Homework 2 Solutions

1. Ex. 7

```
\begin{array}{ll} & ((-1)\times x)+x\\ =& ((-1)\times x)+(x\times 1) & \{\times \text{ identity}\}\\ =& (x\times (-1))+(x\times 1) & \{\times \text{ commutative}\}\\ =& x\times ((-1)+1) & \{\times \text{ distributive law}\}\\ =& x\times 0 & \{+ \text{ complement}\}\\ =& 0 & \{\times \text{ null}\} \end{array}
```

2. Ex. 8

```
((x + (((-1) \times (x + y)) + z)) + y)
   (x + ((((-1) \times x) + ((-1) \times y))) + z) + y)
                                                        {distributive law}
= ((x + ((-1) \times x) + (((-1) \times y) + z)) + y)
                                                        {+ associative}
   ((x + ((-1) \times x)) + (((-1) \times y) + z) + y)
                                                        {+ associative}
   ((((-1)\times y)+z)+y)
                                                        {+ complement}
   ((z + ((-1) \times y)) + y)
                                                        {+ commutative}
                                                        \{+associative\}
= (z + (((-1) \times y) + y))
   z + 0
                                                        \{\times \text{negation}\}
                                                        \{+identity\}
```

3. **Ex. 9**

```
 \begin{array}{lll} & (x \wedge y) \vee y \\ = & y \vee (x \wedge y) & \{ \vee \operatorname{commutative} \} \\ = & (y \vee x) \wedge (y \vee y) & \{ \vee \operatorname{distributive} \} \\ = & (y \vee x) \wedge y & \{ \vee \operatorname{idempotent} \} \\ = & (x \vee y) \wedge y & \{ \vee \operatorname{commutative} \} \\ = & y & \{ \wedge \operatorname{absorption} \} \end{array}
```

4. **Ex.** 10

Lemma: $x \wedge \text{True} = x \{ \land \text{identity} \}$

```
x \wedge \text{True}
(\neg(\neg x)) \land (\neg(\neg \text{True}))
                                                        \{double negation\} \times 2
\neg((\neg x) \lor (\neg \text{True}))
                                                        {∨DeMorgan}
\neg((\neg x) \lor (\neg(\text{False} \to \text{False})))
                                                        {self-implication}
\neg((\neg x) \lor (\neg((\neg \text{False}) \lor \text{False})))
                                                        {implication}
 \neg((\neg x) \lor (\neg(\neg \text{False})))
                                                        \{ \lor identity \}
\neg((\neg x) \vee \text{False})
                                                        {double negation}
\neg(\neg x)
                                                        \{ \lor identity \}
                                                        {double negation}
```

Proof:

```
((\neg x) \land y) \lor (x \land (\neg y))
 (((\neg x) \land y) \lor x) \land (((\neg x) \land y) \lor (\neg y))
                                                                                        {distributive law}
(x \vee ((\neg x) \wedge y)) \wedge ((\neg y) \vee ((\neg x) \wedge y))
                                                                                        \{ \lor commutative \}
((x \vee (\neg x)) \wedge (x \vee y))) \wedge ((\neg y) \vee ((\neg x) \wedge y))
                                                                                        {distributive law}
 (((\neg x) \lor x) \land (x \lor y))) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        \{ \lor \text{commutative} \}
 ((x \to x) \land (x \lor y))) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        {implication}
 (\text{True} \land (x \lor y)) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        {self-implication}
 ((\neg(\neg \text{True})) \land (\neg(\neg(x \lor y)))) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        \{double negation\} \times 2
                                                                                        {∨ DeMorgan}
 (\neg((\neg \text{True}) \lor (\neg(x \lor y)))) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
(\neg((\neg(x \lor y)) \lor (\neg \text{True}))) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        {∨ commutative}
((\neg(\neg(x\vee y)))\vee(\neg(\neg\mathrm{True})))\wedge((\neg y)\vee((\neg x)\wedge y))
                                                                                        {∨ DeMorgan}
 ((x \lor y) \lor \text{True}) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        \{\text{double negation}\} \times 2
 (x \lor y) \land ((\neg y) \lor ((\neg x) \land y))
                                                                                        \{ \land identity \}
 (x \vee y) \wedge (((\neg y) \vee (\neg x)) \wedge ((\neg y) \vee y)))
                                                                                        {∨ distributive}
(x \vee y) \wedge (((\neg y) \vee (\neg x)) \wedge (y \to y))
                                                                                        {implication}
(x \lor y) \land (((\neg y) \lor (\neg x)) \land \text{True})
                                                                                        {self-implication}
(x \lor y) \land ((\neg y) \lor (\neg x))
                                                                                        \{ \land identity \}
                                                                                        {∨DeMorgan}
(x \lor y) \land (\neg(x \land y))
```

5. Ex. 12

$$x \lor ((\neg y) \land (\neg z))$$

True $\{ \vee \text{null} \}$

$$(d) \qquad (x = \text{False}, \ y = \text{True}, \ z = \text{True})$$

$$= ((\neg \text{True}) \land (\neg \text{True})) \lor \text{False} \quad \{ \lor \text{commutative} \}$$

$$= ((\neg \text{True}) \land (\neg \text{True})) \quad \{ \lor \text{identity} \}$$

$$= \text{True} \lor \text{True} \quad \{ \lor \text{DeMorgan} \}$$

$$= \text{True} \quad \{ \lor \text{null} \}$$

```
(e)
                 (x = \text{True}, y = \text{False}, z = \text{False})
                         True \vee ((\negFalse) \wedge (\negFalse))
                         ((\neg False) \land (\neg False)) \lor True
                                                                              \{\lor commutative\}
                         True
                                                                              \{ \lor null \}
(f)
                 (x = \text{True}, y = \text{False}, z = \text{True})
                         \mathrm{True} \vee ((\neg \mathrm{False}) \wedge (\neg \mathrm{True}))
                         ((\neg False) \land (\neg True)) \lor True
                                                                             \{ \lor commutative \}
                         True
                                                                             \{ \vee \text{null} \}
(g)
                 (x = \text{True}, y = \text{True}, z = \text{False})
                         True \vee ((\negTrue) \wedge (\negFalse))
                         ((\neg \text{True}) \land (\neg \text{False})) \lor \text{True}
                                                                             \{ \lor commutative \}
                         True
                                                                             \{ \vee \text{null} \}
(h)
                 (x = \text{True}, y = \text{True}, z = \text{True})
                         \mathrm{True} \vee ((\neg \mathrm{True}) \wedge (\neg \mathrm{True}))
                         ((\neg \text{True}) \land (\neg \text{True})) \lor \text{True}
                                                                             \{ \lor commutative \}
                         True
                                                                             \{ \vee \text{null} \}
```