adenocarcinona, endometrioid, NOS 8380/3 S.ta: Indometrium C54.1

Surg Path

CLINICAL HISTORY:

Malignant neo corpus uteri. Per E-browser, the patient has a FIGO 1 endometriod endometrial adenocarcinoma and endometriosis.

GROSS EXAMINATION:

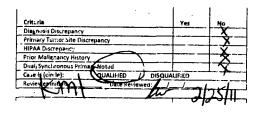
A. "Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes and ovaries", received fresh for frozen section is a 114 gram hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy specimen. (NOTE: The specimen cannot be definitively oriented due to extensive serosal and bilateral adnexal adhesions and probable endometriosis which obscure the usual orienting landmarks. The orientations used below are presumed.) There is a 3.1 x 2.1 cm area of heaped-up endometrium centered in the posterior endometrium that grossly appears to invade 2.6 cm into the 3.2 cm thick myometrium. The mass is tan and friable, with poorly defined borders, and comes within approximately 0.5 cm of the posterior lower uterine segment. The tumor does not involve the cervix or extend into the adnexa. The 0.2 cm thick endometrium is otherwise unremarkable. The myometrium displays approximately five firm, white, whorled nodules up to 1.7 cm in greatest dimension, and is otherwise unremarkable. The cervix displays a 1cm firm, white whorled submucosal nodule and is otherwise unremarkable. The posterior serosal surface of the uterus is diffusely covered with shaggy, tan-gray fibrous tissue which is continuous with adhesions involving the bilateral adnexa. The right fallopian tube $(3.5 \text{ cm long } \times 0.6 \text{ cm in diameter})$ is unremarkable. No definite right ovary is identified. Sectioning the right adnexal soft tissue reveals numerous chocolate cysts of up to 0.6 cm in greatest dimension. The left fallopian tube (3.5 cm long \times 0.4 cm diameter) is fixed to the anterior surface of the uterus by adhesions. No definite left ovary is identified. Sectioning the left adnexal soft tissue reveals a 2.7 cm unilocular chocolate cyst covered with adhesions that is affixed to the uterine fundus.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- posterior endomyometrium with tumor at deepest extent of invasion, bisected (frozen remnant AF1)
- A3-5remainder of tumor
- A6posterior lower uterine segment
- representative anterior endomyometrium with representative of largest A7white, firm, whorled lesions
- ARposterior uterine serosa with adhesions
- A9posterior cervix
- A10anterior cervix
- All-13- right fallopian tube and multiple representatives of right adnexa including chocolate cyst A14-
- representative of large chocolate cyst from left adnexa
- A15-17- representative of left fallopian tube and left adnexal soft tissue additional full-thickness tumor with posterior myometrium (serosal surface inked blue, tumor surface inked black)
- B. "Left pelvic nodes", received fresh and fixed in formalin is a 6 \times 5.8 \times 1 cm aggregate of fibroadipose tissue and lymph nodes. The specimen is dissected for lymph node candidates.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

- one lymph node candidate, bisected
- multiple intact lymph node candidates
- B5-9- remaining fibroadipose tissue





C. "Right pelvic nodes", received fresh and fixed in formalin is a 5.8 x 4.5 x 1.5 cm aggregate of lymph nodes and fibroadipose tissue. The specimen is dissected for lymph node candidates.

BLOCK SUMMARY:

one lymph node candidate, bisected C1-

multiple intact lymph node candidates C2-

one lymph node candidate, bisected C3-

one lymph node candidate, bisected C4-

C5-6- multiple intact lymph node candidates

C7-9- remaining fibroadipose tissue

Dr. /Dr. ; slides to Dr. ...

INTRA OPERATIVE CONSULTATION:

A. "Uterus, cervix, bilateral tubes, and ovaries":

AF1-2- (posterior endomyometrium with tumor in deepest extent, bisected) - endometrioid adenocarcinoma, FIGO I, invading 2.6 cm into a 3.2 cm thick myometrium

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION: Microscopic examination is performed.

IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL FINDINGS:

The immunoperoxidase tests reported herein were developed and their performance characteristics were determined by the

of them may not be creared or approved by Lie U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. These tests are used for clinical purposes. They should not be regarded as investigational or for research. This laboratory is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvements Amendments of 1988 (CLIA) as qualified to perform high complexity clinical testing.

PATHOLOGIC STAGE:

PROCEDURE: Hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy and lymphadenectomy

PATHOLOGIC STAGE (AJCC 6th Edition): pTla pN0 pMX

NOTE: Information on pathology stage and the operative procedure is transmitted to this Institution's Cancer Registry as required for accreditation by the Commission on Cancer. Pathology stage is based solely upon the current tissue specimen being evaluated, and does not incorporate information on any specimens submitted separately to our Cytology section, past pathology information, imaging studies, or clinical or operative findings. Pathology stage is only a component to be considered in determining the clinical stage, and should not be confused with nor substituted for it. The exact operative procedure is available in the surgeon's operative report.

DIAGNOSIS:

A. "UTERUS, CERVIX, BILATERAL TUBES AND OVARIES" (HYSTERECTOMY AND BILATERAL

ENDOMETRIOID ADENOCARCINOMA OF THE ENDOMETRIUM. FIGO GRADE: 1)OF 3 (WELL DIFFERENTIATED) TUMOR SIZE: 3.1 X 2.6 X 2.1 CM.

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF MYOMETRIAL INVASION: TUMOR CONFINED TO ENDOMETRIUM. SEE COMMENT.

LYMPHATIC/VASCULAR INVASION: SUSPICIOUS, SEE COMMENT. ADJACENT NON-NEOPLASTIC ENDOMETRIUM: ENDOMETRIAL INTRAEPITHELIAL NEOPLASIA

REMAINING MYOMETRIUM: EXTENSIVE ADENOMYOSIS, MULTIPLE LEIOMYOMAS, UP TO

1.7 CM IN GREATEST DIMENSION

CERVIX: LEIOMYOMA, 1 CM IN GREATEST DIMENSION

SEROSA: FIBROVASCULAR ADHESIONS SPECIMEN MARGINS: NOT INVOLVED

BILATERAL TUBES AND OVARIES: ENDOMETRIOSIS, FIBROVASCULAR ADHESIONS.

COMMENT: The tumor is an exophytic mass which is grossly suspicious for tumor invasion into the outer half of the myometrium. The frozen section slides also show areas of apparent deep myometrial tumor invasion. However, multiple permanent sections of these areas demonstrate that these tumor foci are actually present within adenomyosis, and do not invade the myometrium. This finding is confirmed by an immunostain for CD10, which demonstrates a cuff of endometrial stromal cells surrounding each tumor nest. Dr. notified of the change from the frozen section diagnosis via email.

B. "LEFT PELVIC NODES" (BIOPSY):

THIRTEEN LYMPH NODES, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/13).

C. "RIGHT PELVIC NODES" (BIOPSY):

TWELVE LYMPH NODES, NEGATIVE FOR MALIGNANCY (0/12).

I certify that I personally conducted the diagnostic evaluation of the above specimen(s) and have rendered the above diagnosis(es).

CI ADDENDUM 1:

Please see Image Cytometry Report tests.

___ _or results of supplementary

I certify that I personally conducted the diagnostic evaluation of the above specimen(s) and have rendered the above diagnosis(es).

