# Challenge-4

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## Questions

Load the "CommQuest2023.csv" dataset using the read\_csv() command and assign it to a variable named "comm\_data."

```
# Enter code here
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.3 v readr
                                  2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr
                                1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.3
                      v tibble
                                 3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                      v tidyr
                                 1.3.0
## v purrr
             1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
comm_data <- read_csv("CommQuest2023_Larger.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 1000 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (3): channel, sender, message
## dbl (1): sentiment
## date (1): date
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

**Question-1: Communication Chronicles** Using the select command, create a new dataframe containing only the "date," "channel," and "message" columns from the "comm\_data" dataset.

```
# Enter code here
newdf <- comm_data %>% select (date, channel, message)
newdf
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 3
##
                channel message
     date
##
      <date>
                <chr>
                        <chr>
##
  1 2023-08-11 Twitter Fun weekend!
   2 2023-08-11 Email Hello everyone!
  3 2023-08-11 Slack Hello everyone!
##
  4 2023-08-18 Email Fun weekend!
## 5 2023-08-14 Slack Need assistance
##
   6 2023-08-04 Email
                        Need assistance
## 7 2023-08-10 Twitter Hello everyone!
## 8 2023-08-04 Slack
                        Hello everyone!
## 9 2023-08-20 Email
                        Team meeting
## 10 2023-08-09 Slack
                        Hello everyone!
## # i 990 more rows
```

Question-2: Channel Selection Use the filter command to create a new dataframe that includes messages sent through the "Twitter" channel on August 2nd.

## Solution:

```
# Enter code here
new <- comm_data %>%
  filter(channel == "Twitter", date == "2023-08-02")
new
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 5
                                                       sentiment
##
      date
                channel sender
                                      message
##
      <date>
                <chr> <chr>
                                       <chr>>
                                                          <dbl>
## 1 2023-08-02 Twitter alice@example Team meeting
                                                           0.210
   2 2023-08-02 Twitter @erin tweets Exciting news!
                                                           0.750
  3 2023-08-02 Twitter dave@example Exciting news!
##
                                                           0.817
  4 2023-08-02 Twitter @erin_tweets
                                      Exciting news!
                                                           0.582
## 5 2023-08-02 Twitter @erin tweets
                                      Exciting news!
                                                          -0.525
   6 2023-08-02 Twitter alice@example Team meeting
                                                           0.965
## 7 2023-08-02 Twitter dave@example
                                      Great work!
                                                          0.516
  8 2023-08-02 Twitter carol_slack
                                       Hello everyone!
                                                          0.451
## 9 2023-08-02 Twitter carol_slack
                                      Hello everyone!
                                                          0.174
## 10 2023-08-02 Twitter carol_slack
                                       Need assistance
                                                           0.216
## 11 2023-08-02 Twitter @frank_chat
                                       Need assistance
                                                          -0.115
## 12 2023-08-02 Twitter alice@example Need assistance
                                                          0.158
## 13 2023-08-02 Twitter carol_slack
                                       Exciting news!
                                                          -0.693
## 14 2023-08-02 Twitter @bob_tweets
                                       Need assistance
                                                          -0.282
## 15 2023-08-02 Twitter @erin_tweets
                                      Need assistance
                                                           0.821
```

Question-3: Chronological Order Utilizing the arrange command, arrange the "comm\_data" dataframe in ascending order based on the "date" column.

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>% arrange(date)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 5
```

```
##
                 channel sender
                                                       sentiment
      date
                                       message
##
                 <chr>
                         <chr>
                                       <chr>
                                                           <dbl>
      <date>
                                                           0.677
##
  1 2023-08-01 Twitter alice@example Need assistance
  2 2023-08-01 Twitter @bob_tweets
                                       Need assistance
                                                           0.148
##
   3 2023-08-01 Twitter @frank_chat
                                       Need assistance
                                                           0.599
  4 2023-08-01 Twitter @frank chat
##
                                       Exciting news!
                                                          -0.823
                         Ofrank chat
                                       Team meeting
                                                          -0.202
## 5 2023-08-01 Slack
## 6 2023-08-01 Slack
                         @bob_tweets
                                       Exciting news!
                                                           0.146
##
   7 2023-08-01 Slack
                         @erin tweets
                                       Great work!
                                                           0.244
## 8 2023-08-01 Twitter @frank_chat
                                       Team meeting
                                                          -0.526
## 9 2023-08-01 Twitter @frank_chat
                                       Exciting news!
                                                          -0.399
                                       Need assistance
## 10 2023-08-01 Slack
                         @frank_chat
                                                           0.602
## # i 990 more rows
```

**Question-4: Distinct Discovery** Apply the distinct command to find the unique senders in the "comm data" dataframe.

## Solution:

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>%
    distinct(sender)

## # A tibble: 6 x 1

## sender

## <chr>
## 1 dave@example

## 2 @bob_tweets

## 3 @frank_chat

## 4 @erin_tweets

## 5 alice@example

## 6 carol_slack
```

**Question-5: Sender Stats** Employ the count and group\_by commands to generate a summary table that shows the count of messages sent by each sender in the "comm data" dataframe.

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>%
group_by(sender) %>% count(sender)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
## # Groups:
               sender [6]
##
     sender
                        n
##
     <chr>>
                    <int>
## 1 @bob_tweets
                      179
## 2 @erin_tweets
                      171
## 3 @frank_chat
                      174
## 4 alice@example
                      180
## 5 carol_slack
                      141
## 6 dave@example
                      155
```

Question-6: Channel Chatter Insights Using the group\_by and count commands, create a summary table that displays the count of messages sent through each communication channel in the "comm\_data" dataframe.

## Solution:

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>%
  group_by(channel) %>%
  count(channel)
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
## # Groups:
               channel [3]
##
     channel
                 n
##
     <chr>>
             <int>
## 1 Email
               331
## 2 Slack
               320
## 3 Twitter
               349
```

Question-7: Positive Pioneers Utilize the filter, select, and arrange commands to identify the top three senders with the highest average positive sentiment scores. Display their usernames and corresponding sentiment averages.

#### Solution:

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>% group_by(sender) %>% summarise(average_score=mean(sentiment)) %>% arrange(desc(average_sc
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
```

**Question-8: Message Mood Over Time** With the group\_by, summarise, and arrange commands, calculate the average sentiment score for each day in the "comm\_data" dataframe.

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>%
  group_by(date) %>% summarise(average_sentiment_score = mean(sentiment)) %>% arrange(date)
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 2
##
      date
                 average_sentiment_score
##
      <date>
                                    <dbl>
##
   1 2023-08-01
                                  -0.0616
   2 2023-08-02
                                  0.136
##
##
    3 2023-08-03
                                  0.107
                                  -0.0510
##
  4 2023-08-04
## 5 2023-08-05
                                  0.193
## 6 2023-08-06
                                  -0.0144
```

```
## 7 2023-08-07
                                   0.0364
## 8 2023-08-08
                                   0.0666
## 9 2023-08-09
                                  0.0997
## 10 2023-08-10
                                  -0.0254
## 11 2023-08-11
                                  -0.0340
## 12 2023-08-12
                                  0.0668
## 13 2023-08-13
                                 -0.0604
## 14 2023-08-14
                                  -0.0692
## 15 2023-08-15
                                  0.0617
## 16 2023-08-16
                                 -0.0220
## 17 2023-08-17
                                  -0.0191
## 18 2023-08-18
                                  -0.0760
## 19 2023-08-19
                                  0.0551
## 20 2023-08-20
                                   0.0608
```

Question-9: Selective Sentiments Use the filter and select commands to extract messages with a negative sentiment score (less than 0) and create a new dataframe.

## Solution:

```
# Enter code here
newsentiment <- comm_data %>% filter(sentiment < 0) %>% select(date, sender, message)
newsentiment
## # A tibble: 487 x 3
##
     date
                sender
                              message
##
                <chr>
                              <chr>>
      <date>
## 1 2023-08-11 @frank_chat
                              Hello everyone!
## 2 2023-08-04 @erin_tweets Need assistance
## 3 2023-08-10 @frank_chat
                              Hello everyone!
## 4 2023-08-04 alice@example Hello everyone!
## 5 2023-08-09 @erin_tweets Hello everyone!
## 6 2023-08-08 @erin tweets Need assistance
## 7 2023-08-11 @bob_tweets Great work!
## 8 2023-08-12 dave@example Team meeting
```

Question-10: Enhancing Engagement Apply the mutate command to add a new column to the "comm\_data" dataframe, representing a sentiment label: "Positive," "Neutral," or "Negative," based on the sentiment score.

Fun weekend!

Exciting news!

## Solution:

## 9 2023-08-04 @bob\_tweets

## 10 2023-08-16 @bob\_tweets

## # i 477 more rows

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>%
  mutate(sentiment_label = case_when(
    sentiment > 0 ~ "Positive",
    sentiment == 0 ~ "Neutral",
    sentiment < 0 ~ "Negative",
    TRUE ~ "Unknown"))</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 6
                                                       sentiment sentiment_label
##
                 channel sender
      date
                                       message
      <date>
                 <chr>
                                                           <dbl> <chr>
##
                         <chr>
                                       <chr>
##
   1 2023-08-11 Twitter dave@example Fun weekend!
                                                           0.824 Positive
##
   2 2023-08-11 Email
                         @bob_tweets
                                       Hello everyone!
                                                           0.662 Positive
                         Ofrank chat
                                       Hello everyone!
##
   3 2023-08-11 Slack
                                                          -0.143 Negative
                         Ofrank chat
                                       Fun weekend!
                                                           0.380 Positive
   4 2023-08-18 Email
  5 2023-08-14 Slack
                         Ofrank chat
                                       Need assistance
##
                                                           0.188 Positive
                                       Need assistance
##
   6 2023-08-04 Email
                         @erin tweets
                                                          -0.108 Negative
                                       Hello everyone!
                                                          -0.741 Negative
##
  7 2023-08-10 Twitter @frank_chat
  8 2023-08-04 Slack
                         alice@example Hello everyone!
                                                          -0.188 Negative
                                                           0.618 Positive
## 9 2023-08-20 Email
                         dave@example
                                       Team meeting
                                                          -0.933 Negative
                         @erin_tweets
                                       Hello everyone!
## 10 2023-08-09 Slack
## # i 990 more rows
```

Question-11: Message Impact Create a new dataframe using the mutate and arrange commands that calculates the product of the sentiment score and the length of each message. Arrange the results in descending order.

## Solution:

```
# Enter code here
new_data <- comm_data %>% mutate(sentiment_length = sentiment * nchar(message)) %>% arrange(desc(sentiment_length = sentiment * nchar(message)) %>%
new_data
## # A tibble: 1,000 x 6
##
                   channel sender
      date
                                          message
                                                             sentiment sentiment_length
##
      <date>
                   <chr>
                            <chr>
                                           <chr>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                                     <dbl>
##
    1 2023-08-16 Email
                            @frank_chat Hello everyone!
                                                                 0.998
                                                                                      15.0
                            @erin_tweets Hello everyone!
   2 2023-08-14 Slack
                                                                 0.988
                                                                                      14.8
                            dave@example Hello everyone!
##
   3 2023-08-18 Email
                                                                 0.978
                                                                                      14.7
```

4 2023-08-17 Email dave@example Hello everyone! 0.977 14.7 carol\_slack Hello everyone! 14.6 ## 5 2023-08-07 Slack 0.973 6 2023-08-06 Slack dave@example Hello everyone! 0.968 14.5 7 2023-08-08 Slack @frank\_chat Need assistance 14.5 ## 0.964 ## 8 2023-08-09 Email @erin\_tweets Need assistance 14.3 0.953 ## 9 2023-08-17 Twitter @frank chat Hello everyone! 14.3 0.952 ## 10 2023-08-12 Email carol slack Need assistance 14.1 0.938 ## # i 990 more rows

Question-12: Daily Message Challenge Use the group\_by, summarise, and arrange commands to find the day with the highest total number of characters sent across all messages in the "comm\_data" dataframe.

## Solution:

## 1 2023-08-10

```
# Enter code here
comm_data %>% mutate(total_characters = nchar(message)) %>% group_by(date) %>% summarise(highest_characters
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## date highest_characters
## <date> <int>
```

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**Question-13:** Untidy data Can you list at least two reasons why the dataset illustrated in slide 10 is non-tidy? How can it be made Tidy?

**Solution:** Insert your answer here 1. problem: there are multiple variables in column (e.g.,"employment status") solution: separate each column out 2. problem: variables are in different format. "Percent" column includes different formats of population count. This makes the data set untidy. solution: we either remove those rows and leave all percentages or do the opposite.