
wan2respack Documentation

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WHAT IS WAN2RESPACK ?

1.1 About wan2respack

This is a connection program to use the Wannier functions generated by Quantum Espresso and Wannier90 as inputs to RESPACK.

1.2 License

This package is distributed under GNU General Public License version 3 (GPL v3) or later.

1.3 Download

You can download software and source codes of wan2respack from GitHub page or release page.

GitHub: <https://github.com/respack-dev/wan2respack> Release page: <https://github.com/respack-dev/wan2respack/tags>

1.4 Contributors

This software was developed by the following contributors.

- ver.1.0.0
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1.4.1 Operating environment

wan2respack was tested on the following platforms

- Linux PC + Intel compiler
- Linux PC + GCC.
- Mac + GCC.

HOW TO USE WAN2RESPACK

2.1 Prerequisite

Required packages

Install the following three packages

1. Quantum Espresso (6.6)
2. Wannier90 (3.0.0)
3. RESPACK (20200113)

The versions in parentheses have been tested.

About Python

Python 3.6 or higher version is required.

Python requires tomli library. This tomli library is the standard library for python 3.11. Execute the following command.

```
pip install tomli
```

2.2 Structure

wan2respack has the following directory structure

```
|--CMakeLists.txt
|--LICENSE
|--README.md
|
|--config
|   |--intel.cmake
|   |--gcc.cmake
|
|--docs
|
|--samples
|   |--README.md
|   |--Al.fcc.666
```

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```
|      |--La2CuO4.bct.666
|      |--SrVO3.sc.666
|
|--util
|
|--wan2respack
```

2.3 Installation

wan2respack can be downloaded from the following GitHub page. <https://github.com/respack-dev/wan2respack>

Users can compile *wan2respack* using CMake. An example of the installation of *wan2respack* is as follows

```
cd $PATH_to_wan2respack
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ../ -DCONFIG=$Type_of_Configure -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=$PATH_to_Install
make
make install
```

where `$PATH_to_wan2respack` is the path to the *wan2respack* directory and `$PATH_to_Install` is the path to the directory for the installation. By replacing `$Type_of_Configure` with the name of a CMake configure file, the user can specify the compilers they want to use. In the version 1, the following `$Type_of_Configure` are available.

```
intel: Intel compiler + MKL
gcc: GCC compiler
```

The details of the compiler options can be found in the CMake configure files in the `$PATH_to_wan2respack/config` directory.

All of the binary files and the Python script are installed to `$PATH_to_Install/bin`. Their details are as follows:

wan2respack.py

- Main Python script including two modes: pre-process and core-process. This script requires a configuration toml file as an argument.

gen_mk.x

- Fortran90 code for calculating k-points mesh for Wannier90. This binary is called by `wan2respack_pre.py`.

gen_wan.x

- Fortran90 code for converting the Wannier90 results into the RESPACK Wannier format. This binary is called by `wan2respack_core.py`.

wan2respack_pre.py

- Python script for saving the QE results and exporting k-points with `gen_mk.x` and `qe2respack.py`.

wan2respack_core.py

- Python script for preparing files related to Wannier functions in RESPACK format with `gen_wan.x` and `qe2respack.py`.

qe2respack.py

- Python script for generating input files of RESPACK from QE band calculations. This script is originally distributed under GNU GPL ver.3 by open-source software RESPACK ver. 20200113.

init.py

- Python module in which common functions are defined.

2.4 Basic usage

1. Perform first principles calculations by QE
 - Only norm-conserving pseudopotentials can work in RESPACK.
 - Perform the calculation at the irreducible k-points.
2. Run wan2respack.py in pre-process mode
 - Export k-points to be calculated to nscf-input and Wannier90-input.
3. Generate Wannier functions by QE and Wannier90
 - Use the input files made by the previous step.
4. Convert Wannier functions to RESPACK format by running wan2respack.py

2.4.1 Prepare input files

Prepare the following files. See *Input files* for details.

- QE scf input.
- QE nscf input.
 - Be sure to use *{automatic}* to set the k-point.
- Wannier90 input file.
 - Do not write the k-point block.
- pw2wannier90 input file.
- RESPACK input file.
- configuration toml file.

2.4.2 Run *wan2respack*

After the calculations at the irreducible k-points,

```
python wan2respack.py conf.toml -pp
```

The above command generates new_nscf and new_win files with the k-points list to be calculated.

After the Wannier functions are generated:

```
python wan2respack.py conf.toml
```

The dir-wan directory and four files inside this directory are generated.

TUTORIAL

In this tutorial, we demonstrate the following calculations: (i) performing the first principle calculations using *QE*, (ii) calculating Wannier functions using *Wannier90*, (iii) generating input files for *RESPACK* using *wan2respack*, and (iv) calculating Coulomb interactions using *RESPACK*. The sample files are located in `samples/Al.fcc.666`. In this directory, there are the following four directories:

1. PP
 - Including files of pseudopotentials.
2. inputs
 - Including input files.
3. inputs_selfk
 - Including input files when setting k-points manually by the user.
4. reference
 - Including reference input files for generating Wannier functions using `calc_wannier` in *RESPACK* .

3.1 Al.fcc

The sample files of this tutorial are located in `samples/Al.fcc.666/inputs` . First, change the directory to `samples/Al.fcc.666/inputs`:

```
$cd samples/Al.fcc.666/inputs
```

In this directory, the following input files are included:

- QE
 - `Al.scf.in`: Input file for scf calculation.
 - `Al.nscf.in`: Input file for nscf calculation.
 - `Al.pw2wan.in`: Input file for generating `mmn` and `amn` files.
- Wannier90
 - `Al.win.ref`: Reference file of *wan2respack* for generating an input file of *Wannier90* .
- wan2respack
 - `conf.toml`: Input file of *wan2respack* for setting a path to the output directory of *QE* and seed names, etc.
- REPACK
 - `respack.in` : Input file *RESPACK* .

3.1.1 First principle calculations for the irreducible k-points using *QE*.

By typing the following commands, first principles calculations of scf and nscf using *QE* will be performed:

```
$QE/bin/pw.x < Al.scf.in > Al.scf.out  
$QE/bin/pw.x < Al.nscf.in > Al.nscf.out
```

Here, \$QE indicates a path to a directory where *QE* is installed. **Note that target k-points must be irreducible.**

3.1.2 Export k-points to be calculated by *Wannier90*.

Next, as a preprocess, export k-points to be calculated to input files of nscf calculation and *Wannier90* by typing the following command:

```
$python $PATH_to_Install/bin/wan2respack.py -pp conf.toml
```

The contents of `conf.toml` are shown below:

```
[base]  
QE_output_dir = "./work/Al.save"  
seedname = "Al"  
  
[pre.ref]  
nscf = "Al.nscf.in"  
win = "Al.win.ref"  
  
[pre.output]  
nscf = "Al.nscf_wannier.in"  
win = "Al.win"
```

In the `[base]` section, an output directory of *QE* and seed name are indicated by `QE_output_dir` and a `seedname`, respectively. In the `[pre.ref]` section, reference files for generating input files are indicated by `nscf` and `win`, respectively. In the `[pre.output]` section, names of output files generated by *wan2respack* are indicated by `nscf` and `win`, respectively.

After finishing a calculation, `dir-wfn` directory, `Al.nscf_wannier.in` and `Al.win` files will be generated (k-points will be added to `Al.nscf_wannier.in` and `Al.win`).

3.1.3 Generate Wannier functions with *QE* and *Wannier90*

Using `Al.nscf_wannier.in` and `Al.win`, Wannier functions are generated using *QE* and *Wannier90* by typing the following commands:

```
$QE/bin/pw.x < Al.nscf_wannier.in > Al.nscf_wannier.out  
$Wannier90/wannier90.x -pp Al  
$QE/bin/pw2wannier90.x < Al.pw2wan.in > Al.pw2wan.out  
$Wannier90/wannier90.x Al
```

3.1.4 Convert Wannier functions to *RESPACK* format

Converting Wannier functions to *RESPACK* format can be performed using `wan2respack.py`. The execution command is described below:

```
$python $PATH_to_Install/bin/wan2respack.py conf.toml
```

After finishing calculations, four files are generated in the `dir-wan` directory.

3.1.5 Calculation of Coulomb interactions using *RESPACK*

The input file of *RESPACK* is prepared as `respack.in`. Using this file, we can calculate Coulomb interactions using constrained Random Phase Approximation by *RESPACK*.

The execution command is described below.

```
$RESPACK/bin/calc_chiqr < respack.in > LOG.chiqr
$RESPACK/bin/calc_w3d < respack.in > LOG.W3d
$RESPACK/bin/calc_j3d < respack.in > LOG.J3d
```

The obtained results are shown in Fig. 3.1. The horizontal axis indicates the distance, and the vertical axis indicates the screened Coulomb interaction. In these figures, we also plotted the numerical results obtained using *RESPACK*. In this case, the calculation of Wannier functions was performed by `calc_wannier` in *RESPACK*. The input file `respack.in` of `calc_wannier` is located in the `reference` directory. Qualitatively, almost the same trend is obtained, indicating that the tool is working well. The difference shown in the inset of Fig. 3.1 is due to the fact that the Wannier function obtained with Wannier90 is not maximally localized (`num_iter=0`).

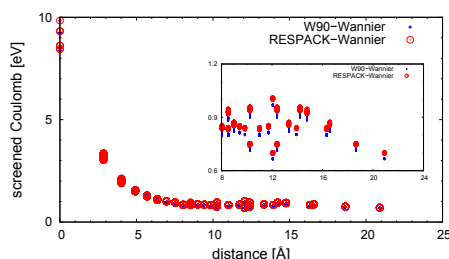


Fig. 3.1: Coulomb interactions obtained by constrained Random Phase Approximation. W90-Wannier indicates the numerical results obtained by this tutorial. *RESPACK*-Wannier indicates the numerical results obtained using *RESPACK* (the calculation of Wannier functions was performed by `calc_wannier` in *RESPACK*). The inset shows an enlarged view of Coulomb interactions obtained by constrained Random Phase Approximation.

We also prepare sample files of La2CuO4 and SrVO3 in the `samples` directory.

3.1.6 [Optional] Set k-points manually by the user

In the above tutorial, k-points are automatically exported. Here, k-points can be set manually by the user, if desired, by typing the following command in the `inputs_selfk` directory:

```
$python $PATH_to_Install/bin/wan2respack.py -pp conf.toml
```

The contents of `conf.toml` are shown below:

```
[base]
QE_output_dir = "./work/Al.save"
seedname = "Al"
selfk = true
```

The `selfk` flag in the `[base]` section must be `true` in this mode. The k-point list is written in `dat.sample_mk`. A k-point list in `Al.nscf_wannier.in` and `Al.win` is determined based on `dat.sample_mk`.

FILE SPECIFICATION

4.1 Input files

This section explains all input files from SCF calculation to Coulomb interaction calculation.

- QE scf input file
- QE nscf input file
- **Wannier90 input file**
Do not write a k-point block. This file is used only as a reference.
- pw2wannier90 input file
- RESPACK input file
- **conf.toml**
The format is shown below.

```
[base]
QE_output_dir = "./work/prefix.save"
seedname = "seedname"
selfk = false           #(optional) Default: false

[pre.ref]
nscf = "nscf.in"
win = "seedname.win.ref"

[pre.output]
nscf = "nscf_wannier.in"
win = "seedname.win"
```

1. base

- QE_output_dir: *QE* output directory
- seedname: Same string as the seedname used in *Wannier90*
- selfk (optional, Default: false): Flag to set k-points manually at the pre-process mode

2. pre.ref

- nscf: File name of the *QE* nscf input file prepared by the user
- win: File name of the *Wannier90* input file prepared by the user

3. pre.output

- `nscf`: File name of the new *QE* `nscf` input file that is automatically generated based on `[pre.ref]nscf`
- `win`: File name of the new *Wannier90* input that is automatically generated based on `[pre.ref]win`

4.2 Output files

The details of the output files are explained.

4.2.1 Preprocess

- **`[pre.output]nscf`**
The *QE* input file having the name determined by `[pre.output]nscf` in `conf.toml`. This file is automatically made based on the reference file: `[pre.ref]nscf`.
- **`[pre.output]win`**
The *Wannier90* input file having the name determined by `[pre.output]win` in `conf.toml`. This file is automatically made based on the reference file: `[pre.ref]win`.
- **`dat.sample_mk`**
The intermediate file for making input files of *QE* and *Wannier90*, including k-points. The first line gives the total number of k-points. The next block gives k-points in terms of the reciprocal lattice vectors.
- **`dat.kg_respack`**
The intermediate file for making `dat.wan`, including G-vectors. This file consists of the number of blocks equal to the total number of k-points. The first line of each block gives the number of G-vectors. The remaining lines of each block give the G-vectors in terms of the reciprocal lattice vectors.
- **`LOG.mk`**
Log file.

4.2.2 Coreprocess

- **`dat.ns-nb`, `dat.umat`, `dat.wan`, `dat.wan-center`**
These files include information related to Wannier functions. The file format is the same as that of *RESPACK*. See *Relations between expressions and file names* for details.
- **`LOG.genwan`**
Log file.

ALGORITHM

In RESPACK, the i -th Wannier function is defined as

$$w_{i,0}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_k}} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{m=1}^{N_w} \sum_{n=N_s}^{N_s+N_b} U_{im}^{\mathbf{k}} U_{mn}^{\mathbf{k},opt} \psi_{nk}(\mathbf{r}) \quad (5.1)$$

Here, U and U^{opt} are unitary matrices, $\psi_{nk}(r)$ is the n -th Bloch wave function, and N_s and N_b are determined from the energy-window information. The Bloch wave function is defined as

$$\psi_{nk} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_k}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Omega}} \sum_{\mathbf{G}} C_{\mathbf{G}n}(\mathbf{k}) e^{i(\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}} \quad (5.2)$$

Here, $C_{\mathbf{G}n}$ is the expansion coefficient of the plane wave. By inserting this coefficient, the Wannier function is written as

$$w_{i,0}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{N_k} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{\mathbf{G}} \tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Omega}} e^{i(\mathbf{k}+\mathbf{G}) \cdot \mathbf{r}} \quad (5.3)$$

Here, $\tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k})$ is the expansion coefficient of the plane wave for the Wannier function:

$$\tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k}) = \sum_{m=1}^{N_w} \sum_{n=N_s}^{N_s+N_b} U_{im}^{\mathbf{k}} U_{mn}^{\mathbf{k},opt} C_{\mathbf{G}n} \quad (5.4)$$

Here, $U^{\mathbf{k},opt}$ is required at dielectric function calculation, and $\tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k})$ is required at Coulomb calculation. This program generates $\tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k})$ using $C_{\mathbf{G}n}$ made by QE and $U^{\mathbf{k}}, U^{\mathbf{k},opt}$ made by Wannier90.

K-points Order

RESPACK performs calculations based on the information at irreducible k-points ($\psi_{k \in irr}$). This is because the information at reducible k-points ($\psi_{k \in reducible}$) can be generated by symmetry. On the other hand, Wannier90 calculates $U^{\mathbf{k}}$, and so on, based on $\psi_{k \in reducible}$. The k-order of $\psi_{k \in reducible}$ used in Wannier90 must be the same as the k-order of $\psi_{k \in reducible}$ generated by the symmetry in RESPACK. In pre-process mode, an operation is performed to align the k-order.

5.1 Relations between expressions and file names

This program finally outputs the four files in the `dir-wan` directory. The expressions and the corresponding files are shown below:

- $\tilde{C}_{\mathbf{G}i}(\mathbf{k})$ — `dat.wan`
- N_s, N_b — `dat.ns-nb`
- $U^{\mathbf{k}} U^{\mathbf{k},opt}$ — `dat.umat`
- $\langle w_{i0} | r | w_{i0} \rangle$ — `dat.wan-center`

5.2 References

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- N. Marzari, A. A. Mostofi, J. R. Yates, I. Souza, and D. Vanderbilt, *Rev. Mod. Phys.* 84, 1419 (2012)

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