# Package 'sleepr'

## November 12, 2017

Title Analyse Activity and Sleep Behaviour
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<b>Description</b> Use behavioural variables to score activity and infer sleep from bouts of immobility.
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bout\_analysis

bout\_analysis

Find "bouts" in categorical time series

## **Description**

This function is used to find contiguous regions of unique value in a – potentially irregular/heterogeneous – univariate categorical time series.

## Usage

```
bout_analysis(var, data)
```

#### **Arguments**

var name of the variable to use from data

data data.table containing behavioural variable from or one multiple animals. When

it has a key, unique values, are assumed to represent unique inviduals (e.g. in a behavr table). Otherwise, it analysis the data as comming from a single animal.

data must have a column t representing time.

## Value

an object of the same type as data (i.e. data.table::data.table or behavr::behavr). Each row is a specific bout characterised by three columns.

- t its *onset*
- duration its length
- <var> a column with the same name as var. The value of var for this bout.

## See Also

todo

## **Examples**

#TODO

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motion\_detectors

Motion detector for Ethocope data

#### Description

Defines whether a single animal is moving according to:

#### Usage

```
max_velocity_detector(data, time_window_length,
    velocity_correction_coef = 0.003, masking_duration = 6)
max_velocity_detector_legacy(data, velocity_threshold = 0.006)
virtual_beam_cross_detector(data, time_window_length)
```

## **Arguments**

data

data.table::data.table containing behavioural variables of *a single animal* (no id). It must have the columns xy\_dist\_log10x1000(for computing subpixel velocity), x(beam cross), t and has\_interacted (whether a stimulus was delivered).

time\_window\_length

number of seconds to be used by the motion classifier. This corresponds to the sampling period of the output data.

velocity\_correction\_coef

an empirical coefficient to correct velocity with respect to variable framerate.

masking\_duration

number of second during which any movement is ignored (velocity is set to 0) after a stimulus is delivered (aka interaction).

velocity\_threshold

uncorrected velocity above which an animal is classified as 'moving' (for the legacy version).

#### **Details**

- Validated and corrected subpixel velocity (max\_velocity\_detector), the most rigorous
- Uncorrected subpixel velocity (max\_velocity\_detector\_legacy)
- Crossing a virtual beam in the middle of the region of interest (virtual\_beam\_cross\_detector)

max\_velocity\_detector is the default movement classification for real-time ethoscope experiments. It is benchmarked against human-generated ground truth.

These functions are rarely called directly, but typically used is in the context of sleep\_annotation.

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#### Value

an object of the same type as data (i.e. data.table::data.table or behavr::behavr) with additional columns:

- moving Logical, TRUE iff. motion was detected.
- beam\_crosses The number of beam crosses (when the animal crosses x = 0.5 that is the midpoint of the region of interest) within the time window
- max\_velocity The maximal velocity within the time window. The resulting data is sampled at a period equals to time\_window\_length.

#### See Also

**TODO** 

• sleep\_annotation – which requieres a motion detector

sleep\_annotation

Score sleep behaviour from immobility

#### Description

This function first uses a motion classifier to decide whether an animal is moving during a given time window. Then, it defines sleep as contiguous immobility for a minimal duration.

#### Usage

```
sleep_annotation(data, time_window_length = 10, min_time_immobile = 300,
   motion_detector_FUN = max_velocity_detector, ...)
sleep_dam_annotation(data, time_window_length = 60, min_time_immobile = 300)
```

## **Arguments**

data

data.table containing behavioural variable from or one multiple animals. When it has a key, unique values, are assumed to represent unique inviduals (e.g. in a behavr table). Otherwise, it analysis the data as comming from a single animal. data must have a column t representing time.

time\_window\_length

number of seconds to be used by the motion classifier. This corresponds to the sampling period of the output data.

min\_time\_immobile

Minimal duration (in s) of a sleep bout. Immobility bouts longer or equal to this value are considered as sleep.

motion\_detector\_FUN

function used to classify movement

... extra arguments to be passed to motion\_classifier\_FUN.

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## **Details**

The default time\_window\_length is 300 seconds also known as the "5 minute rule". sleep\_annotation is typically used for ethoscope data, whilst sleep\_dam\_annotation only works on DAM2 data. These functions are *rarely used directly*, but rather passed as an argument to a data loading function, so that analysis can be performed on the go.

## Value

a behavr table similar to data with additional variables/annotations (i.e. moving and asleep). The resulting data will only have one data point every time\_window\_length seconds.

## See Also

- motion\_detectors options for the motion\_detector\_FUN argument
- bout\_analysis to further analyse sleep bouts in terms of onset and length

## **Examples**

#todo

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