

REPORT

VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT REPORT

Title: Vulnerability Assessment of Web
Application

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Course: Cyber Security Lab

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the results of a vulnerability assessment conducted on a publicly available test website. The objective of this assessment was to identify potential security vulnerabilities using ethical and non-intrusive testing techniques. Various security testing tools and manual inspection methods were used to analyze the target system. The assessment identified multiple security weaknesses that may expose the system to cyber threats. Recommendations have been provided to mitigate these risks and improve overall security.

SCOPE OF ASSESSMENT

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The scope of this assessment includes the analysis of a publicly accessible web application. The testing was limited to passive and non-intrusive methods.

Target Website:<http://testphp.vulnweb.com>

Assessment Type: Vulnerability Assessment

Testing Method: Ethical and non-intrusive

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METHODOLOGY

The vulnerability assessment was conducted using the following approach:

Network reconnaissance was performed to identify open ports and services running on the target system.

Automated vulnerability scanning was conducted to detect security misconfigurations and common web vulnerabilities.

Manual inspection was performed using browser developer tools to analyze cookies, HTTPS configuration, and network requests

Tools Used

Network scanning tool for port and service detection

Automated vulnerability scanner for identifying security risks

Browser developer tools for manual security analysis

FINDING 1: MISSING SECURE COOKIE FLAG

DESCRIPTION:

COOKIES WERE FOUND WITHOUT THE SECURE ATTRIBUTE.

RISK LEVEL: HIGH

IMPACT:

ATTACKERS MAY INTERCEPT SESSION COOKIES OVER UNSECURED NETWORKS, LEADING TO SESSION HIJACKING.

RECOMMENDATION:

ENABLE SECURE AND HTTPONLY FLAGS FOR ALL COOKIES.

FINDING 2: MIXED CONTENT VULNERABILITY

DESCRIPTION:

THE WEBSITE LOADS SOME RESOURCES USING HTTP INSTEAD OF HTTPS.

RISK LEVEL: MEDIUM

IMPACT:

DATA TRANSMITTED MAY BE INTERCEPTED OR MODIFIED BY ATTACKERS.

RECOMMENDATION:

ENSURE ALL WEBSITE RESOURCES ARE LOADED THROUGH HTTPS.

FINDING 3: MISSING SECURITY HEADERS

DESCRIPTION:

THE APPLICATION LACKS ESSENTIAL SECURITY HEADERS.

RISK LEVEL: MEDIUM

IMPACT:

THIS MAY EXPOSE THE SYSTEM TO CLICKJACKING AND CROSS-SITE SCRIPTING ATTACKS.

RECOMMENDATION:

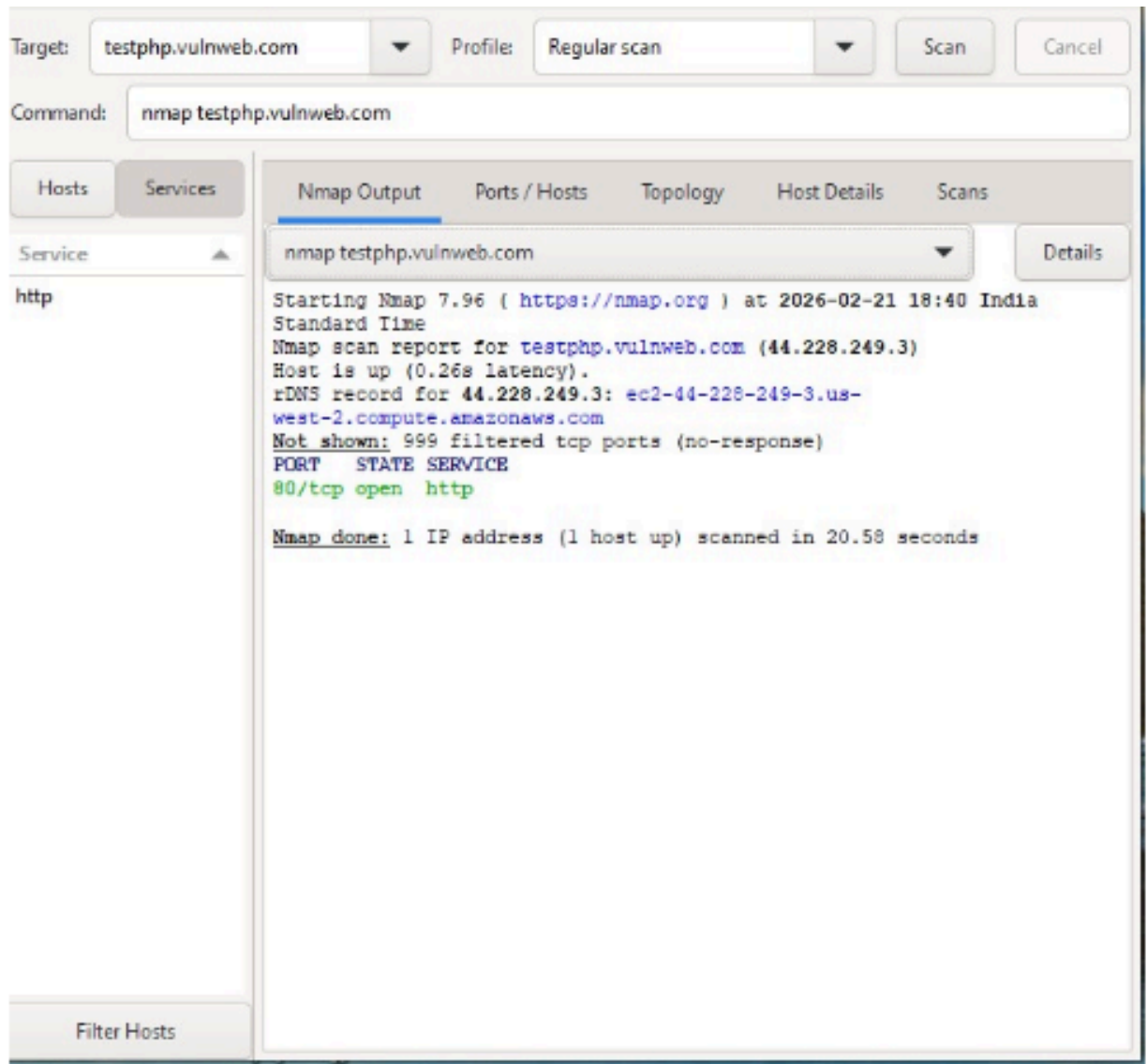
IMPLEMENT NECESSARY SECURITY HEADERS SUCH AS X-FRAME-OPTIONS AND CONTENT SECURITY POLICY.

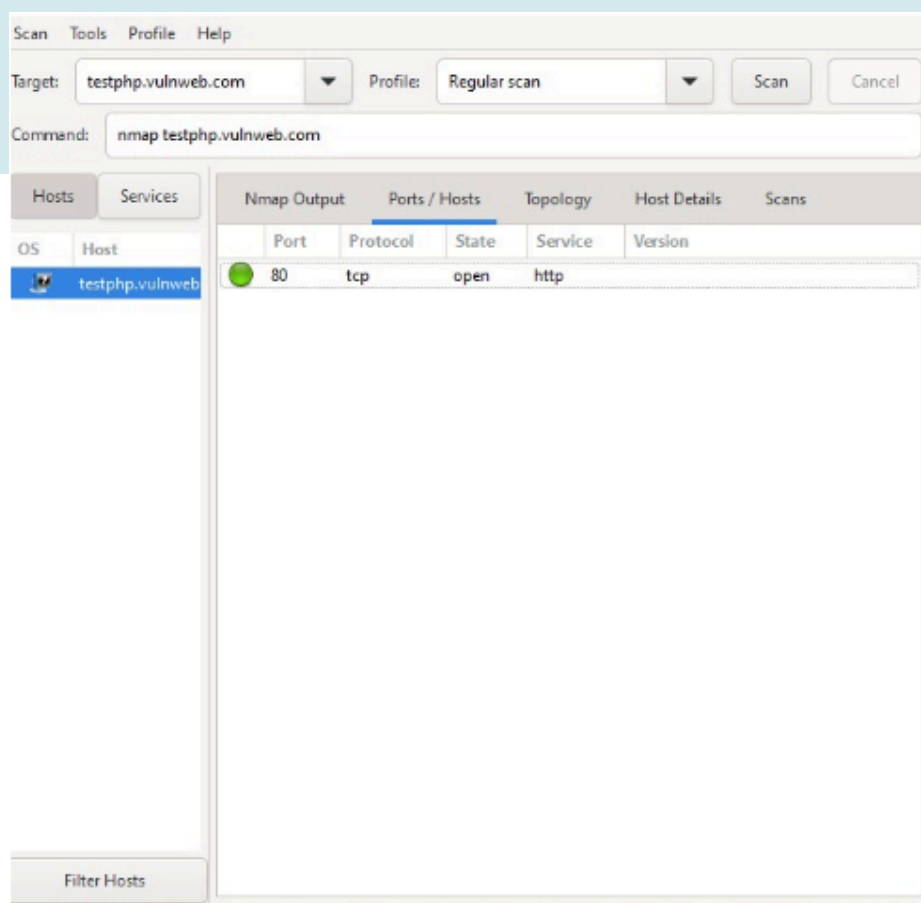
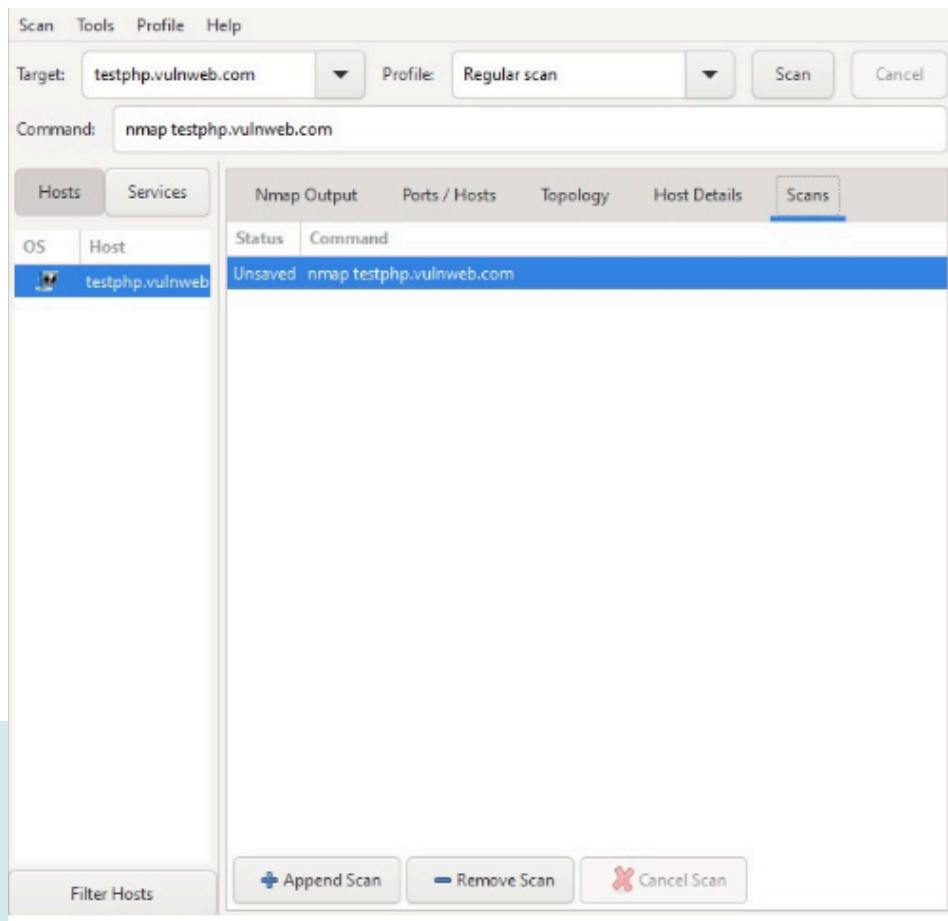
TOOL: NMAP

OPEN PORT(80,ETC)

SERVICE VERSION

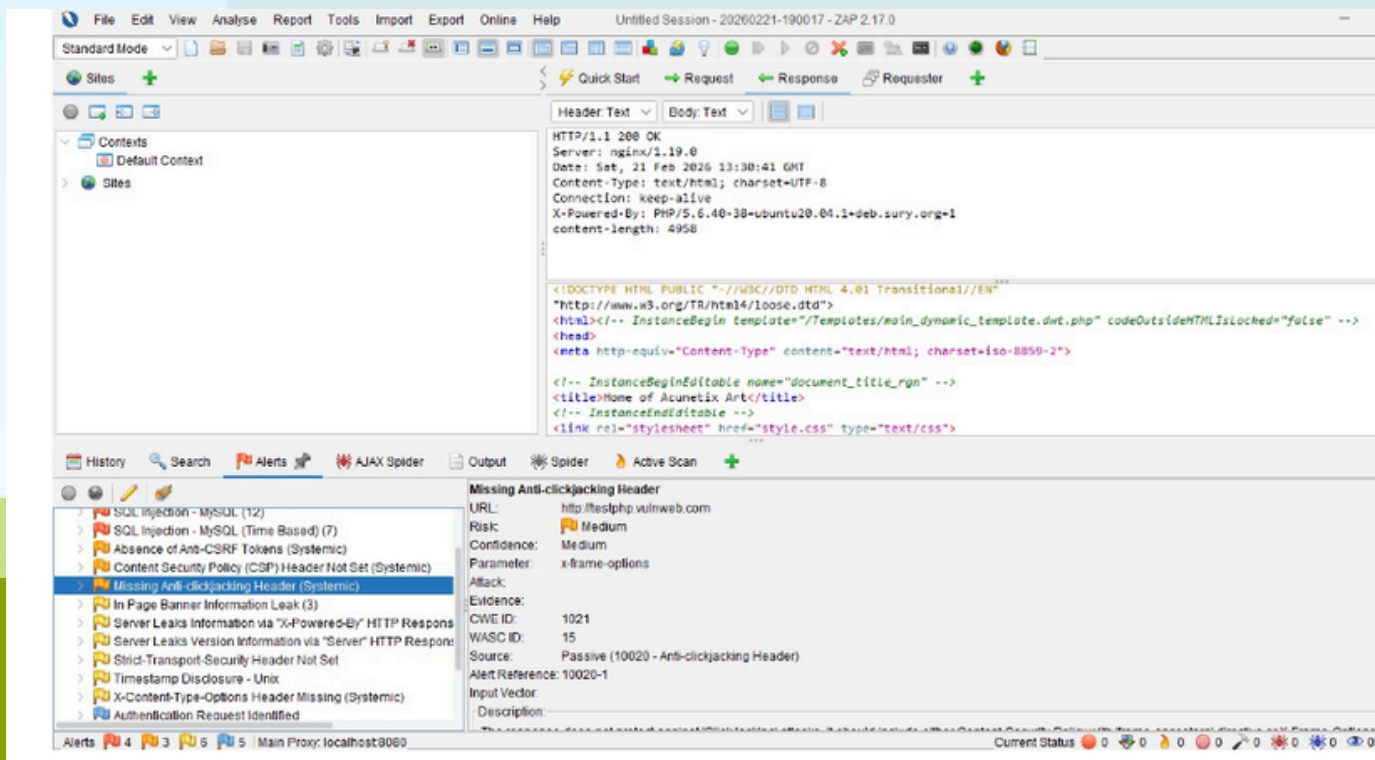
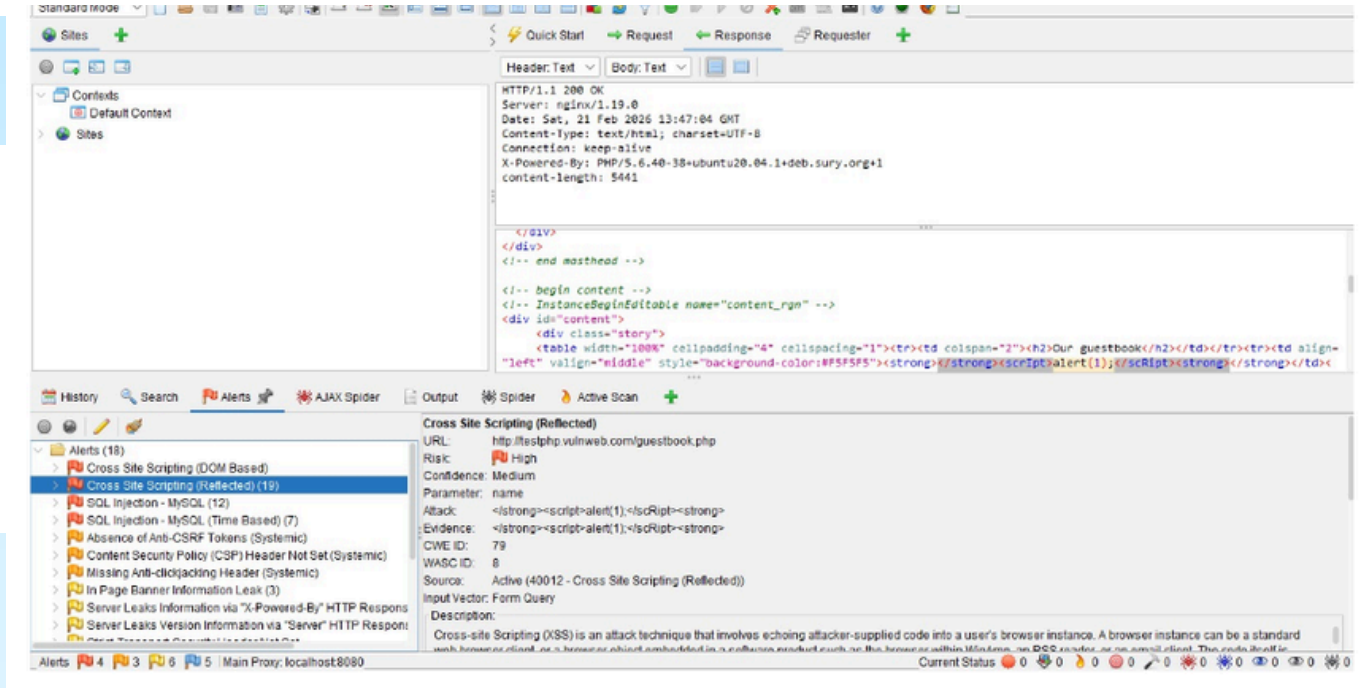
OUTDATED VERSION

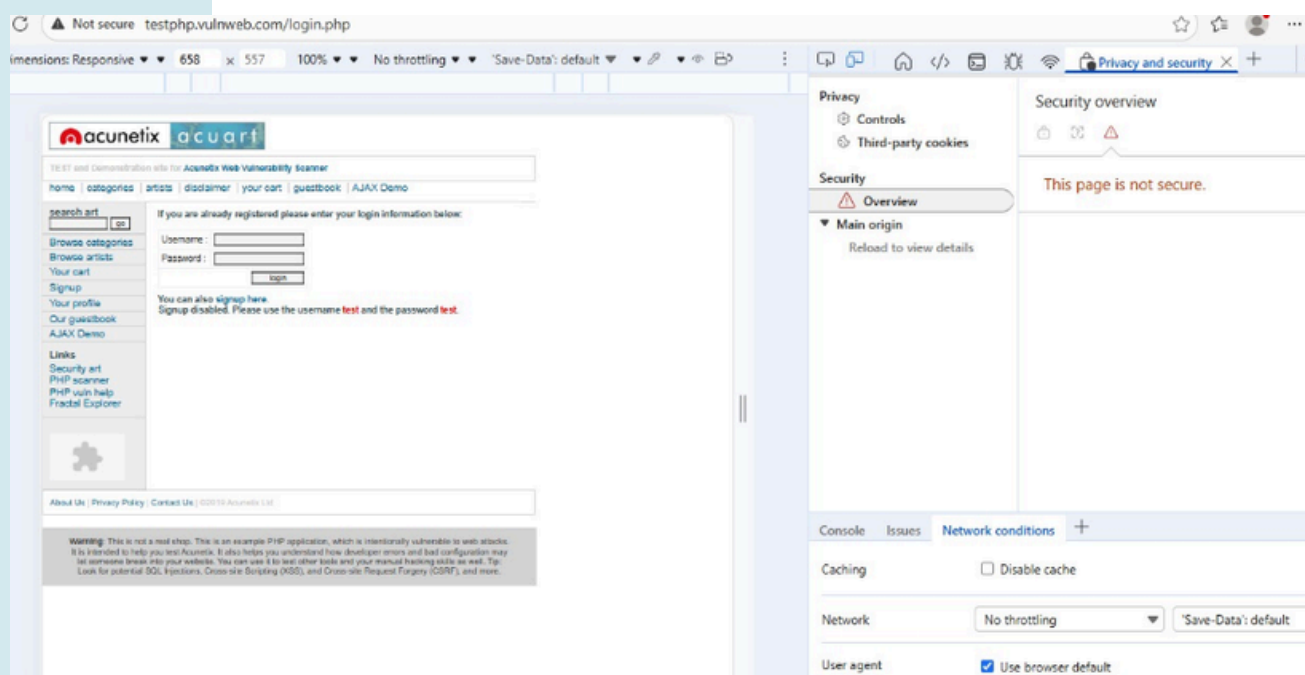
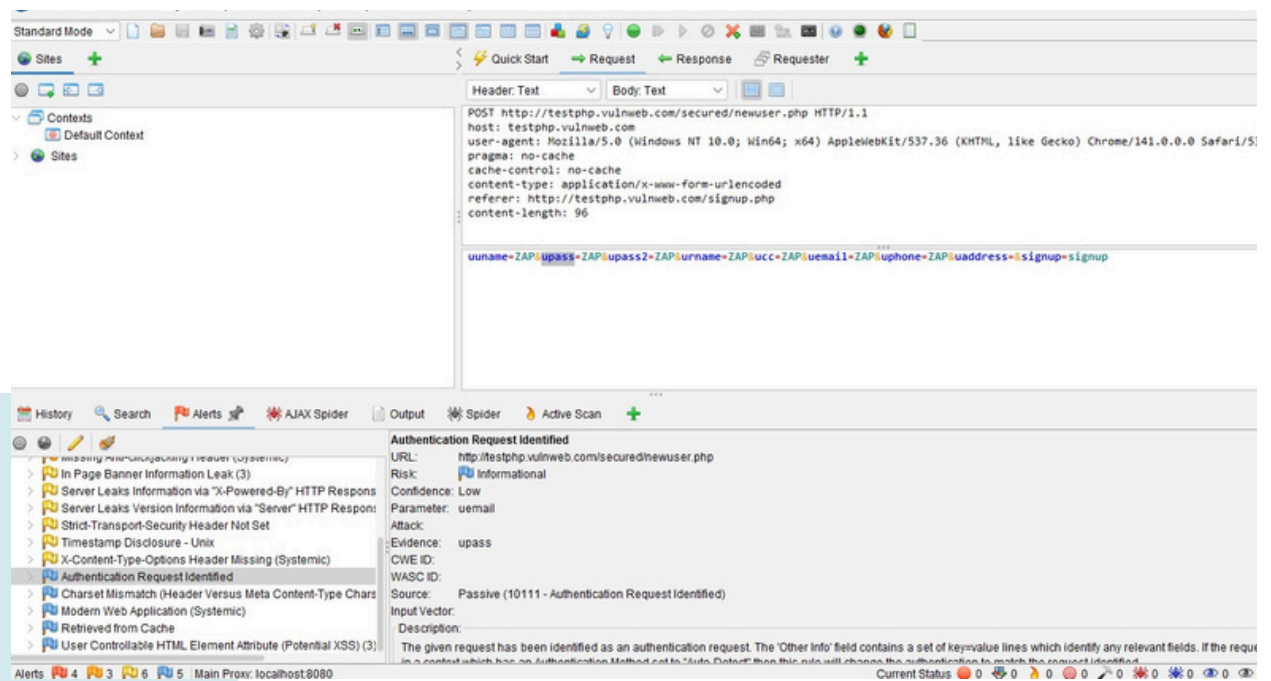


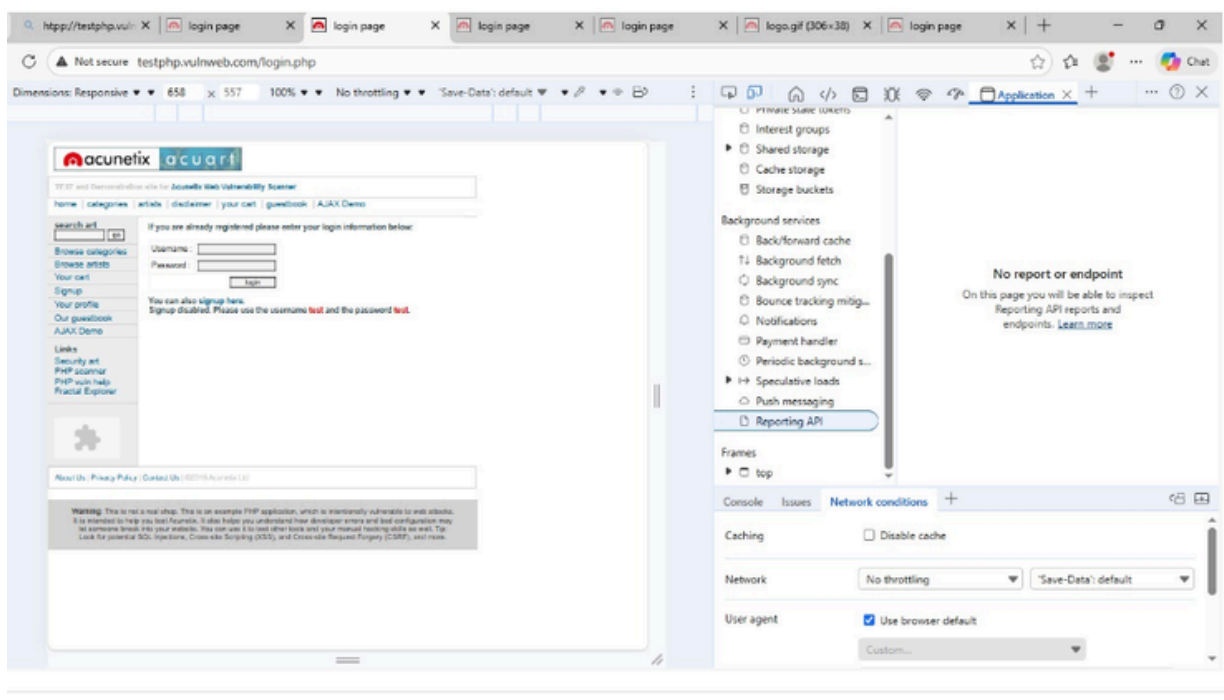
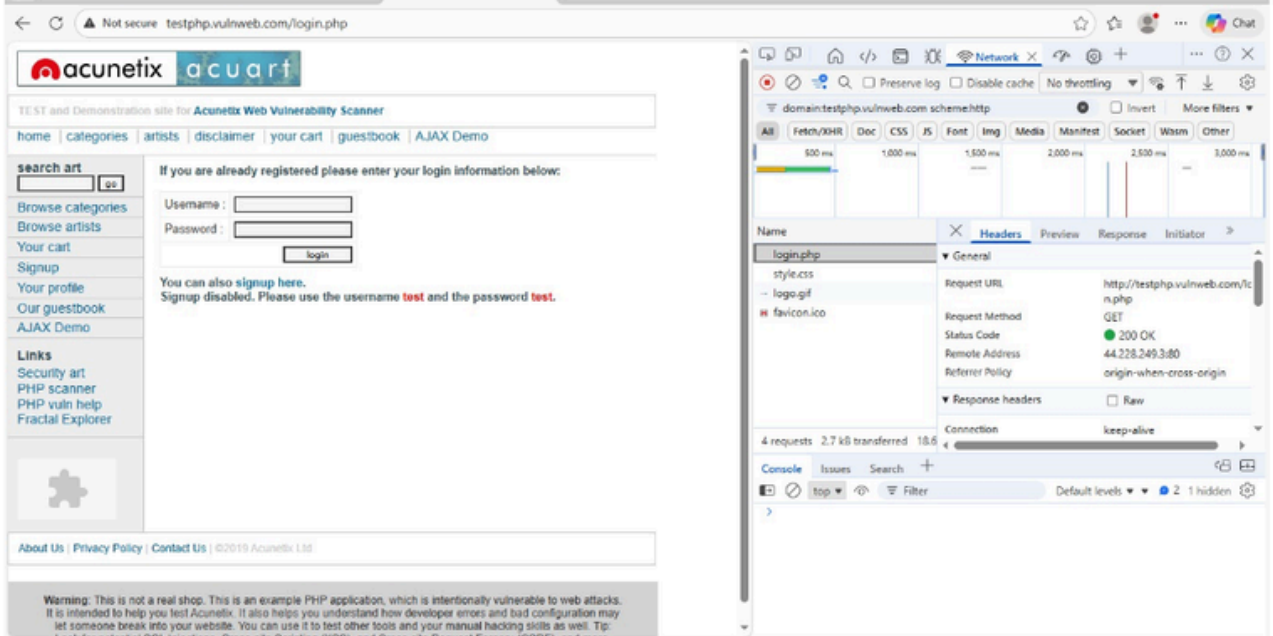


TOOL:OWASP ZAP

DIRECTORY BROWER
MISSING HEADER
ZSS VULNARABILITY
COOKIES ISSUES
MIXED CONTENT







RISK CLASSIFICATION

Risk Level

Description

High

Can lead to major security breaches

Medium

May allow limited system exploitation

Low

Minor security weaknesses

Remediation Plan

To improve the overall security posture, the following measures are recommended:

Implement secure cookie configurations

Enforce HTTPS across all web resources

Enable essential security headers

Regularly update software and server component

Avoid storing sensitive data in client-side storage

Conclusion

The vulnerability assessment identified several security weaknesses in the target web application. Although no critical system compromise was observed, the presence of misconfigurations increases the risk of cyber attacks. Implementing the recommended mitigation strategies will significantly enhance the security of the system.

References

Security testing best practices

Web application security guidelines

Vulnerability assessment methodologies