

## Buses

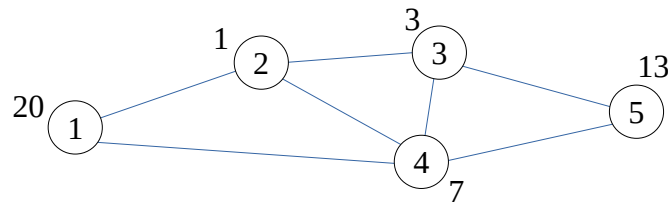
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There are  $N$  bus stations ( $2 \leq N \leq 3,000$ ) in the mountain area of Thailand. The height of bus station  $i$  is  $H_i$ . There are  $M$  direct routes between bus stations ( $1 \leq M \leq 30,000$ ). Route  $i$ , for  $1 \leq i \leq M$ , connects bus station  $A_i$  with bus station  $B_i$ . All bus routes are bidirectional, i.e., you can either go from  $A_i$  to  $B_i$  or from  $B_i$  to  $A_i$ .

There are many kinds of buses. A bus with power  $P$  can travel on a bus route from bus station  $i$  to bus station  $j$  only if  $H_j - H_i \leq P$ . Therefore, a particular bus might not be able to travel from one station to another through bus routes, if its power is too low. Note that for a bus route from bus station  $i$  to bus station  $j$ , if  $H_j < H_i$ , any bus can travel on this route, because it is a downhill route. (See example below)

There are  $Q$  questions ( $1 \leq Q \leq 10$ ). For each question, you are given a starting station  $S_j$  and a destination station  $T_j$ . You are also given the bus power  $P$ . You would like to know if a bus with power  $P$  can travel from station  $S_j$  to  $T_j$ .

Consider the following example with  $N = 5$  with  $M = 7$ . The height of each bus station is shown next to the bus station. (For example, bus station 1's height  $H_1$  is 20.)



The next table shows  $Q = 4$  questions traveling objectives and bus powers. The table also shows the answers to all questions.

| $j$ | $S_j$ | $T_j$ | $P_j$ | Possible? |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-----------|
| 1   | 1     | 5     | 6     | yes       |
| 2   | 1     | 5     | 5     | no        |
| 3   | 2     | 1     | 14    | yes       |
| 4   | 2     | 1     | 10    | no        |

## Input

The first line of input contains three integers  $N$   $M$  and  $Q$ . ( $2 \leq N \leq 3,000$ ;  $1 \leq M \leq 30,000$ ;  $1 \leq Q \leq 10$ )

The next line contains  $N$  integers  $H_1, H_2, \dots, H_N$  representing the heights of bus stations, i.e., bus station  $i$ 's height is  $H_i$ . ( $1 \leq H_i \leq 10,000$ )

The next  $M$  lines contain route information. Specifically, for  $1 \leq i \leq M$ , line  $2+i$  contains two integers  $A_i$  and  $B_i$ , that represent a route between station  $A_i$  and  $B_i$ . ( $1 \leq A_i \leq N$ ;  $1 \leq B_i \leq N$ )

The next  $Q$  lines contain questions. For  $1 \leq j \leq Q$ , line  $2+M+j$  contains three integers  $S_j$   $T_j$  and  $P_j$  ( $1 \leq S_j \leq N$ ;  $1 \leq T_j \leq N$ ;  $1 \leq P_j \leq 10,000$ ).

## Output

The output contains  $Q$  lines, each line answers the question for one passenger. On line  $j$ , the output should contain string **yes** if bus  $j$  with power  $P_j$  can travel from bus station  $A_i$  to bus station  $B_i$  and should contain string **no** otherwise.

(An example is in the next page.)

**Example**

| Input       | Output |
|-------------|--------|
| 5 7 4       | yes    |
| 20 1 3 7 13 | no     |
| 1 2         | yes    |
| 2 4         | no     |
| 4 1         |        |
| 3 2         |        |
| 3 4         |        |
| 3 5         |        |
| 4 5         |        |
| 1 5 6       |        |
| 1 5 5       |        |
| 2 1 14      |        |
| 2 1 10      |        |