```
In [
    6]:
df.columns
Out[6]:
Index(['ID', 'Age', 'Experience', 'Income', 'ZIP Code', 'Family', 'CCAvg',
       'Education', 'Mortgage', 'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account',
       'CD Account', 'Online', 'CreditCard'],
      dtype='object')
In [7]:
X = df.drop(['CreditCard'], axis=1)
y = df['CreditCard']
In [8]:
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 0
In [9]:
X_train.shape, X_test.shape
Out[9]:
((4000, 13), (1000, 13))
In [10]:
cols = X_train.columns
In [11]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
In [12]:
X_train = pd.DataFrame(X_train, columns=[cols])
In [13]:
```

X_test = pd.DataFrame(X_test, columns=[cols])

```
In [ ]:
```

```
X_train.describe()
```

Out[14]:

	ID	Age	Experience	Income	ZIP Code	Famil
count	4.000000e+03	4.000000e+03	4.000000e+03	4.000000e+03	4.000000e+03	4.000000e+0
mean	1.047148e-16	8.820722e-17	-9.203749e-17	-4.454770e-17	2.580948e-15	-3.212985e-1
sto	1.000125e+00	1.000125e+00	1.000125e+00	1.000125e+00	1.000125e+00	1.000125e+0
min	-1.732418e+00	-1.941993e+00	-2.006748e+00	-1.425882e+00	-3.807548e+01	-1.212103e+0
25%	-8.646705e-01	-8.975483e-01	-8.768221e-01	-7.560813e-01	-5.463612e-01	-1.212103e+0
50%	-1.323063e-02	-2.717733e-02	-7.648726e-03	-2.159191e-01	1.194385e-01	-3.433677e-0
75%	8.637108e-01	8.431936e-01	8.615247e-01	5.403081e-01	6.648856e-01	5.253678e-0
max	1.736489e+00	1.887639e+00	1.991450e+00	3.241119e+00	1.592736e+00	1.394103e+0
4						•

In [15]:

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

svc=SVC()
svc.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred=svc.predict(X_test)

print('Model accuracy : {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)))
```

Model accuracy: 0.7490

In [16]:

```
svc=SVC(C=100.0)
svc.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred=svc.predict(X_test)

print('C=100.0 Model accuracy with rbf kernel : {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test, y_
```

C=100.0 Model accuracy with rbf kernel : 0.6970

```
In [2]:
```

```
linear_svc=SVC(kernel='linear', C=1.0)
linear_svc.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_test=linear_svc.predict(X_test)

print('C=1.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel : {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test, y))
```

C=1.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel : 0.7470

In [18]:

```
linear_svc=SVC(kernel='linear', C=10.0)
linear_svc.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_test=linear_svc.predict(X_test)

print('C=10.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel : {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test,
```

C=10.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel: 0.7470

In [19]:

```
linear_svc=SVC(kernel='linear', C=100.0)
linear_svc.fit(X_train,y_train)

y_pred_test=linear_svc.predict(X_test)

print('C=100.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel : {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_test,
```

C=100.0 Model accuracy with linear kernel: 0.7470

```
In [2]:
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_test)

print('Confusion matrix\n\n', cm)

print('\nTrue Positives(TP) = ', cm[0,0])

print('\nTrue Negatives(TN) = ', cm[1,1])

print('\nFalse Positives(FP) = ', cm[0,1])

print('\nFalse Negatives(FN) = ', cm[1,0])
```

Confusion matrix

```
[[696 8]
[245 51]]
```

True Positives(TP) = 696

True Negatives(TN) = 51

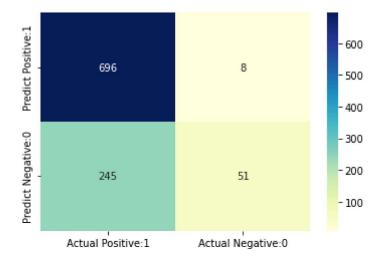
False Positives(FP) = 8

False Negatives(FN) = 245

In [21]:

Out[21]:

<AxesSubplot:>



In [2]:

2

from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_test))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.74	0.99	0.85	704
1	0.86	0.17	0.29	296
accuracy			0.75	1000
macro avg	0.80	0.58	0.57	1000
weighted avg	0.78	0.75	0.68	1000

```
In [2]:
```

```
In [23]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score

kfold=KFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=0)

linear_svc=SVC(kernel='linear')

linear_scores = cross_val_score(linear_svc, X, y, cv=kfold)
```

In [24]:

```
print('Cross-validation with linear kernel:\n\n{}'.format(linear_scores))
```

Cross-validation with linear kernel:

[0.704 0.704 0.721 0.686 0.716]

In [25]:

```
print('Average cross-validation with linear kernel:{:.4f}'.format(linear_scores.mean()))
```

Average cross-validation with linear kernel:0.7062

In [26]:

```
rbf_svc=SVC(kernel='rbf')
rbf_scores = cross_val_score(rbf_svc, X, y, cv=kfold)
```

In [27]:

```
print('Cross-validation with rbf kernel:\n\n{}'.format(rbf_scores))
```

Cross-validation with rbf kernel:

[0.704 0.703 0.721 0.686 0.716]

```
In [2]:
```

```
print('Average cross-validation with rbf kernel:{:.4f}'.format(rbf_scores.mean()))
```

Average cross-validation with rbf kernel:0.7060

```
In [29]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc=SVC()
parameters = [ {'C':[1, 10, 50], 'kernel':['linear']},
               {'C':[1, 10, 50], 'kernel':['rbf'], 'gamma':[0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.9]}
grid_search = GridSearchCV(estimator = svc,
                           param_grid = parameters,
                           scoring = 'accuracy',
                           cv = 5
                           verbose=0)
grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[29]:
GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=SVC(),
```

```
param_grid=[{'C': [1, 10, 50], 'kernel': ['linear']},
            {'C': [1, 10, 50], 'gamma': [0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.9],
             'kernel': ['rbf']}],
scoring='accuracy')
```

In [30]:

```
print('GridSearch CV best: {:.4f}\n\n'.format(grid_search.best_score_))
print('Best results :','\n\n', (grid_search.best_params_))
```

GridSearch CV best: 0.7435

```
Best results:
{'C': 1, 'gamma': 0.1, 'kernel': 'rbf'}
```