The state of the state of

Path Adenocarcinoma, popillary Serou. CECF Adenocarcinomas, Serous 8460/3 Site: Endometrium C54.1 8441)=

90 a/18/13

Surg Path

UUID: 82A668E5-6889-4C94-BEED-F4FF227BD8B1 TCGA-B5-A50E-01A-PR Re Redacted 

CLINICAL HISTORY:

Malignant neoplasm cervix uteri NOS=180.9. papillary carcinoma of the uterus.

history of serous

# GROSS EXAMINATION:

A. "Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes and ovaries", received fresh and placed in hysterectomy specimen with bilateral attached adnexa. The cervix is 4.9 cm in diameter with a 2.3 cm diameter os. The serosa is tan and dull with no adhesions. The endometrial cavity is filled with serosanguinous fluid and the endometrial lining is covered by a 13.7 x 8.5 x 1.4 cm tan, friable, papillomatous mass replacing the entire endometrium and extending through the lower uterine segment up to the cervical squamocolumnar junction grossly. The paracervical soft tissue and serosa underlying the tumor is inked blue. Grossly, the tumor invades 0.6 cm into a 1.1 cm thick myometrium (deepest invasion). The myometrium ranges from 1.1 to 2.3 cm thick. Additionally, the myometrium has multiple intramural nodules with a tan-white whorled appearance

The right ovary (2 x 1.5 x 0.9 cm) has a smooth tan external surface and a tan unremarkable cut surface. The right fimbriated fallopian tube (5.2 cm long, 0.5 cm in diameter) has multiple paratubal cysts up to 0.4 cm and a 0.2  $\times$  0.2 x 0.1 cm white plaque on the external surface. The tube has a patent lumen with a tan lining. The left ovary  $(2.5 \times 1.5 \times 1 \text{ cm})$  has a smooth tan external surface with a 0.5 cm diameter simple cyst. The cut surface is tan and unremarkable. The left fimbriated fallopian tube (5 cm long, 0.7 cm diameter) has a purple external surface with multiple paratubal cysts up to 0.4 cm diameter. On section, the lumen is grossly dilated up to 0.4 cm with a tan lining. The tube appears to be looped around onto itself. In the periadnexal soft tissue there is a  $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$  cm tan calcified nodule.

## BLOCK SUMMARY:

A1-2anterior cervix

A3anterior and lower uterine segment A4-5-

posterior cervix 1

A6posterior lower uterine segment

A7-9mass-anterior endomyometrium, full thickness

A10-12- mass-posterior endomyometrium, full thickness (A10- deepest invasion) additional myometrial nodule with respect to primary mass and normal

A14right ovary

A15~ right fallopian tube (with plaque) A16-

left ovary

A17left tube

A18left periadnexal calcified nodule following decalcification

B. "Right vaginal margin", received fresh and placed in formalin on is a  $2.8 \times 1.4 \times 1$  cm fragment of tan-brown tissue composed of 2 cm of tan smooth mucosa with an opposite roughened deep stromal margin (inked blue). The specimen is serially sectioned and submitted entirely in blocks

C. "Right pelvic lymph nodes", received fresh and placed in formalin on is a 4  $\times$  3.5  $\times$  2 cm fragment of adipose tissue containing multiple 1ympn nodes up to 1.5 cm in greatest dimension. The lymph nodes display a firm, tan-white cut surface. There are several matted lymph nodes

#### BLOCK SUMMARY:

- one lymph node, serially sectioned
- multiple lymph nodes C2-
- C3multiple lymph nodes
- matted lymph nodes, representative sections C4-
- D. "Left pelvic lymph nodes", received fresh and placed in formalin on  $\xi$ is a  $4.5 \times 3.5 \times 1.5$  cm aggregate of two fragments of adipose tissue containing multiple tan, firm lymph nodes up to 1.4 cm in greatest dimension. Multiple lymph nodes are matted and appear grossly positive on cut

is a

#### BLOCK SUMMARY:

D1- one lymph node, bisected

D2- matted (grossly positive) lymph nodes, representative sections

E. "Omentum", received fresh and placed in formalin on 5 x 5 x 1.5 cm fragment of adipose tissue consistent with omentum. Upon thorough examination no masses or lesions are grossly identified. Representative sections submitted in blocks E1-4.

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION:

Microscopic examination is performed.

PATHOLOGIC STAGE:

PROCEDURE: Hysterectomy salpingo-oophorectomy, omentectomy, lymph node

PATHOLOGIC STAGE (AJCC 7th Edition): pT3b pN1 pMX

NOTE: Information on pathology stage and the operative procedure is transmitted to this Institution's Cancer Registry as required for accreditation by the Commission on Cancer. Pathology stage is based solely upon the current tissue specimen being evaluated, and does not incorporate information on any specimens submitted separately to our Cytology section, past pathology information, imaging studies, or clinical or operative findings. Pathology stage is only a component to be considered in determining the clinical stage, and should not be confused with nor substituted for it. The exact operative procedure is available in the surgeon's operative report.

### DIAGNOSIS:

A. "UTERUS, CERVIX, BILATERAL TUBES AND OVARIES" (HYSTERECTOMY, BILATERAL

CARCINOMA OF THE ENDOMETRIUM:

TUMOR SITE: DIFFUSE.

HISTOLOGIC TYPE: SEROUS PAPILLARY ADENOCARCINOMA.

FIGO GRADE: 3 OF 3.

TUMOR SIZE: 13.7 CM (LARGEST DIMENSION).

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF MYOMETRIAL INVASION: THROUGH FULL THICKNESS OF MYOMETRIUM (1.1 CM), TO ABUT THE SEROSAL SURFACE.

LYMPHATIC/VASCULAR INVASION: PRESENT, EXTENSIVE.

ADJACENT NON-NEOPLASTIC ENDOMETRIUM: ABSENT.

REMAINING MYOMETRIUM: LEIOMYOMATA (LARGEST 2.3 CM). CERVIX: EXTENSIVELY INVOLVED BY INVASIVE CARCINOMA.

SEROSA: FREE OF TUMOR.

SPECIMEN MARGINS: SEE SEPARATELY SUBMITTED VAGINAL CUFF MARGIN BELOW.

OVARIES, RIGHT AND LEFT: POSITIVE FOR CARCINOMA (BILATERALLY). FALLOPIAN TUBE, RIGHT AND LEFT: POSITIVE FOR CARCINOMA (BILATERALLY).

# B. "RIGHT VAGINAL MARGIN" (EXCISION):

SQUAMOUS MUCOSA, POSITIVE FOR ADENOCARCINOMA, WITH EXTENSIVE INVOLVEMENT OF LYMPHATIC/VASCULAR SPACES.

C. "RIGHT PELVIC LYMPH NODES" (LYMPHADENECTOMY):

METASTATIC ADENOCARCINOMA IN FIVE OF FOURTEEN LYMPH NODES (5/14).

D. "LEFT PELVIC LYMPH NODES" (LYMPHADENECTOMY):

METASTATIC ADENOCARCINOMA IN SEVEN OF EIGHT LYMPH NODES (7/8).

E. "OMENTUM" (OMENTECTOMY):

BENIGN ADIPOSE TISSUE. NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY.

I certify that I personally conducted the diagnostic evaluation of the above specimen(s) and have rendered the above diagnosis(es).

