Congratulations! You passed!

Next Item

1 Which of the following are true? (Check all that apply.) 1/1 points Correct $igcap a_4^{[2]}$ is the activation output by the 4^{th} neuron of the 2^{nd} layer Correct $igcap a^{[2](12)}$ denotes activation vector of the 12^{th} layer on the 2^{nd} training example. Un-selected is correct $igcap a_4^{[2]}$ is the activation output of the 2^{nd} layer for the 4^{th} training example Un-selected is correct $a^{[2](12)}$ denotes the activation vector of the 2^{nd} layer for the 12^{th} training example. Correct X is a matrix in which each row is one training example. Un-selected is correct

points

The tanh activation usually works better than sigmoid activation function for hidden units because the mean of its output is closer to zero, and so it centers the data better for the next layer. True/False?

True

Yes. As seen in lecture the output of the tanh is between -1 and 1, it thus centers the data which makes the learning simpler for the next layer.

False

Which of these is a correct vectorized implementation of forward propagation for layer l,

•
$$Z^{[l]} = W^{[l]}A^{[l]} + b^{[l]}$$

•
$$A^{[l+1]} = g^{[l]}(Z^{[l]})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \bullet & Z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} A^{[l]} + b^{[l]} \\ \bullet & A^{[l+1]} = g^{[l+1]} (Z^{[l]}) \end{array}$$

•
$$Z^{[l]} = W^{[l-1]}A^{[l]} + b^{[l-1]}$$

$$oldsymbol{A}^{[l]}=g^{[l]}(Z^{[l]})$$

•
$$Z^{[l]} = W^{[l]}A^{[l-1]} + b^{[l]}$$

$$ullet \ A^{[l]} = g^{[l]}(Z^{[l]})$$

Correct

You are building a binary classifier for recognizing cucumbers (y=1) vs. watermelons (y=0). Which one of these activation functions would you recommend using for the output layer?

points

ReLU

Leaky ReLU

sigmoid

Correct

Yes. Sigmoid outputs a value between 0 and 1 which makes it a very good choice for binary classification. You can classify as 0 if the output is less than 0.5 and classify as 1 if the output is more than 0.5. It can be done with tanh as well but it is less convenient as the output is between -1 and 1.

Consider the following 1 hidden layer neural network:

slows down the optimization algorithm.



