



NO. 25 AJOSE ADEOGUN STREET, UTAKO DISTRICT, ABUJA

RELEASE DATE: June 26, 2024.

FOR IMMEDIATE PRESS RELEASE

TOWARD THE CELEBRATION OF WORLD DRUG DAY 2024 IN NIGERIA:

275 Nigeria Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) Sent An Open Letter To The President of Federal Republic of Nigeria By Urging Him To Reject and Not Assent To The NDLEA Act (Amendment) Bill (Hb.472) With The Approval Of Death Penalty For Drug Offences

(June 26 2024, Abuja, FCT)- About 275 Civil Society Organizations and networks working on drugs, health, human rights and justice issues in Nigeria have today sent out an Open Letter to the President of Federal Republic of Nigeria pleading and appealing to him to **REJECT AND ENSURE THE REMOVAL** of “**Death Penalty for Drug Offences**” **PASSED** Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act, 2004 (HB.472). The Open Letter is part of a national advocacy action by the Civil Society Organisations and networks to mark and celebrate the 2024 World Drug Day, which holds globally on June 26 every year.

Recall that on May 9, 2024, the Nigeria Senate passed an amendment to the NDLEA Act Cap N30 of the Laws of the Federal of Nigeria 2004 approving and reintroducing “Death Penalty” as punishment for drug offence in Nigeria. The proposed capital punishment also applies also to the “cooking, preparation, trafficking, and dealing in or delivery of hard drugs by any means” in Nigeria. As a leading democratic nation in Africa, it is our strong opinion that the action of the National Assembly by enacting another “**Militarized**”, “**Fiercest**” and “**Draconian**” **Drug Law in Africa** is very **RETROGRESSIVE** and **REPRESSIVE**, and **SHOULD NEVER BE SUPPORTED AND ACCEPTED** by you or the President.

However, we all recognized that the world drug problem is complex and multifaceted and that the challenges posed by drugs have wide-ranging adverse impact on security, human rights and development. This underscore that the multifaceted nature of the problem requires a comprehensive approach that includes law enforcement efforts ensuring people’s security and efforts in promoting health, human rights, including equality and non-discrimination, and sustainable development. Therefore, the Federal government should commit to promoting a truly evidence-based and balanced approach, whereby sufficient attention is given to measures that address the root causes of drug abuse and cultivation and other involvement in the drug trade. The promotion and

adoption of public health and human rights approaches to drug control response is the best global practice not reintroduction and imposition of a death penalty in the drug law of Nigeria.

As stated by the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, *“death penalty should be abolished for all crimes, including for drug offences, and law enforcement in drug control efforts should be consistent with States’ human rights obligations”*. Also, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) has also explicitly stated its opposition to the application of the death penalty for drug offences. In a 2010 Report, the UNODC Executive Director wrote that: *“As an entity of the United Nations system, UNODC advocates the abolition of the death penalty and calls upon Member States to follow international standards concerning prohibition of the death penalty for offences of a drug-related or purely economic nature”*.

As stated in the Open Letter to Mr. President, that introduction of death penalty for drug offences in the Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act, 2004 (HB.472) contradicts the ongoing implementation of Harm Reduction Program of the Federal Ministry of Health for persons who inject or dependent on drugs, as part of the public health response to the drug addressing drug related harm and the burden of HIV, Viral Hepatitis, Tuberculosis and Opioid Overdose management and prevention strategy. Hence; the enforcement of the Bill if signed into law will have a great negative impact on the provision of drug treatment, rehabilitation and harm reduction services to dependent drug users due to fear of imprisonment. It will place a great and significant pressure on already over-burdened criminal justice system in Nigeria. People incarcerated for drug offenses account for a substantial percentage of prisoners in Nigeria, and this highly negate the purpose and goal of enactment and the implementation of the Administration of Criminal Justice Act 2015 by the Federal Ministry of Justice in advancing justice sector reform and addressing prison overcrowding and overincarceration, including alternatives to incarceration and applying the principle of proportionality.

In this regard, the 275 Nigeria Civil Society Organizations and Networks are hereby appealing and requesting that Mr. President should as a matter of urgent public interest:

1. **OBJECT, REJECT AND ENSURE THE REMOVAL OF “DEATH PENALTY FOR DRUG OFFENCES”** from the approved Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act CAP, N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 (HB.472);
2. **NOT TO ASSENT** to the Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act, CAP, N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 (HB.472) without the removal of the “Death Penalty for Drug Offences” by the National Assembly;
3. Take action to **ABOLISH DEATH PENALTY** for all crimes and commuting all death sentences to terms of imprisonment in Nigeria including establishment of **AN OFFICIAL MORATORIUM ON EXECUTIONS** in Nigeria.
4. Take action to ensure that criminal justice system for drug law enforcement is sufficiently resourced and capable of investigating crimes effectively including supporting victims and ensuring that drug offenders have a fair trial without recourse to the death penalty;
5. Take action to reform and/or harmonize all Nigeria drug laws on the basis of existing and emerging minimum health and human rights standards, and advance drug policies that address social inequalities and root causes of drug related issues, as well as promote non-stigmatizing attitudes that deter access to drug treatment, rehabilitation and harm reduction services;

6. Take action toward decriminalization of drug use and low-level non-violent drug offences as a means to reduce the enormous pressures on overburdened criminal justice systems and protect Nigeria citizens from further harms, and adoption of Alternatives to Imprisonment for low-level drug offences/offenders and people dependent on drugs; and
7. Take action to ensure the integration and adoption of evidence-based, balanced, public health and human rights approaches to drug control and law enforcement in Nigeria.

Thank you.

God Bless Federal Republic of Nigeria.



NO. 25 AJOSE ADEOGUN STREET, UTAKO DISTRICT, ABUJA

June 26, 2024.

TO: His Excellency, Asiwaju Ahmed Bola Tinubu (GCFR)

The President & Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces
Federal Republic of
Nigeria
Abuja

CC.:

- Mr. Lateef Fagbemi, SAN. Honorable Minister of Justice & Attorney General of the Federation, Federal Ministry of Justice, Abuja
- Dr. Ali Pate, Coordinating Minister of Health and Social Welfare, Federal Ministry of Health, Abuja
- Mr. Anthony Ojukwu SAN, Executive Secretary, National Human Rights Commission (NHRC), Abuja
- Dr. Temitope Ilori, Director-General, National Agency for the Control of AIDS (NACA), Abuja
- Brig. Gen. Mohamed Buba Marwa (Rtd), CON, OFR. Chairman/Chief Executive, Nigeria Drug Law Enforcement Agency (NDLEA), Abuja
- Prof Moji Adeyeye, Director General, National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control (NAFDAC), Abuja

Your Excellency Sir,

RE: OPEN LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT OF FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA BY CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS (CSOS) IN NIGERIA URGING HIM TO REJECT AND NOT ASSENT TO THE NDLEA ACT (AMENDMENT) BILL (HB.472) WITH THE APPROVAL OF DEATH PENALTY FOR DRUG OFFENCES IN NIGERIA

As a network of Civil Society Organizations and partners working on drugs, health, human rights and justice issues in Nigeria, we are by this letter humbly and respectfully appealing that you use your good office as the President of Federal Republic of Nigeria to **REJECT AND ENSURE THE REMOVAL** of “**Death Penalty for Drug Offences**” **PASSED** by the 10th National Assembly in relation to the Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act, CAP, N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria,

2004 (HB.472),. The proposed capital punishment also applies to the “cooking, preparation, trafficking, and dealing in or delivery of hard drugs by any means” in Nigeria.

Also, it will interest you to note that there was **NO PROPER “Wide Public and Stakeholders Consultation or Hearing”** contrary to the claim of the Joint Committee on Judiciary, Human Rights and Legal Matters and Committee on Drugs and Narcotic. Our members and most civil society organizations (CSOs) working on drugs, development, health, human rights and justice issues in Nigeria were never invited to participate in any meeting or public consultation on the Bill by the Committee. Moreover, the Senate and House of Representative Committee on Health members were conspicuously excluded as a member of the Joint Committee which definitely limited the Joint Committee in its assessment on the drug problem in Nigeria.

More so, we **DISAGREE** with the report of the Joint Committee on Judiciary, Human Rights and Legal Matters and Committee on Drugs and Narcotic on the NDLEA Act (Amendment) Bill (HB.472), that the upward review of penalties of most offence in the Bill with death penalty will create a deterrent effect and discourage potential offenders from committing offences due to the higher perceived cost or consequence. This assertion is very deceptive and false in all ramifications as there is no evidence to back-up the claim was cited either in the document or during the debate. There is lack of any convincing evidence to support the argument that the death penalty is more effective in crime prevention than other punishment and other alternative approaches in Nigeria and across the globe. The UN Report 2015, affirmed that *“whether the offense is murder, a drug-related crime or terrorism, the scientific evidence for deterrence is unreliable, inconclusive and, in many instances, simply wrong”*.

In fact, as of December 31, 2022, **a total of 144 countries have abolished the death penalty in law or practice**, that is more than two-thirds of the countries in the world. About 112 countries have abolished the death penalty for all crimes, and about 9 countries have abolished the death penalty for all but exceptional crimes such as crimes under military law or crimes committed in exceptional circumstances. In this view, as a leading democratic nation in Africa, it is our strong opinion that the action of the National Assembly by enacting another **“Militarized”, “Fiercest” and “Draconian” Drug Law in Africa** is very **RETROGRESSIVE** and **REPRESSIVE**, and **SHOULD NEVER BE SUPPORTED AND ACCEPTED** by you as the President.

It is worthy to note that, in response to the heightening insecurity, violence and crimes in Nigeria, several State Governments have introduced laws or amended existing laws that prescribe the death penalty for offences of kidnapping, cattle rustling, cultism, banditry, or serving as an informant to bandits, in the hope that the law will serve as a deterrent or discourage others from committing such crimes, while failing to adequately address the underlying factors that have sustained the widespread violence or crime. At least 26 states currently have such laws in Nigeria.

According to the report from Nigerian Correctional Service (NCoS), 3,322 people are known to be on death row as of May 8, 2023. This is one of the highest figures recorded worldwide. That notwithstanding, kidnapping, banditry and violence have resulted in at least 1,717 civilian deaths and 1,543 abductions between January and December 2020. The number increased to 3,829 deaths and 5,634 abductions in 2021. Between January and September 2022, at least 4,550 deaths and 3,806 abductions occurred in the country. The security situation is further compounded by the incessant jailbreaks that have resulted in the escape of at least 4,062 inmates including 68 Boko Haram members from 2021 to date. That is to say, that the spate of insecurity and violent crimes challenges including drug related crimes in Nigeria cannot be solved by death penalty or punitive approach alone as it does not curb or potential /drug offenders or criminals

Historically, death penalty for drug offence is a footprint of a military regime in Nigeria. In 1984, the Military regime through the Special Tribunal (Miscellaneous Offences) Decree No. 20 introduced death penalty by firing squad for drug offences in Nigeria for the first time. The 1984 Decree was one of fiercest and most draconian drug law in Africa. The drug law was in effect applied retroactively. **Hence; the death penalty was replaced with life imprisonment through the Special Tribunal (Miscellaneous Offences) (Amendment) Decree of 1986 due to public outcry and condemnation against it.** The last execution in Nigeria was on 23 December 2016, when the Edo state governor signed the execution

warrant of Apostle Igene, Ogbomoro Omoregie, and Mark Omosowhota who had spent 20 years on death row after they were convicted and sentenced to death by the Military tribunals under the Robbery and Firearms (Special Provisions) Decree (As Amended). As a leading democratic nation in Africa, it is our strong opinion that the action of the National Assembly by enacting another **“Militarized”, “Fiercest” and “Draconian” Drug Law in Africa** is very **RETROGRESSIVE** and **REPRESSIVE**, and **SHOULD NEVER BE SUPPORTED AND ACCEPTED** by you or the President.

Moreover, you will agree with us that death penalty is the ultimate cruel, inhumane and degrading punishment and it violates the right to life as proclaimed in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) and in the 1999 Constitution (as amended) including other relevant international, regional and national human rights laws and treaties that applies to Nigeria. Death Penalty as a punishment is a premeditated and cold-blooded killing of a human being by the state in the name of justice. The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights affirmed that, *“death penalty should be abolished for all crimes, including for drug offences, and law enforcement in drug control efforts should be consistent with States’ human rights obligations”*. Also, the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) has also explicitly stated its opposition to the application of the death penalty for drug offences. In a 2010 Report, the UNODC Executive Director wrote that *“As an entity of the United Nations system, UNODC advocates the abolition of the death penalty and calls upon Member States to follow international standards concerning prohibition of the death penalty for offences of a drug-related or purely economic nature”*. Hence, in a 21st Century, the promotion and adoption of public health and human rights approach to drug control response is the best global practice not reintroduction and imposition of a death penalty in the drug law of Nigeria.

More importantly, the **reintroduction of death penalty for drug offences** in Nigeria contradicts the ongoing implementation of Harm Reduction Policy of the Federal Ministry of Health for persons who inject drugs, as part of its response to public health burden of HIV, Viral Hepatitis, Tuberculosis and Opioid Overdose management and prevention strategy, and as such the enforcement of the Bill if signed into law will have a great negative impact on the provision of drug treatment, rehabilitation and harm reduction services to dependent drug users due to fear of imprisonment. It also greatly contradicts the 5 keys underpinning principles that guide the development and implementation of the National Drug Control Master Plan (NDCMP) 2021–2025 in Nigeria in the areas of Promoting Continuity; Evidence-based; Adaptation; Empowerment; Gender and equity; and Inclusive response. The **reintroduction and use of death penalty for drug offences** will place a great and significant pressure on already over-burdened criminal justice system in Nigeria. People incarcerated for drug offenses account for a substantial percentage of prisoners in Nigeria, and this highly negate the purpose and goal of enactment and the implementation of the Administration of Criminal Justice Act 2015 by the Federal Ministry of Justice in advancing justice sector reform and addressing prison overcrowding and overincarceration, including alternatives to incarceration and applying the principle of proportionality.

However, in opposing, rejecting and condemning the death penalty for drug offences in Nigeria, we are in no way seeking to minimize or condone drug related crime for which the death penalty was recommended and approved by the 10th National Assembly. We acknowledge fully the negative impacts and harms of drug related crime in the Nigerian society and recognizes the duty of governments to protect the society and its members against such harms and effects. Also, we do not condone acts of violence and recognizes the duty of governments to bring to justice those responsible for criminal acts. However, the duty should not involve the taking of life of human beings by the government. The death penalty is not the solution to criminality and evidence from our work over the decades has shown the reluctance of the State Governors in signing death warrant and public execution on those on death row. This fact is no different in other climes where capital punishment for drug related offence is shrouded in secrecy, with limited evidence, marked by prolonged detention and growing budget of prison operations as well as mis-application of judgement or vindictive practices. There is no credible evidence that the death penalty has a greater deterrent effect on crime than prison terms.

Furthermore, we believe that people found guilty of drug crimes following a trial that meets international fair trial standards should be held accountable but without recourse to the death penalty. The fundamental goal of drug policies in Nigeria should be to improve the health, safety, security and socioeconomic well-being of people by reducing drug use, drug-related harms, illicit trafficking and associated crimes.

In the light of all above, and as Nigerians join the rest of the world to mark the World Drug Day 2024, WE DO HUMBLY AND RESPECTFULLY PLEAD AND REQUEST, as a matter of urgent public interest, that you:

1. **OBJECT, REJECT AND ENSURE THE REMOVAL OF “DEATH PENALTY FOR DRUG OFFENCES”** from the approved Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act CAP, N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 (HB.472);
2. **NOT TO ASSENT** to the Bill for an Act to amend the NDLEA Act, CAP, N30, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004 (HB.472) without the removal of the “Death Penalty for Drug Offences” by the National Assembly;
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4. Take action to ensure that criminal justice system for drug law enforcement is sufficiently resourced and capable of investigating crimes effectively including supporting victims and ensuring that drug offenders have a fair trial without recourse to the death penalty;
5. Take action to reform and/or harmonize all Nigeria drug laws on the basis of existing and emerging minimum health and human rights standards, and advance drug policies that address social inequalities and root causes of drug related issues, as well as promote non-stigmatizing attitudes that deter access to drug treatment, rehabilitation and harm reduction services;
6. Take action toward decriminalization of drug use and low-level non-violent drug offences as a means to reduce the enormous pressures on overburdened criminal justice systems and protect Nigeria citizens from further harms, and adoption of Alternatives to Imprisonment for low-level drug offences/offenders and people dependent on drugs; and
7. Take action to ensure the integration and adoption of evidence-based, balanced, public health and human rights approaches to drug control and law enforcement in Nigeria.

Thank you.

God Bless Federal Republic of Nigeria.

Sincerely,

FOR: ENDORSING CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS (CSOS) & NETWORKS IN NIGERIA



OKEREKE CHINWIKE ESQ.

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NATIONAL FOCAL POINT, WEST AFRICAN DRUG POLICY NETWORK (WADPN) NIGERIA CHAPTER

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ALAO-AMIOLA OLUWAFISAYO (MRS)

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[ENDORSED BY THE FOLLOWING CIVIL SOCIETY ORGANIZATIONS (CSOS) & NETWORKS IN NIGERIA]

1. *WEST AFRICAN DRUG POLICY NETWORK (WADPN) NIGERIA CHAPTER, ABUJA*
2. *YOUTH INITIATIVE FOR DRUG RESEARCH INFORMATION SUPPORT AND EDUCATION (YOUTHRISE), ABUJA*
3. *AFRICAN LAW FOUNDATION (AFRILAW), ABUJA*
4. *CIVIL SOCIETY LEGISLATIVE ADVOCACY CENTER (CISLAC), ABUJA*
5. *DRUG HARM REDUCTION ADVOCACY NETWORK NIGERIA (DHRAN), ABUJA*
6. *AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL, ABUJA*
7. *CENTER FOR PENAL AND JUSTICE DEVELOPMENT, ABUJA*
8. *LAWYERS ALERT, ABUJA*
9. *CHILD SHIELD INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
10. *ADVOCATES SANS FRONTIERES (LAWYER WITHOUT BORDERS) -FRANCE, ABUJA*
11. *POLICY AND LEGAL ADVOCACY CENTRE (PLAC), ABUJA*
12. *GLOBAL YOUTH SKILLS ACQUISITION AND POVERTY ERADICATION ORGANIZATION (GYSAPEI), ABUJA*
13. *CENTRE FOR THE RIGHT TO HEALTH, ABUJA*
14. *CALEB INITIATIVE FOR DRUG ABUSE AWARENESS (CIDAA FOUNDATION), ABUJA*
15. *A NEW THING INTERNATIONAL FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
16. *KEN PEACE ALIVE FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
17. *UMMAH SUPPORT INITIATIVE (USI), ABUJA*
18. *LUNAE CENTER FOR PENAL AND JUSTICE DEVELOPMENT, ABUJA*
19. *SCALE OF JUSTICE FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
20. *CENTER FOR PEACE ADVOCACY AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, ABUJA*
21. *GRASSROOTS CENTER FOR RIGHTS AND CIVIC ORIENTATION, ABUJA*
22. *WOMEN INITIATIVE FOR LEADERSHIP STRATEGY AND INNOVATION IN AFRICA (WOMEN AFRICA), ABUJA*
23. *A NEW THING INTERNATIONAL FOUNDATION, ABUJA.*
24. *ANTI CULTISM INITIATIVE AND OTHER THREATS TO STUDENTS AND YOUTHS IN AFRICA, ABUJA*
25. *BARRACKS YOUTHS AND ADOLESCENTS NETWORK (BYAN), ABUJA*
26. *BINTA FREE MEDICALOUTREACH AFRICA, ABUJA*
27. *HEALTHY LIFE ADVANCEMENT PROMOTION INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
28. *CHRISTABELS CONCEPTS SERVICES, ABUJA*
29. *CREATIVE MEDIA CENTER FOR DEVELOPMENT, ABUJA*
30. *HEARTLAND ALLIANCE NIGERIA, ABUJA*
31. *NDE ODUKO FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
32. *UMMAH SUPPORT INITIATIVE(USI) ABUJA*

33. *OGEDEGEDE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
34. *LEADING POWER REACH-OUT INTERNATIONAL (LEPROI), ABUJA*
35. *OLU-OBASI REACHOUT FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
36. *PARENTS AGAINST DRUG ABUSE(PADA), ABUJA*
37. *RECONNECT HEALTH DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
38. *MEN UNITED FOR GENDER JUSTICE IN NIGERIA INITIATIVE (MENUNITED), ABUJA*
39. *SAVING AND ADVANCING THE LIVES OF TEENAGERS (S.A.L.T) FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
40. *THE MANDATE HEALTH EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE, ABUJA STATE*
41. *VANGUARD AGAINST DRUG ABUSE, ABUJA*
42. *WOMEN FRIENDLY INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
43. *YOUNG AMBASSADOR AGAINST DRUG ABUSE INITIATIVE(YAADAI), ABUJA*
44. *YOUTHS AGAINST DRUG ABUSE AND DISEASE (YADA), ABUJA*
45. *NDE ODUKO FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
46. *EDUCATION AS A VACCINE, ABUJA*
47. *PRAWA INTERNATIONAL, ABUJA*
48. *AFRICAN YOUTHS REHABILITATION INITIATIVE (AYRI), ABUJA*
49. *COALITION FOR HUMAN DEVELOPMENT, ABUJA*
50. *NOBLE MISSIONS FOR CHANGE INITIATIVE (NMI), ABUJA*
51. *LIFE BUILDERS' INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
52. *TRIPLE JUSTICE FOUNDATION, ABUJA*
53. *GLOBAL RIGHTS NIGERIA, ABUJA*
54. *PARTNERS NIGERIA, ABUJA*
55. *KEEN AND CARE INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
56. *WOMEN'S RIGHTS ADVANCEMENT AND PROTECTION ALTERNATIVE (WRAPA), ABUJA*
57. *YOUTHS EMPOWERMENT EDUCATION INITIATIVE, ABUJA*
58. *SOFT PURE HEART HEALTH GIVERS EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE (SPHHGEI), ABIA STATE*
59. *DANIEL NWANKWO FOUNDATION, ABIA STATE*
60. *FOUNDATION FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RIGHTS, ADVOCACY & DEVELOPMENT, ABIA STATE*
61. *GOOD HEART FOR HEALTH ORGANIZATION (GHHO), ABIA STATE*
62. *ZINNOK INITIATIVE FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN, ABIA STATE*
63. *HERO'S HEALTH COMMUNITY SUPPORT INITIATIVE, ANAMBRA STATE*
64. *HERO'S HEALTH COMMUNITY SUPPORT, ANAMBRA STATE*
65. *COMMUNITY POLICIING PARTNERS (COMPPART FOUNDATION), AKWA-IBOM*
66. *PSYCHOLOGISTS BEYOND BARRIERS INITIATIVE, AKWA IBOM STATE*
67. *CENTER FOR RESEARCH AND INFORMATION ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE (CRISA), AKWA IBOM STATE*
68. *BROKLINE FOUNDATION, AKWA IBOM STATE*
69. *CENTRE FOR RESEARCH AND INFORMATION ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE (CRISA), AKWA IBOM STATE,*
70. *CHILDREN & YOUTHS EMANCIPATION NETWORK, AKWA IBOM STATE*

71. FOUNDATION FOR SOUND MIND AND CRISIS INTERVENTION (FOSMACIN), AKWA IBOM STATE
72. MOBILE MANNA, AKWA IBOM STATE
73. PSYCHOLOGISTS BEYOND BARRIERS INITIATIVE, AKWA IBOM STATE
74. EXCELLENCE COMMUNITY EDUCATION WELFARE SCHEME, AKWA IBOM STATE
75. INITIATIVE FOR HEALTH AND RIGHTS, AKWA IBOM STATE
76. MOBILE MANNA FOUNDATION, AKWA IBOM STATE
77. GRACE AND HOPE YOUTH FOUNDATION, ADAMAWA STATE
78. PRO-ACTIVE RESPONSE [PAR], ADAMAWA STATE
79. ZIREENZA SUPPORT FOUNDATION (ZSF), ADAMAWA STATE
80. GLOBAL HEALTH AND SOCIAL AWARENESS FOUNDATION, ADAMAWA STATE
81. COMMUNITY LINKS AND HUMAN EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE (CLHEI), BENUE STATE
82. HOPE AND CARE FOUNDATION, BENUE STATE
83. DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION AWARENESS (DAPAI), BENUE STATE
84. MARGARET GOERGE DEVELOPMENT (MAGDEV) FOUNDATION, BENUE AND NASARAWA STATE
85. COMMUNITY LINKS AND HUMAN EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE, BENUE STATE
86. CONCERNED YOUTH DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, BENUE STATE
87. DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION AWARENESS INITIATIVE(DAPAI), BENUE STATE
88. HOPE AND CARE FOUNDATION, BENUE STATE
89. CONCERNED YOUTH FOR DEVELOPMENT BENUE STATE
90. BETTER LIFE RESTORATION INITIATIVE [BERI], BAUCHI STATE
91. BAUCHI HUMAN RIGHTS NETWORK, BAUCHI STATE
92. COUNCIL FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION (COFAA), BAUCHI STATE
93. VICTORIAN PEACE FOUNDATION, BAUCHI, GOMBE, AND PLATEAU STATE
94. HEALTH ACTION SUPPORT INITIATIVE, CALABAR STATE
95. DEVELOPMENT OPTIONS INT'L CENTER FOR WOMEN AND YOUTH ADVANCEMENT(DO), CROSS RIVER STATE
96. EDMUND BASSEY FOUNDATION, CROSS RIVER STATE
97. INIATIVE FOR GOODLEADERSHIP, CROSS RIVER
98. NEIGHBOURHOOD CARE-WELL FOUNDATION, CROSS RIVER STATE
99. HEALTH ACTION SUPPORT INITIATIVE (HASI), CROSS RIVER STATE 100. LITE AFRICA, DELTA STATE
101. CENTER FOR PEACE AND ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE, DELTA STATE
102. BENSTHER DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, ENUGU STATE
103. GLOBAL HEALTH AWARENESS RESEARCH FOUNDATION (GHARF), ENUGU STATE
104. CENTRE FOR MMADU ON HUMAN RIGHTS (C4M), ENUGU STATE
105. DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY CENTRE (DSC), ENUGU STATE
106. CATHOLIC INSTITUTE FOR DEVELOPMENT JUSTICE AND PEACE (CIDJAP), ENUGU STATE
107. PARENT-CHILD INITIATIVE (PCI), ENUGU STATE
108. CHRISTIAN CENTRE FOR COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT (3CD), ENUGU STATE

109. NEW CENTURY INITIATIVE, ENUGU STATE
110. CENTER FOR MMADU ON HUMAN RIGHTS (C4M), ENUGU STATE
111. HUMAN RIGHT VOLUNTEER CORPS (HRVC), ENUGU STATE
112. DIVINE ERA DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL RIGHTS INITIATIVE (DEDASRI), ENUGU STATE
113. DEVELOPMENT, EDUCATION, &ADVOCACY RESOURCES FOR AFRICA (DEAR AFRICA), ENUGU STATE
114. CIVIL RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT & DOCUMENTATION CENTRE (CIRDDOC), ENUGU STATE
115. BINA FOUNDATION, ENUGU STATE
116. CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION, EMPOWERMENT AND REMEDY, ENUGU STATE
117. CHARITY HEART FOR GOOD HEALTH FOUNDATION, ENUGU STATE
118. COMMUNITY HEALTH AND INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH, ENUGU STATE
119. CORRIDORS OF HOPE HEALTHCARE INITIATIVES(COHHI), ENUGU STATE
120. LIFELINE PLUS FOUNDATION, ENUGU STATE
121. PARENT CHILD INTERVENTION CENTRE, ENUGU STATE
122. PRISONERS REHABILITATION AND WELFARE ACTION (PRAWA), ENUGU STATE
123. SOCIETY FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF RURAL PEOPLE (SIRP), ENUGU STATE
124. YOUTH AND CHILD SUPPORT INITIATIVE, ENUGU STATE
125. LABOUR AND ENVIROMENT FOUNDATION AFRICA, ENUGU STATE
126. NEW LIFE COMMUNITY CAREER INITIATIVE (NELCCI), ENUGU STATE
127. LEGAL REDRESS AND JUSTICE CENTRE (LRJC), ENUGU SATTE
128. MEDIATING FOR THE LESS PRIVILEGED, ENUGU STATE
129. TEENAGE DEVELOPMENT FOR AFRICA, ENUGU STATE
130. CARMELITE PRISONERS INTEREST (CAPIO), ENUGU STATE
131. INSTITUTE OF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT (IGD), ENUGU STATE
132. IFENDU FOR WOMEN DEVELOPMENT, ENUGU STATE
133. HEALTH EDUCATION PROMOTERS' ASSOCIATION (HEPA), ENUGU STATE
134. ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE (EEDI), ENUGU STATE
135. CHARITY HEART FOR GOOD HEALTH INITIATIVE, ENUGU STATE
136. ACTION IN DISTRESS FOUNDATION (AIDS), ENUGU STATE
137. PASSION AFLAME MISSION INTERNATIONAL (PAMIL), ENUGU STATE
138. COMMUNITY HEALTH AND INT. RESEARCH ORGANIZATION (CHIRO), ENUGU STATE
139. GODWIN SOPAT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, ENUGU STATE
140. CARING HEART INITIATIVE FOR ADVOCACY DEVELOPMENT AND EMPOWERMENT (CHIADE), EDO STATE
141. INTERNATIONAL CENTER FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT, EDO STATE
142. TAMPEP ASSOCIATION ONLUS, EDO AND OGUN STATE
143. FEDERATION OF YOUNG FARMERS CLUB, EDO STATE
144. AYERE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, EDO STATE

145. *BLUE CROSS, EDO STATE*
146. *CARING HEART INITIATIVE FOR ADVOCACY, EDO STATE*
147. *WILLI JOHNSON FOUNDATION, EDO STATE*
148. *INDOMITABLE YOUTHS' ORGANIZATION (IYO), EDO STATE*
149. *INITIATIVE FOR HEALTH AND RIGHTS, EDO STATE*
150. *INT'L CENTRE FOR WOMEN EMPOWERMENT AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT, EDO STATE*
151. *SECURING THE CREATIVE GOLDMINE IN YOUTH INITIATIVE, EDO STATE*
152. *SMILES AFRICA INTERNATIONAL YOUTH DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, EDO STATE*
153. *TAMPEP ASSOCIATION ONLUS, EDO STATE*
154. *CONNECTED ADVOCACY/EDO CHANGE NETWORK, EDO STATE*
155. *DEVELOPMENT AND INTEGRITY INTERVENTION GOAL FOUNDATION, EBONYI STATE*
156. *ABRAHAM CHILDREN FOUNDATION, EBONYI STATE*
157. *COMMUNITY ACTION FOR INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT (CO-AID), EBONYI STATE*
158. *DEVELOPMENT & INTEGRITY INTERVENTION GOAL (DIG), EBONYI STATE*
159. *DIVINE ERA DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL RIGHTS INITIATIVE, EBONYI STATE*
160. *ALBARKA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, GOMBE STATE*
161. *NORTHERN NIGERIA WOMEN INITIATIVE FOR SOCIAL CHANGE, GOMBE STATE.*
162. *PSYCARE HEALTH RIGHTS FOUNDATION, GOMBE STATE*
163. *TWENTY-ONE TREES INITIATIVES FOR AFFORESTATION, GOMBE STATE*
164. *MOTHERHEN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, GOMBE STATE*
165. *DRUG FREE AND PREVENTIVE HEALTHCARE ORGANIZATION, GOMBE STATE*
166. *KISHIMI SHELTER AND CARE FOUNDATION, GOMBE, BORNO AND KADUNA STATE*
167. *YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH INITIATIVE, IBADAN STATE*
168. *BRADS FOUNDATION (BENCHWAY FOUNDATION FOR THE REHABILITATION OF DRUG ABUSERS), IMO STATE*
169. *YOUTH AWAKE FOR BETTER SOCIETY, IMO STATE*
170. *HABITATCARE AND PROTECTION INITIATIVE, IMO STATE*
171. *BETTER COMMUNITY LIFE INITIATIVE (BECOLIN), IMO STATE*
172. *YOUTH AWAKE FOR BETTER SOCIETY (YABS), IMO STATE*
173. *AYUNUKU HEALTH EDUCATION CENTRE, KADUNA STATE*
174. *BENJAMIN BISSAN SHEKARI LIVES ON FOUNDATION (BBSLOF), KADUNA STATE*
175. *CHANGE INITIATIVE, KADUNA STATE*
176. *DETOXNATION, KADUNA STATE*
177. *KETTERING COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT INITIATIEVS, KADUNA STATE*
178. *KINDHEARTS INITIATIVE FOR HEALTH DEVELOPMENT, KADUNA STATE*
179. *MILESTONES FOUNDATION, KADUNA STATE*
180. *NATSUWA RECOVERY FOUNDATION, KADUNA STATE*
181. *SOCIETY FOR DRUG ABUSE ENLIGHTENMENT & CONTROL, KADUNA STATE*

182. *WAVE MAKERS INITIATIVE FOR HEALTH AND YOUTH EMPOWERMENT, KADUNA STATE*
183. *CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE LIVING FOR PEACE INITIATIVE, KADUNA STATE*
184. *AYUNUKU HEALTH EDUCATION CENTRE, KADUNA STATE*
185. *BENJAMIN BISSAN SHEKARI LIVE ON FOUNDATION (BBSLOF), KADUNA STATE*
186. *TAIMAKO HEALTH SUPPORT INITIATIVE, KANO STATE*
187. *ADOLESCENT HEATH AND INFORMATION PROJECT, KANO STATE*
188. *TAMAICO HEALTH SUPPORT INITIATIVE, KANO STATE*
189. *KULA DA KAI YOUTH DEVELOPMENT, KANO STATE*
190. *NERVE CENTRE FOR COMMUNITY EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE, KANO STATE*
191. *HEALTH CARE SUPPORT SERVICE (HCSS), ENUGU STATEGCR INITIATIVE, KANO STATE*
192. *CENTRE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND SOCIAL ADVANCEMENT (CEFSAN), KANO STATE*
193. *TAIMAKO HEALTH SUPPORT INITIATIVE, KANO AND JIGAWA STATE*
194. *KATSINA PEACE AND DEVELOPMENT ORGANISATION, KATSINA STATE*
195. *SOCIO-ECONOMIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER, KOGI STATE*
196. *TRIOS HUMAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, KWARA STATE*
197. *MISTLETOES COMMUNITY HEALTH AND RIGHTS INITIATIVE (MCHARI), LAGOS STATE*
198. *LEGAL DEFENCE ASSISTANCE PROJECT (LEDAP), LAGOS STATE*
199. *RULE OF LAW AND ACCOUNTABILITY (RULAAC), LAGOS STATE*
200. *COMMUNITY AID DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION (CADEF), LAGOS STATE*
201. *RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC LAW CENTRE (REPLACE), LAGOS STATE*
202. *EQUAL HEALTH AND RIGHTS ACCESS ADVOCACY INITIATIVE (EHRAAI), LAGOS STATE*
203. *NIGERIA NETWORK PEOPLE WHO USE DRUGS- NNPUD (DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION AND HEALTH CARE INITIATIVE), LAGOS STATE*
204. *UNIFIED INITIATIVE FOR A DRUG FREE NIGERIA, LAGOS STATE*
205. *WATER OF LIFE FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE*
206. *GREENSPRING DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, LAGOS AND DELTA STATE*
207. *THE SHIELD YOUTH AND COMMUNITY NETWORK, LAGOS STATE*
208. *MISTLETOE COMMUNITY HEALTH & RIGHT INITIATIVE (MCHARI), LAGOS STATE*
209. *ELIXIR TRUST FOUNDATION, LAGOS AND BENUE STATE*
210. *AFRICAN YOUTHS INITIATIVE ON CRIME PREVENTION (AYICRIP), LAGOS STATE*
211. *A&D REFERAL, LAGOS STATE*
212. *AFRICAN YOUTHS' INITIATIVE ON CRIME PREVENTION, LAGOS STATE*
213. *BEAUGE FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE*
214. *BIOHEALTH CORDIAL CARE INITIATIVE, LAGOS STATE*
215. *CHRIST AGAINST DRUG ABUSE MINISTRY, LAGOS STATE*
216. *DOTHE DREAM YOUTH DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, LAGOS*
217. *FREEDOM FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE*
218. *GRACEHILL HEALTHY MIND INITIATIVE, LAGOS STATE*

219. GREENWEALTH COMMUNITY INITIATIVE, LAGOS STATE
220. GREENSPRING DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, LAGOS STATE
221. HOPE FOR ADDICTS, LAGOS STATE
222. KARIS FAMILY DEVELOPMENT AND RESOURCE CENTRE (KARIS), LAGOS STATE
223. MISTLETOES COMMUNITY HEALTH&RIGHT INITIATIVE, LAGOS STATE
224. NIGERIA YOUTH AID PROGRAMME, LAGOS STATE
225. NIGHTINGALE MENTAL HEALTH FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE.
226. SAVE GREEN VOLUNTEERS INITIATIVE (SGLVI), LAGOS STATE
227. THE DRUG SALVATION FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE
228. THE SHELTER YOUTH AND COMMUNITY NETWORK, LAGOS STATE
229. TREASURE LIFE CENTRE, LAGOS STATE
230. UNIFIED INITIATIVE FOR A DRUG FREE NIGERIA, LAGOS STATE
231. WATER OF LIFE FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE
232. WELLSPRING REHABILITATION CENTRE, LAGOS STATE
233. HUMAN RIGHTS NETWORK OF NIGERIA (HRN), LAGOS STATE
234. NOPRIN FOUNDATION, LAGOS STATE
235. INITIATIVE FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CHANGE IN NIGERIA (IYDCN), NASSARAWA STATE
236. AUTAMAIMASA HEALTH FOUNDATION, KADUNA & NASARAWA STATE
237. FAMILY HEALTH CARE FOUNDATION, NASARAWA STATE
238. INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN LAWYERS (FIDA), NATIONWIDE
239. OMBUSMAN CONSULTANCY SERVICES, NIGER STATE
240. ESTEEMED HUB FOUNDATION, NIGER STATE
241. AFRICAN FOUNDATION FOR ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT (AFED), OGUN STATE
242. STEPHANIE PEACEBUILDING AND DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION(SPADEV), OGUN STATE
243. ADEM COMMUNITY & HUMAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION, OGUN STATE
244. HEALTH EDUCATION AND EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE (HEDEN), OGUN STATE
245. GOD'S KIDS FOUNDATION, OGUN STATE
246. POSITIVE YOUTH AND FAMILY LIFE MISSION, OGUN STATE
247. STUDENTS FOR SENSIBLE DRUG POLICY, OGUN STATE
248. JUSTICE, DEVELOPMENT AND PEACE MAKERS' CENTER (JDPMC OSOGBO), OSUN STATE
249. JUSTICE, DEVELOPMENT AND PEACEMAKERS' CENTRE (JDPMC), OSUN STATE
250. YOUTH AWAKE FOR BETTER SOCIETY, OYO STATE
251. COMPASSIONATE EMPOWERMENT AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, OYO STATE
252. DEVELOPMENT AND EMPOWERMENT INITIATIVE, OYO STATE
253. GOODWORKER MINISTRY INTERNATIONAL, OYO STATE
254. YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH INITIATIVE, OYO STATE
255. NETWEALTH REHABILITATION INITIATIVE, PLATEAU STATE
256. VOLUNTEER FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, PLATEAU STATE

- 257. *NETWEALTH REHABILITATION INITIATIVE, PLATEAU STATE*
- 258. *CHARIS HEALTHCARE & COMMUNITY SUPPORT INITIATIVE, PLATEAU STATE*
- 259. *ISANA CENTRE FOR INFORMATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT (ICISAT), PLATEAU STATE*
- 260. *CENTRE FOR ENVIRONMENT, HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEVELOPMENT (CEHRD), RIVERS STATE*
- 261. *180 DEGREES, RIVERS STATE*
- 262. *CENTRE FOR ADVOCACY ON DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE (CARDS), RIVER STATE*
- 263. *PILGRIMS AFRICA HEALTH FOUNDATION, RIVERS*
- 264. *GENDER AND DEVELOPMENT ACTION, RIVERS STATE*
- 265. *ACCESS AFRICA FOR RIGHTS AND DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, RIVERS STATE*
- 266. *CENTER FOR ADVOCACY ON DRUGS AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE (CARDS), RIVERS STATE*
- 267. *WOMEN PEACE AND SECURITY NETWORK, RIVERS STATE*
- 268. *YOUTH RESCUE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANISATION, RIVERS AND PLATEAU STATE*
- 269. *HIS DIVINE TOUCH FAMILY INITIATIVE (HDTFI), SOUTHSOUTH*
- 270. *REACHING UNREACHABLE REFUGEES AND PEACE INITIATIVE, TARABA STATE*
- 271. *CENTER FOR EQUITABLE HEALTH SUPPORT AND RIGHTS INITIATIVE (CEHESRI), TARABA STATE*
- 272. *THE REFORMED DRUG AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE INITIATIVE (REDSAI), TARABA STATE*
- 273. *THE REFORMED DRUG AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE INITIATIVE (REDSAI), TARABA STATE*
- 274. *HUMAN PROGENY, UYO STATE*
- 275. *CENTRE FOR COMMUNITY EXCELLENCE ZAMFARA (CENCEX), ZAMFARA STATE*