

## Sine Wave

Output a sine wave:

$$O(t) = \text{Amp} * \sin(\text{Freq} * t + \text{Phase}) + \text{Bias}$$

Sine type determines the computational technique used. The parameters in the two types are related through:

$$\text{Samples per period} = 2 * \pi / (\text{Frequency} * \text{Sample time})$$

$$\text{Number of offset samples} = \text{Phase} * \text{Samples per period} / (2 * \pi)$$

Use the sample-based sine type if numerical problems due to running for large times (e.g. overflow in absolute time) occur.

## Parameters

Sine type: Time based

Time (t): Use simulation time

Amplitude:

1

Bias:

0

Frequency (rad/sec):

1

Phase (rad):

0

Sample time:

0

☒ Interpret vector parameters as 1-D

OK

Cancel

Help

Apply