    label = sample batch[1][i]
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(image)
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}\nSize: {image.shape}")
    plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
model = Sequential([
    Conv2D(96, (11, 11), strides=4, activation='relu',
input_shape=(227, 227, 3)),
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(3, 3), strides=2),

Conv2D(256, (5, 5), activation='relu', padding='same'),
    MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(3, 3), strides=2),

Conv2D(384, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'),
    Conv2D(384, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'),
    Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'),
```

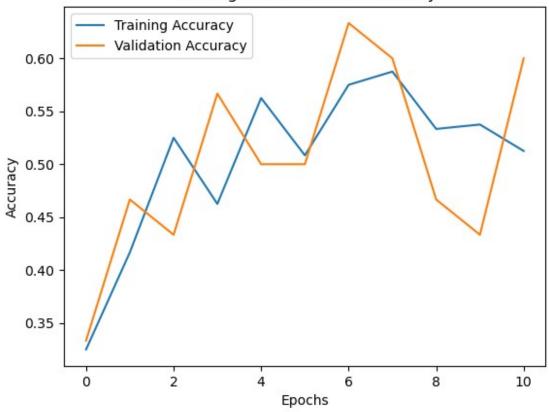
```
MaxPooling2D(pool size=(3, 3), strides=2),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(4096, activation='relu'),
    Dropout (0.5),
    Dense(4096, activation='relu'),
    Dropout (0.5),
    Dense(3, activation='softmax')
])
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\layers\convolutional\base conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an
`input shape`/`input dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in
the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
model.compile(
    optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.0001),
    loss='categorical crossentropy',
    metrics=['accuracy']
)
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
                                  Output Shape
 Layer (type)
Param #
 conv2d (Conv2D)
                                  (None, 55, 55, 96)
34,944
 max pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)
                                  (None, 27, 27, 96)
0
 conv2d 1 (Conv2D)
                                  (None, 27, 27, 256)
614,656
 max pooling2d 1 (MaxPooling2D) | (None, 13, 13, 256)
```

```
0 |
conv2d 2 (Conv2D)
                                (None, 13, 13, 384)
885,120
 conv2d_3 (Conv2D)
                                (None, 13, 13, 384)
1,327,488
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)
                                (None, 13, 13, 256)
884,992
max pooling2d 2 (MaxPooling2D)
                                (None, 6, 6, 256)
| flatten (Flatten)
                                (None, 9216)
0 |
dense (Dense)
                                (None, 4096)
37,752,832
                                (None, 4096)
dropout (Dropout)
dense_1 (Dense)
                                (None, 4096)
16,781,312
 dropout 1 (Dropout)
                                (None, 4096)
dense_2 (Dense)
                                (None, 3)
12,291
Total params: 58,293,635 (222.37 MB)
Trainable params: 58,293,635 (222.37 MB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
early stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val accuracy',
                           patience=4,
                           restore best weights=True)
history = model.fit(
   train generator,
   epochs=50,
   validation data=validation generator,
   callbacks=[early stopping]
)
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py dataset adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max queue size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
 self. warn if super not called()
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\PIL\Image.py:1000:
UserWarning: Palette images with Transparency expressed in bytes
should be converted to RGBA images
 warnings.warn(
Epoch 1/50
- val accuracy: 0.3333 - val loss: 1.1013
Epoch 2/50
               8/8 ———
- val accuracy: 0.4667 - val loss: 1.0513
Epoch 3/50
                ----- 13s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5037 - loss: 1.0088
- val accuracy: 0.4333 - val_loss: 1.1171
Epoch 4/50
8/8 -
                ----- 13s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.4726 - loss: 0.9442
- val_accuracy: 0.5667 - val loss: 0.9019
Epoch 5/50
8/8 -
                ----- 13s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5817 - loss: 0.9011
- val_accuracy: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7816
- val accuracy: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8945
- val accuracy: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.7763
Epoch 8/50
              _____ 13s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5939 - loss: 0.8170
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.6924
Epoch 9/50
```

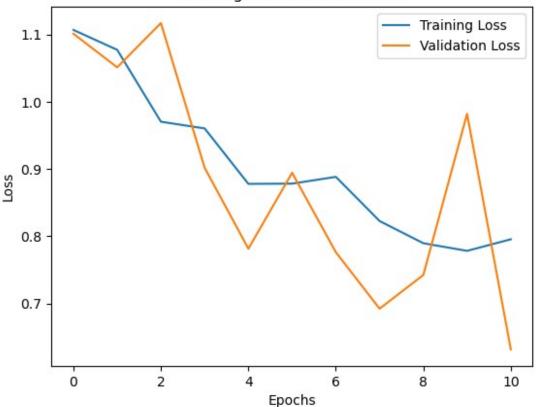
```
-- 15s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5393 - loss: 0.7739
- val accuracy: 0.4667 - val loss: 0.7426
Epoch 10/50
                    ---- 14s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.4952 - loss: 0.8215
8/8 -
- val_accuracy: 0.4333 - val loss: 0.9822
Epoch 11/50
8/8 -
                       - 14s 2s/step - accuracy: 0.5075 - loss: 0.7915
- val accuracy: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.6318
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(test_generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
1/1 -
                 _____ 1s 782ms/step - accuracy: 0.6000 - loss:
0.7922
Test Loss: 0.7921562194824219
Test Accuracy: 0.6000000238418579
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Accuracy



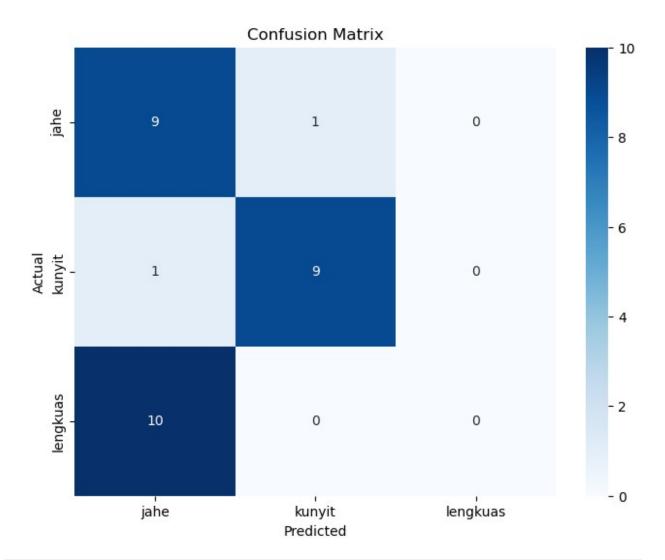
```
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and Validation Loss



```
model.save('Alexnet.h5')
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via
`model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format
is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras
format, e.g. `model.save('my model.keras')` or
`keras.saving.save model(model, 'my model.keras')`.
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0 / 255)
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    r'test',
    target size=(227, 227),
    batch size=32,
    class mode='categorical',
    shuffle=False
```

```
)
model = load model('Alexnet.h5')
test loss, test accuracy = model.evaluate(test generator)
print(f"Test Loss: {test loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test accuracy}")
# Prediksi pada data test
y pred = np.argmax(model.predict(test generator), axis=1)
y true = test generator.classes
# Confusion Matrix
conf matrix = confusion matrix(y true, y pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(conf matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys(),
            yticklabels=test generator.class indices.keys())
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
# Classification Report
class report = classification report(y true, y pred,
target names=test generator.class indices.keys())
print("Classification Report:")
print(class report)
Found 30 images belonging to 3 classes.
WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have
yet to be built. `model.compile metrics` will be empty until you train
or evaluate the model.
C:\Users\ASUS\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\keras\
src\trainers\data_adapters\py_dataset_adapter.py:121: UserWarning:
Your `PyDataset` class should call `super().__init__(**kwargs)` in its constructor. `**kwargs` can include `workers`, `use_multiprocessing`,
`max_queue_size`. Do not pass these arguments to `fit()`, as they will
be ignored.
  self. warn if super not called()
                ------- 1s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.6000 - loss: 0.7922
Test Loss: 0.7921561598777771
Test Accuracy: 0.6000000238418579
                 _____ 1s 816ms/step
1/1 -
```



Classification Report:								
	precision	recall	f1-score	support				
jahe	0.45	0.90	0.60	10				
kunyit	0.90	0.90	0.90	10				
lengkuas	0.00	0.00	0.00	10				
			0.60	20				
accuracy	0.45	0.60	0.60 0.50	30 30				
macro avg weighted avg	0.45	0.60	0.50	30				
mergineed avg	0.1.5	0.00	0.50	30				

c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
_classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is illdefined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.

_warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))

```
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
   _classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
   _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
c:\ProgramData\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\metrics\
   _classification.py:1509: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
   _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
```