S3 class cr_group and its latex method

Henrik Renlund

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0 Excuses, excuses

This vignette is a mess...

1 Generation of data

```
nr <- 7; nc <- 5; m <- matrix(1:(nr*nc), nrow=nr, byrow=TRUE)
rownames(m) <- letters[1:nr]
colnames(m) <- LETTERS[1:nc]
rg <- rep(c("foo", "bar", "baz"), length.out=nr)
cg <- rep(c("Fuzzy", "Busy"), length.out=nc)
M <- cr_group(m, rg, cg)
rm(nr, nc)</pre>
```

2 Examples

Generate Table 1:

Table 1: Example 1: default settings

	Fuzzy			Busy	
	A	В	$\overline{\mathrm{C}}$	$\overline{\mathrm{D}}$	Е
foo					
a	1	3	5	2	4
d	16	18	20	17	19
g	31	33	35	32	34
bar					
b	6	8	10	7	9
e	21	23	25	22	24
baz					
\mathbf{c}	11	13	15	12	14
\mathbf{f}	26	28	30	27	29

Table 2: Example 2: no 'rgroup' attribute

	Fuzzy			Bı	 1sy
	A	В	\overline{C}	D	\overline{E}
a	1	3	5	2	4
b	6	8	10	7	9
$^{\mathrm{c}}$	11	13	15	12	14
d	16	18	20	17	19
e	21	23	25	22	24
\mathbf{f}	26	28	30	27	29
g	31	33	35	32	34

```
dummy <- latex(object=M, caption="Example 1: default settings", label="tab:1")</pre>
```

Generate Table 2:

```
M2 <- M; attr(M2, "rgroup") <- NULL
dummy <- latex(M2, caption="Example 2: no 'rgroup' attribute", label="tab:2")
```

Generate Table 3:

```
M2 <- M; attr(M2, "cgroup") <- NULL dummy <- latex(M2, caption="Example 3: no 'cgroup' attribute", label="tab:3")
```

Generate Table 4:

Table 3: Example 3: no 'cgroup' attribute

	A	В	С	D	\mathbf{E}
foo					
a	1	2	3	4	5
d	16	17	18	19	20
g	31	32	33	34	35
bar					
b	6	7	8	9	10
e	21	22	23	24	25
baz					
\mathbf{c}	11	12	13	14	15
f	26	27	28	29	30

Table 4: Example 4: rgroup alphabetically

	\mathbf{Fuzzy}			Busy	
	A	В	С	D	\mathbf{E}
bar					
b	6	8	10	7	9
e	21	23	25	22	24
baz					
\mathbf{c}	11	13	15	12	14
f	26	28	30	27	29
foo					
a	1	3	5	2	4
d	16	18	20	17	19
g	31	33	35	32	34

```
dummy <- latex(M, r.perm='alphabetical', caption="Example 4: rgroup alphabetically", label='
Generate Table 4:</pre>
```

dummy <- latex(M, r.perm=c(3,2,1), c.perm='alphabetical' , caption="Example 5: cgroup alphabetical')</pre>

3 Using cr_groups to make cr_groups objects

Table 5: Example 5: cgroup alphabetically, rgroup permutated

	Busy			Fuzz	y
	A	В	\overline{C}	D	Е
foo					
a	2	4	1	3	5
d	17	19	16	18	20
g	32	34	31	33	35
baz					
$^{\mathrm{c}}$	12	14	11	13	15
\mathbf{f}	27	29	26	28	30
bar					
b	7	9	6	8	10
e	22	24	21	23	25

```
n <- 7
DF <- data.frame(</pre>
  x.man=1:n,
  x.fem=n:1,
  y.man=-(1:n),
  y.fem=-(n:1)
)
rownames(DF) <- sprintf("Ind: %d", 1:n)</pre>
crDF <- cr_group(</pre>
  x=DF,
  rgroup=rep(LETTERS[1:3],len=7),
   cgroup=rep(c("gr-A", "gr-B"), each=2),
   colnames = gsub("[x|y]\\.", "", names(DF))
str(crDF)
## An object of class 'cr_group' which contains:
## 'data.frame': 7 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ x.man: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
## $ x.fem: int 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
## $ y.man: int -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7
## $ y.fem: int -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
## - attr(*, "rgroup")= chr "A" "B" "C" "A" ...
## - attr(*, "cgroup")= chr "gr-A" "gr-A" "gr-B" "gr-B"
## - attr(*, "colnames")= chr "man" "fem" "man" "fem"
str(crDF[7:1,c(1,3,2,4)])
```

```
## An object of class 'cr_group' which contains:
## 'data.frame': 7 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ x.man: int 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
## $ y.man: int -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
## $ x.fem: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
## $ y.fem: int -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7
## - attr(*, "rgroup")= chr "A" "C" "B" "A" ...
## - attr(*, "cgroup")= chr "gr-A" "gr-B" "gr-A" "gr-B"
## - attr(*, "colnames")= chr "man" "fem" "fem"
M <- matrix(1:12, nrow=4)</pre>
rownames(M) <- sprintf("Row %d", 1:4)</pre>
colnames(M) <- sprintf("Col %d", 1:3)</pre>
(crM <- cr_group(x=M, rgroup=LETTERS[1:4], cgroup=letters[1:3]))
        Col 1 Col 2 Col 3
## Row 1 1 5 9
           2
## Row 2
                6
                     10
## Row 3 3 7 11
## Row 4 4 8 12
## attr(,"rgroup")
## [1] "A" "B" "C" "D"
## attr(,"cgroup")
## [1] "a" "b" "c"
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "cr_group" "matrix"
crM[4:1,c(3,1,2)]
      Col 3 Col 1 Col 2
## Row 4 12 4 8
                3
                      7
## Row 3 11
## Row 2 10 2 6
## Row 1
          9
                 1
## attr(,"rgroup")
## [1] "D" "C" "B" "A"
## attr(,"cgroup")
## [1] "c" "a" "b"
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "cr_group" "matrix"
```

```
dummy <- latex(crDF, caption="'latex' on 'crDF'", label="tab:a1", colheads=TRUE)</pre>
```

Table 6: 'latex' on 'crDF'

	gr-A		gr-	В
	man	fem	man	$_{ m fem}$
\mathbf{A}				
Ind: 1	1	7	-1	-7
Ind: 4	4	4	-4	-4
Ind: 7	7	1	-7	-1
В				
Ind: 2	2	6	-2	-6
Ind: 5	5	3	-5	-3
$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$				
Ind: 3	3	5	-3	-5
Ind: 6	6	2	-6	-2

Table 7: 'latex' on 'crM'

	a	b	c
	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3
A			
Row 1	1	5	9
В			
Row 2	2	6	10
$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$			
Row 3	3	7	11
D			
Row 4	4	8	12

dummy <- latex(crM, caption="'latex' on 'crM'", label="tab:a2", colheads=TRUE)</pre>

4 Errors, warnings, and such

N.B. To pass the R CMD check, the code of a vignette must be able to run. Therefore, to illustrate errors, one must 'catch' them (see below). Generate an error:

```
M2 <- crM; attr(M2, "cgroup") <- NULL; attr(M2, "rgroup") <- NULL tryCatch(dummy <- latex(M2), error = function(e) print(e))
```

Generate an error:

```
M2 <- crM; class(M2) <- NULL
tryCatch(dummy <- latex.cr_group(M2), error = function(e) print(e))
Generate a message (output hidden):
dummy <- latex(crM, r.perm='as')
## [latex.cr_group] 'rperm' interpreted as 'as.is'</pre>
```