

$$a) \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a^k \delta(t-kT) \rightarrow a^0 e^{-0T} + a^1 e^{-T} + a^2 e^{-2T} \rightarrow \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a^k e^{-kT}$$

نصف (ع)  
قرینات مدی و قسمة

$$c) \cos(\omega_0 t + \phi) u(t) \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > 0$$

$$\frac{s \cos(\phi) - \omega_0 \sin(\phi)}{s^2 + \omega_0^2} \rightarrow \omega_0 = \omega_0 \tan(\phi) \rightarrow s^2 s - \omega_0^2 \Rightarrow s \pm j\omega_0$$

$$b) te^{-at} u(t) \quad a.s.$$

$$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > -a \quad s+a=0 \Rightarrow s=-a$$

$$d) e^{-at} \sin(\omega_0 t) u(t) \quad a.s. \rightarrow \frac{\omega_0}{(s+a)^2 + \omega_0^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > -a$$

$$s = -a \pm j\omega_0$$

$$a) \frac{(s-2)(s-(-2))}{1} = (s-2)(s+2) \xrightarrow{s^2-4} \frac{d^2 \delta(t)}{dt^2} - 4\delta(t)$$

$$b) \frac{1}{(s+2)(s-2)} = \frac{1}{s^2-4} = \frac{-1/4}{s+2} + \frac{-1/4}{s-2} \xrightarrow{s^{-1}} \frac{1}{4}(e^{2t} - e^{-2t})u(t)$$

$$c) \frac{1}{s(s-(2j))(s-(-2j))} = \frac{1}{s(s-2j)(s+2j)} = \frac{1/4}{s} + \frac{1/8}{s-2j} + \frac{-3/8}{s+2j}$$

$$\xrightarrow{s^{-1}} \frac{1}{4}u(t) + \frac{1}{8}e^{2jt}u(t) - \frac{3}{8}e^{-2jt}u(t)$$

$$d) \frac{(s-2)}{(s+2)} = 1 + \frac{-4}{s+2} \xrightarrow{s^{-1}} \delta(t) - 4(e^{-2t})u(t)$$

$$a) X(s) = \frac{s^2 - s + 1}{(s+1)^2} \quad \text{Re}\{s\} > -1$$

$$\frac{s^2 - s + 1 + 2s - 2s}{s^2 + 2s + 1} = 1 + \frac{-3s}{s^2 + 2s + 1} = 1 + \frac{A}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{B}{(s+1)}$$

$$\xrightarrow{s^{-1}} \delta(t) + 3te^{-t}u(t) - 3e^{-t}u(t)$$

$$b) X(s) = \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+4}$$

$$\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > -1$$

$$\frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2+\omega_c^2} \xrightarrow{s} (e^{-at} \cos \omega_c t) u(t)$$

$$\stackrel{s=-1}{=} (e^{-t} \cos 2t) u(t)$$

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الف  $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} < -1$       تغییر کلی، نه پایدار (ب و ع)

$-1 < \operatorname{Re}\{s\} < 1$       نیمه پایدار و ناپایدار

$\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 1$       غیر پایدار و ناپایدار

$$H(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2+2s+2}$$

$$x(t) = e^{-|t|} \Rightarrow e^{-t} u(t) + e^t u(-t) \xrightarrow{s} \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s-1} = \frac{-2}{s^2-1}$$

$$H(s) \Rightarrow s^2+2s+2=0 \Rightarrow s = -1 \pm j, \quad -1 < \text{Re}\{s\} < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Re}\{s\}_H > -1$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = H(s)X(s) = \frac{-2}{(s^2+2s+2)(s-1)} \quad \text{Re}\{s\}_Y = \text{Re}\{s\}_X \cup \text{Re}\{s\}_H$$

$$= -1 < \text{Re}\{s\}_Y < 1$$

$$\Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{-0.4}{s-1} + \frac{0.4(s+1)}{(s+1)^2+1} + \frac{0.8}{(s+1)^2+1}$$

$$\xrightarrow{s^{-1}} y(t) = 0.4 e^t u(-t) + 0.4 e^{-t} \cos t u(t) + 0.8 e^{-t} \sin t u(t)$$

$$\text{ii) } x(t) = e^{2t} \quad y(t) = \frac{1}{6} e^{2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(2) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\text{iii) } \frac{dh}{dt} + rh = e^{-4t} u(t) + b u(t) \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{b(s+4) + s}{s(s+4)(s+2)}$$

$$H(2) = \frac{1}{6} \Rightarrow b = 1 \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{2}{s(s+4)}$$