

Lecture 1

Examples

- $2+2 = 4$ (true proposition)
- Is maths fun? (not a proposition)
- $x+2 = 1$ (neither true nor false)
 x is not specified
- $2+2 = 5$ (false proposition)
- $3 < 5$ (true proposition)

Negation: $\neg(3 < 5)$ is false.

Logical and: $(0 > 2) \wedge (2+2=4)$ is false

Logical or: $(0 > 2) \vee (2+2=4)$ is true

Logical implication

- Political promises: if you elect me,
then I will do this ...
- $(0 > 2) \Rightarrow (2+2=4)$ (true implication)

I may take
the train

I have a
train ticket

(may take the train
→
I have a ticket)

T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	T
F	F	T

Logical bi-implication

$$(0 \neq 2) \Leftrightarrow (2+2=4) \text{ false}$$

Exclusive or

$$(0 > 2) \oplus (2+2=4) \text{ true}$$