Region	GDP-PPP (sum) (rank + value)	Population (rank + value)	PPP-pc (weighted) (rank + value)	GFP strength (GDP-weighted h-mean) (rank + value)	Notes
East Asia	*52.95T	1.64B (2)	(5) \$32,860	0.0912	China's manufacturing scale and R&D outlays combine with Japan/Korea's advanced industry. Aging headwinds (esp. CN/JP/KR) but large capital stock. Maritime chokepoints and Taiwan contingency shape force posture; A2/AD and naval expansion are central.
North America (Anglo-North Atlantic)	*32.05T	■■ (9) 384.60M	■■■■ (1) \$83,329	(1) 0.0802	US-led bloc with outsized fiscal, technological, and blue-water power projection. Industrial base is rebounding in strategic sectors (chips, energy, defense). NATO anchor; logistics reach across both oceans; risks include political polarization and budget cyclicality.
Western & Northern Europe	■■■ (3) \$26.43T	■■ (8) 422.72M	■■■■ (2) \$62,530	(5) 0.2415	High tech, finance, and advanced manufacturing with strong institutions. UK/France nuclear forces and NATO integration underpin credible power. Aging demographics offset by productivity and allied interoperability; energy transition and procurement fragmentation are live issues.
South Asia	■■■ (4) \$20.97T	■■■■ (1) 1.96B	■ (10) \$10,678	(4) 0.1311	India's young workforce drives growth; infrastructure and manufacturing are scaling from a low base. GDP-PPP large from population size; PPP-pc still modest. Military modernization ongoing; nuclear deterrence (IN/PK) stabilizes but resource constraints limit rapid power projection.
Greater Middle East & North Africa (MENA+)	(5) \$14.20T	■■ (5) 648.29M	(7) \$21,898	(7) 0.3468	Bifurcated incomes: very high PPP-pc in Gulf vs. far lower elsewhere. Strategic chokepoints (Hormuz, Suez) and modernized air/missile forces (KSA, UAE, IL, TR, IR). Structural challenges: water stress, youth unemployment, and conflict risks; SWFs provide financial shock absorbers.
Latin America & the Caribbean	(6) \$13.66T	■■ (6) 647.49M	(8) \$21,092	(8) 0.3542	Large internal markets (BR/MX) and strong commodities/agribusiness; Mexico leverages US-adjacent manufacturing. Defense focus remains internal security and border/maritime control; limited expeditionary capability. Volatile fiscal cycles tied to commodities.
Southeast Asia (ASEAN)	(7) \$10.99T	■■■ (4) 690.58M	(9) \$15,919	(6) 0.3359	Diversified economies with strong FDI pull; beneficiaries of 'China+1' supply-chain shifts. Singapore is high-income/tech; Indonesia's scale is strategic. Maritime disputes shape procurement; defense budgets rising from low bases.
Russia–Caucasus–Central Asia (Post-Soviet core)	■■ (8) \$6.70T	■ (10) 249.70M	(6) \$26,814	(3) 0.1033	Russia dominates military weight; sanctions pressure industrial inputs while energy/minerals fund capacity. Caucasus/Central Asia diversify ties (CN/TR/ME) with smaller economies and limited defense industries; cohesion across the bloc is mixed.
Central, Eastern & Southeastern Europe	■■ (9) \$5.71T	■ (11) 169.36M	■■■ (4) \$33,686	■ (10) 0.4625	Rearmament and defense integration accelerating inside NATO/EU. Economies converging toward W/N European levels, but industrial depth still thinner. Proximity to Russia shapes doctrine; logistics rely on EU corridors; diversification of energy is ongoing.
East & Southern Africa	■ (10) \$4.41T	■■■ (3) 695.80M	■ (12) \$6,335	■ (11) 0.6909	South Africa anchors industry; Kenya/Ethiopia grow as services and light-manufacturing hubs. Corridors to ports (Mozambique/Tanzania) matter for trade; debt mixes and governance vary. Forces are capable in select missions but budgets are tight.
West & Central Africa	■ (11) \$4.38T	■■ (7) 499.83M	■ (11) \$8,771	■ (12) 0.7860	Fast population growth with low PPP-pc; extractives concentrated and infrastructure thin. Security burdens (insurgencies, coups) dilute state capacity; regional coordination developing. Long-run potential depends on education, grid/logistics build-out, and governance.
Oceania	■ (12) \$2.18T	■ (12) 45.33M	■■■ (3) \$47,987	(9) 0.3733	Very high PPP-pc with compact, professional forces. Australia's role expands via AUKUS, long-range strike, and critical-minerals supply. Small populations and long logistics lines constrain mass; emphasis on interoperability and niche capabilities.