1CD-0-3

UUID:F8B15B22-27A6-4D7A-BCDC-B46EBCA5888E Redacted TCGA-BK-A13B-01A-PR

Adinocarcinano, Endometriorid, NOS 8380/3 for 11/10/10 Str: Indometrium C54-1

SPECIMEN

A. Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes & ovaries

B. Left pelvic lymph node

C. Right pelvic lymph node

D. Periaortic lymph node

CLINICAL NOTES

PRE-OP DIAGNOSIS: Endometrial cancer

GROSS DESCRIPTION

A. Received fresh in a container labeled "uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes & ovaries" is a 157 gm, $7.5 \times 5.7 \times 5.7$

cm,

globoid uterine corpus, with contiguous 3 cm long cervix, and bilateral fallopian tubes and ovaries. The serosal surface is smooth tan-pink to tan-red, with a few rubbery whorled to focally calcified tan-white subserosal and intramural nodules compatible with leiomyomas, up to 4.6 cm in greatest dimension, with the largest leiomyoma located posteriorly. The annular 3 cm tan-pink-red ectocervix surrounds a 1 x 0.3 cm ovoid patent os.

The

uterus is opened. The 6×4.8 cm endometrial cavity contains fragmented friable pale-tan tumor which appears to be originating from the posterior wall. The anterior portion of endometrial

is lined by flattened tan-pink endometrium 0.1 cm thick. The posterior endometrial wall is completely covered by the friable tumor, which is up to 3.2 cm thick, and grossly invasdes through >50% of the myometrial thickness. The tumor appears to involve the lower uterine segment, but not the cervix. The endocervical canal is tan-pink and glistening, without focal lesions. Bilaterally,

the

tan-pink-gold ovaries average 2 x 1.4 x 1 cm. On cut surface, they are tan and without focal lesions. The centrally discontinuous tan-white right and left fallopian tubes end in fimbriae, and they average 3.8 cm long x 0.5 cm in diameter. On cut surface, they have

pinpoint to stellate lumina.

GROSS DESCRIPTION

BLOCK SUMMARY: A1 - anterior cervix; A2 - anterior LUS (point of continuity with cervix inked blue); A3-A6 - representative anterior endomyometrium, sequentially from fundus to LUS; A7 - posterior cervix; A8 - posterior LUS (point of continuity with cervix inked blue); A9-A14 - representative posterior endomyometrium, including full thickness uterine wall, sequentially from fundus to LUS (blocks

10&11, and 12&13, are paired bisected sections, with point of continuity between the sections inked, together making up complete cross-sections); A15,A16 - additional leiomyomas; A17 - right

fallopian tube and ovary; A18 - left fallopian tube and ovary.

B. Received fresh in a container labeled "left pelvic node" is a $6.6 \times 6 \times 2.1$ cm. aggregate of soft lobulated yellow adipose tissue with interspersed soft tan-pink-gold lymph nodes, up to 4 cm in greatest dimension. , with all lymph nodes submitted.

BLOCK SUMMARY: B1 - four lymph nodes; B2 - one bisected lymph node;

B3,B4 - one quadrisected lymph node; B5-B7 - one sectioned lymph node; B8-B10 - one sectoned lymph node.

C. Received fresh labeled "right pelvic lymph node" is a $6.7 \times 5.6 \times 2$ cm aggregate of similar-appearing tissue, with lymph nodes up to 4.5 cm in greatest dimension. , with all

lymph nodes submitted.

BLOCK SUMMARY: C1 - three lymph nodes; C2-C4 - one sectioned lymph node per block; C5-C8 - largest lymph node sectioned.

D. Received fresh in a container labeled "periaortic lymph

node" is a $4.8 \times 3.6 \times 1.6$ cm aggregate of similar-appearing tissue, with lymph nodes up to 3 cm in greatest dimension. . with all lymph nodes submitted.

GROSS DESCRIPTION

BLOCK SUMMARY: D1 - five lymph nodes; D2 - four lymph nodes; D3 - one sectioned lymph node.

MICROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION

The following template summarizes the findings in this case:

Histologic type: Endometrioid adenocarcinoma present in the uterus in part A. There are foci with squamous differentiation.

Histologic grade: FIGO grade 3

Myometrial invasion: There is invasion through greater than 50% of the myometrial wall.

Cervix: Although tumor involves the lower uterine segment posteriorly, the tumor does not extend to invade stromal connective tissue of the cervix.

Primary tumor (pT) TNM (FIGO): pT1b [IB]. Tumor invades greater than one-half of the myometrium.

Margins of resection: Negative for tumor.

Lymph-vascular invasion: Identified focally.

Regional lymph nodes (pN): pNO. The separately submitted lymph nodes in parts B, C, and D are negative for malignancy.

Distant metastasis (pM): pMX

Other findings: The fallopian tubes and ovaries are negative for malignancy.

Leiomyomas.

Note: Dr. concurs.

has reviewed representative slides and

4x3,5

DIAGNOSIS

A. Uterus, bilateral fallopian tubes and ovaries, excision - Endometrioid adenocarcinoma, with foci with squamous differentiation,

FIGO grade 3, invading through >50% of the myometrium, with focal lymph-vascular invasion (see microscopic description).

- Tumor extends to involve the lower uterine segment, but there is no stromal connective tissue invasion of the cervix.
- Leiomyomas.
- Fallopian tubes and ovaries negative for malignancy.
- B. Lymph nodes, left pelvic, excisionEight lymph nodes negative for malignancy.
- C. Lymph nodes, right pelvic, excision - Seven lymph nodes negative for malignancy.
- D. Lymph nodes, periaortic, excisionTen lymph nodes negative for malignancy.

(Electronic Signature)

--- End Of Report ---

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