

Serviços de Rede Local

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Acesse o sistema com seu login.

```
Debian GNU/Linux 9 debian tty1
debian login: aluno
Password:
Last login: Wed May 19 13:25:49 –03 2021 on tty1
inux debian 4.9.0–15–amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.9.258–1 (2021–03–08) x86_64
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
aluno@debian:~$
```



Para realizar a configuração, vamos alterar para o usuário root.

aluno@debian:\$su

```
Debian GNU/Linux 9 debian tty1
debian login: aluno
 assword:
Last login: Wed May 19 13:25:49 –03 2021 on tty1
Linux debian 4.9.0–15–amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.9.258–1 (2021–03–08) x86_64
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individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
aluno@debian:~$ su
root@debian:/home/aluno# _
```



Como não temos acesso à rede externa, vamos configurar os demais DVDs como repositórios.

root@debian:\$apt-cdrom add

```
root@debian:/home/aluno# apt–cdrom add
Usando ponto de montagem de CD–ROM /media/cdrom/
Desmontando CD–ROM...
Aguardando por disco...
Please insert a Disc in the drive and press [Enter] _
```



O sistema irá pedir o DVD, insira-o no drive virtual e pressione <ENTER>.





Repita o comando para inserir os DVDs de número 2 e 3.

```
oot@debian:/home/aluno# apt–cdrom add
Jsando ponto de montagem de CD−ROM /media/cdrom/
Desmontando CD-ROM...
Aguardando por disco...
Please insert a Disc in the drive and press [Enter]
Montando CD-ROM...
Identificando... [3499991a1c974d34b1f07cea4df324ac-2]
Procurando por arquivos de índice no disco...
Encontrado(s) 2 índice(s) de pacote(s), 0 índice(s) de fonte(s), 4 índice(s) de traduções e 0 assina
tura(s)
Esse disco é chamado:
'Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:07'
Reading Package Indexes... Pronto
Reading Translation Indexes... Pronto
Gravando nova lista de fontes
Entradas na lista de fontes para este disco são:
deb cdrom:[Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ – Official amd64 DVD Binary–1 20200718–11:07]/ stretch
contrib main
Desmontando CD-ROM...
Repita este processo para o restante dos CDs em seu conjunto.
root@debian:/home/aluno#
```



Siga com os comandos:

root@debian:/home/aluno#apt update

root@debian:/home/aluno#apt upgrade

Verifique seu arquivo de fontes de repositório com o comando:

root@debian:/home/aluno#nano/etc/apt/sources.list



Ele deve estar assim:

```
## deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:07]/ strets

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-3 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-3 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-2 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:07]/ stretchs

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deb cdrom: [Debian GNU/Linux 9.13.0 _Stretch_ - Official amd64 DVD Binary-1 20200718-11:
```



Siga com o comando:

root@debian:home/aluno#apt install isc-dhcp-server

Siga os comandos na tela até que o sistema peça a inserção do disco 2 do Debian. Insira-o e pressione <ENTER>.



Ao final da instalação é comum apresentar erro, pois o servidor não está configurado.

```
Contigurando libisccc–export140:amd64 (1:9.10.3.dtsg.P4–12.3+deb9u6) ...
Configurando selinux—utils (2.6—3+b3) ...
 processar 'triggers' para libc-bin (2.24–11+deb9u4) ...
A processar 'triggers' para systemd (232–25+deb9u12) ...
A processar 'triggers' para man–db (2.7.6.1–2) ...
Configurando libisccfg—export140 (1:9.10.3.dfsg.P4—12.3+deb9u6) ...
Configurando policycoreutils (2.6–3) ...
selinux–autorelabel–mark.service is a disabled or a static unit, not starting it.
Configurando libirs–export141 (1:9.10.3.dfsg.P4–12.3+deb9u6) ...
Configurando isc–dhcp–server (4.3.5–3+deb9u1) ...
Generating /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server...
Job for isc–dhcp–server.service failed because the control process exited with error code.
See "systemctl status isc–dhcp–server.service" and "journalctl –xe" for details.
invoke-rc.d: initscript isc-dhcp-server, action "start" failed.
  isc-dhcp-server.service - LSB: DHCP server
  Loaded: loaded (/etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server; generated; vendor preset: enabled)
  Active: failed (Result: exit-code) since Sun 2021-05-23 16:49:16 -03; 6ms ago
    Docs: man:systemd-sysv-generator(8)
  Process: 1249 ExecStart=/etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server start (code=exited, status=1/FAILURE)
mai 23 16:49:14 debian dhcpd[1260]: If you think you have received this message due to a bug rathe
mai 23 16:49:14 debian dhcpd[1260]: than a configuration issue please read the section on submitt
mai 23 16:49:14 debian dhcpd[1260]: bugs on either our web page at www.isc.org or in the README
mai 23 16:49:14 debian dhcpd[1260]: before submitting a bug. These pages explain the proper
mai 23 16:49:16 debian isc–dhcp–server[1249]: Starting ISC DHCPv4 server: dhcpdcheck syslog fo…ile
mai 23 16:49:16 debian isc–dhcp–server[1249]: failed!
mai 23 16:49:16 debian systemd[1]: isc–dhcp–server.service: Control process exited, code=exit…atus
mai 23 16:49:16 debian systemd[1]: Failed to start LSB: DHCP server.
mai 23 16:49:16 debian systemd[1]: isc–dhcp–server.service: Unit entered failed state.
mai 23 16:49:16 debian systemd[1]: isc–dhcp–server.service: Failed with result 'exit–code'.
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use −l to show in full.
A processar 'triggers' para libc-bin (2.24–11+deb9u4) ...
A processar 'triggers' para systemd (232–25+deb9u12) ...
 oot@debian:/home/aluno# _
```



Vamos iniciar a configuração:

root@debian:/home/aluno#nano /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server

Edite o arquivo, adicionando nossa interface de rede a distribuição de IPv4.



O resultado deve ser este:

```
GNU nano 2.7.4
                                  Arquivo: /etc/default/isc-dhcp-server
                                                                                           Modificado
# Defaults for isc–dhcp–server (sourced by /etc/init.d/isc–dhcp–server)
# Path to dhcpd's config file (default: /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf).
#DHCPDv4_CONF=/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
#DHCPDv6_CONF=/etc/dhcp/dhcpd6.conf
# Path to dhcpd's PID file (default: /var/run/dhcpd.pid).
#DHCPDv4_PID=/var/run/dhcpd.pid
#DHCPDv6_PID=/var/run/dhcpd6.pid
 Additional options to start dhcpd with.
        Don't use options -cf or -pf here; use DHCPD_CONF/ DHCPD_PID instead
#OPTIONS=""
# On what interfaces should the DHCP server (dhcpd) serve DHCP requests?
        Separate multiple interfaces with spaces, e.g. "ethO eth1".
INTERFACESv4="enp0s3<u>"</u>
INTERFACESv6=""
```

Salve o arquivo e saia do editor.



Vamos agora configurar o serviço DHCP:

root@debian:/home/aluno#nano/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf

Altere o arquivo conforme o slide a seguir.



```
If this DHCP server is the official DHCP server for the local
 network, the authoritative directive should be uncommented.
#authoritative;
# Use this to send dhcp log messages to a different log file (you also
 have to hack syslog.conf to complete the redirection).
#log-facility local7;
 No service will be given on this subnet, but declaring it helps the
 DHCP server to understand the network topology.
#subnet 10.152.187.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
 This is a very basic subnet declaration.
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
 range 192.168.0.10 192.168.0.99;
 option routers 192.168.0.100;
  This declaration allows BOOTP clients to get dynamic addresses,
 which we don't really recommend.
¥subnet 10.254.239.32 netmask 255.255.255.224 {
  range dynamic-bootp 10.254.239.40 10.254.239.60;
  option broadcast-address 10.254.239.31;
  option routers rtr-239-32-1.example.org;
 A slightly different configuration for an internal subnet.
              ^O Gravar
                            🏿 Onde está? 🔭 Recort txt 📆 Justificar ℃ Pos atual 🔭 Pág anter
  Ajuda
                              Substituir 🛍 Colar txt
                                                        To VerfOrtog
```



Reinicie o serviço DHCP:

root@debian:/home/aluno#/etc/init.d/isc-dhcp-server restart

Se tudo der certo, a mensagem a seguir será exibida:

root@debian:/home/aluno# /etc/init.d/isc–dhcp–server restart [ok] Restarting isc–dhcp–server (via systemctl): isc–dhcp–server.service. root@debian:/home/aluno# _



Inicie uma máquina cliente e verifique se ela receberá as configurações de rede através do seu servidor DHCP Linux.



