

# Types

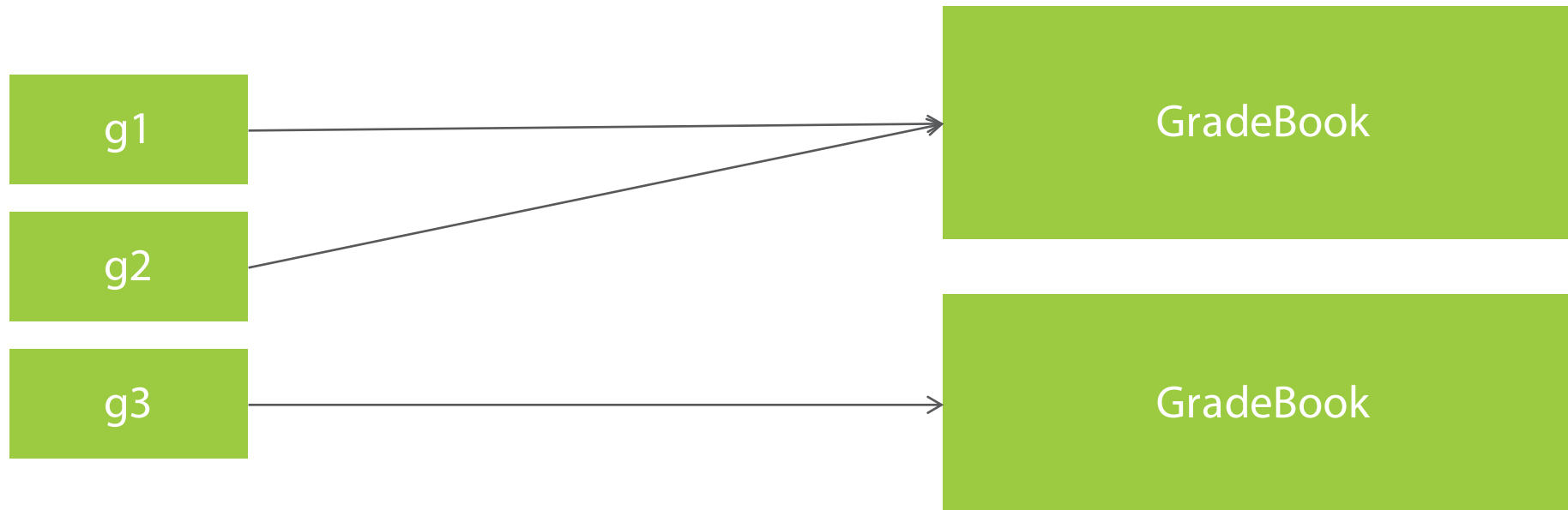


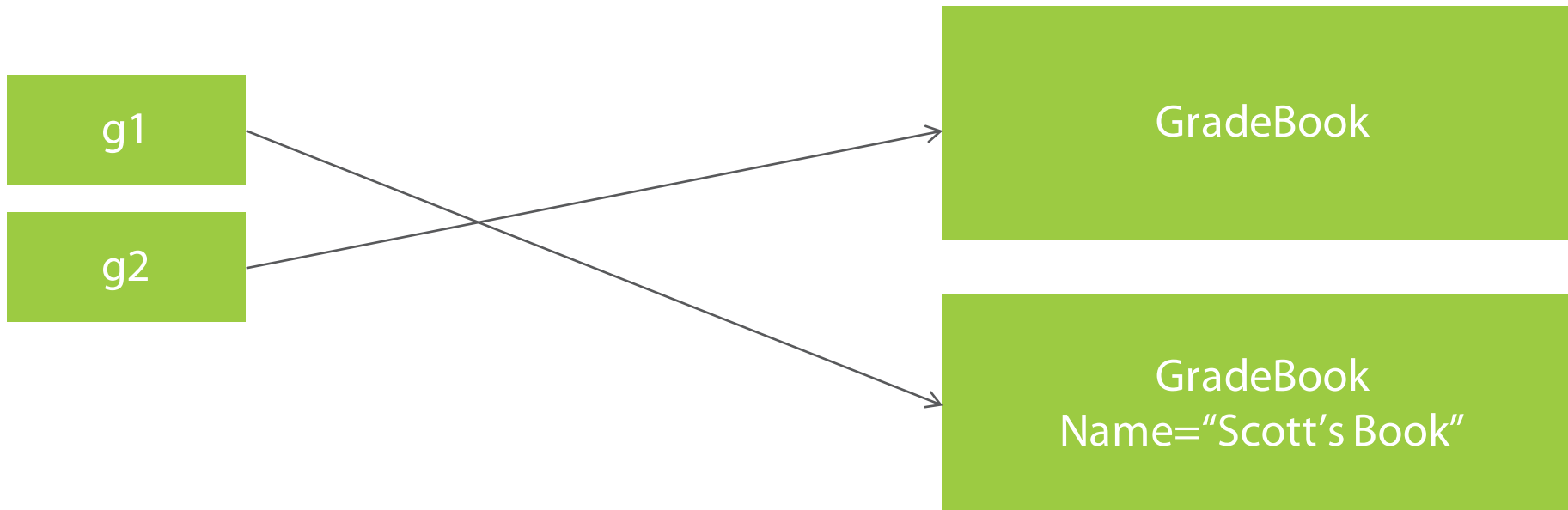
K. Scott Allen

@OdeToCode

# Reference Types

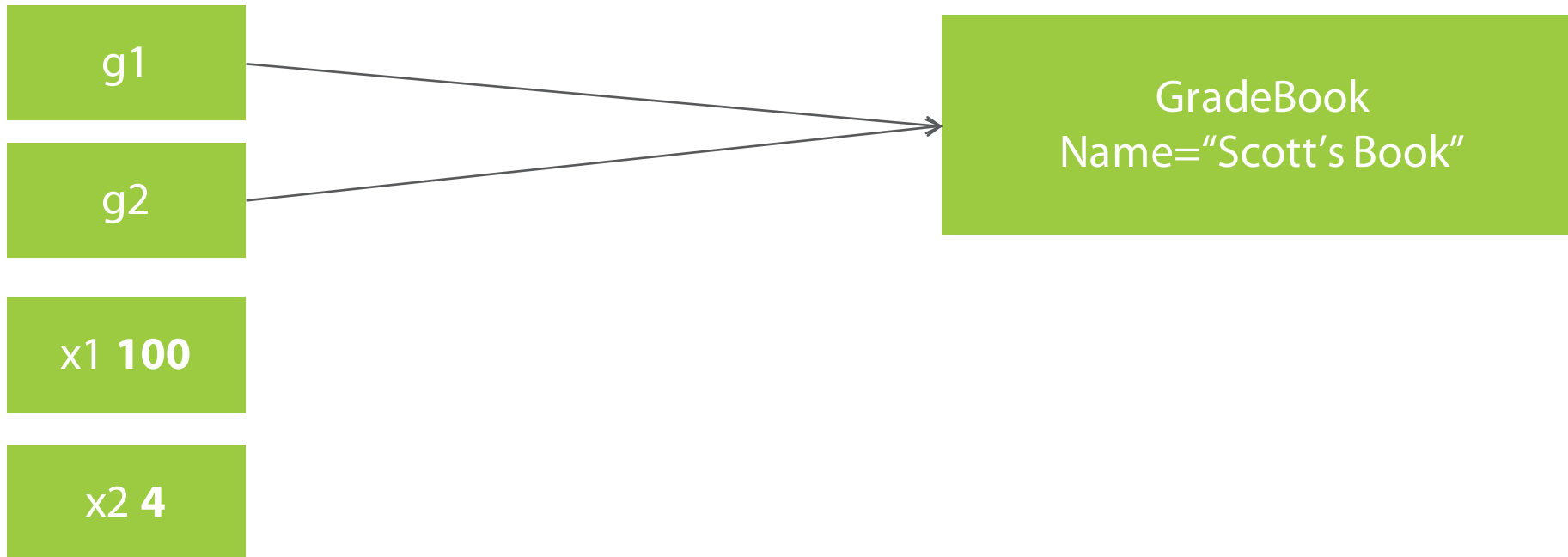
- **Variables store a reference to an object**
  - ❑ Multiple variables can point to the same object
  - ❑ Single variable can point to multiple objects over it's lifetime
  - ❑ Objects allocated into memory using new

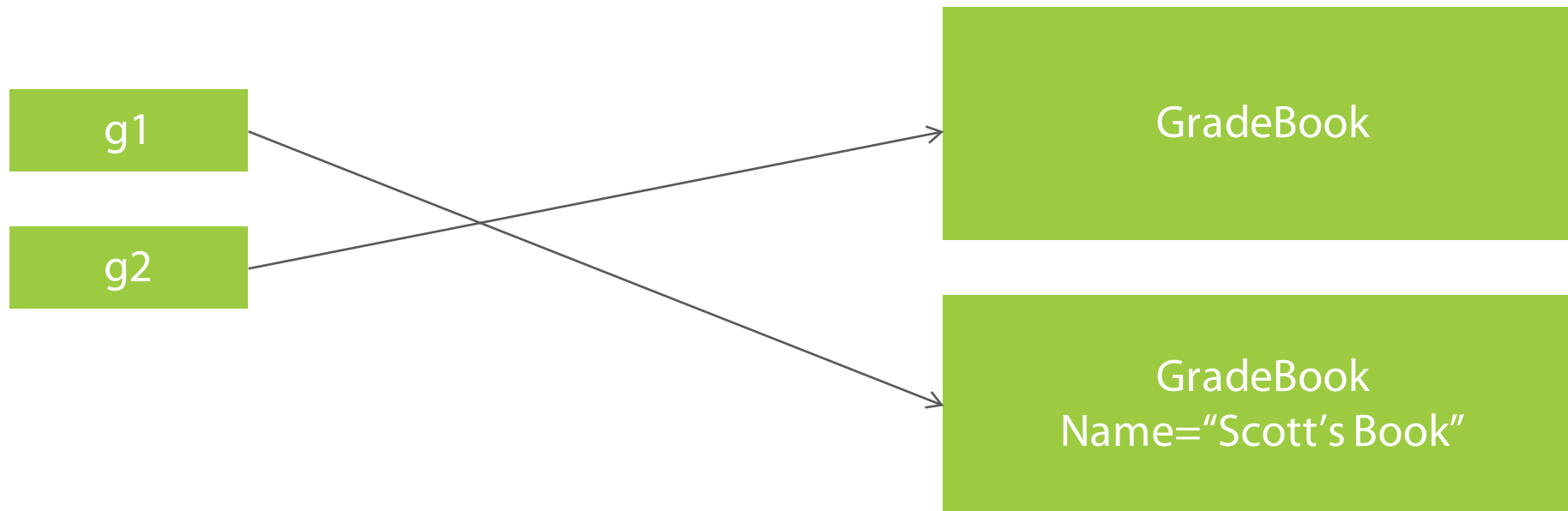


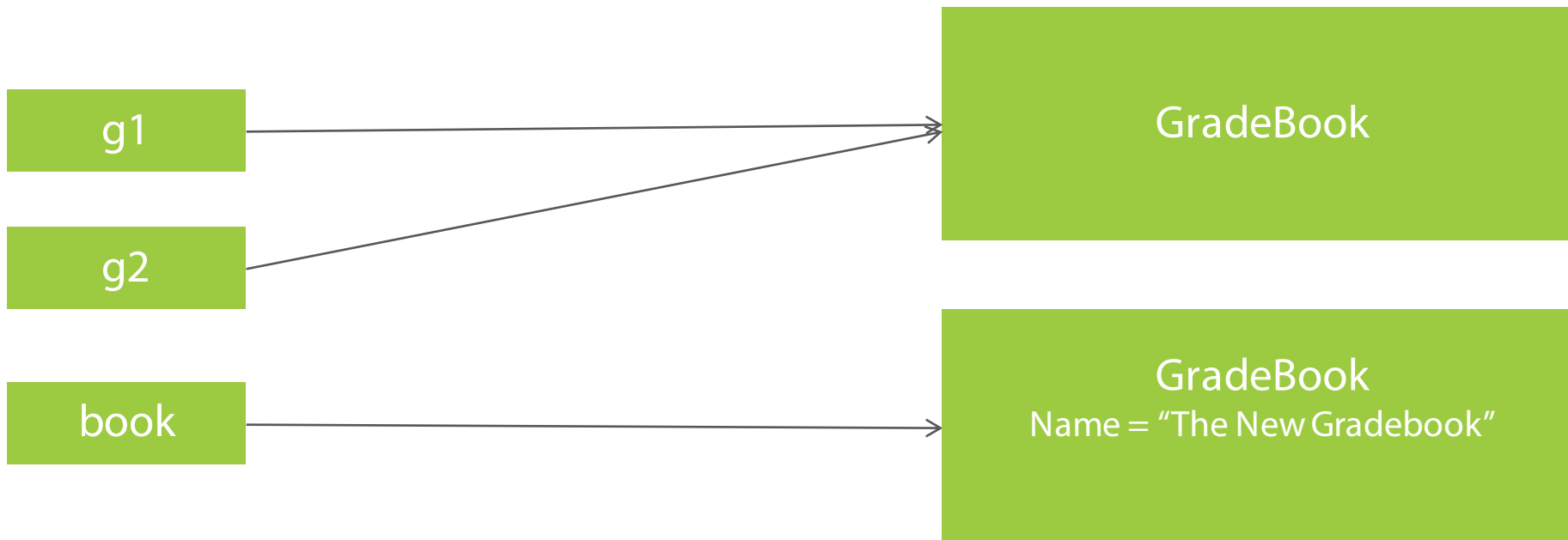


# Value Types

- **Variables hold the value**
  - No pointers, no references
- **Many built-in primitives are value types**
  - int, double, float







# Creating Value Types

- **struct definitions create value types**
  - Should represent a single value
  - Should be small

```
public struct DateTime
{
    // ...
}
```

# Enumerations

- An enum creates a value type
  - A set of named constants
  - Underlying data type is int by default

```
public enum PayrollType
{
    Contractor = 1,
    Salaried,
    Executive,
    Hourly
}
```

```
if(employee.Role == PayrollType.Hourly)
{
    // ...
}
```



# Method Parameters

- Parameters pass “by value”
  - Reference types pass a copy of the reference
  - Value types pass a copy of the value

```
public void DoWork(GradeBook book)
{
    book.Name = “Grades”;
}
```

# Immutability

- **Value types are usually immutable**
  - ❑ Can not change the value of 4
  - ❑ Can not change the value of August 9<sup>th</sup>, 2002

```
DateTime date = new DateTime(2002, 8, 11);  
date.AddDays(1)  
  
string name = " Scott ";  
name.Trim();
```

# Arrays

- **Manage a collection of variables**

- Fixed size
- Always 0 indexed

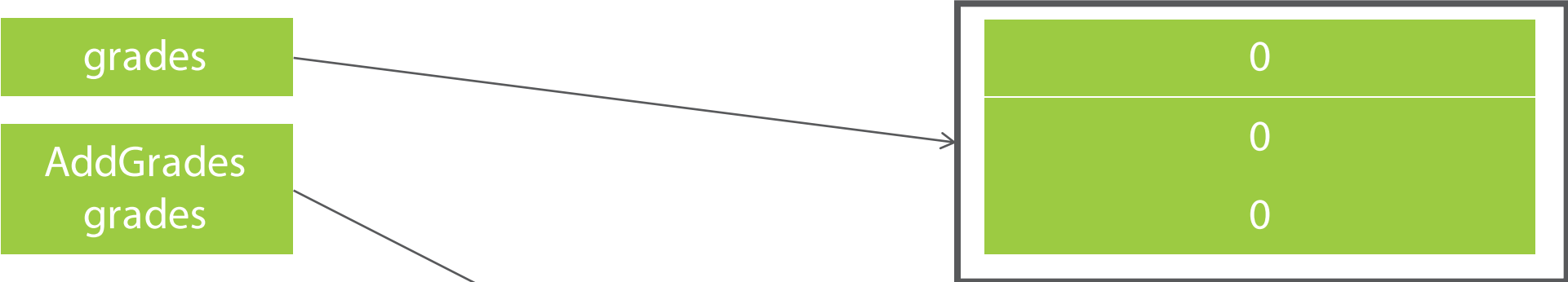
```
const int numberOfStudents = 4;
int[] scores = new int[numberOfStudents];

int totalScore = 0;
foreach(int score in scores)
{
    totalScore += score;
}

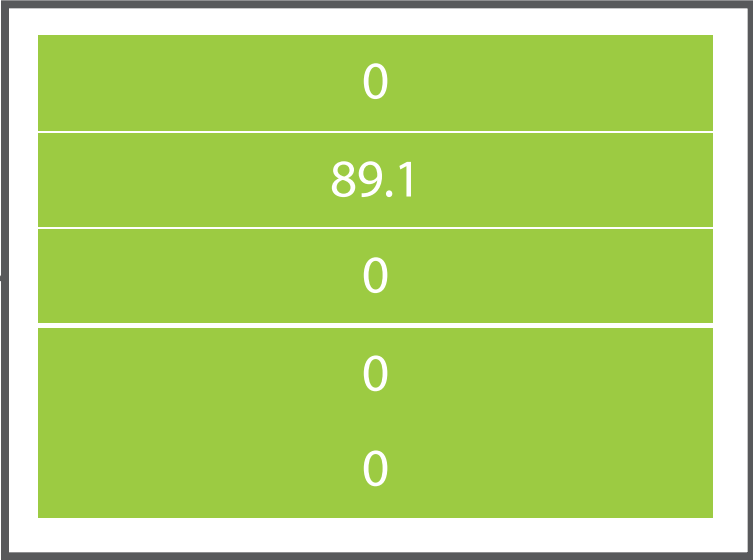
double averageScore = (double)totalScore / scores.Length;
```

grades

AddGrades  
grades



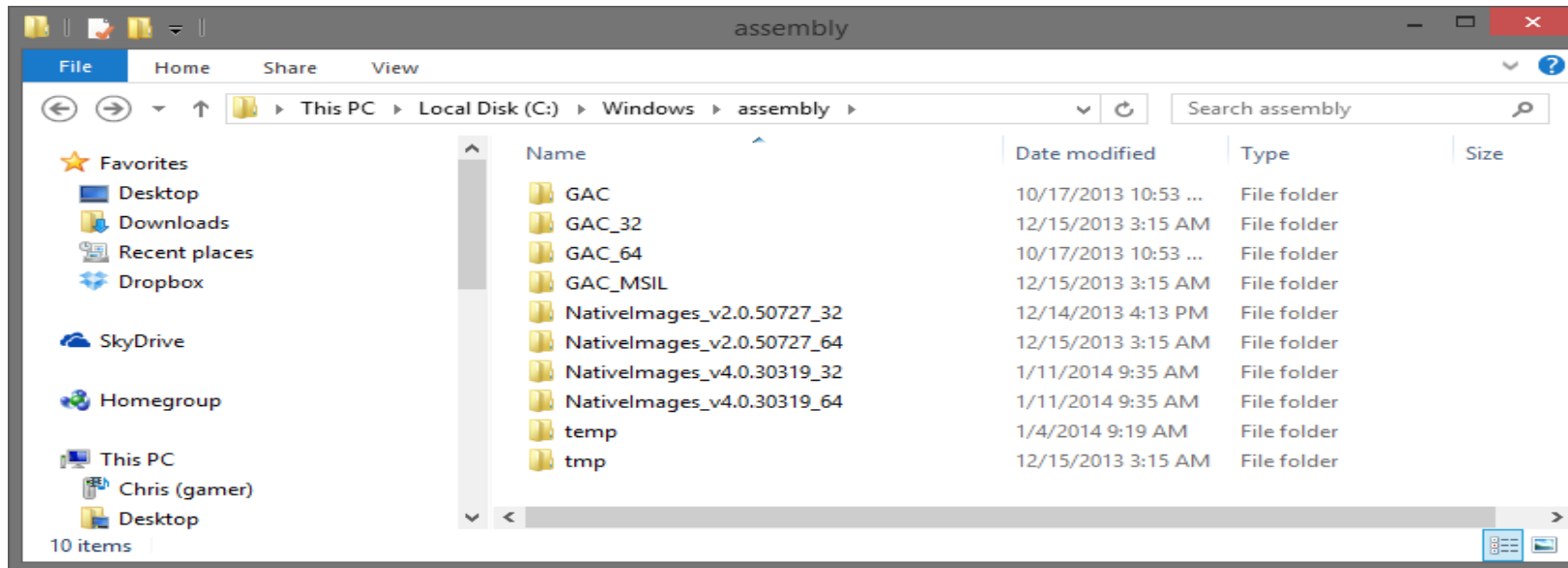
0
0
0



0
89.1
0
0

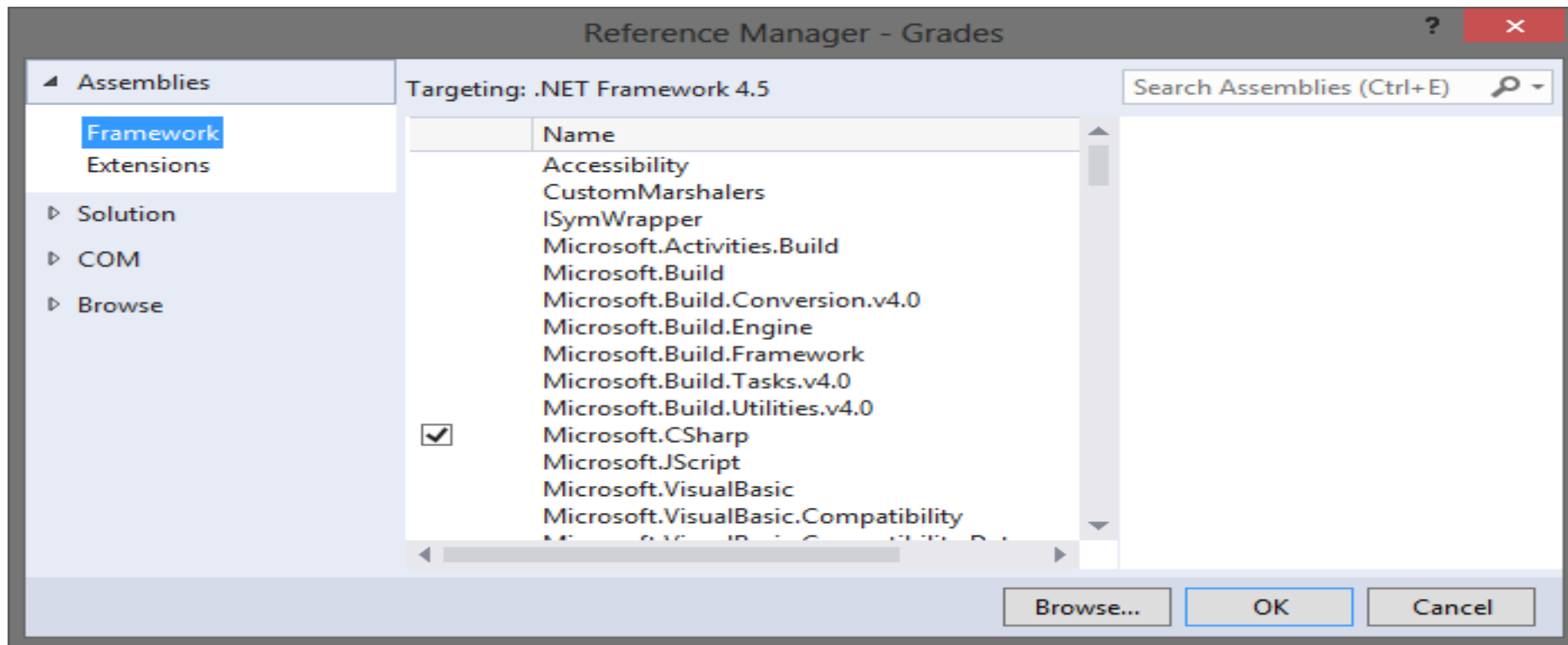
# Assemblies

- **Assemblies are .exe or .dll files**
  - Contain metadata about all types inside
- **Global Assembly Cache**
  - A central location to store assemblies for a machine



# References

- Must load assembly into memory before using types inside
  - Easy approach – reference the assembly in Visual Studio



# Summary

- **Every type is a value type or reference type**
  - Use struct to create a value type
  - Use class to create a reference type
- **Arrays and strings are reference types**
  - Strings behave like a value type