

# Gmail Management



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## GMAIL MANAGEMENT

Once you get a client, Remote Staff will provide you with a Gmail account that will have an ID under Remote Staff.

Upon receiving your Gmail account, it will be under the "@gmail.com" domain. You will be provided with an additional email under the "@remotestaff.com.ph" domain or your client's email domain.

### Important Reminders:

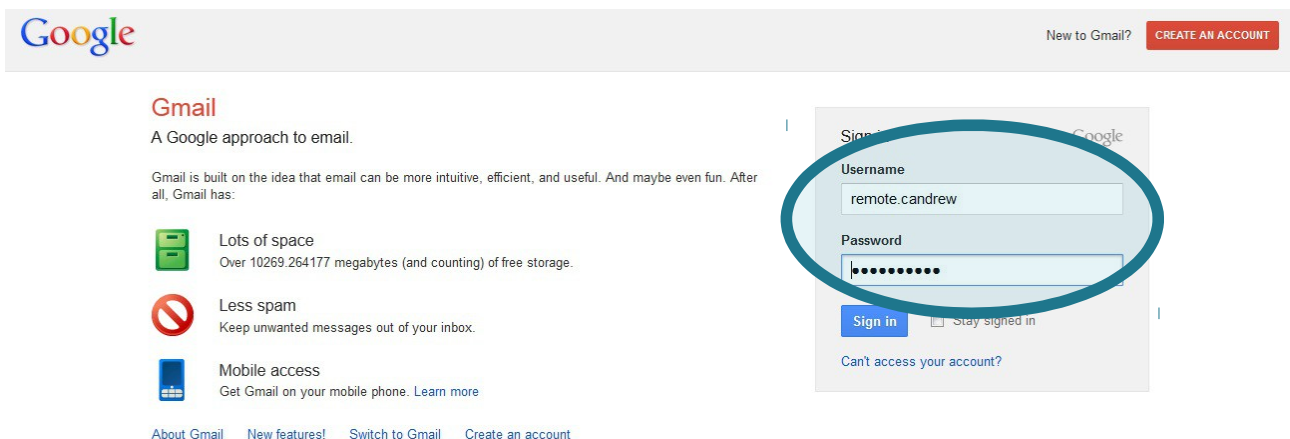
1. The Gmail account is only to be used for business purposes (anything related to your client and Remote Staff)
2. Using this Gmail account for personal email, social networking sites and others is prohibited.
3. Do not give this email out to your friends especially those who like spamming.
4. Practice proper email composition and sending at all times.
5. Tag Gmail for additional email named after your clients' company or Remote Staff.

Ex.

*yourname@remotestaff.com.au or yourname@biz.uk.org*

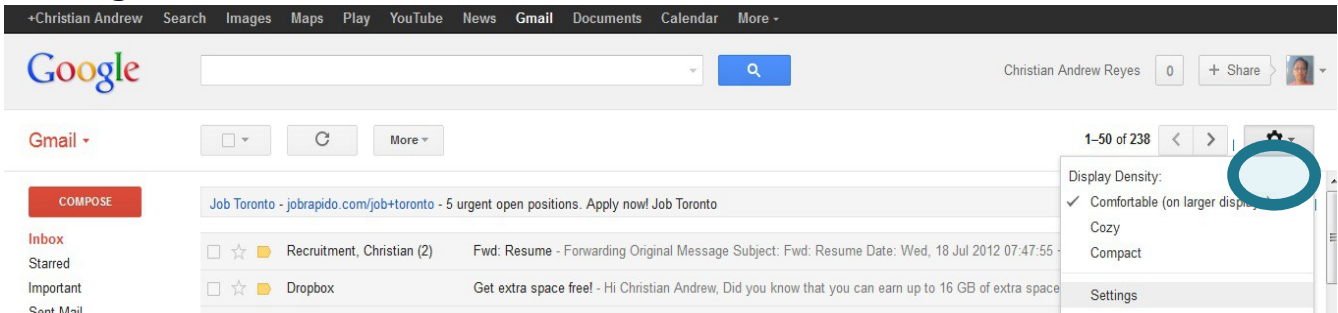


*Setting up additional email is required once you receive an email instruction to do this. You should not create any alias or sub-emails to be linked to your work account if not instructed.*

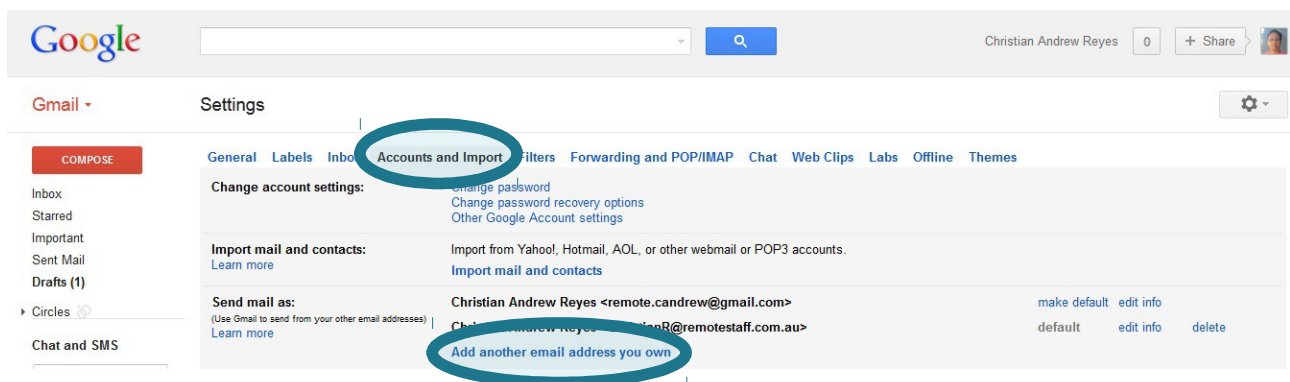


## How to set up Additional Email

Click on the gear icon below your Gmail profile name and picture then click on Settings.



Click on Accounts and Import then click on "Add another email address you own."

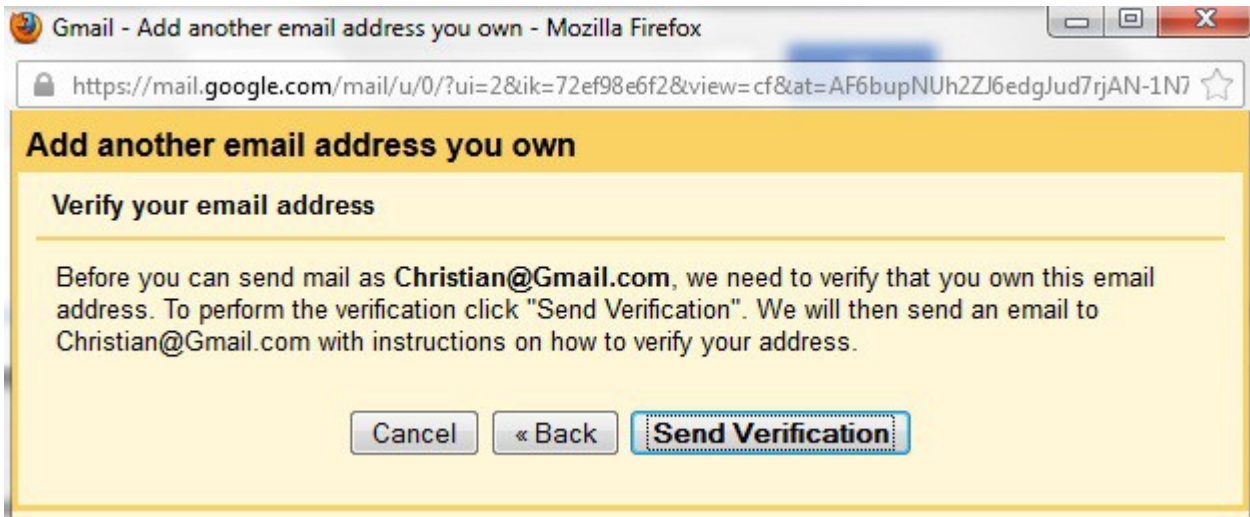


Key in the details of the new email/alias given to you then click "Next Step."

A screenshot of the 'Add another email address you own' form in a Mozilla Firefox browser window. The form has a yellow header and contains the following fields and options:

- Name:** Christian Andrew Reyes
- Email address:** [Empty text box]
- ☒ **Treat as an alias.** [Learn more](#)
- [Specify a different "reply-to" address](#) (optional)
- Buttons:** Cancel, Next Step »

You will now be asked to verify your new email address. Click on "Send Verification" and a verification code will be sent to your email. Just follow the steps in the email you will receive to have your new email address verified.



Note: The new assigned email will reflect under the original email on Send Mail as:

1. Additional email used
2. Set the Email as default

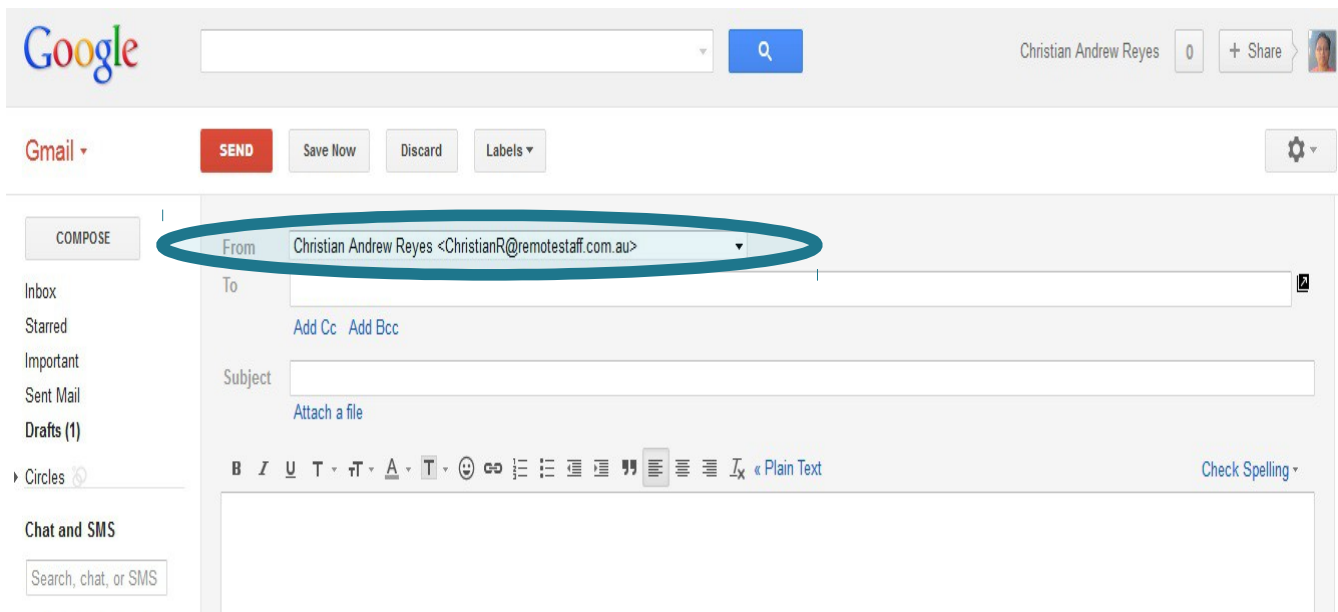
## Settings



General	Labels	Inbox	Accounts and Import	Filters	Forwarding and POP/IMAP	Chat	Web Clips	Labs	Offline	Themes						
Change account settings:			<a href="#">Change password</a> <a href="#">Change password recovery options</a> <a href="#">Other Google Account settings</a>													
Import mail and contacts:			Import from Yahoo!, Hotmail, AOL, or other webmail or POP3 accounts. <a href="#">Learn more</a> <a href="#">Import mail and contacts</a>													
Send mail as:			<table border="0"> <tr> <td>Christian Andrew Reyes &lt;remote.candrew@gmail.com&gt;</td> <td><a href="#">make default</a></td> <td><a href="#">edit info</a></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Christian Andrew Reyes &lt;ChristianR@remotestaff.com.au&gt;</td> <td><a href="#">default</a></td> <td><a href="#">edit info</a></td> </tr> </table>								Christian Andrew Reyes <remote.candrew@gmail.com>	<a href="#">make default</a>	<a href="#">edit info</a>	Christian Andrew Reyes <ChristianR@remotestaff.com.au>	<a href="#">default</a>	<a href="#">edit info</a>
Christian Andrew Reyes <remote.candrew@gmail.com>	<a href="#">make default</a>	<a href="#">edit info</a>														
Christian Andrew Reyes <ChristianR@remotestaff.com.au>	<a href="#">default</a>	<a href="#">edit info</a>														



The new email will also reflect when sending an email. When you compose a message.



Note: There is no place in the web where you can open the additional email. It only acts like an alias. All the messages sent to that additional email are sent to your Gmail mailbox.



*It would be advisable to use your email with an email application for faster email response. Ex: Mozilla Thunderbird, Outlook Express or Mac email application. You may need to configure the outgoing settings to send your mail with the reply alias you would need.*





## EMAIL ETIQUETTE

### 1. Be concise and to the point.

Do not make an e-mail longer than it needs to be. Remember that reading an e-mail is harder than reading printed communications and a long e-mail can be very discouraging to read.

### 2. Answer all questions, and pre-empt further questions.

An email reply must answer all questions, and pre-empt further questions – If you do not answer all the questions in the original email, you will receive further e-mails regarding the unanswered questions, which will not only waste your time and your customer's time but also cause considerable frustration. Moreover, if you are able to pre-empt relevant questions, your customer will be grateful and impressed with your efficient and thoughtful customer service. Imagine for instance that a customer sends you an email asking which credit cards you accept. Instead of just listing the credit card types, you can guess that their next question will be about how they can order, so you also include some order information and a URL to your order page. Customers will definitely appreciate this.

### 3. Use proper spelling, grammar & punctuation.

This is not only important because improper spelling, grammar and punctuation give a bad impression of your company, it is also important for conveying the message properly. E-mails with no full stops or commas are difficult to read and can sometimes even change the meaning of the text. And, if your program has a spell checking option, why not use it?

### 4. Make it personal.

Not only should the e-mail be personally addressed, it should also include personal i.e. customized content. For this reason auto replies are usually not very effective. However, templates can be used effectively in this way, see next tip.

### 5. Use templates for frequently used responses.

Some questions you get over and over again, such as directions to your office or how to subscribe to your newsletter. Save these texts as response templates and paste these into your message when you need them. You can save your templates in a Word document, or use pre-formatted emails. Even better is a tool such as [ReplyMate for Outlook](#) (allows you to use 10 templates for free).

### 6. Answer swiftly.

Customers send an e-mail because they wish to receive a quick response. If they did not want a quick response they would send a letter or a fax. Therefore, each e-mail should be replied to within at least 24 hours, and preferably within the same working day. If the email is complicated, just send an email back saying that you have received it and that you will get back to them. This will put the customer's mind at rest and usually customers will then be very patient!

### 7. Do not attach unnecessary files.

By sending large attachments you can annoy customers and even bring down their e-mail system. Wherever possible try to compress attachments and only send attachments when they are productive. Moreover, you need to have a good virus scanner in place since your customers will not be very happy if you send them documents full of viruses!

### 8. Use proper structure & layout.

Since reading from a screen is more difficult than reading from paper, the structure and lay out is very important for e-mail messages. Use short paragraphs and blank lines between each paragraph. When making points, number them or mark each point as separate to keep the overview.



### **9. Do not overuse the high priority option.**

We all know the story of the boy who cried wolf. If you overuse the high priority option, it will lose its function when you really need it. Moreover, even if a mail has high priority, your message will come across as slightly aggressive if you flag it as 'high priority'.

### **10. Do not write in CAPITALS.**

IF YOU WRITE IN CAPITALS IT SEEMS AS IF YOU ARE SHOUTING. This can be highly annoying and might trigger an unwanted response in the form of a flame mail. Therefore, try not to send any email text in capitals.

### **11. Don't leave out the message thread.**

When you reply to an email, you must include the original mail in your reply, in other words click 'Reply', instead of 'New Mail'. Some people say that you must remove the previous message since this has already been sent and is therefore unnecessary. However, I could not agree less. If you receive many emails you obviously cannot remember each individual email. This means that a 'threadless email' will not provide enough information and you will have to spend a frustratingly long time to find out the context of the email in order to deal with it. Leaving the thread might take a fraction longer in download time, but it will save the recipient much more time and frustration in looking for the related emails in their inbox!

### **12. Add disclaimers to your emails.**

It is important to add disclaimers to your internal and external mails, since this can help protect your company from liability. Consider the following scenario: an employee accidentally forwards a virus to a customer by email. The customer decides to sue your company for damages. If you add a disclaimer at the bottom of every external mail, saying that the recipient must check each email for viruses and that it cannot be held liable for any transmitted viruses, this will surely be of help to you in court (read more about [email disclaimers](#)). Another example: an employee sues the company for allowing a racist email to circulate the office. If your company has an [email policy](#) in place and adds an email disclaimer to every mail that states that employees are expressly required not to make defamatory statements, you have a good case of proving that the company did everything it could to prevent offensive emails.

### **13. Read the email before you send it.**

A lot of people don't bother to read an email before they send it out, as can be seen from the many spelling and grammar mistakes contained in emails. Apart from this, reading your email through the eyes of the recipient will help you send a more effective message and avoid misunderstandings and inappropriate comments.

### **14. Do not overuse Reply to All.**

Only use Reply to All if you really need your message to be seen by each person who received the original message.

### **15. Mailings > use the Bcc: field or do a mail merge.**

When sending an email mailing, some people place all the email addresses in the To: field. There are two drawbacks to this practice: (1) the recipient knows that you have sent the same message to a large number of recipients, and (2) you are publicizing someone else's email address without their permission. One way to get round this is to place all addresses in the Bcc: field. However, the recipient will only see the address from the To: field in their email, so if this was empty, the To: field will be blank and this might look like spamming. You could include the mailing list email address in the To: field, or even better, if you have Microsoft Outlook and Word you can do a mail merge and create one message for each recipient. A mail merge also allows you to use fields in the message so that you can for instance address each recipient personally. For more information on how to do a Word mail merge, consult the Help in Word.

### **16. Take care with abbreviations and emoticons.**

In business emails, try not to use abbreviations such as BTW (by the way) and LOL (laugh out loud). The recipient might not be aware of the meanings of the abbreviations and in business emails these are generally not appropriate. The same goes for emoticons, such as the smiley :-). If you are not sure whether your recipient knows what it means, it is better not to use it.

### **17. Be careful with formatting.**

Remember that when you use formatting in your emails, the sender might not be able to view formatting, or might see different fonts than you had intended. When using colors, use a color that is easy to read on the background.

### **18. Take care with rich text and HTML messages.**

Be aware that when you send an email in rich text or HTML format, the sender might only be able to receive plain text emails. If this is the case, the recipient will receive your message as a .txt attachment. Most email clients however, including Microsoft Outlook, are able to receive HTML and rich text messages.

### **19. Do not forward chain letters.**

Do not forward chain letters. We can safely say that all of them are hoaxes. Just delete the letters as soon as you receive them.

### **20. Do not request delivery and read receipts.**

This will almost always annoy your recipient before he or she has even read your message. Besides, it usually does not work anyway since the recipient could have blocked that function, or his/her software might not support it, so what is the use of using it? If you want to know whether an email was received it is better to ask the recipient to let you know if it was received.

### **21. Do not ask to recall a message.**

Biggest chances are that your message has already been delivered and read. A recall request would look very silly in that case wouldn't it? It is better just to send an email to say that you have made a mistake. This will look much more honest than trying to recall a message.

### **22. Do not copy a message or attachment without permission.**

Do not copy a message or attachment belonging to another user without permission of the originator. If you do not ask permission first, you might be infringing on copyright laws.

### **23. Do not use email to discuss confidential information.**

Sending an email is like sending a postcard. If you don't want your email to be displayed on a bulletin board, don't send it. Moreover, never make any libelous, sexist or racially discriminating comments in emails, even if they are meant to be a joke.

### **24. Use a meaningful subject.**

Try to use a subject that is meaningful to the recipient as well as yourself. For instance, when you send an email to a company requesting information about a product, it is better to mention the actual name of the product, e.g. 'Product A information' than to just say 'product information' or the company's name in the subject.

### **25. Use active instead of passive.**

Try to use the active voice of a verb wherever possible. For instance, 'We will process your order today', sounds better than 'Your order will be processed today'. The first sounds more personal, whereas the latter, especially when used frequently, sounds unnecessarily formal.

### **26. Avoid using URGENT and IMPORTANT.**

Even more so than the high-priority option, you must at all times try to avoid these types of words in an email or subject line. Only use this if it is a really, really urgent or important message.

### **27. Avoid long sentences.**

Try to keep your sentences to a maximum of 15-20 words. Email is meant to be a quick medium and requires a different kind of writing than letters. Also take care not to send emails that are too long. If a person receives an email that looks like a dissertation, chances are that they will not even attempt to read it!

### **28. Don't send or forward emails containing libelous, defamatory, offensive, racist or obscene remarks.**

By sending or even just forwarding one libelous, or offensive remark in an email, you and your company can face court cases resulting in multi-million dollar penalties.

### **29. Don't forward virus hoaxes and chain letters.**

If you receive an email message warning you of a new unstoppable virus that will immediately delete everything from your computer, this is most probably a hoax. By forwarding hoaxes you use valuable bandwidth and sometimes virus hoaxes contain viruses themselves, by attaching a so-called file that will stop the dangerous virus. The same goes for chain letters that promise incredible riches or ask your help for a charitable cause. Even if the content seems to be bona fide, the senders are usually not. Since it is impossible to find out whether a chain letter is real or not, the best place for it is the recycle bin.

### **30. Keep your language gender neutral.**

In this day and age, avoid using sexist language such as: 'The user should add a signature by configuring his email program'. Apart from using he/she, you can also use the neutral gender: 'The user should add a signature by configuring the email program'.

### **31. Don't reply to spam.**

By replying to spam or by unsubscribing, you are confirming that your email address is 'live'. Confirming this will only generate even more spam. Therefore, just hit the delete button or use email software to remove spam automatically.

**32. Use cc: field sparingly.**

Try not to use the cc: field unless the recipient in the cc: field knows why they are receiving a copy of the message. Using the cc: field can be confusing since the recipients might not know who is supposed to act on the message. Also, when responding to a cc: message, should you include the other recipient in the cc: field as well? This will depend on the situation. In general, do not include the person in the cc: field unless you have a particular reason for wanting this person to see your response. Again, make sure that this person will know why they are receiving a copy.

Revision History:

August 2012

Christian Andrew Reyes