

Integration Guide: Log Pipeline (Vector → Wazuh & MISP Client → MISP Server)

1. Architecture Overview

The data flow has been optimized for high performance by consolidating data cleaning and **ECS (Elastic Common Schema)** formatting into a single transformation step, bypassing unnecessary enrichment stages. The following configuration is specifically for the datasets used for the test.

Note: If you want to bypass the SLP Enrichment component, you will need to do the following steps before you deploy the platform or before you execute the script `init.sh`. The following files have to have the configuration as it has been described below.

Important: Vector dependencies

Go to Vector `docker-compose.yml` and comment or delete the dependencies with enrichment:

```
depends_on:

  resimesh-ap-silentpush:

    condition: service_healthy

    restart: true
```

Before you deploy the platform, go to `Docker-compose/Aggregation/docker-compose-Full-platform.yml` or the one you are going to use for the deployment and comment the enrichment line:

```
include:

- ./Vector/docker-compose.yml
- ./NATS/docker-compose.yml
# - ./Enrichment/docker-compose.yml
- ./MISP_client/docker-compose.yml
```

2. Vector Configuration

A. Dynamic Normalization (4_csv_normalizer.yaml)

This step identifies the dataset type based on the column count and sanitizes the raw CSV strings (removing extra quotes and whitespace).

Transforms/ 4_csv_normalizer.yaml:

```
type: "remap"

inputs: ["3_deduped_csv_events"]

source: |

  if starts_with(string!(.message), "#") || strlen(string!(.message)) == 0 { abort }

  row, err = parse_csv(string!(.message))

  if err == null {

    col_count = length(row)

    if col_count == 6 {

      # Dataset 1

      .source_ip = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[7]), "\"", ""))

      .attack_category = "Reputation List"

      .attack_name = "Known Malicious IP"

      .destination_ip = "0.0.0.0"

    } else if col_count >= 11 {

      # Dataset 2

      .last_time = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[3]), "\"", ""))

      .attack_category = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[4]), "\"", ""))

      .source_ip = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[7]), "\"", ""))

      .destination_ip = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[9]), "\"", ""))

      .attack_name = strip_whitespace!(replace!(string!(row[11]), "\"", ""))

    }

  }

}
```

B. ECS Formatting & Cleanup (7_format_ecs)

This transforms the cleaned data into the hierarchical ECS structure and purges technical metadata to optimize network traffic.

Transforms/7_format_ecs.yaml:

```
type: "remap"

inputs: ["6_normalized_events", "0_ad_events"]

source: |

  message = parse_json!(.message)

  .@timestamp = now()

  .ecs.version = "1.6.0"

  .threat.enrichments.indicator.last_seen = message.last_time

  .threat.group.name = message.attack_category

  .source.ip = message.source_ip

  .destination.ip = message.destination_ip

  .threat.enrichments.indicator.reference = message.attack_name

  del(.source_type)

  del(.subject)

  del(.message)

  del(.timestamp)
```

C. Output

Direct TCP connection to the Wazuh Manager's rsyslog port.

Sinks/11_rsyslog:

```
11_rsyslog:

type: "socket"

inputs: ["7_format_ecs"]

address: "${RSYSLOG_HOST}:10514"

mode: "tcp"

encoding:
```

codec: "json"

3. Wazuh Configuration

A. Decoders (/var/ossec/etc/decoders/local_decoder.xml)

Enables Wazuh to break down the nested JSON object sent by Vector.

Create local_decoder.xml:

```
<decoder name="Resilmesh_decoders">
  <program_name>resilmesh-ap-vector.resilmesh_network</program_name>
</decoder>
```

```
<decoder name="Resilmesh_json">
  <parent>Resilmesh_decoders</parent>
  <plugin_decoder>JSON_Decoder</plugin_decoder>
</decoder>
```

B. Rules (/var/ossec/etc/rules/local_rules.xml)

Rules are updated to look for nested ECS field names (using dot notation).

Create local_rules.xml:

```
<group name="resilmesh,">
<rule id="100600" level="3">
  <decoded_as>Resilmesh_decoders</decoded_as>
  <description>Resilmesh: Event received</description>
</rule>

<rule id="100601" level="10">
  <if_sid>100600</if_sid>
  <field name="threat.group.name">^.+${</field>
  <description>Resilmesh: Attack type ${threat.group.name} detected</description>
</rule>
```

```
<rule id="100602" level="5">
<if_sid>100600</if_sid>
<field name="source.ip">\.+</field>
<description>Resilmesh: Activity from IP $(source.ip)</description>
</rule>
</group>
```

4. Configuring MISP Client

When skipping the enrichment, some change needs to be made to MISP Client to subscribe to the new topic in NATS.

Go to /MISP_client/.env.sample and make sure its content is the following:

```
# https://www.circl.lu/doc/misp/automation/#automation-key
MISP_API_KEY=
MISP_API_URL=
NATS_URL="nats://resilmesh-ap-nats:4222"
SUBSCRIBE_SUBJECT="normalized_events"
SUBSCRIBE_QUEUE="misp_queue"
MISP_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY=0
LOG_FILE="misp_client.log"
```

5. Testing the flow:

Test 1: execute the following code in the server where CESNET's datasets are used.

```
$ docker exec -u 0 resilmesh-ap-vector bash -c 'tail -n50
/etc/vector/datasets/CESNET/bad_ips.csv >> /etc/vector/datasets/CESNET/bad_ips.csv'
```

Test 2: execute the following code in the server where UMU's datasets are used.

```
$ docker exec -u 0 resilmesh-ap-vector bash -c 'tail -n50 /etc/vector/datasets/UMU/NUSW-
NB15_GT.csv >> /etc/vector/datasets/UMU/NUSW-NB15_GT.csv'
```

5. Maintenance & Troubleshooting

1. **Monitor Raw Logs:** in wazuh manager, [run `tail -f /var/log/Resilmesh.log`](#) to ensure rsyslog is receiving data.
2. **Wazuh Logtest:** Always test new logs using `/var/ossec/bin/wazuh-logtest`. Ensure **Phase 3** correctly identifies the Rule ID and Level.
3. **Monitor Raw Logs in MISP Client:** in misp client container, go to `/app/misp_client.log` and ensure the logs are there.
4. **MISP Server:** enter the dashboard and see if the events are reaching from the client.