

CLINICAL HISTORY:

Surg Path

Malignant neoplasm corpus uteri. Per E browser grade 2 endometrioid adenocarcinoma on biopsy.

GROSS EXAMINATION:

A. "Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes and ovaries (AF1)", received fresh for frozen section and transferred to formalin at 9.8 \times 9.2 \times 5.2 cm uterus. The cervix is amputated and per surgeon was on \P wis a 186 gram, macerated during surgery. The separate portion of cervix measures 3.5 \times 2.6 \times 1.9 cm and demonstrates a tan smooth ectocervix with a 1.3 cm os. The endocervical canal is covered with a tan-yellow mucosa which focally appears friable. The endometrial cavity is 6.5 (cornu to cornu) \times 7.3 cm (to point of cervical amputation) is filled with a 7.8 \times 5.5 \times 2.1 cm friable fungating mass. The tumor primarily involves the anterior wall but extends over the fundus partially onto the posterior wall to within 1.1 cm of the amputation site of the cervix. The tumor is focally necrotic and invades 1.1 cm into a 1.6 cm myometrium. A representative section of the tumor is frozen as AF1 (remnant A1). The remaining endometrium is tan and approximately 1 mm in thickness. The myometrium which is on average 2 cm thick is tan and partially trabeculated with one intramural white whorled nodule, up to 0.7 cm, consistent with leiomyoma. The serosal surface is tan and smooth with no gross abnormalities identified.

The right fallopian tube, 8.5 cm long is distally dilated to 1.7 cm in diameter. Proximally, the diameter is 0.4 cm. The surface of the right fallopian tube demonstrates focal yellow discoloration and opening the tube reveals a cystically dilated tube with yellow studding of the luminal surface. The cystic dilated portion is filled with brown-red liquid. The right ovary, $3.5 \times 1.5 \times 1$ cm, is grossly unremarkable. The left fallopian tube, 8 cm long \times 0.5 cm in diameter, and left ovary, 2.5 \times 1.1 \times 0.8 cm, are grossly unremarkable.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- representative full thickness posterior wall, frozen section remnant A1-
- representative sections of cervix, presumed anterior and posterior A2-3- . A4-
- lower uterine segment, anterior
- A5lower uterine segment, posterior
- A6-11anterior endomyometrium with tumor
- A12posterior endomyometrium with tumor
- normal appearing endomyometrium with leiomyoma A13-
- A14-15- right fallopian tube with dilated area and yellow studding
- A16right ovary
- A17left ovary and fallopian tube
- B. "Right pelvic lymph nodes", received fresh and transferred to formalin at is a $4.2 \times 2.5 \times 0.9$ cm aggregate of fibroadipose tissue which ted for lymph nodes. Five candidates are identified from 0.4 to 2.5 cm.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- B1largest lymph node, bisected
- B2four lymph node candidates, intact
- fibroadipose tissue for identification of additional lymph nodes B3-
- C. "Left pelvic lymph nodes", received fresh and transferred to formalin at 2

is a 8 \times 2 \times 0.5 cm and 4 \times 1.5 \times 0.4 cm fragment of adipose pm on tissue, which is dissected for lymph node candidates. Four lymph node candidates are identified up to 2 cm.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- C1four lymph node candidates, intact
- fibroadipose tissue for identification of additional lymph nodes
- D. "Left periaortic lymph nodes", received fresh and transferred to formalin is a $1.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.4$ cm fragment of brown soft tissue which at 6 pm on is bisected and submitted as D1.
- E. "Right periaortic lymph nodes", received fresh and transferred to formalin is a $7.6 \times 1.1 \times 0.5$ cm aggregate of fibrofatty tissue and on lymph nodes. Three lymph node candidates up to 2.2 cm are identified.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- E1largest lymph node, bisected
- E2one lymph node, bisected
- one lymph node intact

INTRA OPERATIVE CONSULTATION:

A. "Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes and ovaries": AFI (full thickness posterior 1.8 cm depth into a 2.2 cm thick myometrium)-tumor size: 7.8 x 5.5 x 2.1 cm poorly differentiated carcinoma FIGO 3/3 invasive 1.1 cm into a 1.6 cm wall

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION:

Microscopic examination is performed.

PATHOLOGIC STAGE:

PROCEDURE: Hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, and lymph node dissection

PATHOLOGIC STAGE (AJCC 7th Edition): pTx pN0 pMX

NOTE: Information on pathology stage and the operative procedure is transmitted to this Institution's Cancer Registry as required for accreditation by the Commission on Cancer. Pathology stage is based solely upon the current tissue specimen being evaluated, and does not incorporate information on any specimens submitted separately to our Cytology section, past pathology information, imaging studies, or clinical or operative findings. Pathology stage is only a component to be considered in determining the clinical stage, and should not be confused with nor substituted for it. The exact operative procedure is available in the surgeon's operative report.

DIAGNOSIS:

A. "UTERUS, CERVIX, BILATERAL TUBES AND OVARIES" (HYSTERECTOMY AND BILATERAL SALPINGO-OOPHORECTOMY):

CARCINOMA OF THE ENDOMETRIUM:

TUMOR SITE: DIFFUSE.

HISTOLOGIC TYPE: ENDOMETRICID.

FIGO GRADE: 3 OF 3 (POORLY DIFFERENTIATED).

TUMOR SIZE: 7.8 X 5.5 X 2.1 CM.

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF MYOMETRIAL INVASION: 1.1 CM, IN A 1.6 CM THICK WALL.

LYMPHATIC/VASCULAR INVASION: PRESENT.

ADJACENT NON-NEOPLASTIC ENDOMETRIUM: ABSENT.

REMAINING MYOMETRIUM: ADENOMYOSIS.

CERVIX: FREE OF TUMOR.

SEROSA: FREE OF TUMOR.

SPECIMEN MARGINS: NOT INVOLVED.

RIGHT OVARY: FREE OF TUMOR.

RIGHT FALLOPIAN TUBE: CHRONIC SALPINGITIS WITH ASSOCIATED HYDROSALPINX.

FIBROVASCULAR ADHESIONS.

SINGLE FREE FLOATING FRAGMENT OF TUMOR IN TUBAL

LUMEN, SEE COMMENT.

LEFT OVARY AND FALLOPIAN TUBE: DETACHED FRAGMENT OF ADENOCARCINOMA PRESENT. SEE COMMENT.

There is a freely-floating, minute cluster of tumor cells within in a cystic space in the right fallopian tube. It is not clear whether this represents a contaminant ("floater"). Additionally, there is a free floating fragment of adenocarcinoma with surrounding smooth muscle found in the section of the left fallopian tube and ovary, not invading either of these tissues. As with the right tube, it possible this represents a contaminant.

B. "RIGHT PELVIC LYMPH NODE" (LYMPHADENECTOMY): EIGHT LYMPH NODES, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/8).

C. "LEFT PELVIC LYMPH NODES" (LYMPHADENECTOMY): TWELVE LYMPH NODES, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/12).

D. "LEFT PARAAORTIC LYMPH NODE" (LYMPHADENECTOMY): ONE LYMPH NODE, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/1).

E. "RIGHT PARAAORTIC LYMPH NODES (LYMPHADENECTOMY):

THREE LYMPH NODES, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/3).

I certify that I personally conducted the diagnostic evaluation of the above specimen(s) and have rendered the above diagnosis(es).

Performed by:

