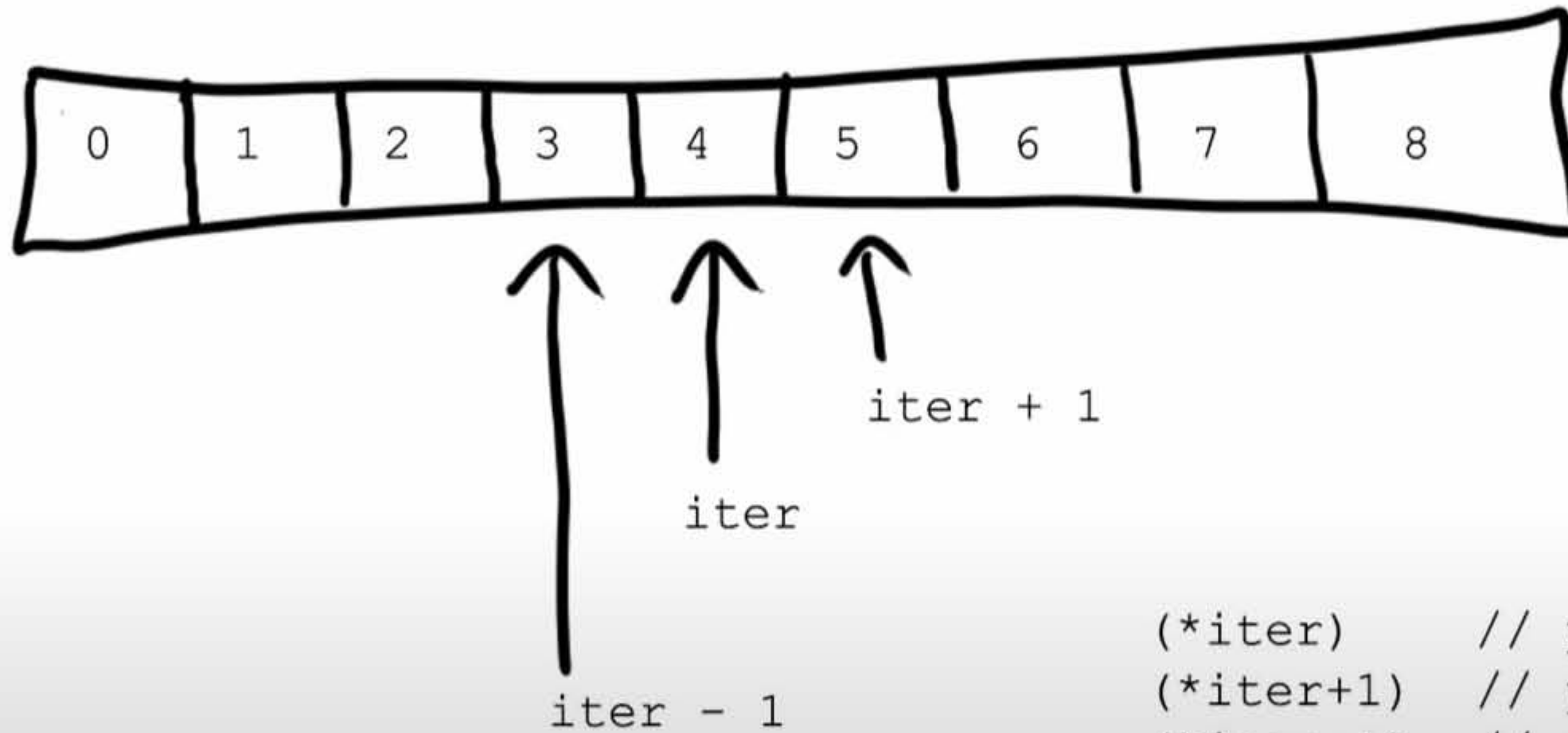


# Iterators



```
(*iter)      // yields 4  
(*iter+1)    // yields 5  
(*iter-1)    // yields 3
```

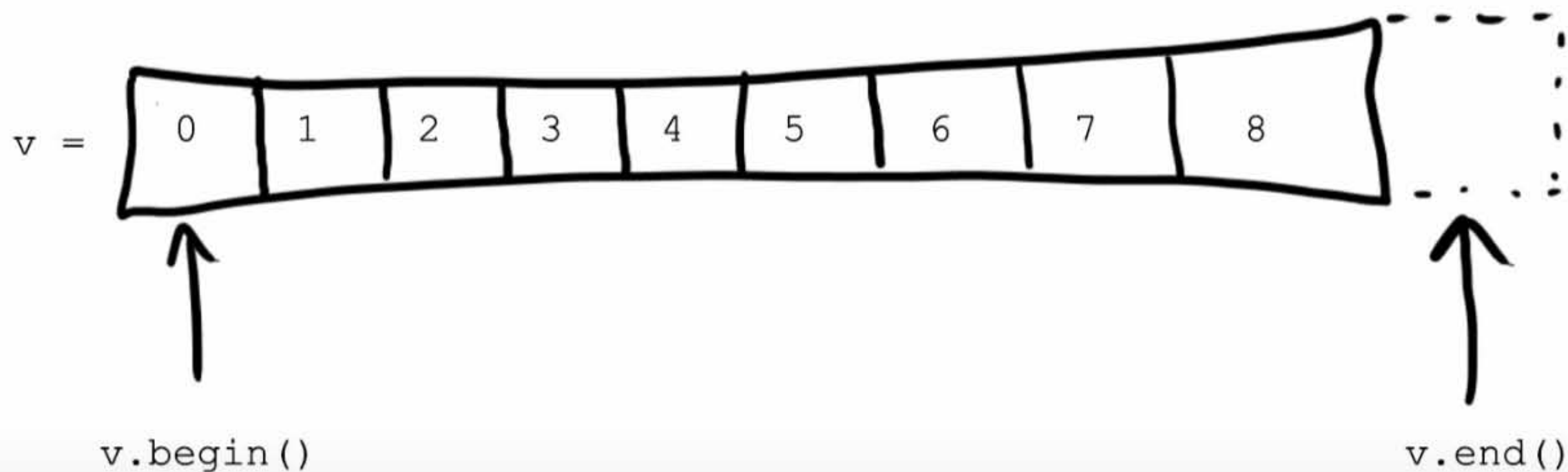
Iterator category					Defined operations
LegacyContiguousIterator	LegacyRandomAccessIterator	LegacyBidirectionalIterator	LegacyForwardIterator	LegacyInputIterator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• read</li><li>• increment (without multiple passes)</li></ul>
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• increment (with multiple passes)</li></ul>
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• decrement</li></ul>
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• random access</li></ul>
					<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• contiguous storage</li></ul>
Iterators that fall into one of the above categories and also meet the requirements of LegacyOutputIterator are called mutable iterators.					
LegacyOutputIterator					<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• write</li><li>• increment (without multiple passes)</li></ul>

Note: *LegacyContiguousIterator* category was only formally specified in C++17, but the iterators of `std::vector`, `std::basic_string`, `std::array`, and `std::valarray`, as well as pointers into C arrays are often treated as a separate category in pre-C++17 code.

<https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/iterator>



# Getting iterators from containers



```
// Get read-only iterators  
v.cbegin()  
v.cend()
```

```
// Get reverse iterators  
v.rbegin()  
v.rend()
```

# Special Iterator Types



- Defined in the `<iterator>` header
- "Inserter Iterators"
  - Writable iterators which add elements to the range when written to.





# 105 STL ALGORITHMS IN LESS THAN AN HOUR

## Agenda

Brief chat about STL algorithms

**The STL algorithms themselves**

@JoBoccara

cppcon | 2020  
THE C++ CONFERENCE • BELLEVUE, WA



JONATHAN BOCCARA

105 STL Algorithms in  
Less Than an Hour

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2olsGf6JlKU>



```
std::vector<Card> GenerateDeck() {  
    std::vector<Card> deck;  
    std::array<int, 13> values;  
    std::iota(values.begin(), values.end(), 1);  
    std::array<Suit, 4> suits = {Clubs, Diamonds, Hearts, Spades};  
    for(const auto suit : suits) {  
        std::transform(values.begin(), values.end(), std::back_inserter(deck), [suit](const auto value){  
            return Card{suit, value};  
        });  
    }  
    return deck;  
}
```



# outer\_product

