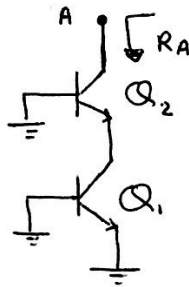
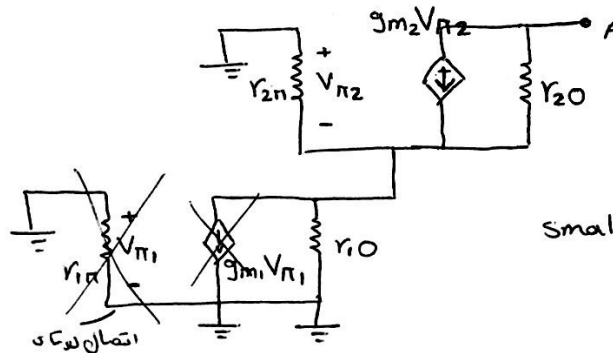


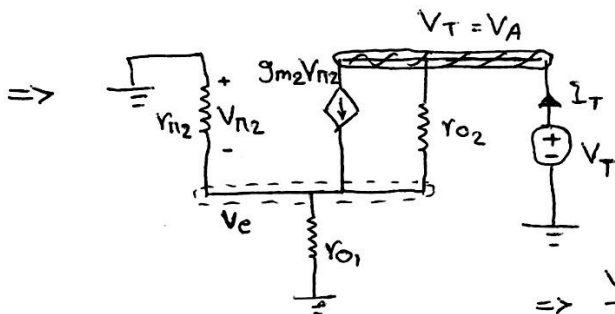
#1



S.S



small signal model



$$\text{KCL in } V_T: -I_T + \frac{V_T - V_e}{r_{o2}} + g_{m2} V_{\pi 2} = 0$$

$$V_e = -V_{\pi 2} \rightarrow -I_T + \frac{V_T + V_{\pi 2}}{r_{o2}} + g_{m2} V_{\pi 2} = 0$$

$$V_{\pi 2} = I_T r_{\pi 2} \rightarrow -I_T + \frac{V_T}{r_o} + \frac{r_{\pi 2} I_T}{r_o} + g_{m2} I_T r_{\pi 2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_T}{I_T} = R_a = -r_o \left(g_{m2} r_{\pi 2} + \frac{r_{\pi 2}}{r_o} - 1 \right)$$

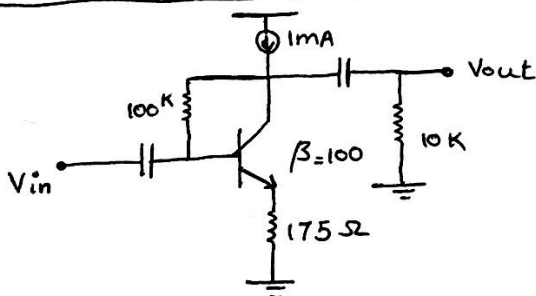
$$\begin{cases} I_{c, Q_1} = I_{c, Q_2} = 1 \text{ mA} \\ V_A = 50 \text{ V} \\ V_T = 25 \text{ mV} \\ \beta = 200 \end{cases}$$

$$r_o = \frac{V_A}{I_{c, Q}} = \frac{50}{1 \text{ mA}} = 50 \text{ k}\Omega$$

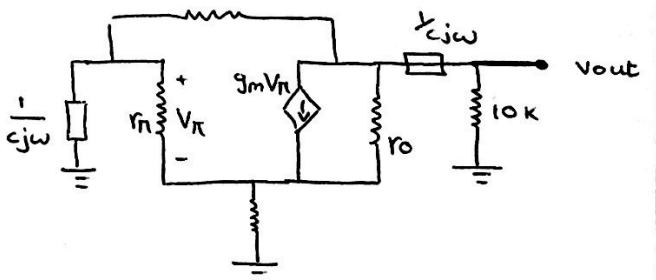
$$r_{\pi 2} = \frac{\beta}{g_m} = \frac{200}{40} = 5 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad g_m = \frac{I_{c, Q}}{V_T} = \frac{1 \text{ mA}}{0.025} = 40 \text{ mA/V}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_a = -50^k \left(40^m \times 5^k + \frac{5^k}{50^k} - 1 \right) = 9955 \text{ k}\Omega$$

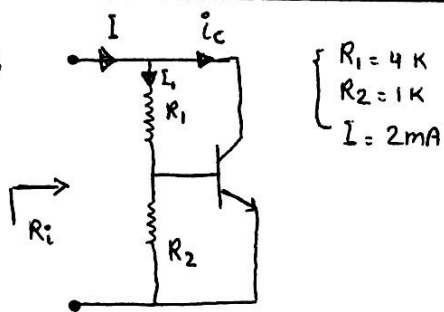
#2



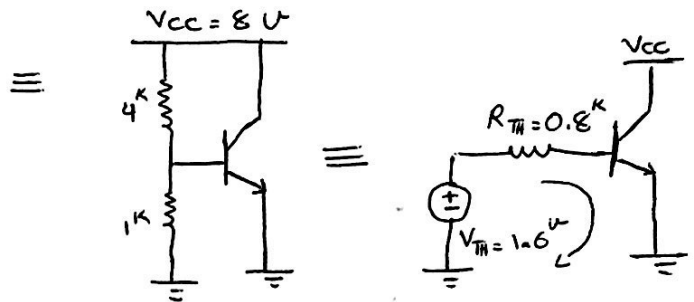
S.S



#3



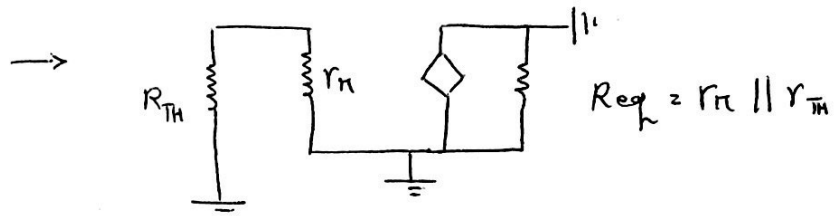
$$\Rightarrow V_{CC} = I \times R_1 = 2\text{ mA} \times 4\text{ K} = 8\text{ V}$$



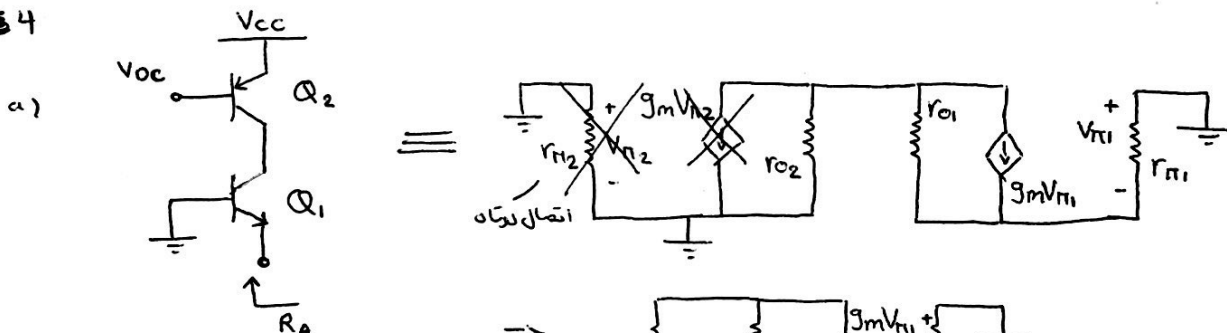
$$\text{KVL: } -1.6 + 0.8 \times I_B + 0.7 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_B = 1.125\text{ mA}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_C = I_E \approx I_B$$



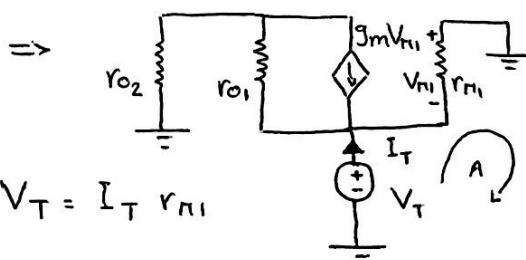
#4



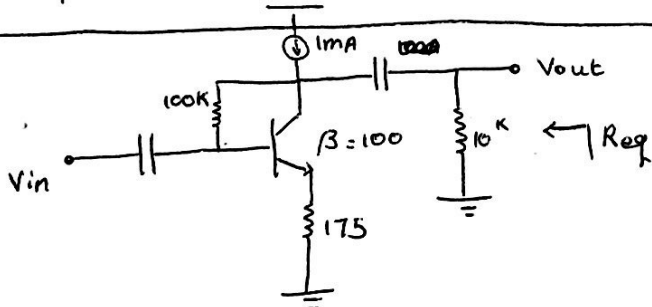
$$\text{KVL @ A: } -V_T - V_{\pi 1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_T = -V_{\pi 1} \quad \frac{V_{\pi 1} = -I_T \times r_{\pi 1}}{V_T = I_T r_{\pi 1}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_T}{I_T} = R_a = r_{\pi 1}$$



#5



S.S