**Answer:** **(C)**   
  
**Explanation:** The data in hard disk is arranged in the shown manner. The smallest division is sector. Sectors are then combined to make a track. Cylinder is formed by combining the tracks which lie on same dimension of the platters.  
Read write head access the disk. Head has to reach at a particular track and then wait for the rotation of the platter so that the required sector comes under it.  
Here, each platter has two surfaces, which is the r/w head can access the platter from the two sides, upper and lower.  
So,<400,16,29> will represent 400 cylinders are passed(0-399) and thus, for each cylinder 20 surfaces (10 platters \* 2 surface each) and each cylinder has 63 sectors per surface.  
Hence we have passed 0-399 =  400 \* 20 \* 63 sectors + In 400th cylinder we have passed 16 surfaces(0-15) each of which again contains 63 sectors per cylinder so 16 \* 63 sectors. + Now on the 16th surface we are on 29th sector.  
So, sector no = 400x20x63 + 16×63 + 29 = 505037.