MICROSERVICES LAB

Reference link for spring-boot application

https://blog.scottlogic.com/2019/10/31/building-microservices-with-spring-boot.html

EXERCISES ON KUBERNETIES with solution

Create a simple deployment of the given app with name of your choice and 3 replicas of pods. Check the status of pod by sending request. App should be accessed from outside the cluster. Use Port Forwarding to Access Applications in a Cluster.

dep.yaml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
name: usn-nginx-deployment
 labels:
 app: usn-nginx
spec:
 replicas: 3
selector:
 matchLabels:
app: usn-nginx
template:
metadata:
labels:
app: usn-nginx
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: 172.1.14.168:5001/nginx
ports:
- containerPort: 80
```

Command to deploy:

kubectl apply -f dep.yaml

Command to check pods

kubectl get pods | grep 'usn' \\ type your usn

Command to expose

kubectl expose deployment usn-nginx-deployment --type=NodePort --name=usn-nginx-service

To get exposed port

```
kubectl get svc | grep 'usn' \\ type your usn http://172.1.14.168:<nodeport>
```

kubectl port-forward deployment/usn-nginx-deployment newport:<nodeport>

Demonstrate the updation of image in live container in a pod using command line as well as by updating yaml files

dep.yaml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: usn-nginx-deployment
labels:
   app: usn-nginx
spec:
 replicas: 3
selector:
matchLabels:
    app: usn-nginx
template:
metadata:
labels:
app: usn-nginx
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: 172.1.14.168:5001/nginx
    imagePullPolicy: "Always"
ports:
- containerPort: 80
```

Command to deploy:

kubectl apply -f dep.yaml

Command to expose

kubectl expose deployment usn-nginx-deployment --type=NodePort --name=usn-nginx-service

Command to update image:

kubectl set image deployment/usn-nginx-deployment nginx=newImage

To check the updated name:

kubectl describe deploy usn-nginx-deployment | grep Image:

Perform the following.

- a. Create 3 pods with names nginx1, nginx2,nginx3. All of them should have the label app=v1 Show all labels of the pods.
- b. Get only the 'app=v2' pods.
- c. Remove the 'app' label from the pods we created before

```
kubectl run usn-nginx1 --image=nginx --restart=Never --labels=app=usn-v1 kubectl run usn-nginx2 --image=nginx --restart=Never --labels=app=usn-v1 kubectl run usn-nginx3 --image=nginx --restart=Never --labels=app=usn-v1 kubectl get po --show-labels kubectl get po -l app=usn-v2 kubectl label po nginx1 nginx2 nginx3 app-
```

Create a Pod with ubuntu image and a command to echo "YOUR_NAME" which overrides the default CMD/ENTRYPOINT of the image.

dep_ubuntu_pod1.yaml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: ubuntu
 labels:
  app: ubuntu
spec:
 containers:
 - name: ubuntu
  image: 172.1.14.168:5001/ubuntu
  command: ["/bin/bash"]
  args: ["-c", "echo MSRIT"]
kubectl apply -f dep ubuntu pod1.yaml
kubectl logs ubuntu
kubectl exec --stdin --tty ubuntu -- /bin/bash
kubectl delete pod ubuntu
```

Create a Pod that runs one container. The configuration file for the Pod defines a command and arguments by using environment variables:

dep_ubuntu_pod.yaml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: ubuntu
 labels:
  app: ubuntu
spec:
 containers:
 - name: ubuntu
  image: 172.1.14.168:5001/ubuntu
  env:
   - name: MESSAGE
    value: "MSRIT"
  command: ["/bin/echo"]
  args: ["$(MESSAGE)"]
kubectl apply -f dep_ubuntu_pod.yaml
kubectl logs ubuntu
kubectl delete pod ubuntu
```