



**Research  
Design Lab**



## Cloud PLC 4.0

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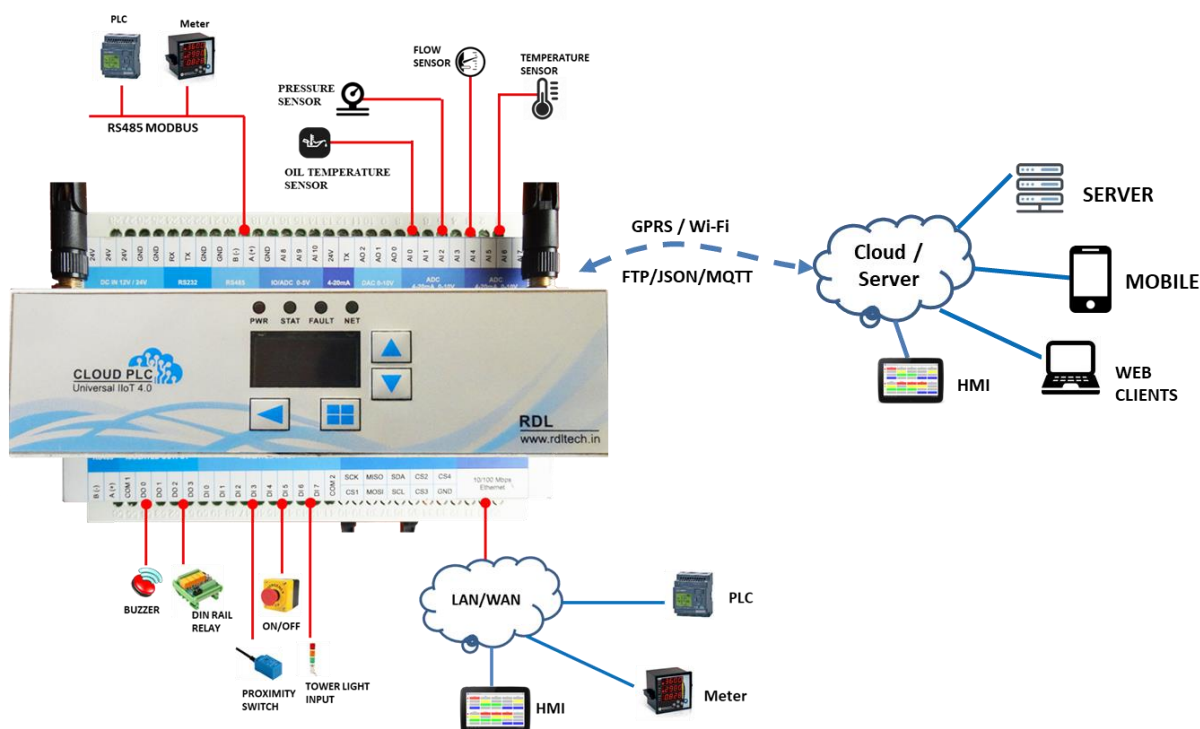
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## 1. Introduction

Cloud PLC 4.0 series defines a new way of transforming factories into smart/intelligent factories for efficient and easy remote monitoring and controlling the operational status of facilities such as on/off status, pressure and temperature. Cloud PLC 4.0 supporting for custom programming and wide range of industrial protocols like Modbus, MQTT, JSON, RESTful, TCP/UDP, SNMP protocol, which makes the monitoring and solution integration, easier than ever for IT engineers through open source APIs.



Cloud PLC 4.0 can be used to build the custom industrial solution for monitoring and controlling PLC and SCADA, HMI, VFD, Motors, servo, Valves, energy meter, actuators, relays, encoder, RFID and fingerprint readers, and industrial sensors.

## 2. Features

- **Digital IO**
- 24v 3x Isolated Digital output
- 24v 3x Isolated Digital Input
- Isolation: 3750VRMS
- **Analog IO**
- 8x ADC 0-10V/ 4-20mA max.
- 10 / 16 bit ADC resolution
- 3xDAC 0-10V
- 1x 4-20ma TX
- 3xADC 0-5v
- **Wired Connectivity**
- RS485 MODBUS, RS232 & USB
- Ethernet 10/100Mbps, RDL Expansion Bus
- **Memory**
- FRAM 25KB, SD CARD 16GB
- **Wireless connectivity**
- Wi-Fi: 802.11 b/g/n/e/i (802.11n @ up to 150 Mbit/s)
- Bluetooth: v4.2 Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) LoRa / Xbee, GPRS/GPS
- **RTC**
- Built-in RTC for stamped data logging
- **Protocol**
- TCP-IP, UDP, MODBUS, FTP, RESTFULL, JSON & MQTT
- **Security: SSL**
- **Power supply**
- DC 12 - 24v
- **Encloser**
- IP 20
- mounting: Wall / DIN Rail
- Dimension (LxWxH): 155x82x58.5



### 3. Benefits

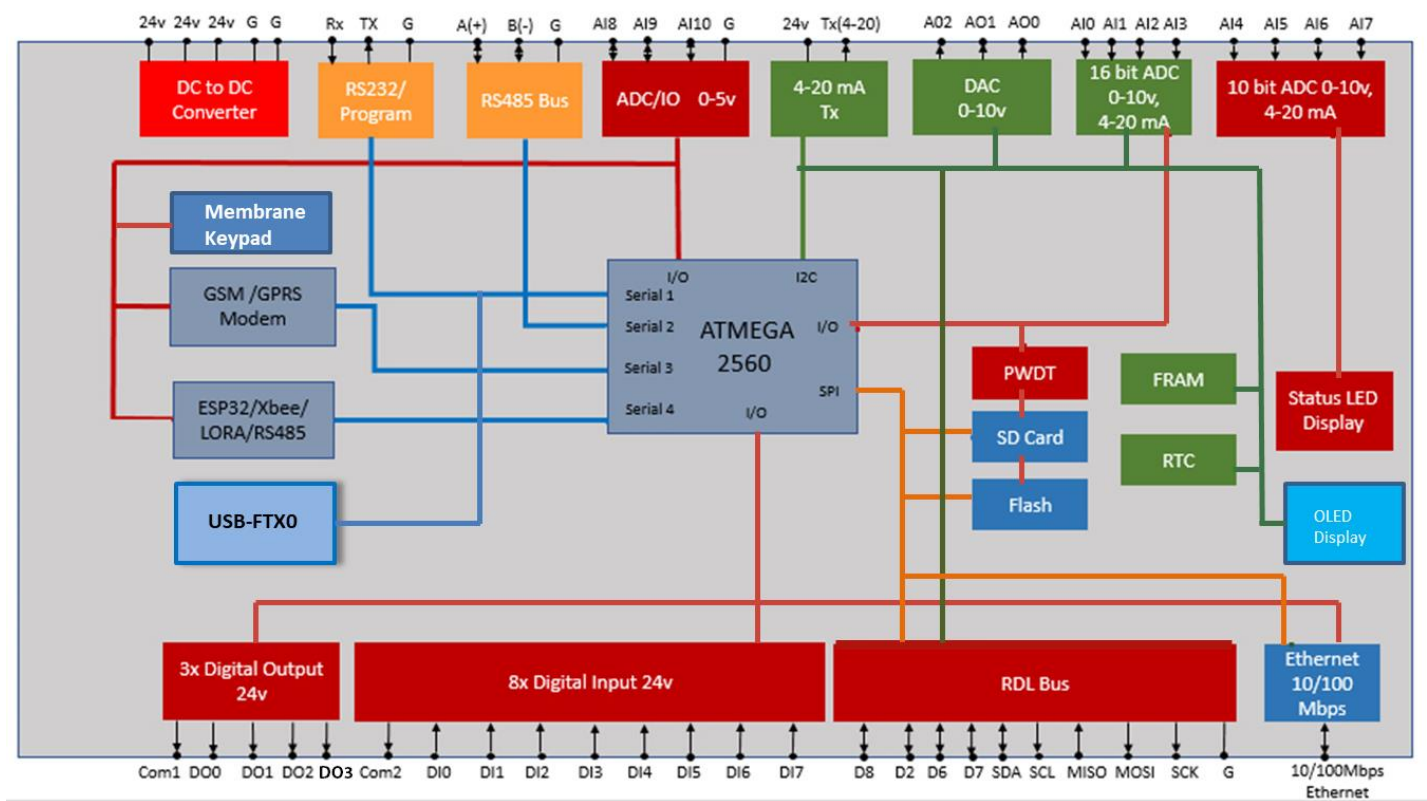
Cloud PLC 4.0 can be used to build the custom industrial solution for monitoring and controlling PLC and SCADA, HMI, VFD, Motors, Servo, Valves, Energy meter, Actuators, relays, encoder, RFID and fingerprint readers, industrial sensors and many more with below mentioned operational benefits.

- Simplified logging network as RDL Data Logger supports multiple features
- Paper-less Production environment
- Production count, rejections
- Machine availability and Downtimes
- Preventive maintenance
- Performance Forecasting
- Enable Management by IT

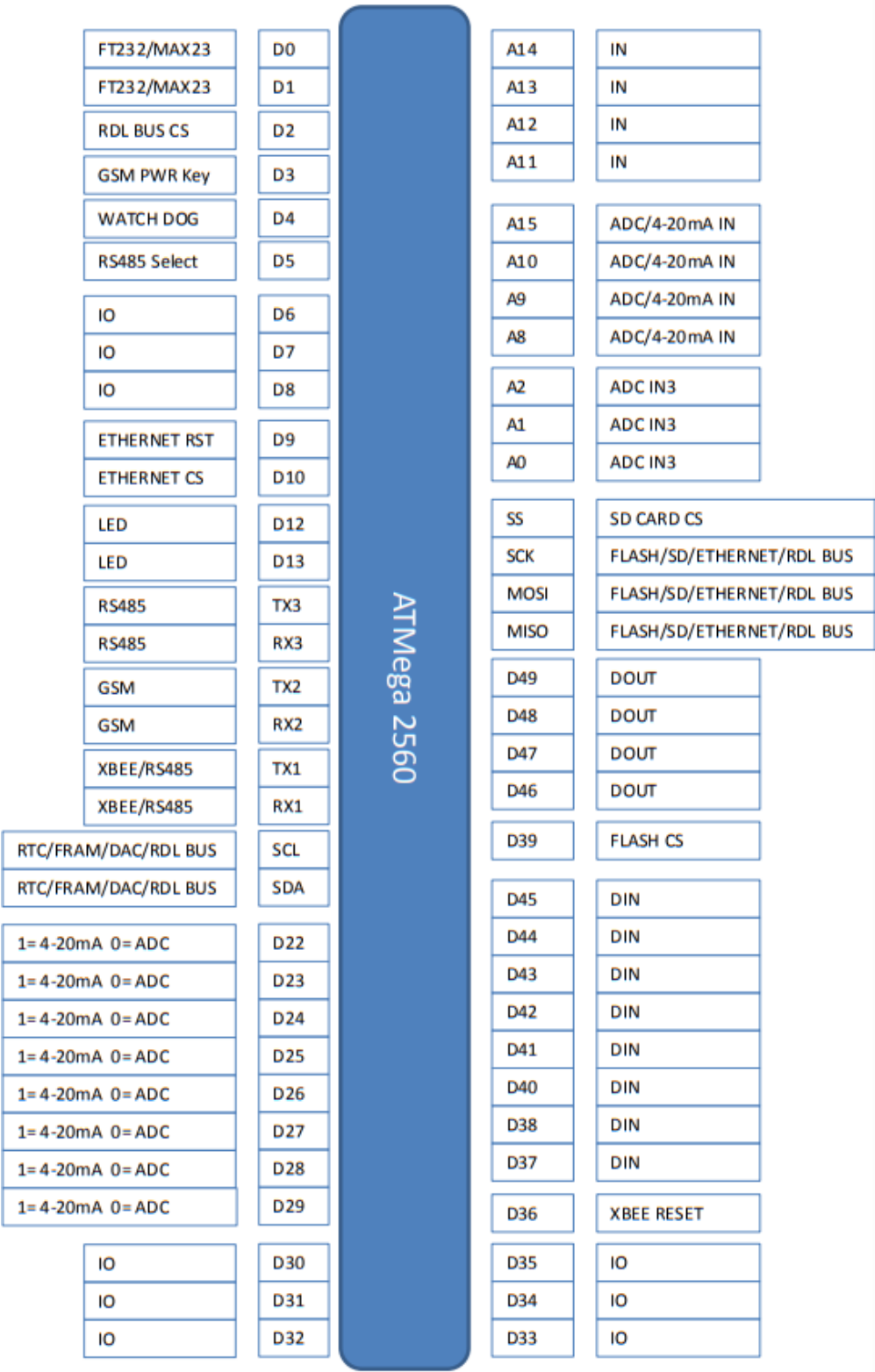
### 4. Applications

- Production and process monitoring.
- Utilities monitoring.
- Condition monitoring.
- Environment monitoring.
- Industrial Smart grid
- Leakage detection.
- Cold storage monitoring.
- District metering.
- Water treatment.
- Generator monitoring.
- Green House.
- Warning message in case of calamities.
- Standard SCADA Applications

5. Block Diagram



6. Pin-out





## 6.1 Pin Mapping:

Function Blocks	Screw Terminal (External)	On board Connection (Internal)	Reference Pin MEGA 2560	Reference Pin Atmel Studio
MAX232	TX		D0	PE0
	RX		D1	PE1
RS485	A (D+)		TX3	PJ1
	B (D-)		RX3	PJ0
		Enable	D5	PE3
Physical Watch Dog Timer max 3 minutes		Pulse Input	D4	PG5
Opto Isolated Input 24V	DI0		D45	PL4
	DI1		D44	PL5
	DI2		D43	PL6
	DI3		D42	PL7
	DI4		D38	PD7
	DI5		D41	PG0
	DI6		D40	PG1

	DI6		D40	PG1
	DI7		D37	PC0
<b>Opto Isolated Output PWM/Output 24V</b>	DO1		D49	PL0
	DO2		D48	PL1
	DO3		D47	PL2
	DO4		D46	PL3
<b>SD Card</b>		MISO	MISO	PB3
		MOSI	MOSI	PB2
		SCK	SCK	PB1
		SD_CS	SS	PB0
<b>FLASH 8MB</b>		MISO	MISO	PB3
		MOSI	MOSI	PB2
		SCK	SCK	PB1
		SRAM_CS	D39	PG2
<b>FT230x-USB</b>		TX0	D0	PE0
		RX0	D1	PE1
<b>FRAM</b>		SCL	SCL	PD0
		SDA	SDA	PD1
<b>RTC</b>		SCL	SCL	PD0
		SDA	SDA	PD1
<b>ESP32/Xbee /LoRa/BLE</b>		TX3	TX1	PD3
		RX3	RX1	PD2
		RESET	D36	PC1

<b>GSM/GPRS</b>		TX2	TX2	PH1
		RX2	RX2	PH0
		GSM POWER KEY	D3	PE5
<b>RDL BUS 10 Pin FRC Connector</b>	SCL		SCL	PD0
	SDA		SDA	PD1
	MISO		MISO	PB3
	MOSI		MOSI	PB2
	SCK		SCK	PB1
	CS1		D2	PE4
	CS2		D6	PH3
	CS3		D7	PH4
	CS4		D8	PH5
<b>ETHERNET</b>	RJ45	SCK	SCK	PB1
		MOSI	MOSI	PB2
		MISO	MISO	PB3
		RST	D9	PH6
		CS	D10	PB4
<b>Analog ADC/4- 20MA Receiver 16 bit Selection Pin 0 ---- Analog 1 ---- 4-20MA</b>		A1	D26	PA4
		A2	D22	PA0
		A3	D27	PA5
		A4	D23	PA1
<b>Analog 10 Bit Selection Pin 0 ---- Analog 1 ---- 4-20MA</b>		A5	D28	PA6
		A6	D24	PA2
		A7	D25	PA3
		A8	D29	PA7

<b>Analog ADC 0-10v / 4-20MA Receiver 16 Bit I2C</b>	A10	SCL	D20	PD0
	A11	SDA	D21	PD1
	A12			
	A13			
<b>ADC 0-10V / 4-20MA 10 Bit</b>	A14		A10	PK2
	A15		A9	PK1
	A16		A8	PK0
	A17		A15	PK7
<b>DAC 0-10V</b>	AO0	SCL	D20	PD0
	AO1	SDA	D21	PD1
	AO2			
<b>4-20MA TX</b>	TX	SCL	D20	PD0
		SDA	D21	PD1
<b>Status LED</b>	PWR	5V		
	STAT	GSM STAT		
	FAULT		D13	PB7
	NET		D12	PB6
<b>OLED</b>		SCL	D20	PD0
		SDA	D21	PD1
<b>Membrane Keypad</b>	ENTER		D30	PC7
	UP		D31	PC6
	DOWN		D32	PC5
	MENU		D33	PC4
<b>IO/ADC 0-5V</b>	A18		ADC0	PF0
	A19		ADC1	PF1
	A110		ADC2	PF2

## 7. Programming IDE

The hardware supports various Open Source Programming IDE including Arduino IDE, Atmel Studio and Arduino Compatible Compiler for Lab View. For more information on this follow “**Open Source Programming IDE**” section of the following link.

<https://rdltech.in/cloud-plc-4-0>

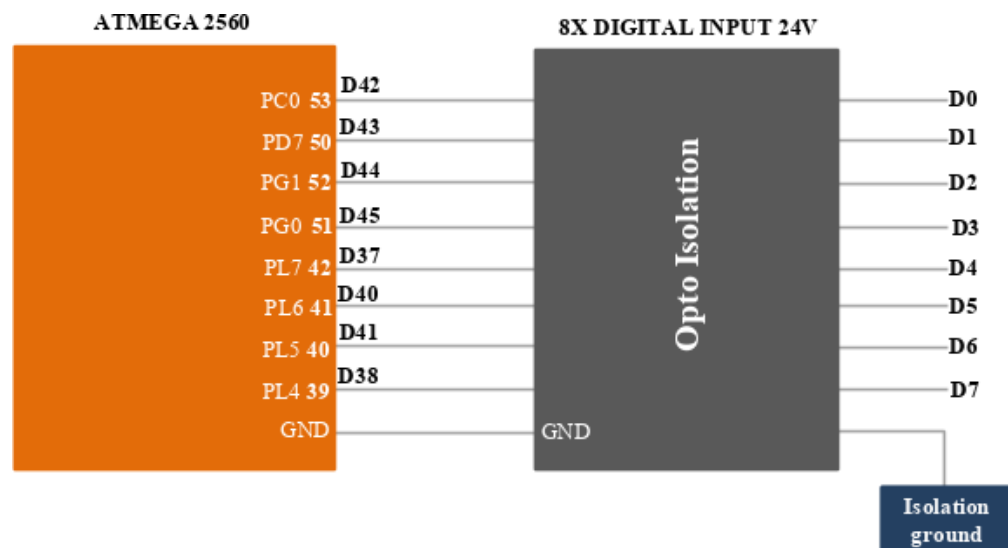
## 8. Product Specification

### 8.1. Digital Input

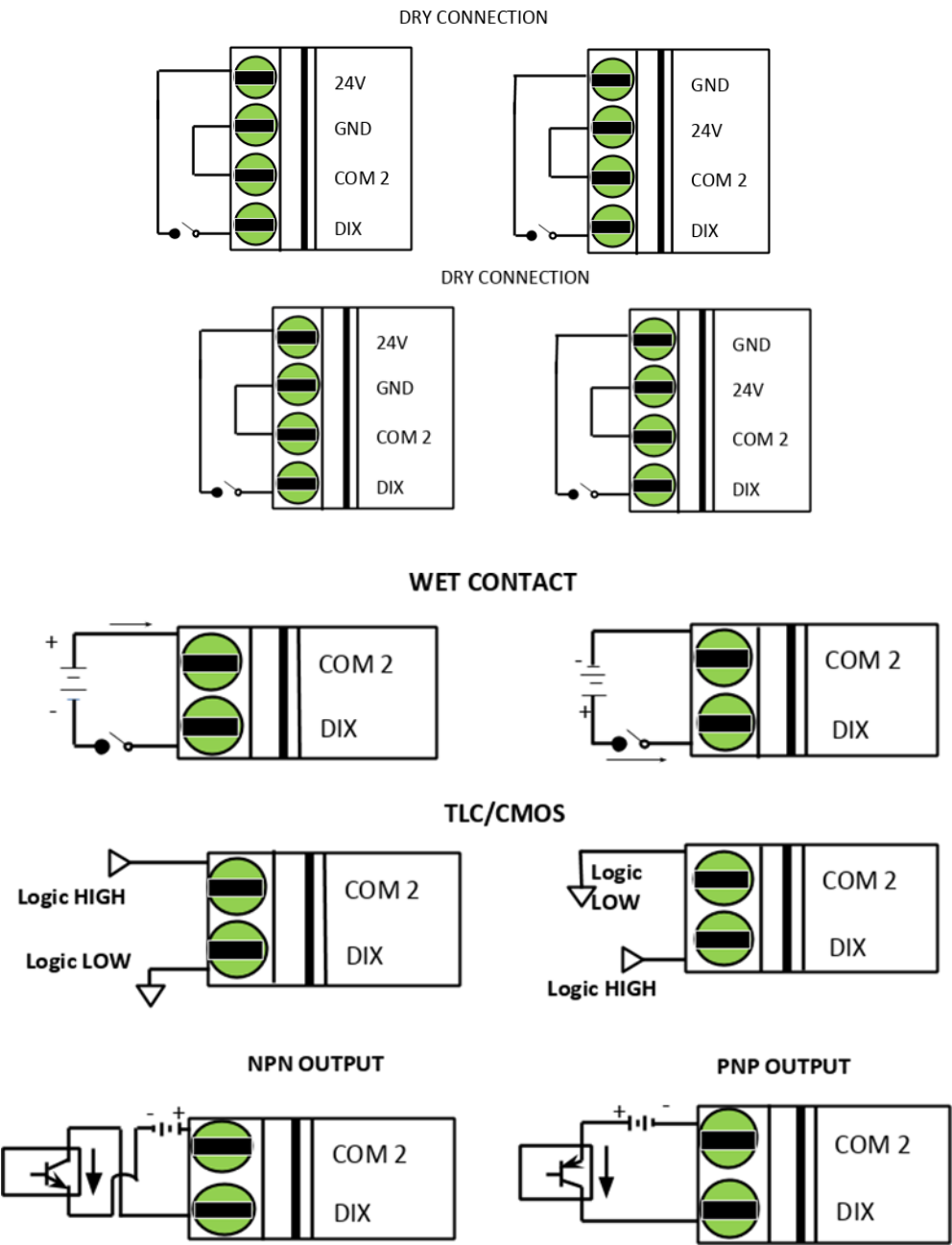
#### Specification

- o Channels: 8
- o Input Voltage: 0-24V
  - Logic High: >11V
  - Logic Low: <3V
- o Isolation : 3750 VRMS
- o Supports Inverted DI Status
- o Supported Connection: Dry and Wet both
- o Maximum Frequency : 200Hz-38KHz

#### Functional Diagram

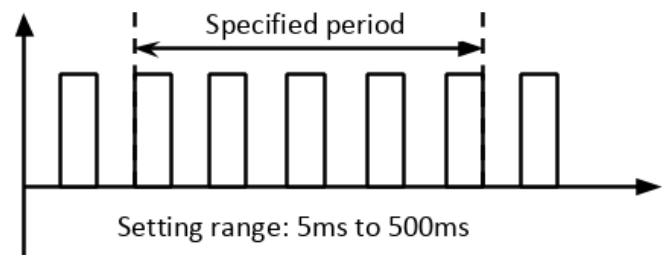


Application Wiring



Use Case

1. Measuring Frequency



Example Code

You may look into the following link for example on reading a digital pin.

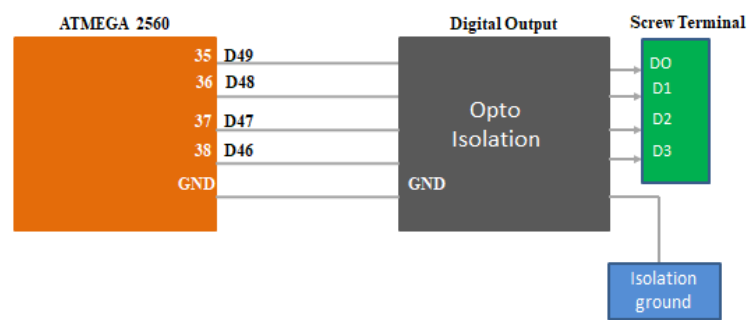
<https://www.arduino.cc/reference/en/language/functions/digital-io/digitalread/>

8.2. Digital Output

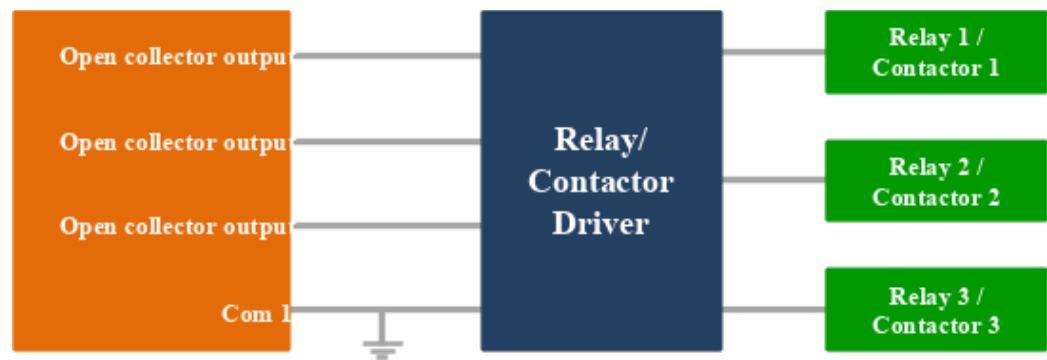
Specification

- o Channels: 3
- o Open Collector
- o Isolation : 3750 VRMS
- o Absolute maximum voltage - 35V, Current - 100mA
- o Cut-Off Frequency : 10KHz

Functional Diagram



Application Wiring



Example Code

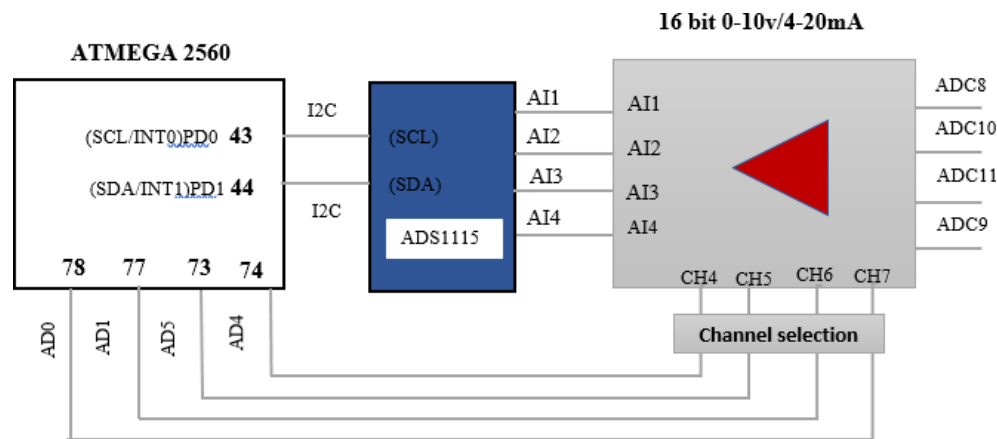
You may look into the following link for more details on writing to digital pin

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/digitalWrite>

8.3. Analog Input

Specification

- Channels: 8+3
- Group 1:**
  - Channel : 4
  - Input : Voltage(0-10V) / Current(4-20mA)
  - Resolution : 16 bits

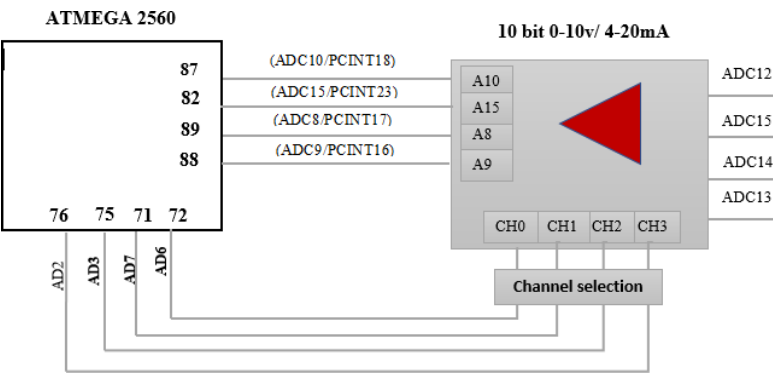


- Sampling Rate – 860 sample/sec



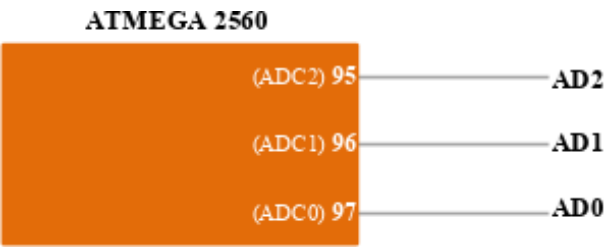
**Group 2:**

- Channel : 4
- Input : Voltage(0-10V) / Current(4-20mA)
- Resolution : 10 bits
- Sampling Rate – 9.6KHz [13 clocks]



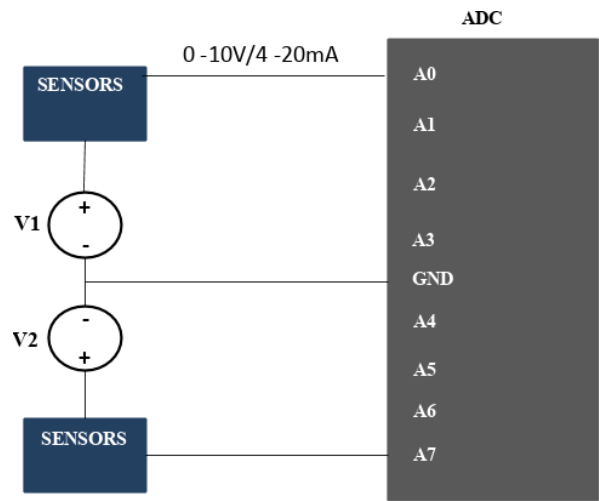
**Group 3:**

- Channel : 3
- Input : Voltage(0-5V)
- Resolution : 10 bits
- Sampling Rate – 9.6KHz (13 clocks)



Application Wiring

1. Interfacing ADC with Sensor



**ATTENTION:** When an ADC Channel is configured for measuring loop current, voltage source should never be given to the channel. If given, damage could happen to the internal circuitry or external device connected to it.

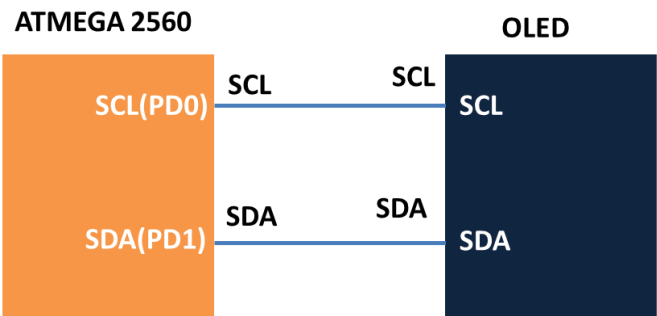
Example Code

You may look into the following link for more details on reading analog pin.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/ReadAnalogVoltage#toc5>

8.4. OLED Display

Functional Diagram

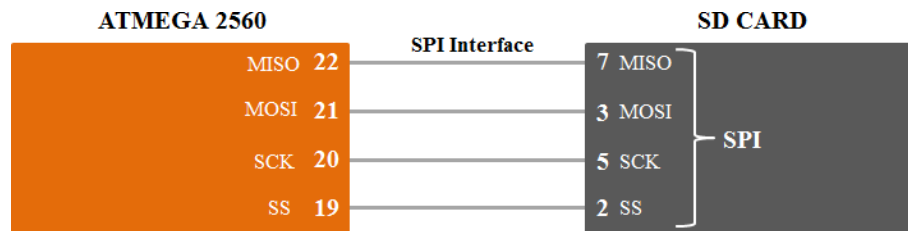


## 8.5. SD Card

### Specification

- o SPI Serial Interface
- o Supports Fat File system

### Functional Diagram



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for example on SD Card.

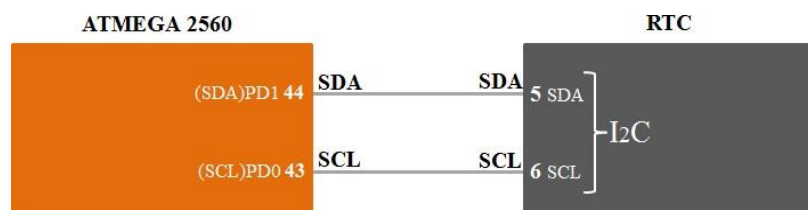
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/SD>

## 8.6. RTC

### Specification

- o DS1307 with I2C Serial Interface
- o Counts Seconds, Minutes, Hours, Date, Month, Day, and Year with Leap-Year Compensation.
- o 56-Byte, Battery-Backed, NV RAM for Data Storage
- o Consumes <500nA in Battery Backup Mode with Oscillator Running

### Functional Diagram



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for example code on RTC.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/RTC>

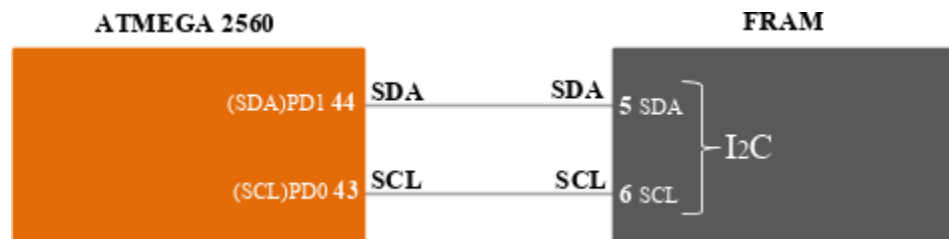
## 8.7. FRAM

FRAM is specifically used for applications such as production counting, production rejection where variable subjected to continuous write cycle

### Specification

- o MB85RC256V, I2C compatible with Bit configuration : 32,768 words × 8 bits
- o Operating frequency : 1 MHz (Max)
- o Read/write endurance : 1012 times / byte
- o Number of write cycles: 100 Trillion times
- o Operating power supply voltage : 2.7V to 5.5V, current 200  $\mu$ A
- o Data Retention: 10 years (+85°C), 95 years (+55°C), over 200 years (+35°C).

### Functional Diagram



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for example on RTC

[https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit\\_FRAM\\_I2C/blob/master/examples/MB85RC256\\_V/MB85RC256V.ino](https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_FRAM_I2C/blob/master/examples/MB85RC256_V/MB85RC256V.ino)

## 8.8. PWDT (Physical Watch Dog Timer)

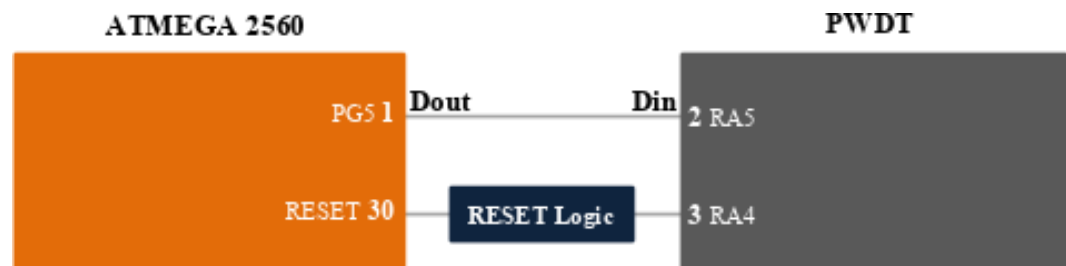
External physical watchdog is connected along with inbuilt watchdog timer. There are many instances where we need to set watch dog time for more than 8 seconds (typically bulk file upload takes in minutes). As inbuilt WDT is limited to maximum of 8Sec, we have gone a step further to support watch dog time up to 3 minutes.

**ATTENTION: User must program PWDT to refresh before the timer (3 min) expires.**

### Specification

- PWDT supports up to 3minutes.
- PIC12F1840 used for PWDT
- Refresh time : 1 pulse in every 3 minutes
- Operating temperature range: -40 to 125 °C

### Functional Diagram



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for examples on watchdog timer.

<https://folk.uio.no/jeanra/Microelectronics/ArduinoWatchdog.html>

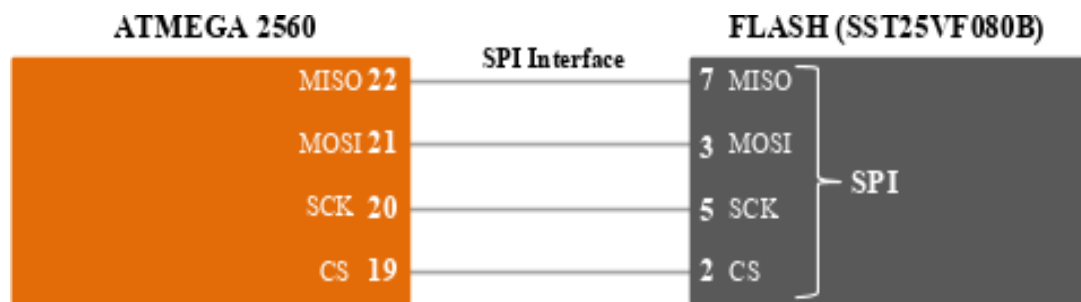
## 8.9. Flash

Flash is specifically used for embedded server.

### Specification

- o SST25VF080B - SPI Compatible: Mode 0 and Mode 3
- o Memory: 8MBit
- o High Speed Clock Frequency – 50 MHz
- o Single Voltage Read and Write Operations – 2.7-3.6V
- o Endurance: 100,000 Cycles (typical) – >100 years Data Retention
- o Low Power Consumption: – Active Read Current: 10 mA (typical)
- o Flexible Erase Capability – Uniform 4KB, 32KB overlay blocks and 64KB overlay blocks
- o Software Write Protection

### Functional Diagram



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for example on how to use flash.

<https://github.com/nullboundary/SST25VF>

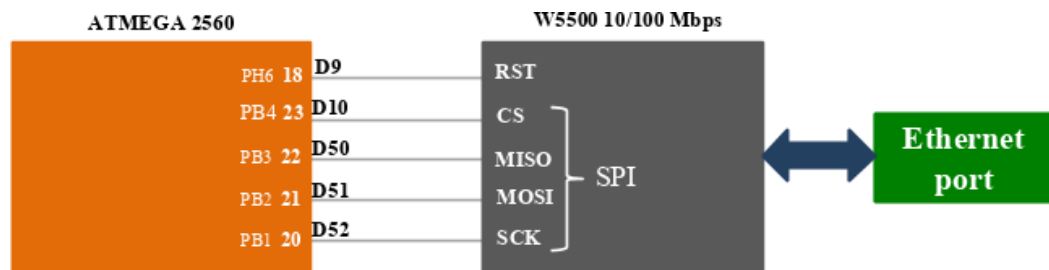
## 8.10. Ethernet

Ethernet is specifically used for establishing secured physical network connectivity with local network infrastructure

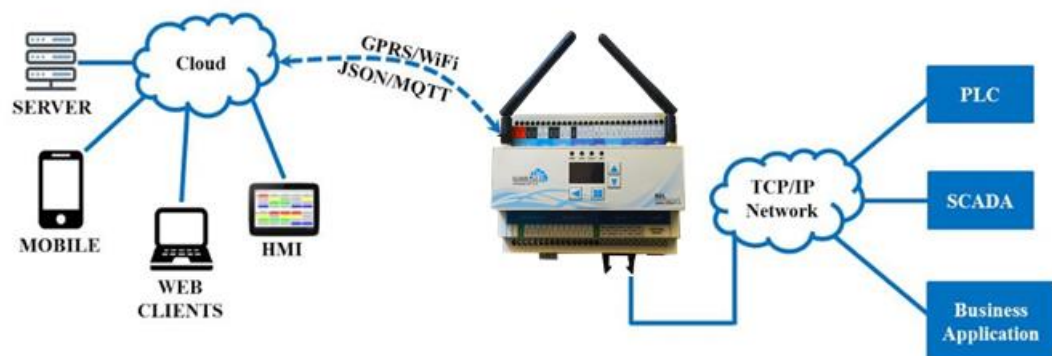
### Specification

- o W5500 IC with SPI serial interface
- o IEEE 802.3 Gigabit Ethernet Compliant
- o Communication protocols: TCP/IP, HTTP, FTP, MQTT, UDP,JSON....
- o 3.3V operation with 5V I/O signal tolerance
- o Low Power Consumption <200mW at 1.25Gbps.

### Functional Diagram



### Use Case



### Example Code

You may look into the following link for examples on Ethernet.

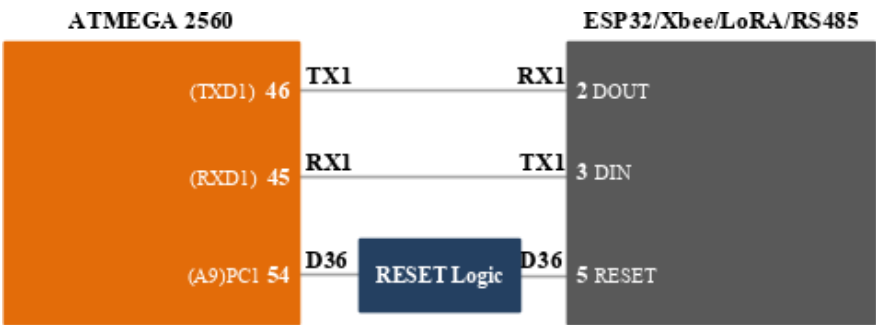
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/Ethernet>

8.11. ESP32/XBEE/LoRA/RS485

This is Add-On pluggable module. One among ESP32, XBEE, LoRA or RS485 is comes with the product. For more details on this, look into [Order Information Table](#).

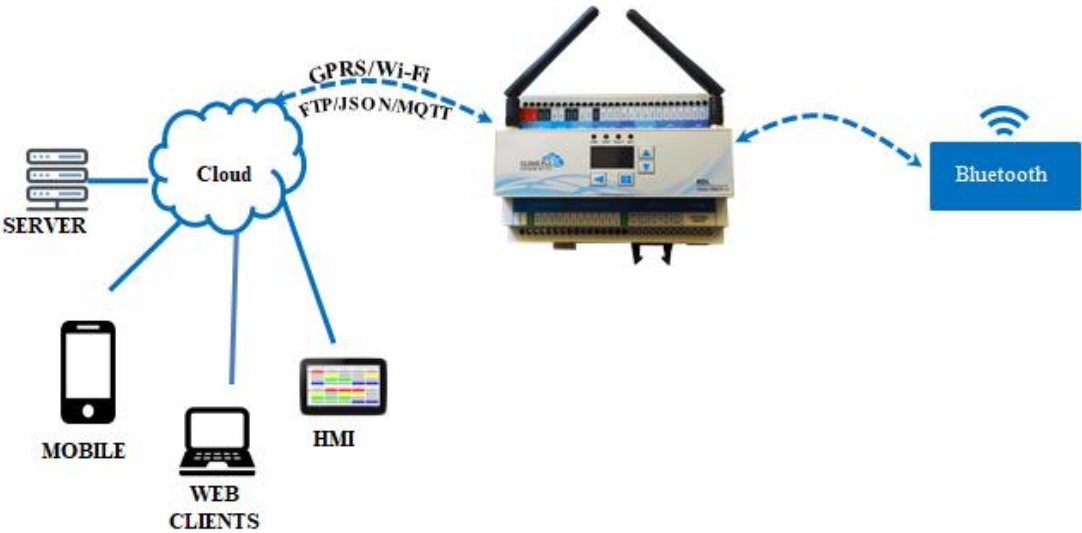
This is specifically used for wireless connectivity with existing infrastructure.

Functional Diagram



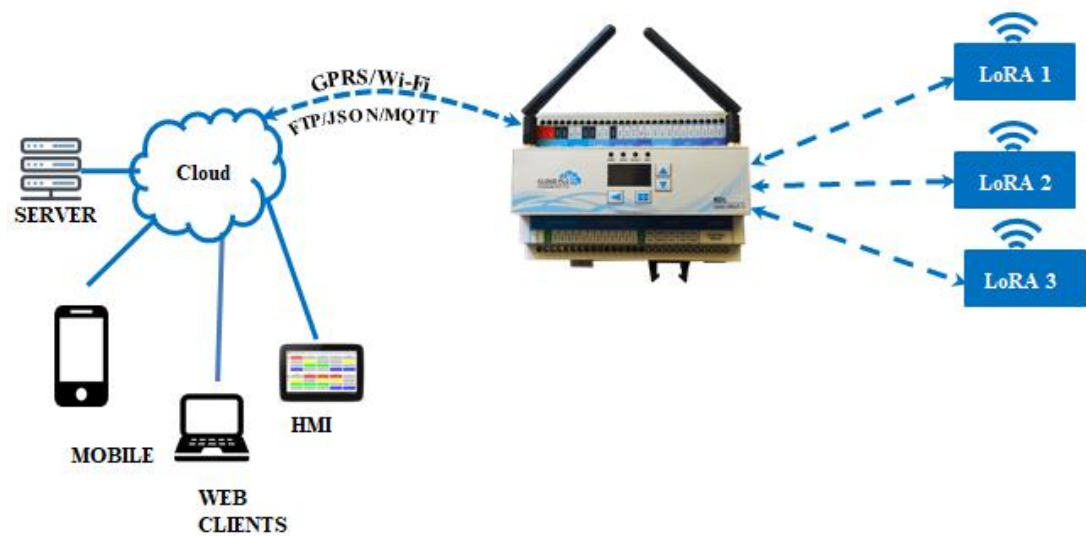
Use Case

1. Interfacing Industrial Cloud PLC with Bluetooth

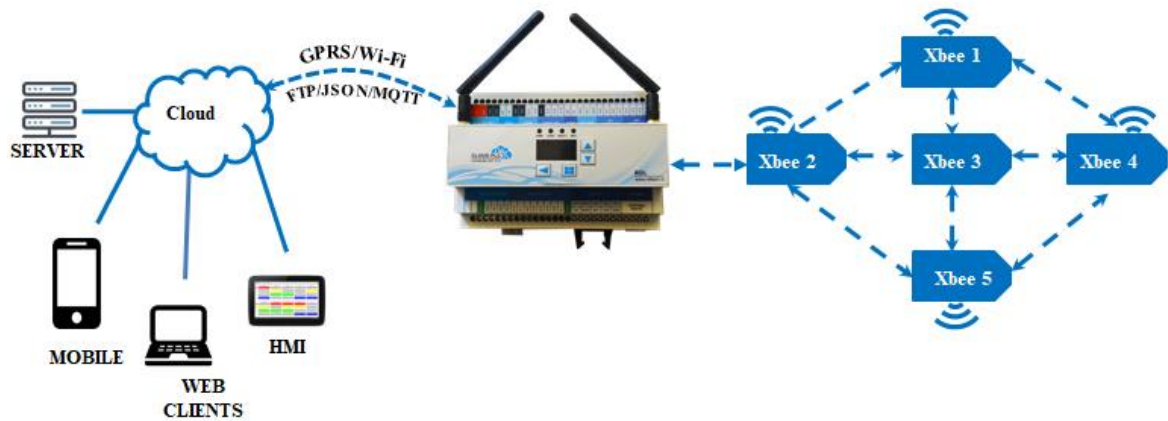




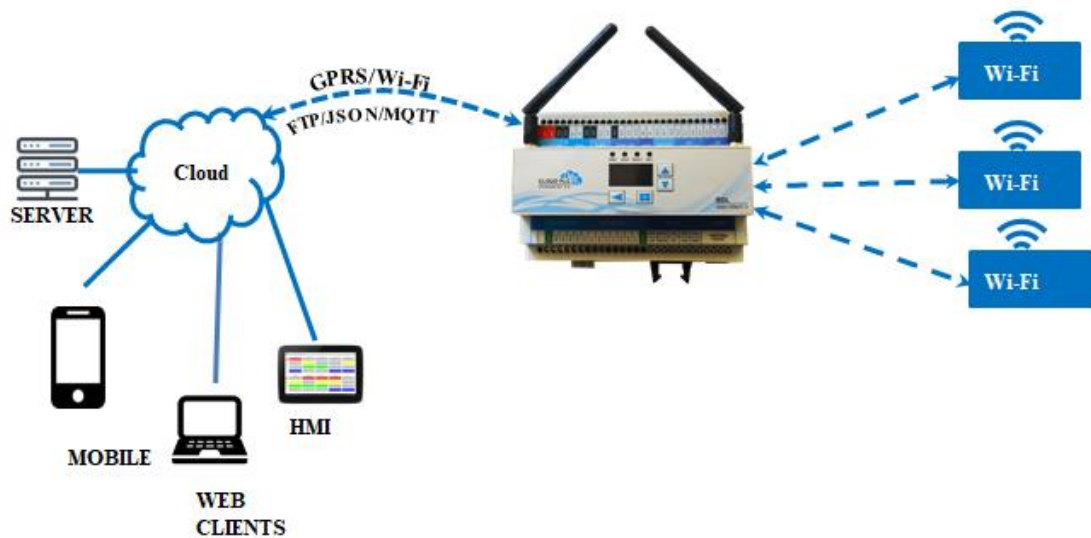
2. Interfacing Industrial Cloud PLC with LoRA



3. Interfacing Industrial Cloud PLC with Xbee



#### 4. Interfacing Industrial Cloud PLC with Wi-Fi (ESP32)



#### Example Code

You may look into the following link for examples on esp8266.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/WiFiServer>

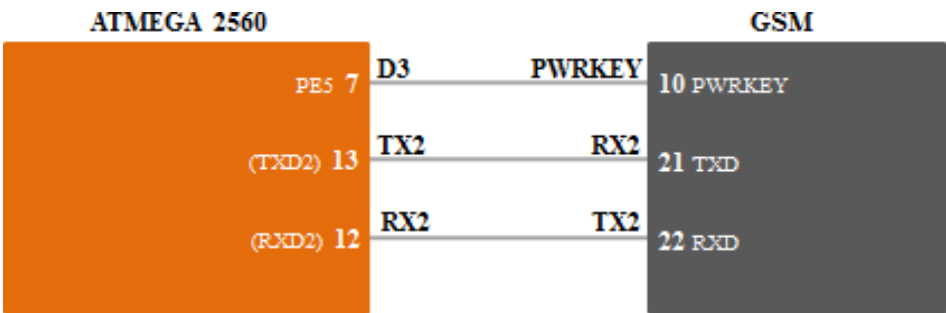
#### 8.12. GSM/GPRS

This is specifically used for M2M and remote data logging and control applications.

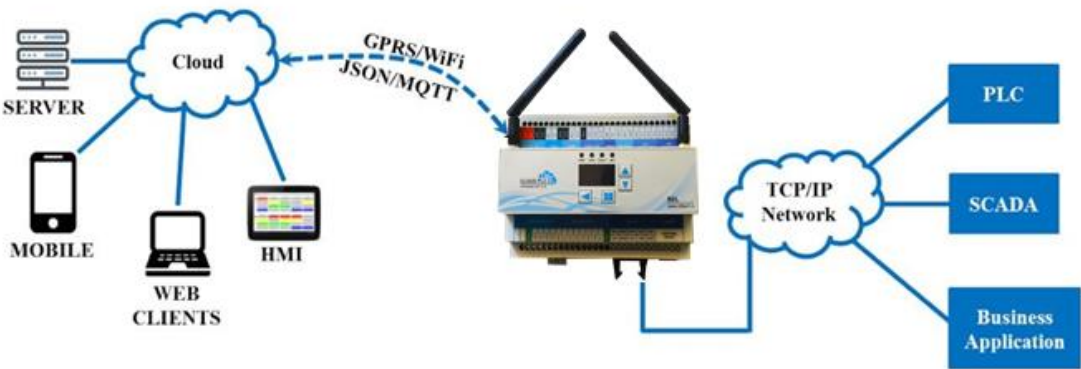
#### Specification

- o Quectel M95, Quad-Band 850/900/1800/1900MHz.
- o Serial interface for direct communication with PC or MCU.
- o Configurable baud rate.
- o Power controlled using 29302WU IC.
- o ESD Compliance.
- o Enabled with Audio jack.
- o With push pull SIM card holder.
- o With Stub antenna and SMA connector.

Functional Diagram



Use Case



Example Code

You may look into the following link for examples on GSM.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/GSMExamplesSendSMS>

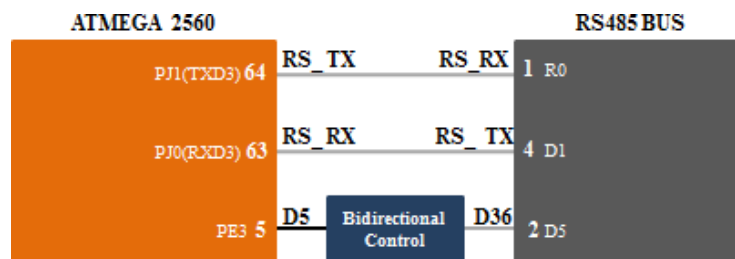
### 8.13. RS485 Modbus

- o Modbus is an Industrial standard serial communication protocol.
- o Open protocol
- o Information is stored in the Slave device in four different tables.  
Two tables store on/off discrete values (coils) and two store numerical values (registers). The coils and registers each have a read-only table and read-write table.
- o Each table has 9999 values.  
Each coil or contact is 1 bit and assigned a data address between 0000-270E.  
Each register is 1 word = 16 bits = 2 bytes and also has data address between 0000 and 270E.
- o Supported Functions are
  - Coils
  - Discrete inputs
  - Input Registers
  - Holding Registers.

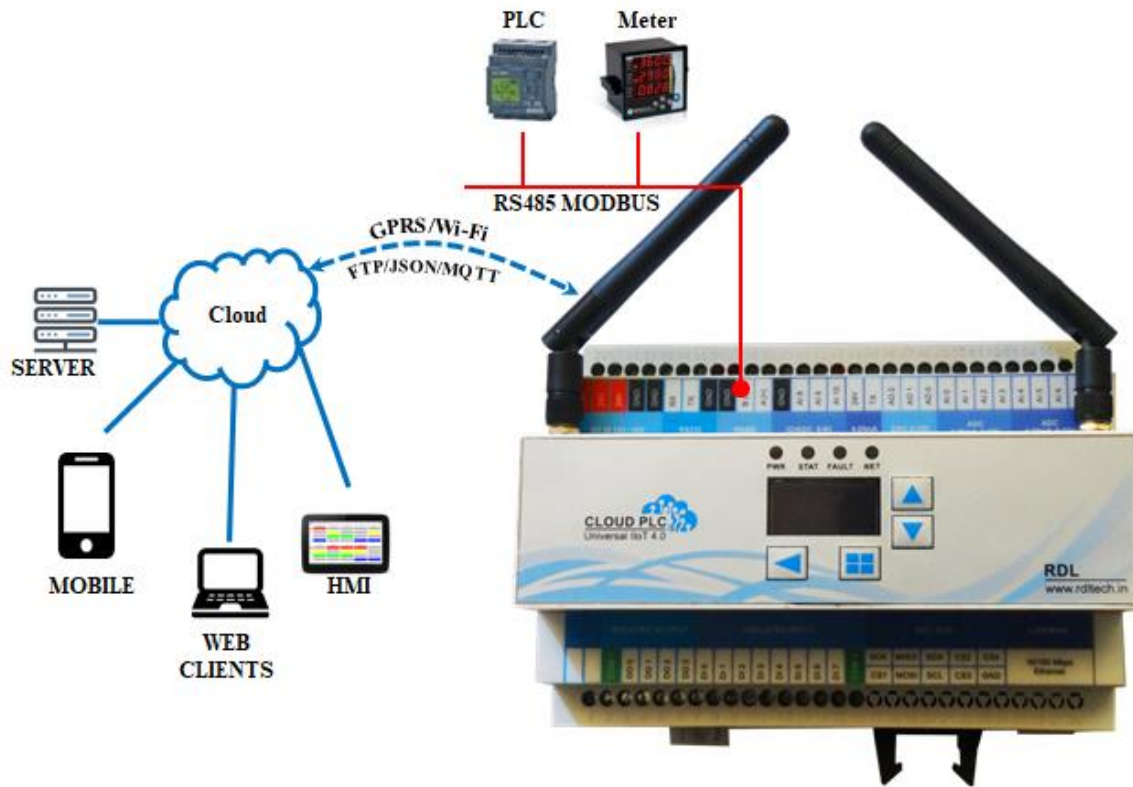
#### Specification

- o LTC485 IC.
- o Supports slave address up to 32.
- o Supports Modbus protocol with RTU and ASCII formats.
- o Configurable baud rate from 4800 to 115200.
- o Configurable packet format (data bits, parity bit, stop bits)

#### Functional Diagram



## Use Case



## Example Code

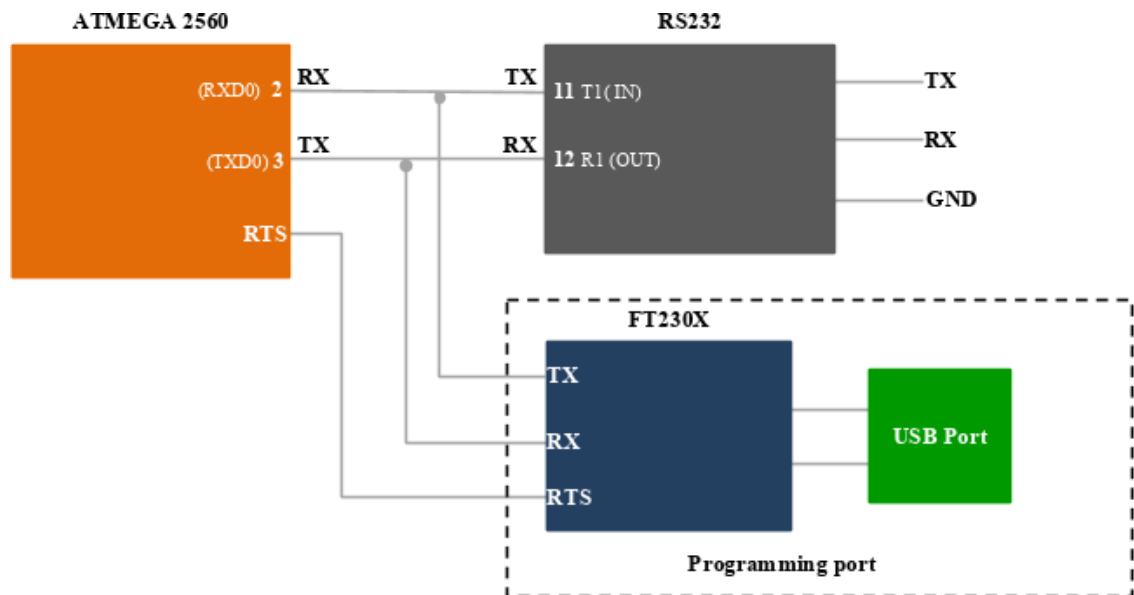
You may look into the following link for examples on Modbus examples.

<https://playground.arduino.cc/Code/ModbusMaster>

### 8.14. RS232/FT232/Program

Used for programming the board. When in user mode, the port could be used for data communication.

#### Functional Diagram



**ATTENTION: When programming the board, it is recommended to remove any connection made to the RS232 serial pins in order to ensure proper functioning of the system.**

#### Example Code

You may look into the following link for examples on FT232/MAX232 serial communication.

<https://www.arduino.cc/reference/en/language/functions/communication/serial/>

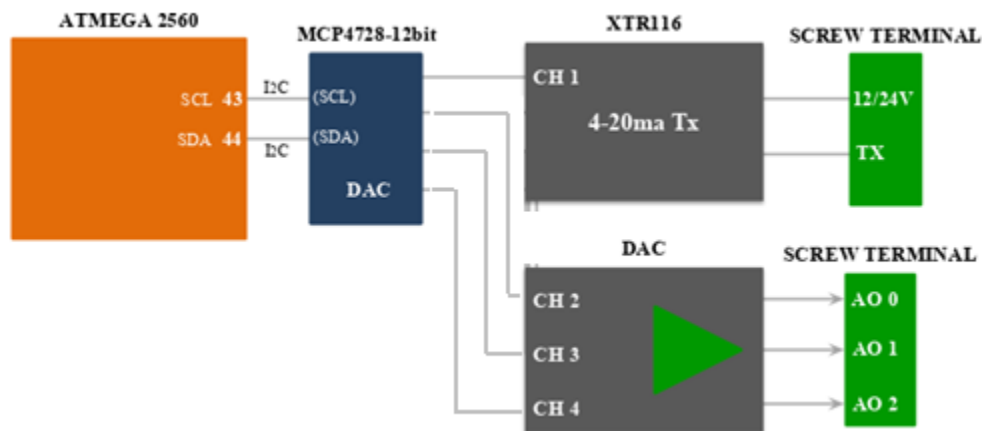
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/SoftwareSerialExample>

8.15. DAC

Specification

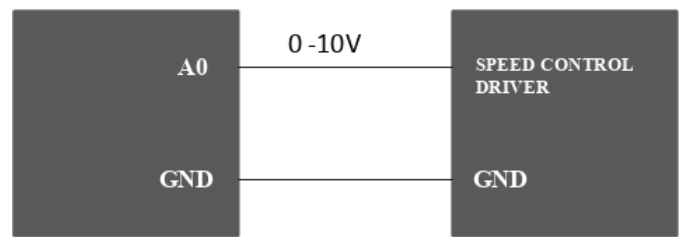
- o MCP4768 with I2C serial interface
- o Quad, 12-bit voltage output
- o Channel: 4 (buffered outputs)
- o Internal Voltage Reference
- o Output Voltage Range using 0-10V

Functional Diagram

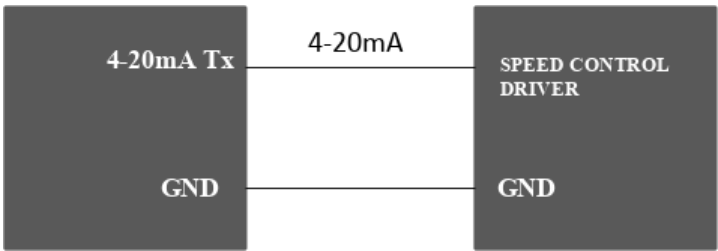


Application Wiring

1. Interfacing DAC with Motor Speed Control Module

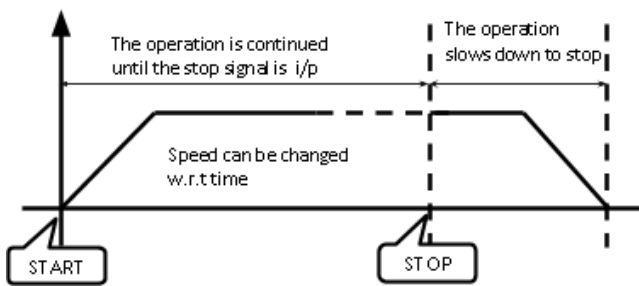


2. Interfacing DAC with Motor Speed Control Module using Loop Current

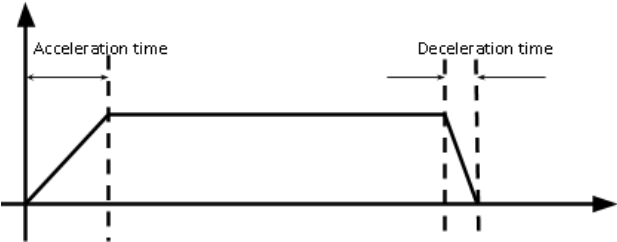


Use Case

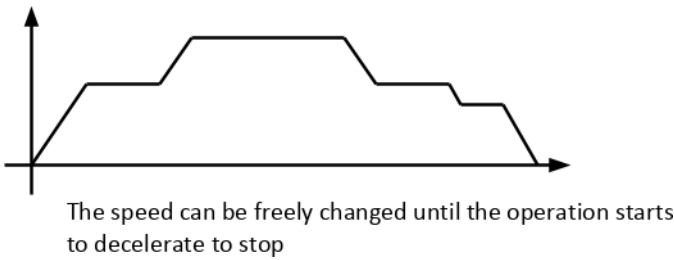
1. Motion Control



2. Acceleration and Deceleration



3. Jog Operation and Trapezoidal Control Operation



Example Code

You may look into the following link for the Arduino library and example on DAC.

<https://github.com/hideakitai/MCP4728>

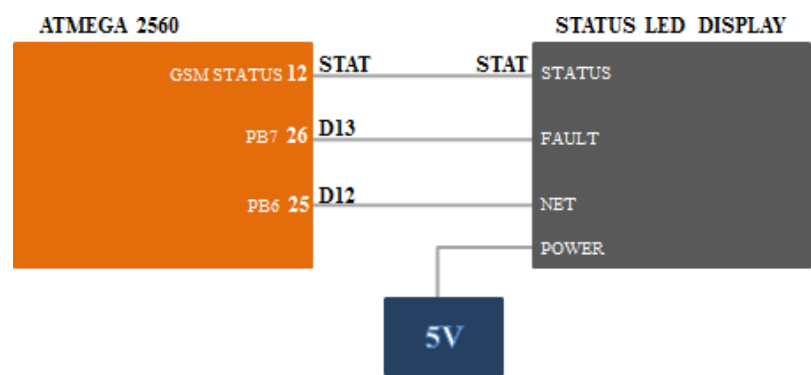


8.16. Status LED Display

Status LED’s can be programmed as per used needs for visual indication of an event.

Refer [Digital Output Section](#)

Functional Diagram

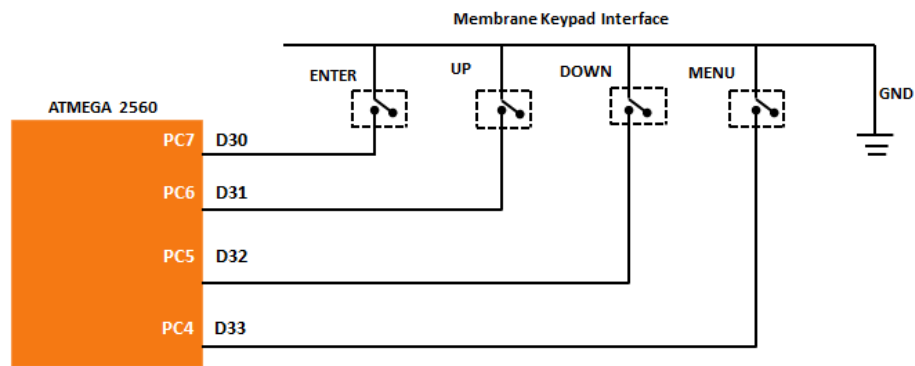


Example Code

You may look into the following link for more details on programming LED pins.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Reference/digitalWrite>

8.17. Membrane Keypad



Example Code

You may look into the following link for example on reading a digital pin.

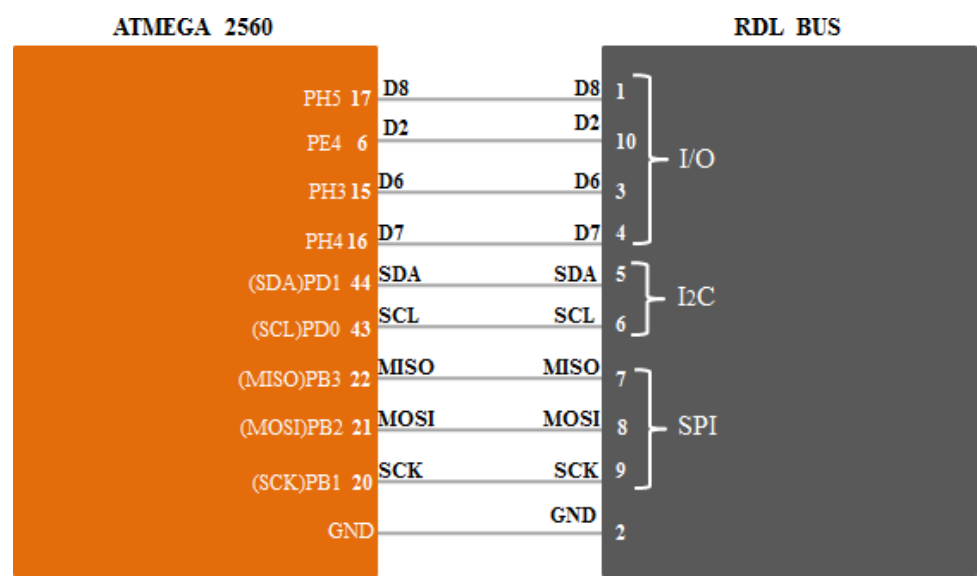
<https://www.arduino.cc/reference/en/language/functions/digital-io/digitalread/>

8.18. RDL Bus

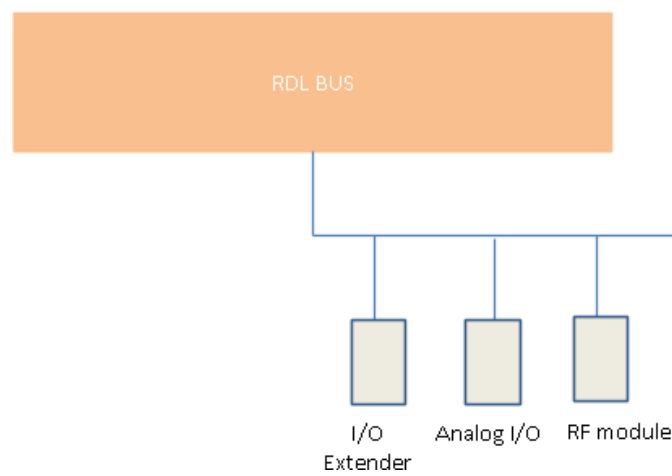
Specification

- o Extend I/O pins for communicating with external devices.
- o Extends SPI pins, I2C pins, UART pins and Digital I/O pins.

Functional Diagram



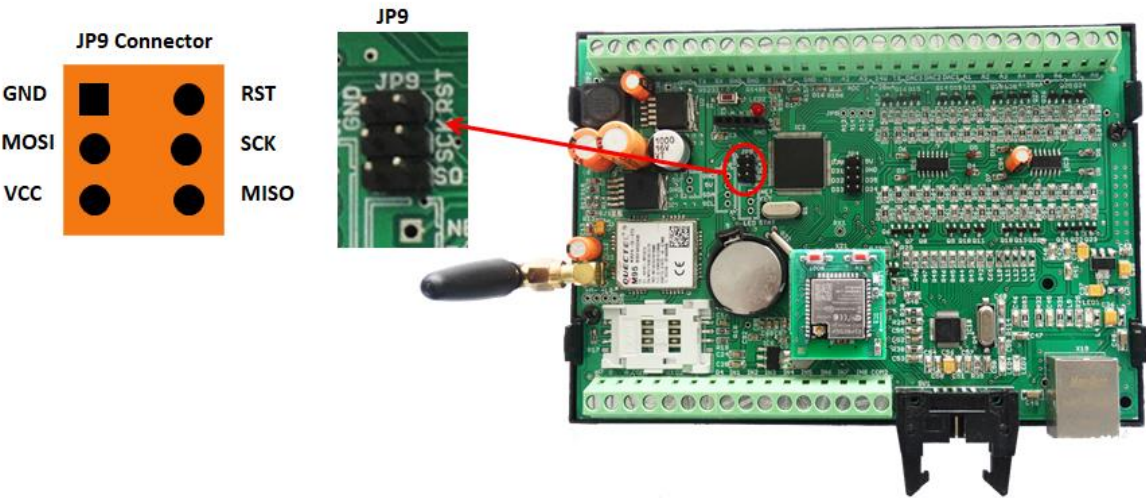
Application Wiring



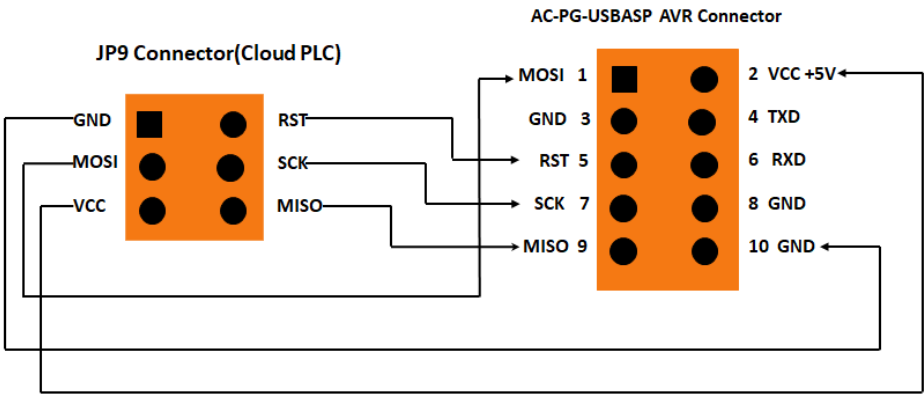
9. Boot Load Instructions:

Cloud PLC supports multiple open source IDE for programming , you can choose any one of the below given method to build the custom programming/solution.

9.1 Using USBASP AVR Programmer

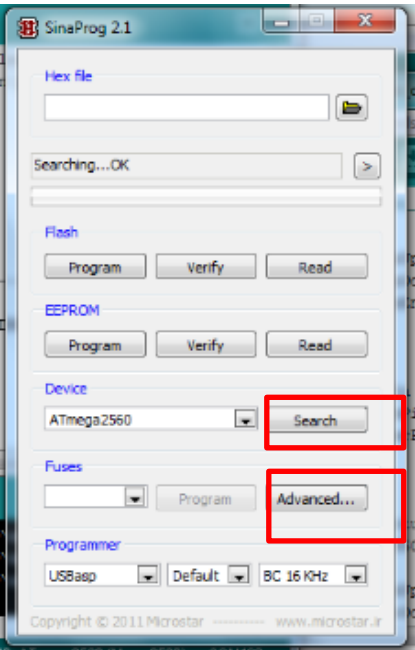


AC-PG-USBASP AVR Programmer

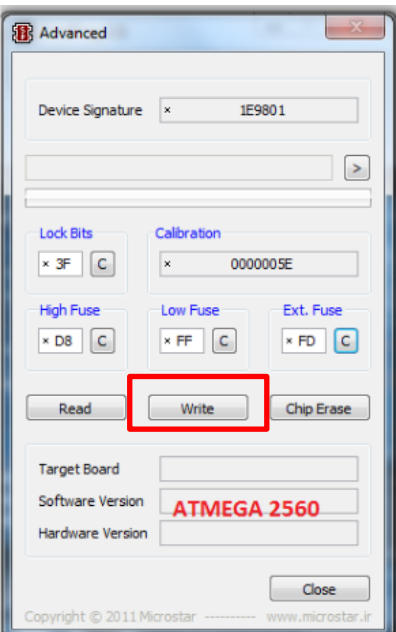


**Burn Bootloader into Cloud PLC**

**STEP 1:** Open SinaProg 2.1 Software, Click on Search command, you get searching OK



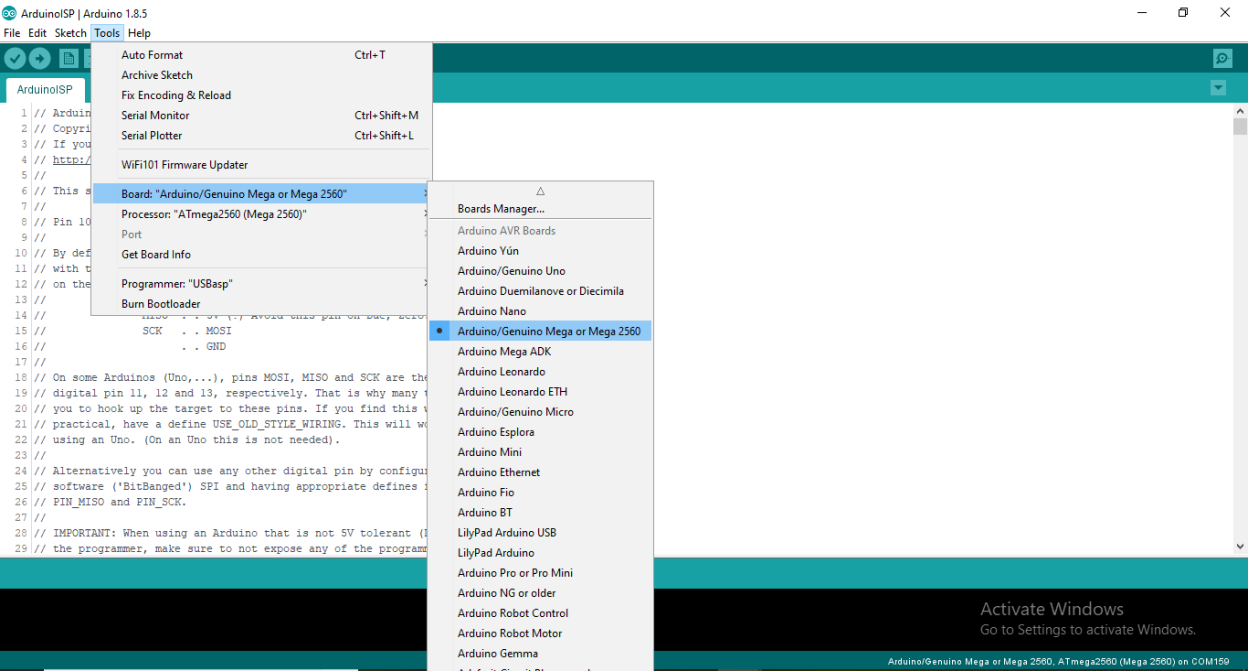
**STEP 2:** Click on **Advanced** to set the fuse bits Lock bits **3F** High Fuse **D8** Low Fuse **FF** Ext Fuse **FD**



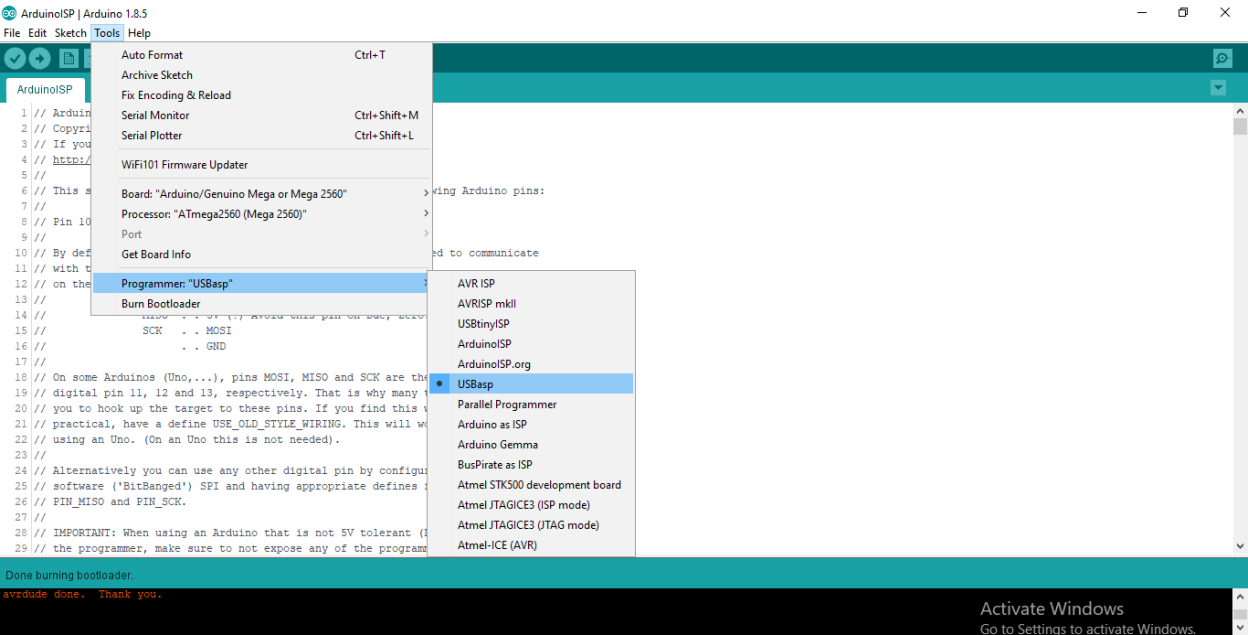
**STEP 3:** Click on **Write**

**STEP 4:** Go to Tools > Board and choose “Arduino/Genuino Mega or Mega2560 ” as the

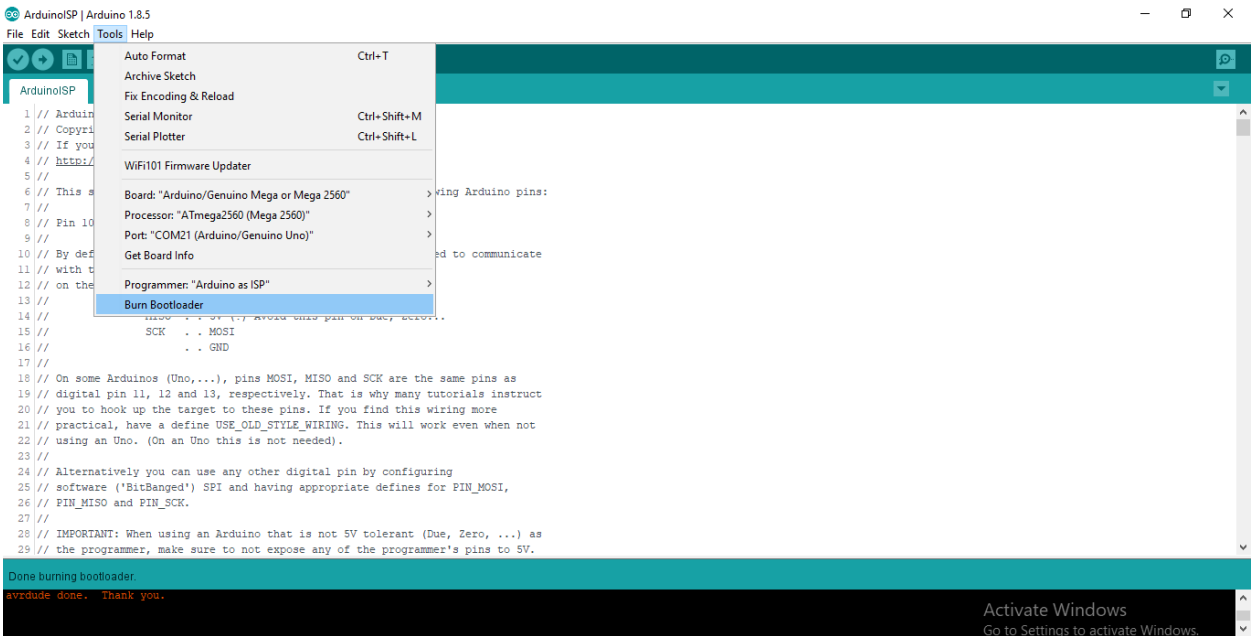
board of the target



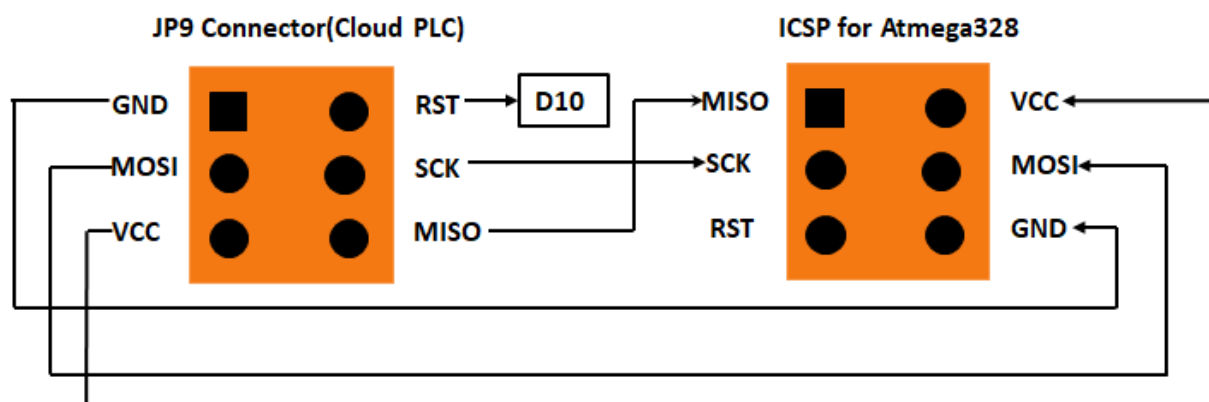
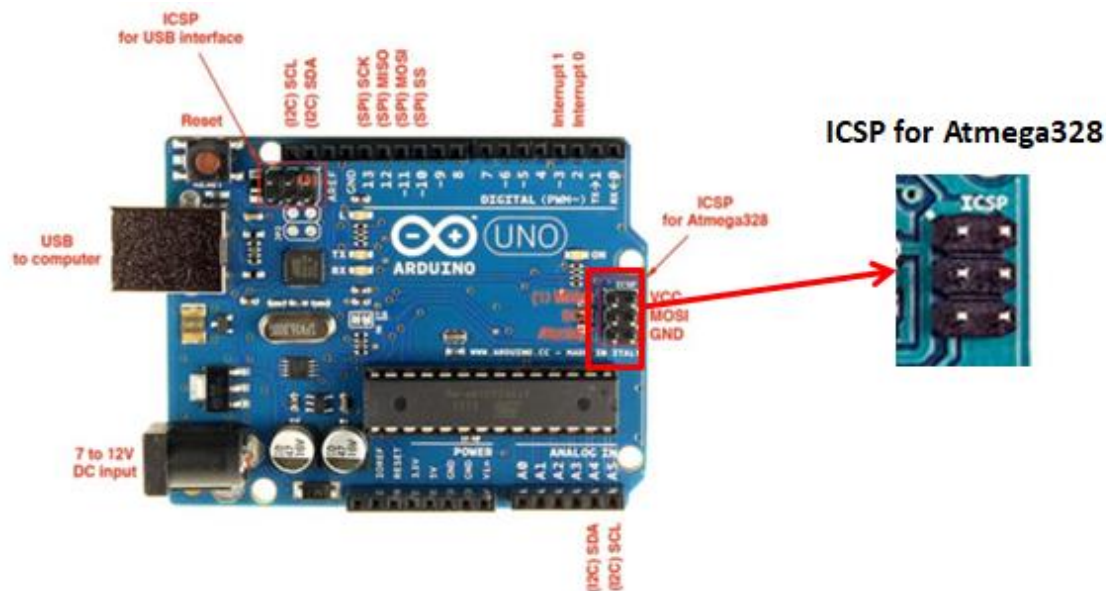
STEP 5: firstly we select “USBasp” from the Programmer



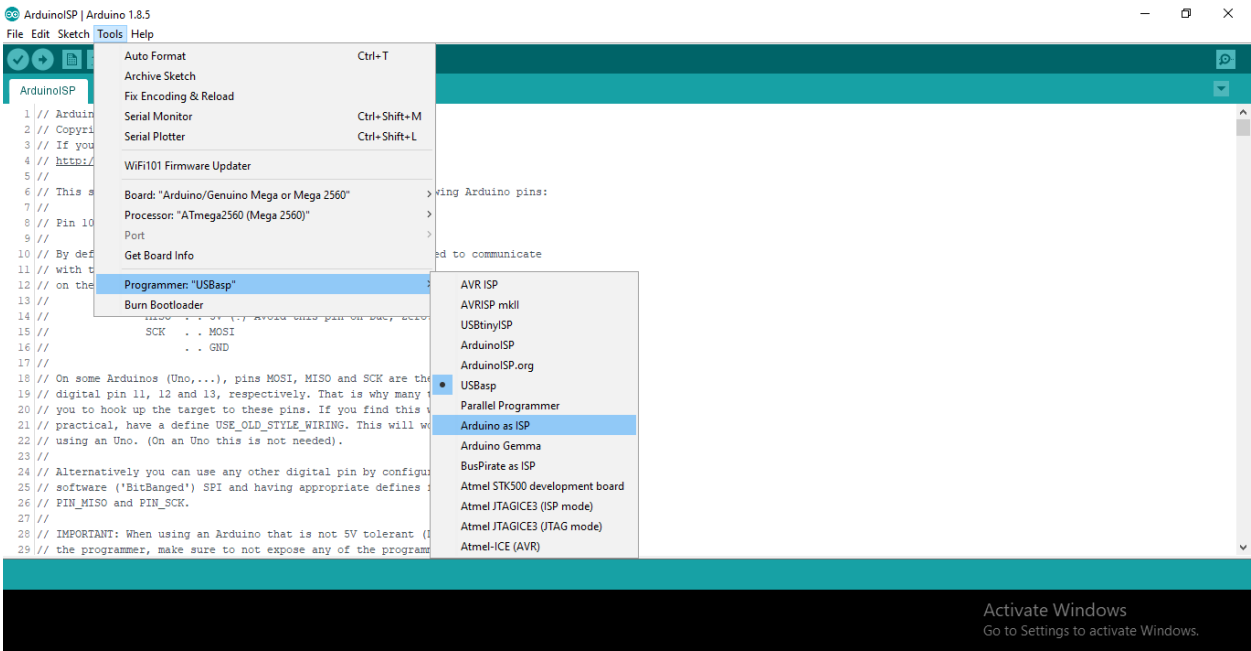
STEP 6: After that, click on “Burn Bootloader” from the Tools menu



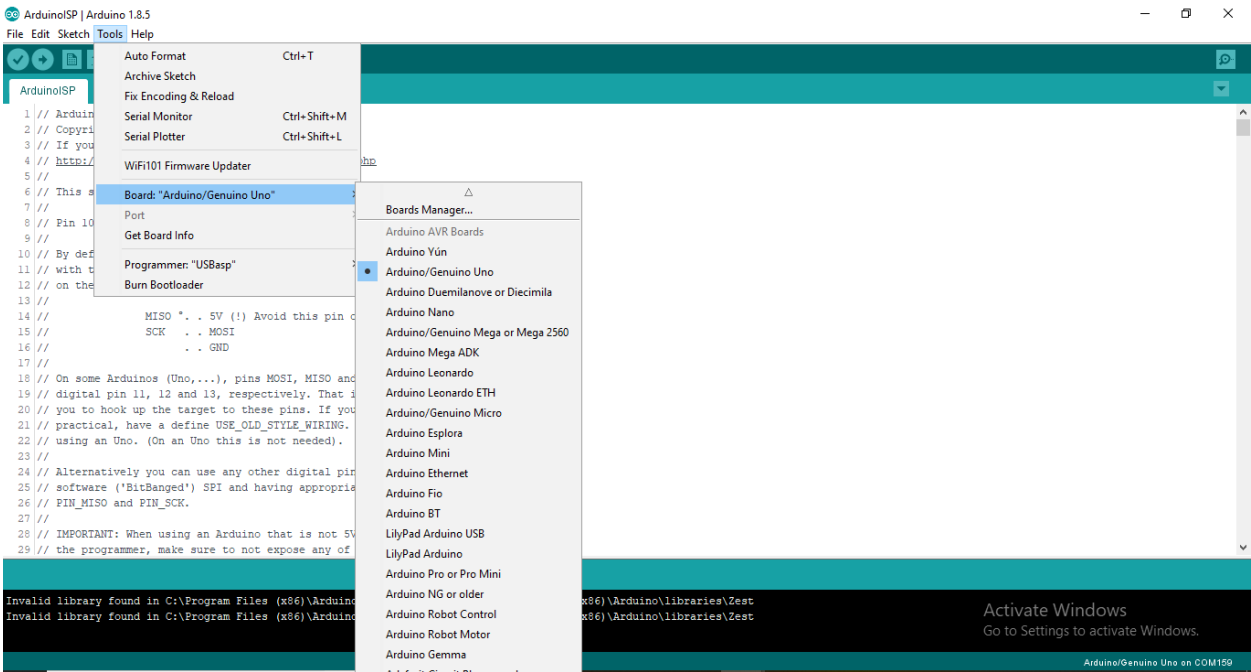
Arduino IDE will display “Done burning bootloader” when it is done.



**STEP 1:** An ISP (In-system programming) programmer is needed to burn bootloader. In this we will use a Cloud PLC as an ISP programmer. To prepare Cloud PLC as ISP programmer, firstly we select “ArduinoISP” from the File > Examples menu.

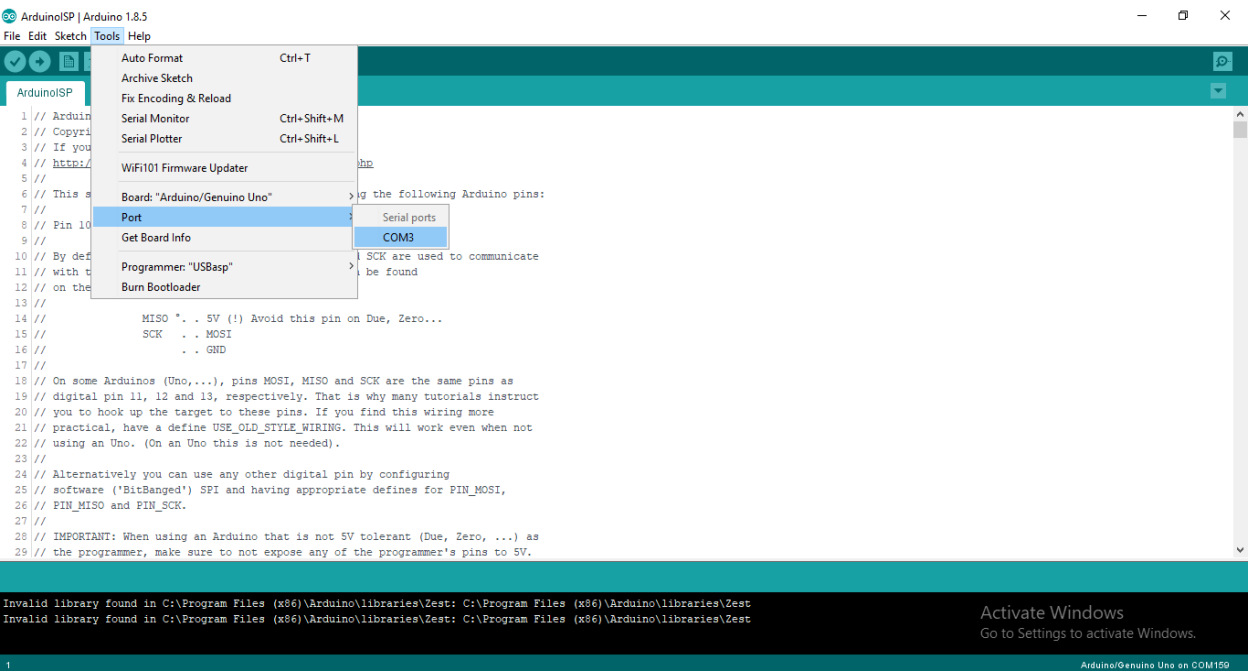


STEP 2: Select the Board **Arduino/GenuinoUno**





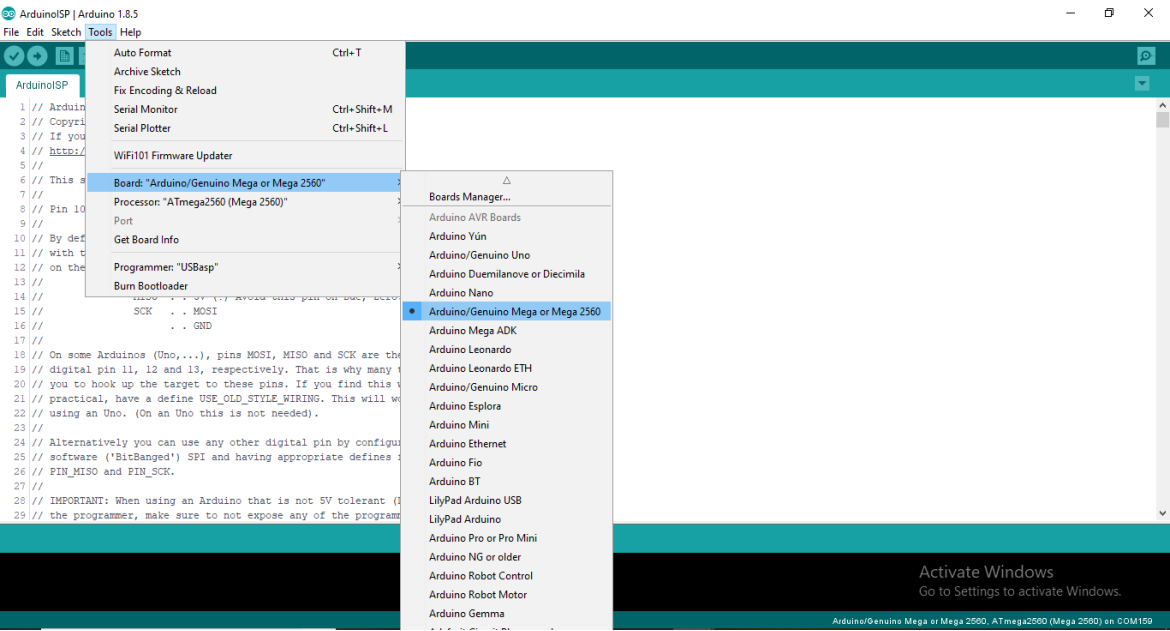
STEP 3: the Port



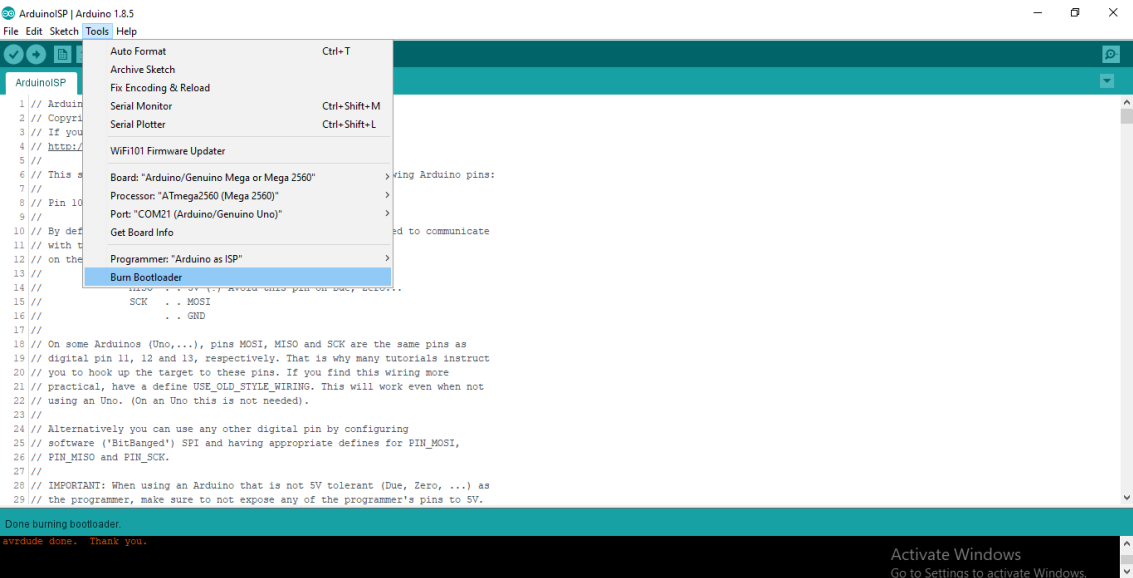
STEP 4: Verify and upload the code



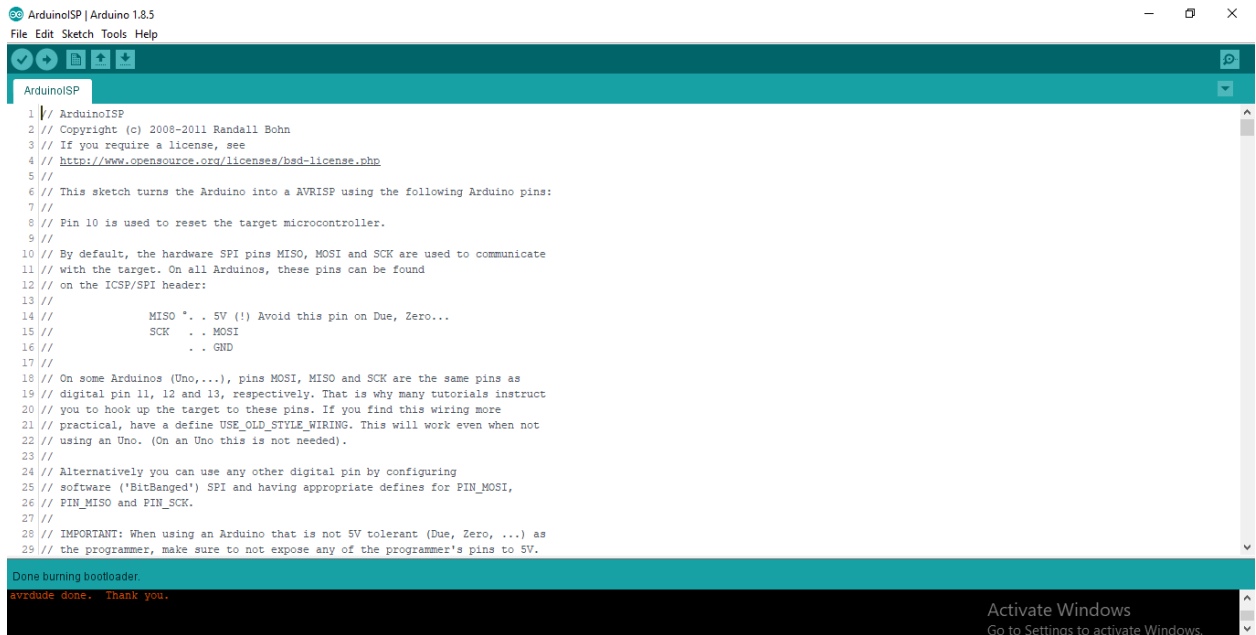
**STEP 5:**Once the code is uploaded, do the wiring up, go to Tools > Board and choose “Arduino/Genuino Mega or Mega2560 ” as the board of the target .



**STEP 6:** After that, click on “Burn Bootloader” from the Tools menu, the ISP programmer will start to burn the bootloader into the target Arduino. It usually takes few minute to complete burning bootloader.



**STEP 7:** Arduino IDE will display “Done burning bootloader” when it is done.

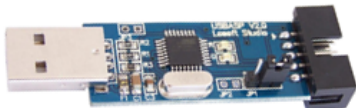


The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE window titled "ArduinoISP | Arduino 1.8.5". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Sketch", "Tools", and "Help". The toolbar contains icons for opening, saving, and running. The sketch is named "ArduinoISP" and contains the following code:

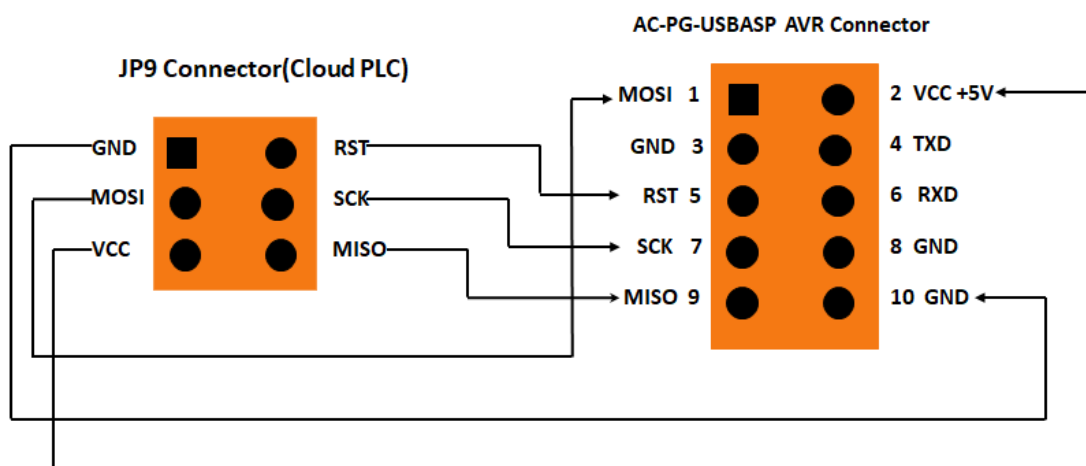
```
1 // ArduinoISP
2 // Copyright (c) 2008-2011 Randall Bohn
3 // If you require a license, see
4 // http://www.opensource.org/licenses/bad-license.php
5 //
6 // This sketch turns the Arduino into a AVRISP using the following Arduino pins:
7 //
8 // Pin 10 is used to reset the target microcontroller.
9 //
10 // By default, the hardware SPI pins MISO, MOSI and SCK are used to communicate
11 // with the target. On all Arduinos, these pins can be found
12 // on the ICSP/SPI header:
13 //
14 //           MISO ". . 5V (!) Avoid this pin on Due, Zero...
15 //           SCK  ". . MOSI
16 //           ". . GND
17 //
18 // On some Arduinos (Uno,...), pins MOSI, MISO and SCK are the same pins as
19 // digital pin 11, 12 and 13, respectively. That is why many tutorials instruct
20 // you to hook up the target to these pins. If you find this wiring more
21 // practical, have a define USE_OLD_STYLE_WIRING. This will work even when not
22 // using an Uno. (On an Uno this is not needed).
23 //
24 // Alternatively you can use any other digital pin by configuring
25 // software ('BitBanged') SPI and having appropriate defines for PIN_MOSI,
26 // PIN_MISO and PIN_SCK.
27 //
28 // IMPORTANT: When using an Arduino that is not 5V tolerant (Due, Zero, ...) as
29 // the programmer, make sure to not expose any of the programmer's pins to 5V.
```

At the bottom of the IDE, a status bar shows "Done burning bootloader." and "avrdude done. Thank you." in green text. On the right side of the status bar, there is a "Activate Windows" watermark with the text "Go to Settings to activate Windows."

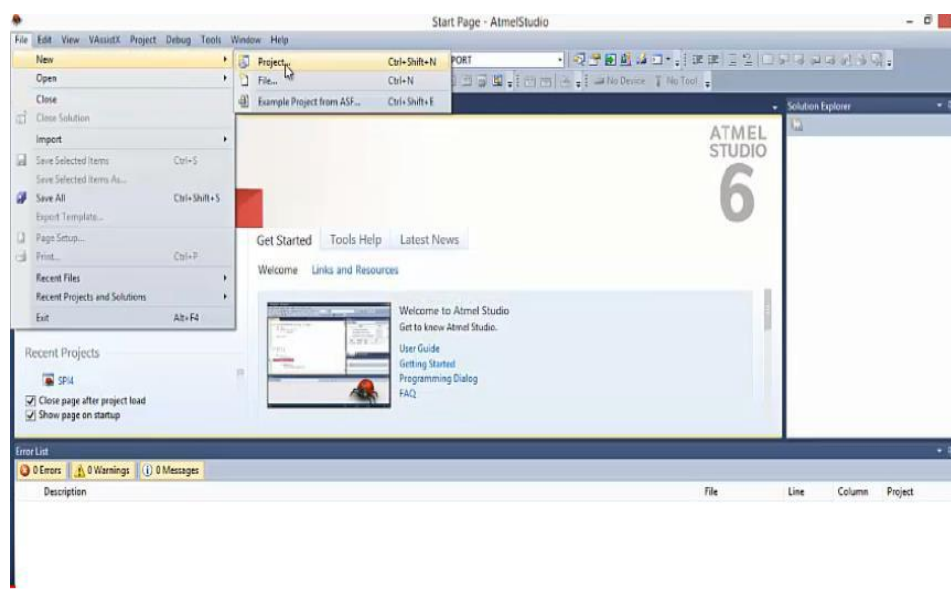
## AC-PG-USBASP AVR Programmer



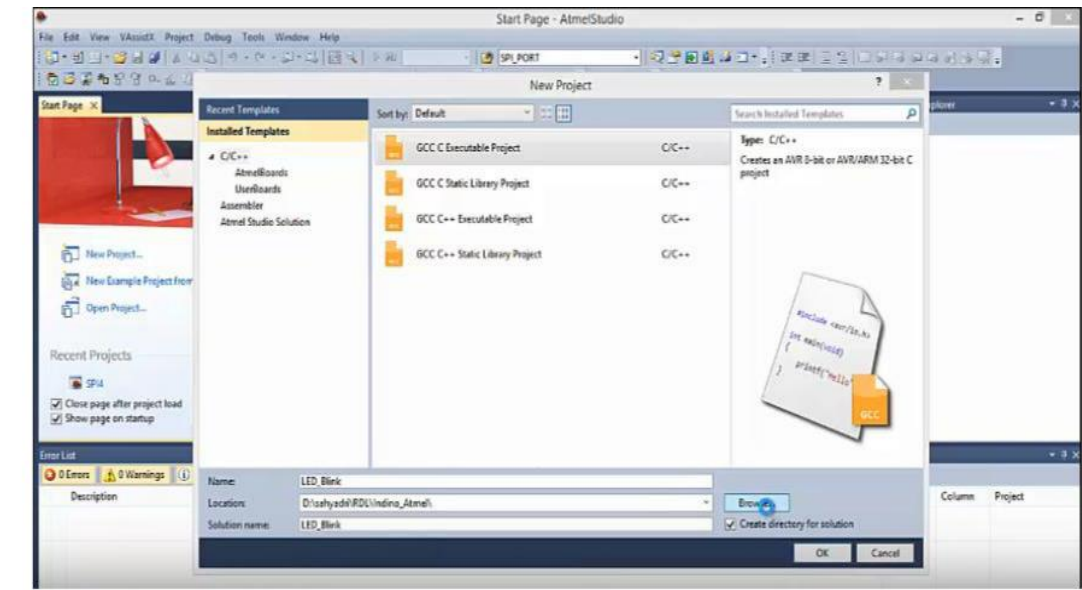
(MOSI) 1 2 (VCC +5V)  
 (GROUND) 3 4 (TXD)  
 (RESET) 5 6 (RXD)  
 (SCK) 7 8 (GROUND)  
 (MISO) 9 10 (GROUND)



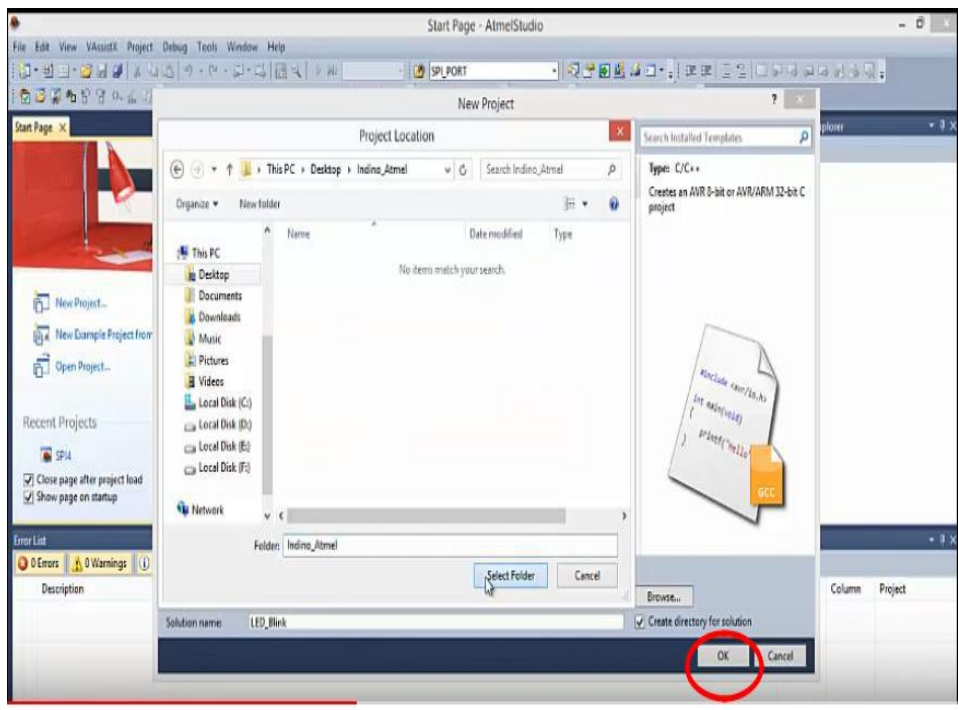
**Step 1:** Open Atmel Studio, go to file → new → project.



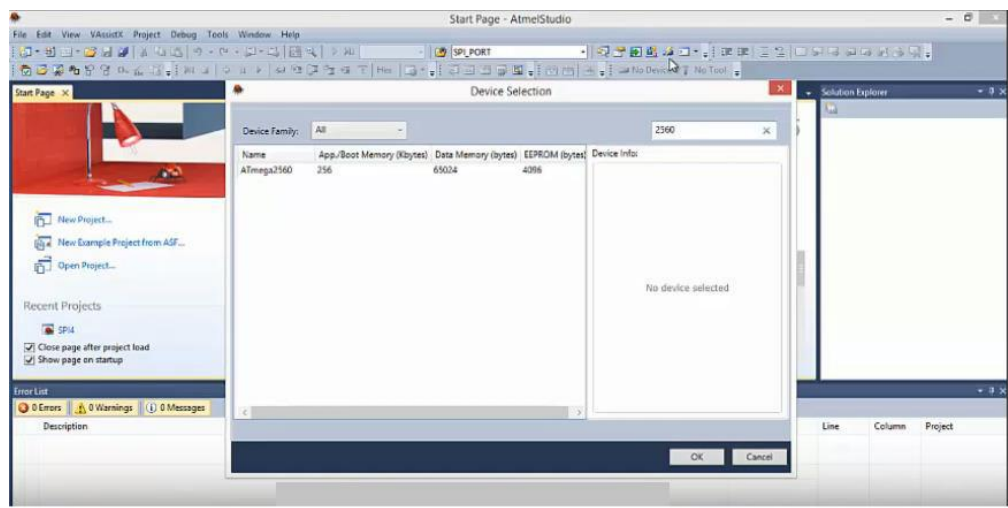
**Step 2:** In new project, type the desired file name and click on browse.



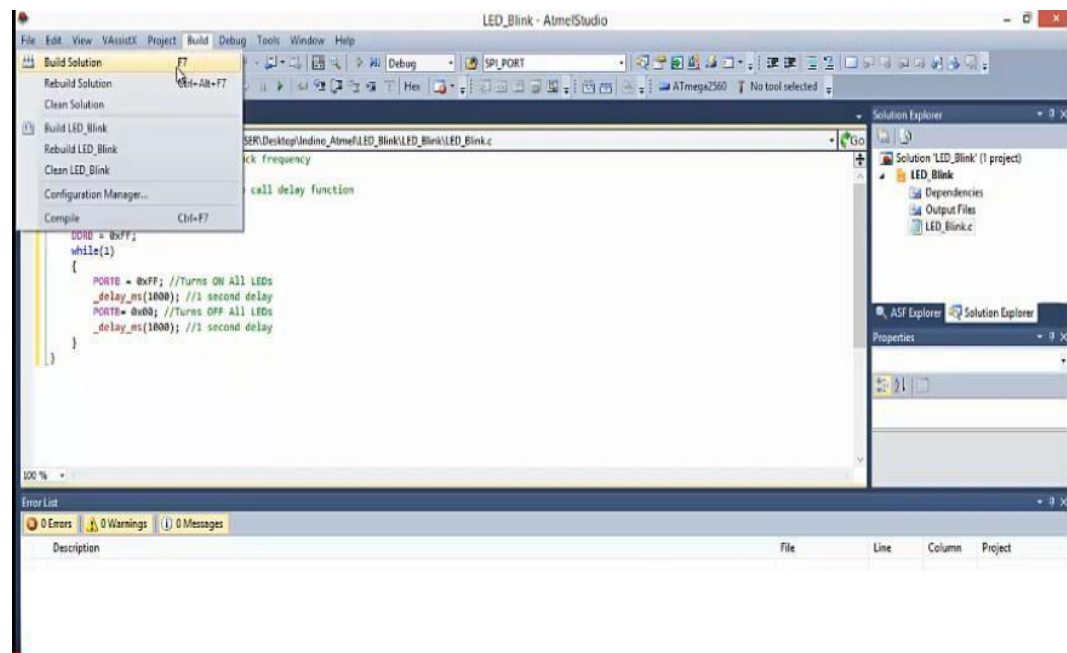
**Step 3:** Go to desktop → Create new folder → Select Folder, press OK.



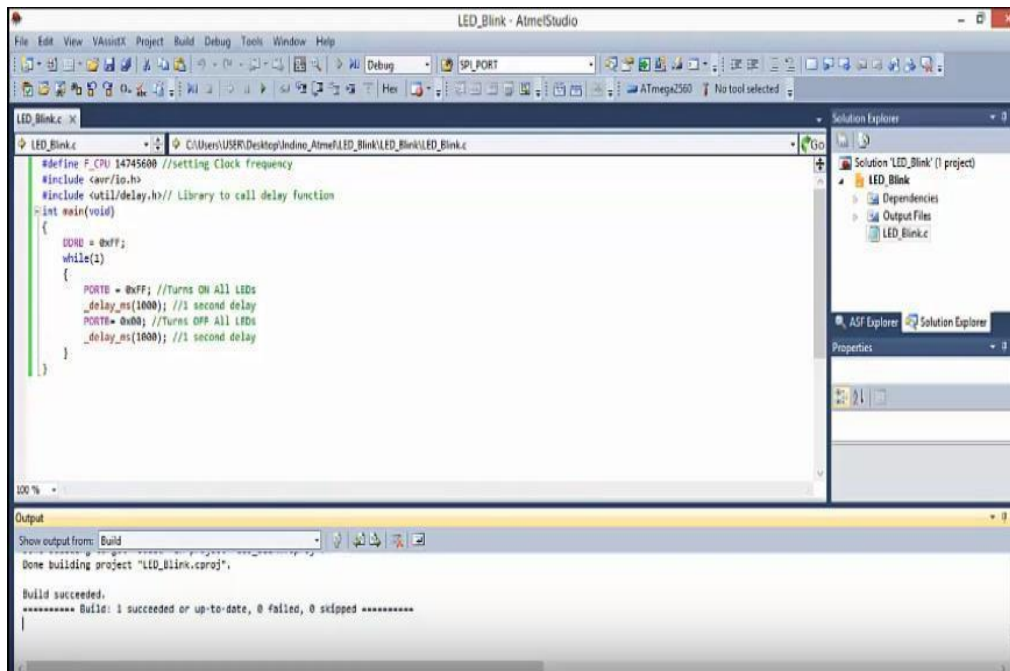
**Step 4:** Select the device as ATmega 2560 and click on OK.



**Step 5:** Copy and paste the program and save, go to build → build solution, to check for errors in program



**Step 6:** If your program has no errors it will show the build window as shown below.



## 10. Power Supply

Model	Input Voltage	Vmin	Vmax
9000 - 9009	12V - 36V	12V	30V

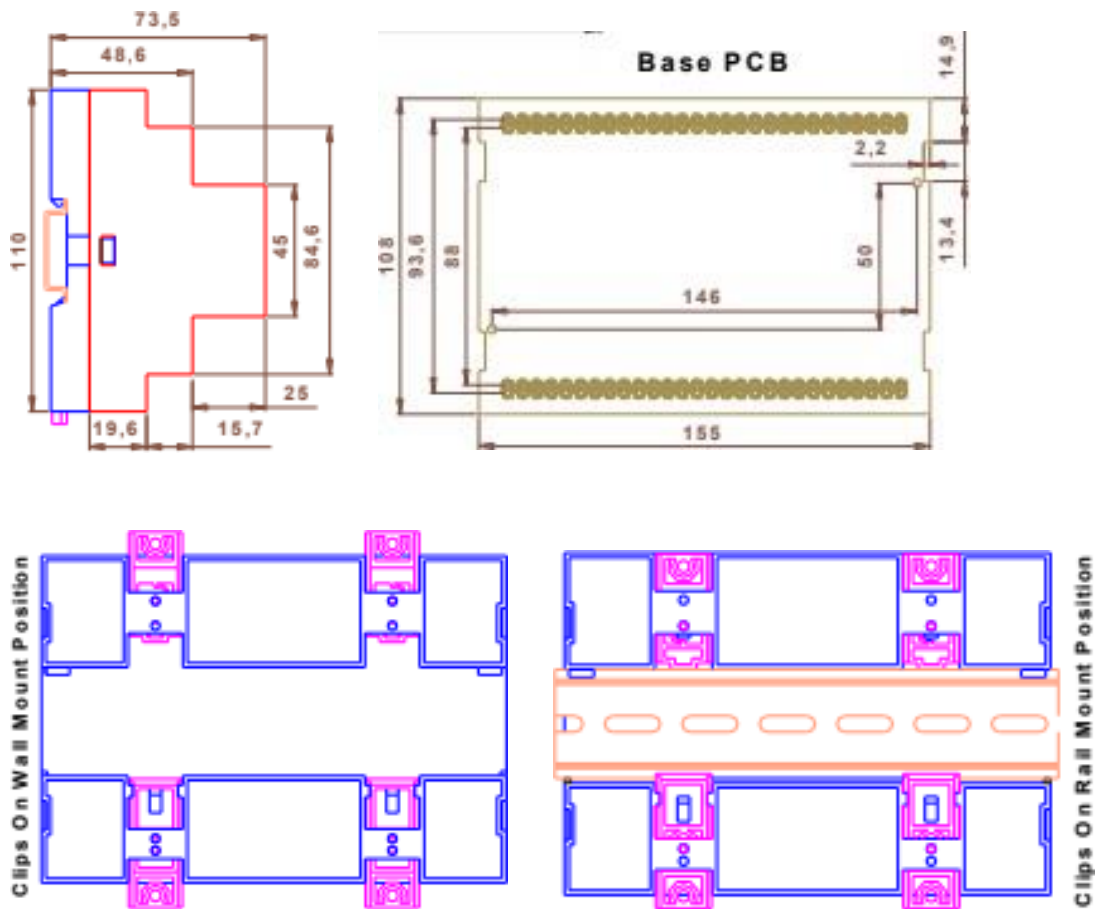
**ATTENTION: Recommended to use Meanwell power supplies of 24V 2A**

## 11. Order Information Table

Model	RDL9000	RDL9001	RDL9002	RDL9003	RDL9004	RDL9005	RDL9006	RDL9007	RDL9008	RDL9009
Digital Input(DI)	X	X	X	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Digital Output(DO)	X	X	X	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Analog 0-10V / 4-20MA	X	X	X	X	X	8	8	8	8	8
GPRS	1	X	X	1	X	X	1	1	1	1
ETHERNET 10/100MBPS	X	1	X	1	1	1	1	X	X	1
WIFI / Bluetooth	X	X	1	X	1	1	X	1	X	1
ZigBee/LORA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	X
RS485	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RS232	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SD Card	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RTC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
DAC/4-20MA TX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1



12. Mounting and Mechanical Dimensions



## 13. References and Datasheets

1. [http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/Atmel-2549-8-bit-AVR-Microcontroller-ATmega640-1280-1281-2560-2561\\_datasheet.pdf](http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/Atmel-2549-8-bit-AVR-Microcontroller-ATmega640-1280-1281-2560-2561_datasheet.pdf)
2. <http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/max232.pdf>
3. <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/40001441F.pdf>
4. <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/20005685A.pdf>
5. <http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/lm2576hv.pdf>
6. <https://www.vishay.com/docs/83513/tcmd1000.pdf>
7. <http://www.analog.com/media/en/technical-documentation/data-sheets/485fm.pdf>
8. <http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/lm317.pdf>
9. <http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/ads1115.pdf>
10. <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/20005045C.pdf>
11. <https://www.fujitsu.com/uk/Images/MB85RC256V-20171207.pdf>
12. <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/mic811.pdf>
13. [http://wizwiki.net/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=products:w5500:w5500\\_ds\\_v106e\\_141230.pdf](http://wizwiki.net/wiki/lib/exe/fetch.php?media=products:w5500:w5500_ds_v106e_141230.pdf)
14. <http://www.analog.com/media/en/technical-documentation/data-sheets/485fm.pdf>
15. <http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/22187E.pdf>
16. <http://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/xtr115.pdf>