## سَين سرع سينال سم

(ا سیستم LTI بیوست زمان یا باخ خرفانی دیرداد دختر بسیرید . ودور این ستم ، سینال متناوب (عدد یا دوره متناوب عدد علی است دوره متناوب عدد می داده می دوره متناوب عدد می داده می داده می داده می دارد متناوب می داده داده می داده

$$H(j\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt = \frac{\sin(4\omega)}{\omega}$$

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le t < 4 \\ -1 & 0 \le t < 8 \end{cases}$$

The second and odd  $= x = 0$  and odd  $= x = 0$ 

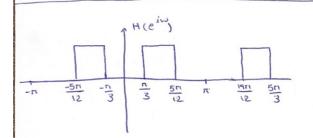
$$a_{K} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{X(t)}^{J} x(t) e^{-JKW \cdot t} dt = \frac{1}{8} \int_{X(t)}^{8} x(t) e^{-JK(\frac{2\pi}{8})t} dt = \frac{1}{8} \int_{1}^{4} e^{-JK(\frac{\pi}{4})t} dt - \frac{1}{8} \int_{1}^{8} e^{-JK(\frac{\pi}{4})t} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{J\pi K} \cdot \left[ 1 - e^{-J\pi K} \right] \implies a_{K} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if for } K = \text{even} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{2}{J\pi K} \text{ if for } K = \text{odd}$$

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$$y[n] = \sum_{R=\langle N\rangle} a_R H(e^{j\kappa(\frac{2\pi}{N_0})}) e^{j\kappa(\frac{2\pi}{N})n} = \sum_{R=0}^{3} a_R H(e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{4})}) e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{4})nR} = \frac{1}{4} H(e^{j0}) e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{4})nR}$$



## ( عروجی فیلیتر زمیر را به ورودر های متنادب زمیر بسیاسیم ؟

a) 
$$x_1[n] = (-1)^n = (e^{jn})^n = e^{j\pi n}$$
 =  $x_1[n] = (-1)^n = (e^{jn})^n = e^{j\pi n}$  =  $x_1[n] = (-1)^n = (e^{jn})^n = e^{j\pi n}$  =  $x_1[n] = (e^{jn})^n = (e^{jn})^n = e^{j\pi n}$  =  $x_1[n] = (e^{jn})^n = (e^{jn})^$ 

b) 
$$x_{2}[n] = 1 + Sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{8}n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \implies Periodic with N = 16$$

$$x_{2}[n] = e \qquad - (\frac{i}{2})e \qquad + (\frac{i}{2})e \qquad + (\frac{i}{2})e \qquad + (\frac{2n}{16})sn$$

$$= e^{i(\frac{2n}{16})cn} - (i/2)e \qquad + (\frac{i}{2})e \qquad + (\frac$$

c) 
$$x_3[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-4k} = \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n} u[n]\right] * \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} S[n-4k] = g[n] * r[n]$$

r[n] Periodic with  $N=4 \iff \alpha_k = \frac{1}{4}$ 

$$\frac{q[n]}{q[n]} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} a_{K} H(e^{\frac{j^{2}Kn}{4}}) e^{\frac{j^{2}Kn}{4}} = (\frac{1}{4})(H(e^{\frac{j^{2}}{4}})e^{\frac{j^{2}}{4}} + H(e^{\frac{j^{2}}{4}})e^{\frac{j^{2}}{4}} + H(e^{\frac{j^{2}}{4$$

a) KVL 8 - x(t) + RI + L  $\frac{dI}{dt}$  +  $\frac{1}{c}$   $\int I(t) dt = 0$   $\frac{G_{1}(t)}{dt} + \frac{dx_{1}(t)}{dt} + \frac{d^{2}I(t)}{dt} + \frac{1}{c}I(t) = 0$ 

 $i_c = \int = c \frac{dv_c}{dt} = c \frac{dy(t)}{dt} \implies x(t) = Rc \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + LC \frac{dy(t)}{dt^2} + y(t)$ 

=>  $z(t) = \frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) \leftrightarrow \overline{X}(j\omega) = (j\omega)^2 Y(j\omega) + \overline{Y}(j\omega) + Y(j\omega)$ 

 $= \times \overline{X(j\omega)} = Y(j\omega) \left[ -\omega^2 + j\omega + 1 \right] = \times H(j\omega) = \frac{Y(j\omega)}{\overline{X(j\omega)}} = \frac{1}{-\omega^2 + j\omega + 1}$ 

(c)  $z(t) = \sin(t) = \frac{1}{2j}e^{-jt} = \frac{1}{2j}e^{-jt} = \frac{1}{2j}e^{-jt}$ 

 $y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k H(e^{ik\omega_0}) e^{ik\omega_0 t} = a_i H(i) e^{it} - a_{-i} H(-i) e^{-it} = (\frac{1}{2i}) \cdot (\frac{1}{3} e^{it} - \frac{1}{-3} e^{-it})$   $= (-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot (e^{it} + e^{-it}) = -\cos(t)$ 

b) 
$$N=8 \longrightarrow \text{particular}$$
 :  $a_1 = a_{-1} = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $a_2 = a_{-2} = 1$ 

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{a_i H(e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}})} = \frac{1}{2(1-(\frac{\pi}{4})e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}})}$$
,  $b_{-1} = \alpha_{-1} H(e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}}) = \frac{1}{2(1-(\frac{\pi}{4})e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}})}$ 

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{a_i H(e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}})} = \frac{1}{2(1-(\frac{\pi}{4})e^{-i\frac{\pi}{4}})}$$

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