

# Social Networks and Social Theories

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# Social Network Analysis

Asks questions such as:

- ▶ What leads to alliances between countries?
- ▶ Which political donor is most influential in a state?
- ▶ Who becomes friends with who in an assisted living home?
- ▶ Does having more friends help you survive trauma?
- ▶ Do schools with on-campus housing create denser webs of friendships?
- ▶ Does trade between countries reduce the chances of war between them?

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How are they different?

- ▶ The network can be a cause or an effect.
- ▶ We are interested in individuals, the relationship between individuals, or the whole structure

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Did work with each other?
- ▶ Flows:
  - ▶ Did Information pass from one actor to another actor? Did money  
pass from one to another?



# Flows vs Interactions

Interactions are single events that are observable whereas flows are the transmission of something to another actor:

- ▶ Two actors interact in a purchase, and goods flow from one to another.

# Levels of Analysis

We can study networks at three levels of analysis:

- ▶ Actor level: The position of an individual within a network.
- ▶ Dyad level: The relationships that exist between all actors within a network and each other.
- ▶ Whole Network level: The overall structure of the network

# DV and IV

Quick refresher:

- ▶ Dependent variable: The effect, what we want to explain.
- ▶ Independent variable: The cause, what we think explains something else.

Networks can be either the DV or the IV

# Networks as a DV or an IV

- ▶ Actor level:
  - ▶ IV: An actor's position in a network explains...
  - ▶ DV: An actor is positioned in a network because of...
- ▶ Dyad level:
  - ▶ IV: Two actor's relationships explains...
  - ▶ DV: Two actors have a relationship because of...
- ▶ Network level:
  - ▶ IV: The structure of the network explains...
  - ▶ DV: The structure of the network is because of...

## Returning to our questions

What is the level of analysis and is the network the DV or the IV?

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# Network Theories