

# Inspiring Excellence

**Course Title: Programming Language II** 

Course Code: CSE 111 Lab Assignment no: 1

## **String**

1. From a given string, print the string in all uppercase if the number of uppercase letters is more than lowercase letters. Otherwise, if lowercase is greater or equal to uppercase letters, print all lowercase. The inputs will contain letters (A-Z, a-z) only.

**Sample Input** HOusE

ApplE BaNaNa **Sample Output** 

HOUSE apple banana

2. Given a string, print whether it is a number, word or mixed with digit and letters. If all the characters are numeric values, print NUMBER. If they are all letters, print WORD. If it is mixed, print MIXED.

**Sample Input** 

213213 jhg231j213 Hello **Sample Output** 

NUMBER MIXED WORD

3. In a given string, there will be two uppercase letters in between some lowercase letters. Print the substring from the first uppercase letter to the last uppercase letter excluding them. If there are no letters in between them, print the word BLANK. It is guaranteed that there will be only two uppercase letters in the string.

**Sample Input** 

baNgladEsh coDIng

**Sample Output** 

glad BLANK 4. Create a string from two given strings by concatenating common characters of the given strings.

**Sample Input** 

harry, hermione dean, tom

**Sample Output** 

hrrhr

Nothing in common.

5. Again, you have lost your USIS password!! You went to the registrar office and requested for a new password. This time, you need to follow some rules to set your password. Otherwise, they won't change it. The rules are

At least one lowercase letter

At least one uppercase letter

At least one digit (0-9)

At least one special character (\_ , \$ , #, @)

Your task is to find whether a given password follows all those rules. If it breaks any rule, you have to print Lowercase Missing, Uppercase Missing, Digit Missing or Special Missing respective to the missing case. For more than one rule break, print all the rules that were broken (order doesn't matter). If the password is ok, print OK.

#### **Sample Input**

ohMyBR@CU ohmybracu OhMyBR@CU20

## **Sample Output**

Digit missing

Uppercase character missing, Digit missing, Special character missing OK

# <u>List</u>

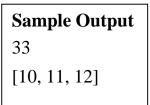
1. Write a python program which prints the frequency of the numbers that were given as input by the user. Stop taking input when you find the string "STOP". Do not print the frequency of numbers that were not given as input.

Sample Input	
10	
20	
20	
30	
10	
50	
90	
STOP	

Sample Output		
10 - 2 times		
20 - 2 times		
30 - 1 times		
50 - 1 times		
90 - 1 times		

2. Write a python program that calculates the sum of N given lists and prints the highest sum and its respective list. Input starts with N and followed by N lists.

Sample Input	
4	
1 2 3	
4 5 6	
10 11 12	
789	



3. Write a python program that prints a list which contains cross multiplication between two given lists.

**Sample Input** 

2 3 6

3 4 5

**Sample Output** 

[6, 8, 10, 9, 12, 15, 18, 24, 30]

4. Let there are N numbers in a list and that list is said to be a UB Jumper if the absolute values of the difference between the successive elements take on all the values 1 through N – 1. For example, 2 1 4 6 10 is a UB Jumper because the absolute differences between them are 1 3 2 4 which is all numbers from 1 to (5 - 1) or 4. Write a python program that takes a number sequence as input and prints whether it is a UB Jumper or Not UB Jumper. Input will stop after getting "STOP" as input. (Number order or absolute difference order doesn't follow any sequence.)

#### Sample Input

1423

214610

1 4 2 - 1 6

**STOP** 

**Sample Output** 

**UB** Jumper

**UB** Jumper

Not UB Jumper

5. BRACU has *n* students who are regular competitive programmers. According to the ACM ICPC rules, each person can participate in the regional championship at most 5 times.

The head of the BRACU ACM Chapter is recently gathering teams to participate in this championship. Each team must consist of exactly three people, at that, any person cannot be a member of two or more teams. What maximum number of teams can the head make if he wants each team to participate in the world championship with the same members at least *k* times?

The first line of input contains two integers, n and k. The next line contains n integers:  $y_1, y_2, ..., y_n$  ( $0 \le y_i \le 5$ ), where  $y_i$  shows the number of times the ith person participated in the ACM ICPC Regional.

Write a python program that prints how many teams can be formed according to the above problem statement.

Sample Input 1

52 04510

Sample Input 2

6 4 0 1 2 3 4 5

Sample Input 3

65 000000 Sample Output 1

1

Sample Output 2

0

Sample Output 3

2

# **Dictionary & Tuple**

1. Write a Python program to combine two dictionaries into one by adding values for common keys. Input contains two comma separated dictionaries. Print the new dictionary and create a **tuple** which contains unique values in sorted order.

#### **Sample Input**

a: 100, b: 100, c: 200, d: 300 a: 300, b: 200, d: 400, e: 200

#### **Sample Output**

{'a': 400, 'b': 300, 'c': 200, 'd': 700, 'e': 200}

Values: (200, 300, 400, 700)

2. Write a python program which prints the frequency of the numbers that were given as input by the user. Stop taking input when you find the string "STOP". Do not print the frequency of numbers that were not given as input. Use a dictionary to solve the problem

Sampl	le Input
4.0	

10

20

20

30

10

50

90

**STOP** 

## **Sample Output**

10 - 2 times

20 - 2 times

30 - 1 times

50 - 1 times

90 - 1 times

3. Write python code to invert a dictionary. It should print a dictionary where the keys are values from the input dictionary and the values are lists of keys from the input dictionary having the same value. Make sure the program handles multiple same values.

**Sample Input** 

key1: value1, key2: value2, key3: value1

**Sample Output** 

{ "value1" : ["key1", "key3"], "value2" : ["key2"] }

4. On some basic cell phones, text messages can be sent using the numeric keypad. Because each key has multiple letters associated with it, multiple key presses are needed for most letters. Pressing the number once generates the first character listed for that key. Pressing the number 2, 3, 4 or 5 times generates the second, third, fourth or fifth character.

Key	Symbols
1	.,?!:
2	ABC
3	DEF
4	GHI
5	JKL
6	MNO
7	PQRS
8	TUV
9	WXYZ
0	Space

Write a program that displays the key presses needed for a message entered by the user. Construct a dictionary that maps from each letter or symbol to the key presses needed to generate it. Then use the dictionary to create and display the presses needed for the user's message.

Sample Input Hello, World!

**Sample Output** 4433555555666110966677755531111