

AE 01: Meet the penguins

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For this application exercise, we'll use the **tidyverse** and **palmerpenguins** packages.

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr     1.1.4     v readr     2.1.6
v forcats   1.0.1     v stringr   1.6.0
v ggplot2   4.0.1     v tibble    3.3.0
v lubridate  1.9.4     v tidyr    1.3.2
v purrr     1.2.0

-- Conflicts -----
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become non-conflicting
```

```
library(palmerpenguins)
```

Attaching package: 'palmerpenguins'

The following objects are masked from 'package:datasets':

penguins, penguins_raw

The dataset we will visualize is called **penguins**. Let's `glimpse()` at it.

- **Your turn:** Replace `#add code here` with the code for “glimpse”ing at the data **penguins** data frame – `glimpse(penguins)`. Render the document and view the output.

```
glimpse(penguins)
```

```
Rows: 344  
Columns: 8  
$ species      <fct> Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie,  
$ island        <fct> Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgersen,  
$ bill_length_mm <dbl> 39.1, 39.5, 40.3, NA, 36.7, 39.3, 38.9, 39.2, 34.1, ~  
$ bill_depth_mm  <dbl> 18.7, 17.4, 18.0, NA, 19.3, 20.6, 17.8, 19.6, 18.1, ~  
$ flipper_length_mm <int> 181, 186, 195, NA, 193, 190, 181, 195, 193, 190, 186~  
$ body_mass_g    <int> 3750, 3800, 3250, NA, 3450, 3650, 3625, 4675, 3475, ~  
$ sex            <fct> male, female, female, NA, female, male, female, male~  
$ year           <int> 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007, 2007~
```

- **Demo:** First, replace the blank below with the number of rows in the `penguins` data frame based on the output of the chunk below. Then, replace it with “inline code” and render again.

```
nrow(penguins)
```

```
[1] 344
```

There are 344 penguins in the `penguins` data frame.

```
x <- 2  
x * 3
```

```
[1] 6
```