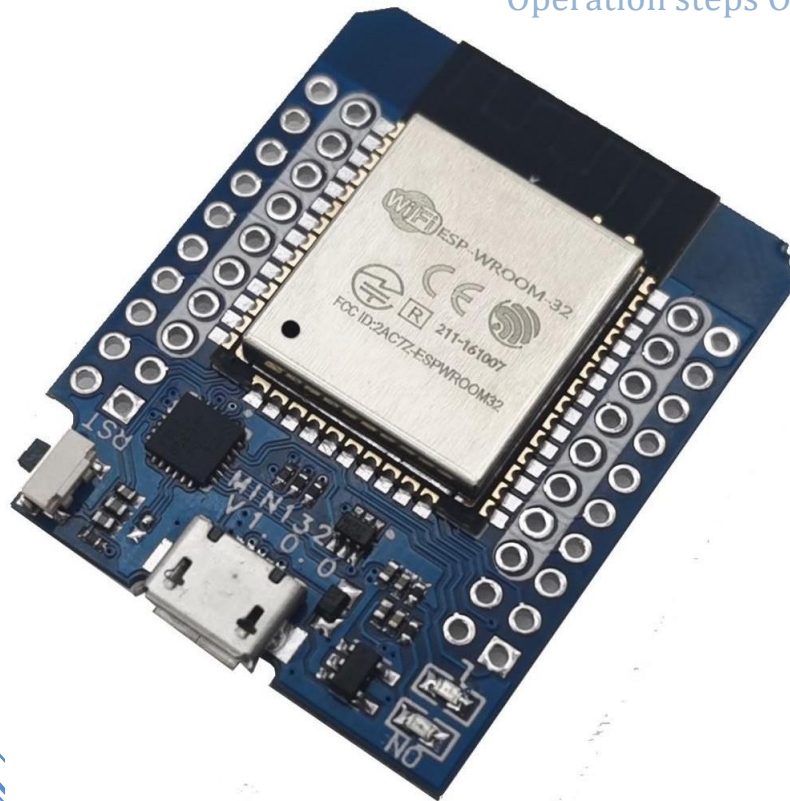


ESP320

Operation steps OF ESP32

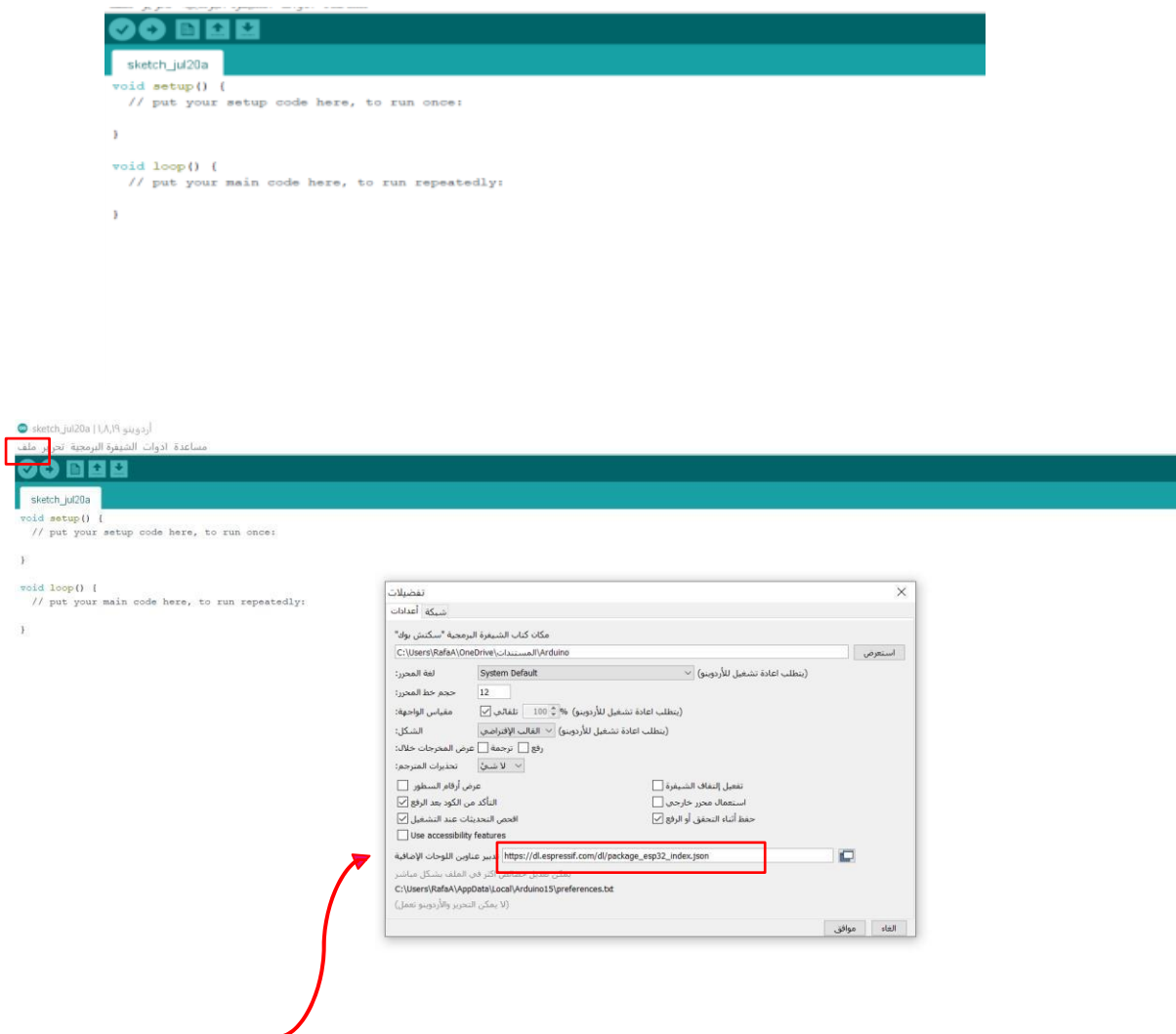


Reyouf Hassan

Step 1

- download Arduino IDE

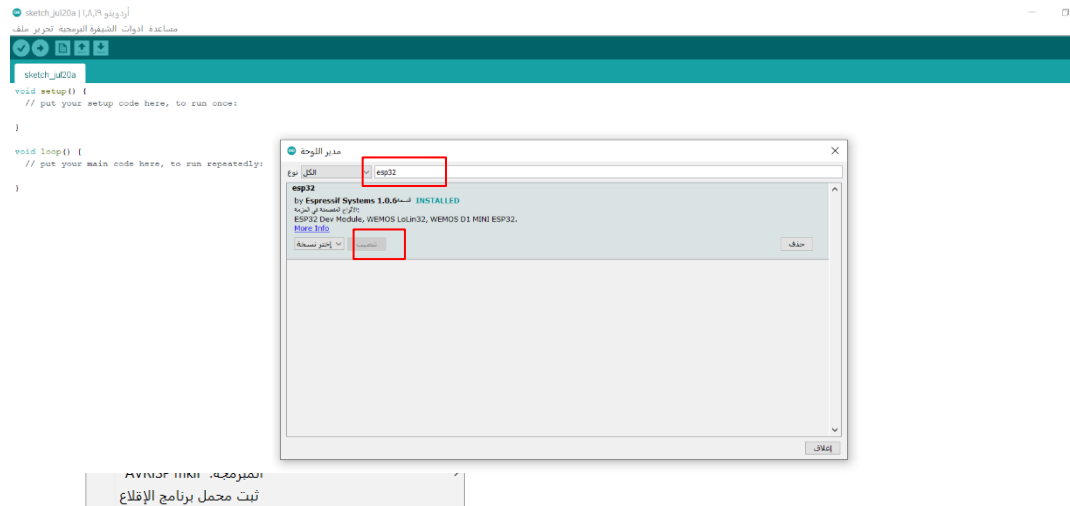
<https://www.arduino.cc/en/software>



Step 2

https://dl.espressif.com/dl/package_esp32_index.json

- Step 3
- Download Libraries of esp 32
- Tools – Boards manager

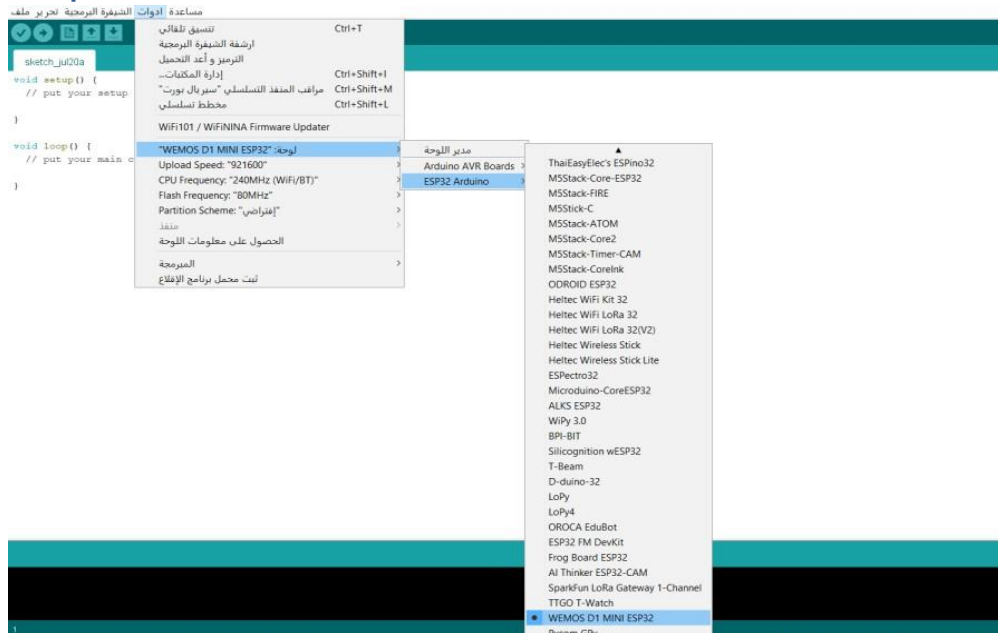


Uploaded

- Step 4
- Connect the wire USP with a piece of ESP32

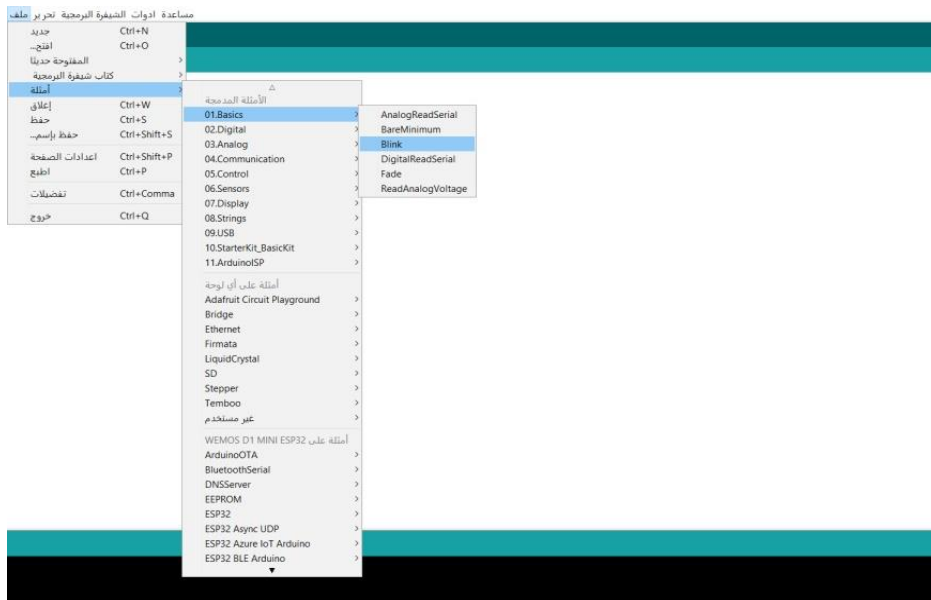


- Step 5



- Step 6

- To ensure that ESP32 is running, the cutting lights are turned on



Code page opens

Turns an LED on for one second, then off for one second, repeatedly.

Most Arduinos have an on-board LED you can control. On the UNO, MEGA and ZERO it is attached to digital pin 13, on MKR1000 on pin 6. LED_BUILTIN is set to the correct LED pin independent of which board is used.

If you want to know what pin the on-board LED is connected to on your Arduino model, check the Technical Specs of your board at: <https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Products>

modified 8 May 2014
by Scott Fitzgerald
modified 2 Sep 2016
by Arturo Guadalupi
modified 8 Sep 2016
by Colby Newman

This example code is in the public domain.

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/BuiltInExamples/Blink>

```
*/  
  
// the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board  
void setup() {  
  // initialize digital pin LED_BUILTIN as an output.  
  pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);  
}  
  
// the loop function runs over and over again forever  
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);   // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)  
  delay(1000);                       // wait for a second  
  digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);    // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW  
  delay(1000);                       // wait for a second  
}
```



The ESP32 is programmed and turned on