

# Queries with For

Principles of Functional Programming

### Queries with for

The for notation is essentially equivalent to the common operations of query languages for databases.

**Example**: Suppose that we have a database books, represented as a list of books.

```
case class Book(title: String, authors: List[String])
```

#### A Mini-Database

```
val books: List[Book] = List(
 Book(title = "Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs",
      authors = List("Abelson, Harald", "Sussman, Gerald J.")),
 Book(title = "Introduction to Functional Programming",
      authors = List("Bird, Richard", "Wadler, Phil")).
 Book(title = "Effective Java".
      authors = List("Bloch, Joshua")),
 Book(title = "Java Puzzlers".
      authors = List("Bloch, Joshua", "Gafter, Neal")),
 Book(title = "Programming in Scala".
      authors = List("Odersky, Martin", "Spoon, Lex", "Venners, Bill")))
```

### Some Queries

To find the titles of books whose author's name is "Bird":

```
for
  b <- books
  a <- b.authors
  if a.startsWith("Bird,")
yield b.title</pre>
```

To find all the books which have the word "Program" in the title:

```
for b <- books if b.title.indexOf("Program") >= 0
yield b.title
```

### Another Query

To find the names of all authors who have written at least two books present in the database.

```
for
   b1 <- books
   b2 <- books
   if b1 != b2
   a1 <- b1.authors
   a2 <- b2.authors
   if a1 == a2
yield a1</pre>
```

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```

Why do solutions show up twice?

How can we avoid this?

## Modified Query

To find the names of all authors who have written at least two books present in the database.

```
for
  b1 <- books
  b2 <- books
  if b1.title < b2.title
  a1 <- b1.authors
  a2 <- b2.authors
  if a1 == a2
yield a1</pre>
```

#### Problem

What happens if an author has published three books?

- O The author is printed once
- O The author is printed twice
- O The author is printed three times
- O The author is not printed at all

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# Modified Query (2)

*Solution*: We must remove duplicate authors who are in the results list twice.

This is achieved using the distinct method on sequences:

```
val repeated =
 for
    b1 <- books
    b2 <- books
    if b1.title < b2.title</pre>
    a1 <- b1 authors
    a2 <- b2 authors
    if a1 == a2
 vield a1
repeated.distinct
```

### Modified Query

#### Better alternative: Compute with sets instead of sequences:

```
val bookSet = books.toSet
for
   b1 <- bookSet
   b2 <- bookSet
   if b1 != b2
   a1 <- b1.authors
   a2 <- b2.authors
   if a1 == a2
yield a1</pre>
```