

# Geocaching in Israel

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## Introduction

Have you ever been geocaching? Have you even heard of geocaching? Well, over twenty million people over the world spend part of their leisure time hiding caches and looking for caches that other players have hidden. Once a cache has been hidden, the longitude and latitude coordinates are uploaded to a geocaching site and happy seekers use GPS applications on their mobile phones to see how close they are. For further details - [Wikipedia](#)

I was curious to find out what is the distribution of geocaches around Israel.

It is possible to find free online information about many geocaches, though some are reserved for 'premium' paying members. Files containing information about a number of geocaches may be downloaded only by premium members. The files are GPX files, which is a form of XML file containing GPS data and can be read into R using the package "plotKML".

I ran a search for all geocaches hidden within Israel up to 25/09/2015 and downloaded the search results. I actually ran two searches, because each search is limited to a maximum of 1000 caches. The archive 16648504.zip contains GPX files with information about caches hidden up to the end of 2013, and the archive 16648512.zip, from the beginning of 2014 until 25/09/2015.

## Loading the data into R

The archives were unzipped and read into R as a list. The first element in the list is metadata, for example (first element of gc2013):

```
##      name                                desc      author
## 1  gc1 Geocache file generated by Groundspeak Groundspeak
##                                     email          url
## 1 contact@groundspeak.com 2015-09-26T19:53:41.6524676Z
```

The second element shows the maximum and minimum GPS coordinates of all the caches found (coordinates for gc2013, gc2015).

```
##           min           max
## lat 34.40827 35.8325
## lon 29.51052 33.2754

##           min           max
## lat 34.45238 35.83715
## lon 29.54442 33.19480
```

The third element is a data frame containing the details of the caches, which needs to be tidied up.

## Processing data before analysis

Since the two files were separated because of the download constraint, the details from the two files were merged into one data frame.

The number of rows in the new data frame is 1313 - the total number of geocaches in Israel, and the number of columns 10 - the number of variables describing the caches.

## Variables

The first column 'lon' contains the longitudes of the caches; the second column 'lat' contains the latitudes. The third column is called 'time'. This is actually the date on which the cache was placed. The dates needed to be transformed into an appropriate form.

The fourth variable 'name' is the code name of the cache. The fifth variable 'desc' is a short description of the name of the cache, who it was placed by, the type of cache, the difficulty level of finding it and the level of difficulty of the terrain. These parameters needed to be retrieved into separate variables and joined to the data frame. I named these variables "difficulty", "terrain", and "by".

The "by" variable, holds names of the cachers who placed the geocaches. I thought it might be interesting to look at the level of activity of each of these "hidere", ie who hid the most caches, etc, but looking at the contents of the variable I found that sometimes they cooperated and hid caches together. I separated out the different cacher names and determined the frequency of caches hidden by each cacher. Obviously the total number hidden is greater than the total number of caches because some are counted more than once.

The total number of cachers who have hidden caches sometime in Israel is 228, however many of them hid only 1 or 2 caches.

The next two variables 'url' and 'urlname' are self explanatory. The variable 'sym' has the same entry "Geocache" for each cache, and the variable 'type' describes the type of cache as one of the following types:

```
## [1] "Geocache|Traditional Cache"      "Geocache|Unknown Cache"
## [3] "Geocache|Multi-cache"           "Geocache|Letterbox Hybrid"
## [5] "Geocache|Wherigo Cache"         "Geocache|Virtual Cache"
## [7] "Geocache|Earthcache"            "Geocache|Cache In Trash Out Event"
```

This [webpage](#) characterizes the different types of cache.

The tenth column, 'cache', duplicates several of the descriptive variables already mentioned, but also contains information about the size of the cache, which needs to be extracted, as well as a lot of text containing messages left by geocachers who sought the cache. Definitions of the size categories in [this link](#). (Click on Finding Geocaches/What does the cache look like?)

Although the messages are useful for seekers, I was interested in counting the number of seekers who actually looked for the cache, as a measure of popularity, and the proportion who succeeded in finding it. This is assuming that every seeker did actually leave a message! However, after examining the file I discovered that only a maximum of 5 messages (logs) can be downloaded in the gpx file. These appear to be the last 5 logs, ie the last 5 seekers of the particular cache, so that the counts cannot represent a level of popularity, but the number of finds out of the recent seeks can be assumed to indicate a sort of recent success rate. (All the logs left by seekers can be downloaded for an individual cache but it is not possible to download a file containing all previous logs, since the API of the site is no longer available.)

## Exploratory Results

1. Most of the caches to be found in Israel are Traditional Caches.

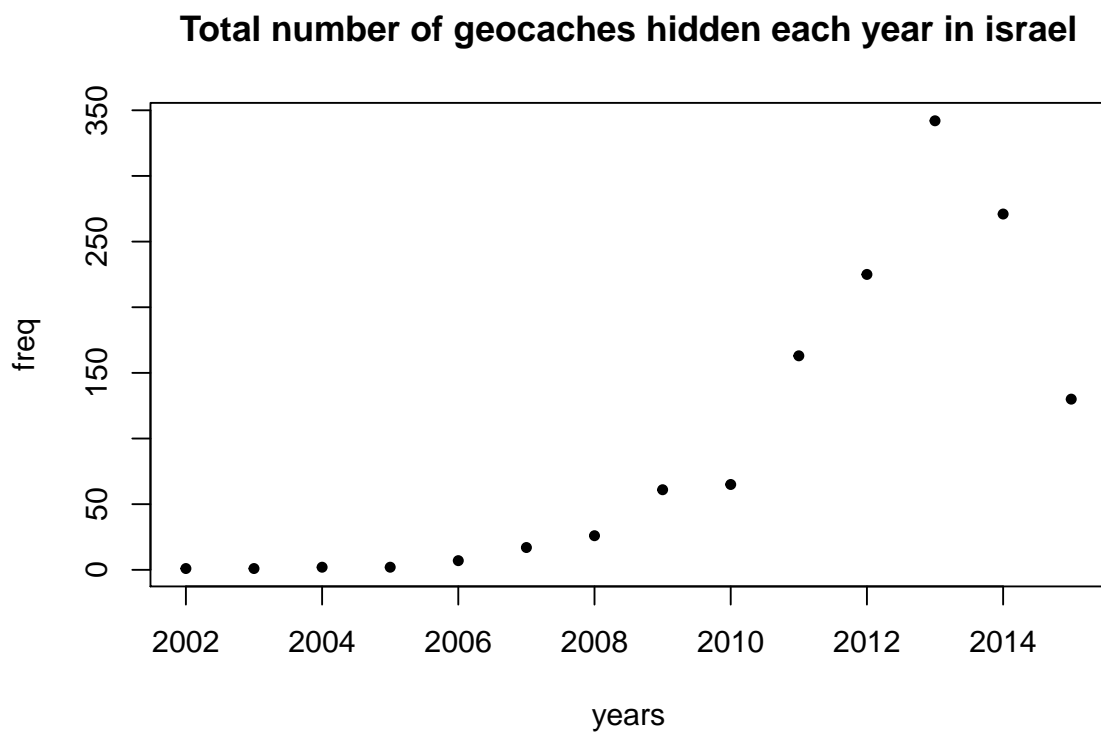
```
##
## Geocache|Cache In Trash Out Event      Geocache|Earthcache
##                                     1                12
##      Geocache|Letterbox Hybrid          Geocache|Multi-cache
##                                     5                68
##      Geocache|Traditional Cache         Geocache|Unknown Cache
##                                     1122             102
##      Geocache|Virtual Cache             Geocache|Wherigo Cache
##                                     1                2
```

2. The oldest/newest caches in Israel are:

```
##          lon      lat      date  name
## 194 34.80343 32.17005 2002-04-14 GC4CEC
##
##                                     desc
## 194 20 Years (Isreal) by GekoTeam, Virtual Cache (1/1)

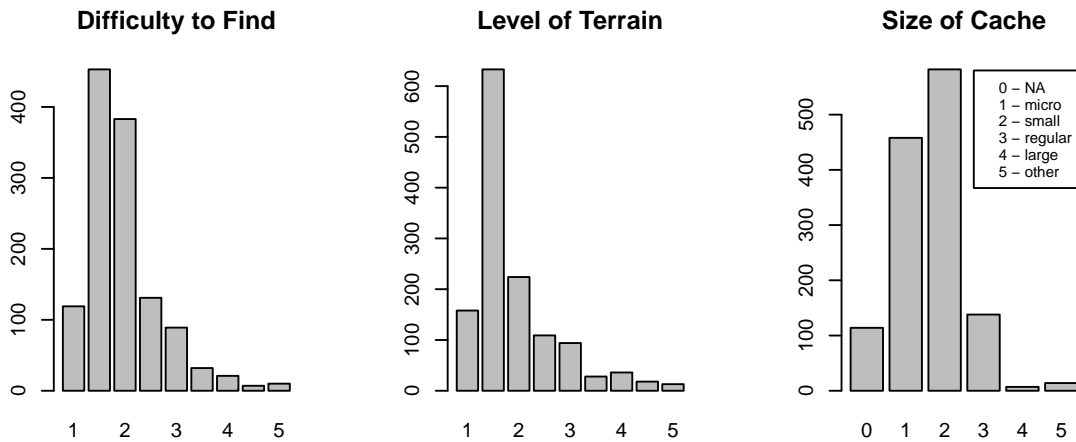
##          lon      lat      date  name
## 540 34.96327 32.65205 2015-09-15 GC63H1J
##
##                                     desc
## 540 Ido Cohen Lookout by tifferets, Traditional Cache (2.5/2.5)
```

3. The number of caches hidden each year increased from 2002 until 2013, and has since decreased.



(It should be noted that 2015 is not yet over hence the frequency observed is not the final count for this year.)

4. The distributions of the level of difficulty to find, the level of terrain, and cache size are given in the following plots:



It is clear that most difficulty and terrain levels are low (not difficult) and most caches are micro or small.

5. The distribution of searches is:

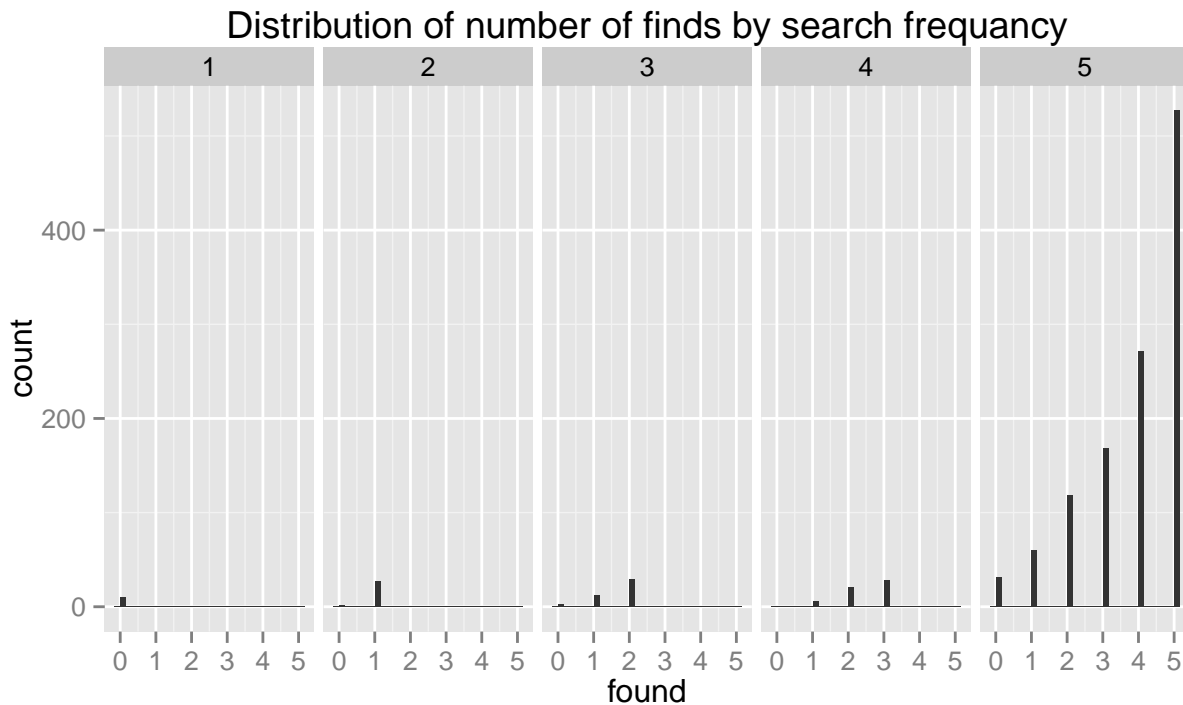
```
##
##  1    2    3    4    5
## 10   29   44   55 1175
```

The distribution of finds is:

```
##
##  0    1    2    3    4    5
## 46 105 168 196 271 527
```

There are apparently no caches that have never been searched for, and 89.5% of the caches have been searched for at least 5 times.

The number of finds for each frequency of searches (out of the last 5 searches) is shown as follows:



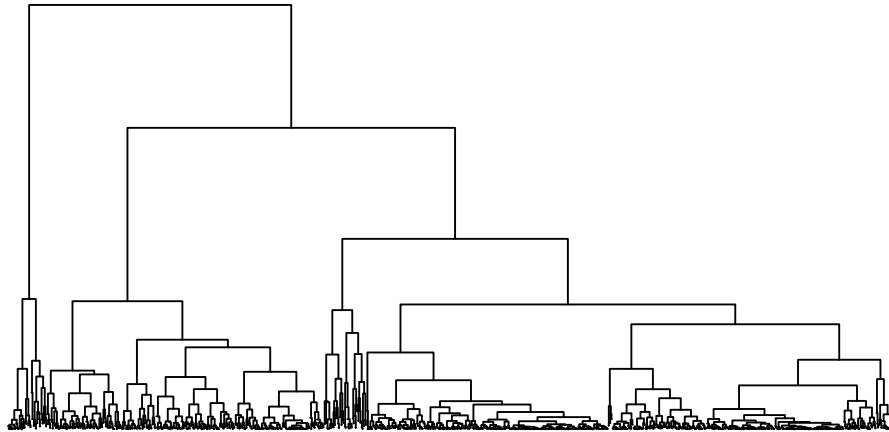
In summary, caches that were sought once were never found, caches that were sought twice were almost all found once. Caches that were sought three times were mostly found twice, sometimes once and rarely not found at all. Caches that were sought four times were usually found by two or three of the seekers, and rarely by one seeker. Many of the caches that were sought by five or more seekers were found five or more times, and with decreasing frequencies were found four or three times or twice or once, or not at all. In general, the number of successful searches increases with the number of searches made.

6. The twenty most active cache hidere are:

## cachere					
##	SHAISHOO	AVI.N	YARIVES	MAVERICK1234	ISRACACHER
##	130	125	118	91	82
##	JDEVOR	THEDAVIDSONS	SSABW	TIFFERETS	LIBIKLIL
##	76	57	45	37	35
##	AMNONYMOUS	IRISVO	YANIVRA	WINDOW	TAMARS
##	32	24	19	17	16
##	AVIRAM_C	YISHAYSHO	DUDIG19	RICKISMOM	WALDLÄUFER123
##	15	14	12	12	11

7. A look at the [map of Geocaches in Israel](#) shows that there are regions with many geocaches and other regions with none. Hierarchical clustering using Euclidean distances between caches produced the following dendrogram.

## Cluster Dendrogram

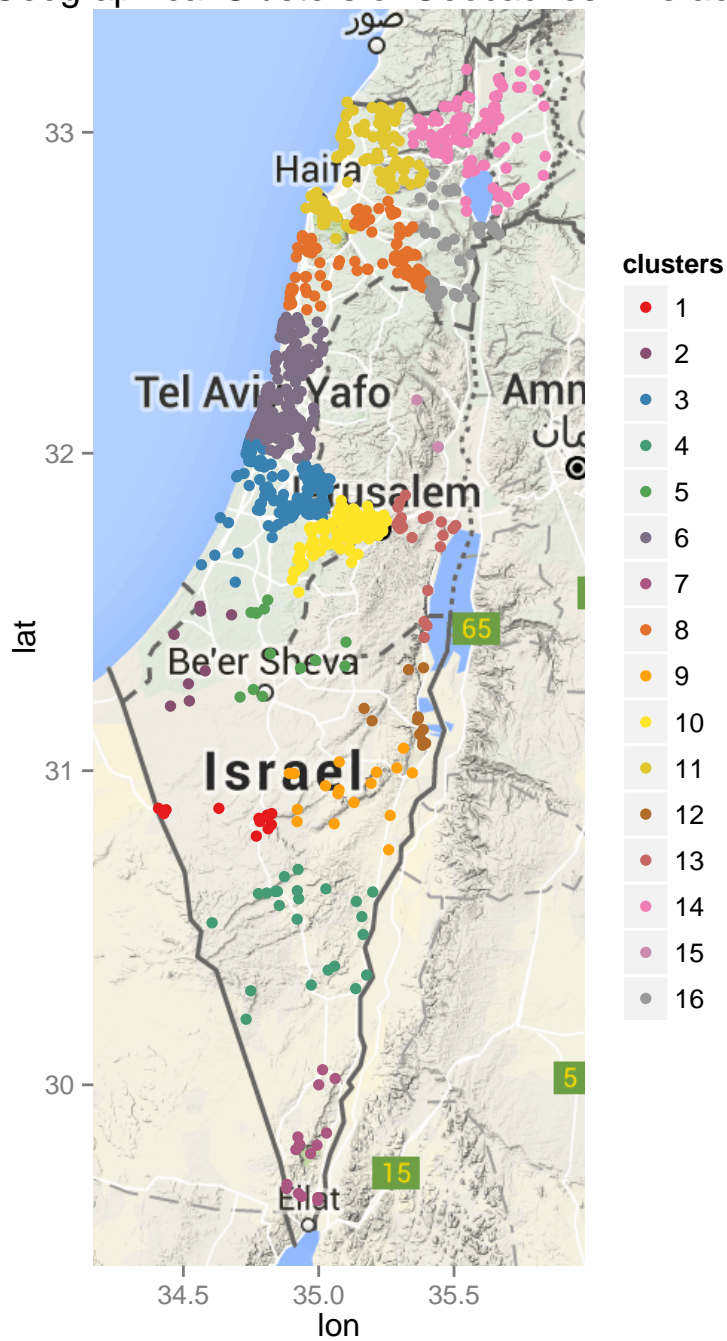


Cutting off at 16 clusters yields the following distribution of caches by cluster.

```
##
##  1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9  10  11  12  13  14  15  16
## 12   8 146  23  13 355  35 132  17 251 117  13  26 111   3  51
```

A nice visualization of the clusters can be obtained by superimposing the colour coded clusters on a map of Israel.

## 16 Geographical Clusters of Geocaches in Israel



A list of a few caches in each cluster:

```
## [1] 1
## [1] "Peace Sculpture by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [2] "Caving to the Cache by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [3] "Horev Operation Memorial by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (1.5/1)"
## [4] "Small and Colorful by lessbink, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [5] "Ein Avdat by avi.n, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
```





```

## [4] "Caesarea Aqueduct by tifferets, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [5] "Heftziba Farm by avi.n, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [6] "Bird Mosaic by tifferets, Traditional Cache (3/2.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 9
## [1] "Yeruham park view by shaishoo, Traditional Cache (2.5/2.5)"
## [2] "Beer Yeruham by ssabw, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [3] "Shvil Israel S-2-N. Day #13 Electric Company by Yarives, Traditional Cache (3/4)"
## [4] "Shvil Israel S-2-N. Day #14 The Karbolet Mountain by Yarives, Traditional Cache (5/5)"
## [5] "Colored Sands, Large Crater by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (2/1)"
## [6] "Mount Zin by yanivra, Traditional Cache (2/4)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 10
## [1] "Bet Guvrin: Bell Caves by klipdachs, Earthcache (2/1.5)"
## [2] "Goded Hill by sleepless_knight & Avishai, Traditional Cache (2/3)"
## [3] "crawling at Tel Goded by tamush, Traditional Cache (1/1)"
## [4] "Mitzpe Massua by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [5] "Only On Saturday by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [6] "Leora and Uri's Birthday cache by shaishoo, Traditional Cache (2/1.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 11
## [1] "cache med by maverick1234, Traditional Cache (3.5/5)"
## [2] "Siah Wadi 3/3 - The Siah Spring by idanpl, Traditional Cache (3/3)"
## [3] "Siah Wadi 2/3 - The Monastery by idanpl, Traditional Cache (1.5/3)"
## [4] "sewage-less sewerage by Arbel's, Traditional Cache (2.5/4)"
## [5] "Hills of Ramat Begin by mnahon, Traditional Cache (2.5/3.5)"
## [6] "Helsinki Rock Star by Gamburger, Traditional Cache (3.5/1.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 12
## [1] "Shvil Israel S-2-N. Day #18 A Tree @ Gev Kina by Yarives, Traditional Cache (4/5)"
## [2] "Shvil Israel S-2-N. Day #17 A Tree @ Nahal Kina by Yarives, Traditional Cache (3/4)"
## [3] "Masada view by D@ewo, Traditional Cache (1.5/3)"
## [4] "Iron at the Dead Sea by ebagpsil, Traditional Cache (1/1)"
## [5] "Dead Sea Resorts by G-2--maintained by ssabw, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [6] "THE DEAD SEA - EARTH'S LOWEST ELEVATION ON LAND by Team Ferreira, Earthcache (1.5/1.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 13
## [1] "03 Lookout by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1/1.5)"
## [2] "Tip of the Lake Park by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [3] "Israel Wineries - #7 by OKSYcachers & jillycash, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [4] "Maale Adumim Water Tower by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [5] "Ednas Garden by Yarives, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [6] "Chagai Lookout by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1/1)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 14
## [1] "Ein Yarket by yanivra, Traditional Cache (1/2.5)"
## [2] "Yarom's Huta by Yarives, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [3] "Mokas' Cache by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1/2.5)"
## [4] "Touching The Clouds @ Adir Mountain by Yarives, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [5] "Eviatar's Cache Day 3 . Sea 2 Sea Trek by Yarives, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [6] "Ein Neria by Yarives, Traditional Cache (2.5/2.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 15
## [1] "Three-Seas Lookout by Hamavreg, Traditional Cache (1.5/2)"

```

```
## [2] "The 4 Elements \"Challenge\" by magals90, Unknown Cache (2.5/1.5)"
## [3] "The WRECK TANK by magals90, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [1] ""
## [1] 16
## [1] "Mount Turan by aviram_c, Traditional Cache (1.5/2)"
## [2] "Day # 10 - In Tavor's Shadow by The Shulem Family, Traditional Cache (4/2)"
## [3] "Mt. Tabor by Isracacher, Traditional Cache (2/2)"
## [4] "Nahal Harod number 5 by Avantland, Traditional Cache (1.5/1.5)"
## [5] "The Irisim by maverick1234, Traditional Cache (2/1.5)"
## [6] "yitspor canyon entrance by maverick1234, Traditional Cache (3.5/1.5)"
## [1] ""
```