

**690 SMC R EU
690 SMC R AUS/UK**

Art. no. 3206126en



KTM

INTRODUCTION

1

Read this repair manual carefully and thoroughly before beginning work.

This vehicle can only fulfill the demands placed on it in the long run if the specified service work is performed regularly by qualified experts.

The repair manual was written to correspond to the most current state of this model series. We reserve the right to make changes in the interest of technical advancement without, at the same time, updating this repair manual.

We shall not provide a description of general workshop methods. Likewise, safety rules that apply in a workshop are not specified here. It is assumed that repair work will be performed by a fully trained mechanic.

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KTM-Sportmotorcycle AG

5230 Mattighofen, Austria

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1 MEANS OF REPRESENTATION

5

1.1 Symbols used

The meaning of specific symbols is described below.

	Indicates an expected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).
	Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).
	Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page).
	Indicates information with more details or tips.
	Indicates the result of a testing step.
	Denotes a voltage measurement.
	Denotes a current measurement.
	Denotes a resistance measurement.

1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

Proprietary name	Identifies a proprietary name.
Name®	Identifies a protected name.
Brand™	Identifies a trademark.

2 SAFETY ADVICE

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2.1 Repair Manual

Read this Repair Manual carefully and thoroughly before beginning work. It contains useful information and tips that will help you repair and maintain your vehicle.

This manual assumes that the necessary special KTM tools and KTM workplace and workshop equipment are available.

2.2 Safety advice

A number of safety instructions need to be followed to operate the vehicle safely. Therefore, read this manual carefully. The safety instructions are highlighted in the text and are referred to at the relevant passages.



Info

The vehicle has various information and warning labels at prominent locations. Do not remove information/warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

2.3 Degrees of risk and symbols



Danger

Identifies a danger that will immediately and invariably lead to fatal or serious permanent injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Warning

Identifies a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Caution

Identifies a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

Note

Identifies a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.



Warning

Identifies a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

2.4 Work rules

Special tools are necessary for certain tasks. The tools are not contained in the vehicle but can be ordered under the number in parentheses. E.g.: bearing puller (15112017000)

During assembly, non-reusable parts (e.g. self-locking screws and nuts, seals and seal rings, O-rings, pins, lock washers) must be replaced by new parts.

In some instances, a thread locker (e.g. **Loctite®**) is required. The manufacturer instructions for use must be followed.

After disassembly, clean the parts that are to be reused and check them for damage and wear. Change damaged or worn parts.

After you complete the repair or service work, check the operating safety of the vehicle.

3 **IMPORTANT NOTES**

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3.1 Guarantee, warranty

The work prescribed in the service schedule must be carried out by an authorized KTM workshop only and confirmed in the customer's Service & Warranty Booklet and in the **KTM dealer.net**; otherwise, all warranty claims will be void. No warranty claims can be considered for damage resulting from manipulations and/or alterations to the vehicle.

Additional information on the guarantee or warranty and the procedures involved can be found in the Service & Warranty Booklet.

3.2 Operating and auxiliary substances



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to get into the ground water, the ground, or the sewage system.

Use the operating and auxiliary substances (such as fuel and lubricants) as specified in the manual.

3.3 Spare parts, accessories

Only use spare parts and accessories approved and/or recommended by KTM. KTM accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss.

The current **KTM PowerParts** for your vehicle can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: <http://www.ktm.com>

3.4 Figures

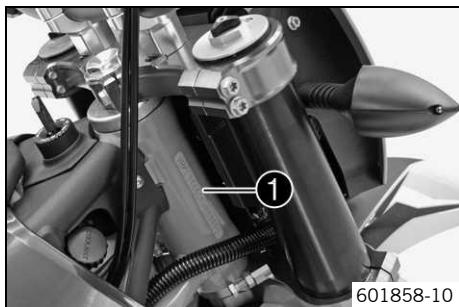
The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

4 SERIAL NUMBERS

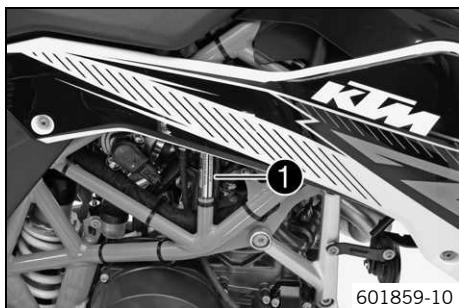
8

4.1 Chassis number



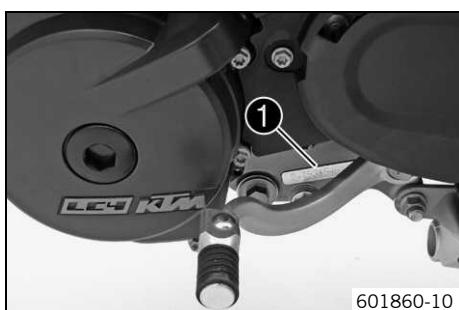
The chassis number ① is stamped on the steering head on the right.

4.2 Type label



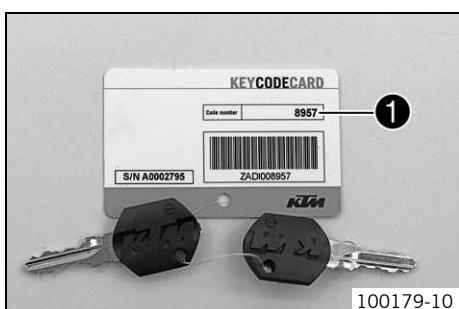
The type label ① is located on the right side of the frame.

4.3 Engine number



The engine number ① is stamped on the left side of the engine under the engine sprocket.

4.4 Key number



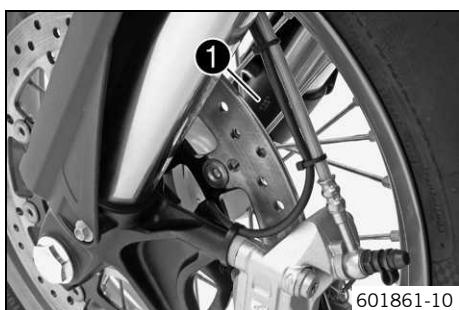
The key number ① can be found on the **KEYCODECARD**.



Info

You need the key number to order a spare key. Keep the **KEYCODECARD** in a safe place.

4.5 Fork part number



The fork part number ① is stamped on the inner side of the fork stub.

4.6 Shock absorber part number



The shock absorber part number ① is on the left of the shock absorber.

601862-10

5.1 Raising the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Insert the adapter into the rear wheel stand and screw into the swingarm on both sides.
 - Adapter (61029055110) (☞ p. 213)
 - Rear wheel stand (61029055400) (☞ p. 213)
- Position the motorcycle upright, align the stand and raise the motorcycle.

5.2 Taking the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.
- Remove the rear wheel stand and lean the vehicle on the side stand.

5.3 Raising the motorcycle with the front wheel stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.

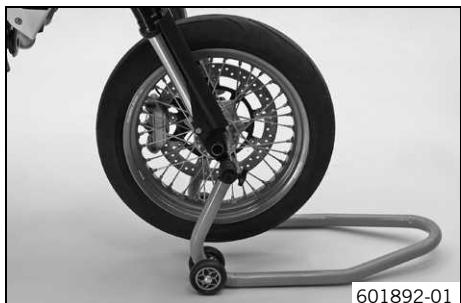
Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

Main work

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Align the front wheel stand with the fork legs using the adapters.

Front wheel stand (61029055300) (☞ p. 213)



Info

Always raise the rear of the motorcycle first.

- Raise the front of the motorcycle.

5.4 Taking the motorcycle off of the front wheel stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.
- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.
- Remove the front wheel stand.

5.5 Raising the motorcycle with a lift stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Stand the motorcycle upright on a level surface.
- Raise the motorcycle in the area of the footrest bracket.
- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

5.6 Removing the motorcycle from the lift stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand and rest it on its side stand.
- Remove the lift stand.

5.7 Raising the motorcycle with the work stand

Note

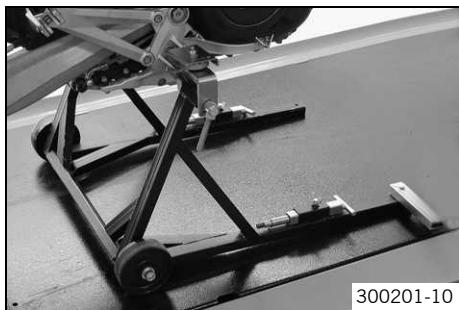
Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Mount the special tool on the footrest.

Work stand adapter (75029036000) (☞ p. 215)



- Position the motorcycle upright, align the special tool and raise the motorcycle.

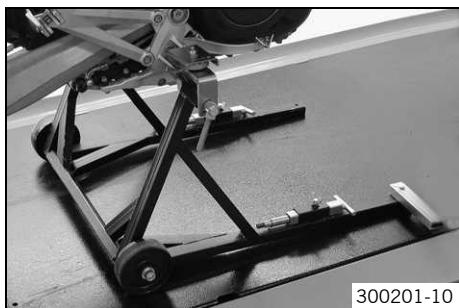
Work stand (62529055000) (☞ p. 214)

5.8 Removing the motorcycle from the work stand

Note

Danger of damage The parked vehicle may roll away or fall over.

- Always place the vehicle on a firm and even surface.



- Secure the motorcycle against falling over.
- Remove the work stand and lean the vehicle on the side stand.



- Remove the special tool.

5.9 Starting



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.



Caution

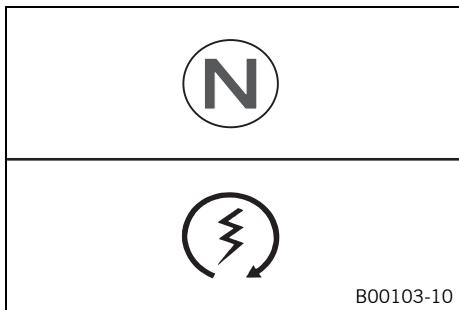
Danger of accidents If the vehicle is operated with a discharged battery or without a battery, electronic components and safety equipment may be damaged.

- Never operate the vehicle with a discharged battery or without a battery.

Note

Engine failure High engine speeds in cold engines have a negative effect on the service life of the engine.

- Always warm up the engine at low engine speeds.



- Turn the emergency OFF switch to the position .
- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON** .
- ✓ After you switch on the ignition, you can hear the fuel pump working for about two seconds. The function check of the combination instrument is run at the same time.
- Shift gear to neutral.
- ✓ The green idling speed indicator lamp **N** lights up.
- Press the electric starter button .

**Info**

Do not press the electric starter button until the combination instrument function check is finished.

When starting, **DO NOT** open the throttle. If you open the throttle during the starting procedure, fuel is not injected by the engine management system and the engine cannot start.

Press the starter for a maximum of 5 seconds. Wait for at least 5 seconds before trying again.

This motorcycle is equipped with a safety starting system. You can only start the engine if the transmission is in neutral or if the clutch lever is pulled when a gear is engaged. If the side stand is folded out and you shift into gear and release the clutch lever, the engine stops.

- Take the weight off the side stand and swing it back up with your foot as far as it will go.

5.10 Starting the motorcycle to make checks

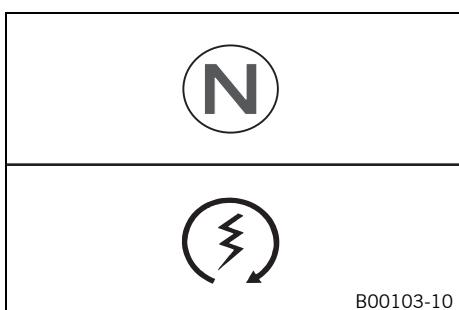
**Danger**

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

**Info**

Press the starter for a maximum of 5 seconds. Wait for at least 5 seconds before trying again.



- Turn the emergency OFF switch to the position .
- Shift gear to neutral.
- Switch on the ignition.
- Press the electric starter button .

**Info**

Do not open the throttle.

6.1 Adjusting the compression damping of the fork



Info

The hydraulic compression damping determines the fork suspension behavior.



601886-10

- Turn adjusting screws 1 clockwise all the way.



Info

The adjusting screws are located at the bottom end of the fork legs.
Make the same adjustment on both fork legs.

- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
Guideline

Compression damping

Comfort	25 clicks
Standard	20 clicks
Sport	15 clicks
Full load capacity	15 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

6.2 Adjusting the rebound damping of the fork



Info

The hydraulic rebound damping determines the fork rebound behavior.



601877-10

- Turn adjusting screws 1 clockwise all the way.



Info

The adjusting screws are located at the top end of the fork legs.
Make the same adjustment on both fork legs.

- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork type.
Guideline

Rebound damping

Comfort	20 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	10 clicks
Full load capacity	10 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

6.3 Bleeding the fork legs

Preparatory work

- Lean the motorcycle on the side stand.

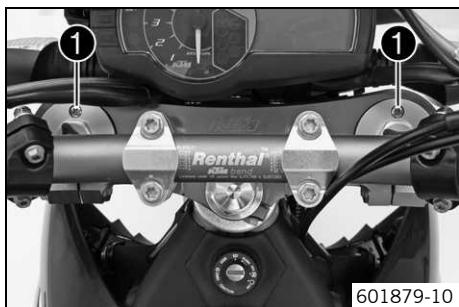
Main work

- Briefly loosen bleeder screws 1.
✓ Any excess pressure escapes from the interior of the fork.
- Mount and tighten bleeder screws.



Info

Carry out this action on both fork legs.



601879-10

6.4 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Remove the fork protector. (☞ p. 15)

Main work

- Push dust boots 1 on both fork legs downward.



Info

The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can penetrate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the oil seals behind the dust boots can start to leak.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.

- Clean and oil the dust boots and inside fork tube of both fork legs.

Universal oil spray (☞ p. 209)

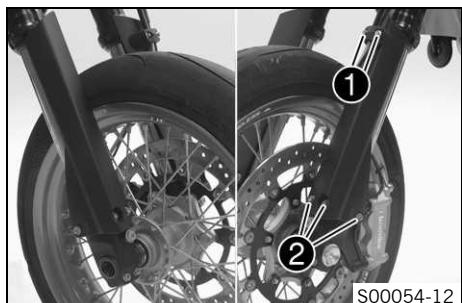
- Push the dust boots back into their normal position.

- Remove excess oil.

Finishing work

- Install the fork protector. (☞ p. 15)
- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (☞ p. 11)

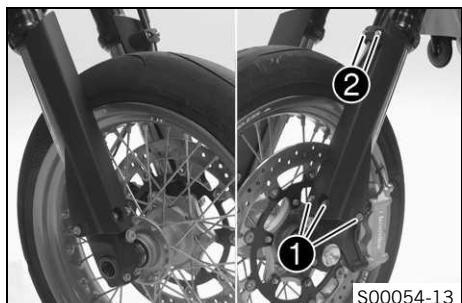
6.5 Removing the fork protector



S00054-12

- Remove screws 1 and take off clamp.
- Remove screws 2 on left fork leg. Remove the fork protector.
- Remove the screws on the right fork leg. Remove the fork protector.

6.6 Installing the fork protector



S00054-13

- Position the fork protection on the left fork leg. Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

- Position the brake line and cable harness. Put the clamp on, mount and tighten screws 2.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

- Position the fork protection on the right fork leg. Mount and tighten the screws.

6.7 Removing fork legs

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Tie the rear of the vehicle down.

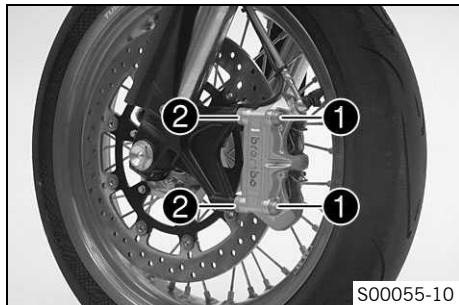
Main work

- Remove screws ① and spacers ②.
- Press back the brake linings with a light lateral tilting of the brake caliper on the brake disc. Carefully pull the brake caliper backwards from the brake disc.

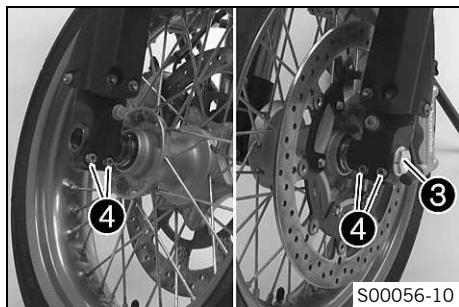


Info

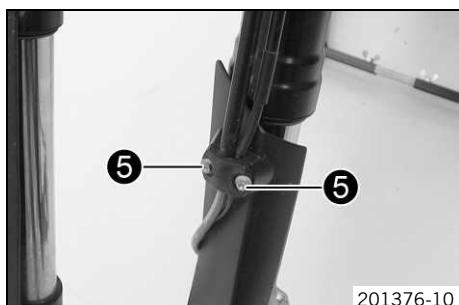
Do not pull the handbrake lever when the brake caliper is removed.



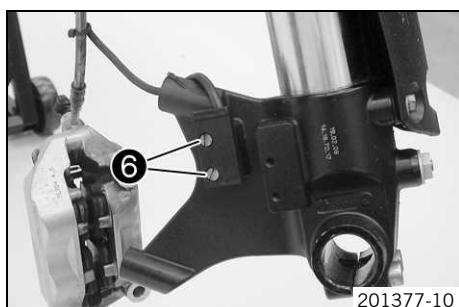
S00055-10



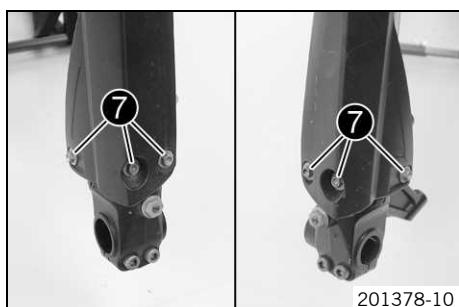
S00056-10



201376-10



201377-10



201378-10

Warning

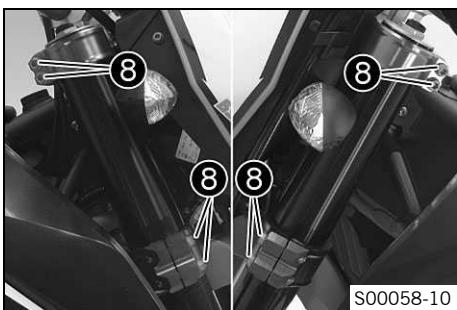
Danger of accidents Reduced braking effect caused by damaged brake discs.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake discs are not damaged.

- Holding the front wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.
- Remove screws ⑤ and the clamp. Take the brake line and wiring harness out of the holder.

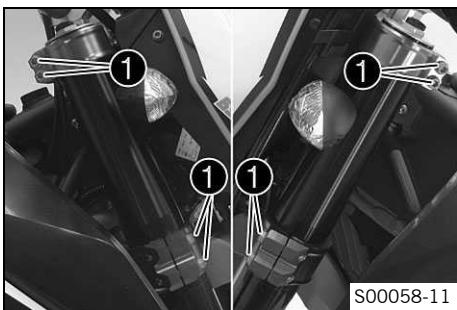
- Remove the screws of the wheel speed sensor ⑥. Hang the wheel speed sensor to one side.

- Remove screws ⑦. Take off the fork protector.



- Loosen the screws ⑧ of the triple clamp. Remove the fork legs from the bottom.

6.8 Installing the fork legs



- Slide the fork legs into the triple clamps on both sides.

i Info

The bleeder screws must face forwards.

The topmost milled groove in the fork leg must be flush with the top edge of the upper triple clamp.

The upper fork projection must be the same on both sides.

- Tighten screws ① on both sides.

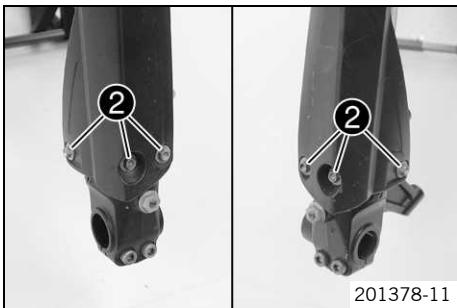
Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)

- Position the fork protection. Mount and tighten screws ②.

Guideline

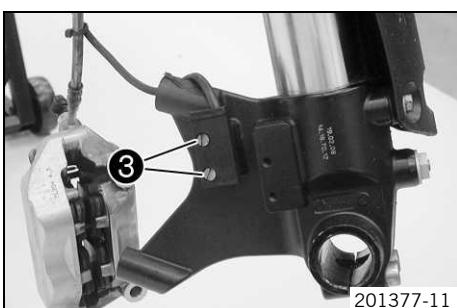
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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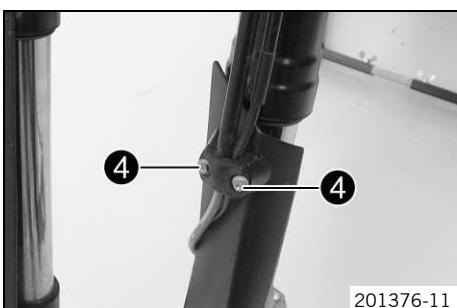
- Position the wheel speed sensor. Mount and tighten screws ③.

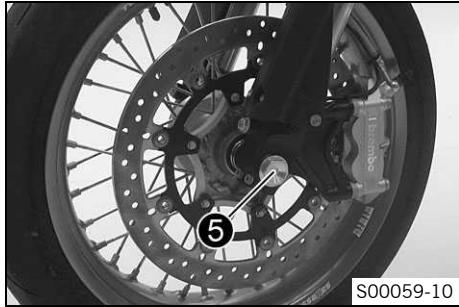
Guideline

Screw, wheel speed sensor	M4	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
---------------------------	----	----------------------	---------------



- Position the brake line, wiring harness and clamp.
- Mount and tighten screws ④.





S00059-10



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.

- Clean screw 5 and the wheel spindle.
- Position the front wheel and insert the wheel spindle.
- ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount and tighten screw 5.

Guideline

Screw, front wheel spindle	M24x1.5	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
----------------------------	---------	------------------------

- Position the brake caliper and check that the brake linings are seated correctly.
- Mount screws 6 spacers 7 but do not tighten.
- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings lie on the brake disc and there is a pressure point. Fix the hand brake lever in the activated position.
- ✓ The brake caliper straightens.
- Fully tighten screw 6.

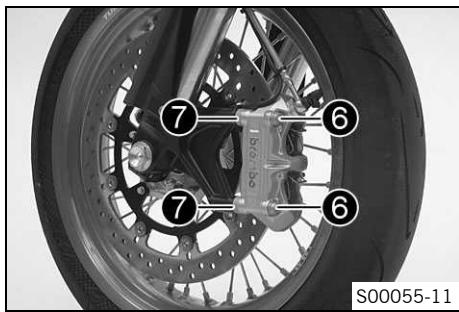
Guideline

Screw, front brake caliper	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
----------------------------	----------	------------------------	---------------

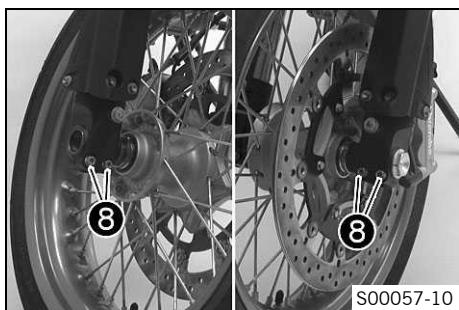
- Remove the fixation of the hand brake lever.
- Unload the rear of the vehicle.
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)
- Pull the front brake and compress the fork powerfully a few times.
- ✓ The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 8.

Guideline

Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
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S00055-11



S00057-10

6.9 Servicing the fork

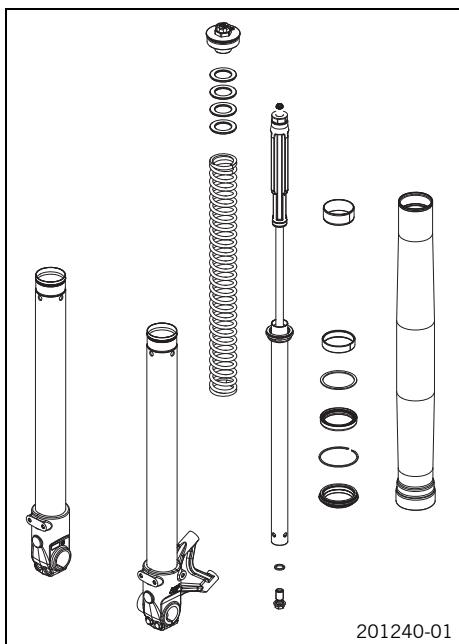


Info

These operations are the same on both fork legs.

Condition

The fork legs have been removed.



- Disassemble the fork legs. (☞ p. 19)
- Check the fork legs. (☞ p. 22)
- Assemble the fork legs. (☞ p. 23)

6.10 Disassembling the fork legs



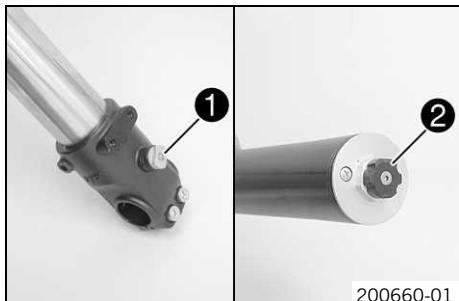
Info

These operations are the same on both fork legs.

Condition

The fork legs have been removed.

- Establish and note the current state of the rebound damping ① and compression damping ②.
- Completely open the adjusters of the rebound and compression damping.



- Clamp the fork leg in the area of the lower triple clamp.

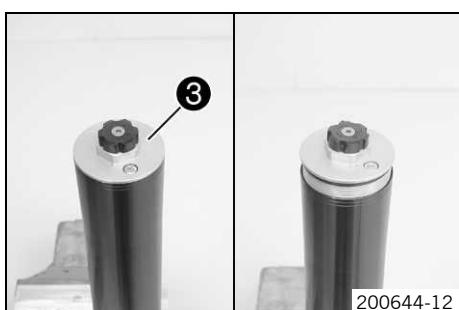
Clamping stand (T1403S) (☞ p. 221)



- Loosen screw cover ③.



The screw cover cannot be removed yet.



6 FORK, TRIPLE CLAMP

20



200661-01

- Release the fork leg and clamp it with the axle clamp.



Info

Use soft jaws.



200646-12

- Push the outer tube downward.

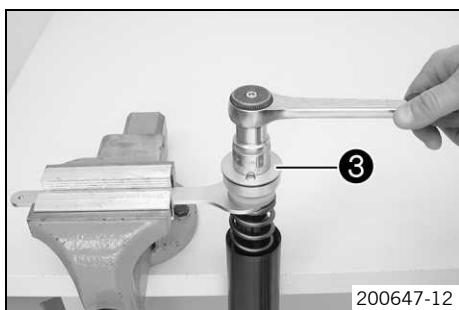
- Pull the spring downwards. Mount the special tool on the hexagon.

Open-end wrench (T14032) (☞ p. 221)



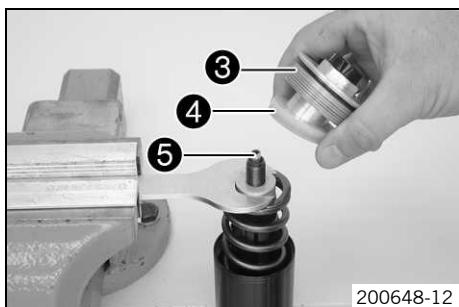
Info

The preload spacers **4** should be above the special tool.



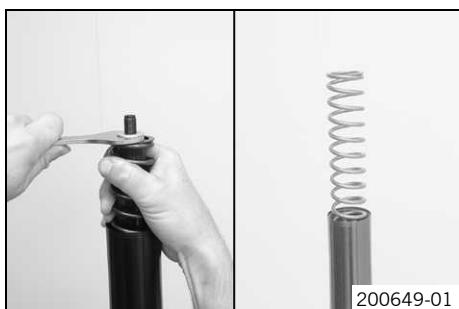
200647-12

- Clamp the special tool in the vise. Loosen screw cover **3**.



200648-12

- Remove screw cover **3** with preload spacers **4**.
- Remove adjusting tube **5**.



200649-01

- Pull the spring downward. Remove the special tool.

- Remove the spring.



200650-01

- Drain the fork oil.

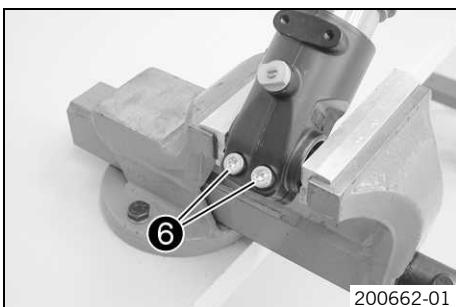


Info

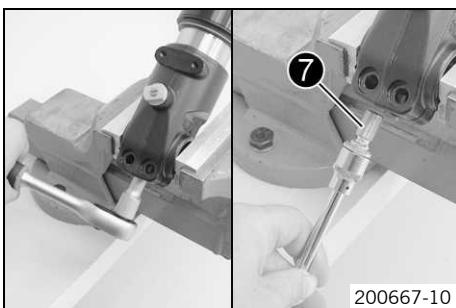
Pull out and push in the piston rod a few times to empty the cartridge.

6 FORK, TRIPLE CLAMP

21



- Clamp the fork leg with the axle clamp.
- Remove screws 6 of the axle clamp.



- Loosen screw 7 of the cartridge and remove it with the sealing ring.



Info

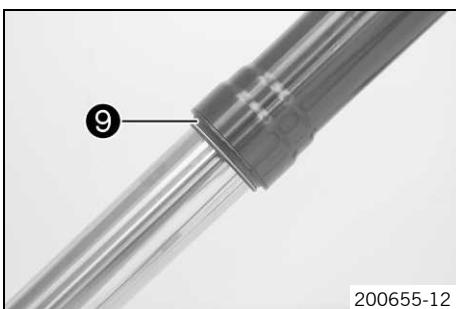
Place a container underneath to catch any oil that may run out.



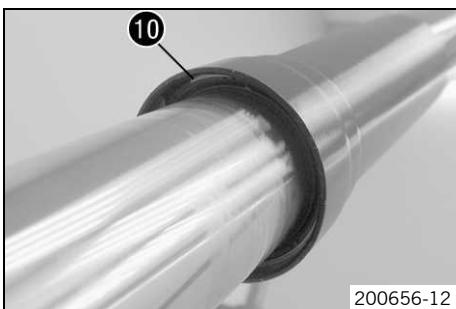
- Remove the cartridge.



- Remove valve 8 of the rebound damping with the spring from the cartridge.



- Remove dust boot 9.

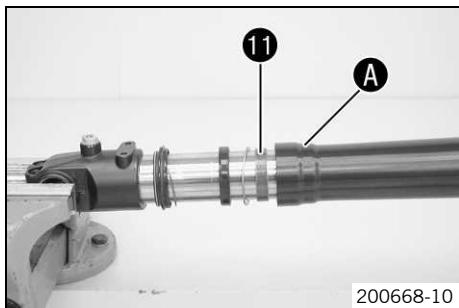


- Remove lock ring 10.



Info

The lock ring has a beveled end where a screwdriver can be applied.



200668-10

- Heat up the outer tube in area A of the lower sliding bushings.

Guideline

50 °C (122 °F)

- Pull the outer tube of the fork off of the inner tube with a jerk.



Info

The lower sliding bushing 11 must be pulled from its bearing seat.



200658-12

- Remove the upper sliding bushing 12.



Info

Without using tools, carefully pull the stack apart by hand.



200659-12

- Take off the lower sliding bushing 11.
- Take off support ring 13.
- Take off seal ring 14.
- Take off lock ring 10.
- Take off dust boot 9.

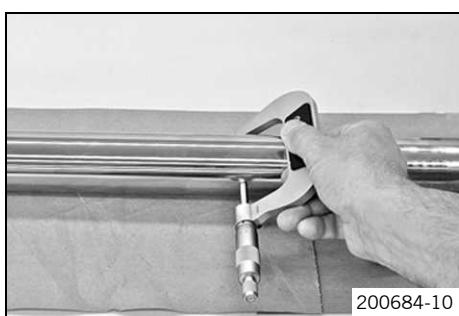


200686-10

Condition

The fork legs have been disassembled.

- Check the inner tube and the axle clamp for damage.
 - » If damage is found:
 - Replace the inner tube.



200684-10

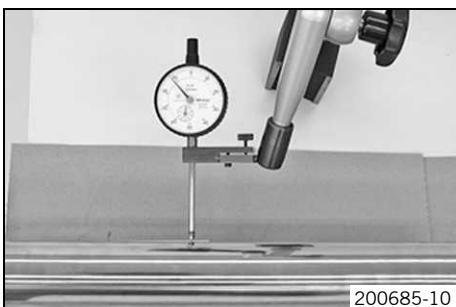
- Measure the external diameter of the inner tube in several places.

External diameter of inner tube	47.975... 48.005 mm (1.88878...
---------------------------------	---------------------------------

External diameter of inner tube	47.975... 48.005 mm (1.88878... 1.88996 in)
---------------------------------	--

- » If the measured value is less than the specified value:

- Replace the inner tube.

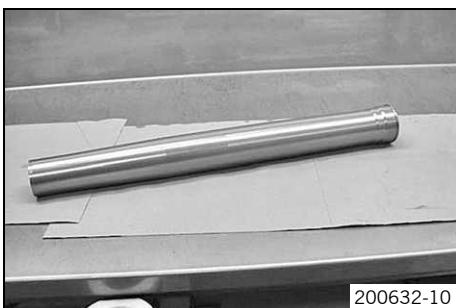


200685-10

- Measure the run-out of the inner tube.

Run-out of inner tube	$\leq 0.20 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0079 \text{ in})$
-----------------------	---

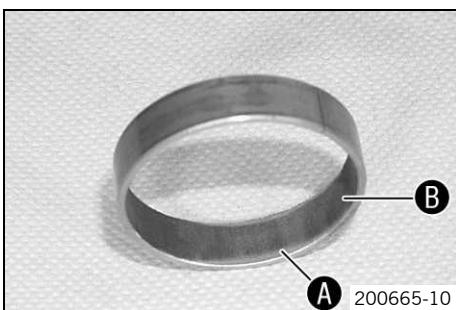
- » If the measured value is greater than the specified value:
 - Replace the inner tube.



200632-10

- Check the outer tube for damage.

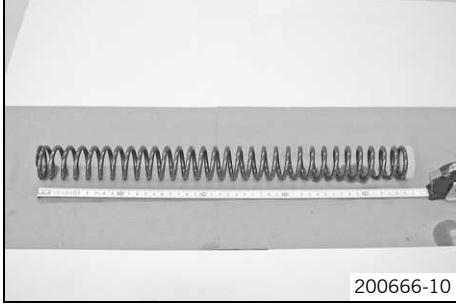
- » If damage is found:
 - Replace the outer tube.



200665-10

- Check the surface of the sliding bushings.

- » If the bronze-colored layer **A** under sliding layer **B** is visible:
 - Replace the sliding bushings.



200666-10

- Check the spring length.

Guideline

Spring length with preload spacer(s)	462 mm (18.19 in)
--------------------------------------	-------------------

- » If the measured value is greater than the specified value:
 - Reduce the strength of the pretensioning bushes.
- » If the measured value is less than the specified value:
 - Increase the strength of the preload spacers.

6.12 Assembling the fork legs



Info

These operations are the same on both fork legs.

Preparatory work

- Check the fork legs. (☞ p. 22)

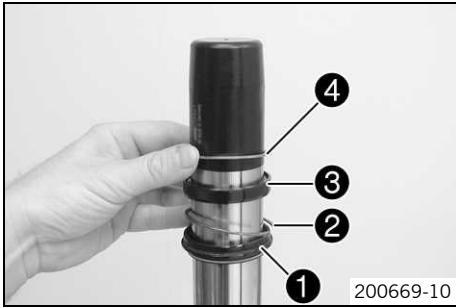
Main work

- Clamp the inner tube with the axle clamp.
- Mount special tool.

Protecting sleeve (T1401) (☞ p. 221)

- Grease and push on dust boot **①**.

Lubricant (T511) (☞ p. 208)



200669-10



Info

Always replace the dust boot, seal ring, lock ring, and support ring.

Install the dust boot with the sealing lip and spring expander facing downward.

6 FORK, TRIPLE CLAMP

24

- Push on lock ring ②.
- Grease and slide on seal ring ③.

Lubricant (T511) (☞ p. 208)



Info

Sealing ring downward, open side upward.

- Push on support ring ④.
- Remove the special tool.
- Sand the edges of the sliding bushings with 600-grain sandpaper, then clean and grease them.

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (☞ p. 207)



200670-10



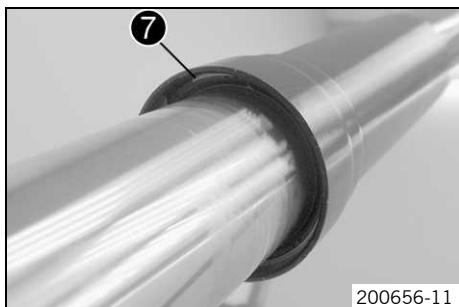
200671-10



200672-10



200673-10



200656-11

- Push on the lower sliding bushing ⑤.
- Mount the upper sliding bushing ⑥.



Info

Without using a tool, carefully pull the stack apart by hand.

- Heat up the outer tube in area ④ of the lower sliding bushings.
Guideline
50 °C (122 °F)
- Slide the outer tube onto the inner tube.
- Hold the lower sliding bushing with the longer side of the special tool.
Assembly tool (T1402S) (☞ p. 221)
- Push the sliding bushing all the way into the outer tube.

- Position the support ring.
- Hold the seal ring with the shorter side of the special tool.

Assembly tool (T1402S) (☞ p. 221)

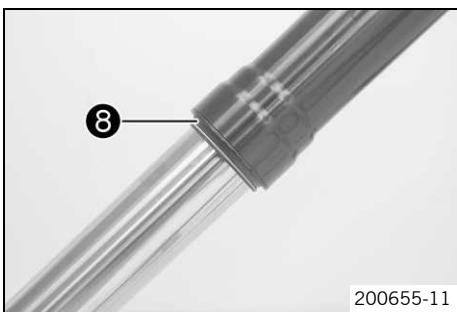
- Push the seal ring and support ring all the way into the outer tube.

- Mount lock ring ⑦.

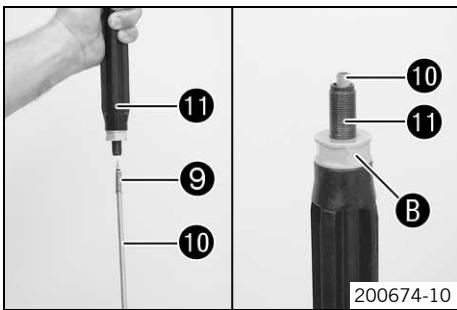


Info

The lock ring must engage audibly.



- Mount dust boot 8.



- Grease the O-ring of valve 9 of the rebound damping.
Lubricant (T158) (☞ p. 208)
- Mount valve 9 of the rebound damping with the spring on adjusting tube 10.
- Mount valve 9 of the rebound damping from below in cartridge 11.
 - ✓ The adjusting tube protrudes 5 mm from the cartridge and can be pressed in against the resistance of the spring.
 - ✗ The adjusting tube protrudes more than 7 mm from the cartridge and cannot be pressed in against the resistance of the spring.
- Screw on fluid barrier B as far as it will go.

i Info

The fluid barrier must be tightened as much as possible. Do not use tools.

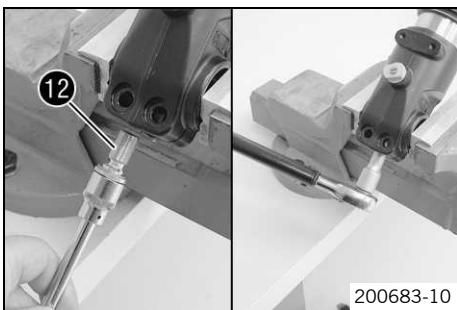


- Install the special tool on the cartridge.

Gripping tool (T14026S1) (☞ p. 221)

i Info

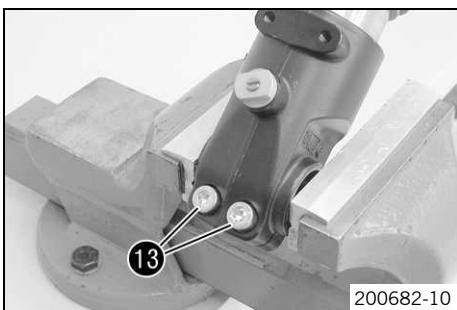
The special tool must be used to prevent the adjusting tube from being lifted and thus to prevent oil from reaching the piston rod.



- Push the cartridge with the spring seat and preload spacer into the inner tube.
- Mount screw 12 of the cartridge with the seal ring and tighten it.

Guideline

Cartridge screw	M12x1	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
-----------------	-------	------------------------



- Grease and mount screws 13 of the axle clamp but do not tighten.

Lubricant (T152) (☞ p. 209)

6 FORK, TRIPLE CLAMP

26



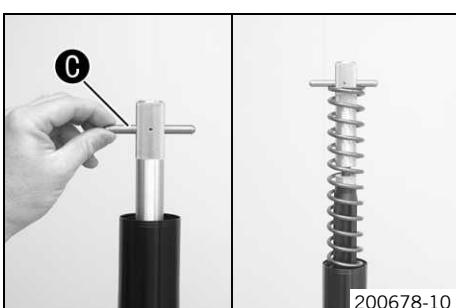
- Clamp the fork vertically.
- Fill it with fork oil.

Fork oil per fork leg	644 ml (21.77 fl. oz.)	Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (☞ p. 207)
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Info

Pull out the piston rod and push back in a number of times to bleed the cartridge.



- Remove pin **C** of the special tool.

Gripping tool (T14026S1) (☞ p. 221)

- Pull out the piston rod. Mount the spring. Mount the pin again.

Guideline

Spring rate	
Medium (standard)	5.3 N/mm (30.3 lb/in)
Hard	5.6 N/mm (32 lb/in)

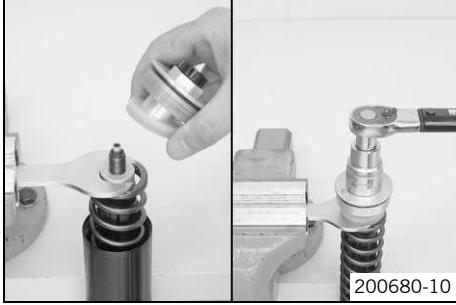


- Pull the spring down. Mount the special tool on the hexagonal part.

Open-end wrench (T14032) (☞ p. 221)

- Remove the special tool.

Gripping tool (T14026S1) (☞ p. 221)



- Clamp the special tool in the vise.

- Grease the thread of the piston rod.

Lubricant (T159) (☞ p. 209)

- Grease the upper edge of the piston rod.

Lubricant (T158) (☞ p. 208)

- Screw the screw cover with the preload spacers on to the piston rod.



Info

The screw cover must be screwed to the stop before the piston rod starts to turn. If the thread of the piston rod is stiff, it must be held to prevent it from turning. If the screw cover is not screwed to the stop, the rebound adjustment will not work correctly.

- Tighten the screw cover.

Guideline

Screw cover on piston rod	M12x1	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	-------	------------------------

- Release the special tool. Pull the spring downward and remove the special tool.





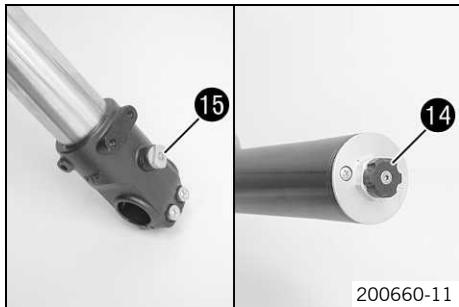
- Push the outer tube upward.
- Clamp the fork leg in the area of the lower triple clamp.

Clamping stand (T1403S) (☞ p. 221)

- Grease the O-ring of the screw cover.
- Screw on and tighten the screw cover.

Guideline

Screw cover on outer tube	M51x1.5	50 Nm (36.9 lbf ft)
---------------------------	---------	------------------------



Alternative 1

- Turn the adjusting screw of rebound damping 14 and the adjusting screw of compression damping 15 clockwise all the way.
- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the fork leg type.

Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	20 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	10 clicks
Full load capacity	10 clicks

Compression damping	
Comfort	25 clicks
Standard	20 clicks
Sport	15 clicks
Full load capacity	15 clicks

Alternative 2



Warning

Danger of accidents Modifications to the suspension settings can seriously alter the vehicle's ride behavior.

- Extreme modifications to the adjustment of the suspension components can cause a serious deterioration in the handling characteristics and overload some components.
- Only make adjustments within the recommended range.
- After making adjustments, ride slowly at first to get the feel of the new ride behavior.

- Turn the adjusting screws to the position they were in before dismantling.

6.13 Checking the steering head bearing play



Warning

Danger of accidents Unstable vehicle handling from incorrect steering head bearing play.

- Adjust the steering head bearing play without delay.

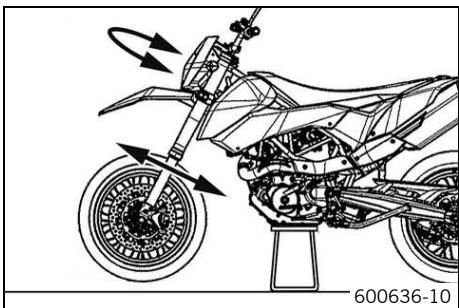


Info

If the bike is ridden with play in the steering head bearing, the bearing and the bearing seats in the frame can become damaged over time.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Push down the rear of vehicle, tighten it down in this position, and secure the motorcycle against falling over.
- ✓ The front wheel is no longer in contact with the ground and the fork legs are no longer under tension.



Main work

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the fork legs to and fro in the direction of travel.

No play should be noticeable in the steering head bearing.

- If there is noticeable play present:

- Adjust the play of the steering head bearing. (☞ p. 28)

- Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

The handlebar must be able to move easily over the entire steering range. No resting locations should be noticeable.

- If click positions are noticeable:

- Adjust the play of the steering head bearing. (☞ p. 28)

- Check the steering head bearing and change if necessary.

Finishing work

- Release the rear of the vehicle.
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)

6.14 Adjusting the steering head bearing play

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Push down the rear of vehicle, tighten it down in this position, and secure the motorcycle against falling over.
- The front wheel is no longer in contact with the ground and the fork legs are no longer under tension.

Main work

- Loosen screws ①. Remove screw ②.
- Loosen and retighten screw ③.

Guideline

Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
--------------------------	---------	--------------------

- Using a plastic hammer, tap lightly on the upper triple clamp to avoid strains.
- Fully tighten screw ①.

Guideline

Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)
-------------------------	----	------------------------

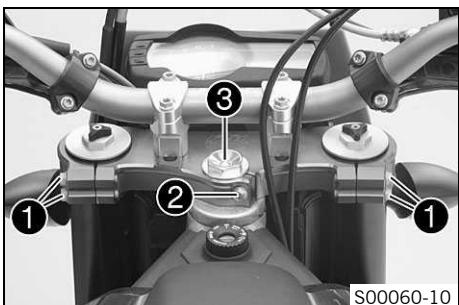
- Mount and tighten screw ②.

Guideline

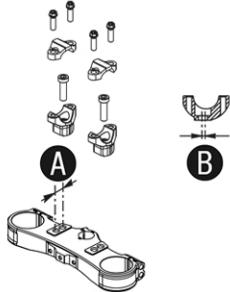
Screw, steering stem	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
----------------------	----	------------------------

Finishing work

- Check the steering head bearing play. (☞ p. 27)
- Release the rear of the vehicle.
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)



7.1 Handlebar position



601874-10

In the upper triple clamp, there are 2 drill holes separated by a distance of **A**.

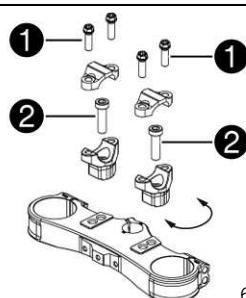
Hole distance A	15 mm (0.59 in)
------------------------	-----------------

The drill holes on the handlebar holder are centered and separated by a distance of **B**.

Hole distance B	3.5 mm (0.138 in)
------------------------	-------------------

The handlebar can be mounted in 4 different positions. In this way, the handlebar can be mounted in the position that is most comfortable for the rider.

7.2 Adjusting the handlebar position



601875-10

- Remove the four screws **1**. Remove the handlebar clamps. Take off the handlebar and set it aside.



Info

Cover the motorcycle and attachments to protect them from damage.
Do not kink the cables and lines.

- Remove the two screws **2**. Take off the handlebar holder.
- Move the handlebar holder to the desired position. Mount and tighten the two screws **2**.

Guideline

Screw, handlebar support	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
--------------------------	-----	------------------------	---------------



Info

Position the handlebar holders evenly on the left and right.

- Position the handlebar.



Info

Ensure that the cables and lines are routed correctly.

- Position the handlebar clamps. Mount and evenly tighten the four screws **1**.

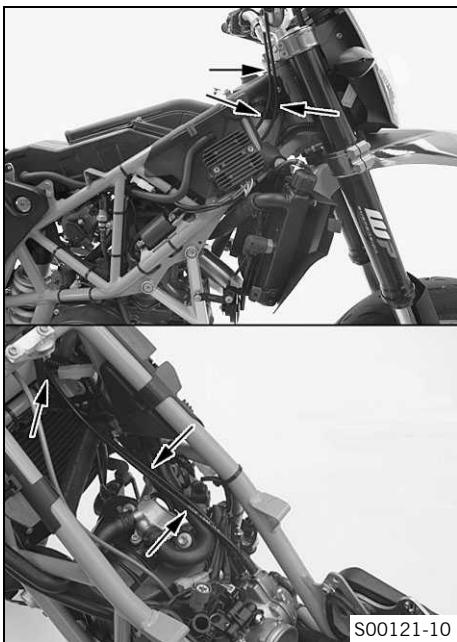
Guideline

Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
------------------------	----	------------------------

7.3 Checking the routing of the throttle cable

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)



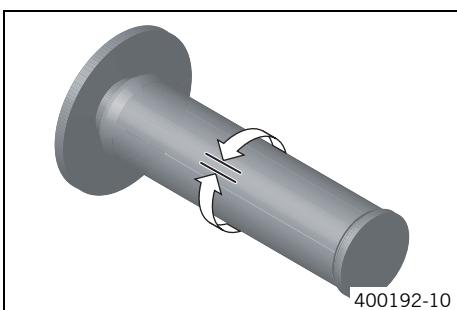
Main work

- Check the routing of the throttle cable.

Both throttle cables must be routed side by side, downward behind the handlebars and between the air filter box and frame to the throttle valve body.

- » If the throttle cable is not routed as specified:
 - Correct the routing of the throttle cable.

7.4 Checking the play in the throttle cable



- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Move the throttle grip backwards and forwards to ascertain the play in the throttle cable.

Throttle cable play

3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)

- » If the throttle cable play does not meet specifications:
 - Adjust the play in the throttle cable. (☞ p. 30)



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

- Start the engine and let it run idle. Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

The idle speed must not change.

- » If the idle speed changes:
 - Adjust the play in the throttle cable. (☞ p. 30)

7.5 Adjusting the play in the throttle cable

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Check the routing of the throttle cable. (☞ p. 29)

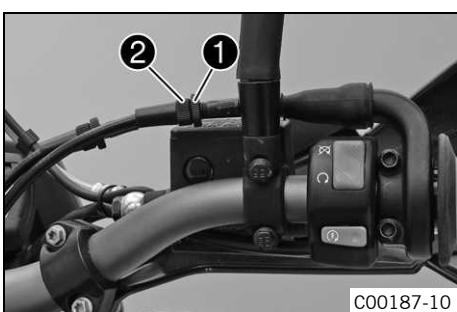
Main work

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
- Use the KTM diagnostics tool to set the motor drive to the basic position.
- Loosen counter nut ①.
- Set the play in the throttle cable by turning the adjusting screw ②.

Guideline

Throttle cable play

3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)



7 HANDLEBAR, CONTROLS

31

- Tighten counter nut ①.

8.1 Adjusting the high-speed compression damping of the shock absorber



Caution

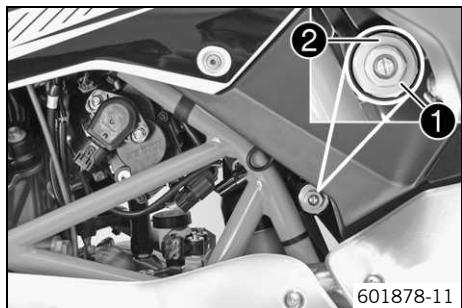
Danger of accidents Disassembly of pressurized parts can lead to injury.

- The shock absorber is filled with high density nitrogen. Adhere to the description provided.



Info

The high-speed setting takes effect during the fast compression of the shock absorber.



- Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise all the way using a socket wrench.



Info

Do not loosen fitting ②!

- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, high-speed

Comfort	2 turns
Standard	1.5 turns
Sport	1 turn
Full payload	1 turn



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

8.2 Adjusting the low-speed compression damping of the shock absorber



Caution

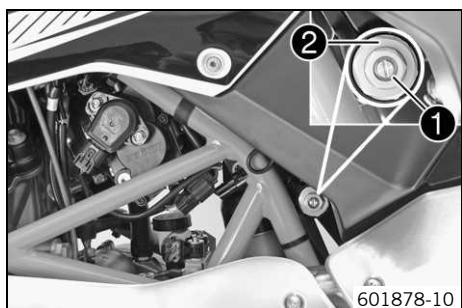
Danger of accidents Disassembly of pressurized parts can lead to injury.

- The shock absorber is filled with high density nitrogen. Adhere to the description provided.



Info

The low-speed setting takes effect during the slow to normal compression of the shock absorber.



- Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise with a screwdriver up to the last perceptible click.



Info

Do not loosen fitting ②!

- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, low-speed

Comfort	25 clicks
Standard	20 clicks
Sport	15 clicks
Full load capacity	15 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

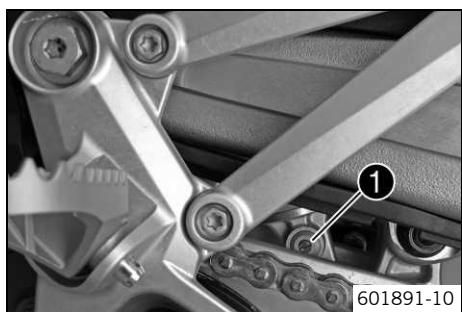
8.3 Adjusting the rebound damping of the shock absorber



Caution

Danger of accidents Disassembly of pressurized parts can lead to injury.

- The shock absorber is filled with high density nitrogen. Adhere to the description provided.



- Turn adjusting screw ① clockwise up to the last perceptible click.
- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	20 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	10 clicks
Full payload	10 clicks



Info

Turn clockwise to increase damping; turn counterclockwise to reduce damping.

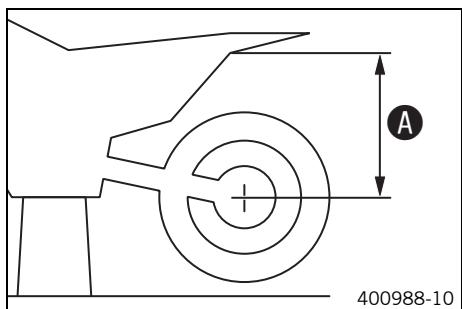
8.4 Measuring the unloaded rear wheel sag

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with a lift stand. (☞ p. 11)

Main work

- Measure the distance – as vertical as possible – between the rear axle and a fixed point, for example, a mark on the side cover.
- Note down the value as dimension A.



Finishing work

- Remove the motorcycle from the lift stand. (☞ p. 11)

8.5 Checking the static sag of the shock absorber

- Measure distance A of rear wheel unloaded. (☞ p. 33)
- Hold the motorcycle upright with the aid of an assistant.
- Measure the distance between the rear axle and the fixed point again.
- Note down the value as dimension B.



Info

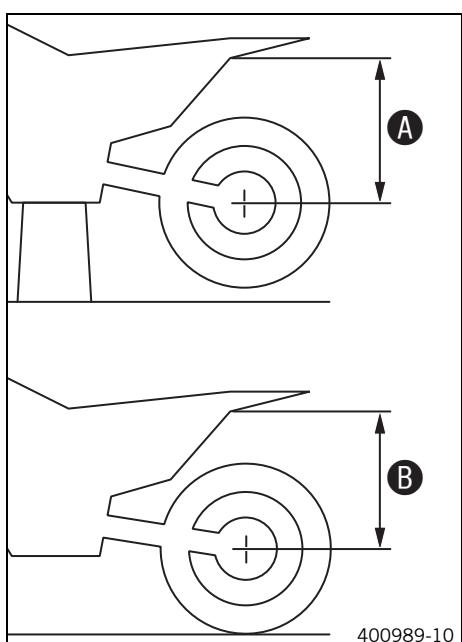
The static sag is the difference between measurements A and B.

- Check the static sag.

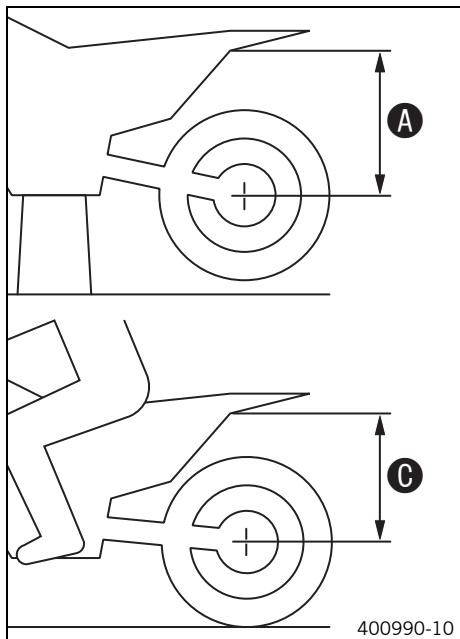
Static sag	20... 25 mm (0.79... 0.98 in)
------------	-------------------------------

» If the static sag is less or more than the specified value:

- Adjust the spring preload of the shock absorber. (☞ p. 34)



8.6 Checking the riding sag of the shock absorber



- Measure distance **A** of rear wheel unloaded. (☞ p. 33)
- With another person holding the motorcycle, the rider, wearing full protective clothing, sits on the seat in a normal sitting position (feet on footrests) and bounces up and down a few times.
- ✓ The rear wheel suspension levels out.
- Another person now measures the distance between the rear axle and a fixed point.
- Note down the value as dimension **C**.



Info

The riding sag is the difference between measurements **A** and **C**.

- Check the riding sag.

Riding sag

70... 80 mm (2.76... 3.15 in)

» If the riding sag differs from the specified measurement:

- Adjust the riding sag. (☞ p. 35)

8.7 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber



Caution

Danger of accidents Disassembly of pressurized parts can lead to injury.

- The shock absorber is filled with high density nitrogen. Adhere to the description provided.



Info

Before changing the spring preload, make a note of the present setting, e.g., by measuring the length of the spring.

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the shock absorber. (☞ p. 35)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.

Main work

- Loosen retaining ring **1**.
- Turn adjusting ring **2** until the spring is no longer under tension.

Hook wrench (T106S) (☞ p. 219)

- Measure the overall spring length without a load.
- Tension the spring by turning adjusting ring **2** to the prescribed value.

Guideline

Spring preload

20 mm (0.79 in)



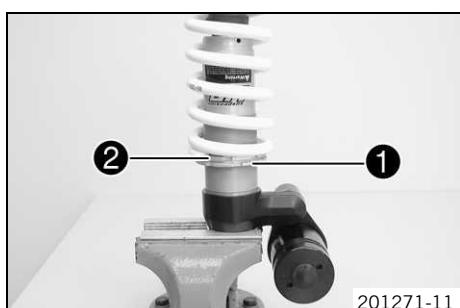
Info

Depending on the static sag and/or the riding sag, it may be necessary to increase or decrease the spring preload.

- Tighten retaining ring **1**.

Finishing work

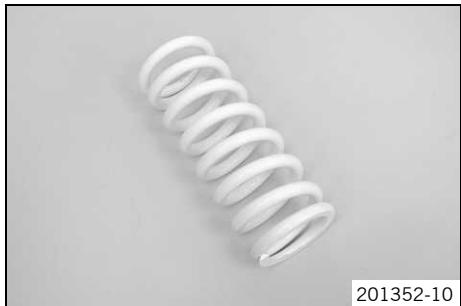
- Install the shock absorber. (☞ p. 36)
- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)



8.8 Adjusting the riding sag

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the shock absorber. (☞ p. 35)
- After removing the shock absorber, clean it thoroughly.



Main work

- Choose and mount a suitable spring.

Guideline

Spring rate	
Medium (standard)	80 N/mm (457 lb/in)
Hard	85 N/mm (485 lb/in)



The spring rate is shown on the outside of the spring.

Finishing work

- Install the shock absorber. (☞ p. 36)
- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)
- Check the static sag of the shock absorber. (☞ p. 33)
- Adjust the rebound damping of the shock absorber. (☞ p. 33)

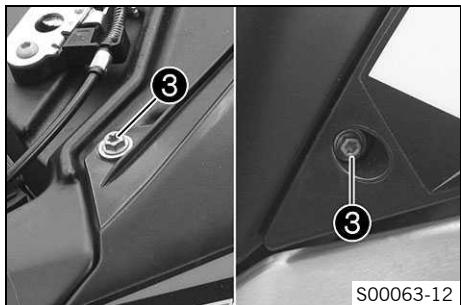
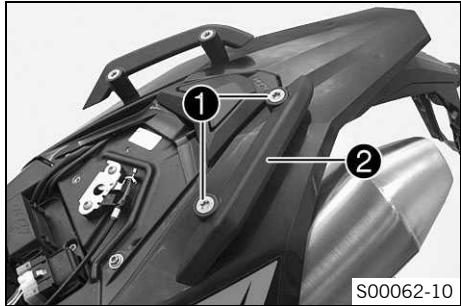
8.9 Removing the shock absorber

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)

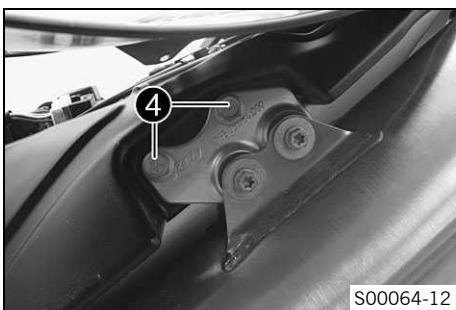
Main work

- Remove screws ①.
- Take off grab handle ②.
- Remove screws ③.

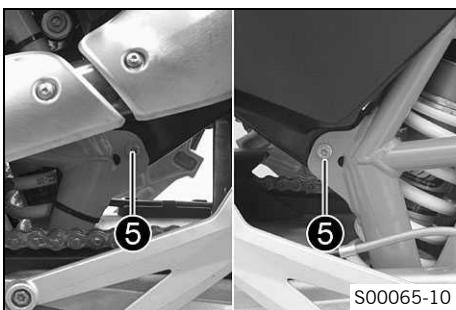


8 SHOCK ABSORBER, SWINGARM

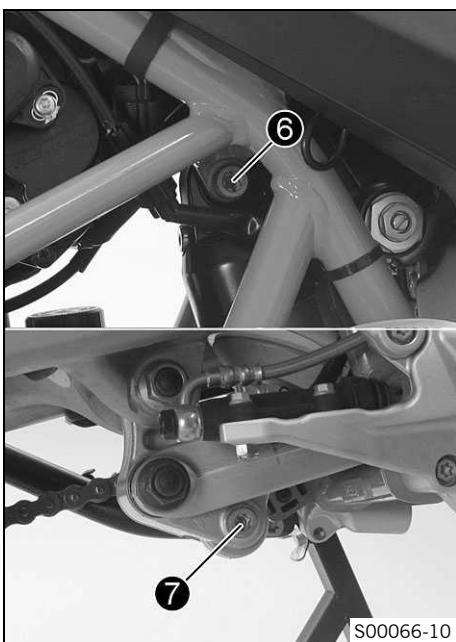
36



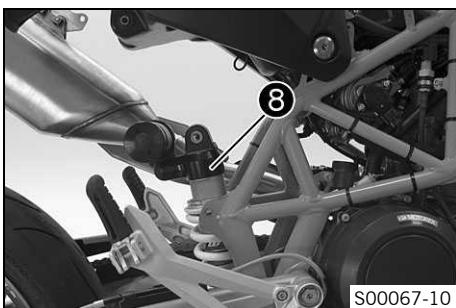
- Lift the rear fairing.
- Remove screws 4.



- Remove screws 5.

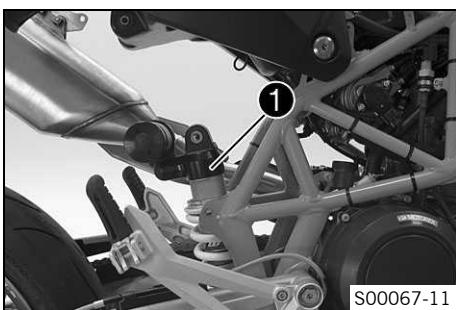


- Loosen screw 6.
- Remove screw 7.
- Remove screw 6.



- Fold the rear upward.
- Take out shock absorber 8 toward the top.

8.10 Installing the shock absorber



Main work

- Fold the rear upward and maneuver in shock absorber 1 from above.
- Fold the rear down and position the shock absorber.

8 SHOCK ABSORBER, SWINGARM

37



- Mount screw ② but do not tighten yet.

- Mount and tighten screw ③.

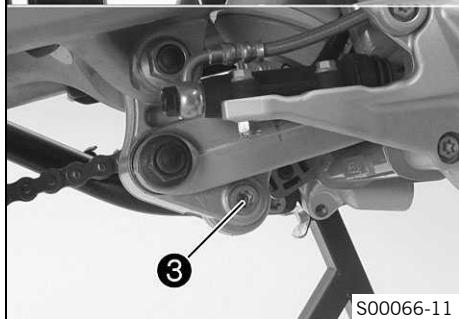
Guideline

Screw, bottom shock absorber	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Tighten screw ②.

Guideline

Screw, top shock absorber	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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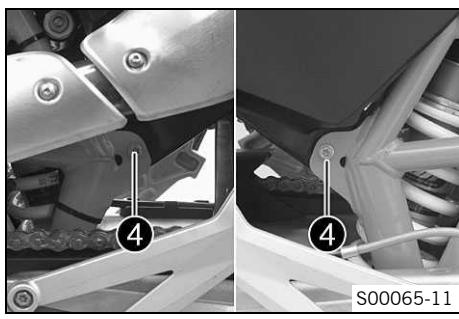


S00066-11

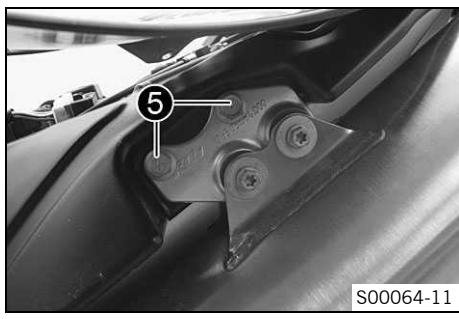
- Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

Screw, fuel tank, bottom	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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S00065-11



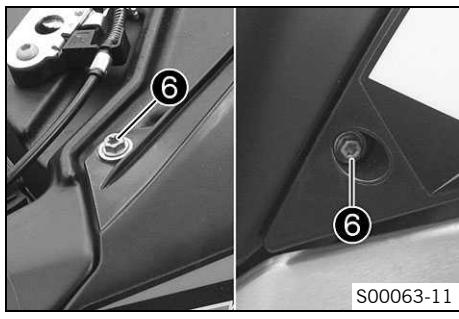
S00064-11

- Lift the rear fairing.

- Mount and tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

Screw, main silencer holder on fuel tank	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
--	----	------------------------

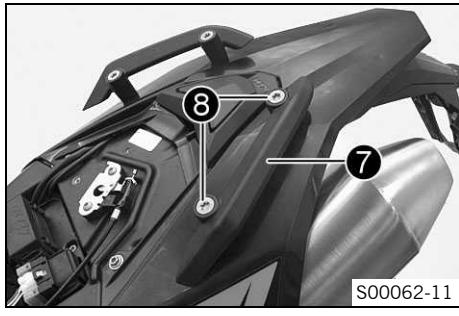


S00063-11

- Mount and tighten screws ⑥.

Guideline

Screw, side cover	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
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S00062-11

- Position grab handle ⑦.

- Mount and tighten screws ⑧.

Guideline

Screw, handrail	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
-----------------	----	------------------------

Finishing work

- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)

8.11 Servicing the shock absorber



Caution

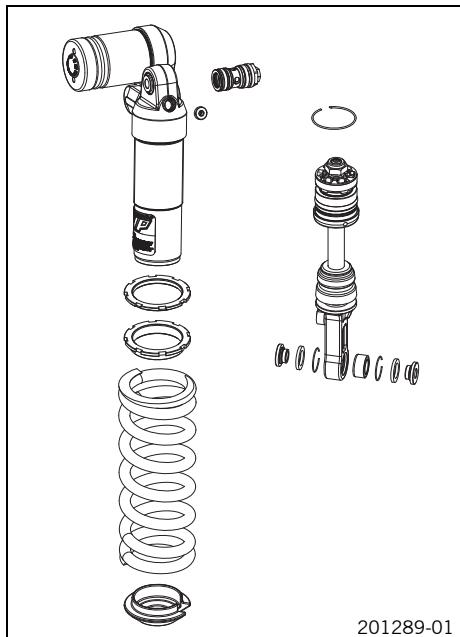
Danger of accidents Disassembly of pressurized parts can lead to injury.

- The shock absorber is filled with high density nitrogen. Adhere to the description provided.

Condition

The shock absorber has been removed.

- Remove the spring. (☞ p. 38)
- Dismantle the damper. (☞ p. 39)
- Disassemble the piston rod. (☞ p. 40)
- Check the damper. (☞ p. 41)
- Remove the heim joint. (☞ p. 42)
- Install the heim joint. (☞ p. 43)
- Assemble the piston rod. (☞ p. 44)
- Assemble the damper. (☞ p. 45)
- Install the spring. (☞ p. 50)



201289-01

8.12 Removing the spring

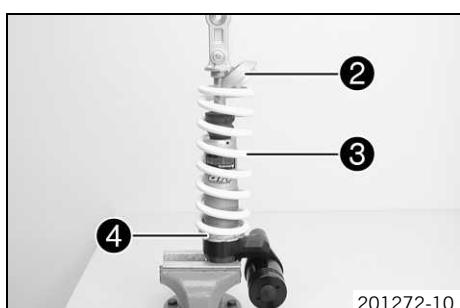
Condition

The shock absorber has been removed.

- Clamp the shock absorber in the vise using soft jaws for protection.
- Measure and note spring length in preloaded state.
- Loosen retaining ring ① and the adjusting ring with the special tool.
Hook wrench (T106S) (☞ p. 219)
- Turn the retaining ring and adjusting ring until the spring is fully relieved of tension.
- Remove spring retainer ②.
- Take off spring ③ with the retaining ring and adjusting ring ④.



201271-10



201272-10

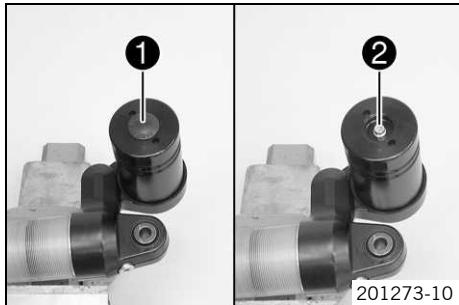
8.13 Dismantling the damper

Preparatory work

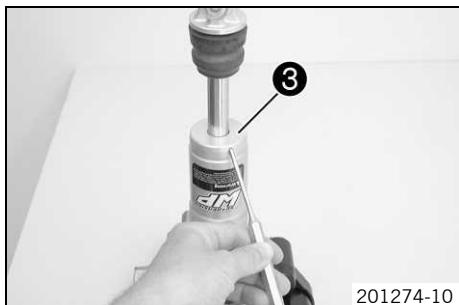
- Remove the spring. (→ p. 38)

Main work

- Establish and note the current state of the rebound damping and compression damping.
- Completely open the adjusters of the rebound and compression damping.
- Remove rubber cap ① of the reservoir.
- Open screw ② slowly.
 - ✓ The pressurized nitrogen escapes.



- Clamp the damper in the vise using soft jaws.
- Remove locking cap ③.



- Press in seal ring retainer ④. Remove lock ring ⑤.

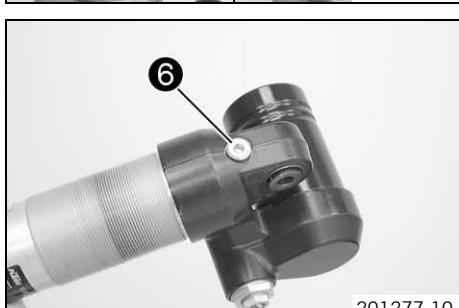


Info

Do not scratch the inner surface.

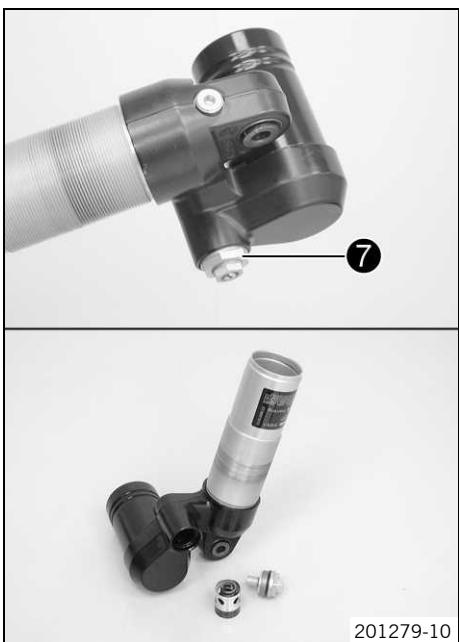


- Remove screw ⑥. Drain the oil.



- Remove the piston rod. Drain the remaining oil.





- Remove compression adjuster 7. Remove the spring, sleeve, and piston.

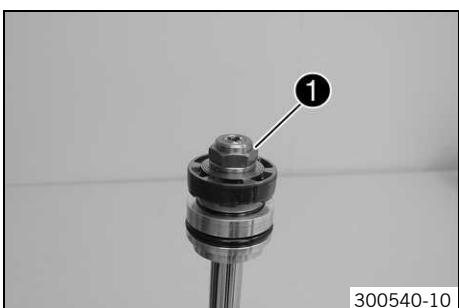
8.14 Disassembling the piston rod

Preparatory work

- Remove the spring. (☞ p. 38)
- Dismantle the damper. (☞ p. 39)

Main work

- Clamp the piston rod with the heim joint in a vise.
- Remove nut 1.



- Remove supporting plate 2 and rebound shim stack 3 together with piston 4.



Info

Thread the rebound shim set on a screwdriver and set the parts down together.



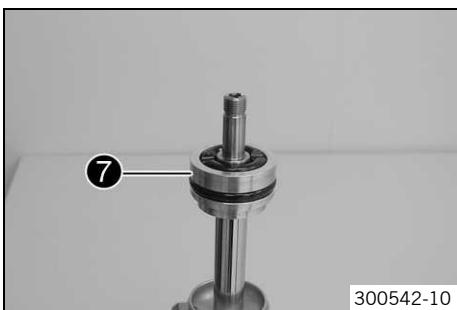
- Remove compression shim stack 6 with supporting plate 5.



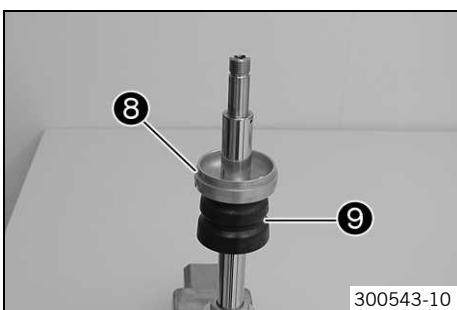
Info

Thread the compression shim stack on a screwdriver and set the parts down together.





- Remove seal ring retainer 7.



- Remove locking cap 8 and rubber buffer 9.

8.15 Checking the damper

Condition

The damper has been disassembled.

- Measure the inside diameter at both ends and in the center of the damper cartridge.

Damper cartridge

Minimum diameter	46.10 mm (1.815 in)
------------------	---------------------

- » If the measured value is greater than the specified value:
 - Change the damper cartridge.

- Check the damper cartridge for damage and wear.

- » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the damper cartridge.

- Measure the diameter of the piston rod.

Piston rod

Diameter	≥ 17.95 mm (≥ 0.7067 in)
----------	-------------------------------------

- » If the specification is not reached:
 - Change the piston rod.

- Measure the run-out of the piston rod.

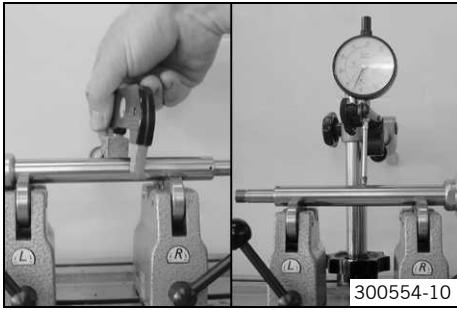
Piston rod

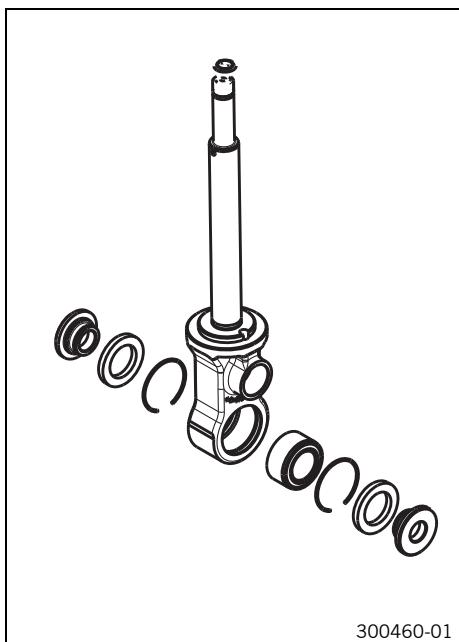
Run-out	≤ 0.03 mm (≤ 0.0012 in)
---------	------------------------------------

- » If the measured value is greater than the specified value:
 - Change the piston rod.

- Check the piston rod for damage and wear.

- » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the piston rod.





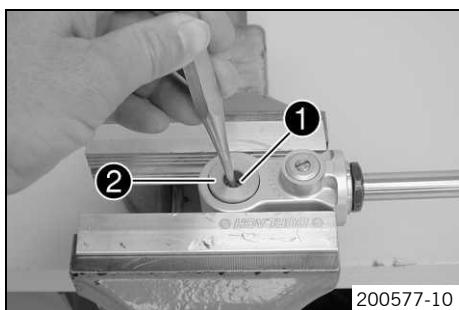
- Check the heim joint for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the heim joint.

8.16 Removing the heim joint

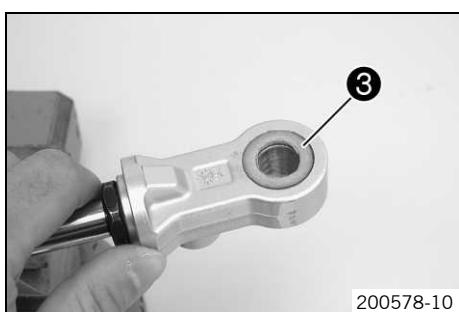
Condition

The shock absorber has been removed.

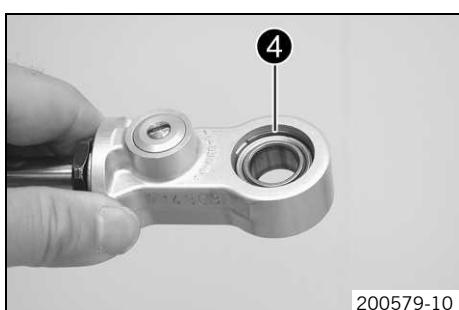
- Clamp the shock absorber in the vise using soft jaws for protection.
- Remove collar bushing ① of the heim joint.
Pin (T120) (☞ p. 220)
- Turn over the shock absorber and remove collar bushing ② of the heim joint.
Pin (T120) (☞ p. 220)

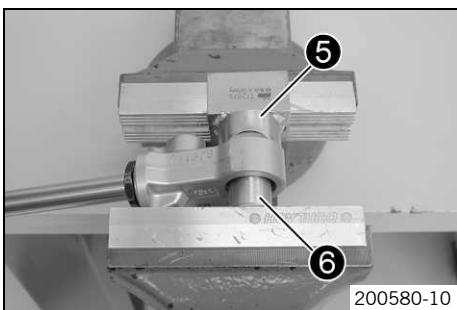


- Remove seal rings ③ on both sides.



- Remove lock rings ④ on both sides.

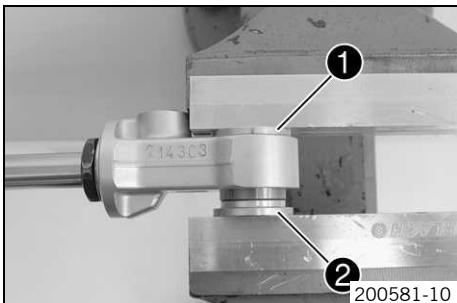




- Place special tool ⑤ underneath and press out the heim joint with special tool ⑥.

Pressing tool (T1207S) (☞ p. 220)

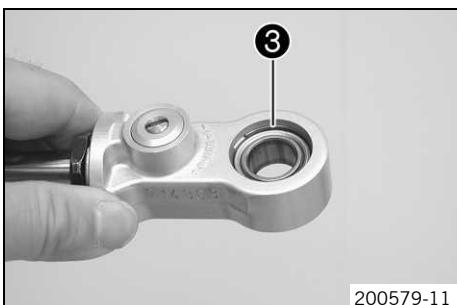
8.17 Installing the heim joint



- Place special tool ① underneath and press in the heim joint as far as the center using special tool ②.

Pressing tool (T1206) (☞ p. 220)

Pressing tool (T129) (☞ p. 220)

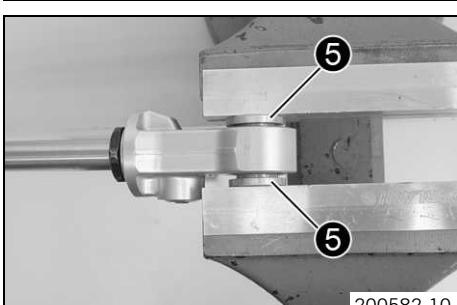


- Mount lock rings ③ on both sides.



- Mount seal rings ④ on both sides and grease them.

Lubricant (T158) (☞ p. 208)



- Press in both collar sleeves ⑤ of the heim joint.

8.18 Assembling the piston rod

Preparatory work

- Check the damper. (☞ p. 41)

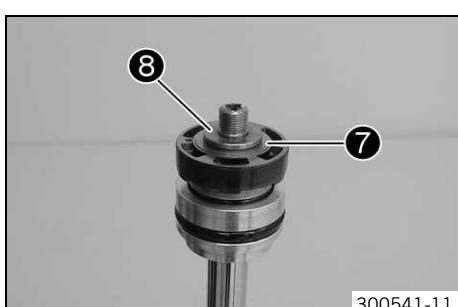
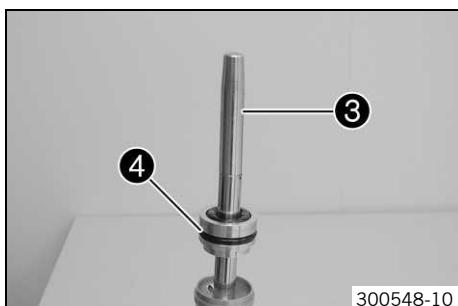
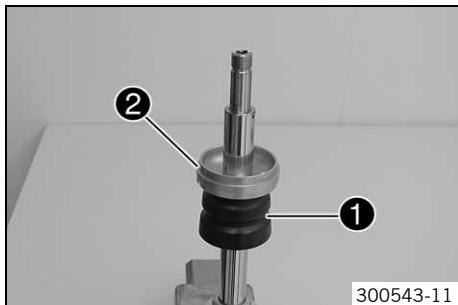
Main work

- Clamp the piston rod with the heim joint in a vise.

Guideline

Use soft jaws.

- Mount rubber buffer ① and locking cap ②.



- Position special tool ③ on the piston rod.

Mounting sleeve (T1515) (☞ p. 222)

- Grease the seal ring and push seal ring retainer ④ on to the piston rod.

Lubricant (T625) (☞ p. 209)

- Remove the special tool.

- Mount supporting plate ⑤ with the rounded side facing downward.

- Mount the compression shim stack ⑥ with the smaller shims facing downward.

- Sand both sides of the piston on a surface plate using 1200-grit sandpaper.

- Clean the piston.

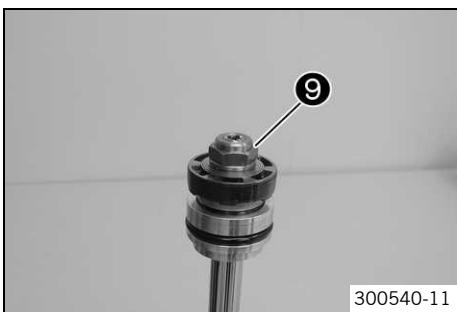
- Assemble the piston.

Guideline

View A	Piston from above
View B	Piston from below

- Mount the rebound shim stack ⑦ with the smaller shims facing upward.

- Install supporting plate ⑧.



- Mount and tighten nut ⑨.

Guideline

Piston rod nut	M12x1	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)
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8.19 Assembling the damper

Preparatory work

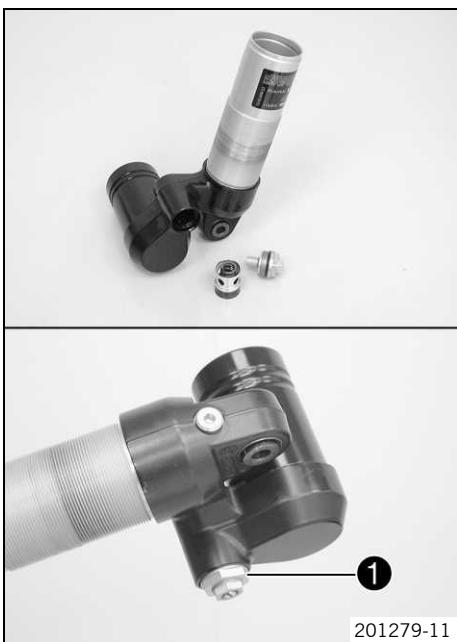
- Check the damper. (☞ p. 41)
- Assemble the piston rod. (☞ p. 44)

Main work

- Push the spring and sleeve onto the compression adjuster. Mount the piston.
- Mount and tighten compression adjuster ①.

Guideline

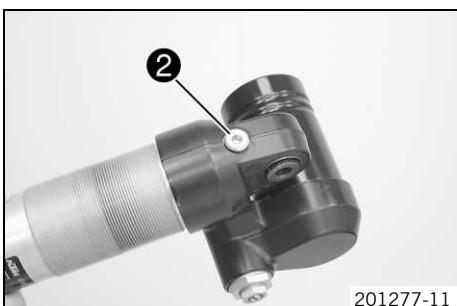
Compression adjuster	M26x1	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)
----------------------	-------	------------------------



- Mount and tighten screw ②.

Guideline

Filling port screw	M10x1	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)
--------------------	-------	------------------------



- Clamp the damper in the vise using soft jaws.
- Fill the damper cartridge about half full.

Shock absorber oil (SAE 2.5) (50180342S1) (☞ p. 207)





201278-11

- Grease O-ring 3 of the seal ring retainer.

Lubricant (T158) (☞ p. 208)

- Mount the piston rod carefully.



201276-10

- Install the seal ring bearer 4 and push it under the ring groove.
- Mount lock ring 5.



Info

Do not scratch the inner surface.

- Pull out the piston rod so that the seal ring retainer rests against the lock ring.

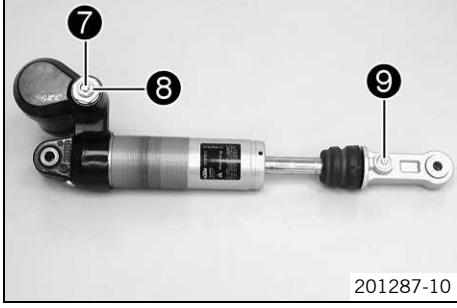


201275-10

- Mount locking cap 6 of the damper cartridge.

- Bleed and fill the damper. (☞ p. 47)

- Fill the damper with nitrogen. (☞ p. 49)



201287-10

Alternative 1

- Turn adjusting screw 7 clockwise with a screwdriver up to the last perceptible click.
- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, low-speed	
Comfort	25 clicks
Standard	20 clicks
Sport	15 clicks
Full load capacity	15 clicks

- Turn adjusting screw 8 all the way clockwise using a socket wrench.
- Turn back counterclockwise the number of turns corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Compression damping, high-speed	
Comfort	2 turns
Standard	1.5 turns
Sport	1 turn
Full payload	1 turn

- Turn adjusting screw 9 clockwise up to the last perceptible click.
- Turn back counterclockwise by the number of clicks corresponding to the shock absorber type.

Guideline

Rebound damping	
Comfort	20 clicks
Standard	15 clicks
Sport	10 clicks
Full payload	10 clicks

Alternative 2



Warning

Danger of accidents Modifications to the suspension settings can seriously alter the vehicle's ride behavior.

- Extreme modifications to the adjustment of the suspension components can cause a serious deterioration in the handling characteristics and overload some components.
 - Only make adjustments within the recommended range.
 - After making adjustments, ride slowly at first to get the feel of the new ride behavior.
- Turn adjusting screws ⑦, ⑧ and ⑨ to the position determined during disassembly.

Finishing work

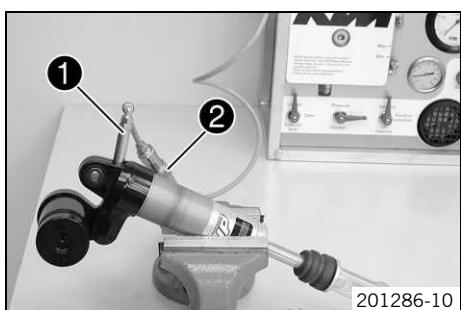
- Install the spring. (☞ p. 50)

8.20 Bleeding and filling the damper



Info

Before working with the vacuum pump, be sure to read the operating instructions carefully.
Completely open the adjusters of the rebound and compression damping.



201286-10

- Remove the screw of the filling port.
- Install adapter ① on the damper.



Info

Tighten only hand-tight, without the use of tools.

- Connect the adapter ① to connector ② of the vacuum pump.

Vacuum pump (T1240S) (☞ p. 220)

- Clamp the damper with soft jaws or hold it as shown in the photo.



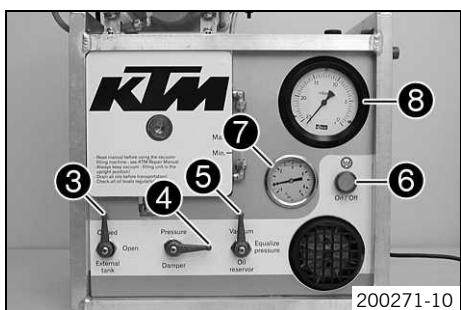
Info

Clamp the damper only lightly.

The filling port must be at the highest point.

The piston rod slides in and out during filling - do not hold it tight with your hand!

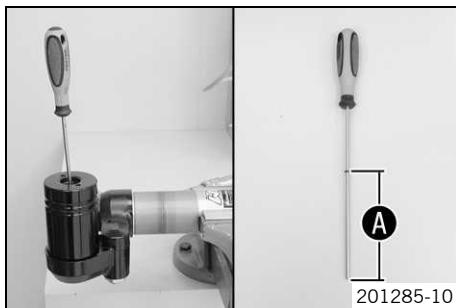
- Place the control lever as shown in the photo.
 - ✓ The **External tank** ③ control lever is on **Closed**, **Damper** ④ on **Vacuum**, and **Oil reservoir** ⑤ on **Vacuum**.
- Operate the **On/Off** switch ⑥.
 - ✓ The vacuum pump process starts.
 - ✓ Pressure gauge ⑦ falls to the specified value.
- The vacuum gauge ⑧ falls to the specified value.
 - < 0 bar
 - 4 mbar



200271-10

8 SHOCK ABSORBER, SWINGARM

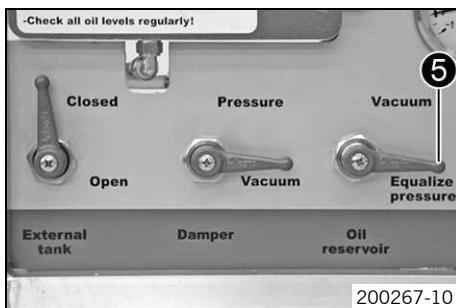
48



- Measure distance **A** between the floating piston and reservoir hole with the special tool.

Depth micrometer (T107S) (p. 219)

- The floating piston is positioned all the way at the bottom.



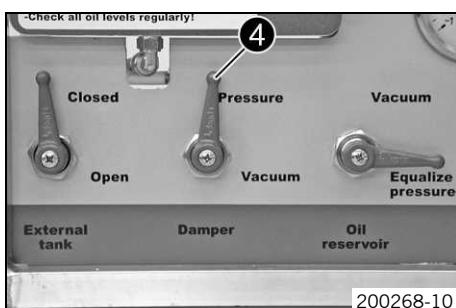
- When the vacuum pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Oil reservoir** control lever **⑤** to **Equalize pressure**.

Guideline

4 mbar

- The pressure gauge rises to the specified value.

0 bar



- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Damper** control lever **④** to **Pressure**.

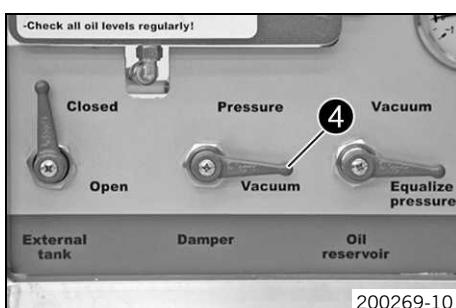
Guideline

0 bar

- Oil is pumped into the damper.

- The pressure gauge rises to the specified value.

3 bar



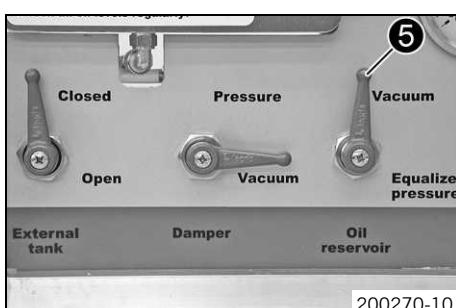
- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Damper** **④** control lever to **Vacuum**.

Guideline

3 bar

- The pressure gauge falls to the specified value.

0 bar



- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Oil reservoir** **⑤** control lever to **Vacuum**.

Guideline

0 bar

- The vacuum gauge falls to the specified value.

4 mbar



- When the vacuum pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Oil reservoir** control lever **⑤** to **Equalize Pressure**.

Guideline

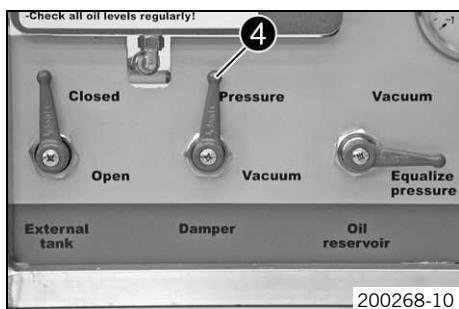
4 mbar

- The pressure gauge falls to the specified value.

0 bar

8 SHOCK ABSORBER, SWINGARM

49



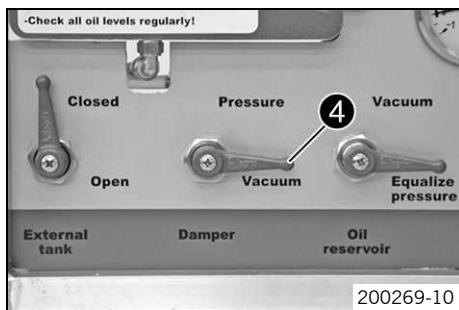
- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Damper** control lever **4** to **Pressure**.

Guideline

0 bar

- ✓ Oil is pumped into the damper.
- ✓ The pressure gauge rises to the specified value.

3 bar



- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, turn the **Damper** **4** control lever to **Vacuum**.

Guideline

3 bar

- ✓ The pressure gauge falls to the specified value.

0 bar

- When the pressure gauge reaches the specified value, operate the **On/Off** switch.

Guideline

0 bar

- ✓ The vacuum pump is switched off.

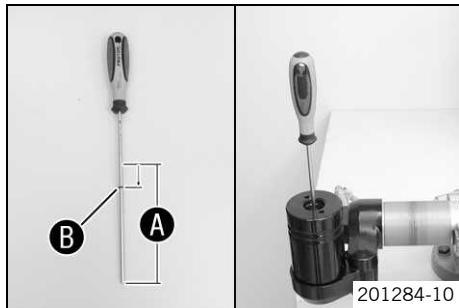
- Slide O-ring **B** to the end of the special tool by the specified value (distance **A** minus specified value).

Guideline

10 mm

Depth micrometer (T107S) (☞ p. 219)

- Slide the floating piston into the reservoir to the shortened position using the special tool.



i Info

The floating piston must be positioned at exactly this point when the rod is fully extended; otherwise, damage will occur during compression of the shock absorber.

- Remove the special tool.
- Remove adapter **1** from connection **2** of the vacuum pump.

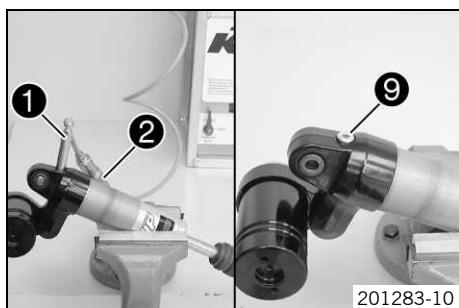
i Info

Hold the damper so that the filling port is at the highest point.

- Remove the adapter.
- Mount and tighten screw **9**.

Guideline

Filling port screw	M10x1	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)
--------------------	-------	------------------------



8.21 Filling the damper with nitrogen



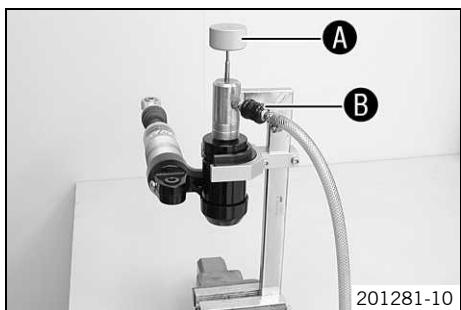
- Screw in screw **1** by approx. 2 rotations but do not tighten.

i Info

The piston rod is fully extended.

8 SHOCK ABSORBER, SWINGARM

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- Clamp special tool in the vise.
Nitrogen filling tool (T170S1) (☞ p. 222)
- Connect the special tool to the pressure regulator of the filling cylinder.
Filling gas - nitrogen
- Adjust pressure regulator.
Guideline

Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)
--------------	------------------
- Position the damper in the special tool.
 - ✓ The hexagonal part of the tap handle **A** engages in the hexagon socket of the filling port screw.
- Open filler tap **B**.
- Fill the damper for at least 15 seconds.
Guideline

Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)
--------------	------------------



Info

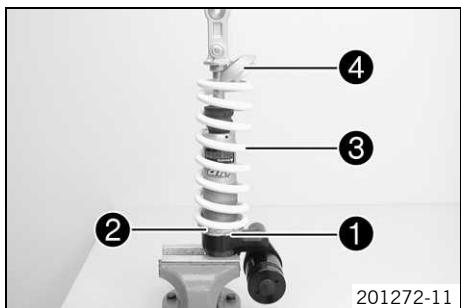
Watch the pressure regulator dial.

Make sure that the damper is filled to the specified pressure.

- Close the filling port screw using tap handle **A**.
- Close spigot **B** and take the damper out of the special tool.
- Tighten the filling port screw.
Guideline

Screw, reservoir filling port	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
-------------------------------	----	-------------------
- Mount the rubber cap of the reservoir.

8.22 Installing the spring



- Clamp the damper in the vise using soft jaws.
- Install retaining ring **1** and turn it down as far as possible.
 - ✓ The collar points to the adjusting ring.
- Mount adjusting ring **2** and turn it down as far as possible.
 - ✓ The collar points to the spring.
- Measure the overall spring length without a load.
- Mount spring **3**.

Guideline

Spring rate	
Medium (standard)	80 N/mm (457 lb/in)
Hard	85 N/mm (485 lb/in)

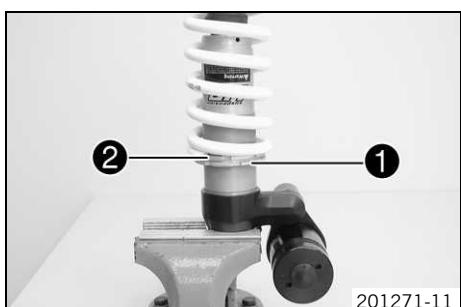
- Mount spring retainer **4**.
 - ✓ The open end is opposite the spring end.

Alternative 1

- Tension the spring to the prescribed amount by turning the adjusting ring.

Guideline

Spring preload	20 mm (0.79 in)
Hook wrench (T106S) (☞ p. 219)	



Alternative 2**Warning**

Danger of accidents Modifications to the suspension settings can seriously alter the vehicle's ride behavior.

- Extreme modifications to the adjustment of the suspension components can cause a serious deterioration in the handling characteristics and overload some components.
- Only make adjustments within the recommended range.
- After making adjustments, ride slowly at first to get the feel of the new ride behavior.

- Tension the spring to the amount measured during dismantling by turning adjusting ring ②.

Hook wrench (T106S) (☞ p. 219)

- Tighten lock nut ① and the adjusting ring.

9.1 Removing the manifold



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

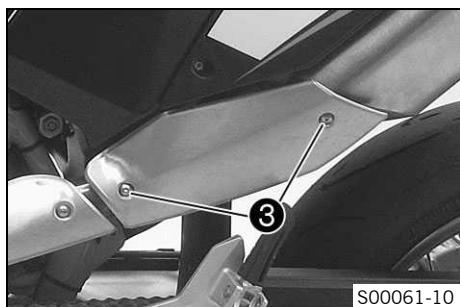
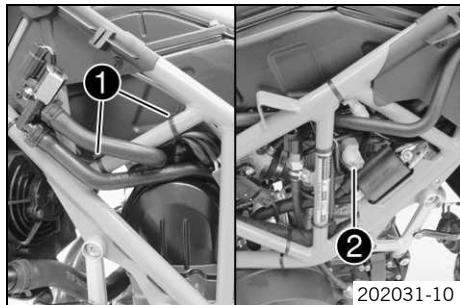
- Allow the exhaust system to cool down. Do not touch hot components.

Preparatory work

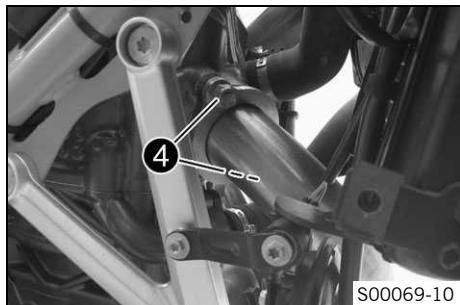
- Remove the seat. (→ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (→ p. 60)

Main work

- Remove cable binders ①.
- Push the cable to the right. Unplug connector ② of the lambda sensor.
- Feed out the cable of the lambda sensor.



- Remove screws ③.
- Remove the heat shield.

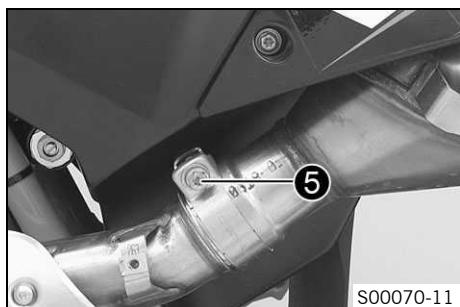


- Remove nuts ④ of the manifold.



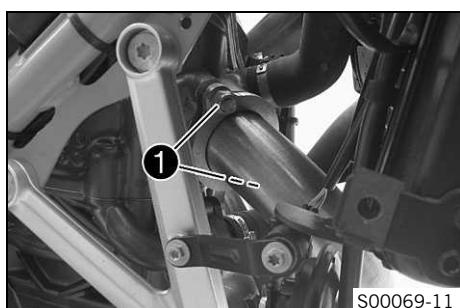
Info

Do not misplace the spacer.



- Loosen screw ⑤.
- Take off the manifold.

9.2 Installing the manifold

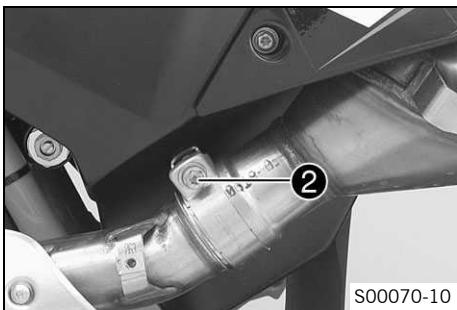


Main work

- Position the manifold with the seals.
- Position the spacer.
- Mount and tighten nuts ①.

Guideline

Nut, manifold on cylinder head	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	Copper paste
--------------------------------	----	------------------------	--------------



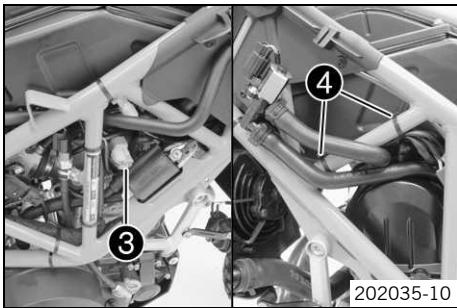
S00070-10

- Position the screw clamp.

- Tighten screw ②.

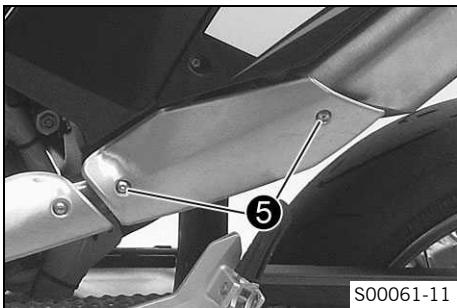
Guideline

Screw, main silencer clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	Copper paste
----------------------------	----	-----------------------	--------------



202035-10

- Plug in connector ③ of the lambda sensor. Position the cable and secure it with cable binders ④.



S00061-11

- Position the heat guard.
- Mount and tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

Screw, exhaust heat shield	M5	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
----------------------------	----	----------------------	----------------------

Finishing work

- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

9.3 Removing the main silencer



Warning

Danger of burns The exhaust system gets very hot when the vehicle is driven.

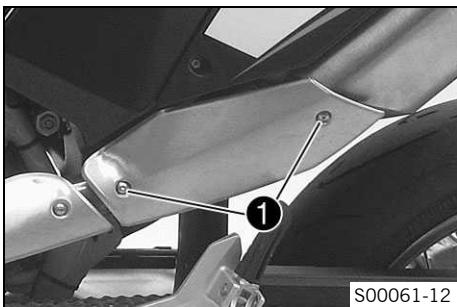
- Allow the exhaust system to cool down. Do not touch hot components.

Preparatory work

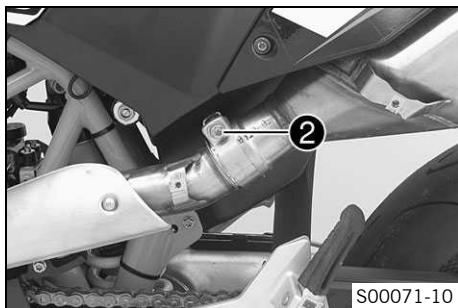
- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Remove screws ①.
- Remove the exhaust heat guard.

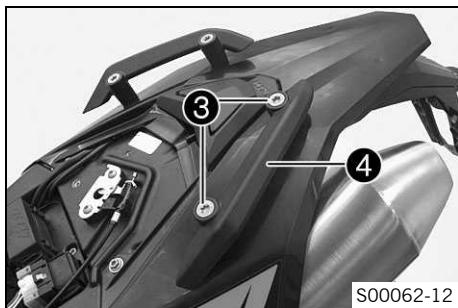


S00061-12



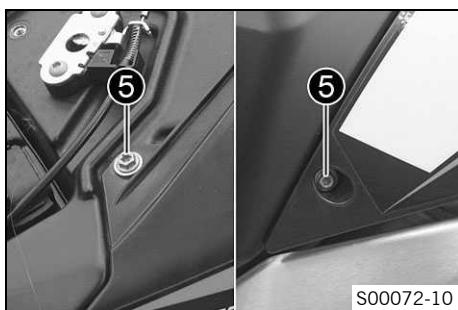
- Loosen screw 2.

S00071-10



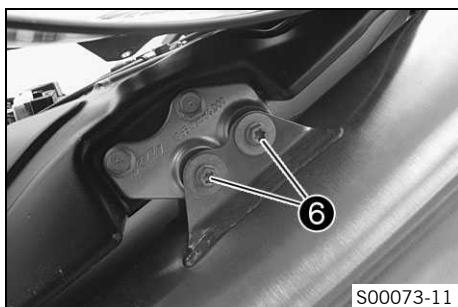
- Remove screws 3.
- Remove grab handle 4.

S00062-12



- Remove screws 5.
- Lift the rear fairing.

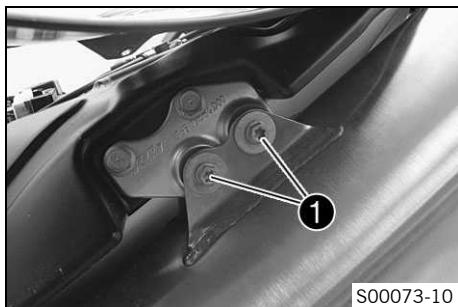
S00072-10



- Remove screws 6.
- Remove the main silencer.

S00073-11

9.4 Installing the main silencer



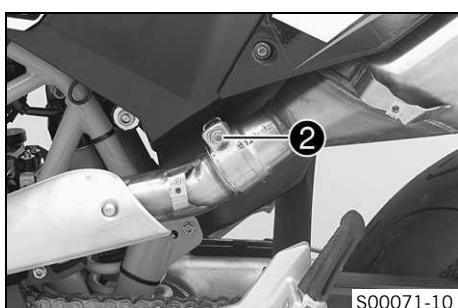
Main work

- Position the main silencer.
- Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, main silencer holder	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
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S00073-10

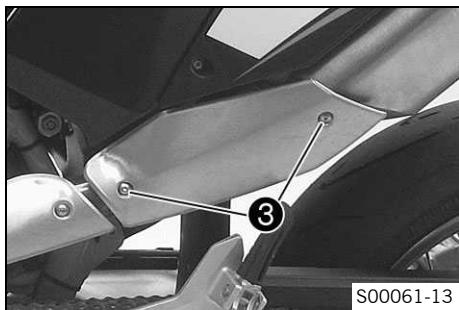


- Position the screw clamp.
- Tighten screw 2.

Guideline

Screw, main silencer clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	Copper paste
----------------------------	----	-----------------------	--------------

S00071-10

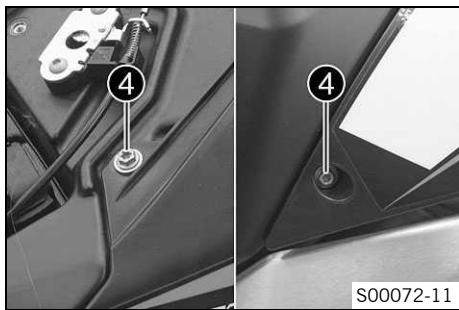


S00061-13

- Position the exhaust heat guard.
- Mount and tighten screws ③.

Guideline

Screw, exhaust heat shield	M5	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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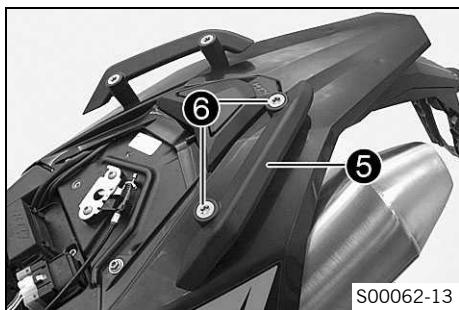


S00072-11

- Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

Rear fairing screw	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
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S00062-13

- Position grab handle ⑤.
- Mount and tighten screws ⑥.

Guideline

Screw, handrail	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
-----------------	----	------------------------

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)

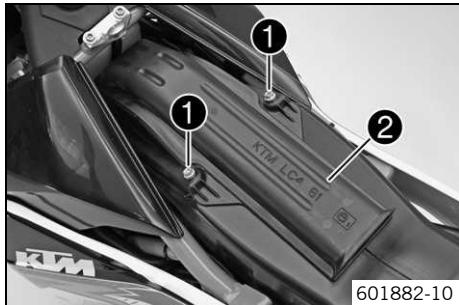
10.1 Removing the air filter

Preparatory work

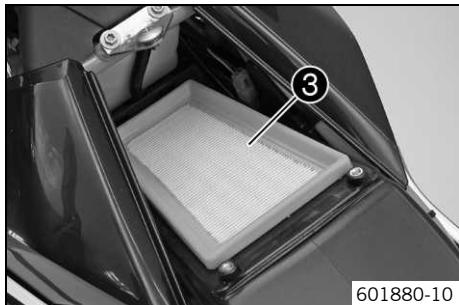
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Remove screws ①. Take off air filter box top ②.



601882-10



601880-10

Note

Engine failure Unfiltered intake air has a negative effect on the service life of the engine.

- Never ride the vehicle without an air filter since dust and dirt can get into the engine and result in increased wear.
- Remove air filter ③.

10.2 Installing the air filter

Main work

- Clean the air filter box.
- Mount air filter ①.



Info

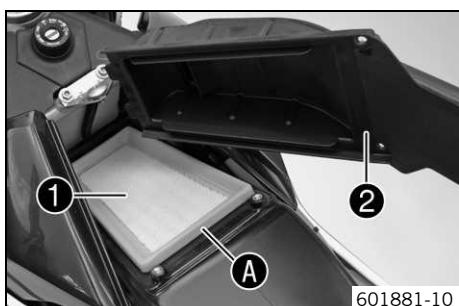
The air filter must lie flush against the air filter box along the entire sealing surface ④.

If the air filter is not correctly mounted, dust and dirt can enter the engine and cause damage.

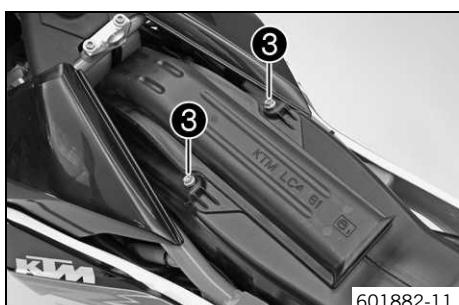
- Hook air filter box top ② into the front of the air filter box and swing down.
- Mount and tighten screws ③.

Guideline

Screw, air filter box top	M6	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)
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601881-10



601882-11

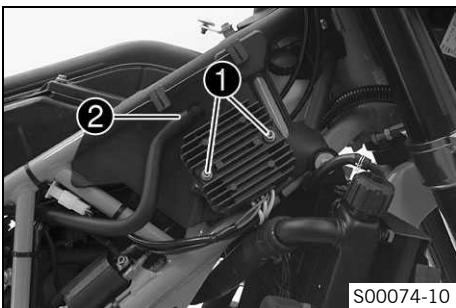
Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

10.3 Removing the air filter box

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)



Main work

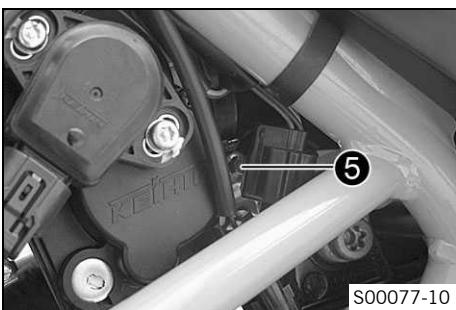
- Remove screws ①.
- Take off the voltage regulator and hang it to the side in a de-energized state.
- Detach and expose hose ②.



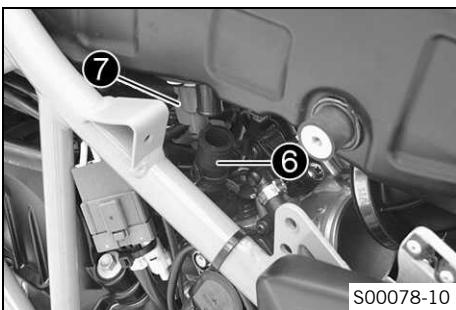
- Remove screws ③.



- Remove screws ④.

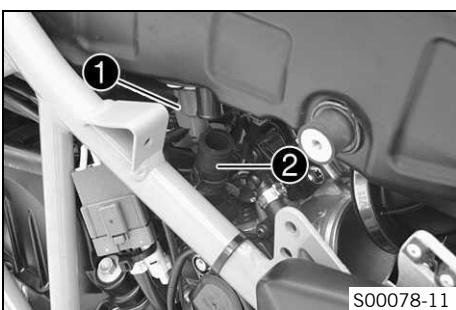


- Loosen hose clip ⑤.



- Raise the air filter box at the rear.
 - Loosen the spring-loaded band-type clamp with the special tool and detach bleed hose ⑥.
- Pliers for spring band clamp (60029057100) (☞ p. 213)
- Detach connector ⑦ of the intake air temperature sensor.
 - Take off the air filter box.

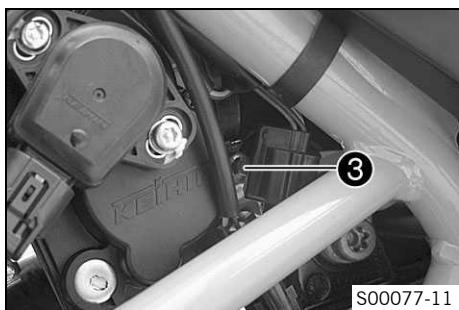
10.4 Installing the air filter box



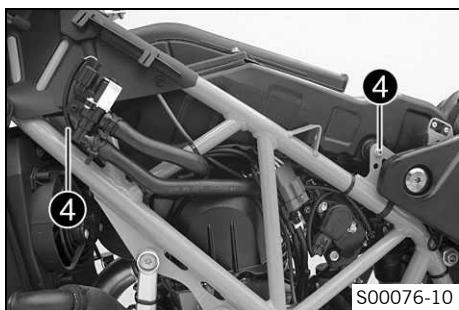
Main work

- Attach connector ① of the intake air temperature sensor.
- Mount bleed hose ②. Mount the spring-loaded band-type clamp using the special tool.

Pliers for spring band clamp (60029057100) (☞ p. 213)



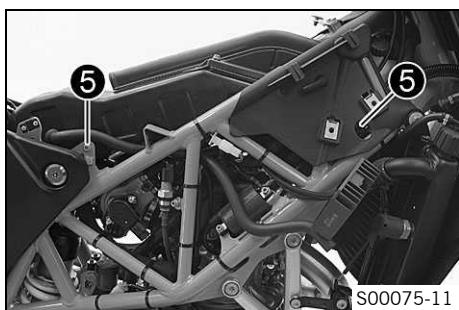
- Position the air filter box.
- Mount and tighten hose clip ③.



- Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

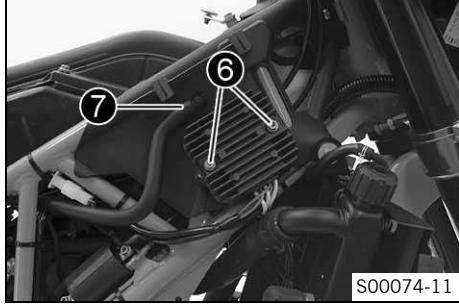
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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- Mount and tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------



- Position the voltage regulator.

- Mount and tighten screws ⑥.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

- Route and mount vent hose ⑦ without kinking.

Finishing work

- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

11.1 Opening the filler cap



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

- Never refuel the vehicle near open flames or burning cigarettes, and always switch off the engine first. Be careful that no fuel is spilt, especially on hot vehicle components. Clean up spilt fuel immediately.
- The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and may emerge if overfilled. Follow the instructions on refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

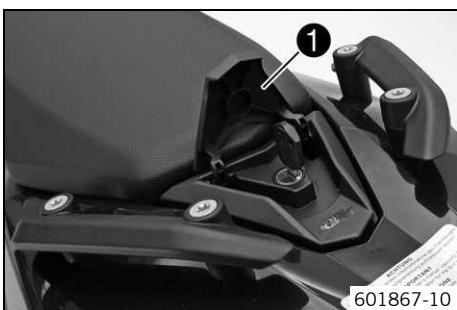
- Fuel must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe in the fuel vapors. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If fuel is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with fuel. Store fuel properly in a suitable canister and keep away from children.



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to get into the ground water, the ground, or the sewage system.



- Lift the cover of filler cap 1 and insert the ignition key.
- Turn the ignition key 90° counterclockwise and remove the filler cap.



Info

The filler cap has a fuel tank breather.

11.2 Closing filler cap



- Put the filler cap back on and turn the ignition key 90° clockwise.
- Remove the ignition key and fold down the cover.

11.3 Removing the seat



- Pull on strap 1 and raise the rear of the seat at the same time.
- Pull back the seat and lift it off.

11.4 Mounting the seat



- Hook slot 1 of the seat onto screw 2, press the rear downward and at the same time push it forward.
- Push locking pin 3 into lock housing 4 and push the back of the seat down until the locking pin locks in place with an audible click.
- Finally, check that the seat is correctly mounted.

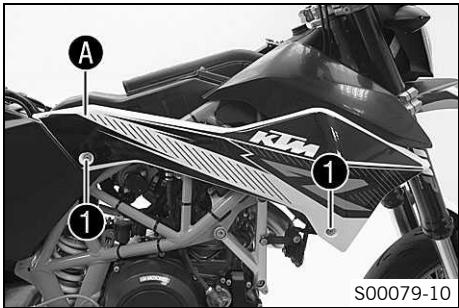
11.5 Taking off the side cover

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Remove screws 1.
- Pull off the side cover in area A and take off from above.
- Repeat the operation on the opposite side.



11.6 Mounting the side cover

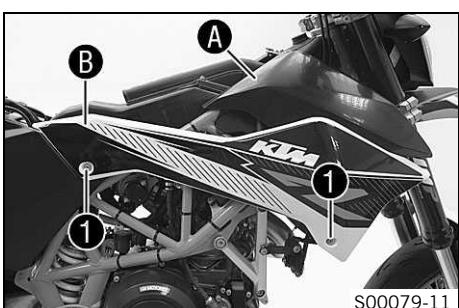
Main work

- Attach the side cover in area A and engage it in area B.
- Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

Screw, side cover	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
-------------------	----	-------------------

- Repeat the operation on the opposite side.



Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

11.7 Checking the fuel pressure



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

- Never refuel the vehicle near open flames or burning cigarettes, and always switch off the engine first. Be careful that no fuel is spilt, especially on hot vehicle components. Clean up spilt fuel immediately.
- The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and may emerge if overfilled. Follow the instructions on refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Fuel must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe in the fuel vapors. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If fuel is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with fuel. Store fuel properly in a suitable canister and keep away from children.

Condition

The fuel tank is completely full.

Ensure that the battery voltage does not drop below 12.5 V.

The ignition is on.

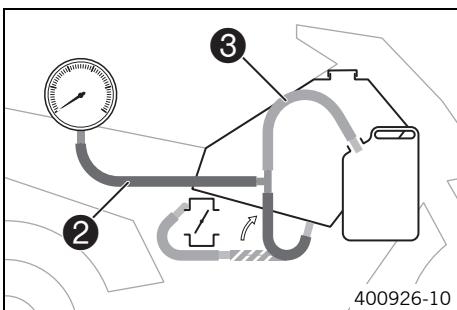
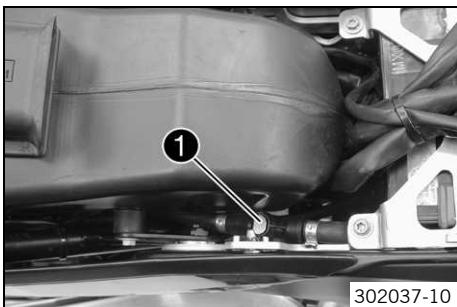
The diagnostics tool is connected.

- Press on the metal plate and disconnect the fuel hose connection ①.



Info

Remaining fuel may run out of the fuel hose.



- Mount special tool ②.

Pressure testing tool (61029094000) (☞ p. 214)

- Mount special tool ③ with nozzle code **0,60**.

Testing hose (61029093000) (☞ p. 213)

- Insert the hose end in a fuel canister.

Guideline

Minimum fuel canister capacity	10 l (2.6 US gal)
--------------------------------	-------------------

- Perform the "Actuator Test" > "Function test of fuel pump control".

Guideline

Maximum duration of actuator test	3 min
-----------------------------------	-------

- Check the fuel pressure with the filler cap closed.

Fuel pressure

When the fuel pump is active	3.3... 3.7 bar (48... 54 psi)
------------------------------	-------------------------------

» If the specification is not reached:

- Open the filler cap. (☞ p. 59)
- Check the fuel tank breather.

- Check the fuel pressure with the filler cap open.

Fuel pressure

When the fuel pump is active	3.3... 3.7 bar (48... 54 psi)
------------------------------	-------------------------------

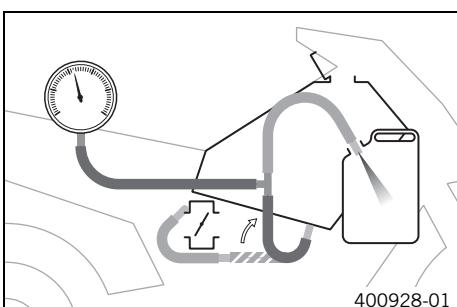
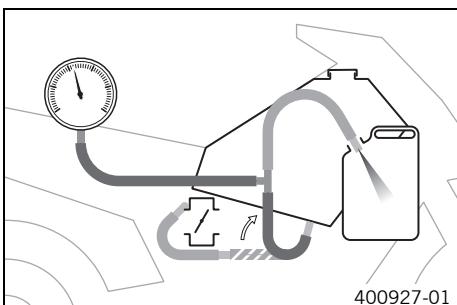
» If the specification is not reached:

- Check that the fuel line is clear.
- Change the fuel filter. (☞ p. 61)
- Change the fuel pump. (☞ p. 65)

- Stop the "Function test of fuel pump control" actuator test by pressing the "Quit" button.

- Dismantle the special tools.

- Connect the fuel hose connection.



11.8 Changing the fuel filter



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

- Never refuel the vehicle near open flames or burning cigarettes, and always switch off the engine first. Be careful that no fuel is spilt, especially on hot vehicle components. Clean up spilt fuel immediately.
- The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and may emerge if overfilled. Follow the instructions on refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Fuel must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe in the fuel vapors. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If fuel is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with fuel. Store fuel properly in a suitable canister and keep away from children.



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

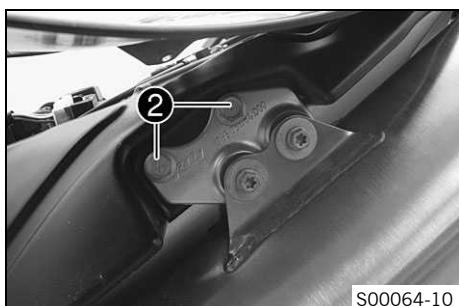
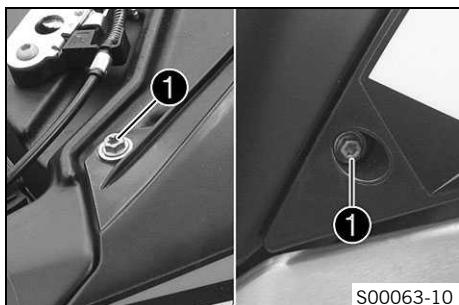
- Do not allow fuel to get into the ground water, the ground, or the sewage system.

Preparatory work

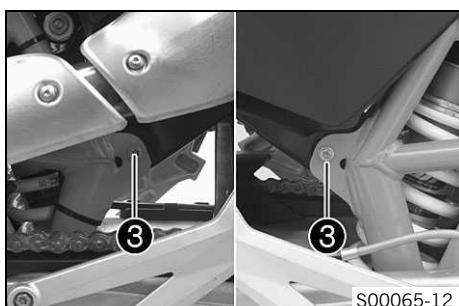
- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (► p. 59)
- Disconnect the battery. (► p. 79)
- Drain the fuel from the fuel tank into a suitable container.

Main work

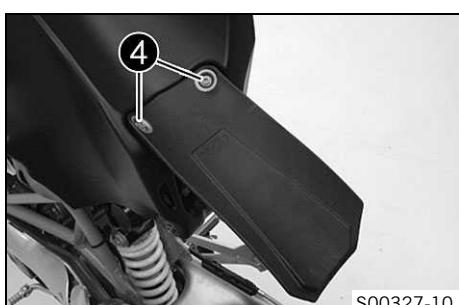
- Remove screws ①.



- Lift the rear fairing.
- Remove screws ②.



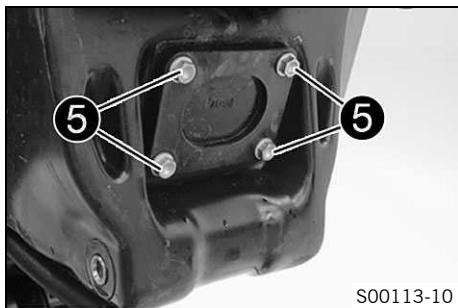
- Remove screw ③ on both sides.
- Swing the rear end upwards and secure it.



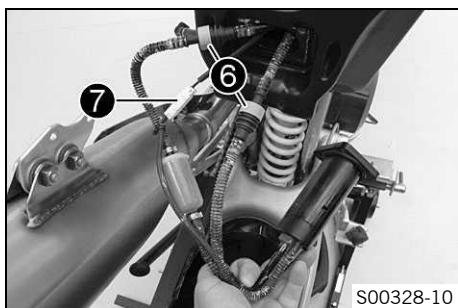
- Remove screws ④ and the splash protector.

11 FUEL TANK, SEAT, TRIM

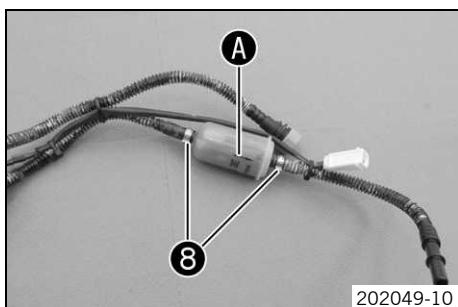
63



- Remove screws 5.
- Pull out the fuel pump.

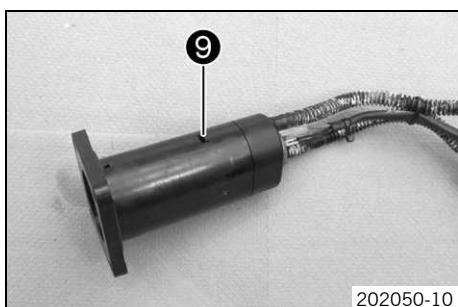


- Disconnect both fuel hose connections 6.
- Unplug connector 7. Remove the fuel pump.



- Remove hose clamps 8.
- Remove fuel filter.
- Mount the new fuel filter.
- ✓ Arrow A points away from the fuel pump.
- Mount hose clamps 8.

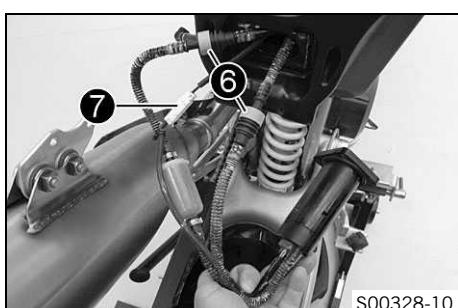
Hose clamp pliers (60029057000) (☞ p. 212)



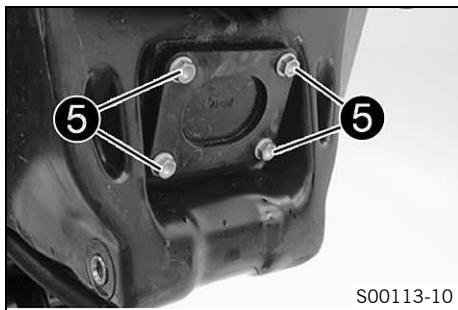
- Press locking mechanism 9 on both sides.
- Pull off the fuel pump housing.



- Change fuel screen 10.
- Mount the fuel pump housing.



- Connect both fuel hose connections 6.
- Attach connector 7.

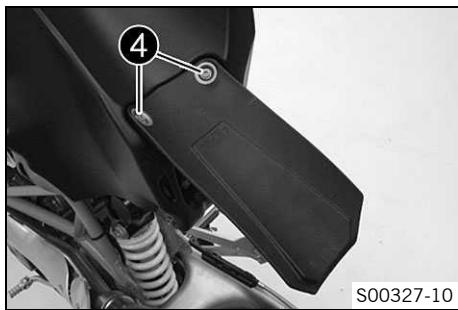


S00113-10

- Position the fuel pump.
- Mount and tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

Screw, fuel pump	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)
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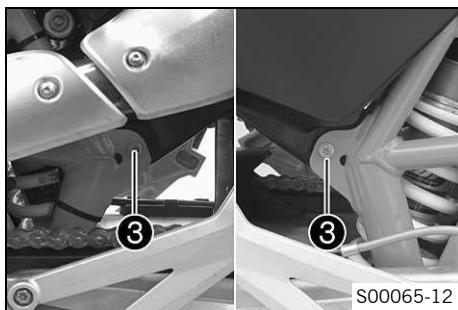


S00327-10

- Position the splash protector. Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)
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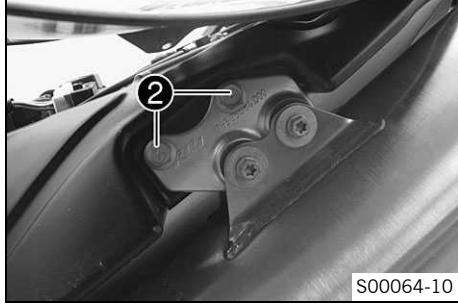


S00065-12

- Position the rear end.
- Mount and tighten screw ③ on both sides.

Guideline

Screw, fuel tank, bottom	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
--------------------------	----	------------------------	---------------



S00064-10

- Lift the rear fairing.
- Mount and tighten screws ②.

Guideline

Screw, main silencer holder on fuel tank	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
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S00063-10

- Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

Screw, side cover	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
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Finishing work

- Disconnect the battery. (☞ p. 80)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

11.9 Changing the fuel pump



Danger

Fire hazard Fuel is highly flammable.

- Never refuel the vehicle near open flames or burning cigarettes, and always switch off the engine first. Be careful that no fuel is spilt, especially on hot vehicle components. Clean up spilt fuel immediately.
- The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and may emerge if overfilled. Follow the instructions on refueling.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Fuel must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe in the fuel vapors. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If fuel is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with fuel. Store fuel properly in a suitable canister and keep away from children.



Warning

Environmental hazard Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

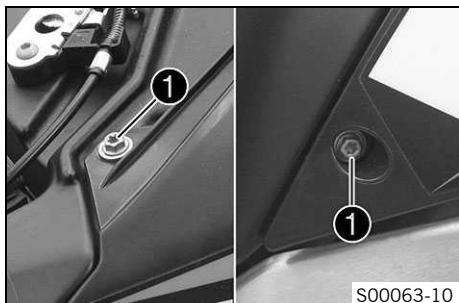
- Do not allow fuel to get into the ground water, the ground, or the sewage system.

Preparatory work

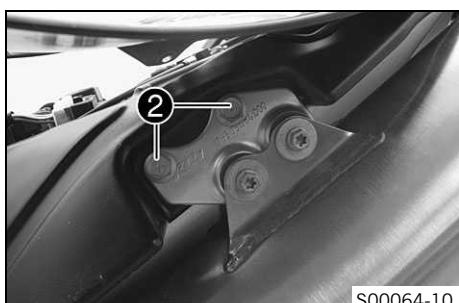
- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Disconnect the battery. (☞ p. 79)
- Drain the fuel from the fuel tank into a suitable container.

Main work

- Remove screws ①.

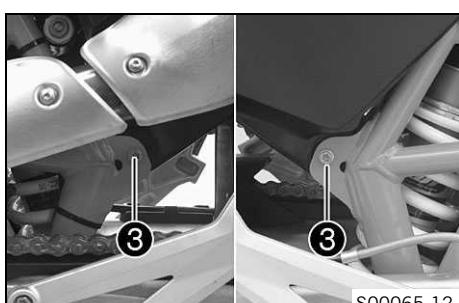


S00063-10



S00064-10

- Lift the rear fairing.
- Remove screws ②.

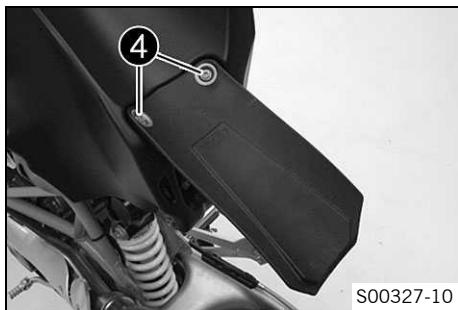


S00065-12

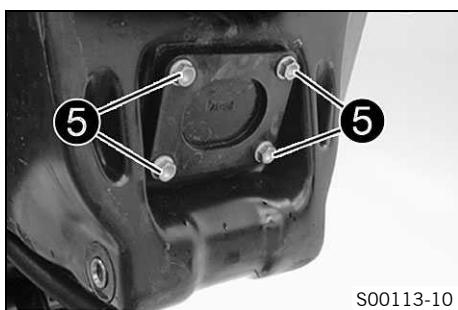
- Remove screw ③ on both sides.
- Swing the rear end upward and secure it.

11 FUEL TANK, SEAT, TRIM

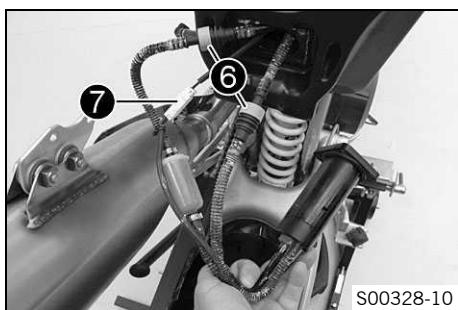
66



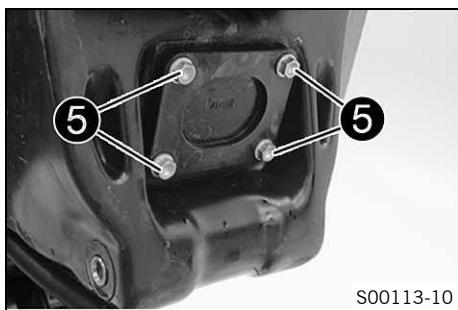
- Remove screws ④ and the splash protector.



- Remove screws ⑤.
- Pull out the fuel pump.



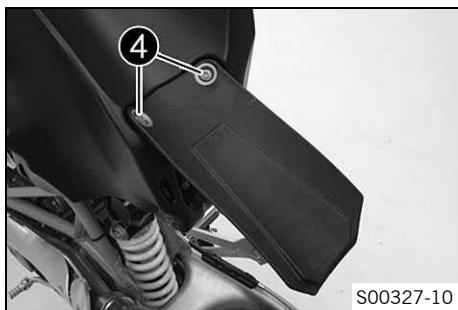
- Disconnect both fuel hose connections ⑥.
- Unplug connector ⑦. Remove the fuel pump.
- Connect the new fuel pump, attaching both fuel hose connections ⑥.
- Attach connector ⑦.



- Position the fuel pump.
- Mount and tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

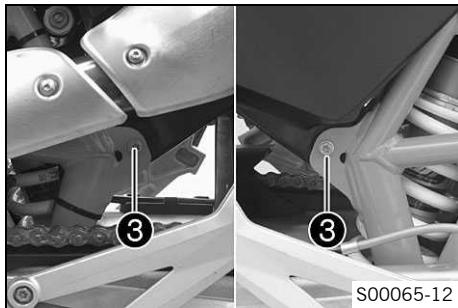
Screw, fuel pump	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)
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- Position the splash protector. Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

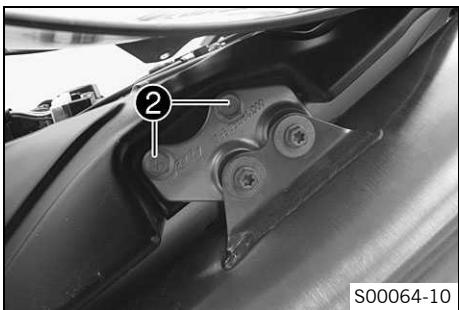
Remaining screws, chassis	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	-----------------



- Position the rear end.
- Mount and tighten screw ③ on both sides.

Guideline

Screw, fuel tank, bottom	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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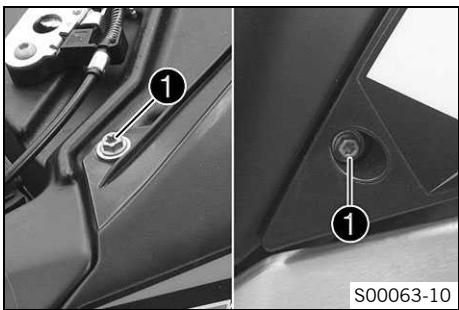


S00064-10

- Lift the rear fairing.
- Mount and tighten screws ②.

Guideline

Screw, main silencer holder on fuel tank	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
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S00063-10

- Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

Screw, side cover	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
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Finishing work

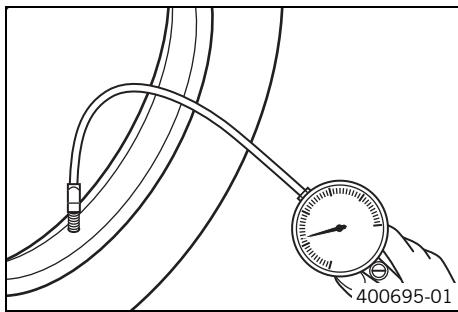
- Disconnect the battery. (☞ p. 80)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

12.1 Checking the tire air pressure



Info

Low tire air pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire.
Correct tire air pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.



- Remove the protection cap.
- Check tire air pressure when tires are cold.

Tire air pressure, solo

Front	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)

Tire air pressure with passenger / fully loaded

Front	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Rear	2.2 bar (32 psi)

- » If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:
 - Correct tire pressure.
- Mount the protection cap.

12.2 Checking the tire condition



Warning

Danger of accidents Uncontrollable vehicle handling in the event of a flat tire.

- In the interest of safety, replace damaged or worn tires immediately.



Warning

Danger of crashing Poor vehicle handling due to different tire tread patterns on front and rear wheels.

- The front and rear wheels must be fitted with tires with similar tread patterns to prevent loss of control over the vehicle.



Warning

Danger of accidents Uncontrollable handling characteristic due to non-approved and/or non-recommended tires/wheels.

- Only tires/wheels approved by KTM and with the corresponding speed index should be used.



Warning

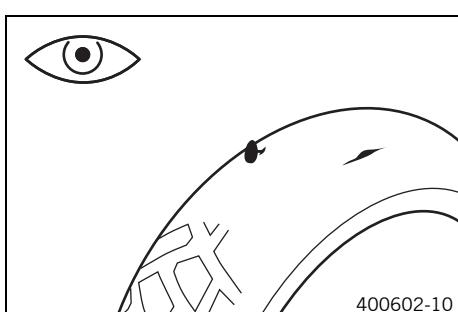
Danger of accidents Reduced road grip with new tires.

- New tires have a smooth rolling surface and therefore cannot provide full road grip. The entire rolling surface must be roughened in the first 200 kilometers (124.3 miles) by moderate riding at alternating angles. The full grip levels are not achieved until the tires have been run in.



Info

The type, condition and air pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the riding behavior of the motorcycle.
Worn tires have a negative effect on riding behavior, especially on wet surfaces.



- Check the front and rear tires for cuts, run-in objects and other damage.
 - » If the tires exhibit cuts, run-in objects or other damage:
 - Change the tires.
- Check the depth of the tread.



Info

Note local national regulations concerning the minimum tread depth.

Minimum tread depth	$\geq 2 \text{ mm} (\geq 0.08 \text{ in})$
---------------------	--

- » If the tread depth is less than the minimum permissible depth:
 - Change the tires.
- Check the age of the tires.

i **Info**

The tire's date of manufacture is usually part of the tire markings and is indicated by the last four digits of the **DOT** marking. The first two digits refer to the week of manufacture and last two digits refer to the year of manufacture.

KTM recommends that the tires are changed regardless of the actual wear, at the latest after 5 years.

- » If a tire is more than 5 years old:
 - Change the tires.

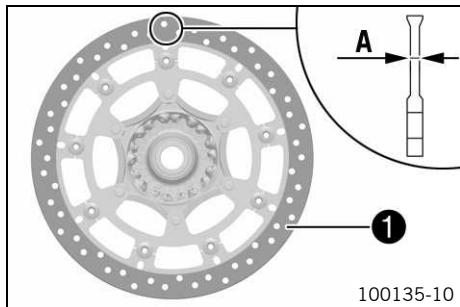
12.3 Checking the brake discs



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to worn brake disc(s).

- Change the worn brake disc(s) without delay.



- Check the thickness of the front and rear brake discs in several places to ensure that it conforms to measurement **A**.

i **Info**

Wear reduces the thickness of the brake disc at the contact surface **1** of the brake disc.

Brake discs - wear limit

Front	4.0 mm (0.157 in)
Rear	4.5 mm (0.177 in)

- » If the brake disc thickness is less than the specified value:
 - Replace the brake disc.
- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracks, and deformation.
 - » If damage, cracks, or deformation are visible on the brake disc:
 - Replace the brake disc.

12.4 Checking the spoke tension



Warning

Danger of accidents Instable handling due to incorrect spoke tension.

- Ensure that the spoke tension is correct.

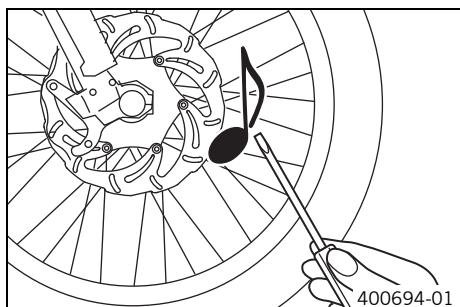
i

Info

A loose spoke causes wheel imbalance and rapidly leads to more loose spokes.

If the spokes are too tight, they can break due to local overload.

Check the spoke tension regularly, especially on a new motorcycle.



- Briefly strike each spoke with a screwdriver blade.

i **Info**

The frequency of the tone is a function of the spoke length and spoke diameter.

If you hear different tone frequencies from individual spokes of the same length and thickness, this is an indication of different spoke tensions.

You should hear a high note.

- » If the spoke tensions differ:
 - Correct the spoke tension.

12.5 Checking the rim run-out



Warning

Danger of accidents Instable handling due to incorrect spoke tension.

- Ensure that the spoke tension is correct.

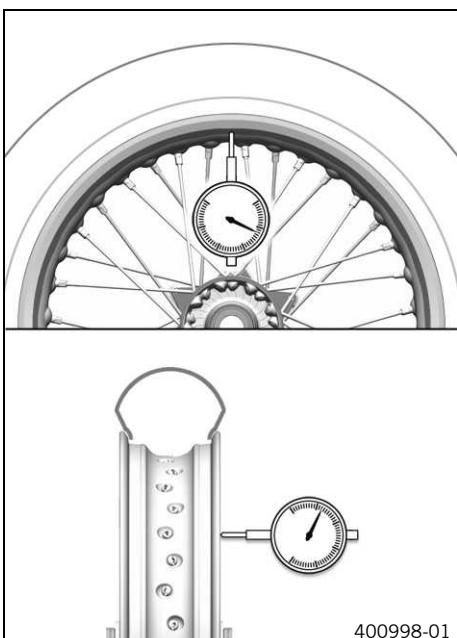


Info

A loose spoke can cause wheel imbalance, which leads to more loose spokes in a short time.

If the spokes are too tight, they can break due to local overload.

Check the spoke tension regularly, especially on a new motorcycle.



- Check the axial run-out and radial run-out of the rim.

Axial run-out

outside of the rim joint	< 1.8 mm (< 0.071 in)
--------------------------	-----------------------

Radial run-out

outside of the rim joint	< 1.8 mm (< 0.071 in)
--------------------------	-----------------------

» If the measured value is greater than the specified value:

- Center the rim.



Info

Center the rim by tightening the spoke nipple on the opposite side of the rim run-out. Change the rim if it is excessively deformed.

- Correct the spoke tension.

12.6 Front wheel

12.6.1 Removing front wheel

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Raise the motorcycle with the front wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

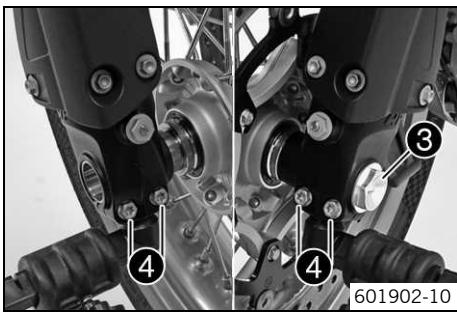
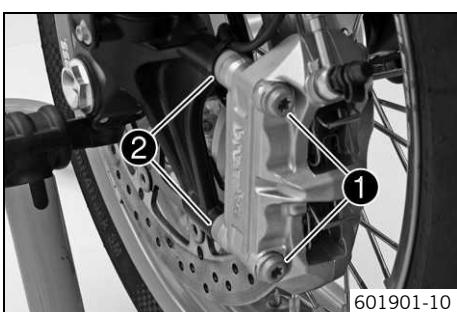
Main work

- Remove screws ① and spacers ②.
- Press back the brake linings with a light lateral tilting of the brake caliper on the brake disc. Pull the brake caliper carefully back from the brake disc and hang it to one side.



Info

Do not pull the handbrake lever when the brake caliper is removed.



- Loosen screws ③ and ④.
- Unscrew screw ③ about 6 turns and press your hand on the screw to push the wheel spindle out of the axle clamp. Remove screw ③.

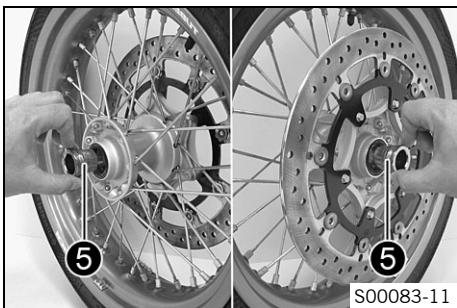


Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking effect caused by damaged brake discs.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake discs are not damaged.

- Holding the front wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.



- Remove distance bushings ⑤.

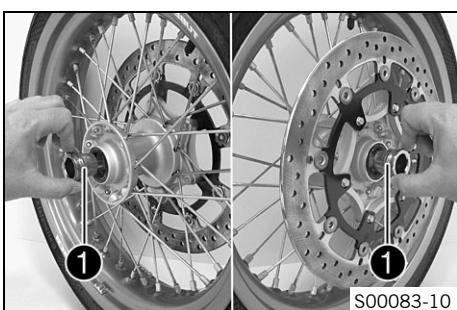
12.6.2 Installing the front wheel



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.



Main work

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Replace the wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease the shaft seal rings and bearing surface of the distance bushings ①.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Insert the spacers.
- Clean and grease the thread of the wheel spindle and screw ②.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Lift the front wheel into the fork, position it, and insert the wheel spindle. Mount and tighten screw ②.

Guideline

Screw, front wheel spindle	M24x1.5	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
----------------------------	---------	------------------------

- Position the brake caliper and check that the brake linings are seated correctly.
- Position spacers ③. Mount screws ④ but do not tighten.
- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point. Fix the hand brake lever in the activated position.
 - ✓ The brake caliper straightens.
- Fully tighten screws ④.

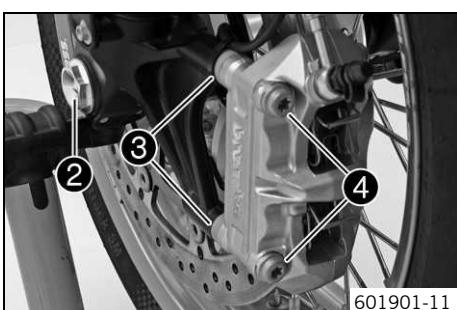
Guideline

Screw, front brake caliper	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
----------------------------	----------	------------------------	---------------

- Remove the fixation of the hand brake lever.
- Take the motorcycle off of the front wheel stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Pull the front wheel brake and push down hard on the fork several times to align the fork legs.
- Tighten screws ⑤.

Guideline

Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
------------------	----	------------------------



Finishing work

- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

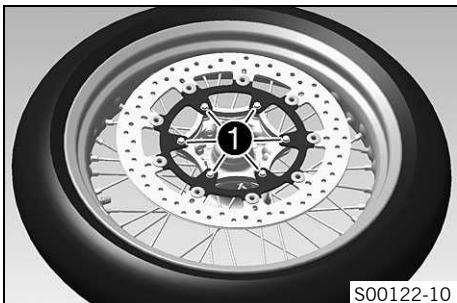
12.6.3 Removing the brake disc of the front brake

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Raise the motorcycle with the front wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Remove front wheel. (☞ p. 70)

Main work

- Remove screws ①. Take off the brake disc.



12.6.4 Installing the brake disc of the front brake

Main work

- Clean the contact surface of the brake disc.
- Position the brake disc with the label facing outward. Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

Screw, front brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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Finishing work

- Install the front wheel. (☞ p. 71)
- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

12.7 Rear wheel

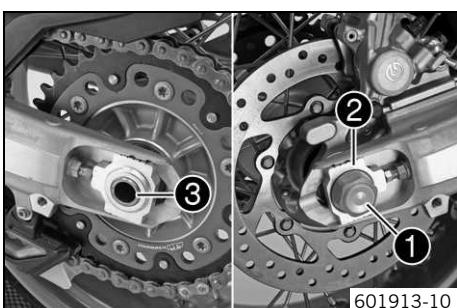
12.7.1 Removing rear wheel

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

Main work

- Press the brake caliper by hand on to the brake disc in order to press back the brake piston.
- Remove nut ①. Remove chain adjuster ②.
- Holding the rear wheel, withdraw the wheel spindle ③.



- Push the rear wheel forwards as far as possible and take the chain off the rear sprocket.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking effect caused by damaged brake discs.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake discs are not damaged.

- Take the rear wheel out of the swing arm.



Info

Do not operate the foot brake when the rear wheel is removed.

12.7.2 Installing the rear wheel

Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.

Warning

Danger of accidents No braking effect when operating the rear brake.

- After installing the rear wheel, always operate the foot brake until the pressure point is reached.

Main work

- Check the rear hub rubber dampers. (☞ p. 78)
 - Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
 - » If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Replace the wheel bearing.
 - Remove the bushing ①. Clean and grease the roll surfaces of the bushing and the shaft seal ring ②.
- Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)
- Clean and grease the thread of the wheel spindle and nut ③.
- Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)
- Install the rubber damper and rear sprocket carrier in the rear wheel.
 - Position the rear wheel.
 - ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
 - Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible and lay the chain on the rear sprocket.
 - Mount the wheel spindle, chain adjusters and nuts.

Guideline

In order that the rear wheel is correctly aligned, the markings on the left and right chain adjusters must be in the same position relative to the reference marks A.

i Info

Mount the left and right chain adjusters ④ in the same position.

- Tighten nut ③.

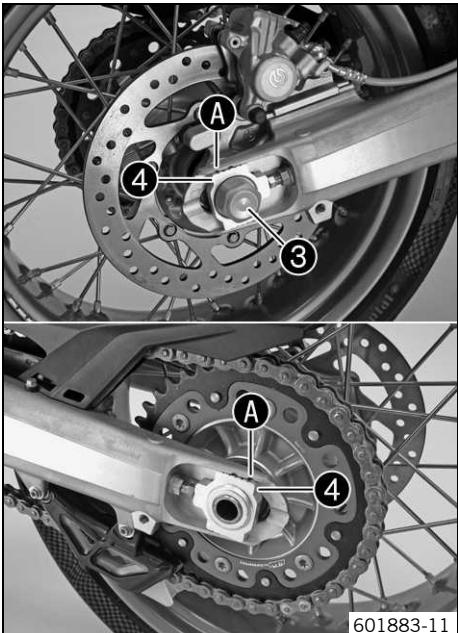
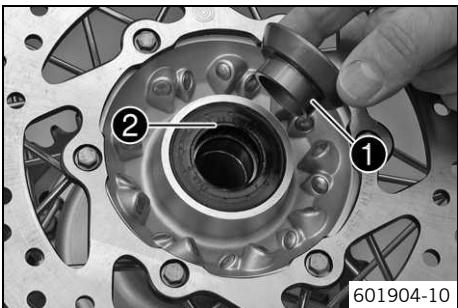
Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spindle	M25x1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)
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- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.

Finishing work

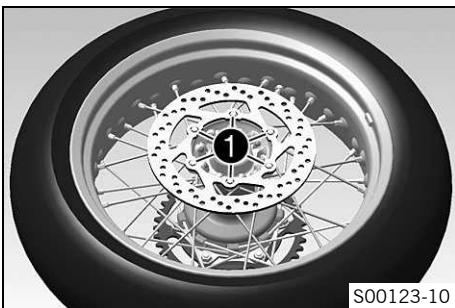
- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)



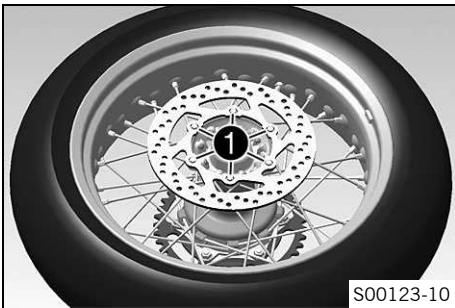
12.7.3 Removing the brake disc of the rear brake

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Remove the rear wheel. (☞ p. 72)

**Main work**

- Remove screws ①. Take off the brake disc.

12.7.4 Installing the brake disc of the rear brake**Main work**

- Clean the contact surface of the brake disc.
- Position the brake disc with the label facing outward. Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

Screw, rear brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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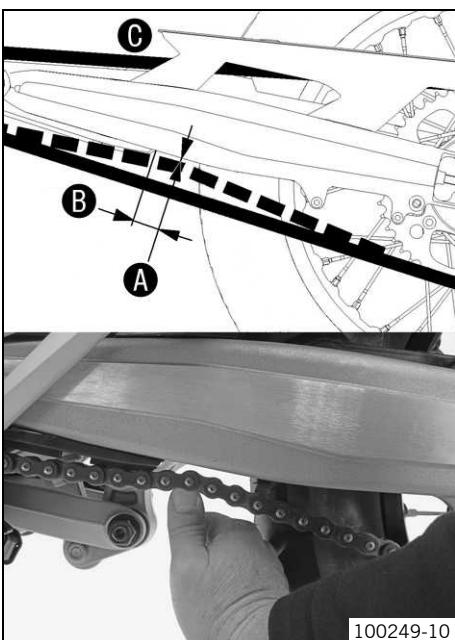
Finishing work

- Install the rear wheel. (☞ p. 73)
- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

12.7.5 Checking the chain tension**Warning**

Danger of accidents Danger caused by incorrect chain tension.

- If the chain is too taut, the components of the secondary power transmission (chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, bearings in the transmission and in the rear wheel) will be under additional load. In addition to premature wear, this can cause the chain or the countershaft of the transmission to break in extreme cases. If the chain is too loose, however, it may fall off the engine sprocket or rear sprocket and block the rear wheel or damage the engine. Ensure that the chain tension is correct and adjust it if necessary.



- Lean the motorcycle on the side stand.
- Shift gear to neutral.
- Push the chain upward at a distance ② from the chain sliding guard and determine the chain tension ③.

**Info**

The upper chain section ② must be taut.

Chain wear is not always even. Repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Chain tension	5 mm (0.2 in)
Distance to chain sliding guard	30 mm (1.18 in)

» If the chain tension does not meet specifications:

- Adjust the chain tension. (☞ p. 75)

12.7.6 Adjusting the chain tension


Warning

Danger of accidents Danger caused by incorrect chain tension.

- If the chain is too taut, the components of the secondary power transmission (chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, bearings in the transmission and in the rear wheel) will be under additional load. In addition to premature wear, this can cause the chain or the countershaft of the transmission to break in extreme cases. If the chain is too loose, however, it may fall off the engine sprocket or rear sprocket and block the rear wheel or damage the engine. Ensure that the chain tension is correct and adjust it if necessary.

Preparatory work

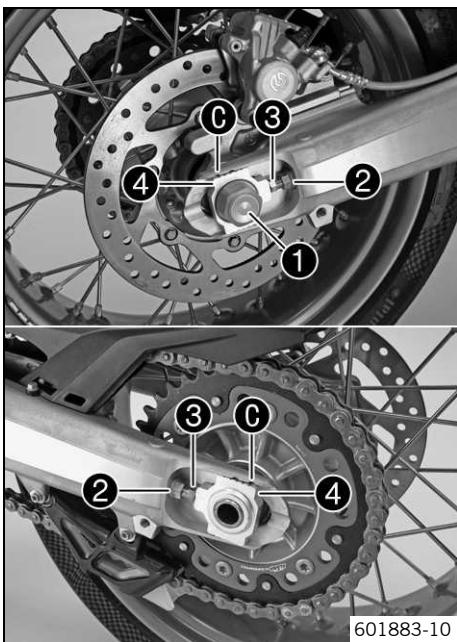
- Check the chain tension. (☞ p. 74)

Main work

- Loosen nut ①.
- Loosen nuts ②.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws ③ on the left and right.

Guideline

Chain tension	5 mm (0.2 in)
Turn the left and right adjusting screws ③ so that the markings on the left and right chain adjusters ④ are in the same position relative to the reference marks ⑤. The rear wheel is then correctly aligned.	


Info

The upper chain section must be taut.

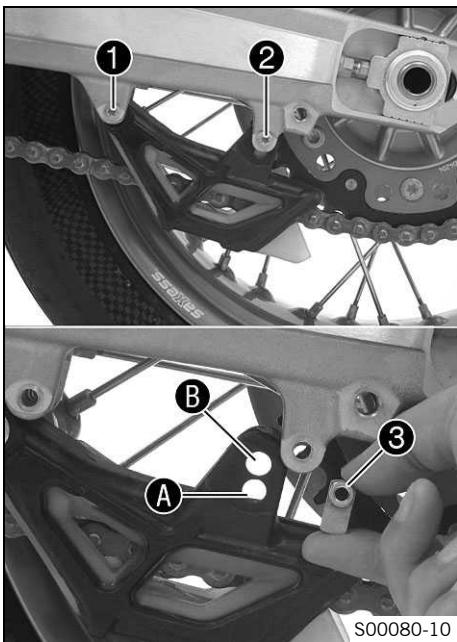
Chain wear is not always even. Repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

- Tighten nuts ②.
- Make sure that the chain adjusters ④ are installed correctly on adjusting screws ③.
- Tighten nut ①.

Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spindle	M25x1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)
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12.7.7 Adjusting chain guide



- Remove screws ① and ②. Take off the chain guide.

Condition

Number of teeth: \leq 44 teeth

- Insert nut ③ in hole ④. Position the chain guide.
- Mount and tighten screws ① and ②.

Guideline

Screw, chain guide	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
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Condition

Number of teeth: \geq 45 teeth

- Insert nut ③ in hole ④. Position the chain guide.
- Mount and tighten screws ① and ②.

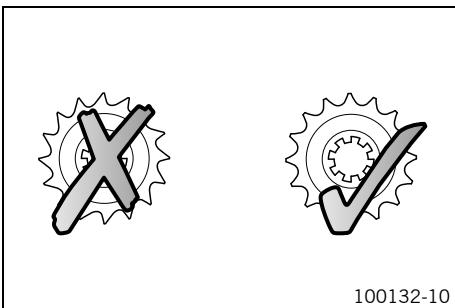
Guideline

Screw, chain guide	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
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12.7.8 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide

Preparatory work

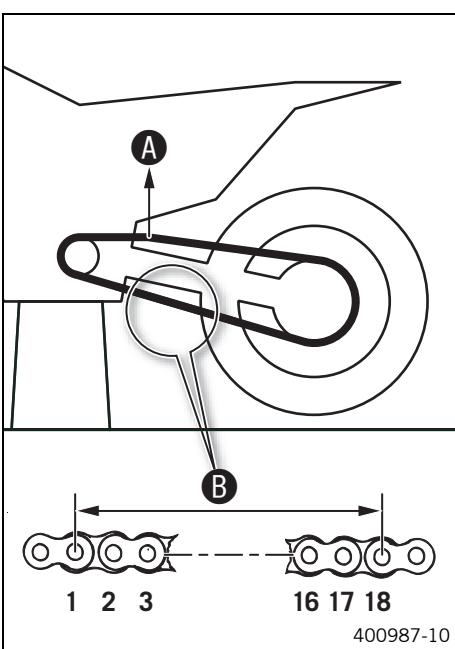
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

**Main work**

- Shift the transmission to neutral.
- Check the rear sprocket and engine sprocket for wear.
 - » If the rear sprocket and engine sprocket are worn:
 - Change the power set.

**Info**

The engine sprocket, rear sprocket, and chain should always be replaced together.



- Pull on the upper section of the chain with the specified weight **A**.
- Guideline

Weight of chain wear measurement	15 kg (33 lb.)
----------------------------------	----------------

- Measure distance **B** of 18 chain links in the lower chain section.

**Info**

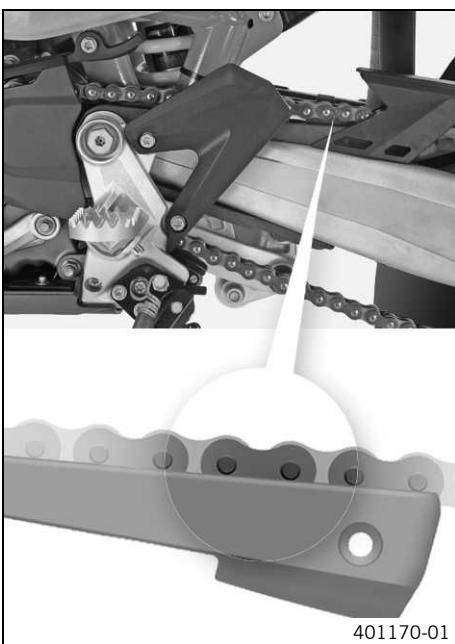
Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

Maximum distance B at the longest chain section	272 mm (10.71 in)
--	-------------------

- » If the distance **B** is greater than the specified measurement:
 - Replace the chain.

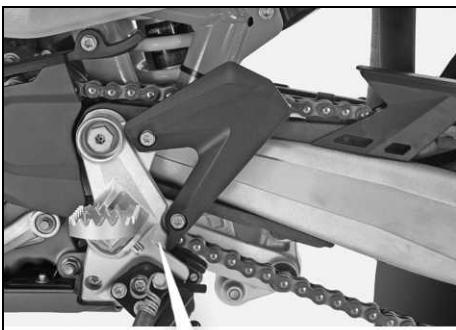
**Info**

When the chain is replaced, the rear sprocket and engine sprocket should also be changed.
New chains wear out faster on old, worn sprockets.



- Check the chain sliding guard for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below the chain sliding guard:
 - Replace the chain sliding guard.
- Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding guard is loose:
 - Tighten the chain sliding guard.

Screw, chain sliding guard	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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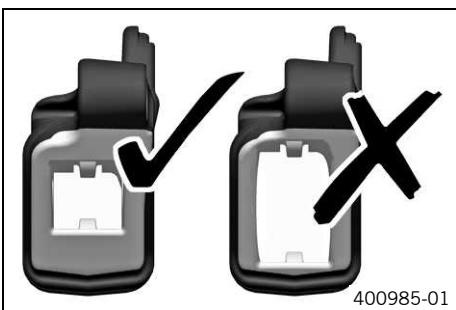


401171-01

- Check the chain sliding piece for wear.
 - » If the lower edge of the chain pins is in line with or below the chain sliding piece:
 - Change the chain sliding piece.
- Check that the chain sliding piece is firmly seated.
 - » If the chain sliding piece is loose:
 - Tighten the chain sliding piece.

Guideline

Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
----------------------------	----	------------------------



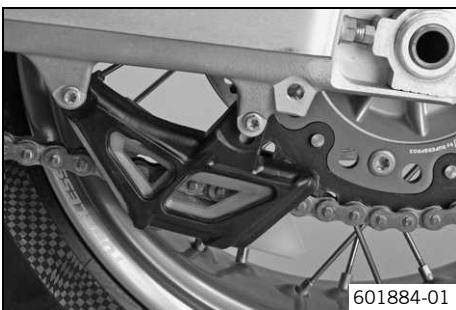
400985-01

- Check the chain guide for wear.

**Info**

Wear is visible on the front of the chain guide.

- » If the light part of the chain guide is worn:
 - Change the chain guide.



601884-01

- Check that the chain guide is firmly seated.

- » If the chain guide is loose:
 - Tighten the chain guide.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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Finishing work

- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

12.7.9 Cleaning the chain**Warning**

Danger of accidents Oil or grease on the tires reduces their grip.

- Remove oil and grease with a suitable cleaning material.

**Warning**

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.

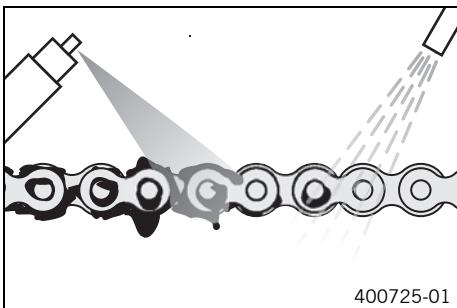
**Warning**

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

**Info**

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.



- Clean the chain regularly.
 - Rinse off loose dirt with a soft jet of water.
 - Remove old grease remains with chain cleaner.
- Chain cleaner (☞ p. 208)
- After drying, apply chain spray.
- Chain lube for road use (☞ p. 208)

12.7.10 Checking the rear hub rubber dampers


Info

The engine power is transmitted from the rear sprocket to the rear wheel via 6 rubber dampers. They eventually wear out during operation. If the rubber dampers are not changed in time, the rear sprocket carrier and the rear hub will be damaged.

Preparatory work

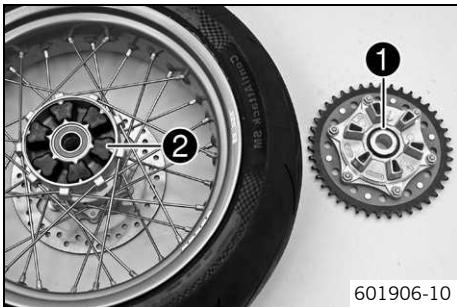
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Remove the rear wheel. (☞ p. 72)

Main work

- Check bearing ①.

 - » If the bearing is damaged or worn:
 - Replace the bearings.

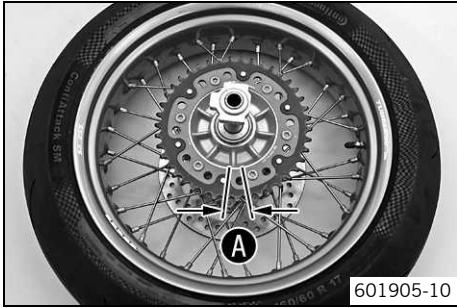
- Check rubber dampers ② of the rear hub for damage and wear.
 - » If the rubber dampers of the rear hub are damaged or worn:
 - Change all rubber dampers in the rear hub.



- Lay the rear wheel on a workbench with the rear sprocket facing upwards and insert the wheel spindle in the hub.
- To check play A, hold the rear wheel tight and try to rotate the rear sprocket with your hand.


Info

Measure the play on the outside of the rear sprocket.



Play in rubber dampers, rear wheel	$\leq 5 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.2 \text{ in})$
------------------------------------	---

- » If play A is larger than the specified value:
 - Change all rubber dampers in the rear hub.

Finishing work

- Install the rear wheel. (☞ p. 73)
- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)

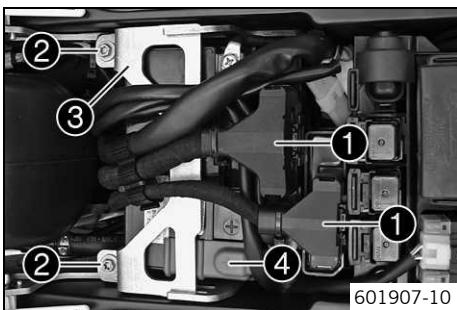
13.1 Removing the battery



Warning

Risk of injury Battery acid and battery gases cause serious chemical burns.

- Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- Avoid contact with battery acid and battery gases.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from the battery. Only charge in well-ventilated rooms.
- In the event of skin contact, rinse with large amounts of water. If battery acid gets in the eyes, rinse with water for at least 15 minutes and contact a physician.



Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

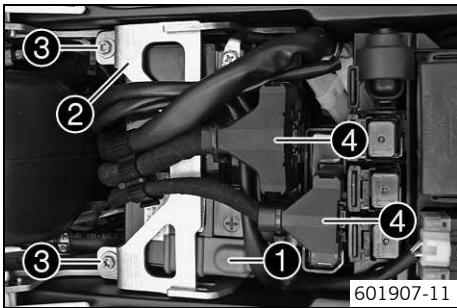
- Disconnect the negative (minus) cable of the battery.
- Pull plug ① off upward.
- Remove screws ②.
- Pull the retaining bracket ③ of the battery forward and remove it.
- Take off the positive pole cover ④.
- Disconnect the positive (plus) cable of the battery.
- Push the wiring harness to the side and pull the battery out of the battery holder.



Info

Never operate the motorcycle with a discharged battery or without a battery. In both cases, electrical components and safety devices can be damaged. The vehicle is therefore no longer roadworthy.

13.2 Installing the battery



Main work

- Slide the battery into the battery holder.



Info

The battery terminals must be at the rear.

- Attach the positive cable and mount positive terminal cover ①.
- Position retaining bracket ②.
- Mount and tighten screws ③.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

- Plug in connector ④.
- Attach the minus cable .

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

13.3 Disconnecting the battery

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)



S00081-10

Main work

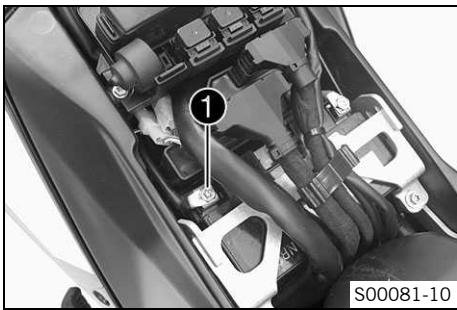
- Disconnect the negative (minus) cable 1 of the battery.



Info

Never operate the motorcycle with a discharged battery or without a battery. In both cases, electrical components can safety equipment can be damaged. The vehicle is therefore no longer roadworthy.

13.4 Connecting the battery



S00081-10

Main work

- Reconnect minus cable 1.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

13.5 Recharging the battery



Warning

Risk of injury Battery acid and battery gases cause serious chemical burns.

- Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- Avoid contact with battery acid and battery gases.
- Keep sparks and open flames away from the battery. Only charge in well-ventilated rooms.
- In the event of skin contact, rinse with large amounts of water. If battery acid gets in the eyes, rinse with water for at least 15 minutes and contact a physician.



Warning

Environmental hazard The battery contains elements that are harmful to the environment.

- Do not discard batteries with the household waste. Dispose of faulty batteries in an environmentally compatible manner. Give the battery to your authorized KTM dealer or dispose of it at a collection point for used batteries.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Info

Even when there is no load on the battery, it still loses power steadily.

The charging level and the method of charging are very important for the service life of the battery.

Rapid recharging with a high charging current shortens the battery's service life.

If the charging current, charging voltage and charging time are exceeded, electrolyte escapes through the safety valves. This reduces the battery capacity.

If the battery is depleted from starting the vehicle repeatedly, the battery must be charged immediately.

If the battery is left in a discharged state for an extended period, it will become over-discharged and sulfate, destroying the battery.

The battery is maintenance-free, which means that the acid level does not need to be checked.

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Remove the battery. (☞ p. 79)



Main work

- Connect the battery charger to the battery. Switch on the battery charger.

Battery charger (58429074000)

You can also use the battery charger to test rest potential and start potential of the battery, and to test the alternator. With this device, you cannot overcharge the battery.



Info

Never remove lid ①.

Charge the battery with a maximum of 10% of the capacity specified on the battery housing ②.

- Switch off and disconnect the charger after charging.

Guideline

The charge current, charge voltage and charge time must not be exceeded.

Charge the battery regularly when the motorcycle is not in use	3 months
--	----------

Finishing work

- Install the battery. (☞ p. 79)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

13.6 Checking the charging voltage

Condition

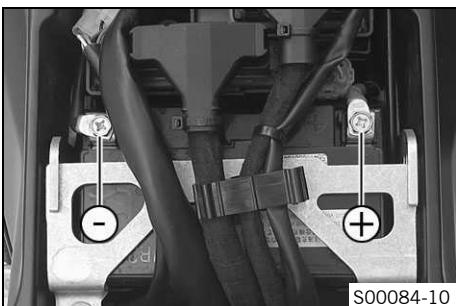
The battery must be fully functional and completely charged.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Remove screws ①.
- Push the retaining bracket forward and take off the terminal cover.
- Start the motorcycle to make checks. (☞ p. 13)



- **V** Measure the voltage between the specified points.
Measuring point **Plus (+)** – Measuring point **Ground (-)**

Charging voltage

5,000 rpm	13.5... 15.0 V
-----------	----------------

- » If the displayed value is less than the specified value:
 - Check the plug-in connections from the alternator to the voltage regulator.
 - Check the plug-in connections from the voltage regulator to the wiring harness.
 - Check the stator winding of the alternator. (☞ p. 171)
- » If the displayed value is greater than the specified value:
 - Change the voltage regulator.

13.7 Changing the main fuse



Warning

Fire hazard The electrical system can be overloaded if the wrong fuses are used.

- Use only fuses with the prescribed amperage. Never by-pass or repair fuses.



Info

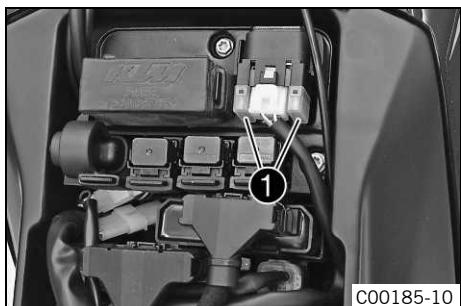
The main fuse protects all power consumers in the vehicle. It is in the housing of the starter relay next to the battery.

Preparatory work

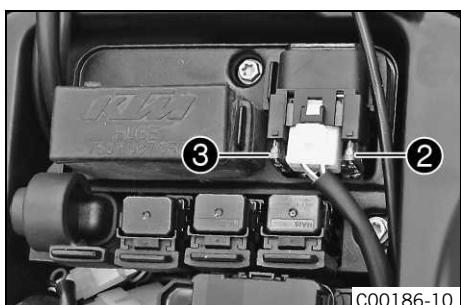
- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Remove protection covers ①.



C00185-10



C00186-10

- Remove a defective main fuse ② with needle nose pliers.
- Install a new main fuse.

Fuse (58011109130) (☞ p. 177)



Info

A reserve fuse ③ is located in the starter relay.

- Check the functioning of the electrical equipment.
- Mount the protection covers.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)

13.8 Changing fuses of individual power consumers



Info

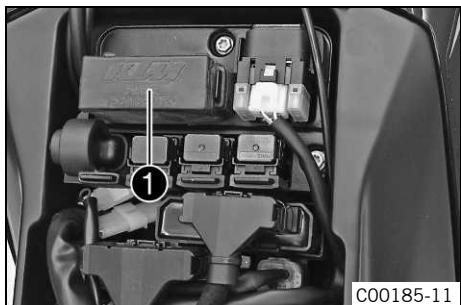
The fuse box containing the fuses of individual power consumers is located under the seat.

Preparatory work

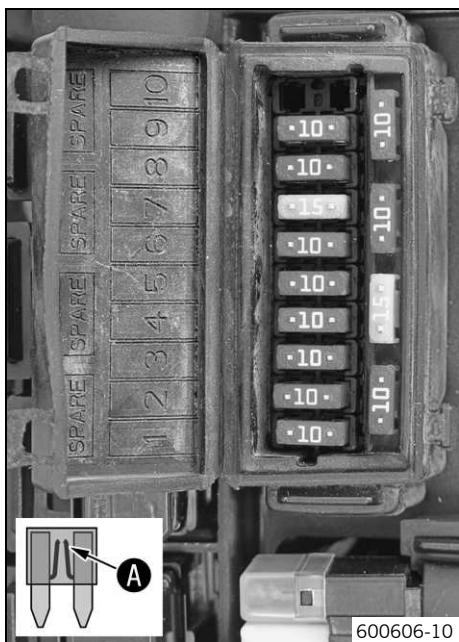
- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Open fuse box cover ①.



C00185-11



- Remove the defective fuse.

Guideline

Fuse 1 - 10 A - ignition, combination instrument
Fuse 2 - 10 A - clock, ignition (EFI control unit)
Fuse 3 - 10 A - EPT control unit
Fuse 4 - 10 A - fuel pump
Fuse 5 - 10 A - radiator fan
Fuse 6 - 10 A - horn, brake light, turn signal
Fuse 7 - 15 A - high beam, low beam, parking light, tail light, license plate lamp
Fuse 8 - 10 A - for supplementary equipment (accessories connected with ignition switch)
Fuse 9 - 10 A - for accessories (permanent positive)
Fuse 10 - not used
Fuse SPARE - 10 A/15 A - spare fuses



Info

A defective fuse is indicated by a burned-out fuse wire **A**.



Warning

Fire hazard The electrical system can be overloaded if the wrong fuses are used.

- Use only fuses with the prescribed amperage. Never by-pass or repair fuses.

- Replace with a spare fuse of the right rating.

Fuse (75011088010) (☞ p. 177)

Fuse (75011088015) (☞ p. 177)



Tip

Put a new spare fuse in the fuse box for future use if needed.

- Check the function of power consumers.
- Close the fuse box cover.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

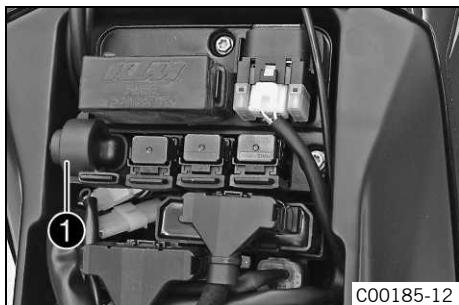
13.9 Adjusting the engine characteristic

Preparatory work

- Switch off the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **OFF** ☒.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)

Main work

- Pull the **Map-Select** switch and holder **1** upward off of the retaining bracket.
- Pull the **Map-Select** switch out of the holder.





- Turn the adjusting wheel until the desired digit is next to marking **2**.

Set the Map-Select switch to Soft.

- Set the adjusting wheel to position **1**.
- ✓ Soft – reduced homologated peak performance for better driveability.

Set the Map-Select switch to Advanced.

- Set the adjusting wheel to position **2**.
- ✓ Advanced – homologated performance with extremely direct responsiveness.

Set the Map-Select switch to Standard.

- Set the adjusting wheel to position **3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9**.
- ✓ Standard – homologated performance with balanced responsiveness.

Set the Map-Select switch to poor fuel quality.

- Set the adjusting wheel to position **0**.
 - ✓ Poor fuel quality – homologated performance is reduced in accordance with the fuel quality, use for no more than 1 tank of fuel
- Position the **Map-Select** switch in the holder.
 - Slide the **Map-Select** switch with the holder downward onto the retaining bracket.

Finishing work

- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)

14.1 Checking the front brake linings



Warning

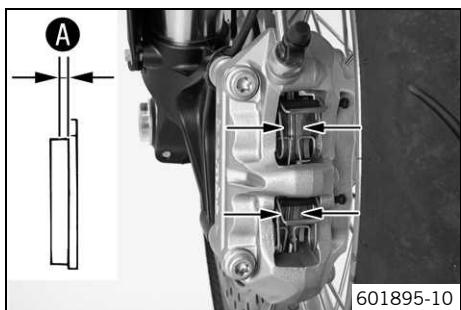
Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency caused by worn brake linings.

- Change worn brake linings immediately.

Note

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency caused by damaged brake discs.

- If the brake linings are not changed in time, the steel brake lining carriers grind on the brake disc. The braking effect is greatly reduced and the brake discs are destroyed. Check the brake linings regularly.



- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness **A**.

Minimum thickness A	$\geq 1 \text{ mm} (\geq 0.04 \text{ in})$
----------------------------	--

- » If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
 - Change the brake linings of the front brake. (→ p. 85)
- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
 - » If there is wear or tearing:
 - Change the brake linings of the front brake. (→ p. 85)

14.2 Changing the brake linings of the front brake



Warning

Danger of accident Brake system failure.

- Maintenance work and repairs must be carried out professionally.



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to use of non-approved brake linings.

- Brake linings available from accessory suppliers are often not tested and approved for use on KTM vehicles. The construction and friction factor of the brake linings and therefore the brake power can differ considerably from the original KTM brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the originals, there is no guarantee that they comply with the original license. The vehicle no longer corresponds to the condition at delivery, and the warranty is no longer valid.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

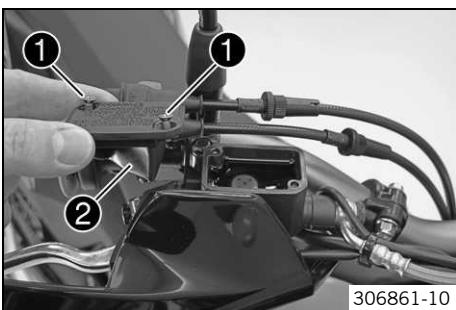
- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



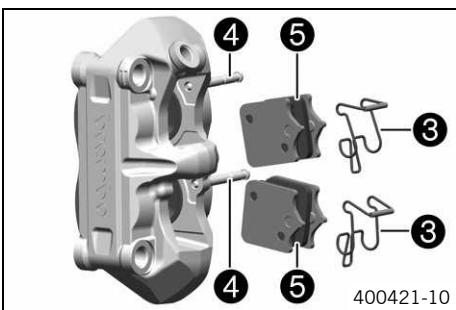
Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid! It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!
Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



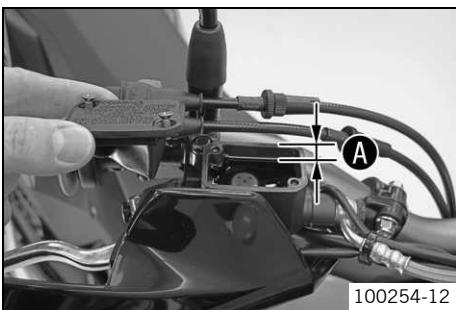
- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws ①.
- Remove cover with membrane ②.
- Press the brake piston back to its basic position and make sure that no brake fluid overflows from the brake fluid reservoir.



- Push the spring hanger forward from spring ③ and pull out pin ④.
- Remove springs ③. Remove brake linings ⑤.
- Clean the brake caliper.
- Insert new brake linings ⑤. Position springs ③ and mount pins ④.



The spring hanger of springs ③ must be positioned upward.



- Add brake fluid to level A.

Guideline

Level A

5 mm (0.2 in)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)

- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.

14.3 Adjusting the basic position of the hand brake lever



- Adjust the basic setting of the hand brake lever to your hand size by turning adjusting wheel ①.



Pull the hand brake lever forward and turn the adjusting wheel.
Do not make any adjustments while riding!

14.4 Checking the front brake fluid level



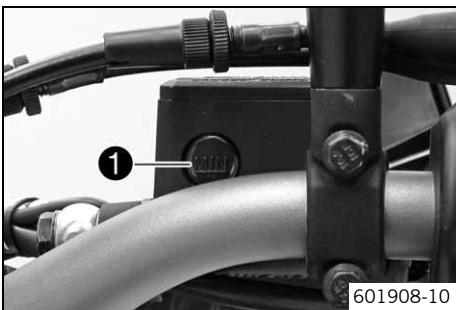
Danger of accidents Failure of the brake system.

- If the brake fluid level falls below the MIN mark, this indicates a leakage in the brake system or worn-out brake linings. Check the brake system and do not continue riding.



Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.



- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Check the brake fluid level in the viewer ①.
 - » When the brake fluid level drops below the **MIN** mark:
 - Add front brake fluid. (☞ p. 87)

14.5 Adding front brake fluid

Warning

Danger of accidents Failure of the brake system.

- If the brake fluid level falls below the **MIN** mark, this indicates a leakage in the brake system or worn-out brake linings. Check the brake system and do not continue riding.

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.

Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid! It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!

Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work

- Check the front brake linings. (☞ p. 85)

Main work

- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws ①.
- Remove cover ② with membrane ③.
- Add brake fluid to level ④.

Guideline

Measurement of ④	5 mm (0.2 in)
------------------	---------------

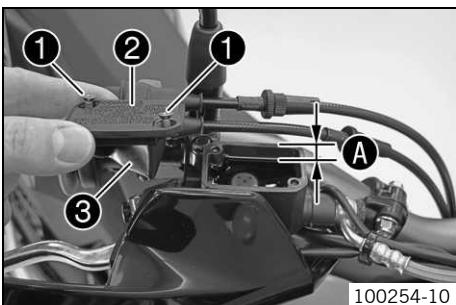
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)

- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.



14.6 Changing the front brake fluid



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

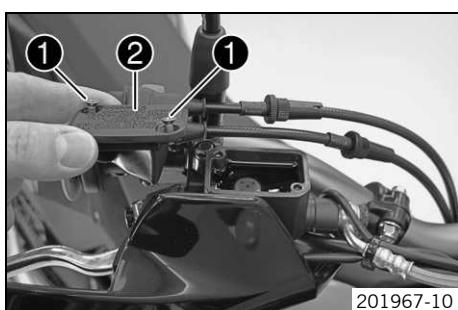
- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Info

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!

Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



201967-10

- Move the brake fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Cover the painted parts.
- Remove screws ①.
- Remove cover ② with membrane.
- Draw the old brake fluid out of the brake fluid reservoir using a syringe and fill with fresh brake fluid.

Bleed syringe (50329050000) (☞ p. 211)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)



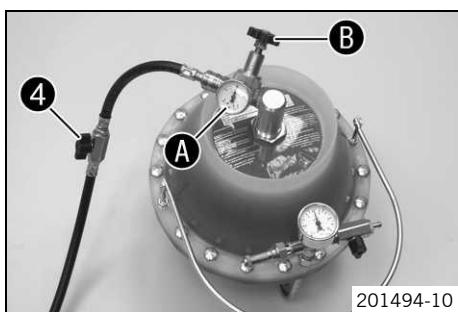
201969-10

- Mount bleed cover ③.

Bleeder cover (00029013010) (☞ p. 210)

- Connect the bleeding device.

Bleeding device (00029013100) (☞ p. 210)



201494-10

- Open shut-off valve ④.



Info Follow the operating instructions of the bleeding device.

- Ensure that the inflation pressure is correctly set at pressure gauge A. If necessary, adjust the inflation pressure at pressure regulator B.

Guideline

Inflation pressure	2... 2.5 bar (29... 36 psi)
--------------------	-----------------------------

- Pull off protection cap ⑤ of the brake caliper bleeder screw. Connect the hose of the bleeder bottle.

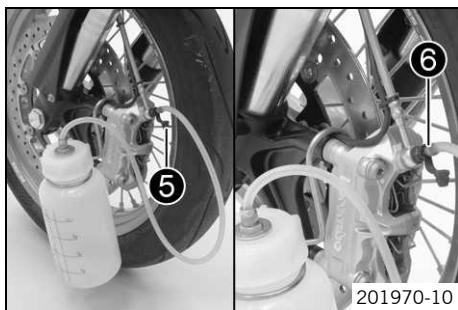
Bleeding device (00029013100) (☞ p. 210)

- Open bleeder screw ⑥ by approx. one half turn.

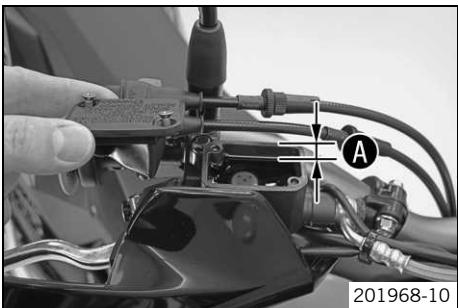


Info Bleed until fresh brake fluid emerges from the bleeder bottle hose without bubbles.

- Tighten the bleeder screw.
- Close shut-off valve ④.
- Open the bleeder screw again until brake fluid stops emerging.



201970-10



i Info

This prevents overfilling of the brake fluid reservoir.

- Tighten the bleeder screw. Remove the hose of the bleeder bottle. Mount the protection cap.
- Disconnect the bleeding device. Remove the bleeder cover.
- Correct the brake fluid level.

Guideline

Add brake fluid to level A.	5 mm (0.2 in)
-----------------------------	---------------

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)

- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

i Info

Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.

- Check the hand brake lever for a firm pressure point.

14.7 Checking the rear brake linings

! Warning

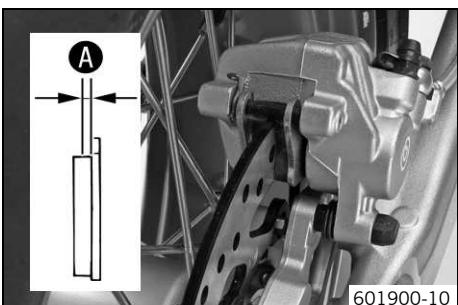
Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency caused by worn brake linings.

- Change worn brake linings immediately.

Note

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency caused by damaged brake discs.

- If the brake linings are not changed in time, the steel brake lining carriers grind on the brake disc. The braking effect is greatly reduced and the brake discs are destroyed. Check the brake linings regularly.



- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness A.

Minimum thickness A	≥ 1 mm (≥ 0.04 in)
---------------------	--------------------

» If the minimum thickness is less than specified:

- Change the rear brake linings. (☞ p. 89)

- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.

» If there is wear or tearing:

- Change the rear brake linings. (☞ p. 89)

14.8 Changing the rear brake linings

! Warning

Danger of accident Brake system failure.

- Maintenance work and repairs must be carried out professionally.

! Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.

! Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.

! Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to oil or grease on the brake discs.

- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease, and clean them with brake cleaner when necessary.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to use of non-approved brake linings.

- Brake linings available from accessory suppliers are often not tested and approved for use on KTM vehicles. The construction and friction factor of the brake linings and therefore the brake power can differ considerably from the original KTM brake linings. If brake linings are used that differ from the originals, there is no guarantee that they comply with the original license. The vehicle no longer corresponds to the condition at delivery, and the warranty is no longer valid.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

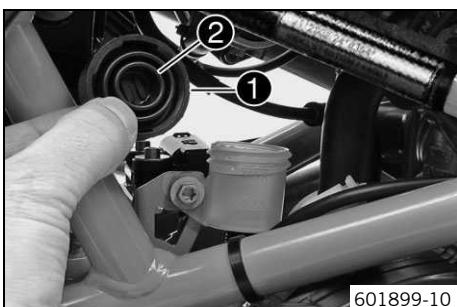


Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid! It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!

Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



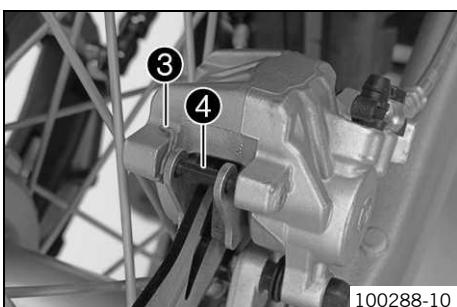
601899-10

- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 1 with membrane 2.
- Press the brake caliper by hand onto the brake disc in order to retract the brake piston. Ensure that brake fluid does not flow out of the brake fluid reservoir, extracting it by suction if it does.



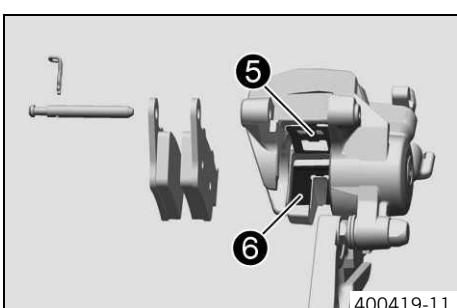
Info

Make sure when pushing back the brake piston that you do not press the brake caliper against the spokes.



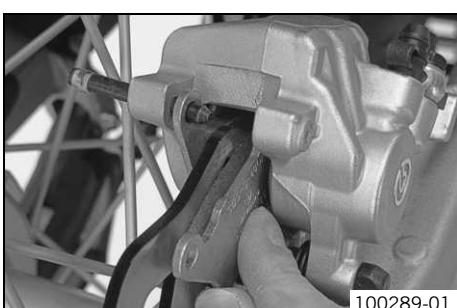
100288-10

- Remove cotter pin 3, remove pin 4 toward the left by striking it, and remove the brake linings.
- Clean brake caliper and brake caliper support.



400419-11

- Check that leaf spring 5 in the brake caliper and sliding plate 6 in the brake caliper support are seated correctly.



100289-01

- Insert the brake linings, insert the pin, and mount the cotter pin.
- Operate the foot brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.
- Adjust the brake fluid level to the MAX mark.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (► p. 206)

- Mount the screw cap with the membrane.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.

14.9 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever



Warning

Danger of accidents Brake system failure.

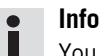
- If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up on the rear brake circuit. The rear brake can fail due to overheating. Adjust the free travel on foot brake lever according to specifications.



- Move the foot brake lever back and forth between the end stop and the contact to the foot brake cylinder piston and check free travel **A**.

Guideline

Free travel at foot brake lever	3... 5 mm (0.12... 0.2 in)
---------------------------------	----------------------------



Info

You will know that contact has been made with the foot brake cylinder piston when there is increased resistance when you activate the foot brake lever.

- » If the free travel does not meet specifications:

- Adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever. (☞ p. 91)

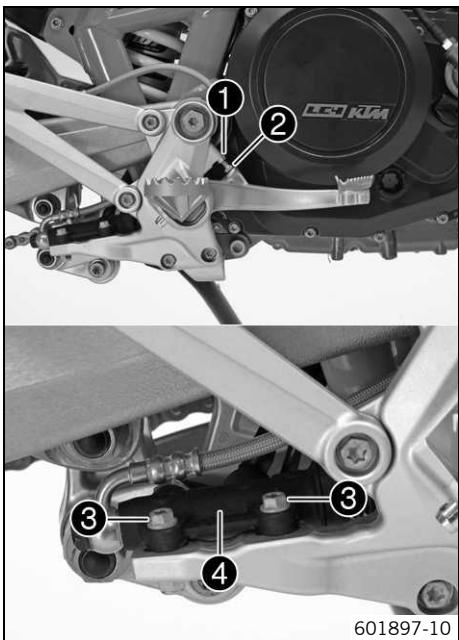
14.10 Adjusting the basic position of the foot brake lever



Warning

Danger of accidents Brake system failure.

- If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up on the rear brake circuit. The rear brake can fail due to overheating. Adjust the free travel on foot brake lever according to specifications.



- Loosen fitting **3** on foot brake cylinder **4**.

- To adjust the basic position of the foot brake lever individually, loosen nut **1** and turn screw **2** accordingly.



Info

The range of adjustment is limited. The screw must be screwed into the footrest bracket by at least four turns.

- Position foot brake cylinder **4** so that the foot brake lever has the necessary free travel. Hold screws **3** in place and tighten the nuts.

Guideline

Screw connection, foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------------------	----	--------------------

- Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (☞ p. 91)
- Tighten nut **1**.

14.11 Checking rear brake fluid level



Warning

Danger of accidents Failure of the brake system.

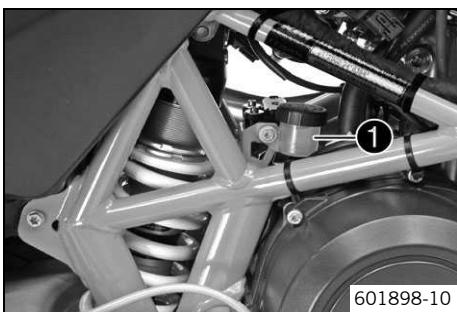
- If the brake fluid level falls below the **MIN** mark, this indicates a leakage in the brake system or worn-out brake linings. Check the brake system and do not continue riding.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.



- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Check the brake fluid level in the brake fluid reservoir.
 - » If the fluid level reaches the **MIN** marking ①:
 - Add rear brake fluid. (☞ p. 92)

14.12 Adding rear brake fluid

Warning

Danger of accidents Failure of the brake system.

- If the brake fluid level falls below the **MIN** mark, this indicates a leakage in the brake system or worn-out brake linings. Check the brake system and do not continue riding.

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.

Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to old brake fluid.

- Change the brake fluid of the front and rear brake according to the service schedule.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

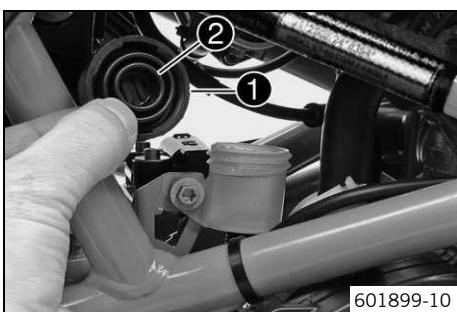


Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid! It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!

Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.



Preparatory work

- Check the rear brake linings. (☞ p. 89)

Main work

- Stand the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap ① with the washer and membrane ②.
- Add brake fluid to the **MAX** mark.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)

- Mount the screw cap with the washer and membrane.



Info

Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.

14.13 Changing the rear brake fluid



Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid can cause skin irritation on contact.

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and keep out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and goggles.
- If brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, flush the eyes thoroughly with water and consult a physician immediately.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Info

Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint!

Use only clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

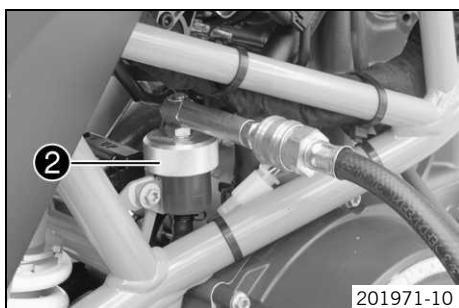


201974-10

- Cover the painted parts.
- Take off screw cap ① with the washer and membrane.
- Draw the old brake fluid out of the brake fluid reservoir using a syringe and fill with fresh brake fluid.

Bleed syringe (50329050000) (☞ p. 211)

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)



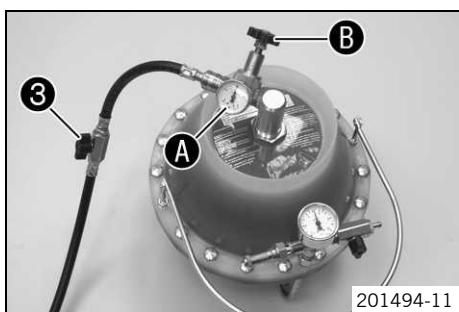
201971-10

- Mount bleeder cover ②.

Bleeder cover (00029013004) (☞ p. 210)

- Connect the bleeding device.

Bleeding device (00029013100) (☞ p. 210)



201494-11

- Open shut-off valve ③.



Info Follow the operating instructions of the bleeding device.

- Ensure that the inflation pressure is correctly set at pressure gauge A. If necessary, adjust the inflation pressure at pressure regulator B.

Guideline

Inflation pressure	2... 2.5 bar (29... 36 psi)
--------------------	-----------------------------

- Pull off protection cap ④ of the bleeder screw. Connect the hose of the bleeder bottle.

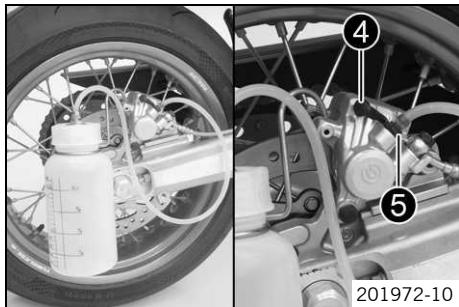
Bleeding device (00029013100) (☞ p. 210)

- Open bleeder screw ⑤ by approx. one-half turn.



Info Bleed until fresh brake fluid emerges from the bleeder bottle hose without bubbles.

- Tighten the bleeder screw.
- Close shut-off valve ③.
- Open the bleeder screw again until brake fluid stops emerging.



201972-10

**Info**

This prevents overfilling of the brake fluid reservoir.

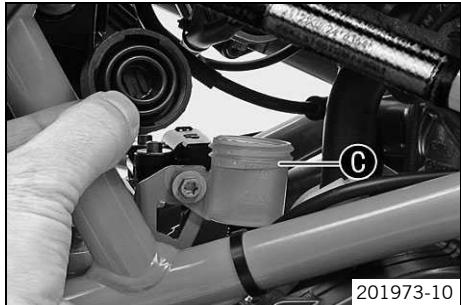
- Tighten the bleeder screw. Remove the hose of the bleeder bottle. Mount the protection cap.
- Disconnect the bleeding device. Remove the bleeder cover.
- Add brake fluid to the **MAX** mark **C**.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (☞ p. 206)

- Mount the screw cap with the washer and membrane.

**Info**

Clean up overflowed or spilt brake fluid immediately with water.



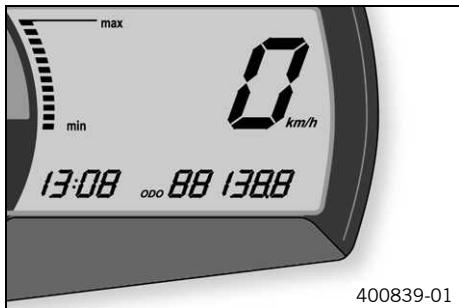
15.1 Combination instrument

15.1.1 Setting kilometers or miles

**Info**

If you change the unit, the value **ODO** is retained and converted accordingly.

Making the setting according to the country.



400839-01

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON**
- Press the **MODE** button repeatedly until the **ODO** mode is active.
- Keep the **MODE** button pressed until the display mode changes from **km/h** to **mph** or from **mph** to **km/h**.

15.1.2 Setting the clock

Condition

The motorcycle is stationary.

- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON**
- Press the **MODE** button repeatedly until the **ODO** mode is active.
- Keep the **MODE** button and the **SET** button pressed simultaneously.
 - ✓ The time display begins to flash.
- Press the **MODE** button to set the hour.
- Press the **SET** button to set the minute.
- Keep the **MODE** button and the **SET** button pressed simultaneously.
 - ✓ The time is set.



400838-01

15.1.3 Setting/resetting display TRIP 1

**Info**

The **TRIP 1** trip counter is always running and counts up to **999.9**.

The trip counter can be used to measure the distance covered during trips or between two refueling stops. After the value **999.9** is reached, the trip counter starts at **0.0** again.



400840-01

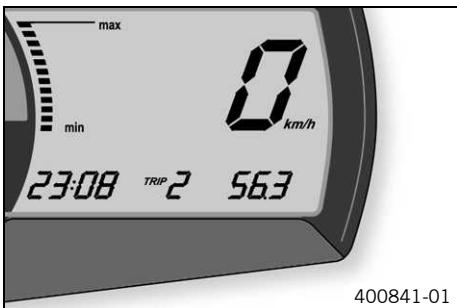
- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON**
- Press the **MODE** button repeatedly until the **TRIP 1** mode is active.
- Keep the **SET** button pressed.
 - ✓ The **TRIP 1** display is set to **0.0**.

15.1.4 Setting/resetting display TRIP 2

**Info**

The **TRIP 2** trip counter is always running and counts up to **999.9**.

The trip counter can be used to measure the distance covered during trips or between two refueling stops. After the value **999.9** is reached, the trip counter starts at **0.0** again.



- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON**
- Press the **MODE** button repeatedly until the **TRIP 2** mode is active.
- Keep the **SET** button pressed.
- The **TRIP 2** display is set to **0.0**.

15.1.5 Setting the wheel circumference



Danger

Voiding of the government approval for road use and the insurance coverage The vehicle is only authorized for operation on public roads in the homologated version.

- If the vehicle is modified in any way, it may only be used on designated tracks away from public roads. Advise the vehicle owner and rider of this.
- If you undertake any modifications, please insist on receiving a signed workshop order from your customer in which you inform the customer in writing that these modifications are performed at the customer's own risk and that the vehicle will no longer be approved for use on public roads once modified.

Condition

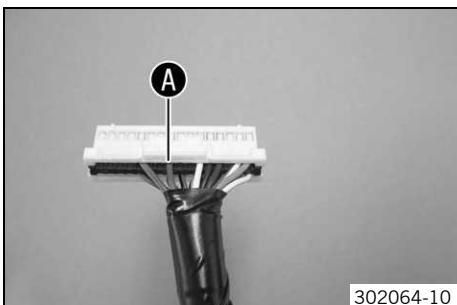
The motorcycle is stationary.

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (p. 97)

Main work

- Unplug connector **ED** from the combination instrument.
- Unlock pin **18 A** and remove it from connector **ED**.
- Plug connector **ED** into the combination instrument.
- Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **ON**
- Press the **MODE** button repeatedly until the **TRIP 1** display mode is active.
- Press and hold the **MODE** button for 10 seconds.
- The wheel circumference is displayed in millimeters.



Increasing the wheel circumference

- Press the **MODE** button **①**.

Reducing the wheel circumference

- Press the **SET** button **②**.

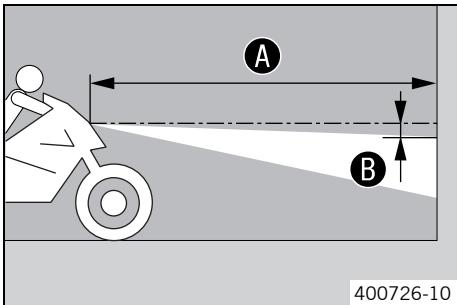
- Keep the **MODE** button and the **SET** button pressed simultaneously.
- The settings are saved and the Setup menu is closed.
- Switch off the ignition by turning the ignition key to position **OFF**
- Unplug connector **ED** from the combination instrument.
- Connect pin **18** to connector **ED**.
- Plug connector **ED** into the combination instrument.

Finishing work

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (p. 98)
- Check the headlight setting. (p. 97)



15.2 Checking the headlight setting



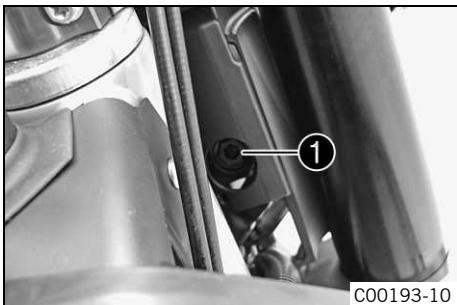
400726-10

- Stand the vehicle upright on a horizontal surface in front of a light wall and make a mark at the height of the center of the low beam headlight.
 - Make another mark at a distance **B** under the first mark.
Guideline
- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Distance B | 5 cm (2 in) |
|-------------------|-------------|
- Position the vehicle vertically at a distance **A** in front of the wall.
Guideline
- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| Distance A | 5 m (16 ft) |
|-------------------|-------------|
- The rider, with luggage and a passenger if applicable, now sits down on the motorcycle.
 - Switch on the low beam.
 - Check the headlight setting.

For a ready-to-operate motorcycle with a rider, and with luggage and a passenger if applicable, the light-dark boundary must lie exactly on the lower mark.

- » If the boundary between light and dark does not meet specifications:
 - Adjust the headlight range. (☞ p. 97)

15.3 Adjusting the headlight range



C00193-10

Preparatory work

- Check the headlight setting. (☞ p. 97)

Main work

- Turn adjusting screw **1** to adjust the headlight range.

Guideline

The boundary between light and dark must be exactly on the lower mark for a motorcycle with a rider (instructions on how to apply the mark: Checking the headlight setting).



Info

Turn clockwise to increase the headlight range; turn counterclockwise to reduce the headlight range.

If you have a heavy payload, you will need to correct the headlight range.

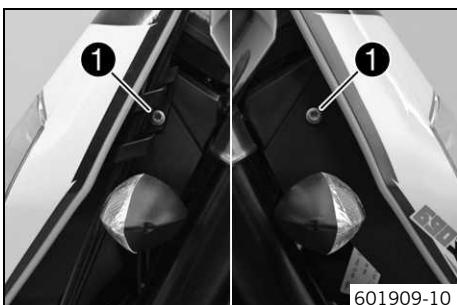
15.4 Removing the headlight mask with the headlight

Preparatory work

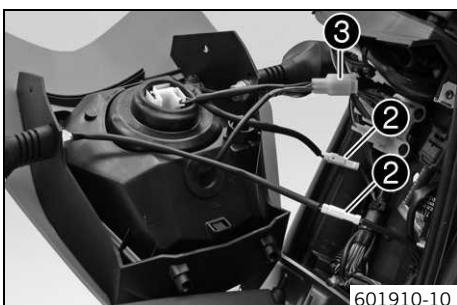
- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.

Main work

- Cover the fender with a cloth to protect it from damage.
- Remove screws **1** on both sides.
- Tip the headlight mask forward.



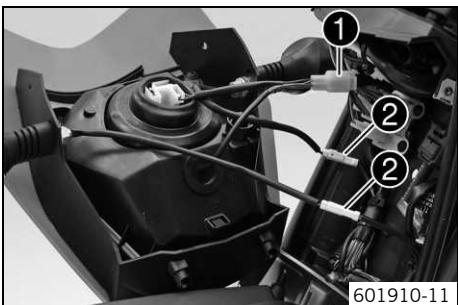
601909-10



601910-10

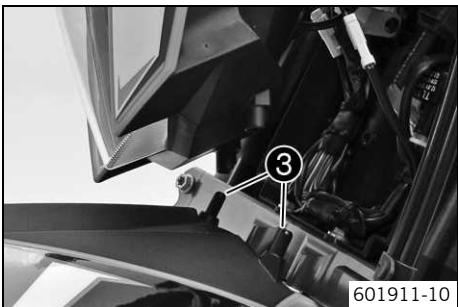
- Disconnect the connectors of turn signals **2** and headlight **3**.
- Remove the headlight mask.

15.5 Installing the headlight mask with the headlight

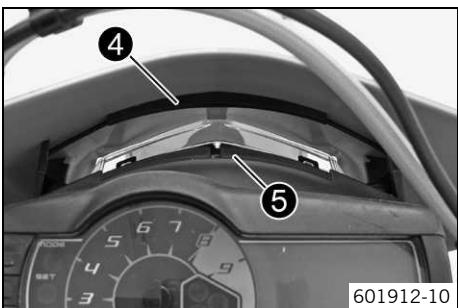


Main work

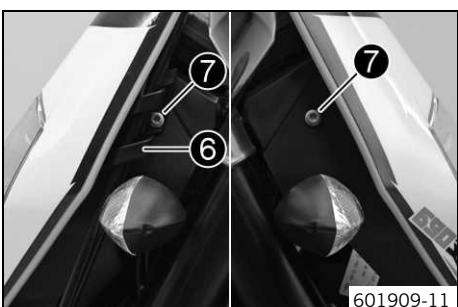
- Connect the connectors of headlight 1 and turn signal lights 2.
- Check lighting function.



- Remove the cloth from the fender and position the headlight mask.
- ✓ Holding lugs 3 reach into the headlight mask.



- Position groove 4 on counterpiece 5.



- Position brake line guide 6. Mount and tighten screws 7.

Guideline

Screw, headlight mask	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)
-----------------------	----	-------------------

Finishing work

- Check the headlight setting. (☞ p. 97)

15.6 Changing the parking light bulb

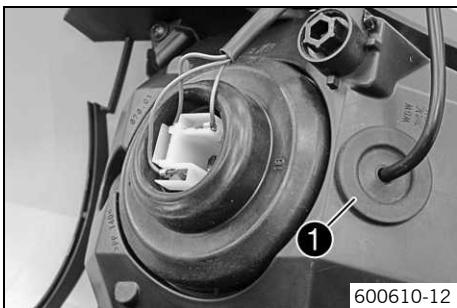
Note

Damage to reflector Reduced brightness.

- Grease on the lamp will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector. Clean the lamp and keep it free of grease before mounting.

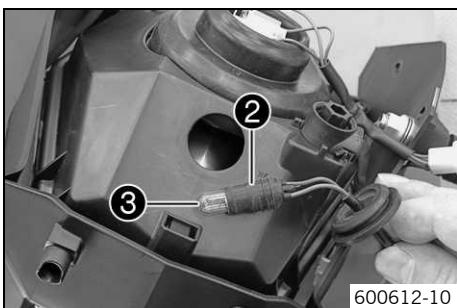
Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (☞ p. 97)



Main work

- Remove protection cap ①.



- Pull bulb socket ② out of the reflector.
 - Pull parking light bulb ③ out of the bulb socket.
 - Insert a new parking light bulb in the bulb socket.
- Parking light (W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d) (☞ p. 177)**
- Insert the bulb socket in the reflector.
 - Insert the protection cap.

Finishing work

- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (☞ p. 98)
- Check the headlight setting. (☞ p. 97)

15.7 Changing the headlight bulb

Note

Damage to reflector Reduced brightness.

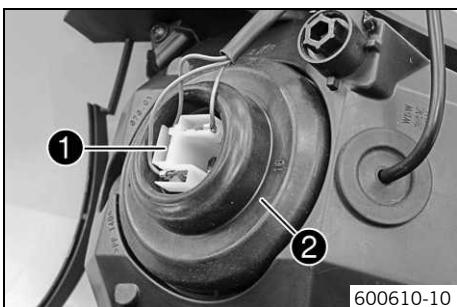
- Grease on the lamp will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector. Clean the lamp and keep it free of grease before mounting.

Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the headlight mask with the headlight. (☞ p. 97)

Main work

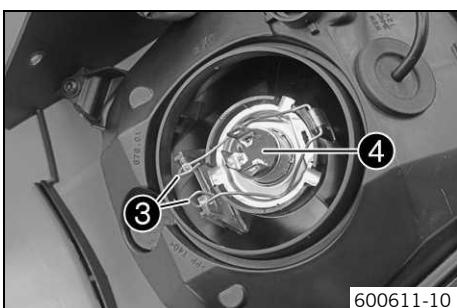
- Pull off connector ①.
- Take off protection cap ② of the headlight bulb.



- Detach spring bar ③.
- Remove headlight bulb ④.
- Insert a new headlight bulb into the headlight housing.

Headlight (H4 / socket P43t) (☞ p. 177)

- Fix the headlight bulb in the headlight using the spring bar.
- Mount the protection cap. Attach the connector.



Finishing work

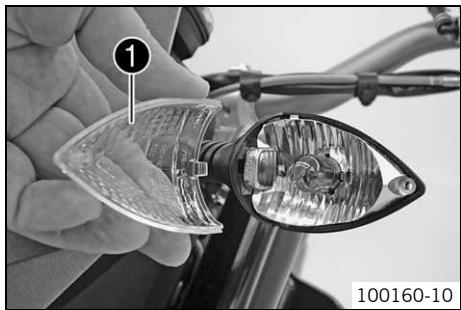
- Install the headlight mask with the headlight. (☞ p. 98)
- Check the headlight setting. (☞ p. 97)

15.8 Changing the turn signal bulb

Note

Damage to reflector Reduced brightness.

- Grease on the lamp will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector. Clean the lamp and keep it free of grease before mounting.



Main work

- Remove the screw on the rear of the turn signal housing.
- Carefully swing turn signal glass 1 forward and take it off.
- Press the turn signal bulb carefully into the socket, turn it counterclockwise by about 30°, and take it out of the socket.



Info

Do not touch the reflector with your fingers, and keep it free from grease.

- Press the new turn signal bulb carefully into the socket and turn it clockwise until it stops.

Turn signal (RY10W / socket BAU15s) (☞ p. 177)

- Position the turn signal glass.
- Insert the screw and turn it counterclockwise first until it engages in the thread. Tighten the screw slightly.

Finishing work

- Check the turn signal system function.

16.1 Removing the engine

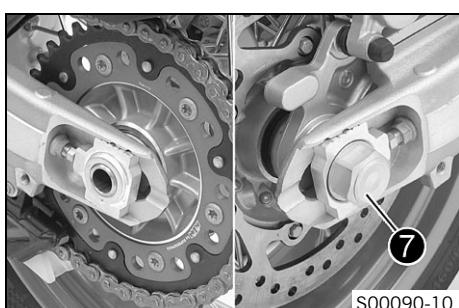
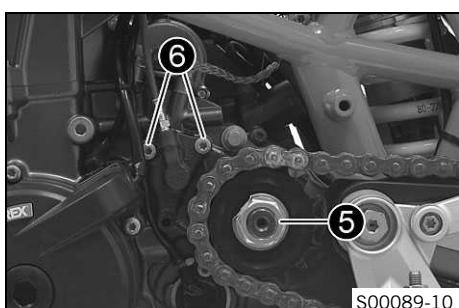
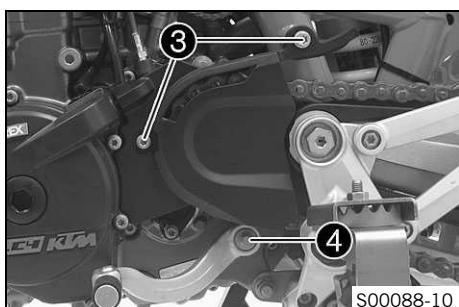
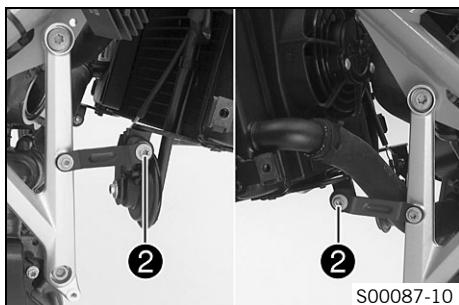
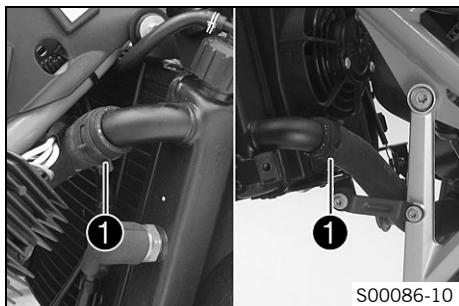
Preparatory work

- Switch off all power consumers and switch off the engine.
- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Disconnect the battery. (☞ p. 79)
- Raise the motorcycle with the work stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the air filter box. (☞ p. 56)
- Remove the manifold. (☞ p. 52)
- Drain the coolant. (☞ p. 162)

Main work

- Loosen the spring band clamp ① using the special tool. Detach the radiator hoses.

Pliers for spring band clamp (60029057100) (☞ p. 213)



- Remove screws ②.

- Remove screws ③.
- Take off the engine sprocket cover.
- Remove screw ④.
- Take off the shift lever.

- Have an assistant operate the rear brake.
- Bend up the lock washer.
- Remove nut ⑤ with the lock washer.
- Remove screws ⑥.

- Remove nut ⑦. Remove the chain adjuster.
- Pull out the wheel spindle only far enough to allow the rear wheel to be pushed forward.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible and take the chain off the rear sprocket.



Info

The rear wheel does not need to be fully removed.

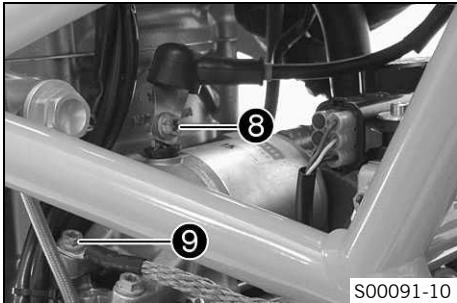
- Take off the engine sprocket.
- Take off the clutch slave cylinder and hang it to the side.

i Info

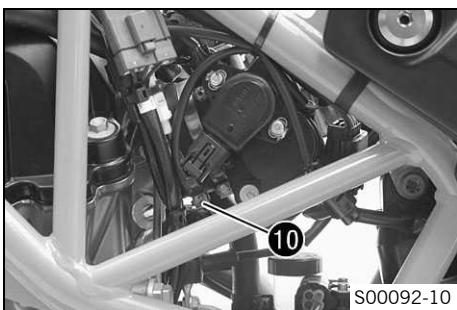
Do not kink the clutch line.

Do not activate the clutch lever if the clutch slave cylinder has been removed.

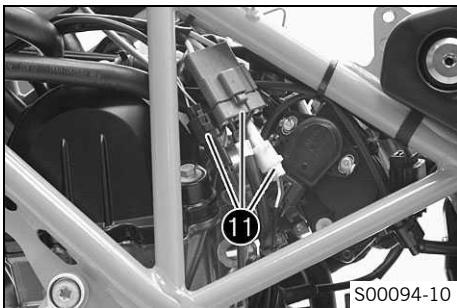
- Take off the clutch push rod.
- Remove screw ⑧.
- Remove the electrical connection on the starter motor.
- Remove screw ⑨.
- Take off the ground cable of the starter motor.



S00091-10



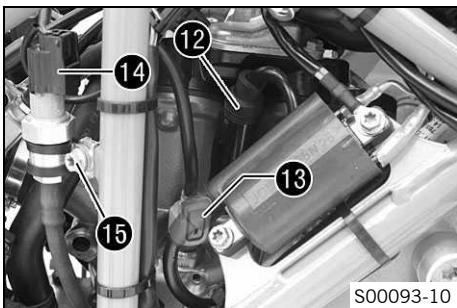
S00092-10



S00094-10

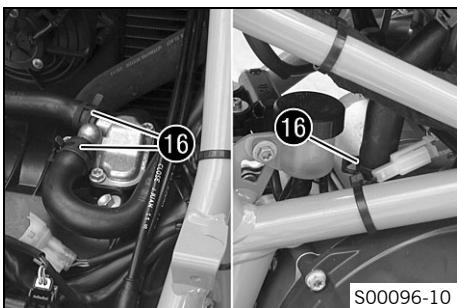
- Release hose clip ⑩.
- Pull off the throttle valve body from the rear.

- Disconnect connector ⑪ of the gear position sensor, the crankshaft position sensor, and the alternator.
- Remove the cable binders and expose the cable.



S00093-10

- Pull off spark plug connector ⑫.
- Unplug the connector of the engine coolant temperature sensor ⑬.
- Unplug the connector of the oil pressure sensor ⑭.
- Remove screw ⑮.

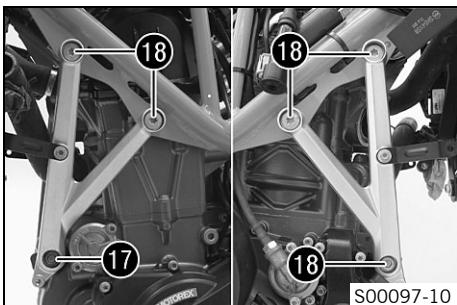


S00096-10

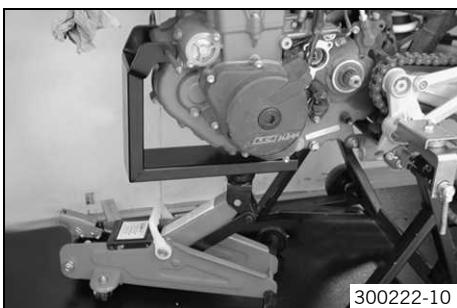
- Loosen the spring band clamps ⑯ using the special tool.

Pliers for spring band clamp (60029057100) (☞ p. 213)

- Pull off the hoses.

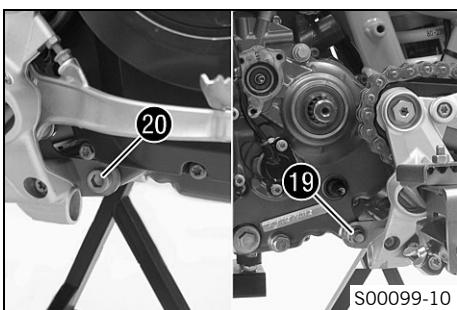


- Remove nut 17.
- Remove screws 18.
- Remove the engine bearer on the left and right.

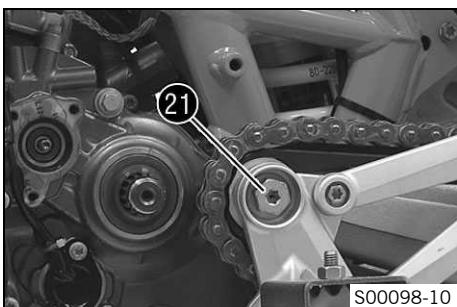


- Position the floor jack under the engine and fix it using the special tool.

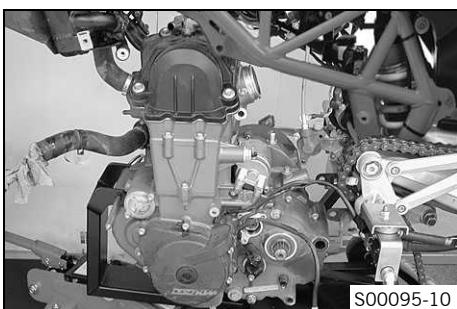
Floor jack attachment (75029055000) (☞ p. 217)



- Remove nut 19 and screw 20 of the lower engine bracket.



- Remove screw 21 of the swingarm pivot.
- Remove the swingarm pivot.



- Lower the engine.



Info

You should have an assistant for this step.

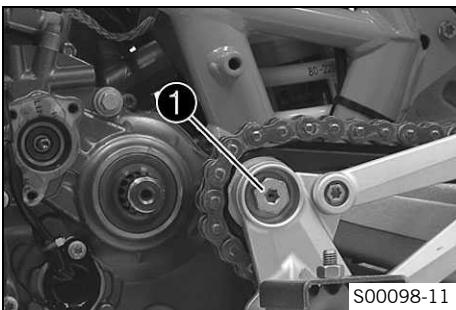
Make sure that the motorcycle is sufficiently secured against falling over.
Protect the frame and attachments from damage.

16.2 Installing the engine

Preparatory work

- Raise the engine onto the special tool and fix it.

Floor jack attachment (75029055000) (☞ p. 217)

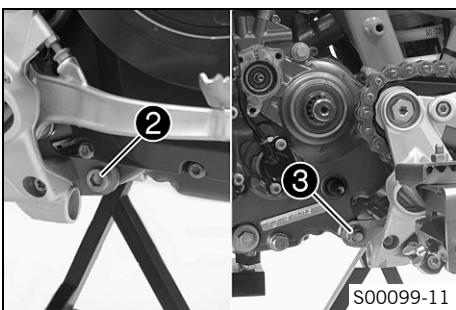
**Main work**

- Position the engine in the frame.

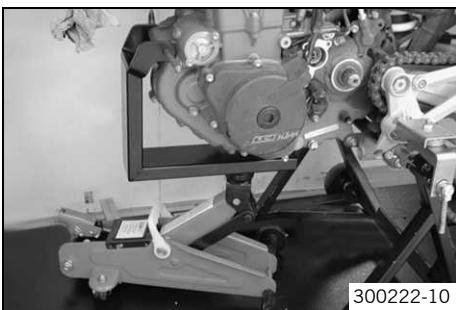


You should have an assistant for this step.

Make sure that the motorcycle is sufficiently secured against falling over.
Protect the frame and attachments from damage.

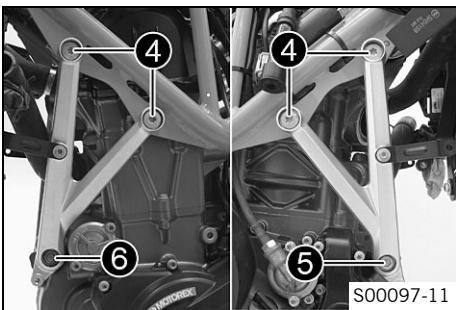


- Mount swingarm pivot.
- Mount the screw ① of the swingarm pivot but do not tighten yet.
- Install the screw ② and nut ③ of the lower engine bracket, but do not tighten them yet.



- Remove the floor jack with the special tool.

Floor jack attachment (75029055000) (☞ p. 217)



- Position the engine bearer.
- Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

Screw, engine bearer on frame	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)
-------------------------------	-----	------------------------

- Mount and tighten screw ⑤ with nut ⑥.

Guideline

Engine carrying screw	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
-----------------------	-----	------------------------	---------------

- Tighten the swingarm pivot.

Guideline

Screw, swingarm pivot	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)
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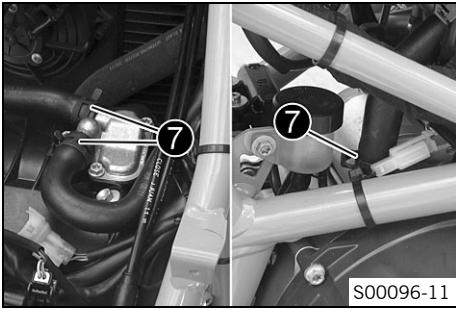
- Tighten the lower engine bracket.

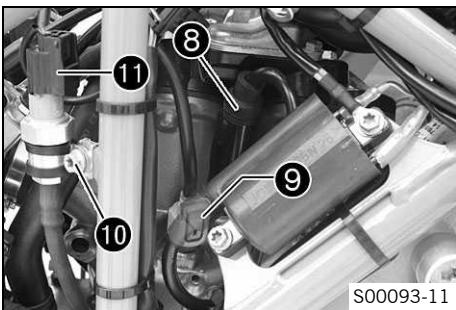
Guideline

Engine carrying screw	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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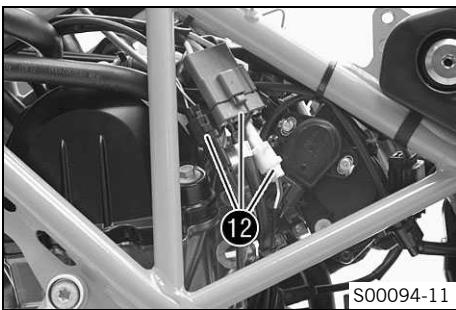
- Position the hoses of the engine breather, the SLS and the oil return line. Mount the spring band clamps ⑦ using the special tool.

Pliers for spring band clamp (60029057100) (☞ p. 213)

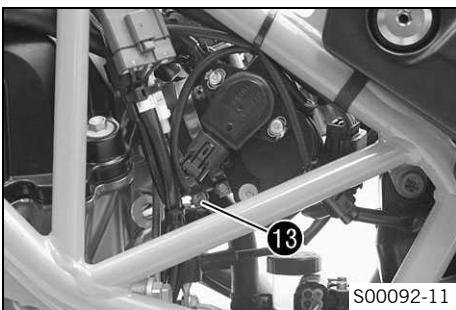




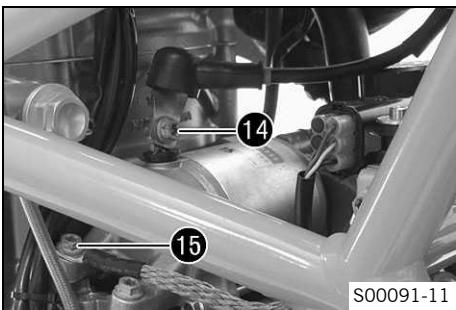
- Attach the spark plug connector 8.
- Plug in the connector of the engine coolant temperature sensor 9.
- Position the oil pressure sensor and mount and tighten screw 10.
- Detach connector 11 of the oil pressure sensor.



- Reconnect connectors 12 of the gear position sensor, the crankshaft position sensor, and the alternator.



- Push the throttle valve body into the intake flange.
- Position and tighten hose clip 13.



- Position the electrical connection on the starter motor.
- Mount and tighten screw 14.

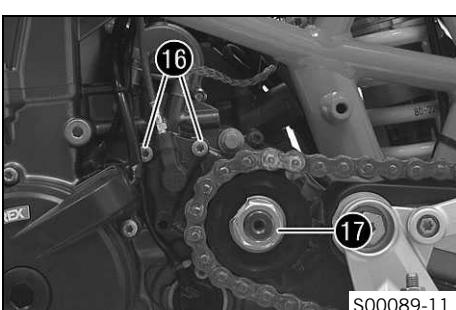
Guideline

Screw, cable on starter motor	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)
-------------------------------	----	-------------------

- Position the ground wire on the starter motor.
- Mount and tighten screw 15.

Guideline

Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Insert the clutch push rod.
- Position the clutch slave cylinder.
- Mount and tighten screws 16.

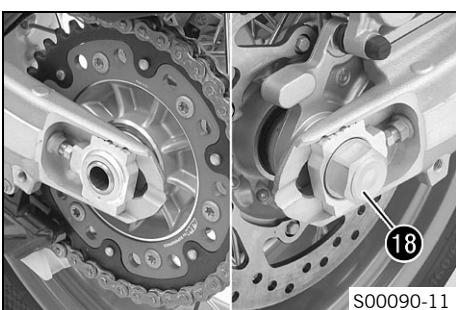
Guideline

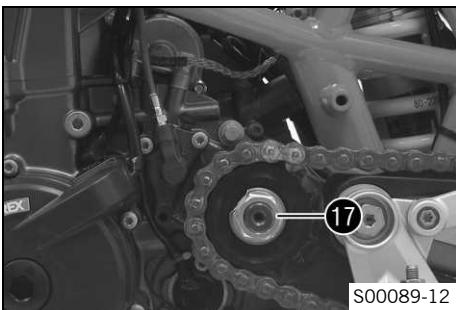
Screw, clutch slave cylinder	M6x20	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch slave cylinder	M6x35	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–

- Mount the engine sprocket with the chain.
- Position the new lock washer and mount nut 17 but do not tighten yet.
- Position the rear wheel.
- Mount the chain adjuster and nut.
- Push the rear wheel forward so that the chain adjusters are on the tensioning screws, and tighten the nut 18.

Guideline

Nut, rear wheel spindle	M25x1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)
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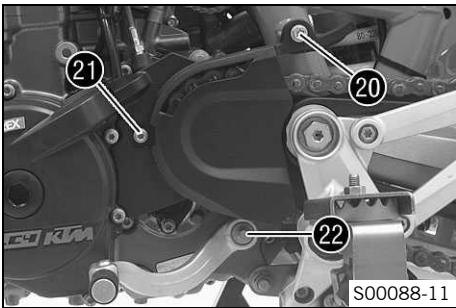
- Have an assistant operate the rear brake.

- Tighten nut 17.

Guideline

Nut, engine sprocket	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Secure the nut with lock washer.



- Position the engine sprocket cover.

- Mount and tighten screw 20.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
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- Mount and tighten screw 21.

Guideline

Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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- Position the shift lever.

- Mount and tighten screw 22.

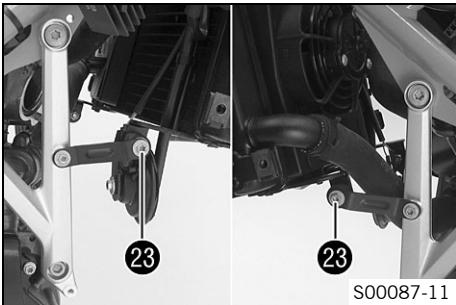
Guideline

Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Mount and tighten screws 23.

Guideline

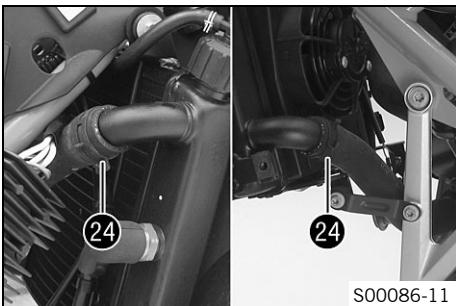
Screw, upper radiator bracket	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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- Position the radiator hoses. Install the spring band clamps 24.

- Install the manifold. (☞ p. 52)

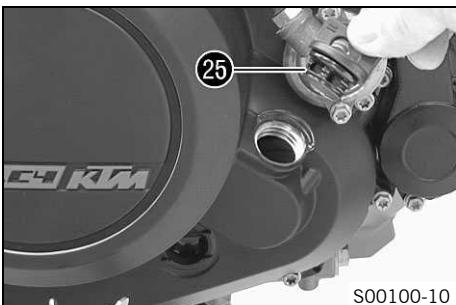
- Disconnect the battery. (☞ p. 80)



- Remove the oil filler plug 25 with the O-ring from the clutch cover and fill up with engine oil.

Engine oil	1.70 l (1.8 qt.)	Engine oil (SAE 10W/60) (00062010035) (☞ p. 206)
		Alternative engine oil Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (☞ p. 206)

- Install and tighten the oil filler plug with O-ring.



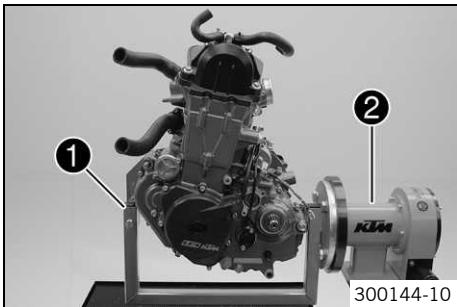
Finishing work

- Fill/bleed the cooling system. (☞ p. 162)
- Install the air filter box. (☞ p. 57)
- Mount the side cover. (☞ p. 60)
- Mount the seat. (☞ p. 60)
- Remove the motorcycle from the work stand. (☞ p. 12)

- Take a short test ride.
- Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.
- Check the engine for leakage.
- Check the engine oil level. (☞ p. 165)
- Check the coolant level. (☞ p. 164)

16.3 Engine disassembly

16.3.1 Clamping the engine into the engine assembly stand



- Mount special tool 1 on engine assembly stand 2.

Engine assembly stand (61229001000) (☞ p. 214)

Support for engine assembly stand (75012001060) (☞ p. 214)

Holder for engine assembly stand (75012001070) (☞ p. 214)

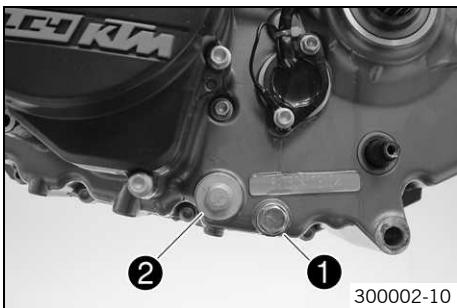
- Mount the engine on special tool 1.



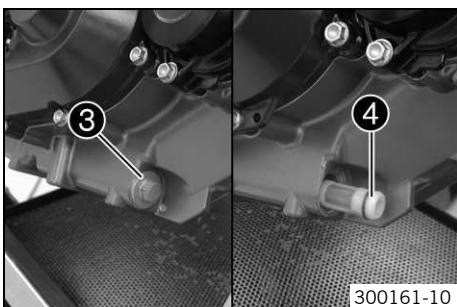
Info

Have an assistant help you or use a crane.

16.3.2 Draining the engine oil

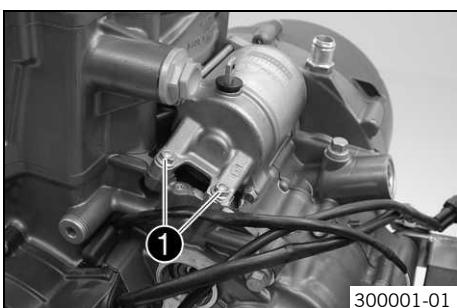


- Remove the oil drain plug 1 with the magnet and seal ring.
- Remove plug 2 with oil screen and the O-rings.



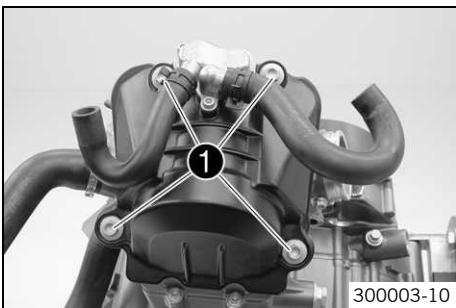
- Remove plug 3 with oil screen 4 and the O-rings.
- Completely drain the engine oil.

16.3.3 Removing starter motor



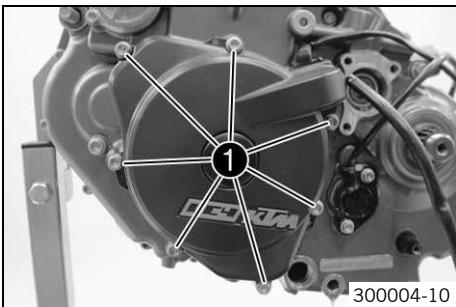
- Remove screws 1. Take off the starter motor.

16.3.4 Removing valve cover



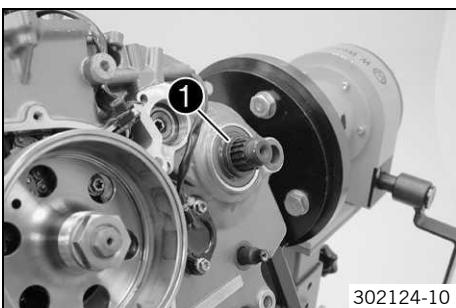
- Remove screws ①. Take off the valve cover with the valve cover seal.

16.3.5 Removing the alternator cover



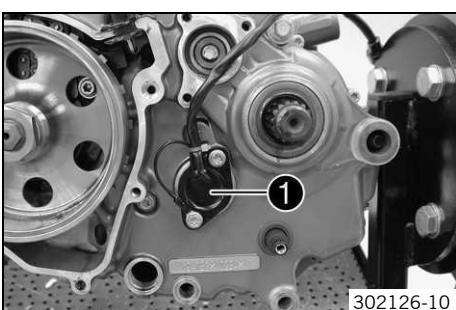
- Remove screws ①. Take off the alternator cover.
- Remove dowels.

16.3.6 Removing spacer

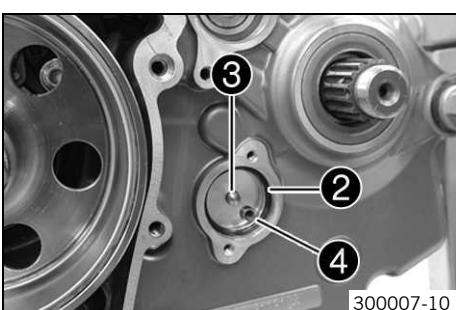


- Remove the spacer ① of the countershaft.

16.3.7 Removing gear position sensor

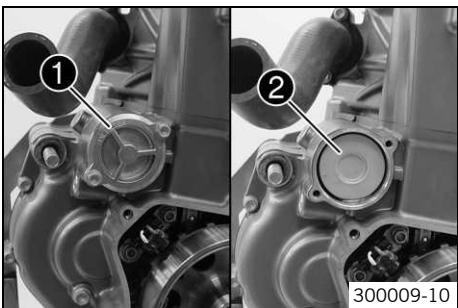


- Remove screws. Remove the gear position sensor ①.



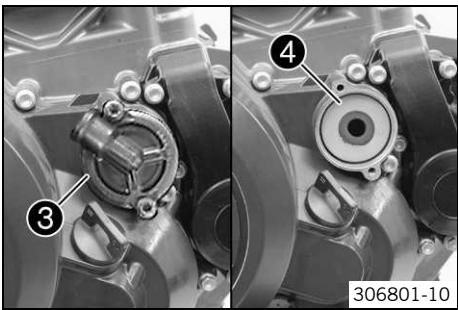
- Remove O-ring ②.
- Remove contact pin ③ and the contact springs ④.

16.3.8 Removing oil filter



- Remove screws. Remove the oil filter cover 1 with the O-ring.
- Pull oil filter 2 out of the oil filter housing.

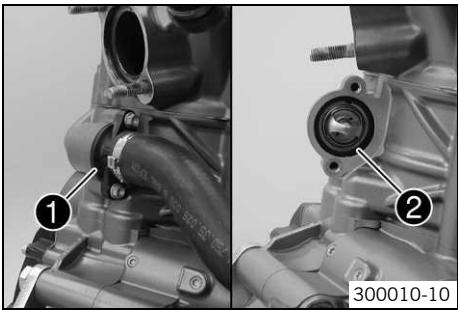
Circlip pliers reverse (51012011000) (☞ p. 211)



- Remove screws. Remove the oil filter cover 3 with the O-ring.
- Pull oil filter 4 out of the oil filter housing.

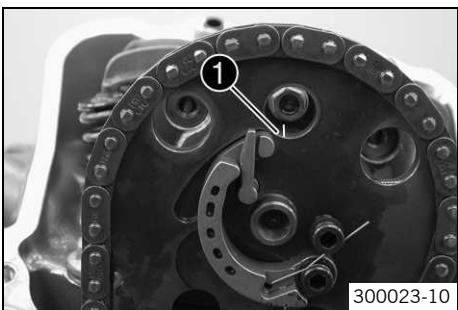
Circlip pliers reverse (51012011000) (☞ p. 211)

16.3.9 Removing thermostat

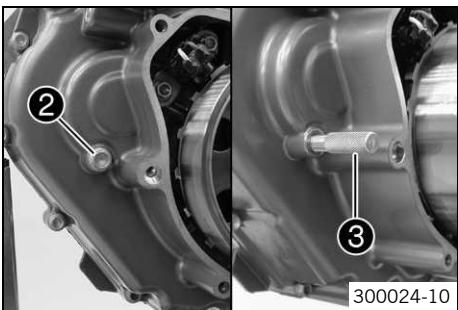


- Remove screws. Take off the thermostat case 1 with the radiator hose.
- Pull out the thermostat 2.

16.3.10 Setting engine to ignition top dead center



- Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise until markings 1 of the camshafts are flush with the marks of the camshaft support plate.



- Remove screw 2.



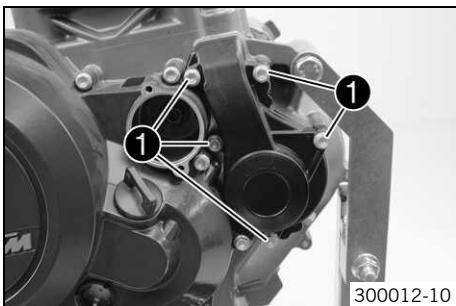
Info

Look through the hole to check that the position hole of the balancer shaft is visible.

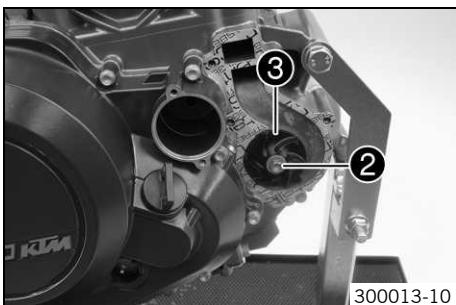
- Screw in special tool 3.

Engine blocking screw (77329010000) (☞ p. 219)

16.3.11 Removing water pump wheel



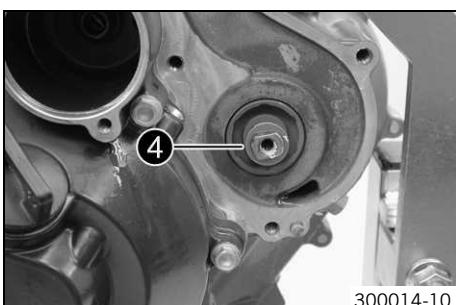
- Remove screws ①. Take off the water pump cover.



- Remove screw ②. Take off the water pump wheel ③.
- Take off the water pump cover seal.

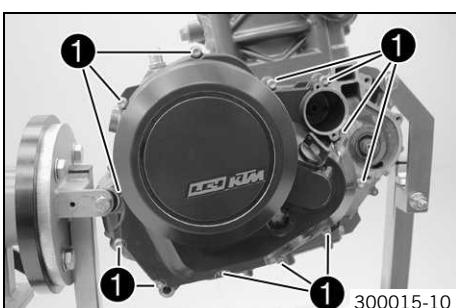


Do not lose the centering pins.



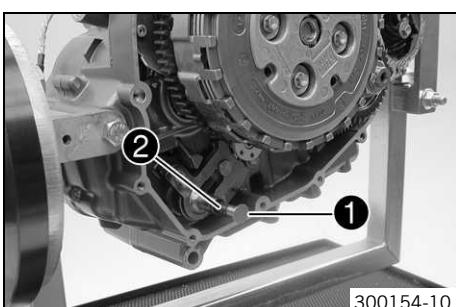
- Remove the shaped washer ④.

16.3.12 Removing clutch cover



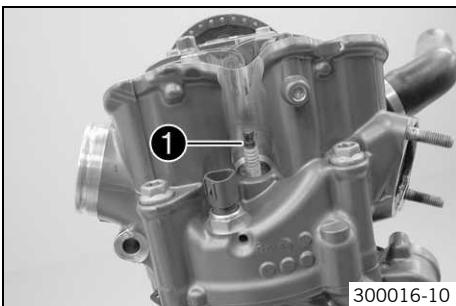
- Remove screws ①. Take off the clutch cover.
- Take off the dowels. Remove the clutch cover seal.

16.3.13 Removing spacer and spring



- Remove the spacer ① and spring ② of the shift shaft.

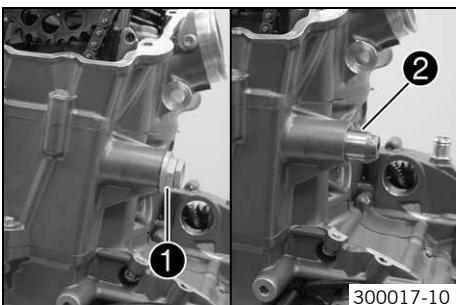
16.3.14 Removing spark plug



- Remove the spark plug using the special tool ①.

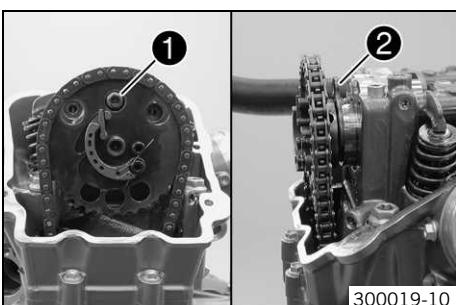
Spark plug wrench (75029172000) (☞ p. 218)

16.3.15 Removing timing chain tensioner

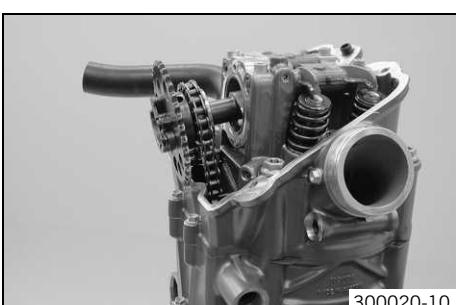


- Remove screw ①. Take off the seal ring.
- Pull out timing chain tensioner ②.

16.3.16 Removing camshafts

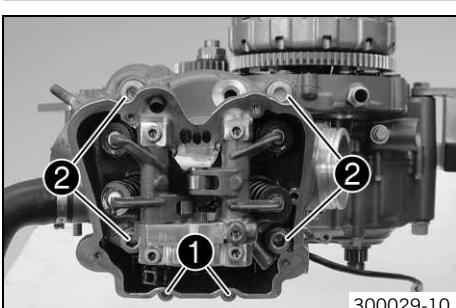


- Remove screw ①. Take off the camshaft support plate ②.



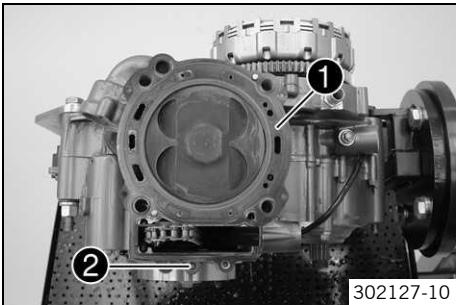
- Pull the camshaft out of the bearing seats. Take the timing chain off the camshaft gear. Remove the camshaft.

16.3.17 Removing cylinder head



- Remove screws ①.
- Alternately loosen screws ② and remove them.
- Take off the cylinder head.

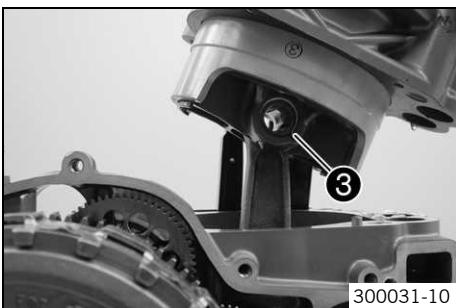
16.3.18 Removing piston



- Take off the cylinder head gasket ①.
- Remove screw ②.
- Push the cylinder upward.



Push the cylinder upward only far enough to allow removal of the piston pin. Ensure that the two grooved pins remain in place.



- Remove piston pin retainer ③.
- Remove the piston pin.
- Take off the cylinder with the piston.
- Push the piston upward out of the cylinder.



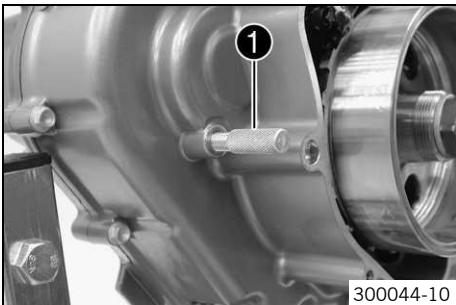
If no other work is required on the cylinder and the piston, you can leave the piston in the cylinder.

- Take off the cylinder base gasket.



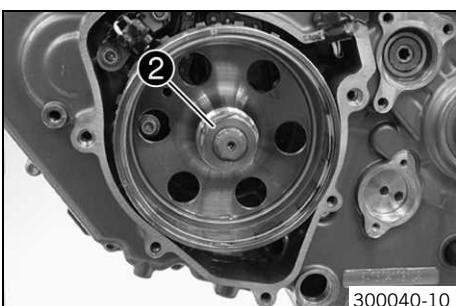
Ensure that the two grooved pins remain in place.

16.3.19 Removing rotor



- Remove special tool ①.

Engine blocking screw (77329010000) (☞ p. 219)



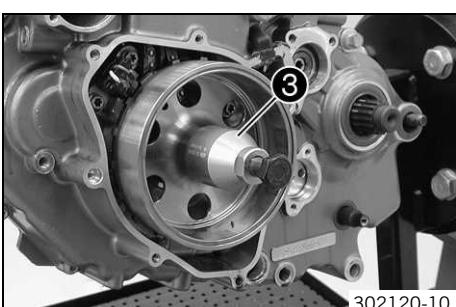
- Use the special tool to hold the rotor tight.

Holding spanner (75029091000) (☞ p. 218)

- Loosen the nut ① of the rotor and remove it with the tab washer.



The crankshaft must not be blocked.

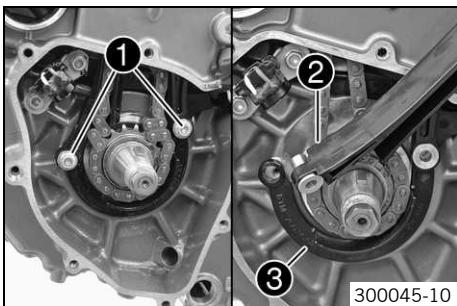


- Install the special tool ② on the rotor. Hold it tight using the special tool and pull off the rotor by turning the screw in.

Extractor (58429009000) (☞ p. 211)

- Remove the special tool.

16.3.20 Removing timing chain rails

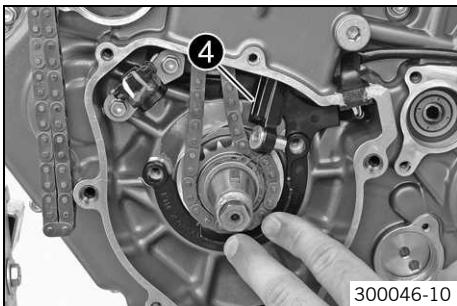


- Remove screws ①.
- Pull the timing chain guide rails ② out of the timing chain securing guide ③.

i Info

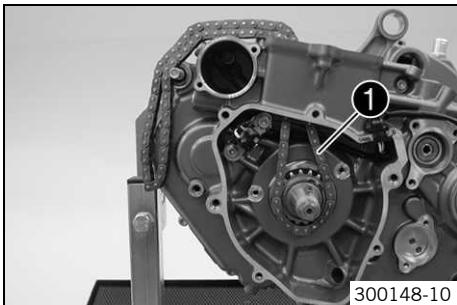
The support bushing is plugged through the timing chain guide rails into the timing chain securing guide.

- Remove the timing chain guide rails upward out of the timing chain shaft.



- Hold the timing chain securing guide tight and pull the timing chain tensioning rail ④ out of the timing chain securing guide.
- Remove the timing chain tensioning rail upward out of the timing chain shaft.
- Remove the timing chain securing guide ③.

16.3.21 Removing timing chain and timing chain sprocket

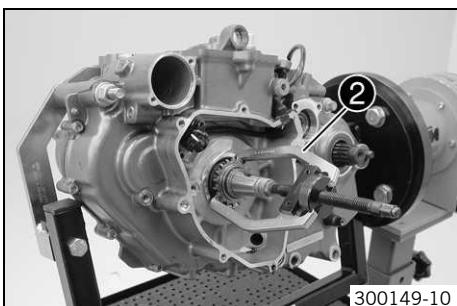


- Slip out timing chain ①.

i Info

Mark the direction of travel.

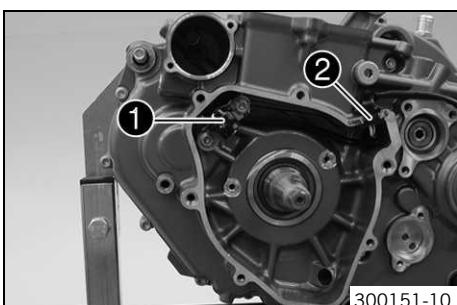
- Take off lock ring.



- Pull off the timing chain sprocket with the special tool ②.

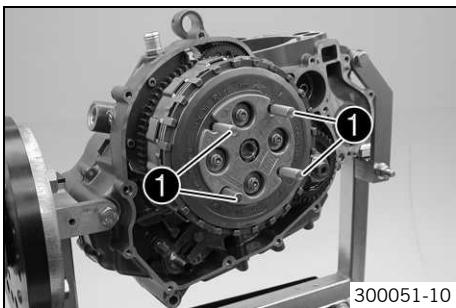
Extractor (59029033000) (☞ p. 212)

16.3.22 Removing crankshaft position sensor



- Remove the screws of crankshaft position sensor ①.
- Pull cable support sleeve ② out of the engine case. Take off the crankshaft position sensor.

16.3.23 Removing clutch cage

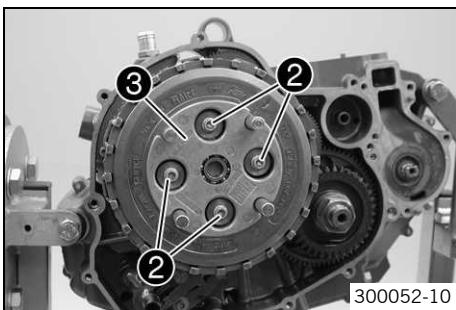


- Clamp the antihopping clutch with special tool ①.

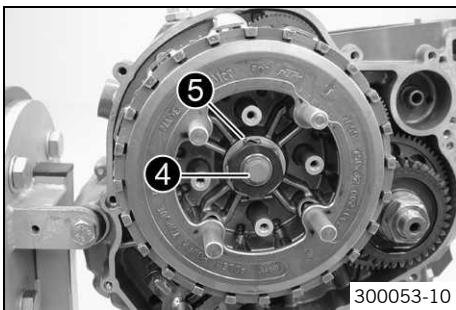
Assembly screws (75029033000) (☞ p. 215)

**Info**

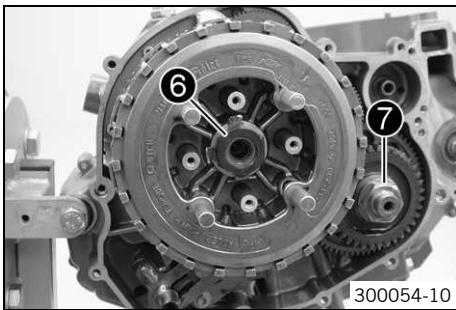
Apply the special tool with the hand only, do not use another tool.



- Loosen the screws ② diagonally and remove them with their spring retainers and clutch springs.
- Remove the pressure cap ③.



- Remove the pressure piece ④.
- Bend up the lock washer ⑤.



- Hold the clutch cage using the special tool and remove the nut ⑥ of the inner clutch hub.

Gear segment (75029081000) (☞ p. 218)

**Info**

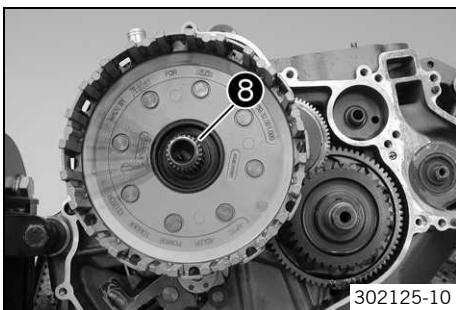
Make sure that the crankshaft is not blocked.

- Remove the nut ⑦ of the primary gear.

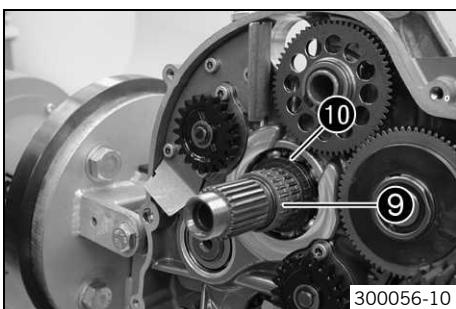
**Info**

Left-handed thread!

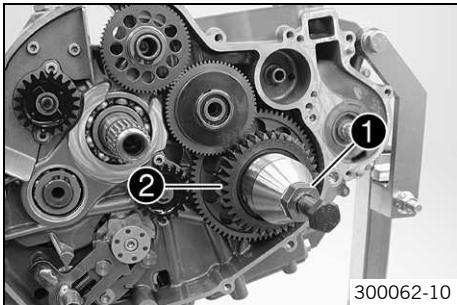
- Take off the stepped washer and remove the half-washers ⑧.
- Take off the clutch cage.



- Remove needle bearing ⑨ and supporting plate ⑩.

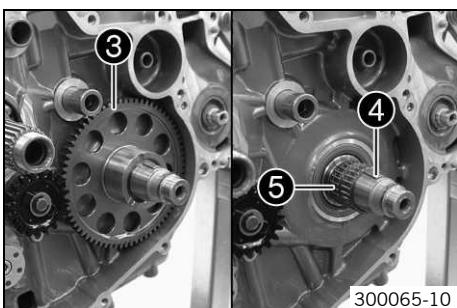
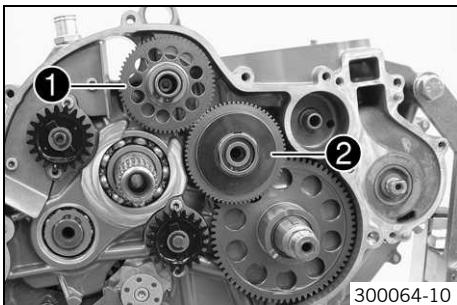


16.3.24 Removing primary gear



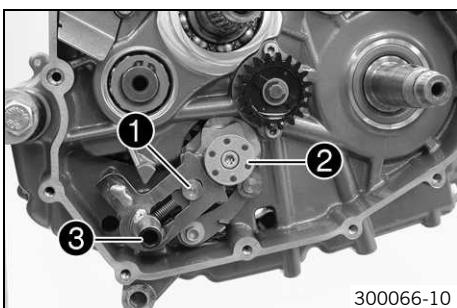
- Plug the special tool into the crankshaft.
Protection cover (75029090000) (☞ p. 218)
 - Screw the special tool ① on to the primary gear ②.
Extractor (75029021000) (☞ p. 215)
 - Hold it using the special tool and pull off the primary gear by turning the screw in.
 - Remove the special tools.

16.3.25 Removing starter drive



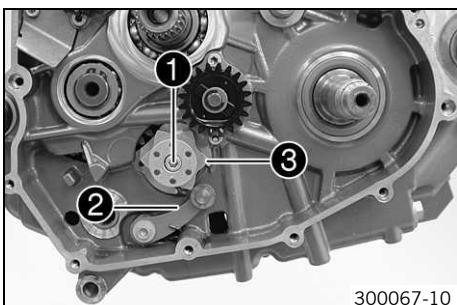
- Remove the lock ring of the starter idler gear ① and the torque limiter ②.
 - Take off the starter idler gear ① with the washers.
 - Remove the torque limiter ② with the washers and needle bearing.
 - Take off the free-wheel gear ③.
 - Remove the woodruff key ④ and both needle bearings ⑤.

16.3.26 Removing shift shaft



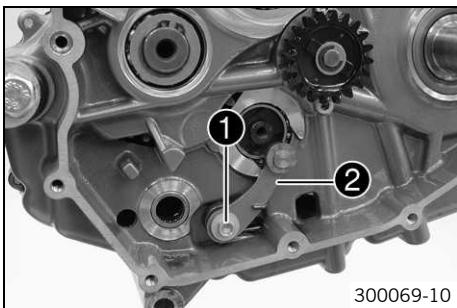
- Push sliding plate ① away from the shift drum locating ②. Remove shift shaft ③ with the washer.

16.3.27 Removing shift drum locating



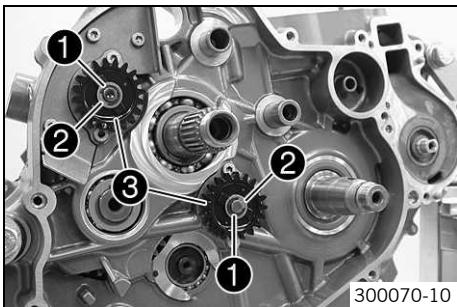
- Remove screw ①.
 - Press locking lever ② away from shift drum locating ③ and take off the shift drum locating.
 - Release the locking lever.

16.3.28 Removing locking lever

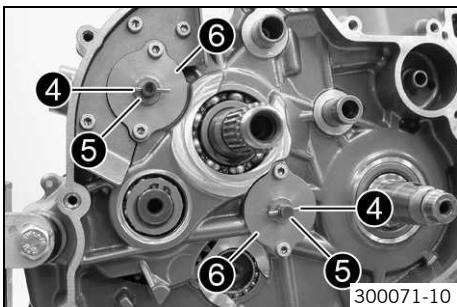


- Remove screw ①.
- Take off locking lever ② with the sleeve and spring.

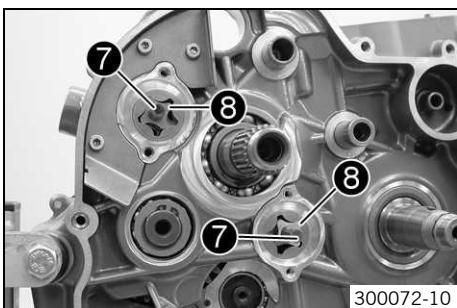
16.3.29 Removing oil pumps



- Remove the lock washers ① and normal washers ② from both oil pumps.
- Take off the oil pump toothed wheels ③.

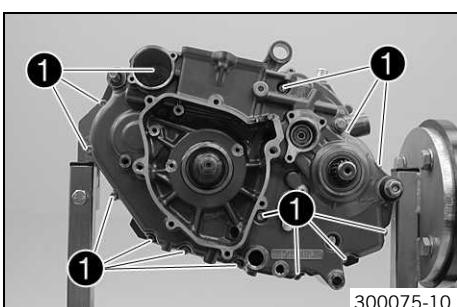


- Remove the pins ④ and washers ⑤.
- Remove screws. Take off the oil pump cover ⑥.

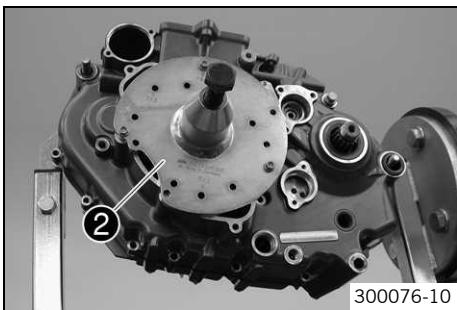


- Remove both oil pump shafts ⑦ with internal rotors ⑧.
- Take the external rotors out of the engine case.

16.3.30 Removing left engine case



- Remove screws ①.
- Swing the left section of the engine case up and remove the nut or screw of the engine fixing arm.



- Install the special tool 2 with suitable screws.

Extractor (75029048000) (→ p. 217)



Info

Use the 750 drill hole.

- Pull off the section of the engine case.

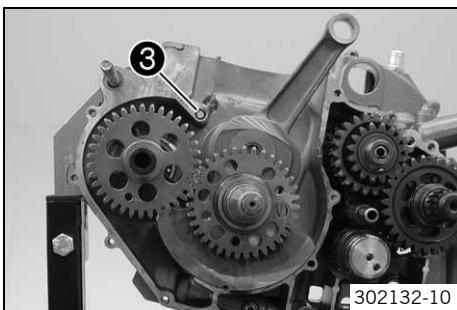


Info

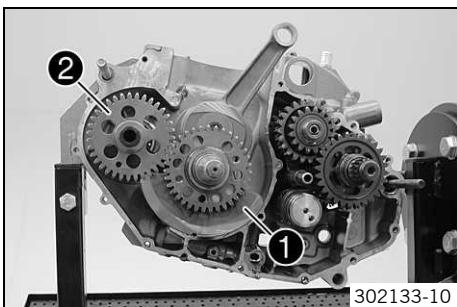
Do not tension the section of the engine case.

The balancer shaft and the main shaft have a stop disk, these usually stick to the bearing.

- Take off the left section of the engine case.
- Remove the special tool.
- Remove dowels.
- Remove O-ring 3.

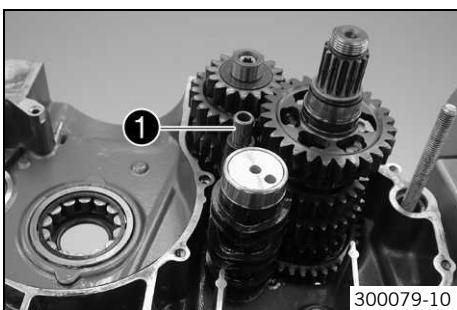


16.3.31 Removing crankshaft and balancer shaft

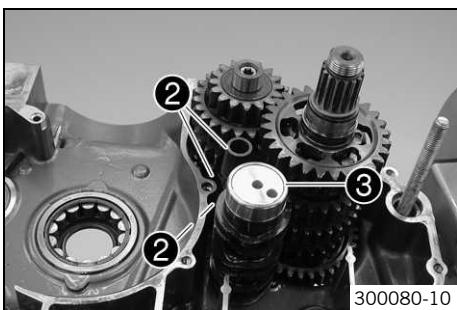


- Remove the crankshaft 1 and the balancer shaft 2.

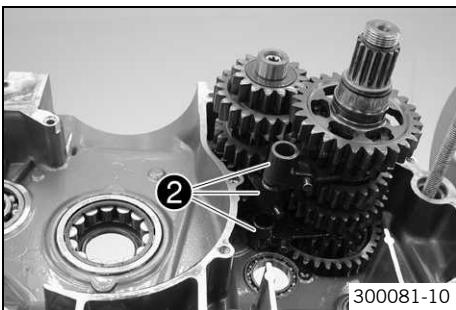
16.3.32 Removing transmission shafts



- Remove the shift rail 1.



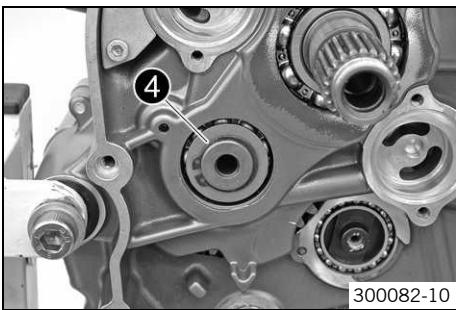
- Swing shift forks 2 to one side.
- Remove shift drum 3.



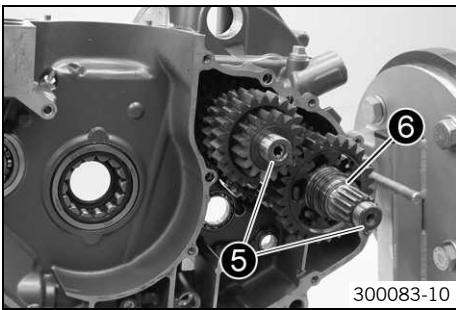
- Remove shift forks ②.



Info
Ensure that the pins remain in place.



- Remove the lock ring ④ and the stop disk.



- Pull both transmission shafts ⑤ out of the bearing seats together.

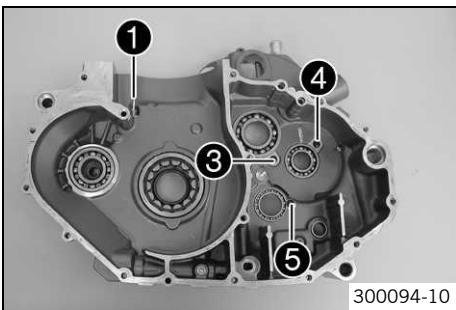


Info
The stop disk of the countershaft usually sticks to the bearing.

- Take the O-ring off the countershaft ⑥.

16.4 Work on individual parts

16.4.1 Work on the right section of the engine case



- Remove oil jet ①.
- Remove bearing locks of the main shaft bearing ③, of the countershaft bearing ④, and of the shift drum bearing ⑤.
- Remove any sealing mass remnants and clean the engine case section thoroughly.
- Pull the dowels out of the housing.
- Warm the engine case section in an oven.

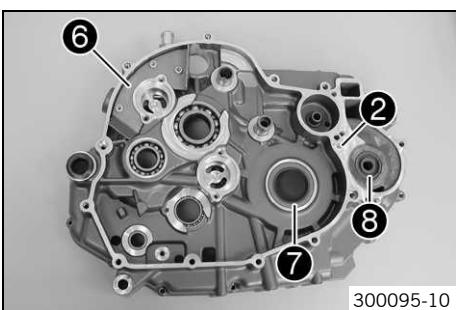
Guideline

150 °C (302 °F)

- Knock the engine case section against a level wooden plate. This will cause the bearings to drop out of the bearing seats.



Info
Any bearings that remain in the engine case section must be removed using a suitable tool.



- Remove oil jet ②.
- Remove the cover plate ⑥ for the oil return line.
- Press out the shaft seal ring ⑦ of the crankshaft from the inside to the outside.
- Remove the shaft seal rings ⑧ of the water pump.
- Press in the shaft seal ring ⑦ of the crankshaft from the outside to the inside with the open side facing in.



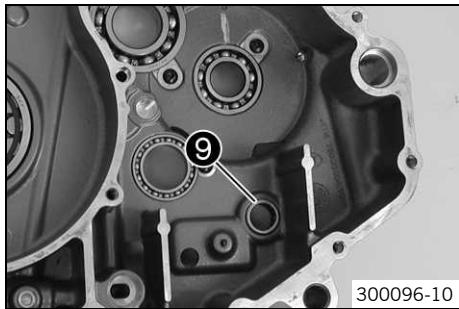
Info
The shaft seal ring must be flush on the outside.

- Press in the shaft seal rings of the water pump with the open side facing out so that it is flush.

- Warm the engine case section again.

Guideline

150 °C (302 °F)



- Insert the new cold bearings into the bearing seats of the hot engine case section and, if necessary, use a suitable press drift to push the bearing from the inside to the outside, all the way to the stop or so it is flush.



Info

The shift shaft bearing ⑨ must be pressed in from the outside to the inside until it is flush.

When pressing the bearing in, ensure that the engine case section is level to prevent damage.

Only press the bearings in via the outer bearing race; otherwise, the bearings will be damaged when they are pressed in.

- After the engine case section has cooled, check that the bearings are firmly seated.



Info

If the bearings are not firmly seated after cooling, it is likely that they will rotate in the engine case when warm. In this case, the engine case must be renewed.

- Position all bearing locks. Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Locking screw for bearing	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
---------------------------	----	----------------------	----------------------

- Mount and tighten the oil jet ①.

Guideline

Oil jet, piston cooling	M6x0.75	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
-------------------------	---------	--------------------	----------------------

- Mount and tighten the oil jet ②.

Guideline

Oil nozzle for conrod bearing lubrication	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
---	----	----------------------	----------------------

- Blow compressed air through all oil channels and check that they are clear.

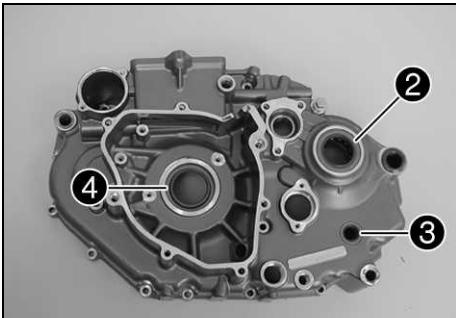
- Position the cover plate ⑥. Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, cover plate for oil return line	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
--	----	-------------------

- Reinstall the dowels.

16.4.2 Work on the left section of the engine case

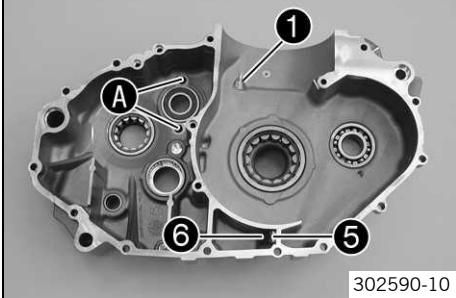


- Remove all dowels.
- Remove oil jet ①.
- Remove the shaft seal ring of countershaft ② and shift shaft ③.

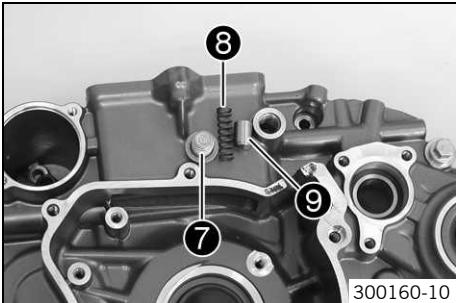
i Info

The shaft seal ring ④ of the crankshaft cannot be removed before the crankshaft bearing.

- Screw off the membrane support plate ⑤ and remove it together with membrane ⑥.
- Remove screw A with the washer.



302590-10



300160-10

- Remove screw plug ⑦ and take pressure spring ⑧ with piston valve ⑨ out of the drill hole.
- Remove any sealing mass remnants and clean the engine case section thoroughly.
- Warm the engine case section in an oven.

Guideline

150 °C (302 °F)

- Knock the engine case section against a level wooden plate. This will cause the bearings to drop out of the bearing seats.

i Info

Any bearings that remain in the engine case section must be removed using a suitable tool.

- Press out the shaft seal ring of the crankshaft from the outside to the inside.
- Press in the shaft seal ring of the crankshaft from the inside to the outside with the open side facing out.

i Info

The shaft seal ring must be flush on the outside.

- Warm the engine case section again.

Guideline

150 °C (302 °F)

- Insert the new cold bearings into the bearing seats of the hot engine case section and, if necessary, use a suitable press drift to push the bearing all the way to the stop or so that it is flush.

i Info

When pressing the bearing in, ensure that the engine case section is level to prevent damage.

Only press the bearings in via the outer bearing race; otherwise, the bearings will be damaged when they are pressed in.

- After the engine case section has cooled, check that the bearings are firmly seated.

i Info

If the bearings are not firmly seated after cooling, it is likely that they will rotate in the engine case when warm. In this case, the engine case must be renewed.

- Mount and tighten screw **A** with the washer.

Guideline

Locking screw for bearing	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
---------------------------	----	----------------------	----------------------

- Press in the shaft seal ring of countershaft **2** and shift shaft **3** with the open side facing inwards so that it is flush.

- Mount and tighten the oil jet **1**.

Guideline

Oil jet, piston cooling	M6x0.75	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
-------------------------	---------	--------------------	----------------------

- Mount the dowels.

- Blow compressed air through all oil channels and check that they are clear.

- Measure the spring length of the oil pressure regulator valve.

Oil pressure regulator valve - minimum spring length	25.36 mm (0.9984 in)
--	----------------------

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Change the spring.

- Check the piston valve for damage and wear.

» If there is damage or wear:

- Replace the piston valve.

- Lubricate piston valve **9** and mount it with pressure spring **8**. Mount and tighten screw plug **7** with the new seal ring.

Guideline

Oil pressure regulator valve plug	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
-----------------------------------	---------	------------------------

- Position the membrane support plate **5** with membrane **6**. Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, membrane fixation	M3	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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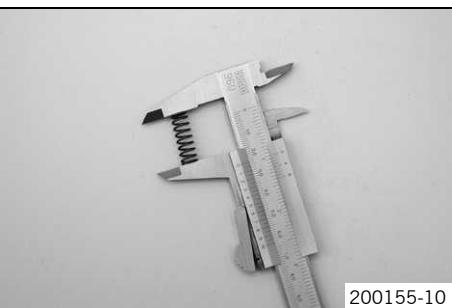


Info

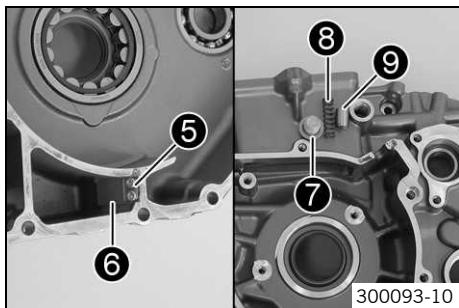
The membrane support plate is curved and must point away from the membrane.

An incorrectly installed membrane support plate results in loss of performance and increased oil consumption or leaks.

Do not apply thread locker between the membrane and the membrane support plate since this would impair their function.

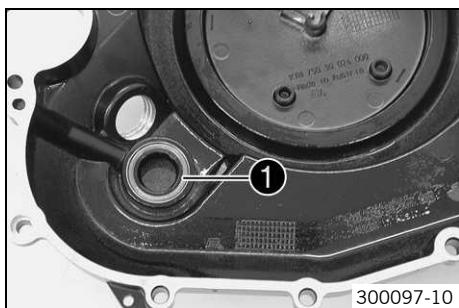


200155-10



300093-10

16.4.3 Work on the clutch cover



300097-10

- Remove the shaft seal ring **1** of the crankshaft.
- Press in a new shaft seal ring with the open side facing inward until it stops.

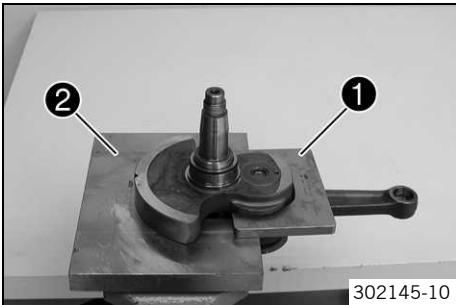


Info

Support the clutch cover sufficiently when pressing in.

- Blow compressed air through the oil channel and check that it is clear.

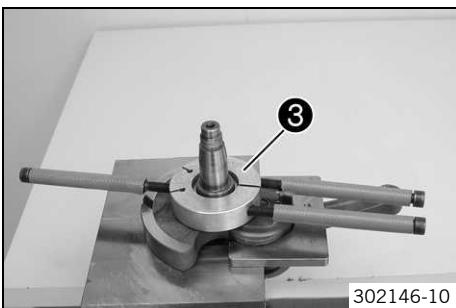
16.4.4 Removing crankshaft bearing inner ring



- Fix the crankshaft with special tools 1 and 2 in the vise.

Upper part, pressing-out tool (75029047050) (☞ p. 216)

Under part, pressing-out tool (75029047051) (☞ p. 216)



- Heat the special tool 3.

Guideline

150 °C (302 °F)

Tool for inner bearing race (58429037043) (☞ p. 211)

- Push the heated special tool 3 on to the inner bearing race, press them hard together, and pull them together off the crankshaft.
- Take off the compensation shim.
- Repeat the operation on the opposite side.

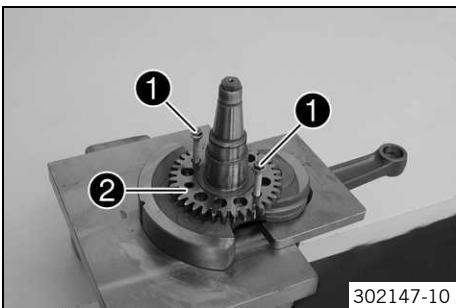
16.4.5 Removing balancer shaft drive wheel

Preparatory work

- Remove the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 122)

Main work

- Screw in 2 M6 screws 1 in the threads. Tighten the two screws evenly to pull the drive wheel 2 off the crankshaft.



16.4.6 Changing the connecting rod, conrod bearing, and crank pin

Preparatory work

- Remove the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 122)
- Remove the drive wheel of the balancer shaft. (☞ p. 122)

Main work

- Position the crankshaft with the special tool 1 in the press.

Under part, pressing-out tool (75029047051) (☞ p. 216)

- Position the special tool 2 between the crankwebs.

Upper part, pressing-out tool (75029047050) (☞ p. 216)

- Press the crank pin with the push-out drift of the special tool out of the upper crankweb.

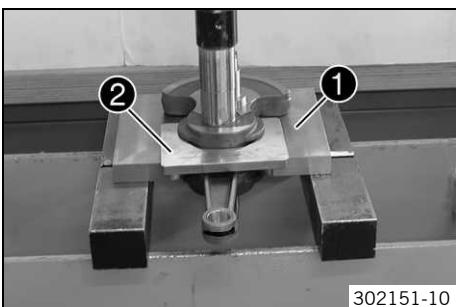
Pressing device for crankshaft, complete (75029047000) (☞ p. 216)

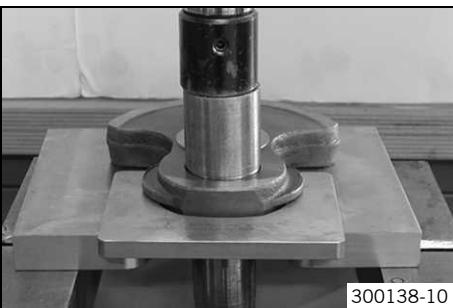


Info

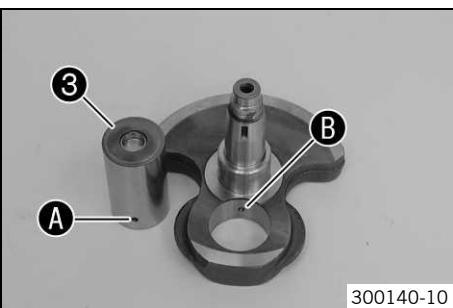
Hold the lower crankweb.

- Take off the connecting rod and bearing.





- Press the crank pin out of the crankweb.



- Press in the new crank pin ③ as far as possible.

**Info**

The crank pin must be pressed in so that oil channel ① is aligned with oil channel ②.

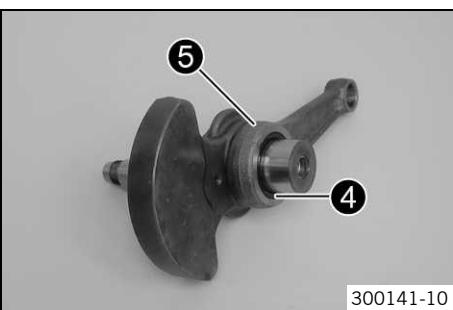
If the oil channels are not correctly aligned, the conrod bearing will not be supplied with oil.

- Blow compressed air through the oil channel to check that it is clear.

- Install the bearing ④ and the connecting rod ⑤.

**Info**

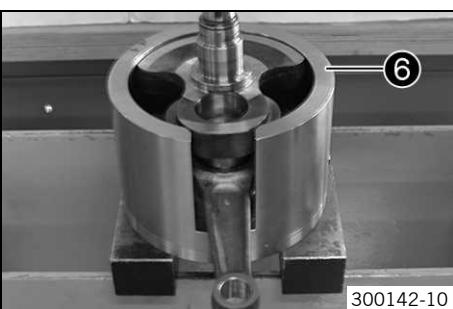
Thoroughly lubricate the bearing.



- Position special tool ⑥ on the press.

Pressing device for crankshaft, complete (75029047000) (☞ p. 216)

- Place the crankweb in with the connecting rod and the bearing. Position the second crankweb.



- Position the special tool ⑦ with the heel at the bottom.

Pressing device for crankshaft, complete (75029047000) (☞ p. 216)

- Press the upper crankweb in as far as possible.

**Info**

The press mandrel must be applied above the crank pin.

- Take the crankshaft out of the special tool, and check the connecting rod for freedom of movement.

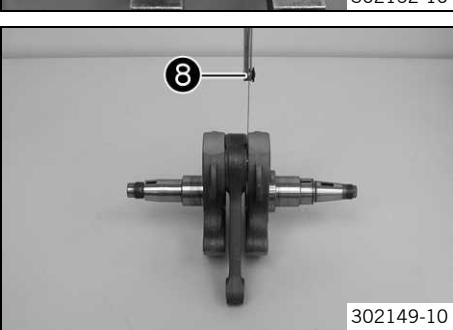
- Measure the axial clearance between the connecting rod and the crankwebs using the special tool ⑧.

Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

Connecting rod - axial clearance of lower conrod bearing	0.30... 0.60 mm (0.0118... 0.0236 in)
--	---------------------------------------

» If the specified value is not met:

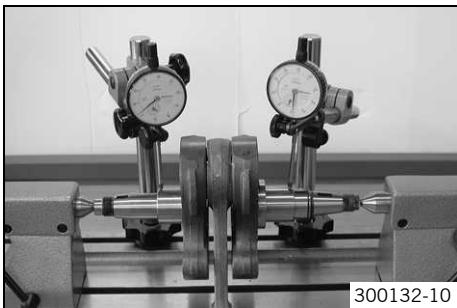
- Correct until it complies with the specified value.

**Finishing work**

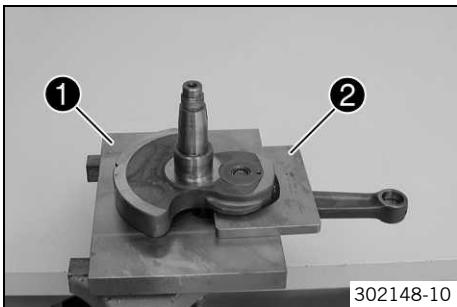
- Check the crankshaft run-out at the bearing pin. (☞ p. 124)
- Install the drive wheel of the balancer shaft. (☞ p. 124)

- Install the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 124)
- Measure the axial clearance of the crankshaft and the balancer shaft. (☞ p. 125)

16.4.7 Checking crankshaft run-out at bearing pin



16.4.8 Installing balancer shaft drive wheel



Main work

- Fix the crankshaft with special tools ① and ② in the vise.

Upper part, pressing-out tool (75029047050) (☞ p. 216)

Under part, pressing-out tool (75029047051) (☞ p. 216)

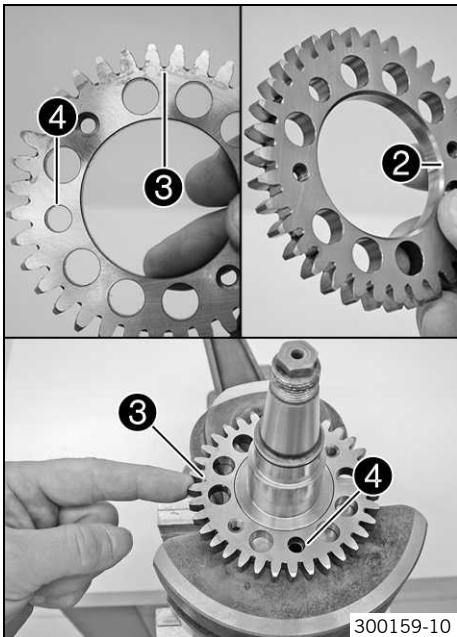
- Warm the drive wheel.

Guideline

100 °C (212 °F)

- Place the drive wheel on the crankshaft.

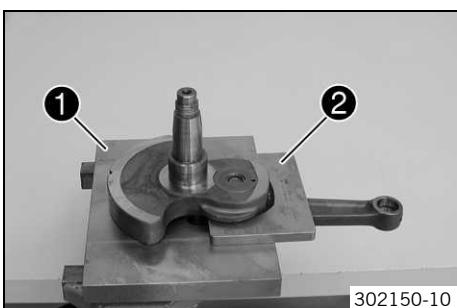
- ✓ The dowel of the crankshaft must fit in the drill hole ④.
- ✓ The side of the drive wheel with the punch mark ③ must be visible after assembly, and the side with the bevel ② must be in contact with the crankweb.



Finishing work

- Install the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 124)
- Measure the axial clearance of the crankshaft and the balancer shaft. (☞ p. 125)

16.4.9 Installing crankshaft bearing inner ring



Main work

- Fix the crankshaft with special tools ① and ② in the vise.

Upper part, pressing-out tool (75029047050) (☞ p. 216)

Under part, pressing-out tool (75029047051) (☞ p. 216)

- Push on the compensation shim.

- Heat the special tool. Install the inner bearing race.

Guideline

120 °C (248 °F)

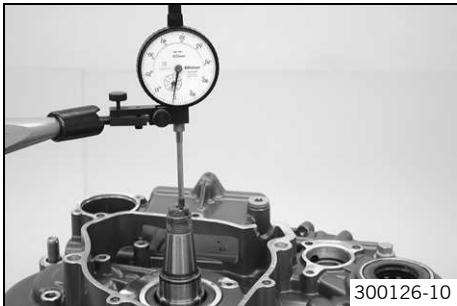
- Repeat the operation on the opposite side.
- Make sure that the new inner bearing race is installed flush.

**Info**

After changing the crankshaft bearing and the conrod bearing, measure the axial play of the crankshaft.

Finishing work

- Measure the axial clearance of the crankshaft and the balancer shaft. (☞ p. 125)

16.4.10 Measuring axial clearance of crankshaft and balancer shaft

300126-10

- Insert the crankshaft and balancer shaft in the right engine casing.

**Info**

Do not forget the dowels.

- Mount the left engine casing.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
--------------------	----	--------------------

- Mount the dial gauge support on the engine case and measure and note the axial clearance of the crankshaft.

Guideline

Crankshaft - axial clearance	0.15... 0.25 mm (0.0059... 0.0098 in)
------------------------------	---------------------------------------

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Remove the crankshaft.
- Remove the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 122)
- Calculate the thickness of the compensation shims.
- Add or remove compensation shims equally on both sides.

**Info**

If the axial clearance is too small, remove compensation shims.

If the axial clearance is too large, add compensation shims.

- Install the crankshaft bearing inner ring. (☞ p. 124)

- Mount the dial gauge support on the engine case and measure and note the axial clearance of the balancer shaft.

Guideline

Balancer shaft axial clearance	0.05... 0.20 mm (0.002... 0.0079 in)
--------------------------------	--------------------------------------

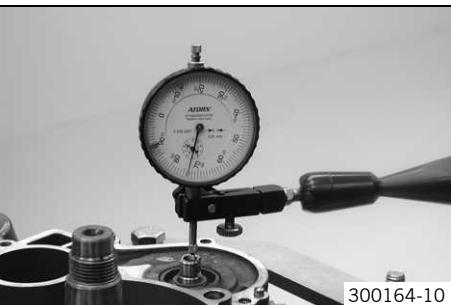
» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Remove the balancer shaft.
- Calculate the thickness of the compensation shims.
- Add compensation shims to the ignition side only.

**Info**

If the axial clearance is too small, remove compensation shims.

If the axial clearance is too large, add compensation shims.



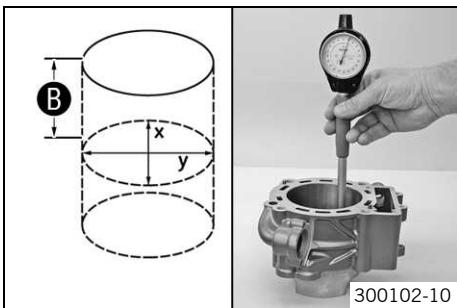
300164-10

16.4.11 Cylinder - Nikasil® coating

302591-10

Nikasil® is a surface protection layer for a coating method developed by the Mahle company. The name is derived from the two materials used in this method - a layer of nickel, in which silicon carbide (a particularly hard substance) is embedded. The most important advantages of the **Nikasil®** coating are the excellent heat conductivity resulting in better performance, less wear, and low cylinder weight.

16.4.12 Checking/measuring the cylinder

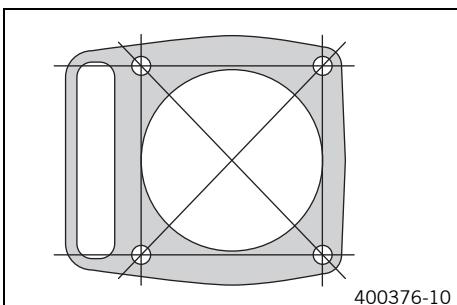


- Check the O-ring of the chain adjuster for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the O-ring.
- Check the cylinder bearing surface for damage.
 - » If the cylinder bearing surface is damaged:
 - Change the cylinder and piston.
- Measure the cylinder diameter at several places in the **X** and **Y** axes using a micrometer to check for oval wear.
- To determine the size, measure the cylinder at a distance **B** from the top edge of the cylinder.

Guideline

Distance B	55 mm (2.17 in)
Cylinder - bore diameter	
Size I	102.000... 102.012 mm (4.01574... 4.01621 in)
Size II	102.013... 102.025 mm (4.01625... 4.01672 in)

- The cylinder size **1** is marked on the side of the cylinder.



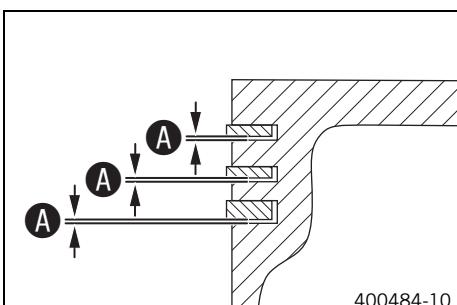
- Check the sealing area of the cylinder head for distortion using a straight edge and the special tool.

Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

Cylinder/cylinder head - sealing area distortion $\leq 0.10 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0039 \text{ in})$

- » If the measured value does not equal the specified value:
 - Change the cylinder.

16.4.13 Checking/measuring the piston



- Use the special tool to measure clearance **A** of the piston rings in the piston ring groove.

Guideline

Piston ring - groove clearance $\leq 0.08 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0031 \text{ in})$

Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

- » If clearance **A** is larger than the specified value:
 - Change the piston and piston rings.
 - Check/measure the cylinder. (☞ p. 126)



- Check the piston bearing surface for damage.
 - » If the piston bearing surface is damaged:
 - Change the piston and, if necessary, the cylinder.

- Check that the piston rings can move easily in the piston ring grooves.

- » If the piston ring is stiff:
 - Clean the piston ring groove.



Tip

Use an old piston ring to clean the piston ring groove.

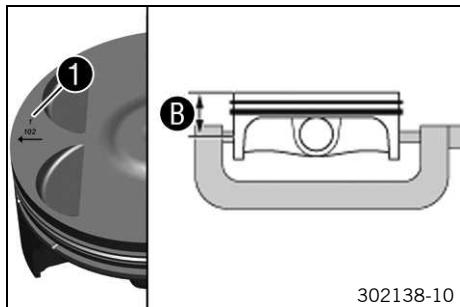
- Check the piston rings for damage.
 - » If the piston ring is damaged:
 - Change the piston ring.

**Info**

Mount the piston ring with the marking facing upward.

- Check the piston pin for discoloration or signs of wear.
 - » If the piston pin has strong discoloration/signs of wear:
 - Change the piston pin.
- Insert the piston pin into the connecting rod and check the bearing for play.
 - » If the piston pin bearing has too much play:
 - Change the connecting rod and the piston pin.
- Measure the piston at the piston skirt, at right angles to the piston pin, at a distance **B**.

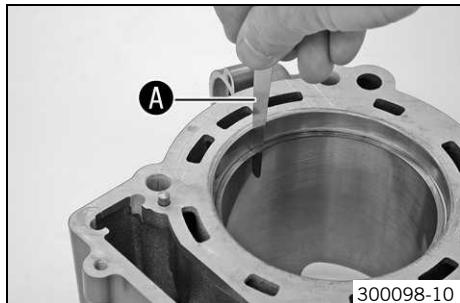
Guideline



Distance B	31.5 mm (1.24 in)
Piston - diameter	
Size I	101.955... 101.965 mm (4.01397... 4.01436 in)
Size II	101.965... 101.975 mm (4.01436... 4.01476 in)

**Info**

Piston size **I** is marked on the piston head.

16.4.14 Checking piston ring end gap

- Remove the piston ring from the piston.
- Place the piston ring in the cylinder and align it with the piston.

Guideline

Under the upper edge of the cylinder	10 mm (0.39 in)
--------------------------------------	-----------------

- Measure the end gap with a feeler gauge **A**.

Guideline

Piston ring end gap	
Compression rings	$\leq 0.80 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0315 \text{ in})$
Oil scraper ring	$\leq 1.00 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0394 \text{ in})$

- » If the end gap is more than the specified value:
 - Check/measure the cylinder. (☞ p. 126)
 - » If the cylinder wear is within the tolerance range:
 - Change the piston ring.
- Mount the piston ring with the marking facing toward the piston head.

16.4.15 Checking piston/cylinder mounting clearance

- Check/measure the cylinder. (☞ p. 126)
- Check/measure the piston. (☞ p. 126)
- The smallest piston/cylinder mounting clearance is the result of the smallest cylinder bore diameter minus the largest piston diameter. The largest piston/cylinder mounting clearance is the result of the largest cylinder bore diameter minus the smallest piston diameter.

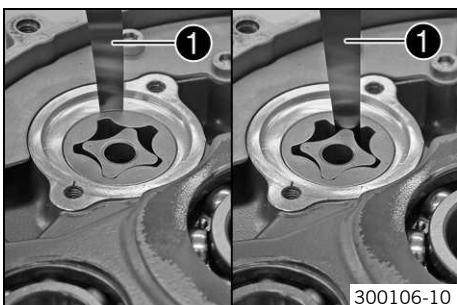
Guideline

Piston/cylinder - mounting clearance	
New condition	0.035... 0.060 mm (0.00138... 0.00236 in)
Wear limit	0.10 mm (0.0039 in)

16.4.16 Checking oil pumps for wear

i **Info**

The oil pump wear check shown here is on the suction pump but it applies to all oil pumps.

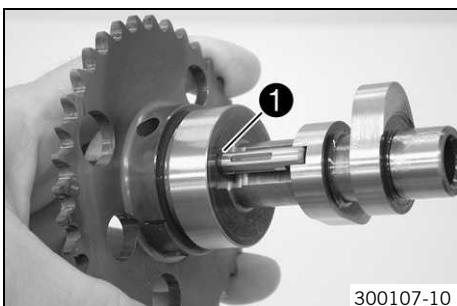


- Use a feeler gauge ① to measure the play between the external rotor and the engine case as well as between the external rotor and the internal rotor.

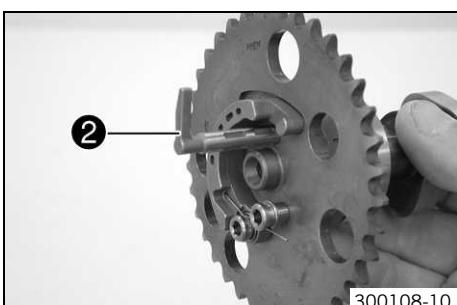
Oil pump	
Clearance between external rotor and engine case	≤ 0.20 mm (≤ 0.0079 in)
Clearance between external rotor and internal rotor	≤ 0.20 mm (≤ 0.0079 in)
Axial clearance	0.04... 0.08 mm (0.0016... 0.0031 in)

- » If the measured value does not meet specifications:
 - Change the oil pump and, if necessary, the engine case.

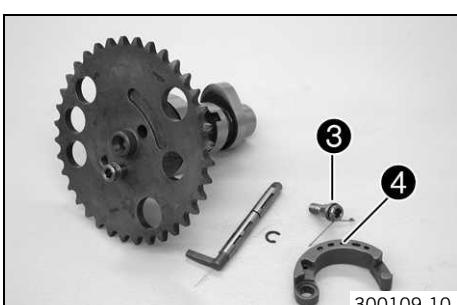
16.4.17 Replacing autodecompressor



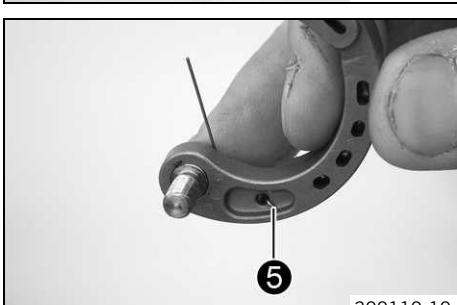
- Take the lock ring ① off the autodecompression shaft and dispose of it.



- Pull the autodecompression shaft ② from the camshaft.



- Disconnect the autodecompression spring. Loosen the screw ③ and remove it together with the autodecompression spring and the autodecompression weight ④.



- When assembling, first connect the autodecompression spring and then insert the screw through the autodecompression weight.
 - ✓ The arm of the autodecompression spring ⑤ is long enough to pass right through the autodecompression weight.
- Position the autodecompression weight. Mount and tighten screw ③. Reconnect the autodecompression spring.

Guideline

Screw, autodecompression	M6	3... 4 Nm (2.2... 3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
--------------------------	----	-----------------------------------	---------------

- Mount the autodecompression shaft in the camshaft. Install a new lock ring.
- Check the functioning.
 - » If the autodecompression spring does not completely retract the autodecompression shaft:
 - Replace the autodecompression spring.

16.4.18 Preparing timing chain tensioner for installation



- Fully compress the timing chain tensioner.


Info

This requires considerable force since the oil has to be pressed out.

- Release the timing chain tensioner.
 - ✓ Without pressure, the timing chain tensioner expands fully.



- Place two compensating disks or similar aids next to the piston of the timing chain tensioner. This should ensure that when pushed down, the piston does not fully withdraw.

Guideline

Thickness of the compensating disks	2... 2.5 mm (0.08... 0.098 in)
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------

- Release the timing chain tensioner.

- ✓ The latching system locks and the piston stops moving.

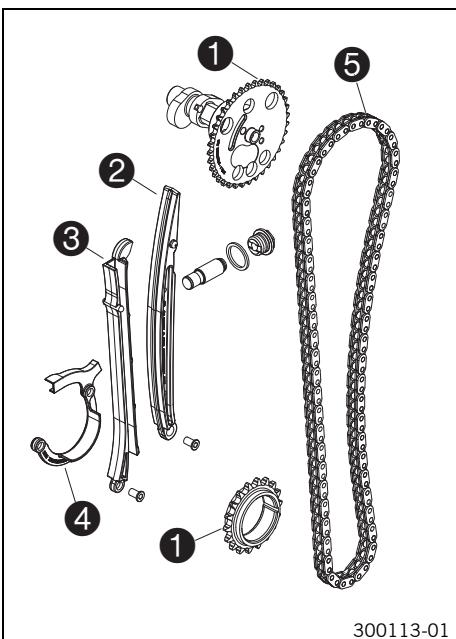
End position of piston after latching	3 mm (0.12 in)
---------------------------------------	----------------


Info

This position is necessary for installation.

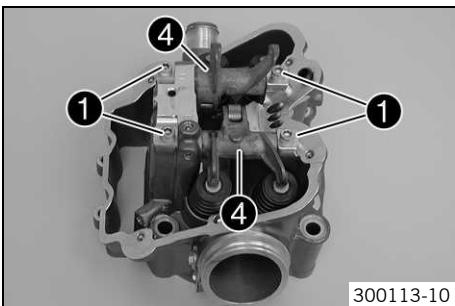
If the timing chain tensioner is now pressed in once more (while it is installed) and then pulled out no more than halfway (preventing it from coming out fully), the latching system locks and the timing chain tensioner can no longer be compacted; this function is necessary to ensure sufficient tension of the timing chain, even at low oil pressure.

16.4.19 Checking timing assembly

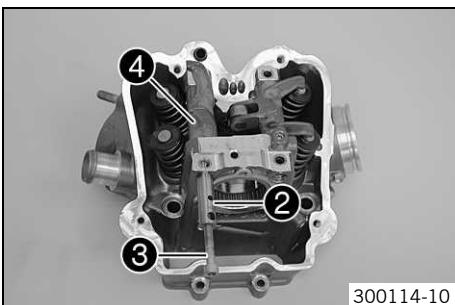


- Clean all parts well.
- Check the timing chain gear / timing chain sprocket ① for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the timing chain gear / timing chain sprocket.
- Check timing chain tensioning rail ② for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the timing chain tensioning rail.
- Check timing chain guide rail ③ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the timing chain guide rail.
- Check timing chain securing guide ④ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the timing chain securing guide.
- Check timing chain ⑤ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the timing chain.
- Check that the timing chain links move easily. Let the timing chain hang down freely.
 - » If the chain links no longer straighten out:
 - Change the timing chain.

16.4.20 Removing rocker arm



- Remove screws 1.



- Screw a suitable screw 3 into the rocker arm shafts 2. Pull out the rocker arm shafts.
- Take off the rocker arm 4.

16.4.21 Changing camshaft bearing

Preparatory work

- Remove the rocker arm. (☞ p. 130)

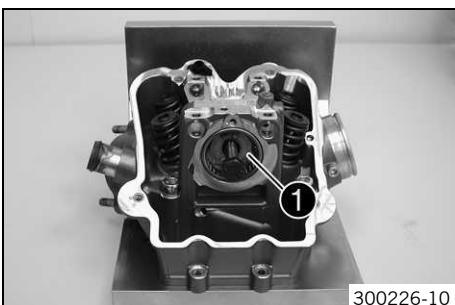
Main work

- Clamp the cylinder head.

Clamping plate (75029050000) (☞ p. 217)

- Remove the large camshaft bearing using the special tool 1.

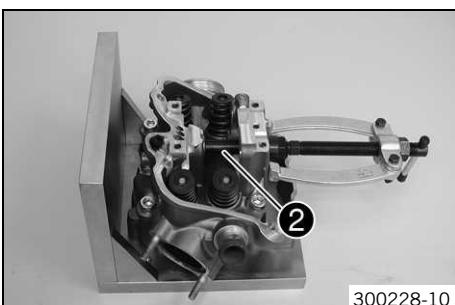
Push-out drift (75029051000) (☞ p. 217)



- Remove the small camshaft bearing using special tool 2.

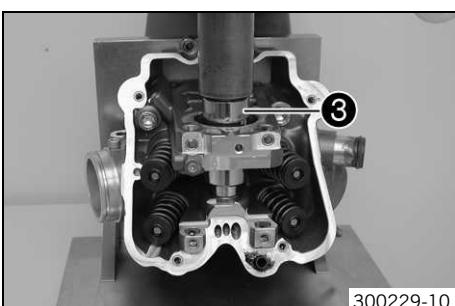
Insert for bearing puller (15112018100) (☞ p. 210)

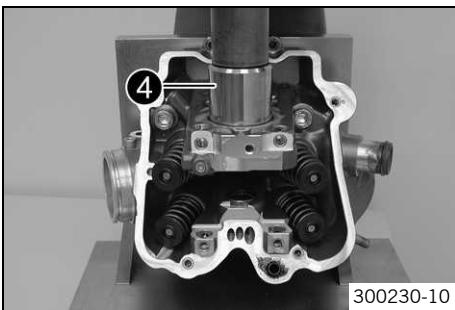
Bearing puller (15112017000) (☞ p. 210)



- Press in the small camshaft bearing as far as possible using the special tool 3.

Push-in drift (75029044020) (☞ p. 216)





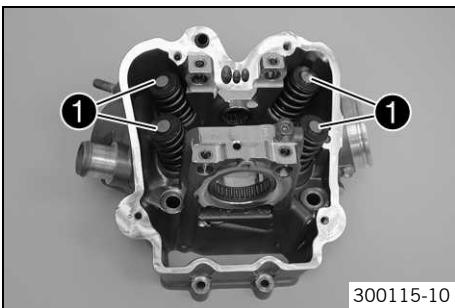
- Press in the large camshaft bearing as far as possible using the special tool ④.

Push-in drift (75029044010) (☞ p. 216)

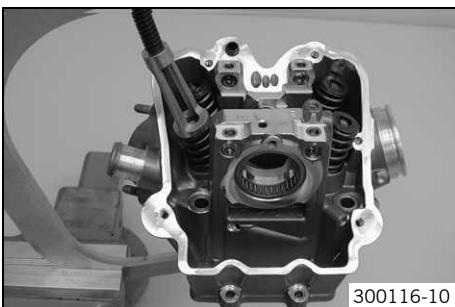
Finishing work

- Install the rocker arm. (☞ p. 134)

16.4.22 Removing valves



- Take shims ① out of the valve spring retainers and lay them to one side according to their normal built-in position.



- Pretension the valve springs using the special tool.

Valve spring compressor (59029019000) (☞ p. 212)

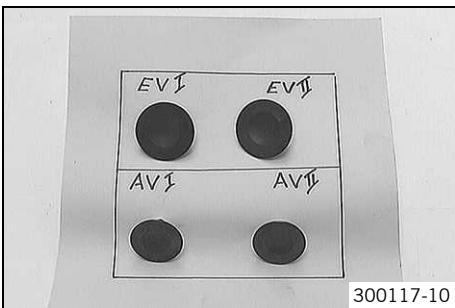
Valve spring mounting device (78029060000) (☞ p. 219)

- Remove valve keys and release tension on the valve springs.
- Remove spring retainers and spring.
- Pull the valve down and out of the valve guide, remove the valve stem seal and valve spring retainer.
- Mark the valves according to their normal built-in position.



Info

Place the valves into a box according to the installation position and label the box.



16.4.23 Checking valves



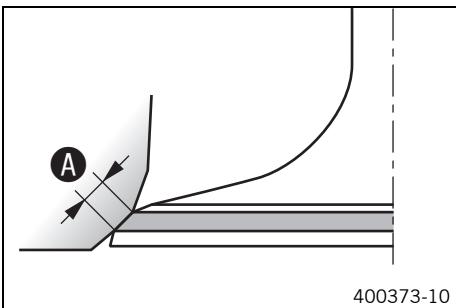
- Check the run-out at the valve plate.

Valve - run-out

On the valve plate

$\leq 0.05 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.002 \text{ in})$

- » If the measured value does not equal the specified value:
 - Change the valve.



- Check the sealing seat **A** on the valve.

Valve - sealing seat width

Intake	1.60 mm (0.063 in)
--------	--------------------

Valve - sealing seat width

Exhaust	2.00 mm (0.0787 in)
---------	---------------------

» If the sealing area is not in the center of the valve seat or deviates from the specified value:

- Machine the valve seat.

16.4.24 Checking valve springs



- Check the valve springs for fractures and wear (visual check).

» If the valve spring is fractured or worn:

- Change the valve spring.

- Measure the valve spring lengths.

Valve spring

Minimum length (without valve spring cap)	42.3 mm (1.665 in)
---	--------------------

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Change the valve spring.

16.4.25 Checking valve spring retainer



- Check the valve spring retainer for fractures and wear (visual check).

» If the valve spring retainer is fractured or worn:

- Change the valve spring retainer.

- Measure the thickness of the valve spring retainer.

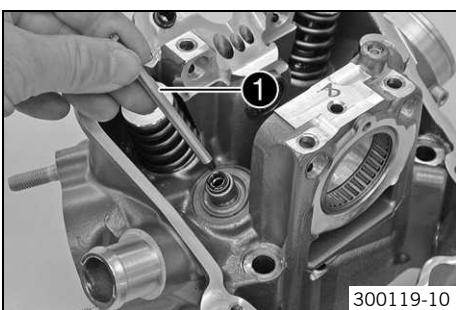
Valve spring cap - thickness

2.4... 2.5 mm (0.094... 0.098 in)

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Change the valve spring retainer.

16.4.26 Checking cylinder head



- Check the valve guides using the special tool **1**.

Limit plug gauge (59029026006) (☞ p. 212)

» If the special tool is easy to insert into the valve guide:

- Change the valve guide and valve.

- Check the sealing area of the spark plug thread and the valve seats for damage and tearing.

» If there is wear or tearing:

- Change the cylinder head.

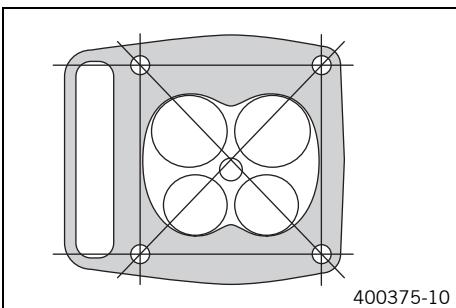
- Check the sealing area of the cylinder for distortion using a straight edge and the special tool.

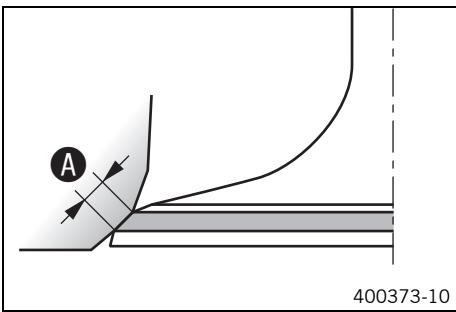
Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

Cylinder/cylinder head - sealing area distortion	$\leq 0.10 \text{ mm} (\leq 0.0039 \text{ in})$
--	---

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Change the cylinder head.





- Check sealing seat **A** of the valves.

Valve - sealing seat width

Intake	1.60 mm (0.063 in)
--------	--------------------

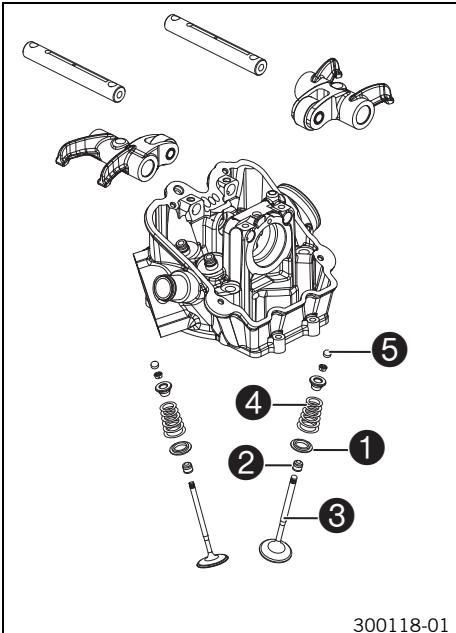
Valve - sealing seat width

Exhaust	2.00 mm (0.0787 in)
---------	---------------------

» If the measured value does not equal the specified value:

- Machine the valve seat.

- Blow compressed air through all oil channels and check that they are clear.

16.4.27 Installing valves


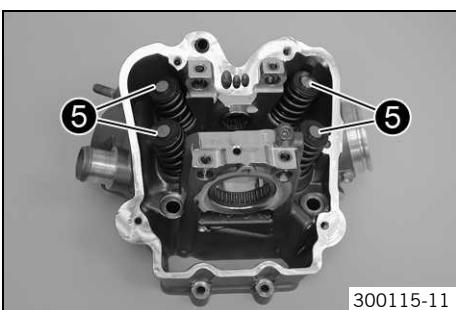
- Position the valve spring cap **①**. Install new valve stem seals **②**.
- Mount valves **③** according to their normal built-in position.
- Install the valve springs **④** and the spring retainers.



- Pretension the valve springs using the special tool.

Valve spring compressor (59029019000) (☞ p. 212)

Valve spring mounting device (78029060000) (☞ p. 219)



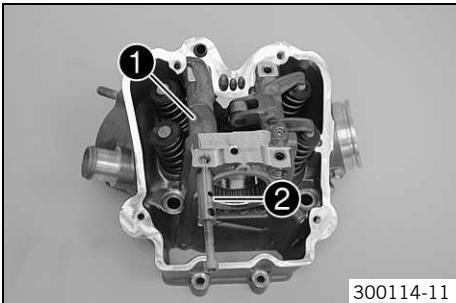
- Mount valve keys.



When mounting the valve keys, check that they are seated correctly; preferably, fix the valve keys to the valve with a little grease.

- Place shims **⑤** into the valve spring retainers according to the installation position.

16.4.28 Installing rocker arm



300114-11

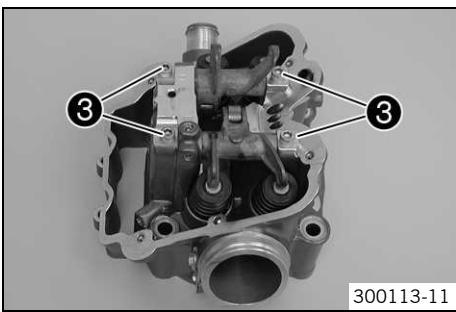
- Position the rocker arm 1 and push in the rocker arm shafts 2.



Info

Make sure that the tapped hole of the rocker arm shaft is positioned facing outwards.

The small drill hole and the flat surface must point upwards.



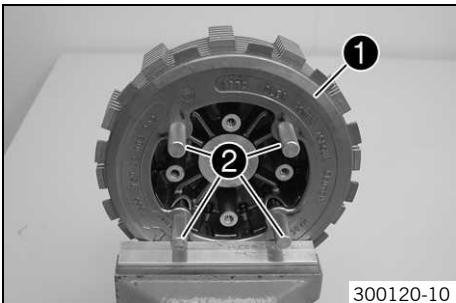
300113-11

- Install and tighten the screws 3 of the rocker arm shafts.

Guideline

Screw, rocker arm shaft	M6	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
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16.4.29 Disassembling the antihopping clutch



300120-10

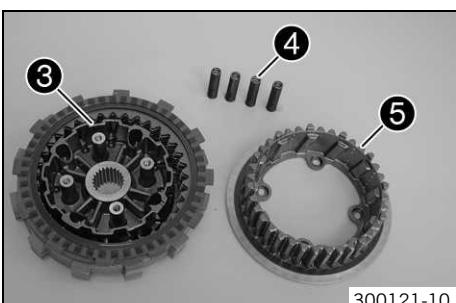
- Clamp the clutch 1 in a vise.



Info

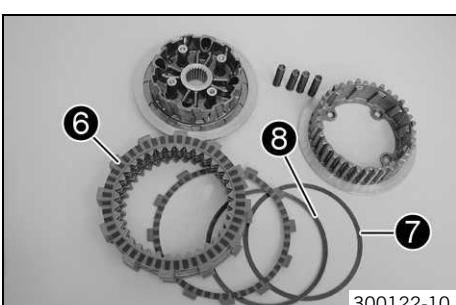
Use soft jaws.

- Carefully loosen and gradually remove the special tool 2.



300121-10

- Take the clutch out of the vise and lay it on a clean workbench with the outer clutch hub 5 facing down.
- Take the inner clutch hub 3 and release springs 4 out of the outer clutch hub 5.



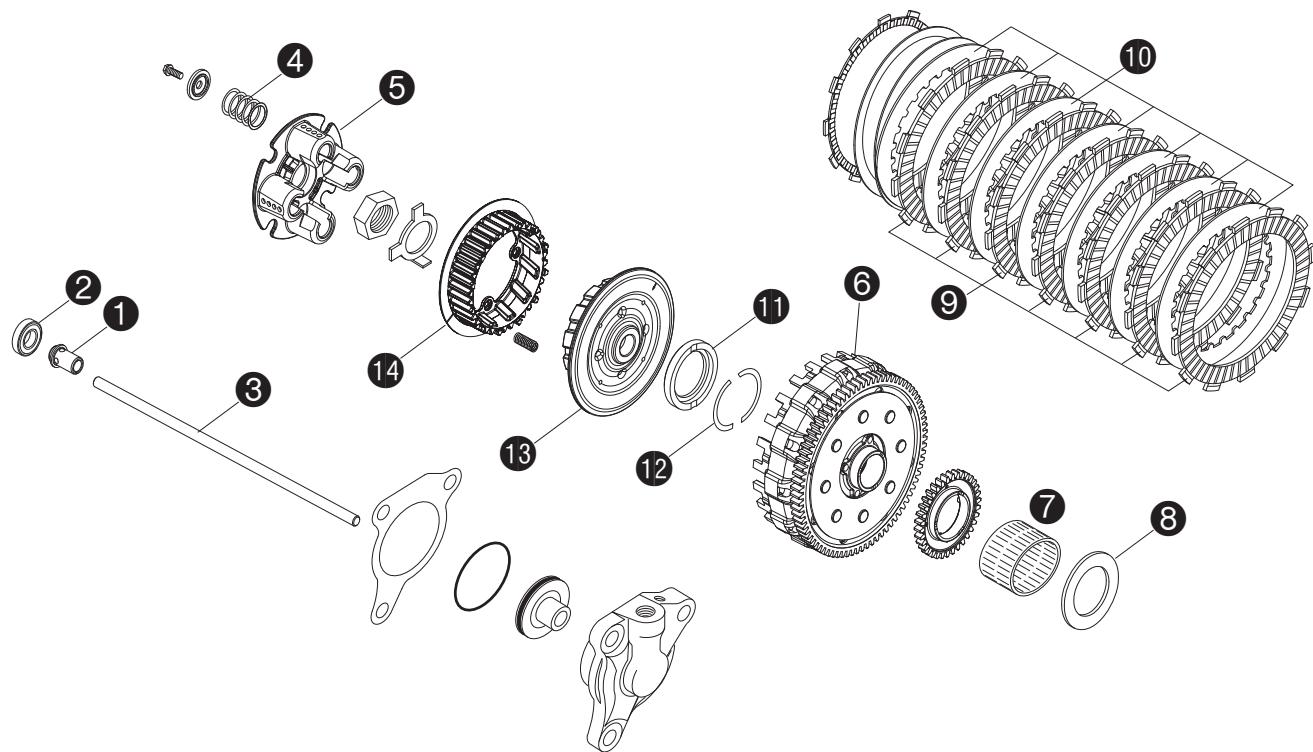
300122-10

- Take off the clutch facing discs 6 from the inner clutch hub.
- Remove pretension ring 7 and support ring 8.
- Clean all parts well.
- Check the clutch. (☞ p. 134)

16.4.30 Checking the clutch

Preparatory work

- Disassemble the antihopping clutch. (☞ p. 134)



300123-01

Main work

- Check pressure piece ① for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Replace the pressure piece.
- Check axial bearing ② for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the axial bearing.
- Place push rod ③ on a level surface and check it for run-out.
» If there is run-out:
– Change the push rod.
- Check the length of clutch springs ④.

Clutch spring - length	31.5... 33.5 mm (1.24... 1.319 in)
------------------------	------------------------------------

- » If the clutch spring length is less than the specified value:
– Change all clutch springs.

- Check the contact surface of pressure cap ⑤ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the pressure cap.
- Check the contact surfaces of the clutch facing discs in the outer clutch hub ⑥ for wear.

Clutch basket - contact surface of clutch facing discs	$\leq 0.5 \text{ mm}$ ($\leq 0.02 \text{ in}$)
--	--

- » If the contact surface is very worn:
– Change the clutch facing discs and the outer clutch hub.

- Check needle bearing ⑦ and supporting plate ⑧ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Replace the needle bearing and supporting plate.
- Check the intermediate clutch discs ⑨ for damage and wear.
» If the intermediate clutch discs are not even or are pitted:
– Change all intermediate clutch discs.

- Check clutch facing discs ⑩ for discoloration and scoring.
 - » If there is discoloration or scoring:
 - Change all clutch facing discs.
- Check the thickness of clutch facing discs ⑩.

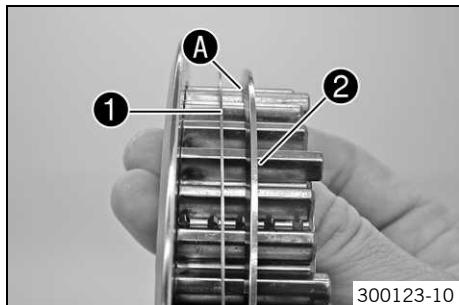
Clutch facing disc - thickness	$\geq 2.5 \text{ mm} (\geq 0.098 \text{ in})$
--------------------------------	---

- » If the clutch facing disc does not meet specifications:
 - Change all clutch facing discs.
- Check stepped washer ⑪ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the stepped washer.
- Check half washers ⑫ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the half washers.
- Check inner clutch hub ⑬ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the inner clutch hub.
- Check the outer clutch hub ⑭ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the outer clutch hub.

Finishing work

- Preassemble the antihopping clutch. (☞ p. 136)

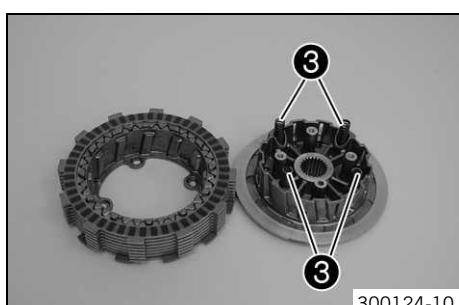
16.4.31 Preassembling the antihopping clutch



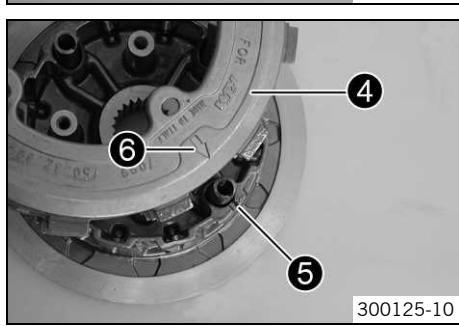
- Thoroughly oil the clutch facing discs.
- Push the support ring ① and the pretension ring ② on to the outer clutch hub.


Info

The pretension ring must be installed so that it is flush with the inner edge A on the support ring.



- Position the trimmed clutch facing disc with the recess for the pretension ring on the outer clutch hub.
- Beginning with the coated intermediate clutch disc, position all further clutch facing discs and intermediate clutch discs alternately.
- Position the release springs ③.



- Push on the outer clutch hub ④ and pay attention to the markings.
 - ✓ The arrow ⑥ of the outer clutch hub must point to the notch ⑤ of the inner clutch hub.
- Push the two clutch hubs firmly together and have an assistant screw in the special tool.

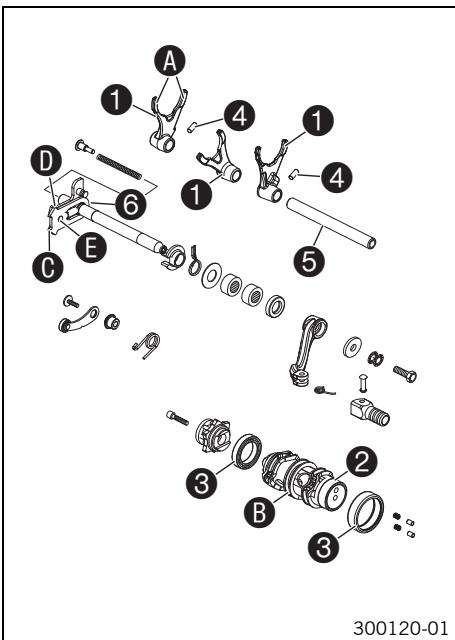
Assembly screws (75029033000) (☞ p. 215)
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Info

Apply the special tool with the hand only, do not use another tool.

Apply the special tool only firmly enough so that the clutch facing discs can still be turned against each other since they still have to be aligned for mounting in the clutch basket.

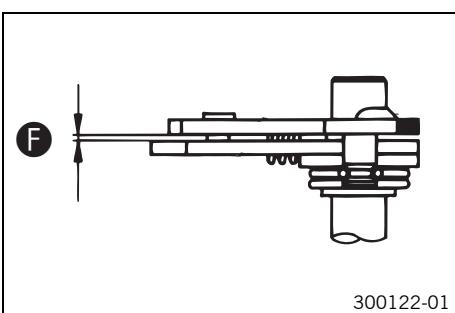
16.4.32 Checking shift mechanism



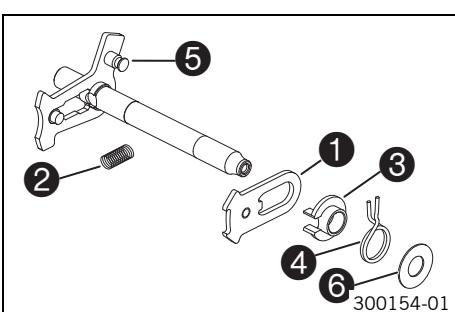
- Check the shift forks ① (see A) for damage and wear (visual check).
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the shift fork and gear wheel pair.
- Check shift grooves ③ of shift drum ② for wear.
 - » If the shift groove is worn:
 - Change the shift roller.
- Check the seat of the shift drum in the bearings ③.
 - » If the shift roller is not seated correctly:
 - Replace the shift drum and/or the bearing.
- Check bearing ③ for stiffness and wear.
 - » If the bearings do not move freely or are worn:
 - Replace the bearings.
- Check the needle bushing ④ for stiffness and wear.
 - » If the needle bushing does not move freely or is worn:
 - Replace the needle bushing.
- Check the shift rail ⑤ on a flat surface for run-out.
 - » If there is run-out:
 - Change the shift rail.
- Check the shift rail for scoring, signs of corrosion and stiffness in the shift forks.
 - » If there is scoring or corrosion, or if the shift fork is stiff:
 - Change the shift rail.
- Check sliding plate ⑥ in contact areas ⑦ for wear.
 - » If the sliding plate is worn:
 - Change the sliding plate.
- Check return surface ⑧ on the sliding plate for wear.
 - » If deep notches are present:
 - Change the sliding plate.
- Check guide pin ⑨ for looseness and wear.
 - » If the guide pin is loose and/or worn:
 - Change the sliding plate.
- Preassemble the shift shaft. (☞ p. 137)
- Check the clearance F between the sliding plate and the shift quadrant.

Shift shaft - play in sliding plate/shift quadrant	0.40... 0.80 mm (0.0157... 0.0315 in)
--	---------------------------------------

- » If the measured value does not equal the specified value:
 - Change the sliding plate.

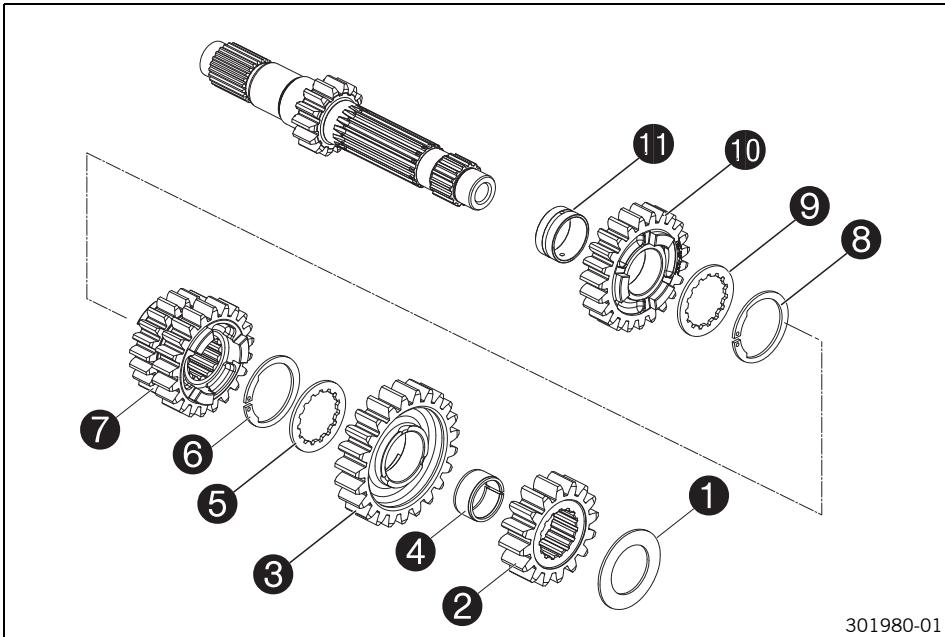


16.4.33 Preassembling shift shaft



- Fix the short end of the shift shaft in a vise.
Guideline
Use soft jaws.
- Mount sliding plate ① with the guide pin facing down and attach the guide pin to the shift quadrant.
- Mount preload spring ②.
- Push on spring guide ③, push return spring ④ over the spring guide with the offset end facing upward and lift the offset end over abutment bolt ⑤.
- Mount stop disk ⑥.

16.4.34 Disassembling the main shaft



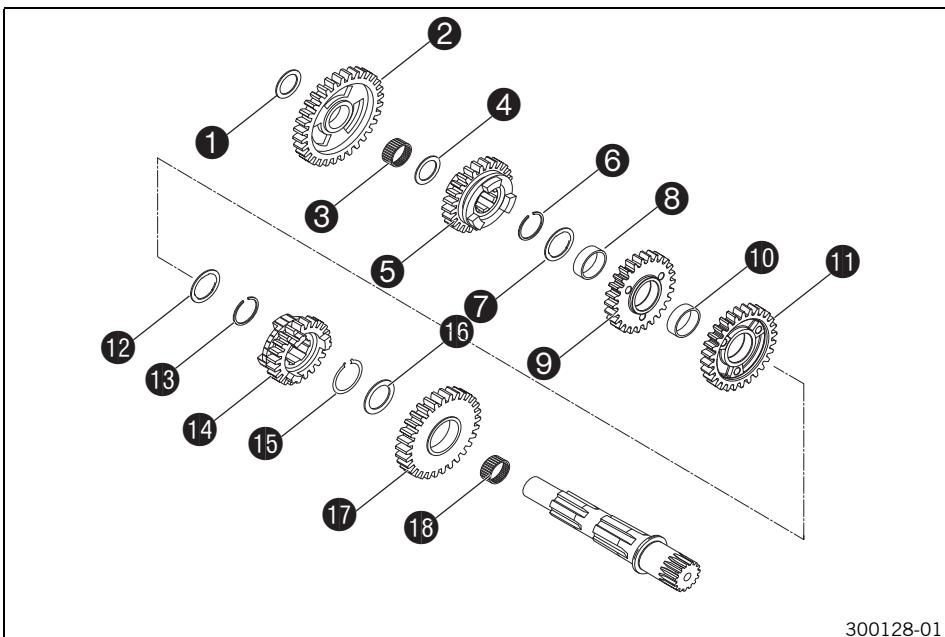
- Fix the main shaft in the vise with the geared end facing downward.

Guideline

Use soft jaws.

- Remove stop disk 1 and second-gear fixed gear 2.
- Remove the sixth-gear idler gear 3.
- Remove the split needle bearing 4 and stop disk 5.
- Remove lock ring 6.
- Remove the third/fourth-gear sliding gear 7.
- Remove lock ring 8.
- Remove stop disk 9 and fifth-gear idler gear 10.
- Remove bearing bush 11.

16.4.35 Dismantling countershaft



- Fix the countershaft in the vise with the geared end facing downward.

Guideline

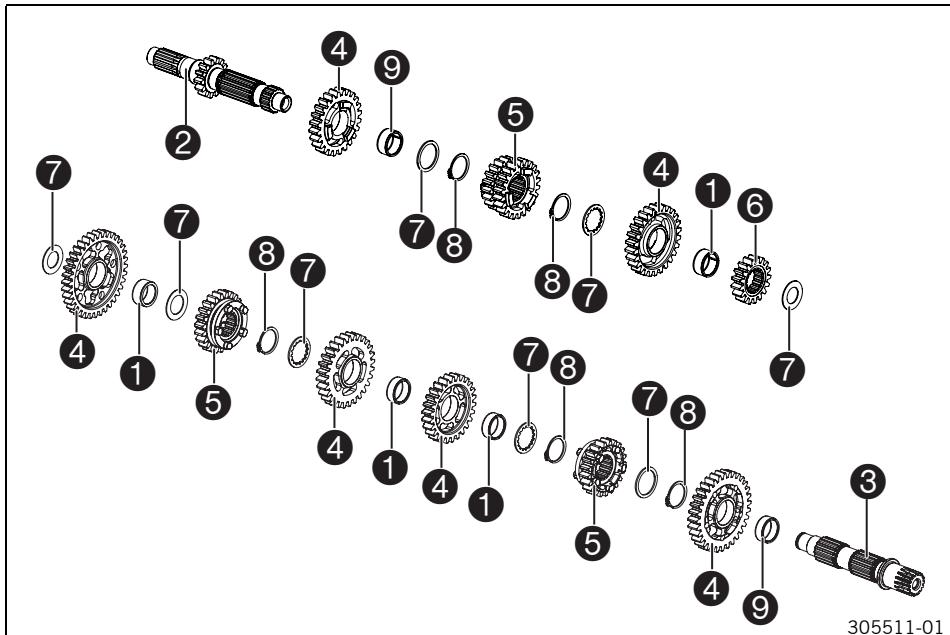
Use soft jaws.

- Remove stop disk ① and first-gear idler gear ②.
- Remove needle bearing ③ and stop disk ④.
- Remove fifth-gear sliding gear ⑤ and lock ring ⑥.
- Remove stop disk ⑦ and third-gear idler gear ⑨.
- Remove needle bearing ⑧ and the fourth-gear idler gear ⑪.
- Remove needle bearing ⑩ and stop disk ⑫.
- Remove lock ring ⑬ and sixth-gear sliding gear ⑭.
- Remove lock ring ⑮ and stop disk ⑯.
- Remove the second-gear idler gear ⑰ and bearing bush ⑲.

16.4.36 Checking the transmission

Condition

The transmission has been disassembled.



- Check needle bearing ① for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the needle bearing.
- Check the pivot points of main shaft ② and countershaft ③ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the main shaft and/or countershaft.
- Check the tooth profiles of main shaft ② and countershaft ③ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the main shaft and/or countershaft.
- Check the pivot points of idler gears ④ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the gear wheel pair.
- Check the shift dogs of idler gears ④, sliding gears ⑤, and fixed gear ⑥ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the gear wheel pair.
- Check the tooth faces of idler gears ④, sliding gears ⑤, and fixed gear ⑥ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the gear wheel pair.
- Check the tooth profiles of sliding gears ⑤ for damage and wear.
» If there is damage or wear:
– Change the gear wheel pair.
- Check sliding gears ⑤ for smooth operation in the profile of main shaft ②.

- » If the sliding gear does not move easily:
 - Change the sliding gear or the main shaft.
- Check sliding gears ⑤ for smooth operation in the profile of countershaft ③.
 - » If the fixed gear does not move easily:
 - Change the sliding gear or the countershaft.
- Check stop disks ⑦ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the stop disk.
- Use new lock rings ⑧ in every repair job.
- Check bearing bushes ⑨ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Change the bearing bush.

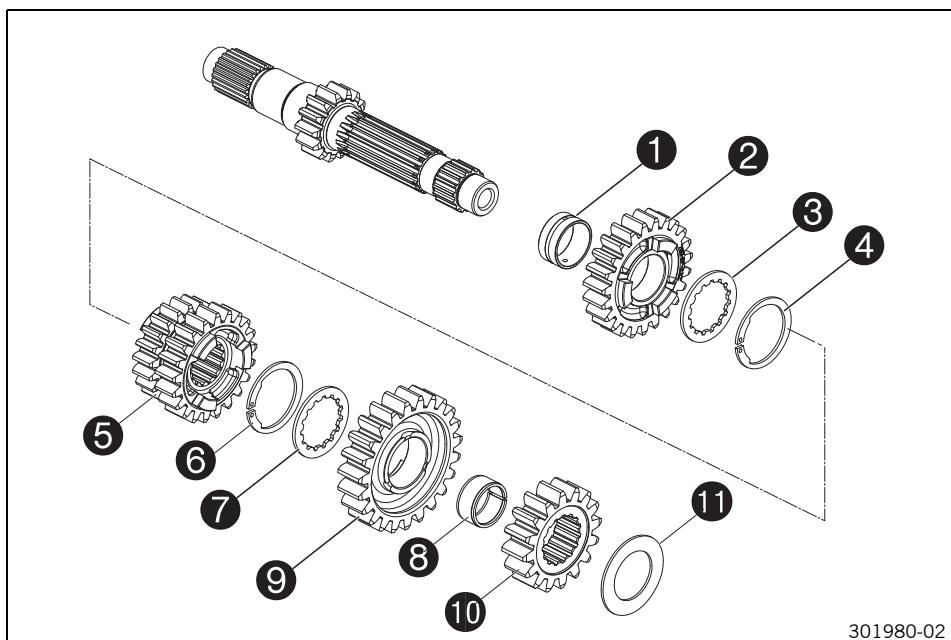
16.4.37 Assembling the main shaft


Info

Use new lock rings in every repair job.

Preparatory work

- Oil all parts carefully before assembling.
- Check the transmission. (☞ p. 139)

Main work


- Fix the main shaft in the vise with the geared end facing downward.

Guideline

Use soft jaws

- Lubricate and mount bearing bush ①.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Push on the fifth-gear idler gear ② with the shift dogs facing upward.
- Mount stop disk ③ and lock ring ④.
- Push on the third/fourth-gear sliding gear ⑤ with the small gear wheel facing downward and mount lock ring ⑥.
- Push on stop disk ⑦ and split needle bearing ⑧.
- Push on the sixth-gear idler gear ⑨ with the shift dogs facing downward.
- Push on the second-gear fixed gear ⑩ with the collar facing downward and mount stop disk ⑪.
- Finally, check all gear wheels for smooth operation.

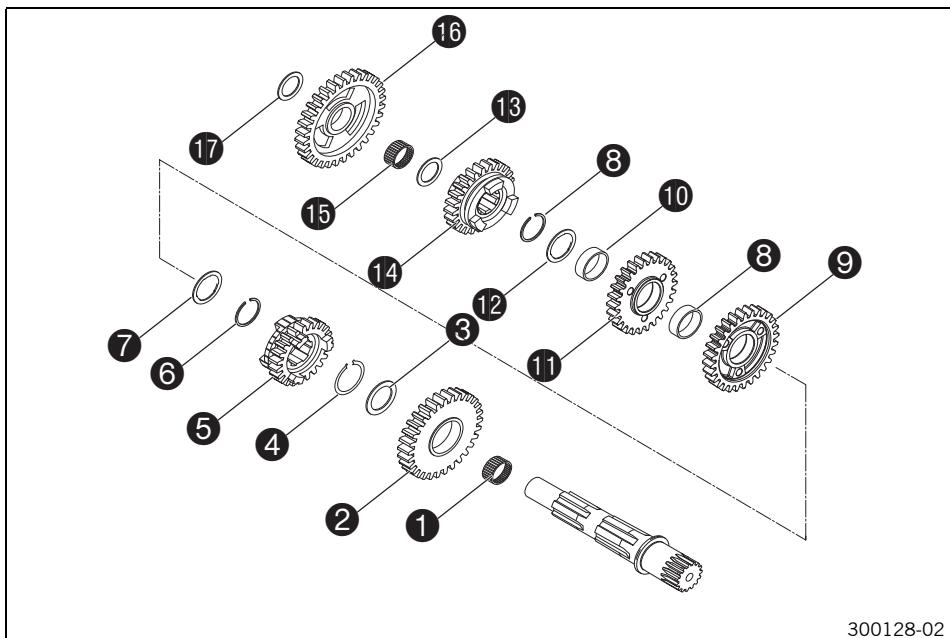
16.4.38 Assembling countershaft

**Info**

Use new lock rings in every repair job.

Preparatory work

- Oil all parts carefully before assembling.
- Check the transmission. (☞ p. 139)

Main work

300128-02

- Fix the countershaft in the vise with the geared end facing downward.

Guideline

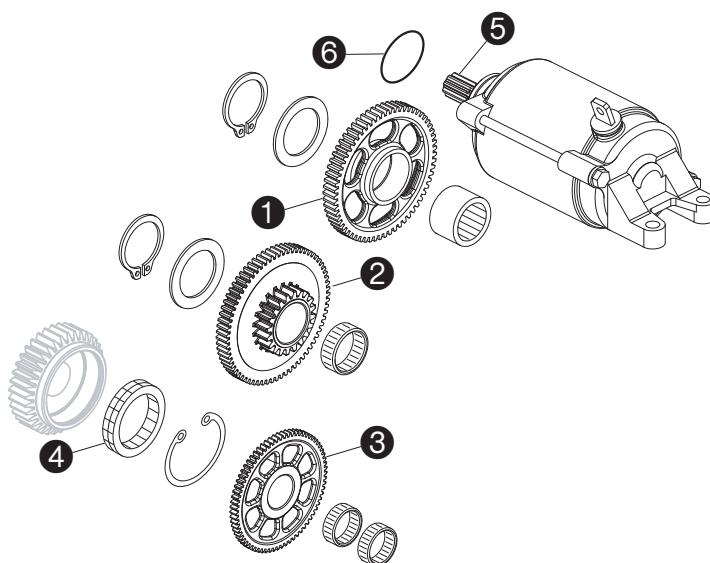
Use soft jaws

- Lubricate and mount bearing bush ①.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Mount second-gear idler gear ② on the countershaft with the protruding collar facing downward.
- Mount stop disk ③ and lock ring ④.
- Mount the sixth-gear sliding gear ⑤ with the shift groove facing upward.
- Mount lock ring ⑥ and stop disk ⑦.
- Mount needle bearing ⑧ and the fourth-gear idler gear ⑨ with the collar facing upward.
- Mount needle bearing ⑩ and the third-gear idler gear ⑪ with the collar facing downward.
- Mount stop disk ⑫ and lock ring ⑬.
- Mount the fifth-gear sliding gear ⑭ with the shift groove facing downward and stop disk ⑮.
- Mount needle bearing ⑯, first-gear idler gear ⑰ with the recess facing downward, and stop disk ⑯.
- Finally, check all gear wheels for smooth operation.

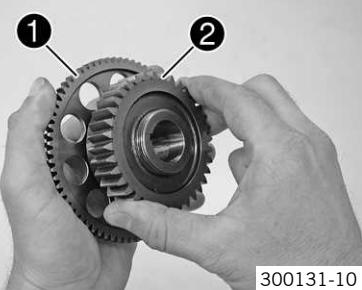
16.4.39 Checking the starter drive



300129-01

- Check the teeth and seating of the starter idler gear ① for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the starter idler gear and/or needle bushing.
- Check the teeth and seating of the torque limiter ② for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the torque limiter and/or needle bushing.
- Check freewheel gear ③ and bearing when removed for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the freewheel gear and/or the bearing.
- Check freewheel ④ when removed for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the freewheel.
- Check the toothing of the starter motor ⑤ for damage and wear.
 - » If there is damage or wear:
 - Replace the starter motor.
- Clamp the minus (negative) cable of a 12 Volt power supply to the starter motor housing. Briefly connect the plus (positive) cable of the power supply to the starter motor connection.
 - » If the starter motor does not turn when you close the power circuit:
 - Replace the starter motor.
- Replace the O-ring ⑥ of the starter motor.

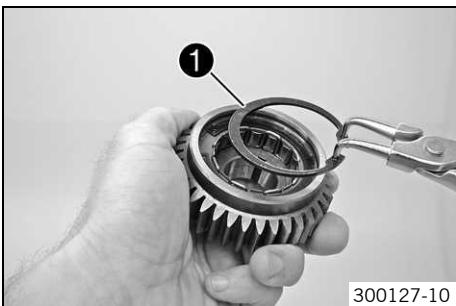
16.4.40 Checking freewheel



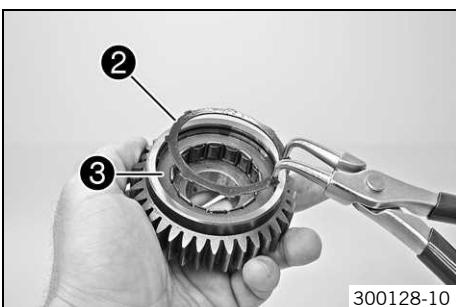
300131-10

- Insert the freewheel gear ① in the primary gear ②, turning the primary gear clockwise; do not twist!
- Check the locking action of the freewheel gear ①.
 - » If the primary gear does not turn clockwise or if it does not lock counterclockwise:
 - Remove the freewheel. (☞ p. 143)
 - Turn the freewheel 180°.
 - Install the freewheel. (☞ p. 143)

16.4.41 Removing freewheel



- Extract the lock ring 1 from the groove using suitable pliers.



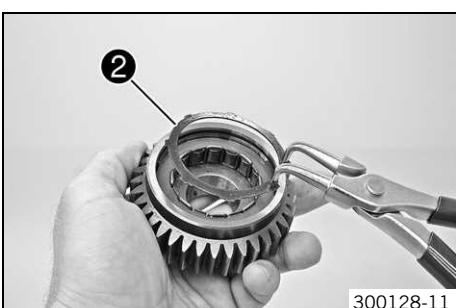
- Compress the expansion ring 2 and remove it, using suitable pliers.
- Take the freewheel 3 out of the primary gear.

16.4.42 Installing freewheel

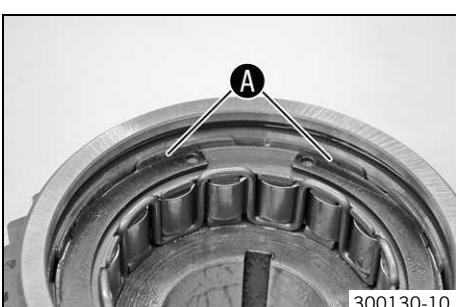


- Lubricate all parts thoroughly.
- Push the freewheel 1 into the primary gear.

i **Info**
Note the direction of rotation.

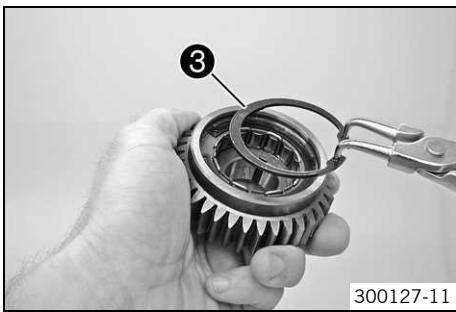


- Install the expansion ring 2.



- Make sure that all lugs of the expansion ring locate in the slits A of the freewheel.

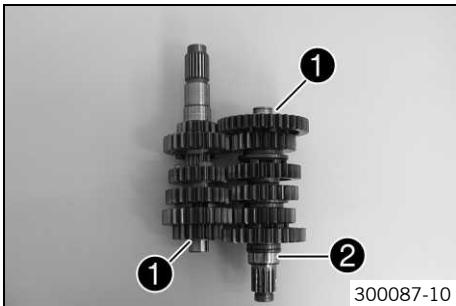
i **Info**
If necessary, use a screwdriver to ease them in.



- Insert the lock ring ③ into the groove with suitable pliers and check that it is seated correctly.

16.5 Engine assembly

16.5.1 Installing transmission shafts

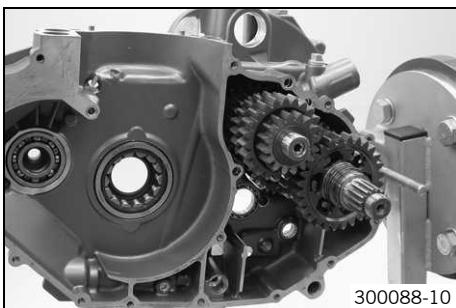


- Clamp the right section of the engine case.

Holder for engine assembly stand (75012001070) (☞ p. 214)

Support for engine assembly stand (75012001060) (☞ p. 214)

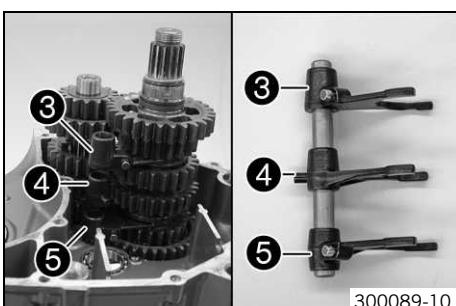
Engine assembly stand (61229001000) (☞ p. 214)



- Make sure that both stop disks ① are installed.
- Mount the inner bearing race ② on the countershaft.

- Lubricate all bearings.

- Assemble the two transmission shafts and slide them into the bearing seats together.

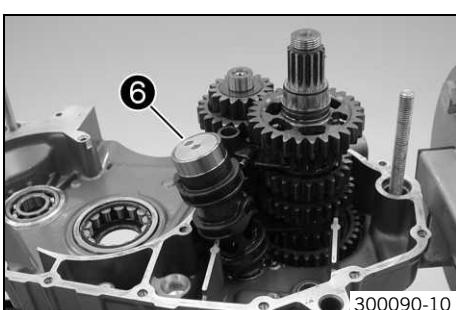


- Mount the upper shift fork ③, the middle shift fork ④, and the lower shift fork ⑤.

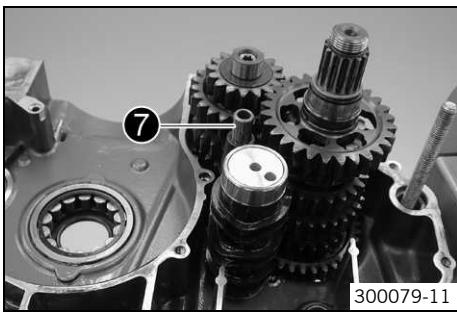


Info

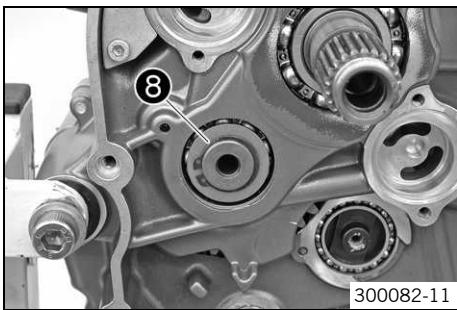
For the assembly of the middle shift fork ④, the sliding gear of the third/fourth gear must be lifted.



- Insert shift drum ⑥ into the bearing seat.
- Hang the shift forks into the shift drum.

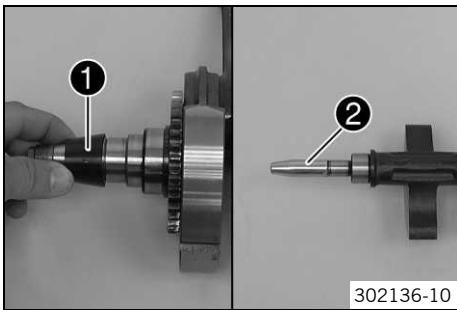


- Install the shift rail 7.
- Check the transmission for smooth operation.



- Install the shim 8 and lock ring of the countershaft.

16.5.2 Installing crankshaft and balancer shaft

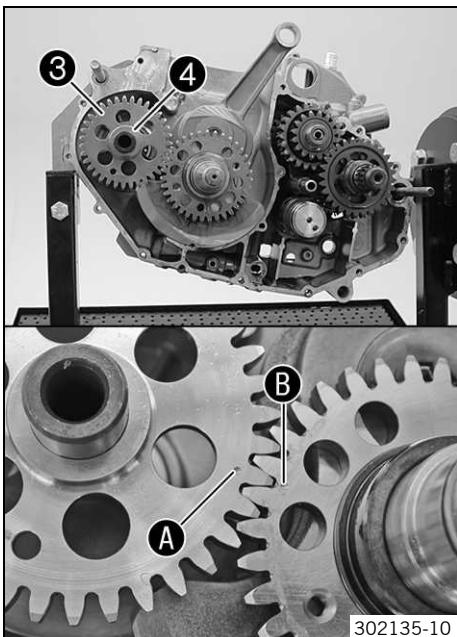


- Mount the special tool 1 on the alternator side of the crankshaft.

Mounting sleeve (75029080000) (☞ p. 217)

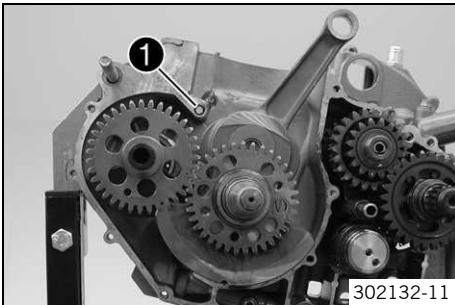
- Mount the special tool 2 on the balancer shaft.

Mounting sleeve (58529005000) (☞ p. 211)



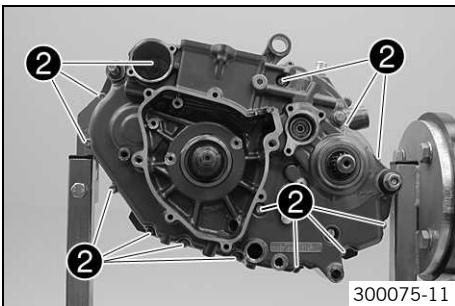
- Push the crankshaft into the bearing seat and take off the special tool.
- Grease the shaft seal rings of the balancer shaft.
- Push the balancer shaft 3 into the bearing seat and take off the special tool.
- ✓ Align marks A and B.
- Mount stop disk 4.

16.5.3 Installing left engine case



- Mount the dowels.
- Mount the O-ring ①.
- Degrease the sealing area. Apply the sealing compound to the left engine case half.

Loctite® 5910



- Put on the left engine case half. If necessary, tap lightly with a rubber mallet and turn the transmission shafts.



Do not tighten the engine case sections using the screws.

- Install the screws ② and tighten them diagonally.

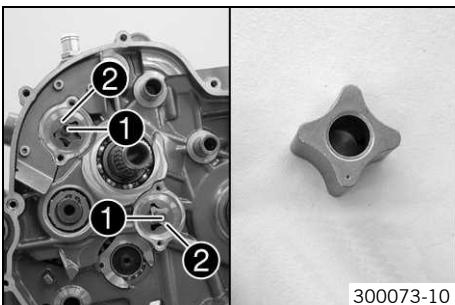
Guideline

Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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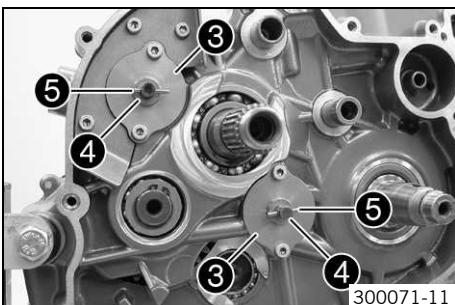


Install the screw in the oil filter housing with a new copper washer.

16.5.4 Installing oil pumps



- Install pins and internal rotors on both oil pump shafts.
- Mount external rotors in the engine case.
 - ✓ The marking is not visible after mounting.
- Mount the oil pump shafts ① with internal rotors ②.
- Oil the parts.

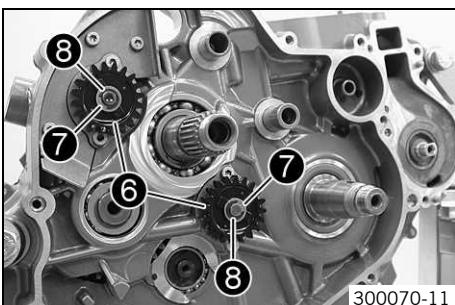


- Position both oil pump covers ③. Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

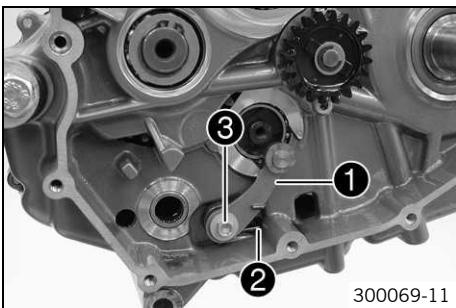
Screw, oil pump cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Install washers ④ and pins ⑤.



- Mount the oil pump gears ⑥, washers ⑦ and lock washers ⑧.

16.5.5 Installing locking lever

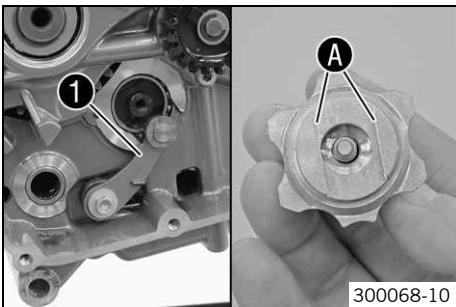


- Position locking lever 1 with sleeve and spring 2.
- Mount and tighten screw 3.

Guideline

Screw, locking lever	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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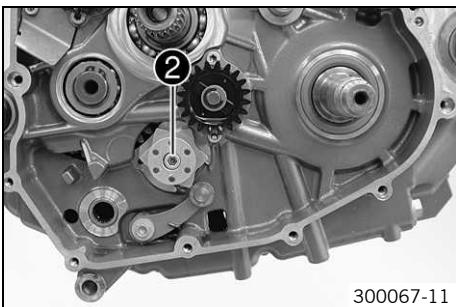
16.5.6 Installing shift drum locating



- Press locking lever 1 down and position shift drum locating.



The flat surfaces A of the shift drum locating are not symmetric.

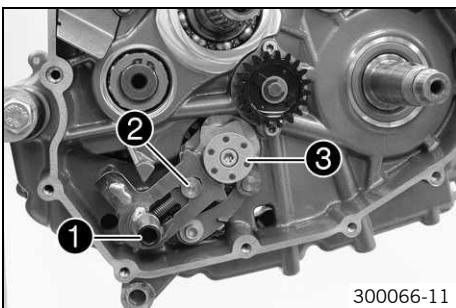


- Release the locking lever.
- Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

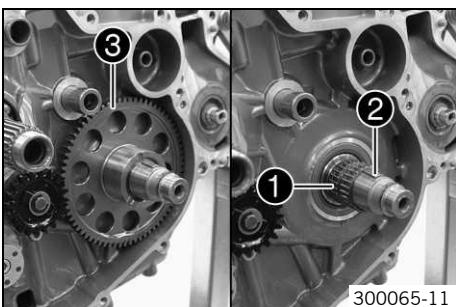
Screw, shift drum locating	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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16.5.7 Installing shift shaft

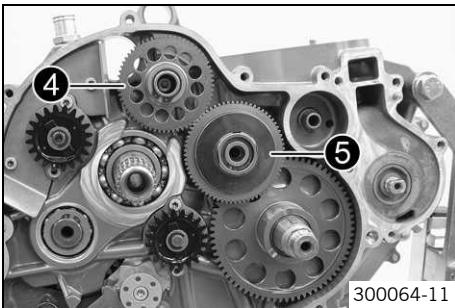


- Slide shift shaft 1 with the washer into the bearing seat.
- Push sliding plate 2 away from the shift drum locating 3. Insert the shift shaft all the way.
- Let the sliding plate engage in the shift drum locating.
- Shift through the transmission.

16.5.8 Installing starter drive



- Install the two needle bearings 1 and the woodruff key 2.
- Push on the freewheel gear 3.



- Push on the starter idler gear ④ with washer. Mount lock ring.
- Push on the needle bearing and torque limiter ⑤ with washer. Mount lock ring.

16.5.9 Installing primary gear

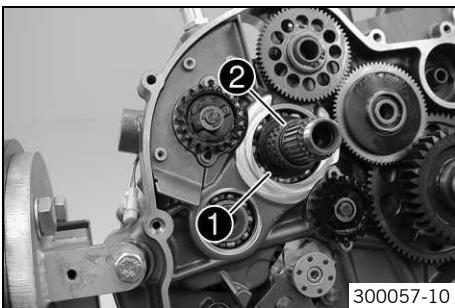


- Ensure that the spring washer is seated properly.
- Mount primary gear ①.

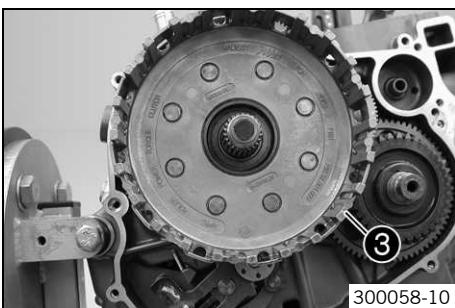

Info

Turn freewheel gear backwards and forwards to ease meshing.

16.5.10 Installing clutch basket



- Mount supporting plate ① and needle bearing ②.



- Install the clutch basket ③.


Info

Turn the clutch basket and oil pump gear wheels backwards and forwards slightly to help them mesh more easily.

- Mount the half washers with the sharp edge facing outward.

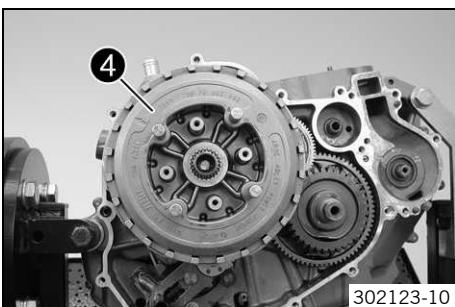

Info

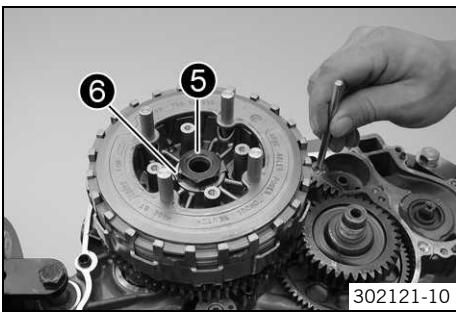
Grease the half washers to ease assembly.

- Position stepped washer with the recesses toward the half washers.
- Insert the clutch package ④ in the clutch basket.


Info

If necessary, turn the main shaft a little to ease access.
Make sure that the upper clutch facing disc is offset by one notch.





- Position a new lock washer and install the nut ⑤.
- Lock the clutch basket and primary gear using special tool and tighten the nut.

Guideline

Nut, inner clutch hub	M20x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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Gear segment (75029081000) (☞ p. 218)

i Info

Make sure that the crankshaft is not blocked.

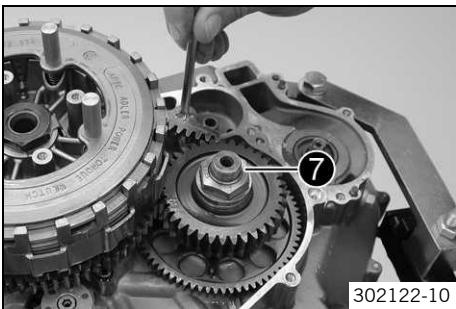
- Secure the nut with lock washer ⑥.
- Lock the clutch basket and primary gear using the special tool.

Gear segment (75029081000) (☞ p. 218)

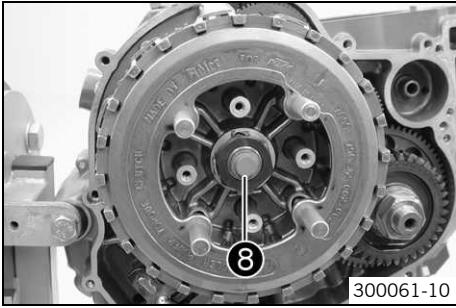
- Mount and tighten the nut ⑦.

Guideline

Nut, primary gear	M20LHx1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Insert the pressure piece ⑧.



- Place the pressure cap on.
- Install and tighten the screws ⑨ with the spring retainers and clutch springs.

Guideline

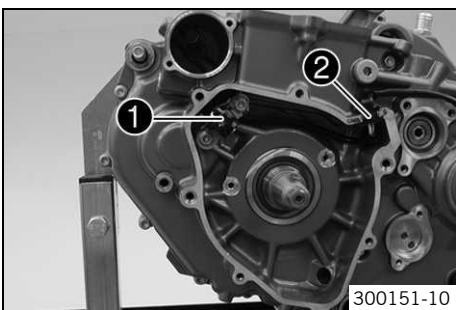
Screw, clutch spring	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
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i Info

Ensure that all clutch springs have a blue color coding.

- Remove the special tool.

16.5.11 Installing crankshaft position sensor



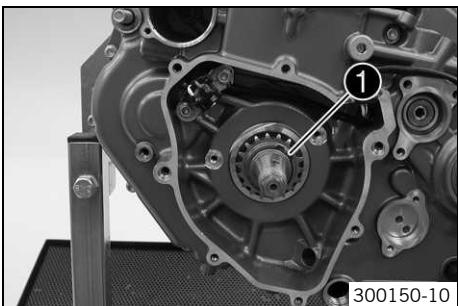
- Position the crankshaft position sensor ①.
- Mount screws but do not tighten them yet.

Guideline

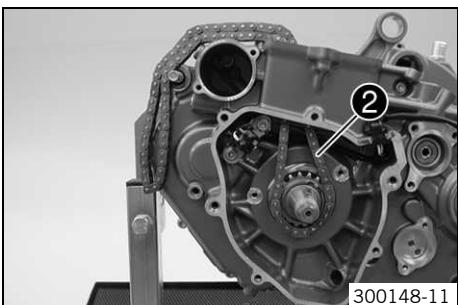
Screw, ignition pulse generator	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Position the cable and push the cable support sleeve ② into the engine case.

16.5.12 Installing timing chain and timing chain sprocket



- Heat the timing chain sprocket and push it immediately on to the crankshaft.
Guideline
100 °C (212 °F)
- Mount lock ring ①.

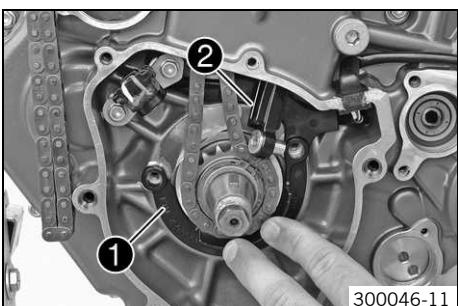


- Thread the timing chain ② in and lay it over the timing chain sprocket.


Info

If the timing chain is not new, pay attention to the direction of travel.

16.5.13 Installing timing chain rails

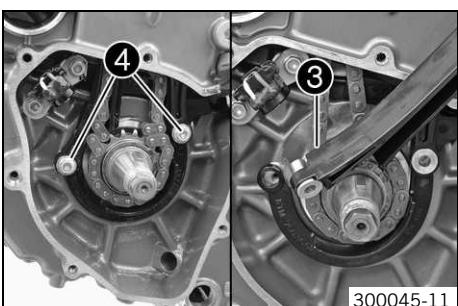


- Position the timing chain securing guide ①.


Info

The cable of the crankshaft position sensor must be laid in the cable channel of the timing chain securing guide.

- Thread in the timing chain tensioning rail ② from above. Insert the support bushing into the timing chain securing guide.



- Thread in the timing chain guide rail ③ from above. Insert the support bushing into the timing chain securing guide.

- Mount and tighten screws ④.

Guideline

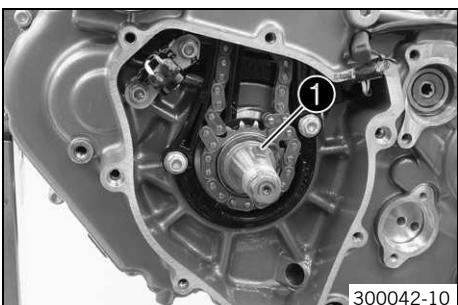
Screw, timing chain guide rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, timing chain tensioning rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™


Info

Ensure that there is no thread locking material at the collar of the screw; otherwise, the timing chain tension rail could lock and break.

- Check both timing chain rails for freedom of motion.

16.5.14 Installing rotor



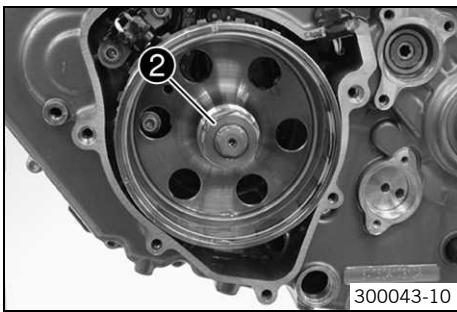
- Ensure that the spring washer ① is seated properly.
- Degrease the cone of the crankshaft and the rotor.
- Mount the rotor.


Info

Make sure that the crankshaft is not blocked.

- Use the special tool to hold the rotor tight.

Holding spanner (75029091000) (► p. 218)

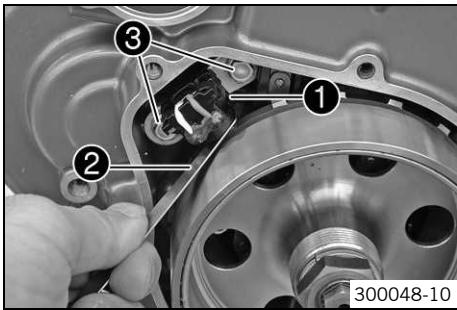


- Mount the tab washer and the nut ②. Tighten nut.

Guideline

Rotor nut	M18x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)
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16.5.15 Adjusting crankshaft position sensor distance



- Adjust the distance between the crankshaft position sensor ① and the conductive element of the rotor using the special tool ②.

Guideline

Crankshaft position sensor/rotor - distance	0.70 mm (0.0276 in)
---	---------------------

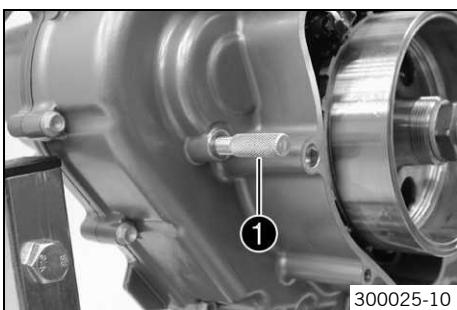
Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

- Fully tighten screws ③.

Guideline

Screw, ignition pulse generator	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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16.5.16 Setting engine to top dead center



- Set the crankshaft to top dead center and lock it with the special tool ①.

Engine blocking screw (77329010000) (☞ p. 219)

16.5.17 Installing piston



- Shift the joint of the piston rings by 120°.

- Push the oiled piston into the special tool.

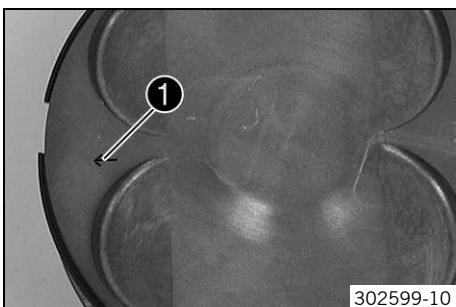
Piston assembly ring (75029015102) (☞ p. 215)



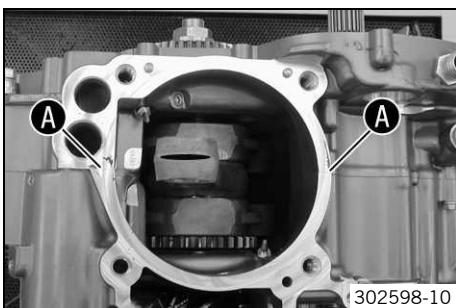
- Position the piston on the cylinder using the special tool.

- Push the piston carefully into the cylinder from above.

✓ The piston rings should not become caught; otherwise, they may be damaged.



- Ensure that piston marking ① faces the outfeed side.



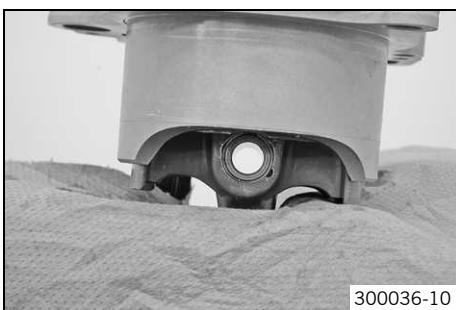
- Apply a thin layer of sealing compound in area A.

Loctite® 5910

- Place the cylinder base gasket on.



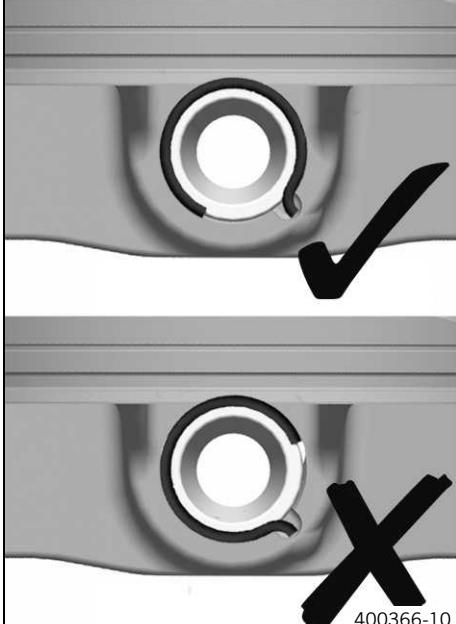
Make sure the grooved pins are seated correctly.



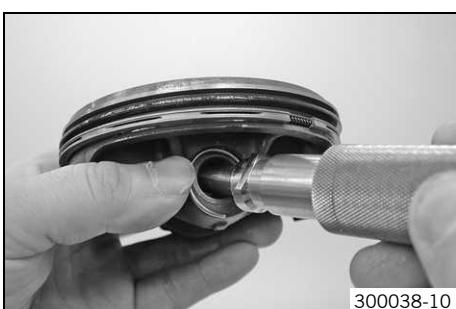
- Cover the engine case opening with a cloth. Thread the timing chain through the chain shaft. Mount the piston pin.



For clarity, the following steps are illustrated using a disassembled piston.



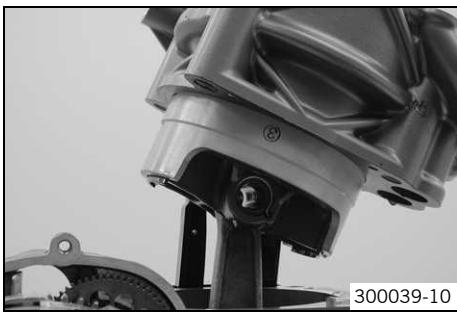
- Position the piston pin retainer.



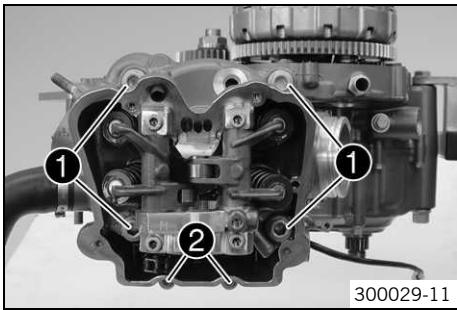
- Insert the special tool and firmly press it toward the piston.
- Turn the special tool counterclockwise, thereby pressing the piston pin retainer into the groove.

Insertion for piston ring lock (75029035000) (☞ p. 215)

- Make sure that the piston pin retainer is seated correctly on both sides.



16.5.18 Installing cylinder head



- Remove the cloth.
- Keep the timing chain tensioned. Push the cylinder down carefully and let the grooved pins engage.


Info

Make sure the grooved pins are seated correctly.

- Put on the cylinder head gasket.
- Mount the cylinder head. Mount and tighten cylinder head screw ① with the washers.

Guideline

Cylinder head screw	M10	Tightening sequence: Tighten diagonally, beginning with the rear screw on the timing chain shaft. Step 1 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) Step 2 30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Step 3 45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft) Step 4 60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	Lubricated with engine oil
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Info

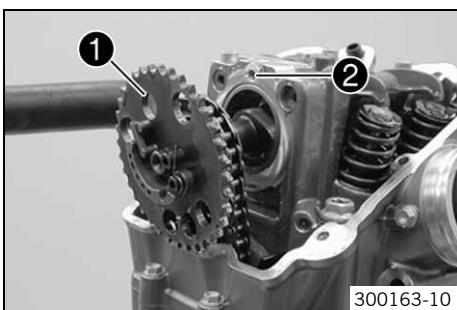
Always use new cylinder head screws.

- Mount and tighten screws ②.

Guideline

Screw, cylinder head	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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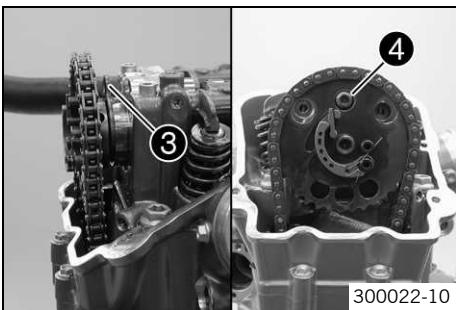
16.5.19 Installing camshafts



- Lay the timing chain over the camshaft. Push the timing chain into the bearing seats. The middle drill hole of the camshaft ① and the drill hole of the cylinder head ② must be aligned.


Info

Make sure that the crankshaft is at top dead center.

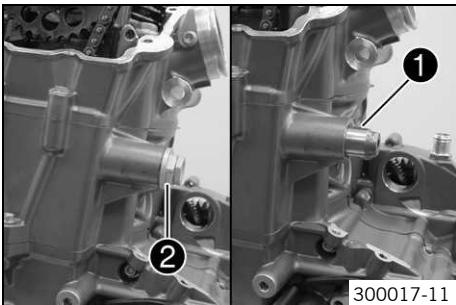


- Position the camshaft support plate ③. Mount and tighten screw ④.

Guideline

Screw, camshaft support plate	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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16.5.20 Installing timing chain tensioner

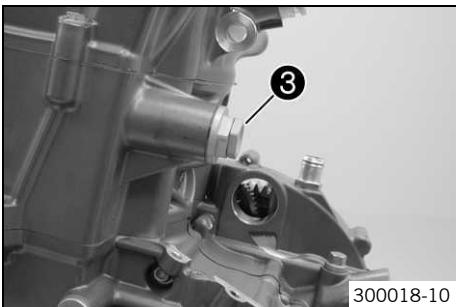


- Insert the timing chain tensioner ①.

- Mount and tighten plug ② with the new seal ring.

Guideline

Plug, timing chain tensioner	M20x1.5	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)
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- Remove screw ③ and use the special tool to push the timing chain tensioner toward the timing chain.

Release device for timing chain tensioner (77329051000) (☞ p. 219)

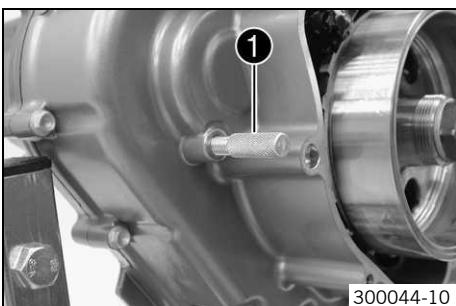
✓ The timing chain tensioner unlocks.

- Mount and tighten screw ③.

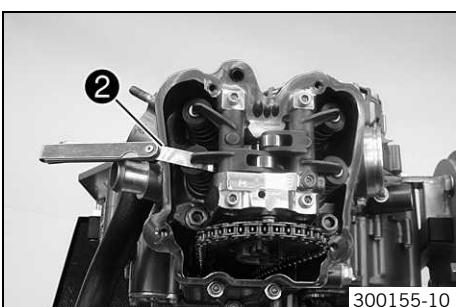
Guideline

Screw, unlocking of timing chain tensioner	M10x1	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
--	-------	--------------------

16.5.21 Checking valve clearance



- Remove special tool ①.
- Crank the engine several times.
- Set the engine to ignition top dead center. (☞ p. 109)



- Check the valve clearance on all valves between the valve and the rocker arm using the special tool ②.

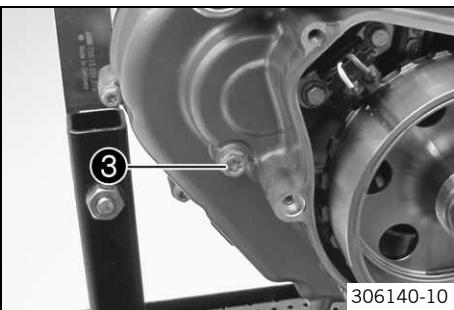
Guideline

Valve play, cold	0.07... 0.13 mm (0.0028... 0.0051 in)
------------------	--

Feeler gauge (59029041100) (☞ p. 212)

» If valve clearance does not meet specifications:

- Adjust the valve clearance. (☞ p. 155)



- Remove the special tool.

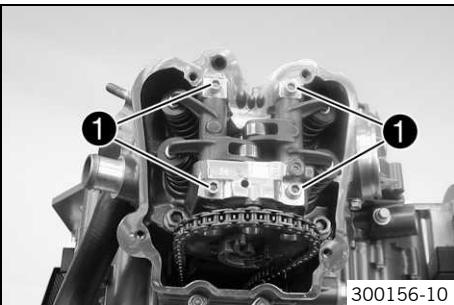
Engine blocking screw (77329010000) (☞ p. 219)

- Mount and tighten screw ③ with the washer.

Guideline

Screw plug, crankshaft clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
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16.5.22 Adjusting valve clearance

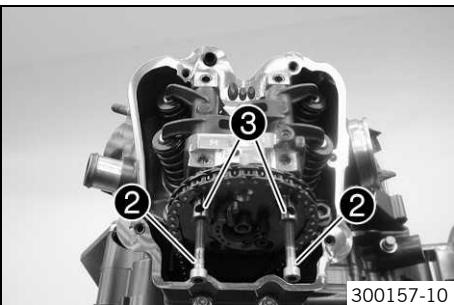


- Remove screws ①.

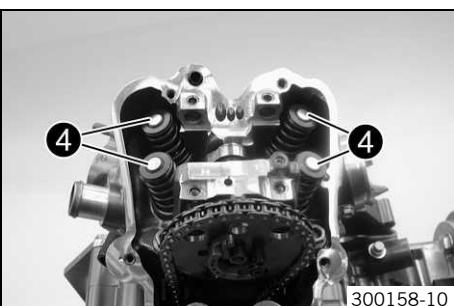


Info

Make sure that the crankshaft is at top dead center.



- Screw suitable screws ② into the rocker arm shafts ③. Pull out the rocker arm shafts.
- Take off the rocker arm.



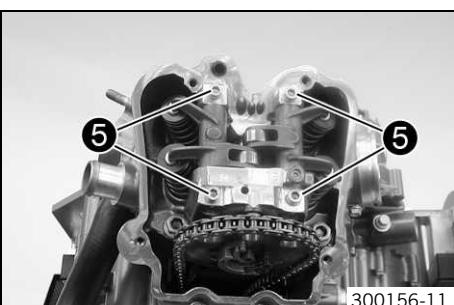
- Remove shims ④ and set them down according to the installation position.
- Correct the shims as indicated by the results of the valve clearance check.
- Insert suitable shims.
- Position the rocker arms and push in the rocker arm shafts.



Info

Make sure that the tapped hole of the rocker arm shaft is positioned facing outwards.

The small drill hole and the flat surface must point upwards.



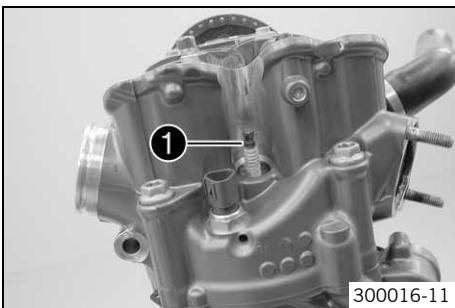
- Install and tighten the screws ⑤ of the rocker arm shafts.

Guideline

Screw, rocker arm shaft	M6	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)
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- Check the valve clearance. (☞ p. 154)

16.5.23 Installing spark plug



300016-11

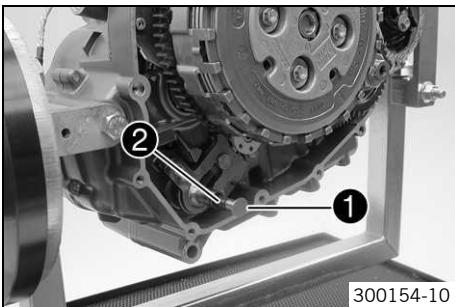
- Mount and tighten the spark plug ① using the special tool.

Guideline

Spark plug	M12x1.25	18 Nm (13.3 lbf ft)
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Spark plug wrench (75029172000) (☞ p. 218)

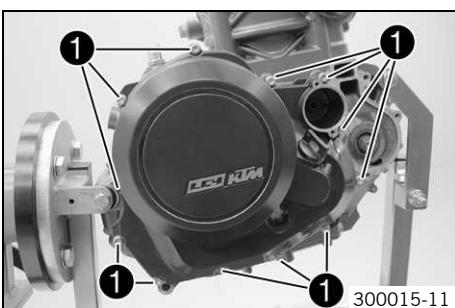
16.5.24 Installing spacer and spring



300154-10

- Install the spacer ① and spring ② of the shift shaft.

16.5.25 Installing clutch cover



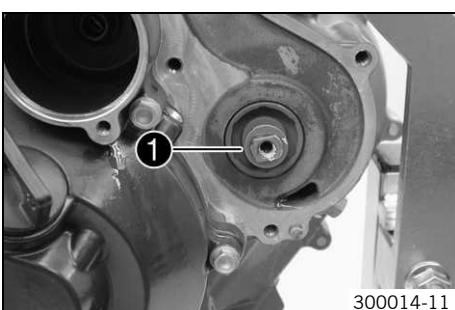
300015-11

- Mount the dowels. Put on the clutch cover seal.
- Position the clutch cover. Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

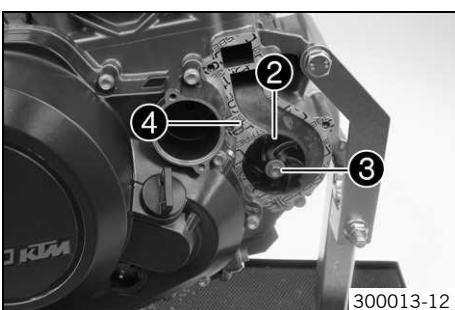
Screw, clutch cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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16.5.26 Mounting water pump cover



300014-11

- Push on the shaped washer ①.



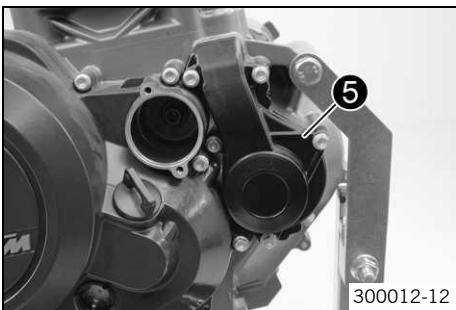
300013-12

- Attach the water pump wheel ②. Mount and tighten screw ③

Guideline

Screw, water pump wheel	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Lay on the water pump cover seal ④.

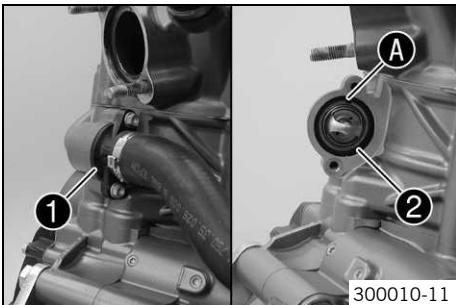


- Put on the water pump cover ⑤. Mount and tighten screws.

Guideline

Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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16.5.27 Installing thermostat



- Position the thermostat ① with the gasket.

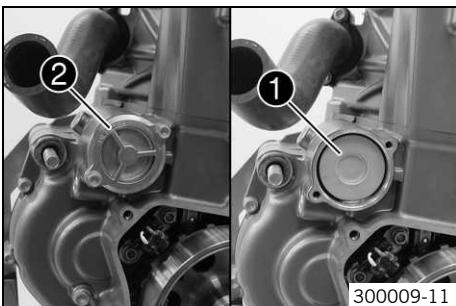
✓ The drill hole A must face upward.

- Install the thermostat case ② with the radiator hose.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, thermostat housing	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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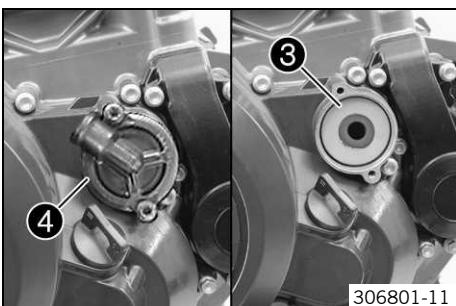
16.5.28 Installing the oil filter



- Insert the oil filter ①.
- Lubricate the O-ring of the oil filter cover. Install the oil filter cover ②.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, oil filter cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
-------------------------	----	-------------------

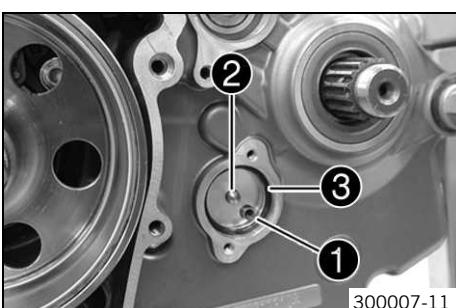


- Insert the oil filter ③.
- Lubricate the O-ring of the oil filter cover. Install the oil filter cover ④.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

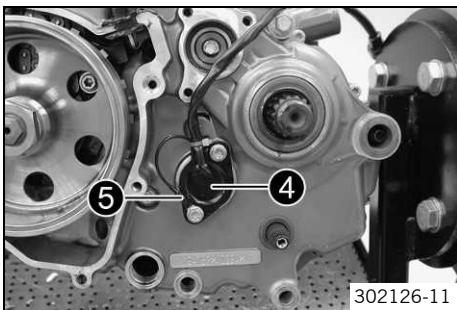
Guideline

Screw, oil filter cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
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16.5.29 Installing gear position sensor



- Mount the contact springs ① and contact bolt ②.
- ✓ The contact bolts are mounted with the flat side forward; the pointed sides face the sensor.
- Position O-ring ③.

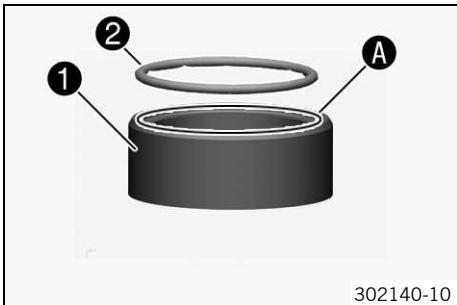


- Install the gear position sensor ④.
- Position the ground wire ⑤.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, gear sensor	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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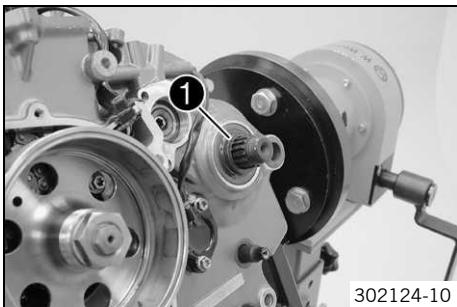
16.5.30 Installing the spacer



- Grease spacer ① in area A and O-ring ② before mounting.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Position the O-ring in the recess of the spacer.

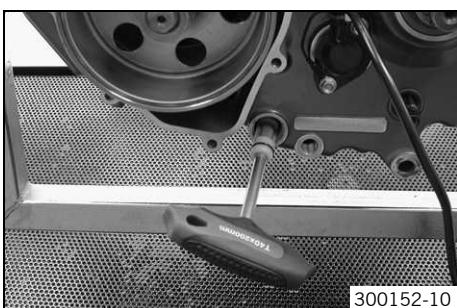


- Grease the shaft seal ring.

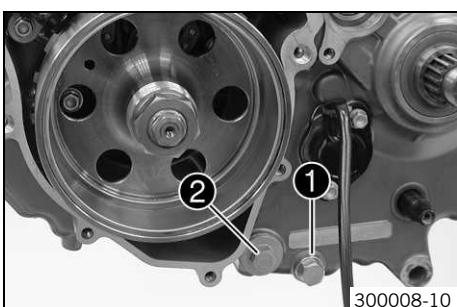
Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Slide the spacer with the O-ring onto the countershaft with a twisting motion.
 - ✓ The recess with the O-ring faces inward.
 - ✓ The shaft seal ring rests against the spacer along its entire circumference.

16.5.31 Installing oil screens



- Push the oil screen with O-rings on to a pin wrench. Push the pin wrench through the opening into the drill hole of the opposite engine case wall and push the oil screen as far as possible into the engine case.



- Mount the oil drain plug ① with the magnet and a new seal ring and tighten it.

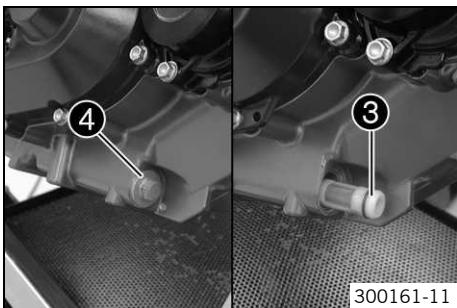
Guideline

Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
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- Mount and tighten screw plug ② with the O-ring.

Guideline

Plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
------------------	---------	------------------------



- Position the oil screen ③ with O-rings.
- Mount and tighten screw plug ④ with the O-ring.

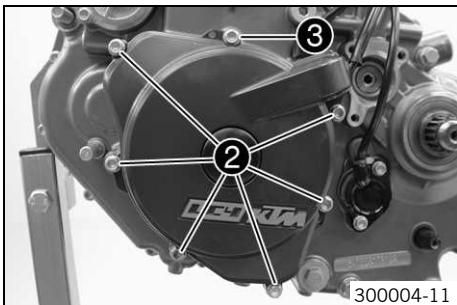
Guideline

Plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
------------------	---------	------------------------

16.5.32 Installing alternator cover



- Apply sealing compound lightly in the area of the cable sleeve.
- Install the dowel ①. Put on the alternator cover seal.



- Position the alternator cover.
- Mount and tighten screws ②.

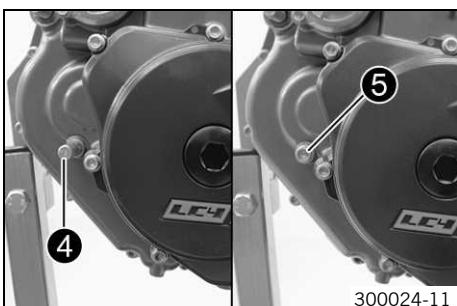
Guideline

Screw in alternator cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
---------------------------	----	--------------------

- Mount and tighten screw ③.

Guideline

Screw, alternator cover (chain shaft through-hole)	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Remove special tool ④.

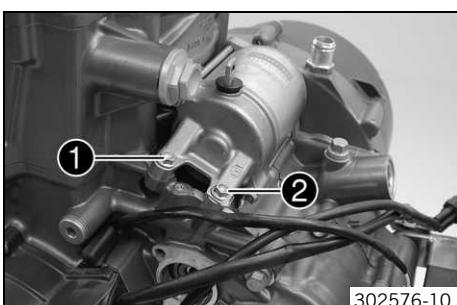
Engine blocking screw (77329010000) (☞ p. 219)

- Mount and tighten screw ⑤.

Guideline

Screw plug, crankshaft clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
------------------------------	----	------------------------

16.5.33 Installing the starter motor



- Grease O-ring. Mount the starter motor.

Long-life grease (☞ p. 208)

- Mount and tighten screw ①.

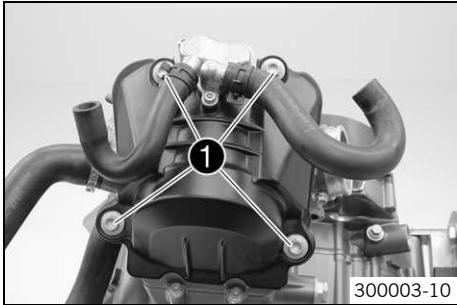
Guideline

Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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- Mount and tighten screw ②.

Guideline

Screw, starter motor with oil throttle	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
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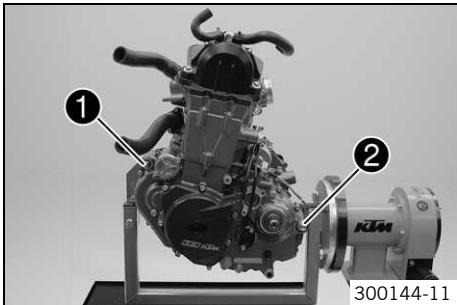
16.5.34 Installing valve cover

300003-10

- Put the valve cover in place with the seal. Mount and tighten screws ①.

Guideline

Screw, valve cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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16.5.35 Removing the engine from the engine assembly stand

300144-11

- Remove the screw ① or the nut ②.
- Remove the engine from the engine assembly stand.

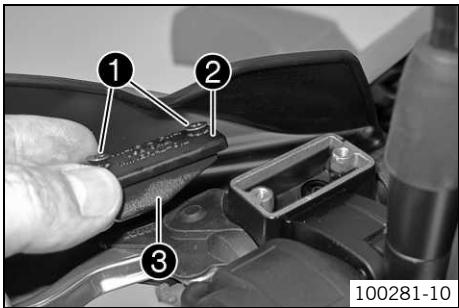
**Info**

Have an assistant help you or use a crane.

17.1 Checking/rectifying the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch


Info

The fluid level rises with increasing wear of the clutch lining disc.
Do not use brake fluid.



100281-10

- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
- Remove screws ①.
- Remove cover ② with membrane ③.
- Check the fluid level.

Fluid level under top level of container	4 mm (0.16 in)
--	----------------
- » If the level of the coolant does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.

Hydraulic fluid (15) (☞ p. 207)

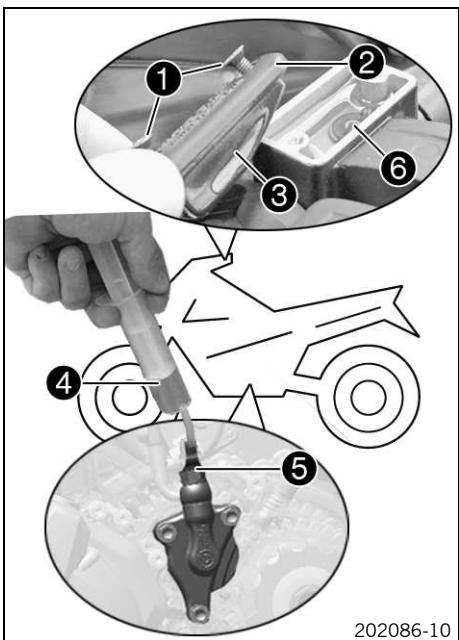
- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

17.2 Changing the hydraulic clutch fluid


Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



202086-10

- Move the clutch fluid reservoir mounted on the handlebar to a horizontal position.
 - Remove screws ①.
 - Remove cover ② with membrane ③.
 - Fill bleeding syringe ④ with the appropriate hydraulic fluid.

Bleed syringe (50329050000) (☞ p. 211)
--

Hydraulic fluid (15) (☞ p. 207)

 - On the clutch slave cylinder, remove bleeder screw ⑤ and mount bleeding syringe ④.
 - Inject the liquid into the system until it escapes from hole ⑥ of the master cylinder without bubbles.
 - To prevent overflow, drain fluid occasionally from the master cylinder reservoir.
 - Remove the bleeding syringe. Mount and tighten the bleeder screw.
 - Correct the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch.
- Guideline
- | | |
|---|----------------|
| Fluid level below top edge of container | 4 mm (0.16 in) |
|---|----------------|
- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

18.1 Draining the coolant



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

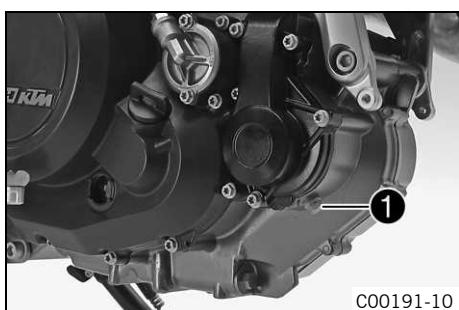
- Do not remove the radiator cap, radiator hoses or other cooling system components when the engine is hot. Allow the engine and cooling system to cool down. In case of scalding, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Coolant must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If coolant is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with coolant. Keep coolant out of reach of children.



- Stand the motorcycle upright.
- Place a suitable container under the engine.
- Remove screw 1. Take off the radiator cap.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount screw 1 with a new seal ring and tighten it.

Guideline

Plug, drain hole of water pump	M10x1	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
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18.2 Filling/bleeding the cooling system



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Coolant must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If coolant is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with coolant. Keep coolant out of reach of children.



- Stand the motorcycle on its side stand on a horizontal surface.
- Remove radiator cap 1.



- Refill the coolant.

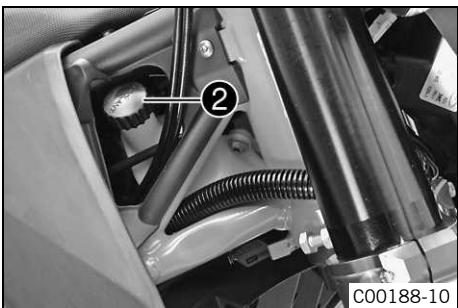
Alternative 1

Coolant (☞ p. 206)

Alternative 2

Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)

- Fill the radiator completely with coolant. Mount radiator cap 1.



C00188-10

- Remove the cap from compensating tank ② and add coolant to the level shown in the figure.
- Mount the cap of the compensating tank.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

- Start the engine and run it until the 5th bar of the temperature indicator lights up.
- Switch off the engine and allow it to cool down.
- After the engine has cooled down, check the coolant level in the radiator and in the compensating tank again and add more coolant if necessary.
- Check the coolant level. (☞ p. 164)

18.3 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level



Warning

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not remove the radiator cap, radiator hoses or other cooling system components when the engine is hot. Allow the engine and cooling system to cool down. In case of scalding, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Danger of poisoning Coolant is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Coolant must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If coolant is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with coolant. Keep coolant out of reach of children.

Condition

Engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle on its side stand on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the cap of compensating tank ①.
- Check antifreeze of coolant.

-25... -45 °C (-13... -49 °F)

- » If the antifreeze of the coolant does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the antifreeze of the coolant.
- Check the coolant level in the compensating tank.

The coolant level must be within the range shown in the figure.

- » If the coolant level does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Alternative 1

Coolant (☞ p. 206)

Alternative 2

Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)

- Mount the cap of the compensating tank.
- Screw off the radiator cap ②.
- Check antifreeze of coolant.

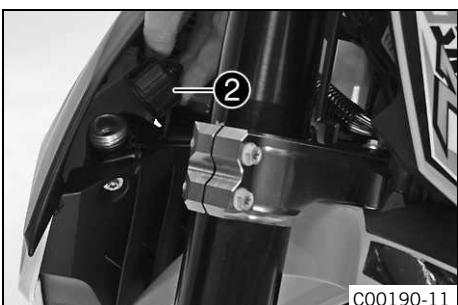
-25... -45 °C (-13... -49 °F)

- » If the antifreeze of the coolant does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the antifreeze of the coolant.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

The radiator must be completely filled.



C00188-11



C00190-11

- » If the coolant level does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the coolant level and find out the cause of the loss.

Alternative 1

Coolant (☞ p. 206)

Alternative 2

Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)

- Mount the radiator cap.

18.4 Checking the coolant level**Warning**

Danger of scalding During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.

- Do not remove the radiator cap, radiator hoses or other cooling system components when the engine is hot. Allow the engine and cooling system to cool down. In case of scalding, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.

**Warning**

Danger of poisoning Coolant is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Coolant must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If coolant is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with coolant. Keep coolant out of reach of children.

Condition

Engine is cold.

- Stand the motorcycle on its side stand on a horizontal surface.
- Check the coolant level in the compensating tank ①.

The coolant level must be within the range shown in the figure.

- » If the coolant level does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the coolant level.

Alternative 1

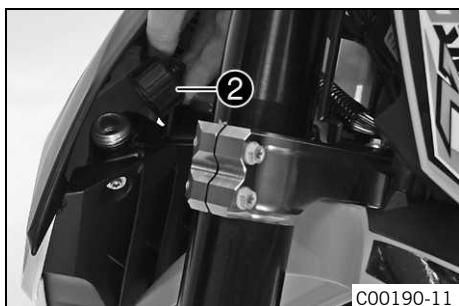
Coolant (☞ p. 206)

Alternative 2

Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)



C00188-11



C00190-11

- Screw off the radiator cap ② and check the coolant level in the radiator.

The radiator must be completely filled.

- » If the coolant level does not meet specifications:
 - Correct the coolant level and find out the cause of the loss.

Alternative 1

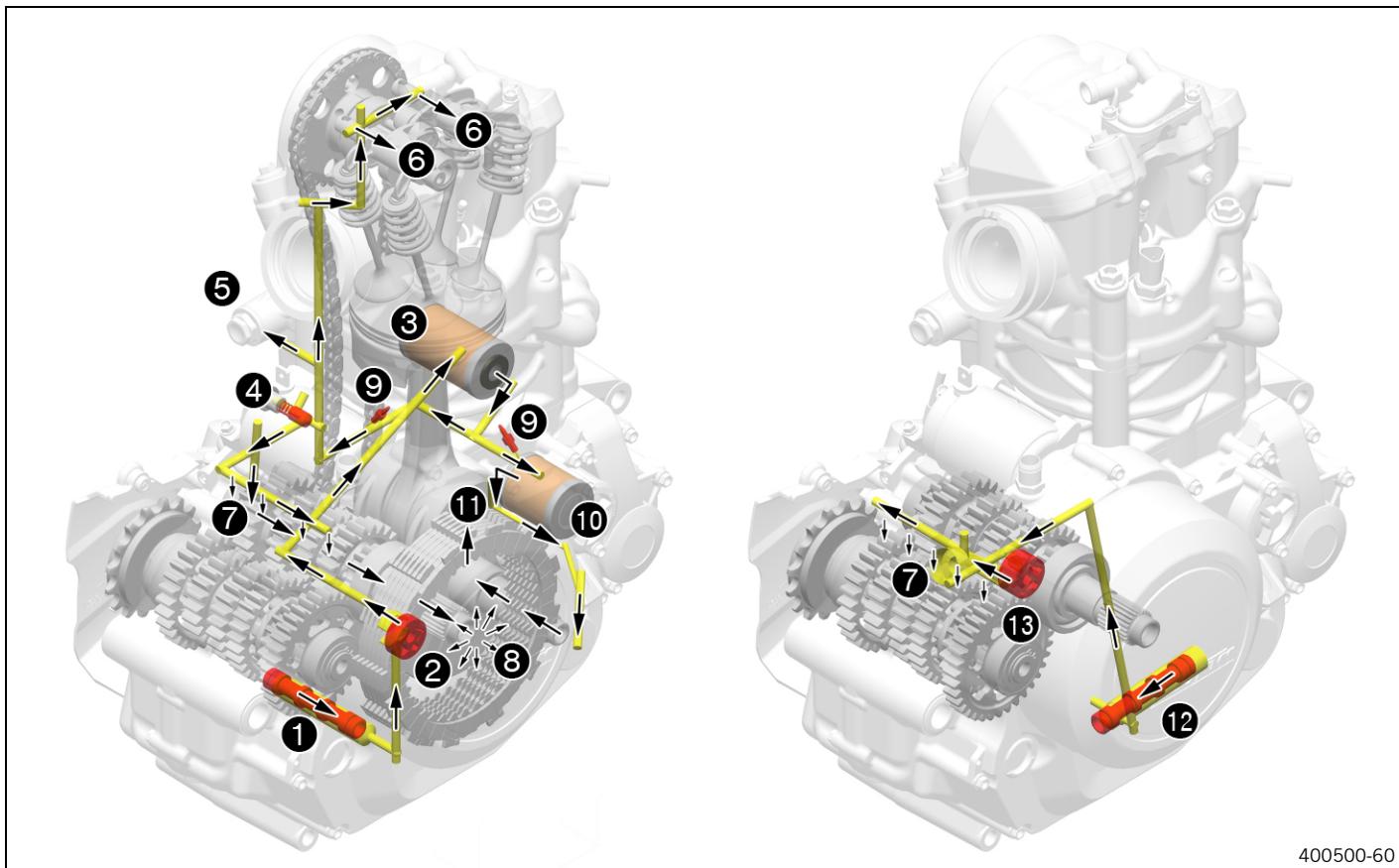
Coolant (☞ p. 206)

Alternative 2

Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)

- Mount the radiator cap.

19.1 Oil circuit



400500-60

Oil circuit of force pump

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1 | Oil screen |
| 2 | Force pump |
| 3 | Oil filter |
| 4 | Oil pressure regulator valve |
| 5 | Timing chain tensioner |
| 6 | Rocker arm shaft |
| 7 | Transmission |
| 8 | Clutch |
| 9 | Oil jet for piston cooling |
| 10 | Oil filter |
| 11 | Oil nozzle for conrod bearing lubrication |

Oil circuit of suction pump

- | | |
|----|--------------|
| 12 | Oil screen |
| 13 | Suction pump |
| 7 | Transmission |

19.2 Checking the engine oil level



The engine oil level must be checked when the engine is warm.

Condition

The engine is at operating temperature.

Preparatory work

- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.



Main work

- Check the engine oil level.



Info

After switching off the engine, wait one minute before checking the level.

The engine oil must be between the lower and upper edge of the oil level viewer.

- » If the engine oil level is not at the specified level:

- Add the engine oil. (☞ p. 170)

19.3 Checking the engine oil pressure



Warning

Danger of scalding Engine oil and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing and safety gloves. In case of burns, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

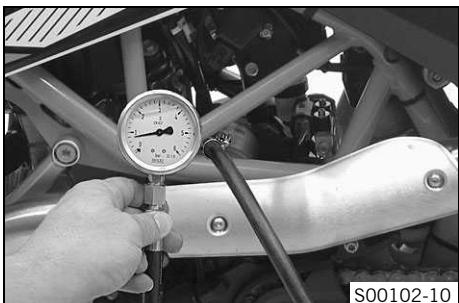
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Main work

- Remove screw ①.



- Position the banjo bolt with the connector and sealing rings. Mount and tighten the banjo bolt.

Guideline

Banjo bolt	M10x1	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)
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Oil pressure adapter (77329006000) (☞ p. 218)

- Connect the pressure tester to the special tool without the T-plate.

Pressure testing tool (61029094000) (☞ p. 214)

- Check the engine oil level. (☞ p. 165)



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

- Start the engine and let it run warm.

- Check the engine oil pressure.

Engine oil pressure

Coolant temperature: $\geq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ $(\geq 158^{\circ}\text{F})$ Engine speed: 1,500 rpm	$\geq 0.4 \text{ bar} (\geq 6 \text{ psi})$
Coolant temperature: $\geq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$ $(\geq 158^{\circ}\text{F})$ Engine speed: 5,000 rpm	$\geq 1.5 \text{ bar} (\geq 22 \text{ psi})$

- » If the specification is not reached:

- Change the oil filter. Check oil pumps for wear. Check that all oil holes are clear.
- Switch off the engine.

**Warning**

Danger of burns Some vehicle components get very hot when the machine is driven.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing and safety gloves. In case of burns, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.

- Remove the special tools.
- Mount and tighten screw ①.

Guideline

Screw, unlocking of timing chain tensioner	M10x1	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
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Finishing work

- Check the engine oil level. (☞ p. 165)

19.4 Changing the engine oil and filter, cleaning the oil screens



601022-10

- Drain the engine oil. (☞ p. 167)
- Remove the oil filter. (☞ p. 168)
- Clean the oil screens. (☞ p. 169)
- Install the oil filter. (☞ p. 168)
- Fill up with engine oil. (☞ p. 170)

19.5 Draining the engine oil

**Warning**

Danger of scalding Engine oil and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing and safety gloves. In case of burns, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.

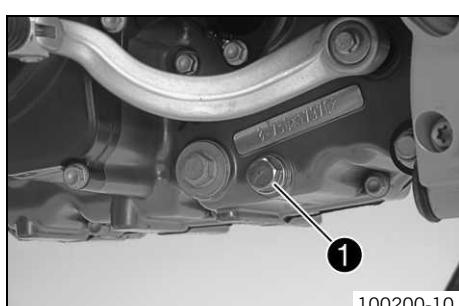
**Warning**

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

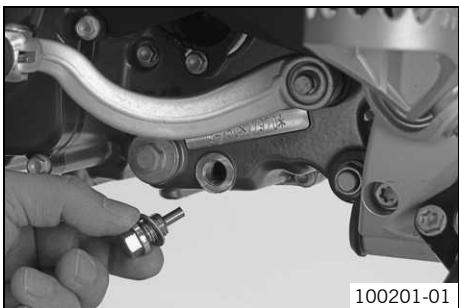
**Info**

Drain the engine oil only when the engine is warm.



100200-10

- Place a suitable container under the engine.
- Remove the oil drain plug ① with the magnet and seal ring.
- Completely drain the engine oil.



- Thoroughly clean the oil drain plug with a magnet.
- Mount the oil drain plug with the magnet and seal ring and tighten it.

Guideline

Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)
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19.6 Removing the oil filter

Warning

Danger of scalding Engine oil and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing and safety gloves. In case of burns, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

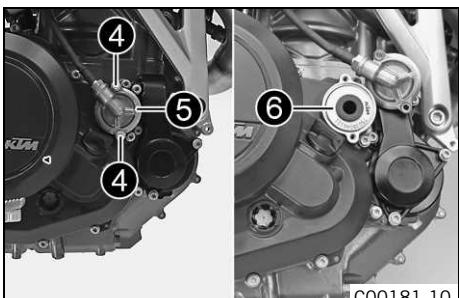
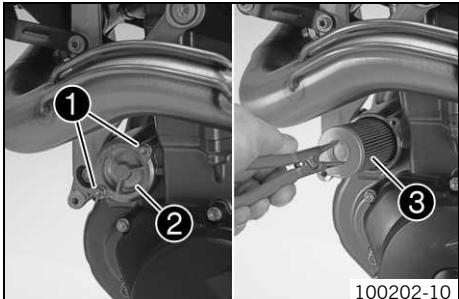
Preparatory work

- Place a suitable container under the engine.

Main work

- Remove screws ①. Remove the oil filter cover ② with the O-ring.
- Pull oil filter ③ out of the oil filter housing.

Circlip pliers reverse (51012011000) (☞ p. 211)

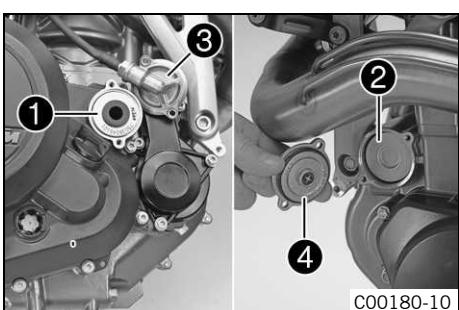


- Remove screws ④. Take off the oil filter cover ⑤ with the O-ring.
- Pull oil filter ⑥ out of the oil filter housing.

Circlip pliers reverse (51012011000) (☞ p. 211)

- Completely drain the engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing area.

19.7 Installing the oil filter



- Insert oil filters ① and ②.
- Oil the O-rings of the oil filter covers. Mount oil filter covers ③ and ④.
- Mount and tighten the screws.

Guideline

Screw, oil filter cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
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19.8 Cleaning the oil screens



Warning

Danger of scalding Engine oil and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing and safety gloves. In case of burns, rinse immediately with lukewarm water.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

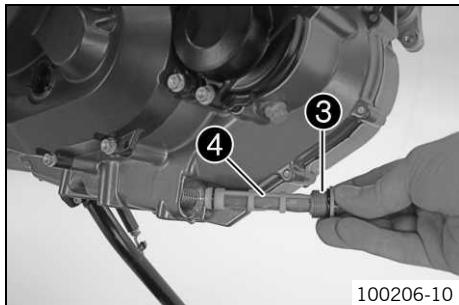
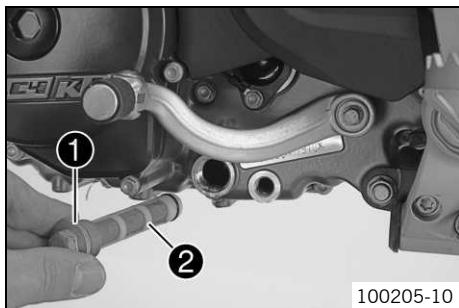
- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.

Preparatory work

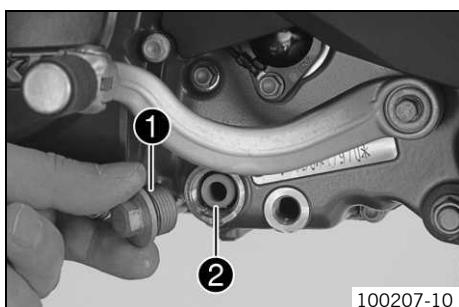
- Place a suitable container under the engine.

Main work

- Remove plug ① with oil screen ② and the O-rings.



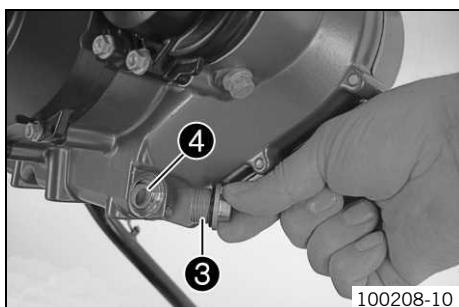
- Remove plug ③ with oil screen ④ and the O-rings.
- Completely drain the remaining engine oil.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and sealing area.



- Position oil screen ② with the O-rings.
- Mount and tighten screw plug ① with the O-ring.

Guideline

Plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
------------------	---------	------------------------



- Position oil screen ④ with the O-rings.
- Mount and tighten screw plug ③ with the O-ring.

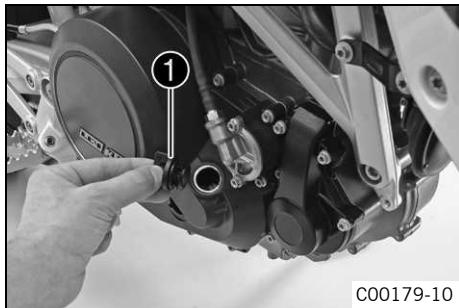
Guideline

Plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)
------------------	---------	------------------------

19.9 Filling up with engine oil

Info

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil results in premature wear to the engine.



Main work

- Remove filler plug with O-ring 1 from the clutch cover and add engine oil.

Engine oil	1.70 l (1.8 qt.)	Engine oil (SAE 10W/60) (00062010035) (☞ p. 206)
		Alternative engine oil Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (☞ p. 206)

- Refit plug with O-ring 1 and tighten it.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

- Start the engine and check that it is oil-tight.

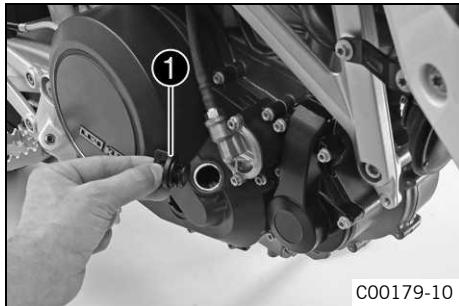
Finishing work

- Check the engine oil level. (☞ p. 165)

19.10 Adding engine oil

Info

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil results in premature wear to the engine.



Main work

- Remove the oil filler plug 1 with the O-ring from the clutch cover and fill up with engine oil.

Engine oil (SAE 10W/60) (00062010035) (☞ p. 206)
Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (☞ p. 206)



Info

For optimal performance of the engine oil, do not mix different types of engine oil.

If appropriate, change the engine oil.

- Install and tighten the oil filler plug 1 with the O-ring.



Danger

Danger of poisoning Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

- When running the engine, always make sure there is sufficient ventilation, and do not start or run the engine in an enclosed space without an effective exhaust extraction system.

- Start the engine and check that it is oil-tight.

Finishing work

- Check the engine oil level. (☞ p. 165)

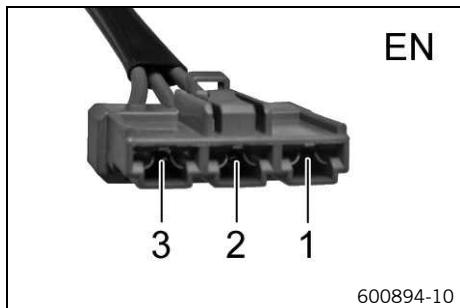
20.1 Alternator - checking the stator winding

Condition

The stator is disconnected.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)



Main work

Stator winding, measurement I - check the resistance

- Measure the resistance between the specified points.
Stator, connector EN pin 1 – Stator, connector EN pin 2

Alternator	
Resistance of stator winding at: 20 °C (68 °F)	≤ 1 Ω

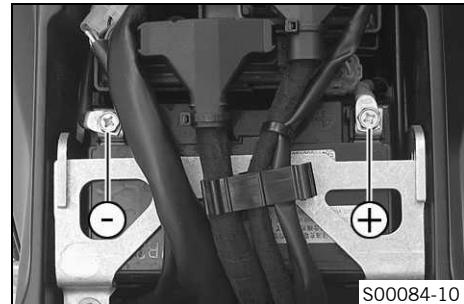
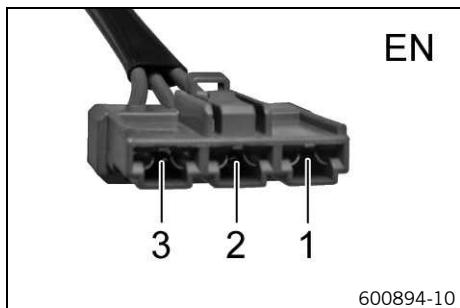
- » If the displayed value is not equal to the setpoint value:
 - Replace the stator.

Stator winding, measurement II - check the resistance

- Measure the resistance between the specified points.
Stator, connector EN pin 1 – Stator, connector EN pin 3

Alternator	
Resistance of stator winding at: 20 °C (68 °F)	≤ 1 Ω

- » If the displayed value is not equal to the setpoint value:
 - Replace the stator.



Stator winding - check for a short circuit to ground (terminal 31)

- Measure the resistance between the specified points.
Stator, connector EN pin 1 – Measuring point Ground (-)

Resistance	∞ Ω
------------	-----

- » If the displayed value is not equal to the setpoint value:
 - Replace the stator.

20.2 Checking the spark plug connector

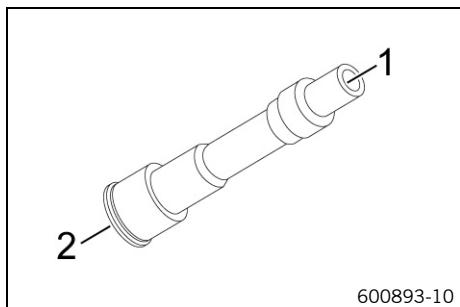
Condition

Spark plug connector cylinder 1 has been removed.

- Measure the resistance between the specified points.
Measuring point 1 – Measuring point 2

Spark plug connector	
Resistance at: 20 °C (68 °F)	4.3... 5.7 kΩ

- » If the specification is not reached:
 - Change the spark plug connector.



20.3 Ignition coil – checking the secondary winding**Condition**

Ignition coil cylinder 1 is disconnected.

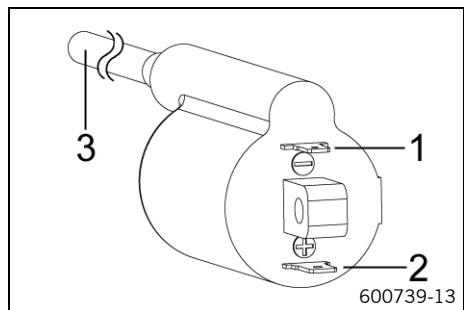
Spark plug connector cylinder 1 has been removed.

Preparatory work

- Remove the seat. (☞ p. 59)
- Take off the side cover. (☞ p. 60)

Main work**Ignition coil cylinder 1 – check the secondary winding resistance**

- **Ω** Measure the resistance between the specified points.
Ignition coil pin 2 (+) – Ignition coil pin 3

**Ignition coil**

Resistance of secondary winding at: 20 °C (68 °F)	10.4... 15.6 kΩ
--	-----------------

- » If the displayed value does not correspond to the nominal value:
 - Change the ignition coil.

21.1 Engine

Design	1-cylinder 4-stroke engine, water-cooled
Displacement	690 cm ³ (42.11 cu in)
Stroke	84.5 mm (3.327 in)
Bore	102 mm (4.02 in)
Compression ratio	12.5:1
Control	OHC, 4 valves controlled via rocker arm, chain drive
Valve diameter, intake	40 mm (1.57 in)
Valve diameter, exhaust	34 mm (1.34 in)
Valve play, cold	0.07... 0.13 mm (0.0028... 0.0051 in)
Crankshaft bearing	2 roller bearings
Conrod bearing	Needle bearing
Piston pin bearing	Piston pin with DLC coating
Pistons	Forged light alloy
Piston rings	1 L-ring, 1 tapered compression piston ring, 1 oil scraper ring
Engine lubrication	Semi-dry sump lubrication with two rotor pumps
Primary transmission	36:79
Clutch	APTC™ antihopping clutch in oil bath/hydraulically operated
Gearbox	6-gears, claw-shifted
Transmission ratio	
1st gear	14:35
2nd gear	16:28
3rd gear	21:28
4th gear	21:23
5th gear	23:22
6th gear	23:20
Mixture preparation	Electronic fuel injection
Ignition	Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with digital ignition adjustment
Alternator	12 V, 224 W
Spark plug	NGK LKAR 8AI - 9
Spark plug electrode gap	0.9 mm (0.035 in)
Cooling	Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump
Idle speed	
Coolant temperature: ≥ 70 °C (≥ 158 °F)	1,550... 1,650 rpm
Starting aid	Electric starter, automatic decompressor

21.2 Engine tolerance, wear limits

Camshafts - diameter, bearing pin	
Next to exhaust cam	≥ 39.95 mm (≥ 1.5728 in)
Next to inlet cam	≥ 17.96 mm (≥ 0.7071 in)
Valve spring	
Minimum length (without valve spring cap)	42.3 mm (1.665 in)
Valve spring cap - thickness	2.4... 2.5 mm (0.094... 0.098 in)
Valve - valve stem diameter	
Exhaust	≥ 5.93 mm (≥ 0.2335 in)
Intake	≥ 5.93 mm (≥ 0.2335 in)
Valve guide - diameter	
New condition	6.004... 6.016 mm (0.23638... 0.23685 in)
Wear limit	6.050 mm (0.23819 in)
Valve - sealing seat width	
Intake	1.60 mm (0.063 in)

Exhaust	2.00 mm (0.0787 in)
Valve - run-out	
On the valve plate	≤ 0.05 mm (≤ 0.002 in)
On the valve stem	≤ 0.05 mm (≤ 0.002 in)
Cylinder/cylinder head - sealing area distortion	≤ 0.10 mm (≤ 0.0039 in)
Cylinder - bore diameter	
Size I	102.000... 102.012 mm (4.01574... 4.01621 in)
Size II	102.013... 102.025 mm (4.01625... 4.01672 in)
Piston - diameter	
Size I	101.955... 101.965 mm (4.01397... 4.01436 in)
Size II	101.965... 101.975 mm (4.01436... 4.01476 in)
Piston/cylinder - mounting clearance	
New condition	0.035... 0.060 mm (0.00138... 0.00236 in)
Wear limit	0.10 mm (0.0039 in)
Piston ring - groove clearance	≤ 0.08 mm (≤ 0.0031 in)
Piston ring end gap	
Compression rings	≤ 0.80 mm (≤ 0.0315 in)
Oil scraper ring	≤ 1.00 mm (≤ 0.0394 in)
Piston - piston pin hole diameter	20.010... 20.020 mm (0.78779... 0.78819 in)
Piston pin - diameter	19.995... 20.004 mm (0.7872... 0.78756 in)
Connecting rod - axial clearance of lower conrod bearing	0.30... 0.60 mm (0.0118... 0.0236 in)
Connecting rod - radial clearance of lower conrod bearing	0.05 mm (0.002 in)
Crankshaft - axial clearance	0.15... 0.25 mm (0.0059... 0.0098 in)
Crankshaft run-out at bearing pin	≤ 0.10 mm (≤ 0.0039 in)
Balancer shaft axial clearance	0.05... 0.20 mm (0.002... 0.0079 in)
Clutch facing disc - thickness	≥ 2.5 mm (≥ 0.098 in)
Intermediate disk - thickness	≥ 1.35 mm (≥ 0.0531 in)
Clutch spring - length	31.5... 33.5 mm (1.24... 1.319 in)
Clutch basket - contact surface of clutch facing discs	≤ 0.5 mm (≤ 0.02 in)
Oil pressure regulator valve - minimum spring length	25.36 mm (0.9984 in)
Oil pump	
Clearance between external rotor and engine case	≤ 0.20 mm (≤ 0.0079 in)
Clearance between external rotor and internal rotor	≤ 0.20 mm (≤ 0.0079 in)
Axial clearance	0.04... 0.08 mm (0.0016... 0.0031 in)
Engine oil pressure	
Coolant temperature: ≥ 70 °C (≥ 158 °F) Engine speed: 1,500 rpm	≥ 0.4 bar (≥ 6 psi)
Coolant temperature: ≥ 70 °C (≥ 158 °F) Engine speed: 5,000 rpm	≥ 1.5 bar (≥ 22 psi)
Main shaft axial clearance	0.10... 0.40 mm (0.0039... 0.0157 in)
Transmission shaft run-out	≤ 0.025 mm (≤ 0.00098 in)
Shift shaft - play in sliding plate/shift quadrant	0.40... 0.80 mm (0.0157... 0.0315 in)
Fuel pressure	
Under every load condition	3.3... 3.7 bar (48... 54 psi)
Engine oil consumption	
After the vehicle is run-in	≤ 0.7 l/1.000 km (≤ 0.7 qt./600 mi)

**Info**

The oil consumption depends on the riding style and on the operating conditions.

21.3 Engine tightening torques

Screw, membrane fixation	M3	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Hose clamp, intake flange	M4	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)	–
Oil nozzle for conrod bearing lubrication	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Locking screw for bearing	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, breather cover on valve cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch spring	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, cover plate for oil return line	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, gear sensor	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, oil filter cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, oil pump cover	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Plug, vacuum connection	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw in alternator cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, alternator cover (chain shaft through-hole)	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, autodecompression	M6	3... 4 Nm (2.2... 3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, axial lock of camshaft	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, camshaft support plate	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, clutch slave cylinder	M6x20	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, clutch slave cylinder	M6x35	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, cylinder head	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, engine case	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, ignition pulse generator	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, locking lever	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, rocker arm shaft	M6	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	–
Screw, shift drum locating	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, shift lever	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, starter motor	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, stator	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, thermostat housing	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, timing chain guide rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, timing chain tensioning rail	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, valve cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, water pump cover	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, water pump wheel	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Oil jet, piston cooling	M6x0.75	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw plug, crankshaft clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Stud, exhaust flange	M8	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Cylinder head screw	M10	Tightening sequence: Tighten diagonally, beginning with the rear screw on the timing chain shaft. Step 1 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) Step 2 30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft) Step 3 45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft) Step 4 60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	Lubricated with engine oil
Plug, drain hole of water pump	M10x1	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–

Screw plug, oil channel	M10x1	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw plug, oil channel, for oil radiator	M10x1	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–
Screw, unlocking of timing chain tensioner	M10x1	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	–
Spark plug	M12x1.25	18 Nm (13.3 lbf ft)	–
Coolant temperature sensor on cylinder head	M12x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	–
Oil drain plug with magnet	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Oil pressure regulator valve plug	M12x1.5	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw plug, oil channel	M14x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Engine case stud	M16x1.5	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Rotor nut	M18x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	–
Nut, engine sprocket	M20x1.5	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Nut, inner clutch hub	M20x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Nut, primary gear	M20LHx1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Plug, oil screen	M20x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–
Plug, timing chain tensioner	M20x1.5	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	–
Plug, oil thermostat	M24x1.5	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–
Screw in alternator cover	M24x1.5	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	–

21.4 Capacities

21.4.1 Engine oil

Engine oil	1.70 l (1.8 qt.)	Engine oil (SAE 10W/60) (00062010035) (☞ p. 206)
		Alternative engine oil Engine oil (SAE 10W/50) (☞ p. 206)

21.4.2 Coolant

Coolant	1.20 l (1.27 qt.)	Coolant (☞ p. 206)
		Coolant (mixed ready to use) (☞ p. 206)

21.4.3 Fuel

Total fuel tank capacity, approx.	12 l (3.2 US gal)	Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91) (☞ p. 207)
Fuel reserve, approx.	2.5 l (2.6 qt.)	

21.5 Chassis

Frame	Lattice frame made of chrome molybdenum steel tubing, powder-coated
Fork	WP Suspension Up Side Down 4860 ROMA
Shock absorber	WP Suspension 4618 with Pro-Lever deflector
Suspension travel	
Front	250 mm (9.84 in)
Rear	250 mm (9.84 in)
Brake system	
Front	Disc brake with radially screwed four-piston brake caliper, floating brake disc
Rear	Disc brake with single-piston brake caliper, floating
Brake discs - diameter	
Front	320 mm (12.6 in)
Rear	240 mm (9.45 in)
Brake discs - wear limit	

Front	4.0 mm (0.157 in)
Rear	4.5 mm (0.177 in)
Tire air pressure, solo	
Front	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Rear	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Tire air pressure with passenger / fully loaded	
Front	2.0 bar (29 psi)
Rear	2.2 bar (32 psi)
Secondary drive ratio	16:42
Chain	5/8 x 1/4" X-ring
Steering head angle	63°
Wheelbase	1,480±15 mm (58.27±0.59 in)
Seat height unloaded	925 mm (36.42 in)
Ground clearance unloaded	270 mm (10.63 in)
Weight without fuel, approx.	142 kg (313 lb.)
Maximum permissible front axle load	150 kg (331 lb.)
Maximum permissible rear axle load	200 kg (441 lb.)
Maximum permissible overall weight	350 kg (772 lb.)

21.6 Electrical system

Battery	YTZ10S	Battery voltage: 12 V Nominal capacity: 8.6 Ah maintenance-free
Fuse	58011109130	30 A
Fuse	75011088015	15 A
Fuse	75011088010	10 A
Headlight	H4 / socket P43t	12 V 60/55 W
Parking light	W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d	12 V 5 W
Instrument lights and indicator lamps	LED	
Turn signal	RY10W / socket BAU15s	12 V 10 W
Brake/tail light	LED	
License plate lamp	W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d	12 V 5 W

21.7 Tires

Front tires	Rear tires
120/70 R 17 M/C 58H TL Continental Conti Attack SM	160/60 R 17 M/C 69H TL Continental Conti Attack SM
Additional information is available in the Service section under: http://www.ktm.com	

21.8 Fork

Fork part number	14.18.7L.12	
Fork	WP Suspension Up Side Down 4860 ROMA	
Compression damping		
Comfort	25 clicks	
Standard	20 clicks	
Sport	15 clicks	
Full load capacity	15 clicks	
Rebound damping		
Comfort	20 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	10 clicks	
Full load capacity	10 clicks	
Spring length with preload spacer(s)	462 mm (18.19 in)	
Spring rate		
Medium (standard)	5.3 N/mm (30.3 lb/in)	
Hard	5.6 N/mm (32 lb/in)	
Air chamber length	100 ₊₂₀ mm (3.94 _{+0.79} in)	
Fork length	900 mm (35.43 in)	
Fork oil per fork leg	644 ml (21.77 fl. oz.)	Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1) (☞ p. 207)

21.9 Shock absorber

Shock absorber part number	15.18.7L.12	
Shock absorber	WP Suspension 4618 with Pro-Lever deflector	
Compression damping, high-speed		
Comfort	2 turns	
Standard	1.5 turns	
Sport	1 turn	
Full payload	1 turn	
Compression damping, low-speed		
Comfort	25 clicks	
Standard	20 clicks	
Sport	15 clicks	
Full load capacity	15 clicks	
Rebound damping		
Comfort	20 clicks	
Standard	15 clicks	
Sport	10 clicks	
Full payload	10 clicks	
Spring preload	20 mm (0.79 in)	
Spring rate		
Medium (standard)	80 N/mm (457 lb/in)	
Hard	85 N/mm (485 lb/in)	
Spring length	220 mm (8.66 in)	
Gas pressure	10 bar (145 psi)	
Static sag	20... 25 mm (0.79... 0.98 in)	
Riding sag	70... 80 mm (2.76... 3.15 in)	
Fitted length	395 mm (15.55 in)	
Shock absorber fluid	Shock absorber oil (SAE 2.5) (50180342S1) (☞ p. 207)	

21.10 Chassis tightening torques

Screw, chain guard	EJOT	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, combination instrument	EJOT	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, license plate holder, bottom	EJOT	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)	-
Screw, side stand switch	EJOT	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, SLS valve	EJOT	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Fitting, side stand switch	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, fuel hose clamp on fuel tank	M4	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, wheel speed sensor	M4	1 Nm (0.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Spoke nipple, front wheel	M4.5	3... 6 Nm (2.2... 4.4 lbf ft)	-
Spoke nipple, rear wheel	M4.5	3... 6 Nm (2.2... 4.4 lbf ft)	-
Bolt, foot brake lever stub	M5	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Remaining screws, chassis	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	-
Screw, brake line holder on swingarm	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	-
Screw, cable on starter motor	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)	-
Screw, electrical holder	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)	-
Screw, exhaust heat shield	M5	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, fuel level sensor	M5	3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)	-
Screw, fuel pump	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	-
Screw, fuel tank closure flange	M5	2.5 Nm (1.84 lbf ft)	-
Screw, headlight mask	M5	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, pressure regulator	M5	4 Nm (3 lbf ft)	-
Remaining nuts, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Remaining screws on fuel tank	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Remaining screws, chassis	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw connection, foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, air filter box top	M6	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	-
Screw, ball joint of push rod on foot brake cylinder	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, brake fluid reservoir of rear brake	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, chain guard	M6	2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, chain guide	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	-
Screw, chain sliding guard	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, front brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, ignition lock	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, lower radiator bracket	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	-
Screw, magnetic holder on side stand	M6	6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, radiator guard	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	-
Screw, rear brake disc	M6	14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, seat lock	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, side cover	M6	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	-
Screw, upper radiator bracket	M6	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, voltage regulator	M6	8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)	-
Nut, manifold on cylinder head	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	Copper paste
Nut, rear sprocket screw	M8	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 2701
Remaining nuts, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	-
Remaining screws, chassis	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	-
Screw, bottom triple clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	-
Screw, chain sliding piece	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	-
Screw, connection lever on frame	M8	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, foot brake lever	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™

Screw, fork stub	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–
Screw, front footrest bracket	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, fuel tank bracket	M8	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)	–
Screw, fuel tank, bottom	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, fuel tank, top	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, handlebar clamp	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw, handrail	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw, heel protector	M8x12	5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, license plate holder, top	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw, main silencer clamp	M8	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	Copper paste
Screw, main silencer holder	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, main silencer holder on fuel tank	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, rear footrest bracket	M8x16	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	–
Screw, side stand bracket	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, spring holder on side stand bracket	M8	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, steering stem	M8	20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw, top triple clamp	M8	17 Nm (12.5 lbf ft)	–
Engine carrying screw	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Remaining nuts, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	–
Remaining screws, chassis	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	–
Screw, bottom shock absorber	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, engine bearer on frame	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	–
Screw, handlebar support	M10	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, side stand	M10	35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, top shock absorber	M10	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, front brake caliper	M10x1.25	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, swingarm pivot	M12	80 Nm (59 lbf ft)	–
Lambda sensor	M12x1.25	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)	Copper paste
Nut, linkage lever on swingarm	M14x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	–
Nut, linkage lever to rocker arm	M14x1.5	100 Nm (73.8 lbf ft)	–
Screw, bottom steering head	M20x1.5	60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)	Loctite® 243™
Screw, top steering head	M20x1.5	12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)	–
Screw, front wheel spindle	M24x1.5	45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)	–
Nut, rear wheel spindle	M25x1.5	90 Nm (66.4 lbf ft)	–

22.1 Cleaning the motorcycle

Note

Material damage Damage and destruction of components by high-pressure cleaning equipment.

- When cleaning the vehicle with a pressure cleaner, do not point the water jet directly onto electrical components, connectors, cables, bearings, etc. Maintain a minimum distance of 60 cm between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component. Excessive pressure can cause malfunctions or destroy these parts.



Warning

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.

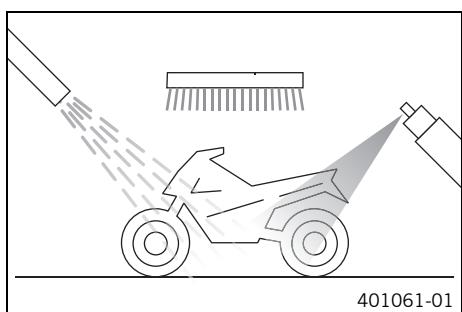
- Oil, grease, filters, fuel, cleaners, brake fluid, etc., should be disposed of as stipulated in applicable regulations.



Info

If you clean the motorcycle regularly, its value and appearance will be maintained over a long period.

Avoid direct sunshine on the motorcycle during cleaning.



- Seal the exhaust system to keep water out.
- First remove coarse dirt particles with a gentle spray of water.
- Spray very dirty areas with a normal motorcycle cleaner and then clean with a brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (☞ p. 209)



Info

Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge. Never apply motorcycle cleaner to the dry vehicle; always rinse with water first.

If the vehicle was operated in road salt, clean it with cold water. Warm water enhances the corrosive effects of salt.

- After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.
- Remove the plug from the exhaust system.



Warning

Danger of accidents Reduced braking efficiency due to a wet or dirty brake system.

- Clean or dry a dirty or wet brake system by riding and braking gently.
- After cleaning, ride a short distance until the engine reaches operating temperature.



Info

The heat produced causes water at inaccessible locations in the engine and brake system to evaporate.

- Push back the protection covers of the handlebar controls to allow any water that has penetrated to evaporate.
- After the motorcycle has cooled off, lubricate all moving parts and bearings.
- Clean the chain. (☞ p. 77)
- Treat bare metal parts (except for brake discs and exhaust system) with anti-corrosion materials.

Cleaning and preserving materials for metal, rubber and plastic (☞ p. 208)

- Treat all painted parts with a mild paint polish.

High-luster polish for paint (☞ p. 208)

- Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care agent.

Paint cleaner and polish for high-gloss and matte finishes, bare metal and plastic surfaces (☞ p. 209)

- Lubricate the ignition/steering lock.

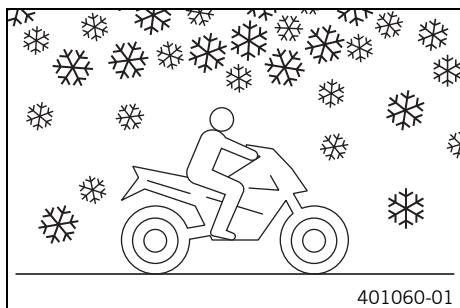
Universal oil spray (☞ p. 209)

22.2 Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation

**Info**

If you use the motorcycle in winter, you must expect salt on the roads. You should therefore take precautions against aggressive road salt.

If the vehicle was operated in road salt, clean it with cold water after riding. Warm water would enhance the corrosive effects of salt.



401060-01

- Clean the motorcycle. (☞ p. 181)
- Clean the brake system.

**Info**

After **EVERY** trip on salted roads, thoroughly wash the brake calipers and brake linings with cold water and dry carefully. This should be done after the parts are cooled down and while they are installed.

After use on salted roads, clean the motorcycle thoroughly with cold water and dry it properly.

- Treat the engine, the swingarm, and all other bare or galvanized parts (except brake discs) with a wax-based anti-corrosion substance.

**Info**

To prevent serious reduction of the braking efficiency, make sure no anti-corrosion substance gets on to the brake discs.

- Clean the chain. (☞ p. 77)

23.1 Storage



Warning

Danger of poisoning Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

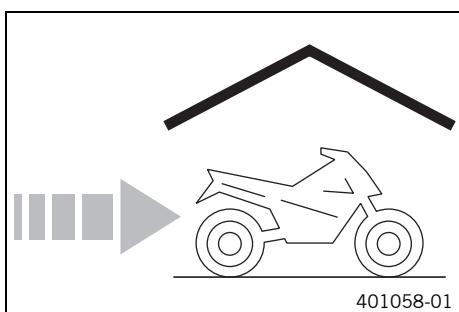
- Fuel must not come into contact with the skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe in the fuel vapors. If contact occurs with the eyes, rinse with water immediately and contact a physician. Immediately clean contaminated areas on the skin with soap and water. If fuel is swallowed, contact a physician immediately. Change clothing that is contaminated with fuel. Store fuel properly in a suitable canister and keep away from children.



Info

If you want to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, take the following actions.

Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.



- Clean the motorcycle. (☞ p. 181)
 - Change the engine oil and filter, clean the oil screens. (☞ p. 167)
 - Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (☞ p. 163)
 - When refueling for the last time before taking the motorcycle out of service, add fuel additive.

Fuel additive (☞ p. 208)

 - Ride the motorcycle until the low fuel warning lamp lights up and the display changes to **TRIP F** so that you can fill up with fresh fuel when you take the motorcycle back into service.
 - Check the tire air pressure. (☞ p. 68)
 - Remove the battery. (☞ p. 79)
 - Recharge the battery. (☞ p. 80)
- Guideline
- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| Storage temperature of battery without direct sunshine | 0... 35 °C (32... 95 °F) |
|--|--------------------------|
- Store the vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.



Info

KTM recommends jacking up the motorcycle.

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Raise the motorcycle with the front wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Cover the motorcycle with a tarp or cover that is permeable to air.

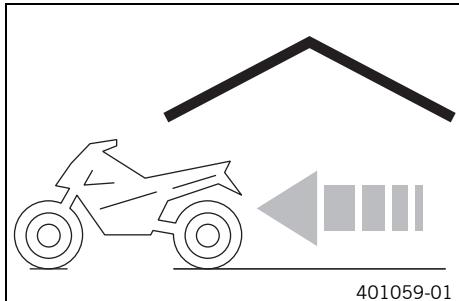


Info

Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion.

Avoid running the engine for a short time only. Since the engine cannot warm up properly, the water vapor produced during combustion condenses and causes valves and exhaust system to rust.

23.2 Preparing for use after storage



- Take the motorcycle off of the front wheel stand. (☞ p. 11)
- Take the motorcycle off of the rear wheel stand. (☞ p. 10)
- Recharge the battery. (☞ p. 80)
- Install the battery. (☞ p. 79)
- Set the clock. (☞ p. 95)
- Refuel.
- Perform checks and vehicle care when preparing for use.
- Take a test ride.

24.1 Service schedule

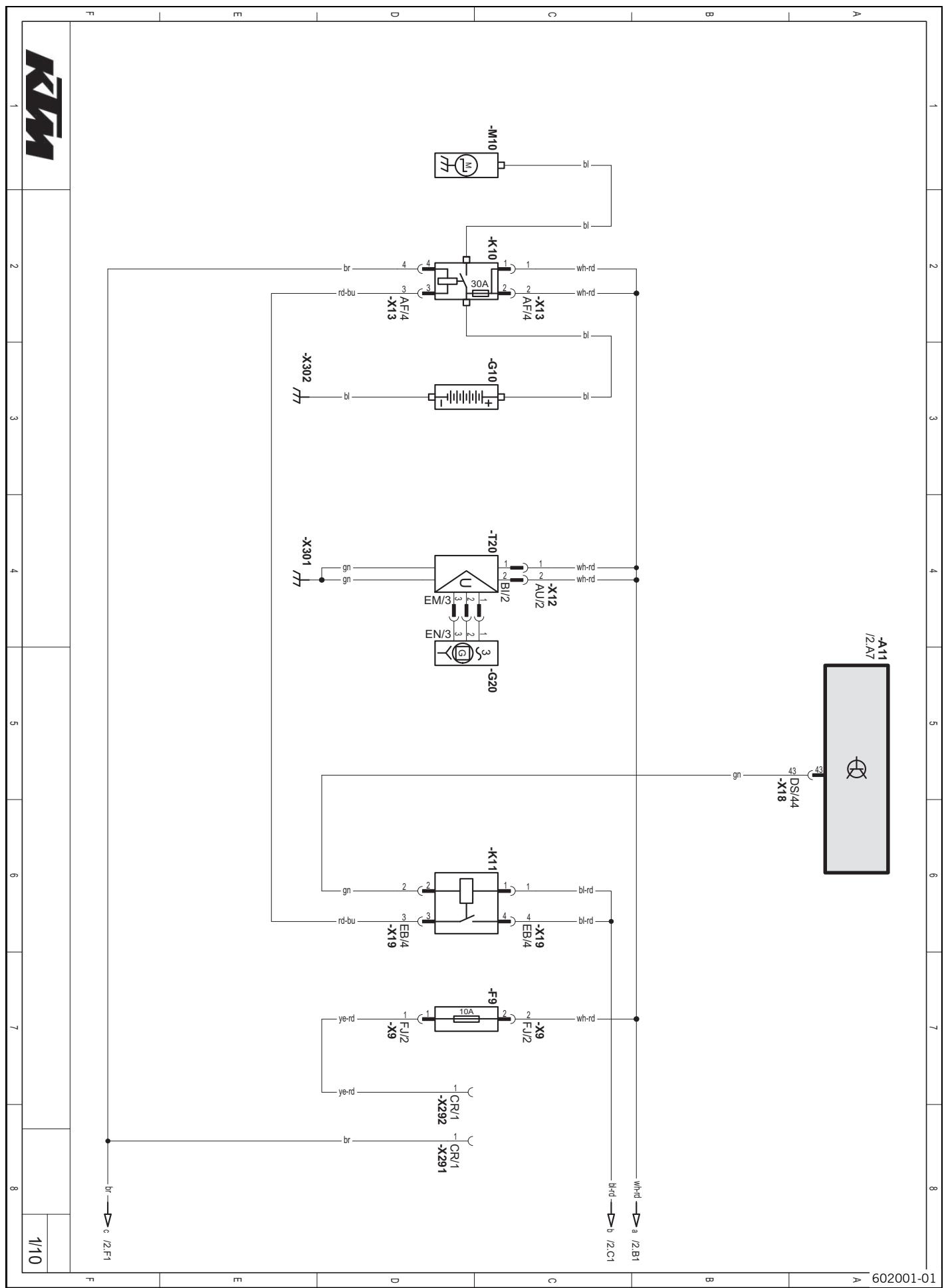
	Every 20,000 km (12,428 mi) or every 2 years	Every 10,000 km (6,214 mi) or annually or after every sporting use	Once after 1,000 km (621.4 mi)
Check that the electrical equipment is functioning correctly.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the measured service values with the KTM diagnostics tool.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Change the engine oil and filter, clean the oil screens. (☞ p. 167)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the front brake linings. (☞ p. 85)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the rear brake linings. (☞ p. 89)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the brake discs. (☞ p. 69)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the rear brake fluid level. (☞ p. 91)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the free travel of the foot brake lever. (☞ p. 91)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check that the shock absorber and fork are leak tight. If necessary and depending on use, service the fork and shock absorber.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the swingarm bearing.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the wheel bearing for play.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the tire condition. (☞ p. 68)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the tire air pressure. (☞ p. 68)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the spoke tension. (☞ p. 69)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check for rim run-out.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the chain, rear sprocket, engine sprocket, and chain guide. (☞ p. 75)		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the chain tension. (☞ p. 74)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Grease all moving parts (e.g. side stand, hand lever, chain, ...) and check for smooth operation.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (☞ p. 15)		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the front brake fluid level. (☞ p. 86)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Bleed the fork legs. (☞ p. 14)		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the steering head bearing play. (☞ p. 27)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Change the spark plug.			<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the valve clearance.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check all hoses (e.g. fuel, cooling, bleeder, drainage, etc.) and sleeves for cracking, leaks, and incorrect routing.			<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (☞ p. 163)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the cables for damage and routing without sharp bends.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check that the throttle cables are undamaged, routed without sharp bends and set correctly.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Change the air filter. Clean the air filter box.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the fuel pressure.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the CO adjustment with the KTM diagnostics tool.		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check/rectify the fluid level of the hydraulic clutch. (☞ p. 161)		<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the screws and nuts for tightness.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Change the rear brake fluid. (☞ p. 93)			<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Change the rear brake fluid. (☞ p. 93)			<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the clutch.			<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check the headlight setting. (☞ p. 97)	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Check that the radiator fan is functioning properly.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Final check: Check the vehicle for roadworthiness and take a test ride.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool after a test ride.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Make the service entry in KTM DEALER.NET and in the service record.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

- One-time interval
- Periodic interval

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

186

25.1 Page 01 of 10



25 WIRING DIAGRAM

187

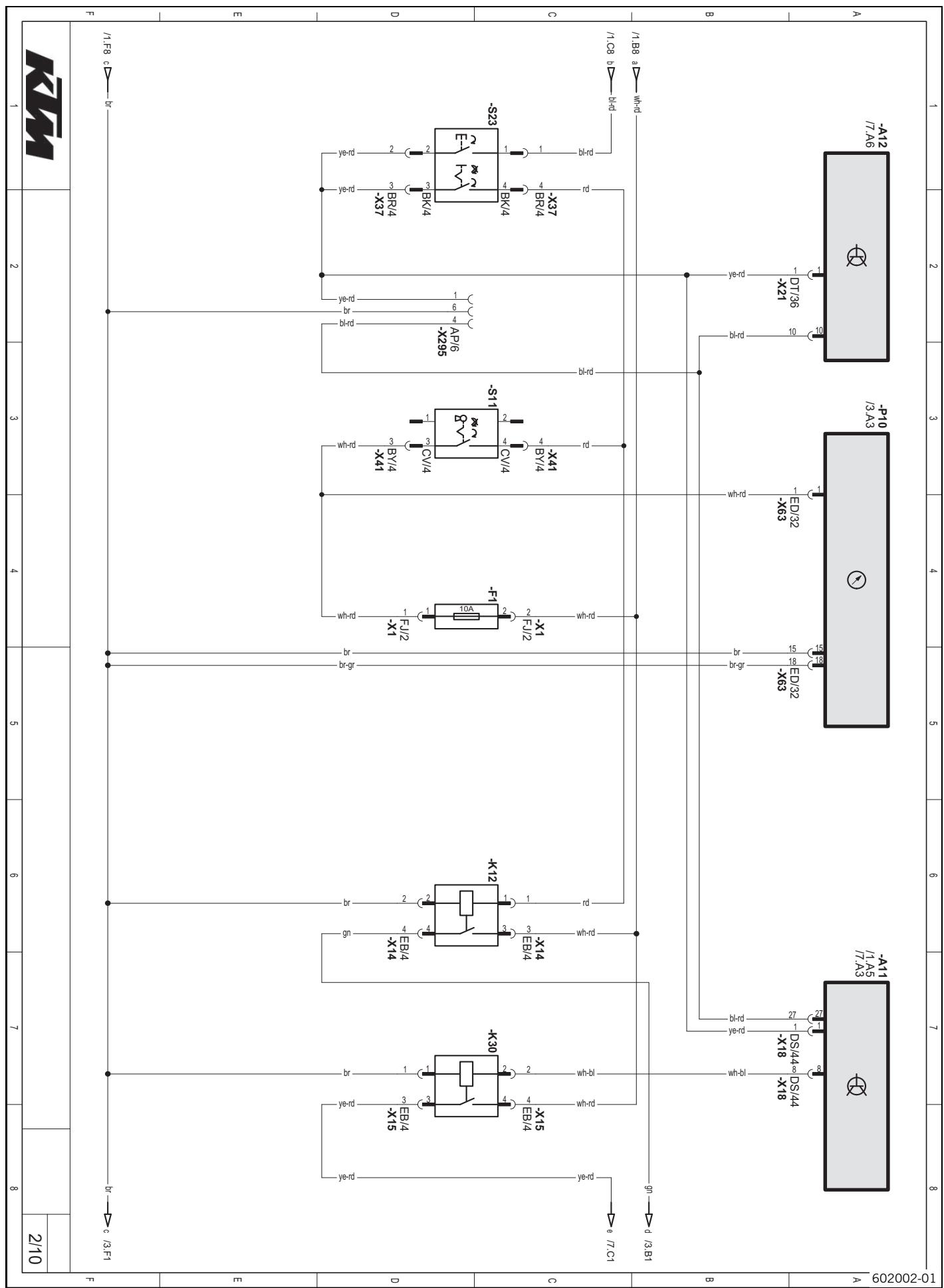
Components:

A11	EFI control unit
F9	Fuse
G10	Battery
G20	Alternator
K10	Starter relay with main fuse
K11	Start auxiliary relay
M10	Starter motor
T20	Voltage regulator
X291	Connector for accessory ground (terminal 31) ACC 1 (not assigned)
X292	Connector for accessory plus (terminal 30) ACC 1 (not assigned)

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

188

25.2 Page 02 of 10



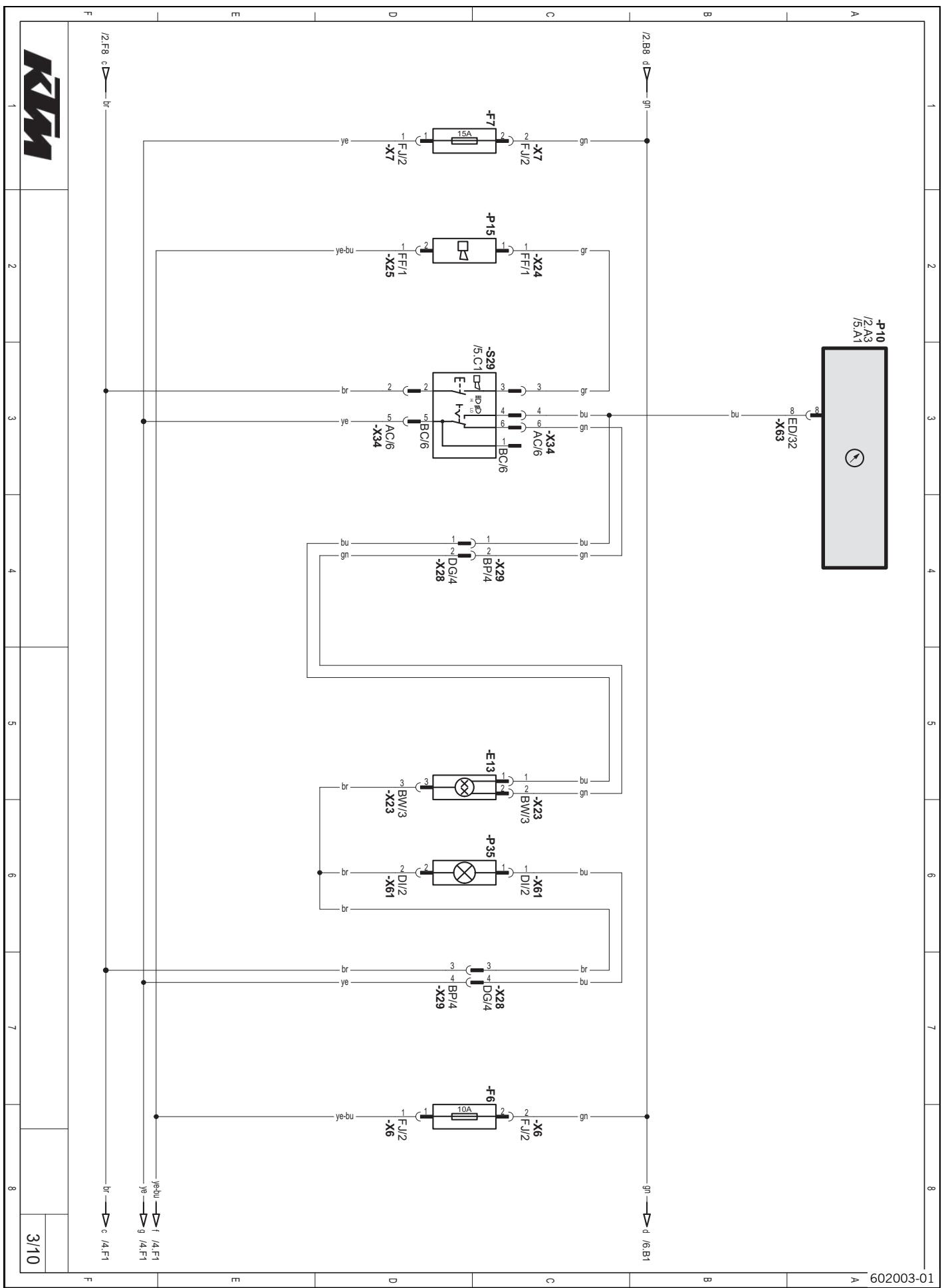
25 WIRING DIAGRAM

189

Components:

A11	EFI control unit
A12	EPT control unit
F1	Fuse
K12	Light relay
K30	Power relay
P10	Combination instrument
S11	Ignition/steering lock
S23	Emergency OFF switch, electric starter button
X295	Diagnostics connector

25.3 Page 03 of 10



25 WIRING DIAGRAM

191

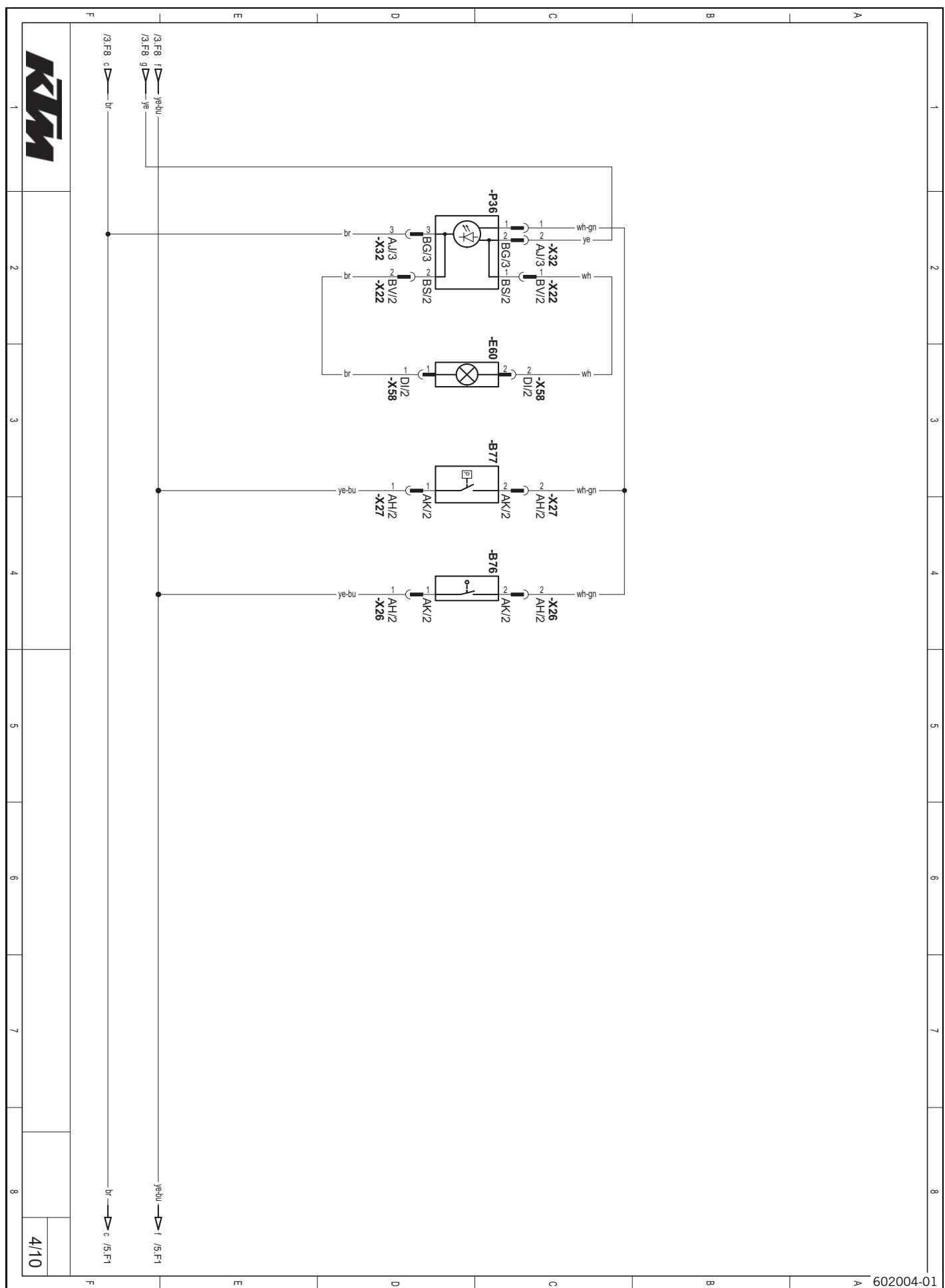
Components:

E13	Low beam, high beam
F6	Fuse
F7	Fuse
P10	Combination instrument
P15	Horn
P35	Parking light
S29	High beam/low beam switch, horn button, turn signal switch

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

192

25.4 Page 04 of 10



25 WIRING DIAGRAM

193

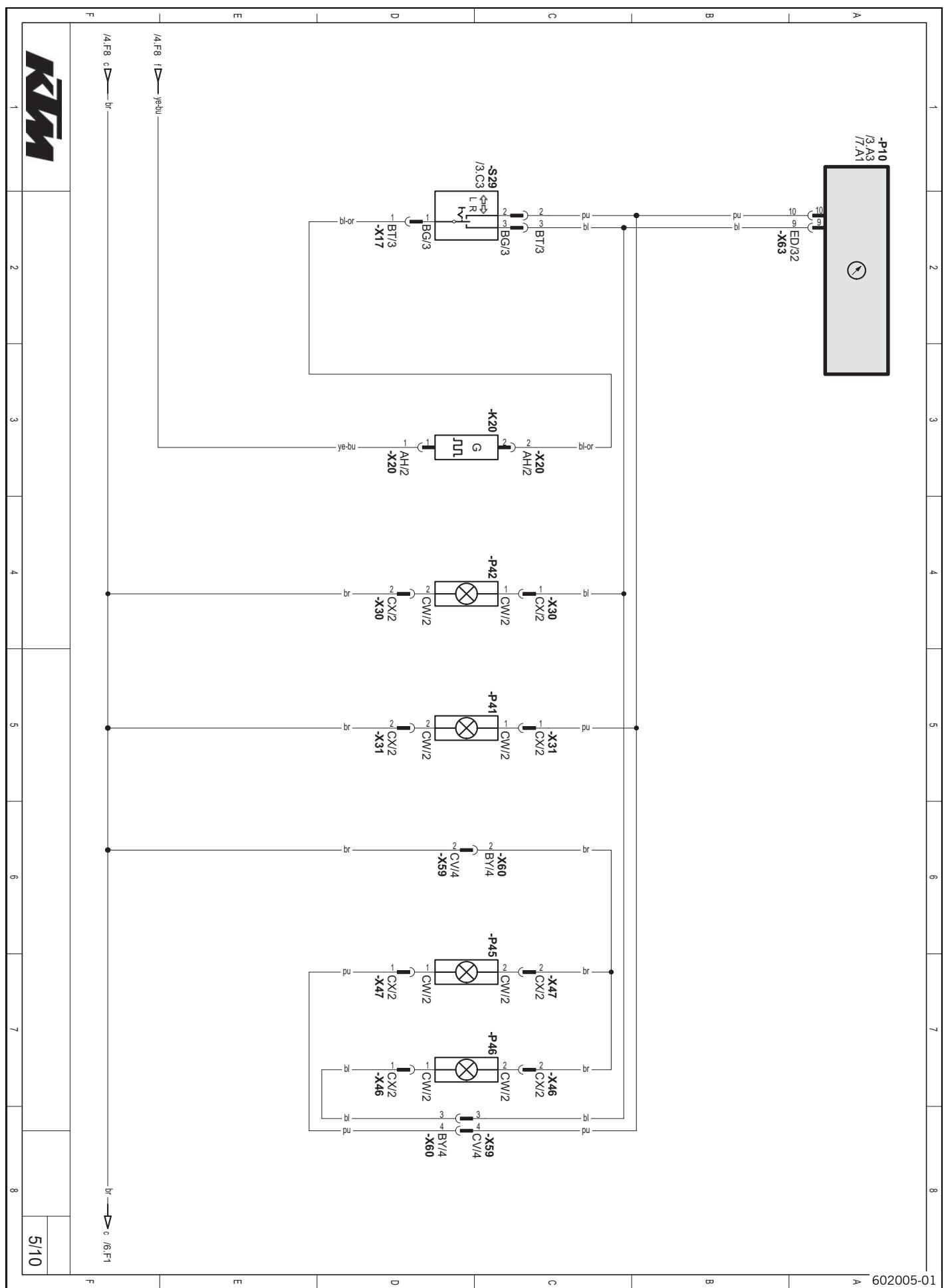
Components:

B76	Front brake light switch
B77	Rear brake light switch
E60	License plate lamp
P36	Brake/tail light

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

194

25.5 Page 05 of 10



25 WIRING DIAGRAM

195

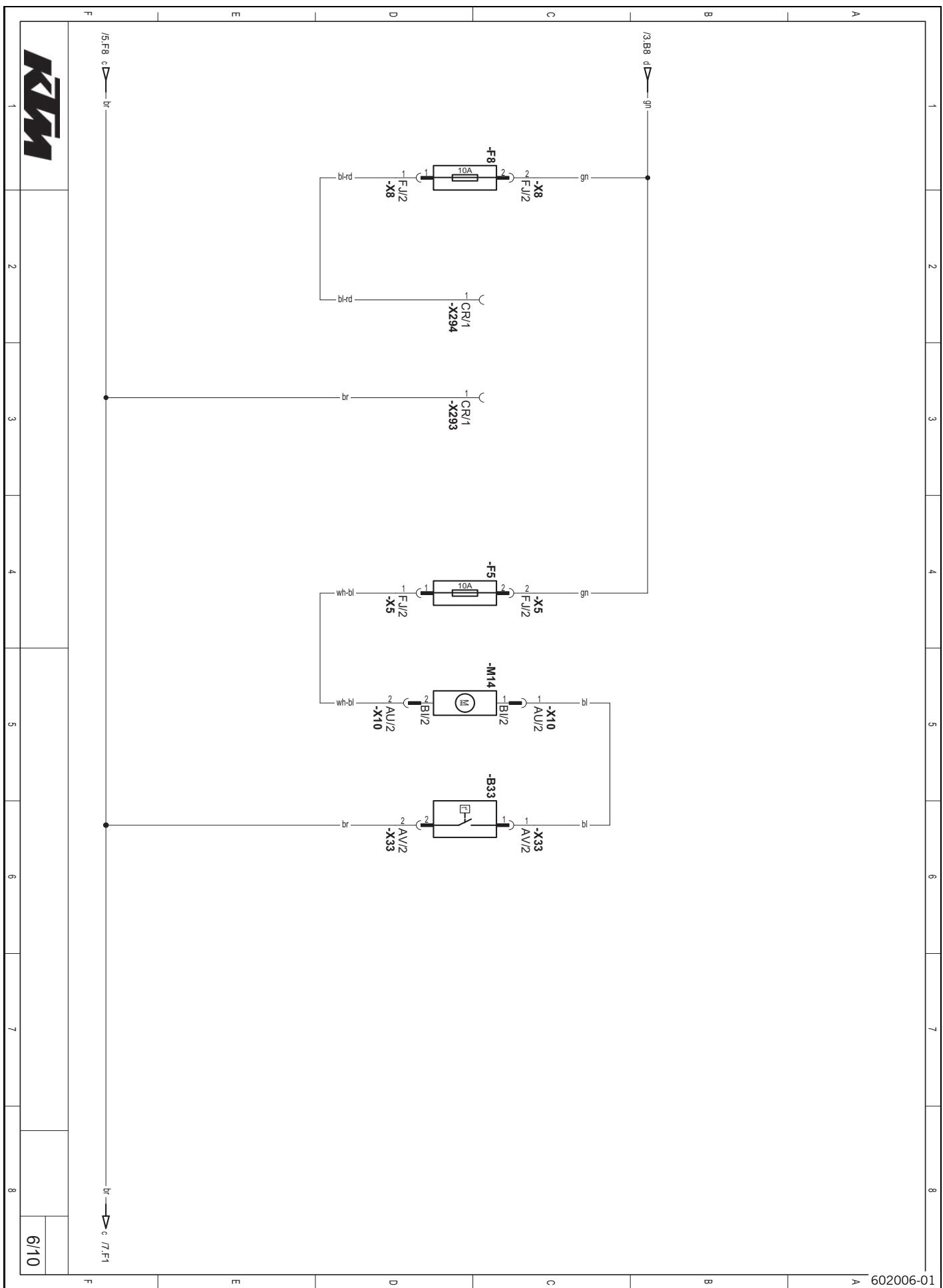
Components:

K20	Turn signal relay
P10	Combination instrument
P41	Turn signal, front left
P42	Turn signal, front right
P45	Turn signal, rear left
P46	Turn signal, rear right
S29	High beam/low beam switch, horn button, turn signal switch

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

196

25.6 Page 06 of 10



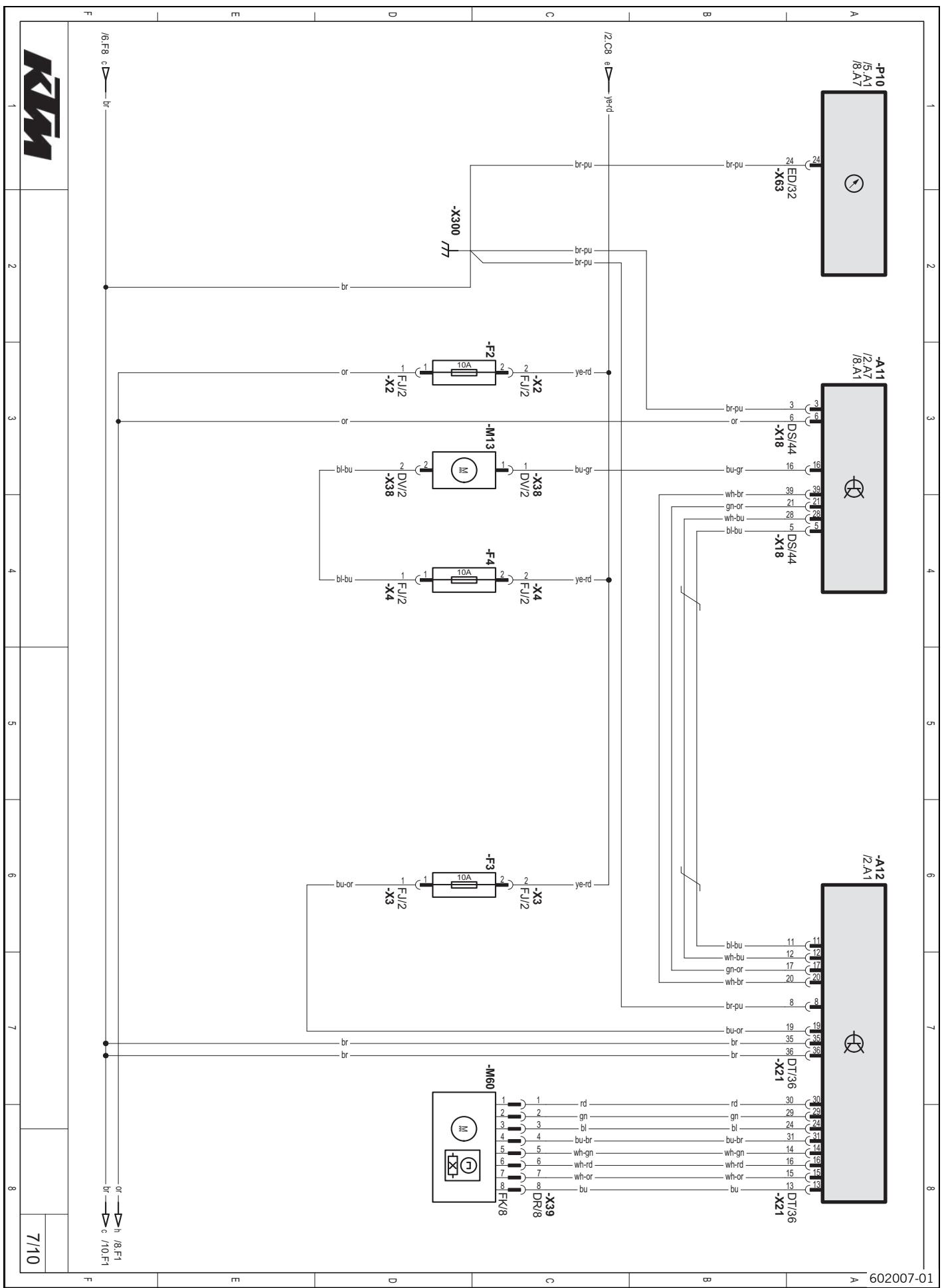
25 WIRING DIAGRAM

197

Components:

B33	Radiator fan temperature switch
F5	Fuse
F8	Fuse
M14	Radiator fan
X293	Connector for accessory ground (terminal 31) ACC 2 (not assigned)
X294	Connector for accessory plus (terminal 15) ACC 2 (not assigned)

25.7 Page 07 of 10



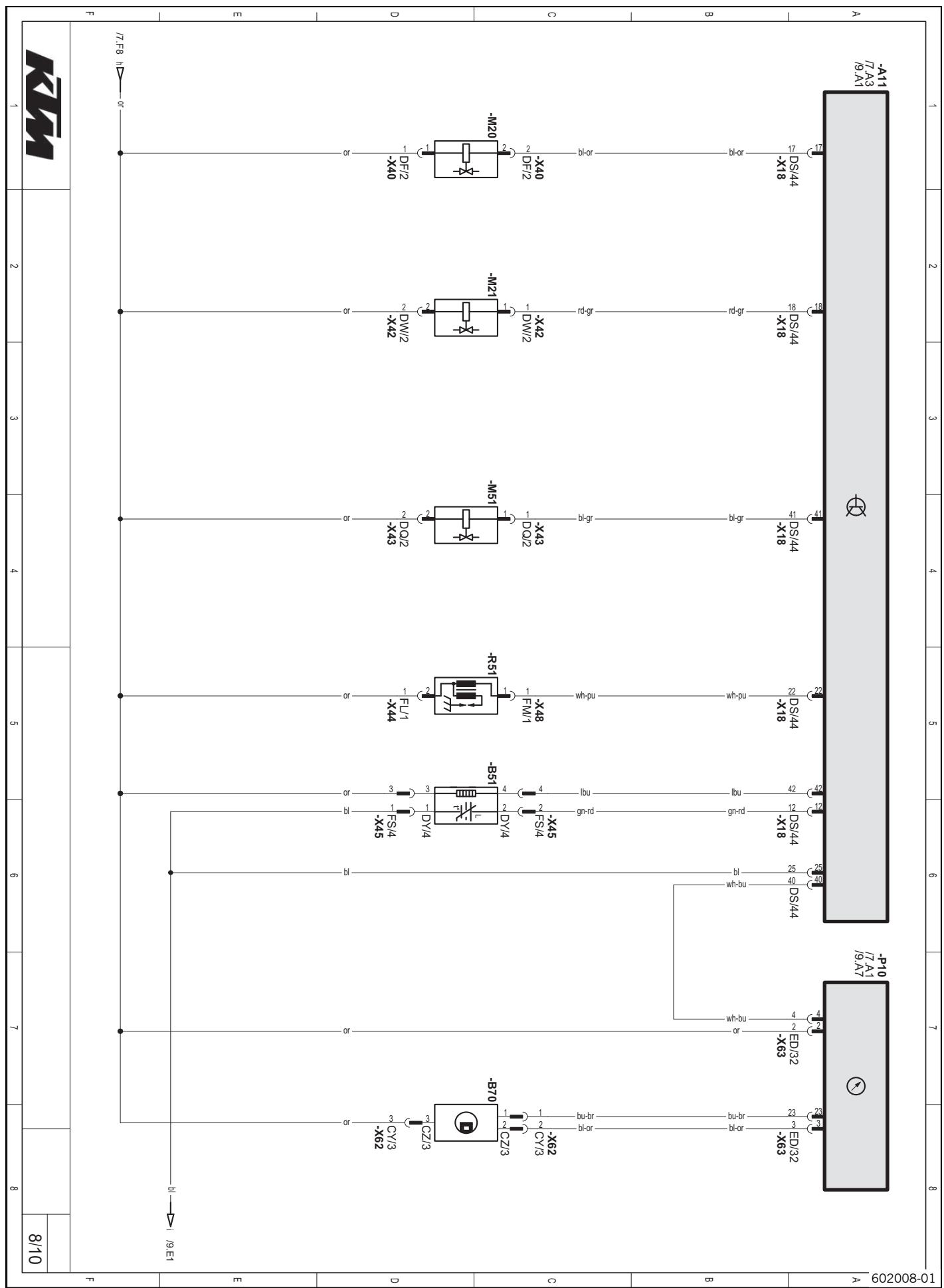
25 WIRING DIAGRAM

199

Components:

A11	EFI control unit
A12	EPT control unit
F2	Fuse
F3	Fuse
F4	Fuse
M13	Fuel pump
M60	Motor drive
P10	Combination instrument

25.8 Page 08 of 10



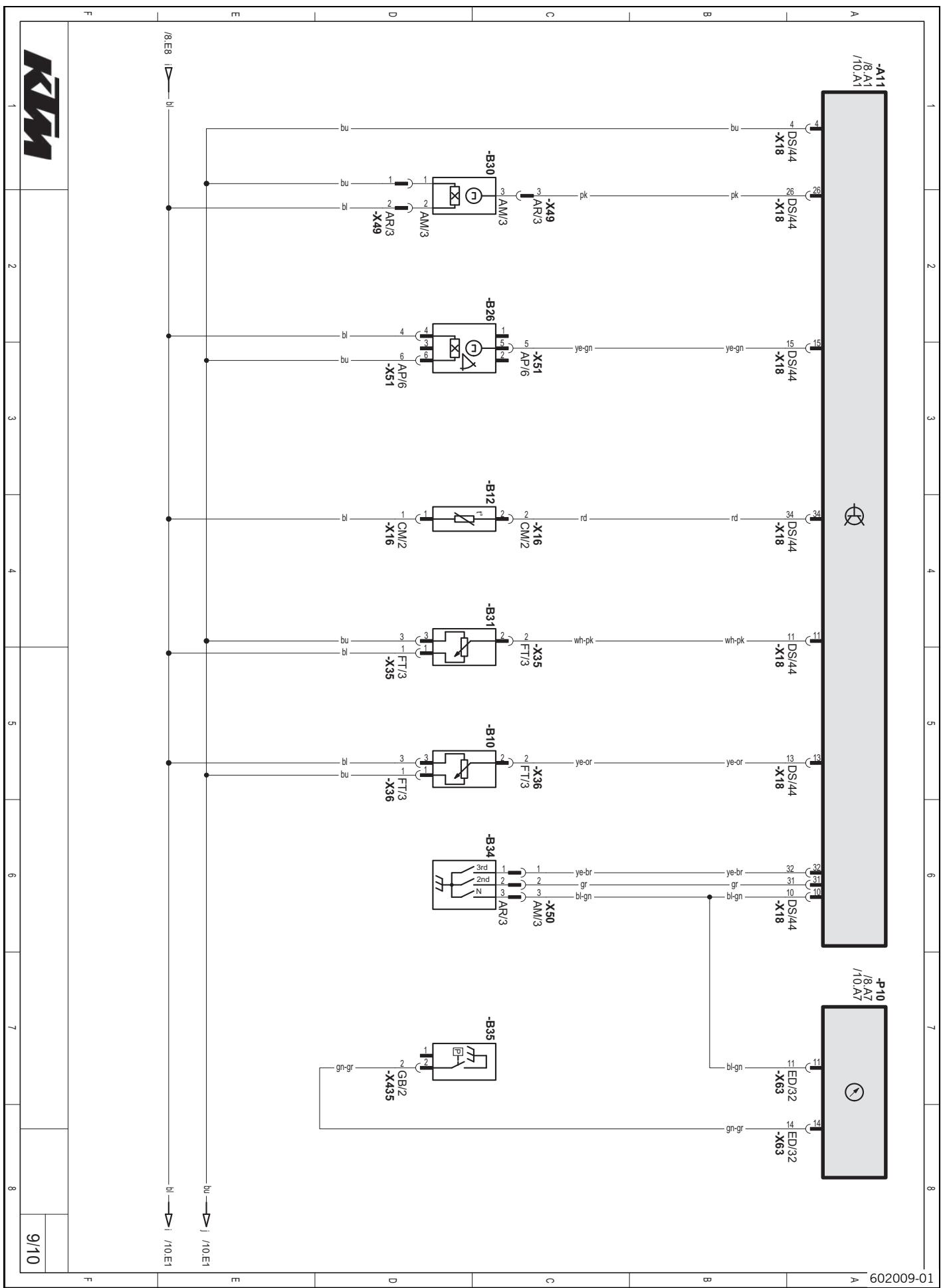
25 WIRING DIAGRAM

201

Components:

A11	EFI control unit
B51	Lambda sensor (cylinder 1)
B70	Front wheel speed sensor
M20	Fuel evaporation valve (USA version only)
M21	Secondary air valve
M51	Injector (cylinder 1)
P10	Combination instrument
R51	Ignition coil (cylinder 1)

25.9 Page 09 of 10



25 WIRING DIAGRAM

203

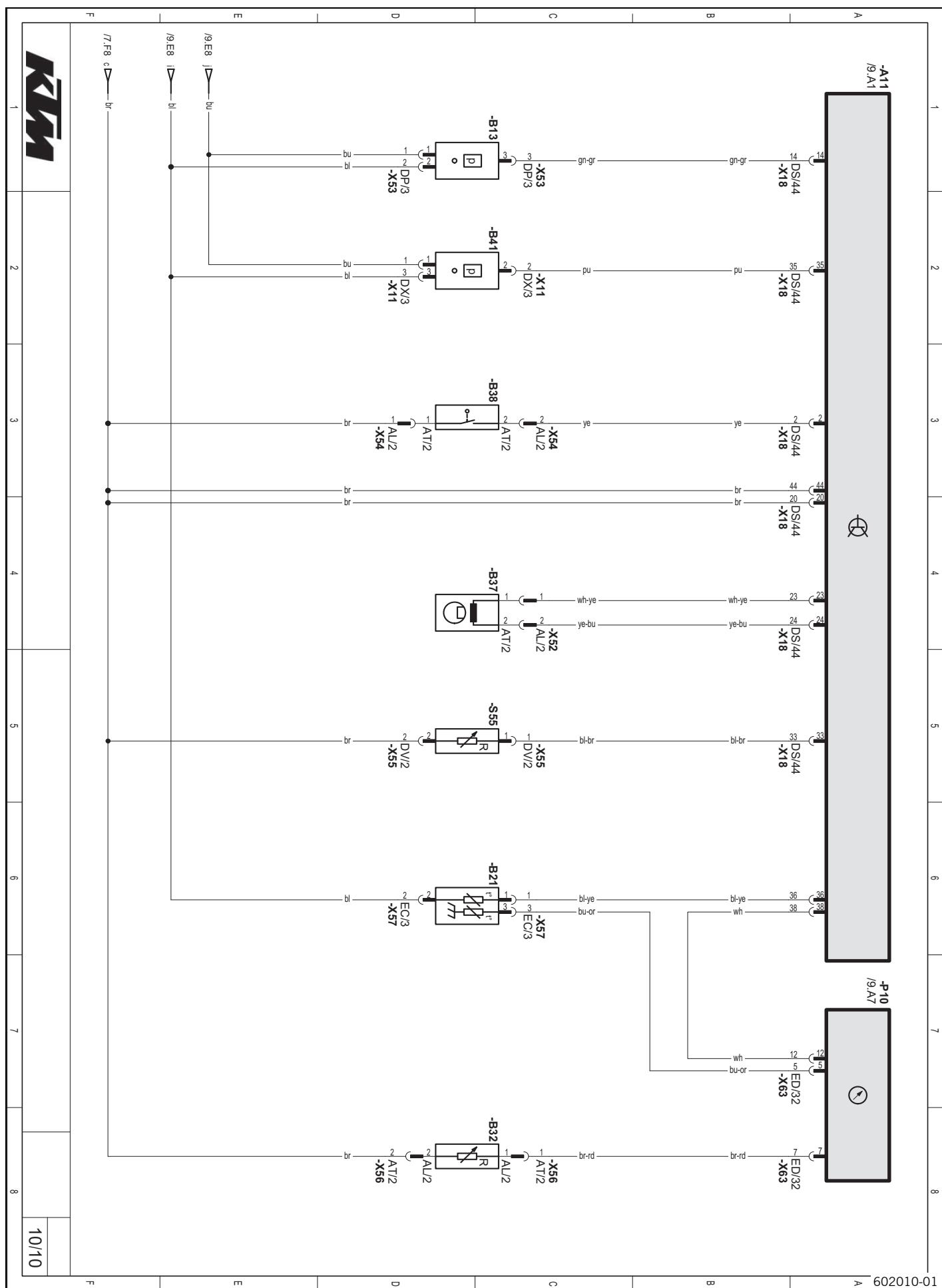
Components:

A11	EFI control unit
B10	Throttle position sensor circuit A
B12	Intake air temperature sensor
B26	Rollover sensor
B30	Side stand switch
B31	Accelerator position sensor
B34	Gear position sensor
B35	Oil pressure sensor
P10	Combination instrument

25 WIRING DIAGRAM

204

25.10 Page 10 of 10



Components:

A11	EFI control unit
B13	Ambient air pressure sensor
B21	Engine coolant temperature sensor (cylinder 1)
B32	Fuel level indicator
B37	Crankshaft position sensor
B38	Clutch switch
B41	Manifold absolute pressure sensor (cylinder 1)
P10	Combination instrument
S55	Map-Select Switch

Cable colors:

bl	Black
br	Brown
bu	Blue
gn	Green
gr	Gray
lbu	Light blue
or	Orange
pk	Pink
pu	Violet
rd	Red
wh	White
ye	Yellow

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

According to

- DOT

Guideline

- Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that possesses the corresponding properties. KTM recommends **Castrol** and **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Castrol

- **RESPONSE BRAKE FLUID SUPER DOT 4**

Motorex®

- **Brake Fluid DOT 5.1**

Coolant

Guideline

- Use only suitable coolant (also in countries with high temperatures). Use of low-quality antifreeze can lead to corrosion and foaming. KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Mixture ratio

Antifreeze protection: -25... -45 °C (-13... -49 °F)	50 % corrosion inhibitor/antifreeze 50 % distilled water
--	---

Coolant (mixed ready to use)

Antifreeze	-40 °C (-40 °F)
------------	-----------------

Supplier

Motorex®

- **COOLANT G48**

Engine oil (SAE 10W/60) (00062010035)

According to

- JASO T903 MA (☞ p. 223)
- SAE (☞ p. 223) (SAE 10W/60)
- KTM LC4 2007+

Guideline

- Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that possess the corresponding properties. KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Synthetic engine oil

Supplier

Motorex®

- **Cross Power 4T**

Engine oil (SAE 10W/50)

According to

- JASO T903 MA (☞ p. 223)
- SAE (☞ p. 223) (SAE 10W/50)

Guideline

- Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that possess the corresponding properties. KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Fully synthetic engine oil

Supplier

Motorex®

- **Power Synt 4T**

Fork oil (SAE 4) (48601166S1)

According to

- SAE (☞ p. 223) (SAE 4)

Guideline

- Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that possess the corresponding properties.

Hydraulic fluid (15)

According to

- ISO VG (15)

Guideline

- Use only hydraulic oil that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that possesses the corresponding properties. KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Hydraulic Fluid 75

Shock absorber oil (SAE 2.5) (50180342S1)

According to

- SAE (☞ p. 223) (SAE 2.5)

Guideline

- Use only oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that possess the corresponding properties.

Super unleaded (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

According to

- DIN EN 228 (ROZ 95/RON 95/PON 91)

Guideline

- Only use unleaded super fuel that matches or is equivalent to the specified fuel grade.
- Fuel with an ethanol content of up to 10 % (E10 fuel) is safe to use.

**Info**

Do **not** use fuel containing methanol (e. g. M15, M85, M100) or more than 10 % ethanol (e. g. E15, E25, E85, E100).

Chain cleaner

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Chain Clean

Chain lube for road use

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Chainlube Road

Cleaning and preserving materials for metal, rubber and plastic

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Protect & Shine

Fuel additive

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Fuel Stabilizer

High-luster polish for paint

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Moto Polish

Long-life grease

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- Bike Grease 2000

Lubricant (T511)

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Lubcon®** products.

Supplier

Lubcon®

- Turmsilon® GTI 300 P

Lubricant (T158)

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Lubcon®** products.

Supplier

Lubcon®

- Turmogrease® PP 300

Lubricant (T152)

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Bel-Ray®** products.

Supplier

Bel-Ray®

- **Molylube® Anti-Seize**

Lubricant (T159)

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Bel-Ray®** products.

Supplier

Bel-Ray®

- **MC-11®**

Lubricant (T625)

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Molykote®** products.

Supplier

Molykote®

- **33 Medium**

Motorcycle cleaner

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- **Moto Clean 900**

Paint cleaner and polish for high-gloss and matte finishes, bare metal and plastic surfaces

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- **Clean & Polish**

Universal oil spray

Guideline

- KTM recommends **Motorex®** products.

Supplier

Motorex®

- **Joker 440 Synthetic**

Bleeder cover



201830-10

Art. no.: 00029013004

Bleeder cover



201606-10

Art. no.: 00029013010

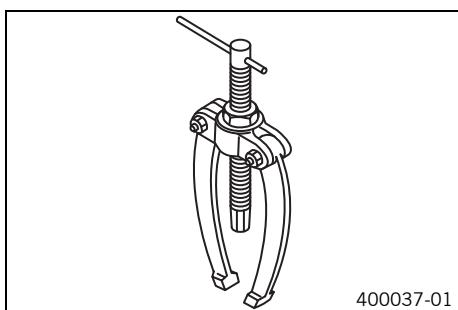
Bleeding device



201491-10

Art. no.: 00029013100

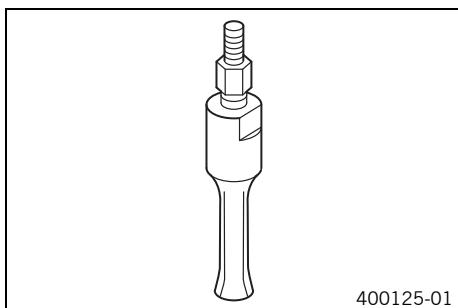
Bearing puller



400037-01

Art. no.: 15112017000

Insert for bearing puller



400125-01

Art. no.: 15112018100

Feature

18... 23 mm (0.71... 0.91 in)

Bleed syringe



400058-01

Art. no.: 50329050000

Circlip pliers reverse



400059-01

Art. no.: 51012011000

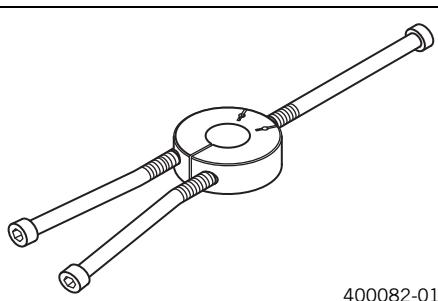
Extractor



400073-01

Art. no.: 58429009000

Tool for inner bearing race



400082-01

Art. no.: 58429037043

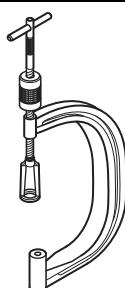
Mounting sleeve



400095-01

Art. no.: 58529005000

Valve spring compressor



400101-01

Art. no.: 59029019000

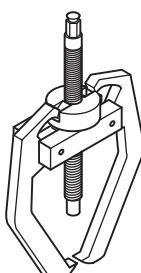
Limit plug gauge



400104-01

Art. no.: 59029026006

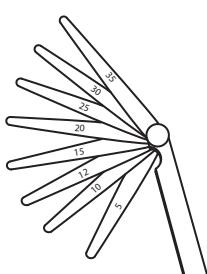
Extractor



400105-01

Art. no.: 59029033000

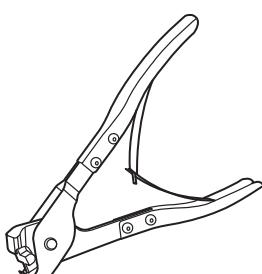
Feeler gauge



400110-01

Art. no.: 59029041100

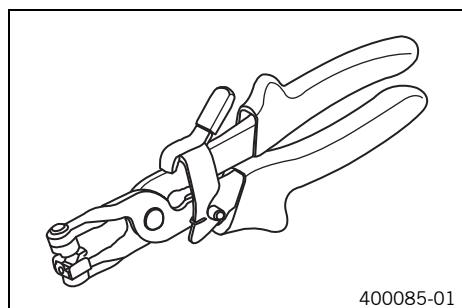
Hose clamp pliers



400142-01

Art. no.: 60029057000

Pliers for spring band clamp



400085-01

Art. no.: 60029057100

Adapter



500079-01

Art. no.: 61029055110

Front wheel stand



500078-01

Art. no.: 61029055300

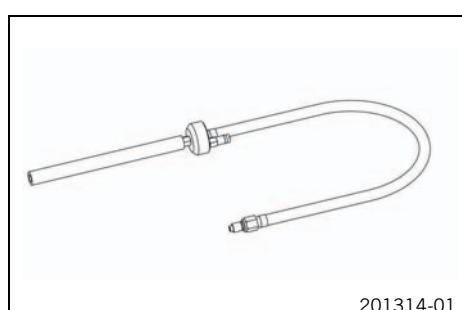
Rear wheel stand



500077-01

Art. no.: 61029055400

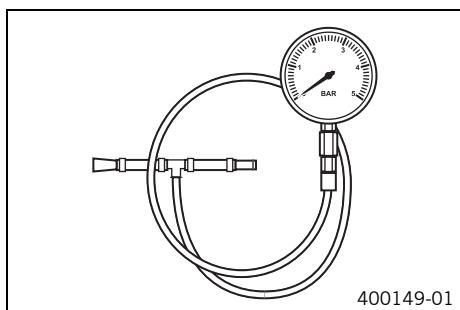
Testing hose



201314-01

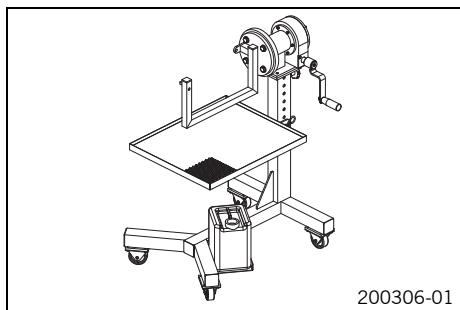
Art. no.: 61029093000

Pressure testing tool



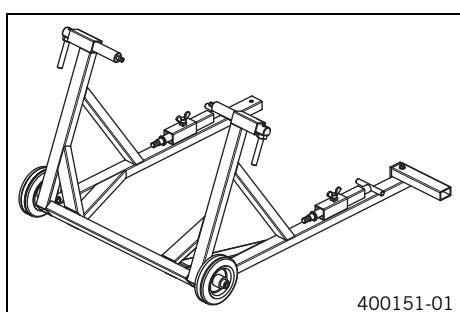
Art. no.: 61029094000

Engine assembly stand



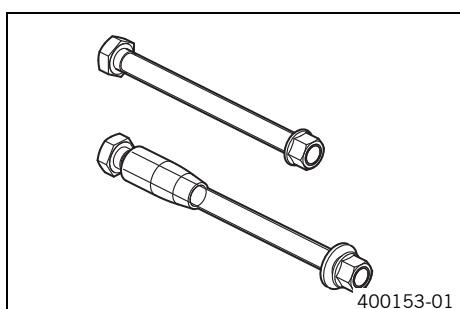
Art. no.: 61229001000

Work stand



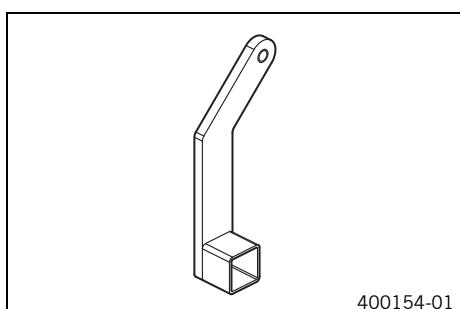
Art. no.: 62529055000

Support for engine assembly stand



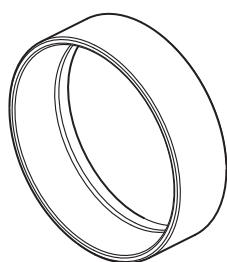
Art. no.: 75012001060

Holder for engine assembly stand



Art. no.: 75012001070

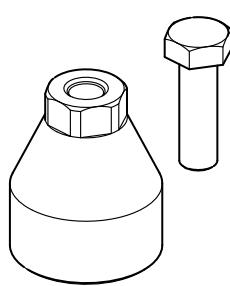
Piston assembly ring



400156-01

Art. no.: 75029015102

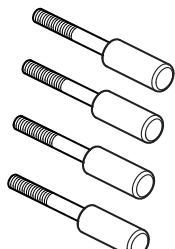
Extractor



400157-01

Art. no.: 75029021000

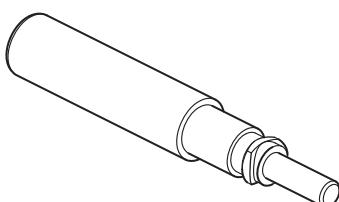
Assembly screws



400158-01

Art. no.: 75029033000

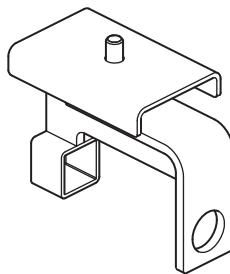
Insertion for piston ring lock



400160-01

Art. no.: 75029035000

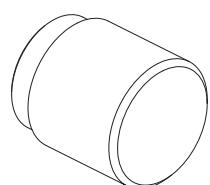
Work stand adapter



400161-01

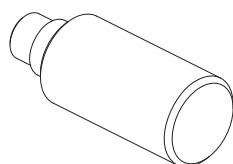
Art. no.: 75029036000

Push-in drift



500163-01

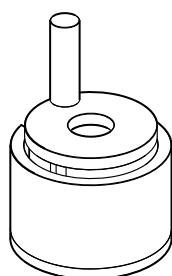
Art. no.: 75029044010



500162-01

Art. no.: 75029044020

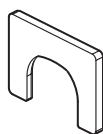
Pressing device for crankshaft, complete



400185-01

Art. no.: 75029047000

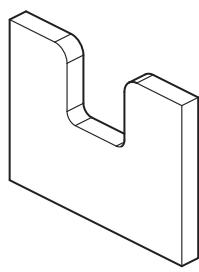
Upper part, pressing-out tool



400186-01

Art. no.: 75029047050

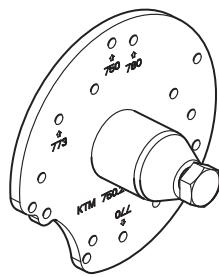
Under part, pressing-out tool



400187-01

Art. no.: 75029047051

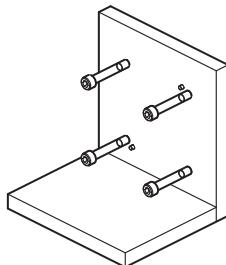
Extractor



400162-01

Art. no.: 75029048000

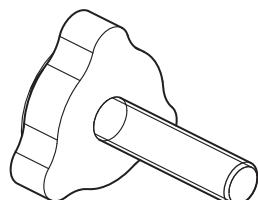
Clamping plate



400163-01

Art. no.: 75029050000

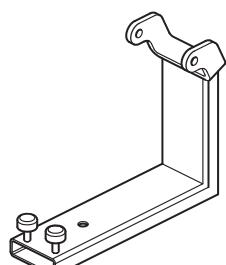
Push-out drift



400164-01

Art. no.: 75029051000

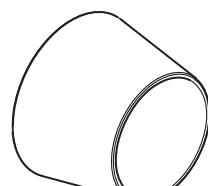
Floor jack attachment



400184-01

Art. no.: 75029055000

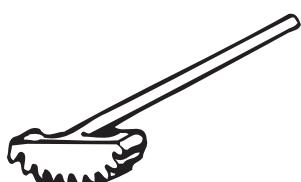
Mounting sleeve



400165-01

Art. no.: 75029080000

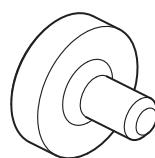
Gear segment



400068-01

Art. no.: 75029081000

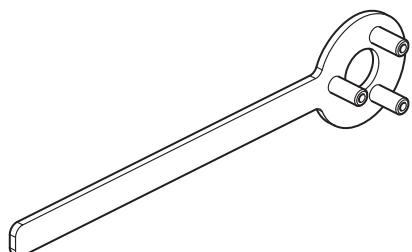
Protection cover



400167-01

Art. no.: 75029090000

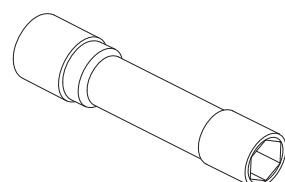
Holding spanner



400168-01

Art. no.: 75029091000

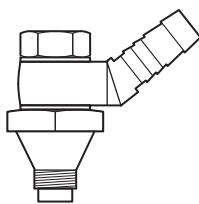
Spark plug wrench



400170-01

Art. no.: 75029172000

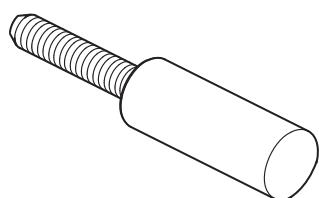
Oil pressure adapter



400176-01

Art. no.: 77329006000

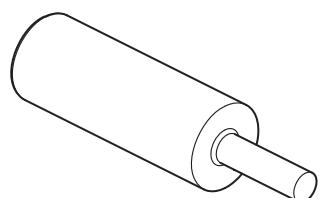
Engine blocking screw



400177-01

Art. no.: 77329010000

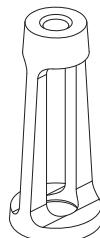
Release device for timing chain tensioner



400181-01

Art. no.: 77329051000

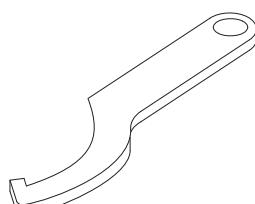
Valve spring mounting device



500165-01

Art. no.: 78029060000

Hook wrench



301085-01

Art. no.: T106S

Depth micrometer



300577-10

Art. no.: T107S

Pin



Art. no.: T120

201235-10

Pressing tool



Art. no.: T1206

200583-10

Pressing tool



Art. no.: T1207S

200585-01

Vacuum pump



Art. no.: T1240S

200273-10

Pressing tool



Art. no.: T129

200584-01

Protecting sleeve



Art. no.: T1401

Gripping tool



Art. no.: T14026S1

Assembly tool



Art. no.: T1402S

Open-end wrench



Art. no.: T14032

Clamping stand



Art. no.: T1403S

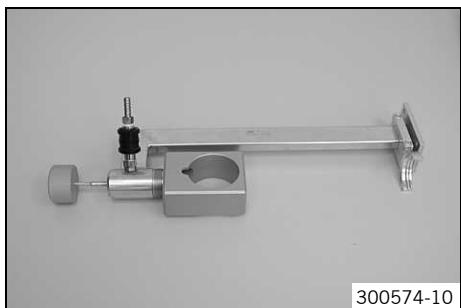
Mounting sleeve



Art. no.: T1515

300569-10

Nitrogen filling tool



Art. no.: T170S1

300574-10

JASO T903 MA

Different technical development directions required a new specification for 4-stroke motorcycles – the JASO T903 MA Standard. Earlier, engine oils from the automobile industry were used for 4-stroke motorcycles because there was no separate motorcycle specification. Whereas long service intervals are demanded for automobile engines, high performance at high engine speeds are in the foreground for motorcycle engines. In most motorcycles, the gearbox and the clutch are lubricated with the same oil as the engine. The JASO MA Standard meets these special requirements.

SAE

The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.

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