Block Pa	arameters: Sine Wave1	×
Sine Wave		
Output a sine wave:		
O(t) = Amp*Sin(Freq*t+Phase) + Bias		
Sine type determines the computational technique used. The parameters in the two types are related through:		
Samples per period = 2*pi / (Frequency * Sample time)		
Number of offset samples = Phase * Samples per period / (2*pi)		
Use the sample-based sine type if numerical problems due to running for large times (e.g. overflow in absolute time) occur.		
Parameter	S	
Sine type:	Time based	~
Time (t):	Use simulation time	~
Amplitude	:	Ī
Amplitude	:][]
	:][]
1	:	
1 Bias:	: / (rad/sec):	
1 Bias:		
1 Bias: 0 Frequency	γ (rad/sec):	
1 Bias: 0 Frequency	γ (rad/sec):	
Bias: 0 Frequency 12 Phase (race	/ (rad/sec): d):	
Bias: O Frequency 12 Phase (race)	/ (rad/sec): d):	
Bias: O Frequency 12 Phase (race) O Sample tine	r (rad/sec): d): ne:	
Bias: O Frequency 12 Phase (race) O Sample tine	/ (rad/sec): d):	