



Concurrency



- For performance
 - Dividing a large amount of work into independent chunks to be run in parallel
- For responsiveness
 - Keep program responsive while long-running tasks are blocked in the background
- Asynchronous code
 - Runs in parallel
- Synchronous / Synchronized code
 - Runs in sequence





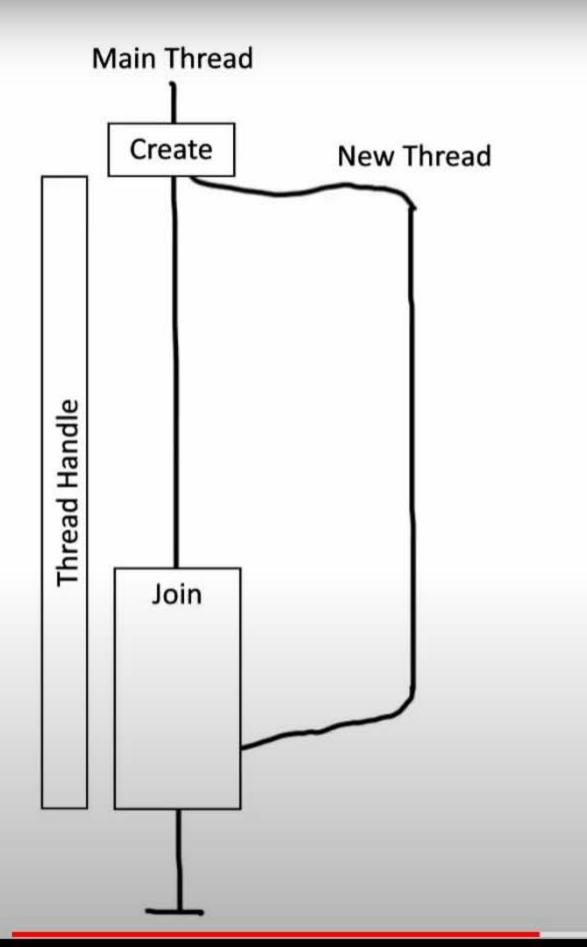
Threads

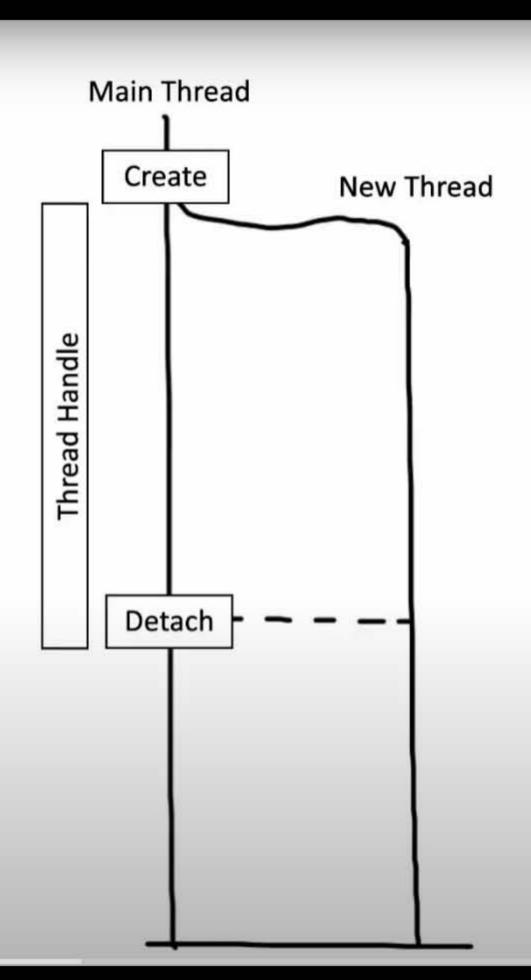


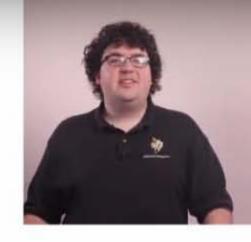
- A thread is an execution context.
- Each thread tracks its own
 - Path through the code
 - Stack memory for local variables
- All threads in a single program can access all of that program's memory













Other tools / topics

- std::atomic
- std::mutex & std::lock_guard
- Condition variables
- Thread-safe objects