

# مبانی یادگیری ماشین

## Intro to Machine Learning

بابک نجار اعرابی

دانشکده مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر دانشگاه تهران

نیم سال اول سال تحصیلی 1403-04



موضوع این جلسه

مروری بر روش های بهینه سازی

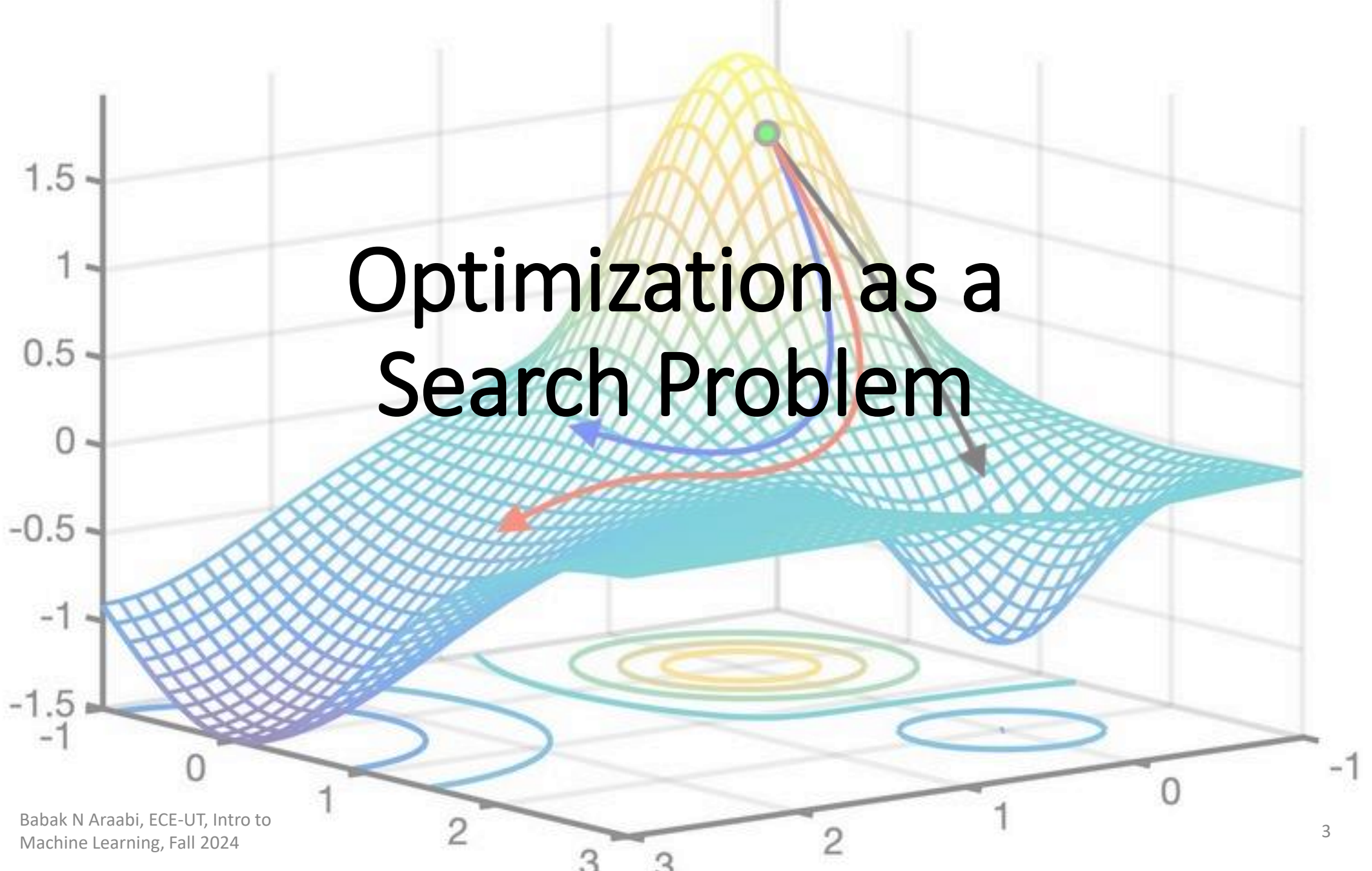
جلسه پنجم

**Babak Nadjar Araabi**

School of Electrical & Computer Eng  
University of Tehran

ECE-UT - Fall 2024

# Optimization as a Search Problem



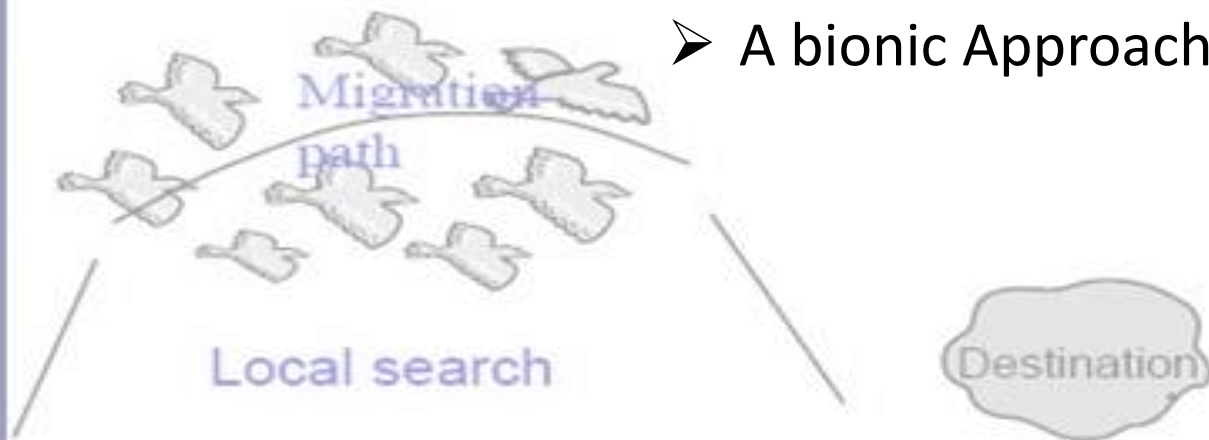
# Let Mimic Nature for Optimization

a) Genetic algorithms: Survival of the genetically fittest (i.e., tallest)

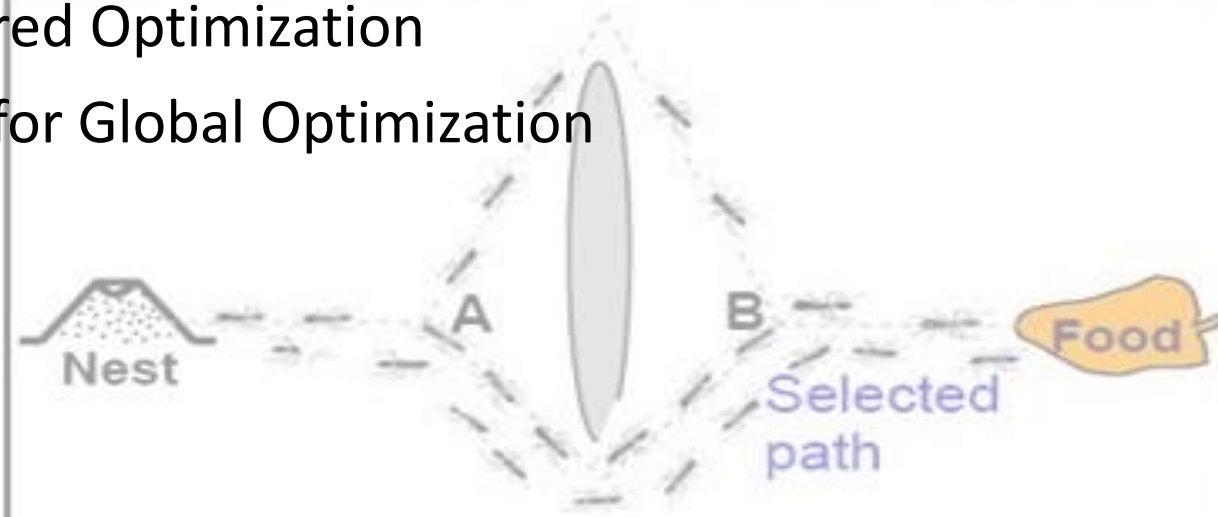
b) Genetic algorithms: Survival of the genetically fittest and most experienced

➤ Nature Inspired Optimization

➤ A bionic Approach for Global Optimization



c) Particle swarm: Flock migration



d) Ant colony: Shortest path to food source



# Two Basic Idea for Global Search

- We need **some random search** to achieve global optimum
- It is not good to confine to the deterministic algorithms
- We need **some hill climbing** to get to the global **minimum**
- It is not good to go descent at every step

# Simulated Annealing

for Global Optimization



# Genetic algorithm

for Global Optimization

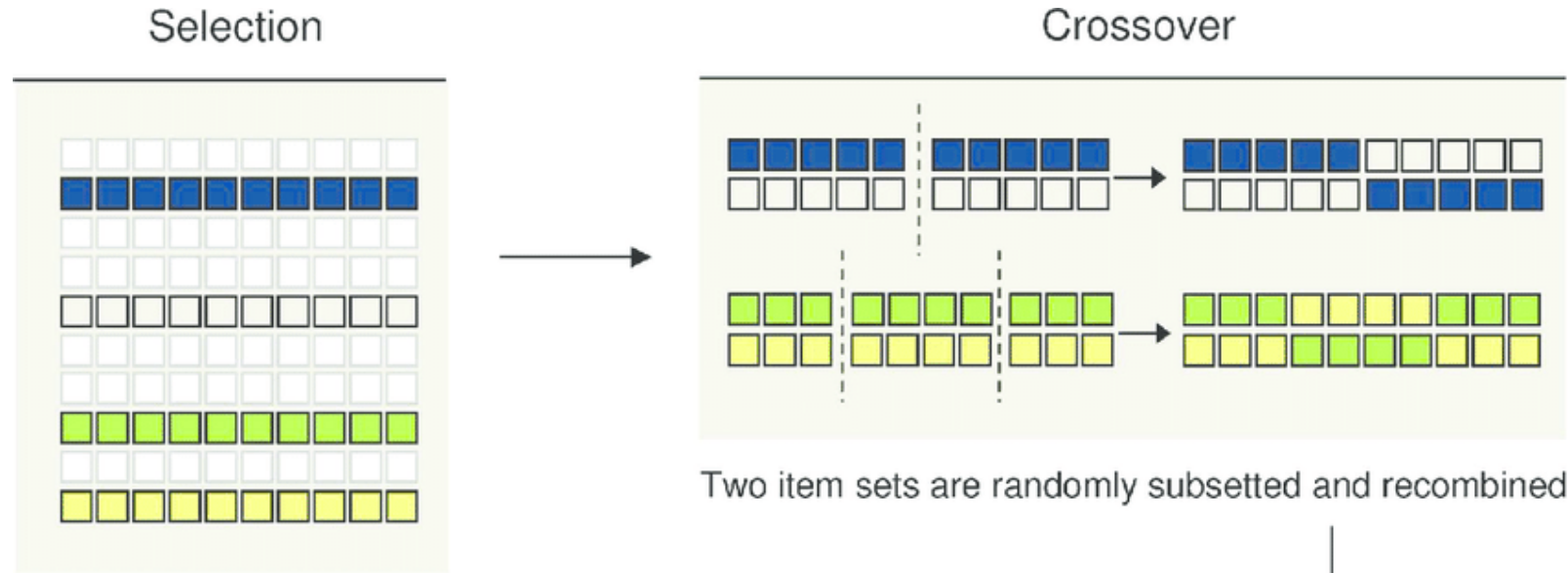


# GA

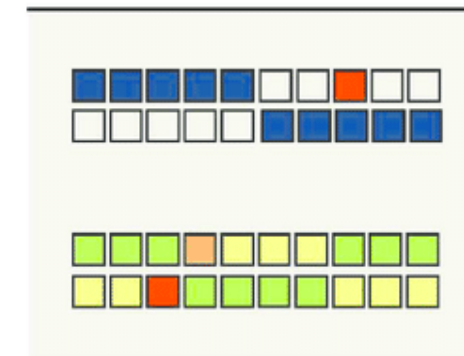


combine the genetic information of two parents to generate new offspring

Survival of Most Fitted

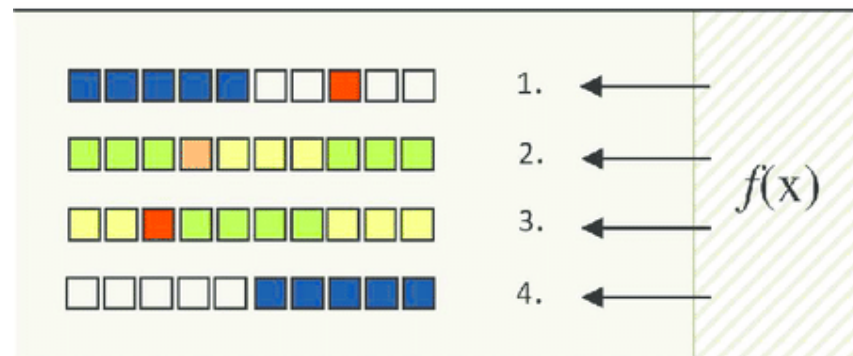


Mutation



Genetic Diversity

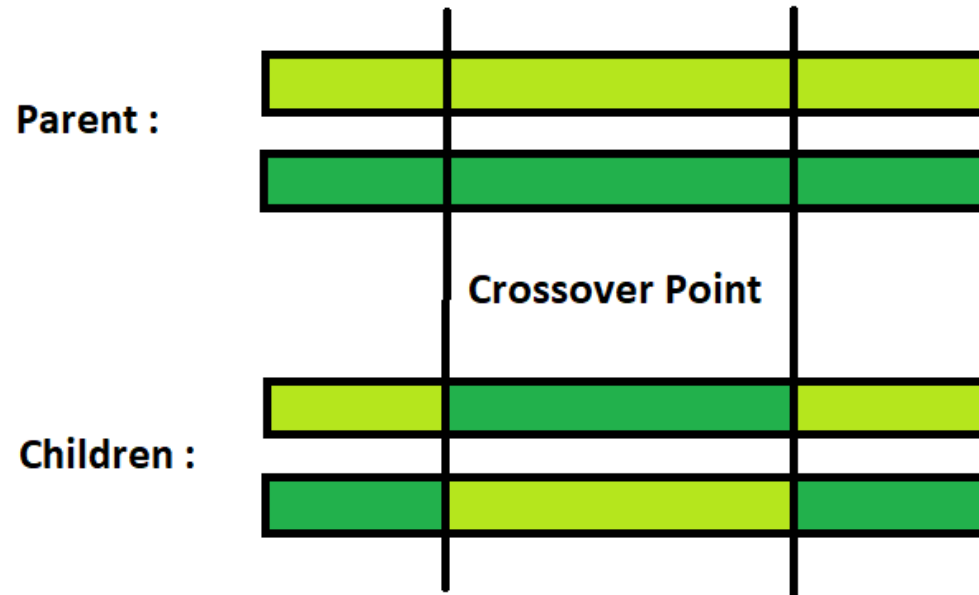
Fitness evaluation



Item sets are evaluated according to a fitness function; results in turn influence selection probability in the next iteration.

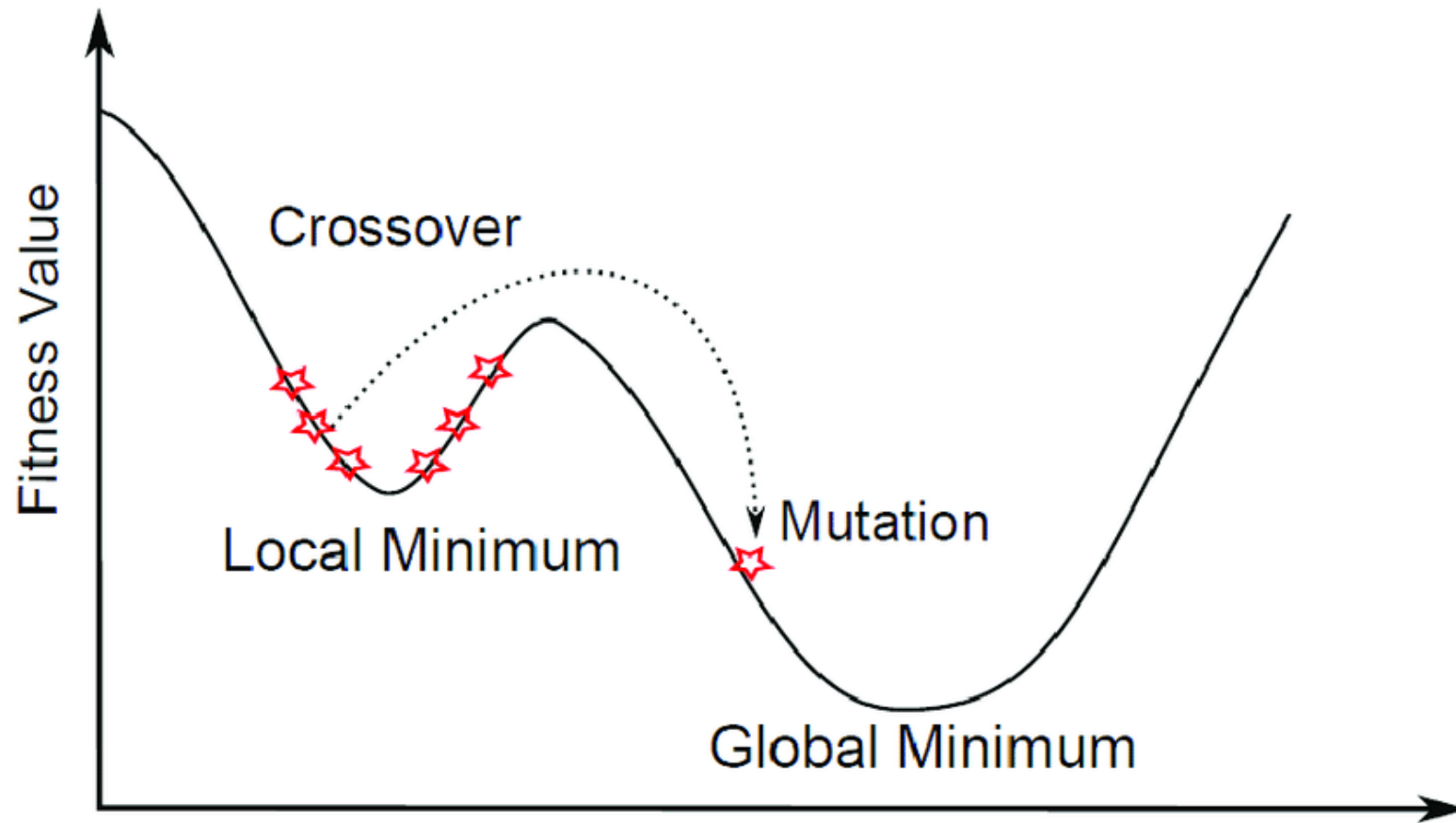
Population Size

# Crossover



Chromosome1	11011   00100   110110
Chromosome2	10101   11000   011110
Offspring1	11011   11000   110110
Offspring2	10101   00100   011110

**Two Point Crossover**



برای استفاده از الگوریتم‌های ژنتیک، بایستی پارامترهای زیر تعیین شوند:

- انتخاب ساختار کروموزوم
- انتخاب تابع برازش
- انتخاب احتمال جهش  $P_M$  و احتمال تقاطع  $P_C$

# Combination of Different Search Methods

for Global Optimization

