

DC analysis:

$$\text{KVL @ 1: } -15 + 200 I_B + 0.7 = 0 \rightarrow I_B = 0.07$$

$$I_C = I$$

$$\text{KVL @ 2: } -15 + 7 + V_{CE} = 0 \rightarrow V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$$

S.S analysis:

$$A_v = -\beta_m (R_C \parallel R_L \parallel r_o)$$

$$\beta_m = 280$$

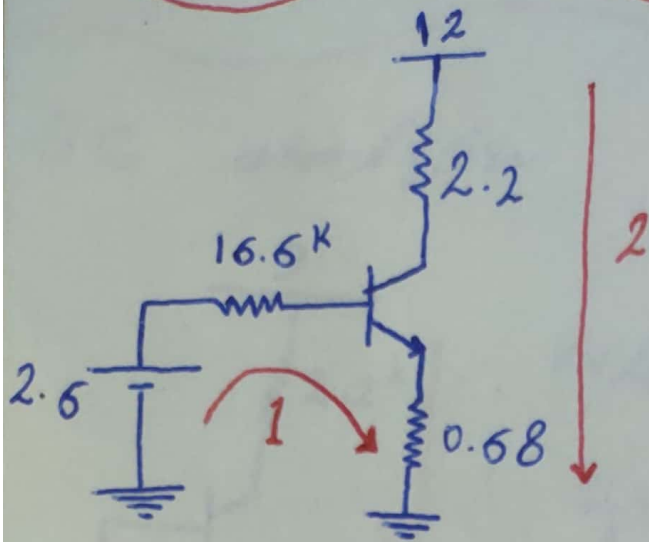
$$r_{re} = 0.35$$

$$r_o = \infty$$

$$A_v = -280$$

$$R_{in} = 0.35 \text{ K} \parallel 200 \text{ K} \approx 0.35 \text{ K}$$

$$R_{out} = 1 \text{ K} \parallel 10 \text{ K} \approx 1 \text{ K}$$



$$KVL @ 1: -2.6 + 16.6 I_B + 0.7 + 0.68 I_E = 0$$

$$I_C = I_E = 2.25$$

$$KVL @ 2: -12 + 2.2(2.25) + V_{CE} + 0.68(2.25) = 0$$

$$V_{CE} = 5.52$$

S.S analysis:

$$\beta_m = 90$$

$$r_{re} = 1.1K$$

$$r_o = \infty$$

$$\frac{i_o}{i_{in}} = \frac{\frac{V_o}{R_L}}{\frac{V_{in}}{R_{in}}} = \underbrace{\frac{V_o}{V_{in}}}_{A_v} \times \frac{R_{in}}{R_L}$$

$$A_v = - \frac{R_c \parallel R_L}{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E} = -2.6 \frac{V}{V}$$

$$R_{in} = (r_{\pi} + (B+1)R_E) \parallel 75^K \parallel 22^K = 13.65^K$$

$$R_L = 10^K$$

$$A_i = -3.5 \frac{mA}{mA}$$

$$A_v = -\beta_m (R_c \parallel R_e)$$

$$V_c = R_c I_c$$

$$\beta_m = 40 I_c$$

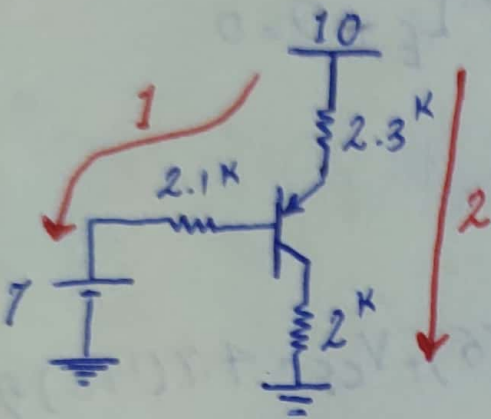
$$48 = 40 I_c (R_c \parallel R_e) \rightarrow 1.2 = I_c (R_c \parallel R_e)$$

$$1.2 = I_c \left(\frac{R_c}{R_c + 1} \right) \rightarrow 1.2 = \frac{R_c I_c}{R_c + 1}$$

$$R_c = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$$

DC analysis:

4



$$\text{KVL @ 1: } -10 + 2.3I_E + 0.7 + 2.1I_B + 7 = 0$$

$$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$$

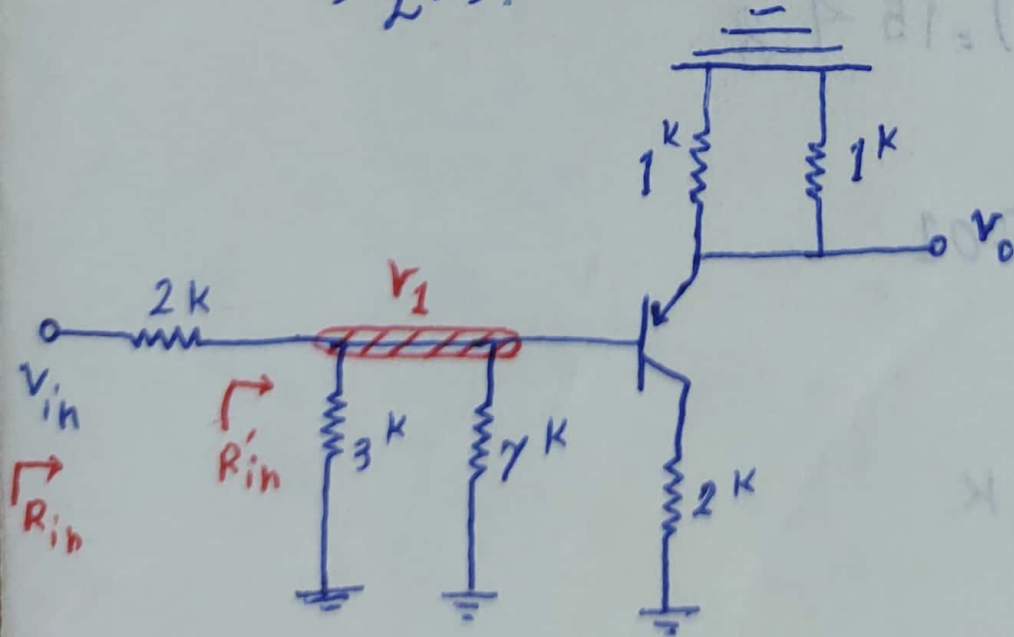
$$\text{KVL @ 2: } -10 + 2.3 + V_{CE} + 2 = 0$$

$$V_{CE} = 5.7$$

$$I_m = 40 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}}$$

$$r_{re} = 2.5 \text{ K}$$

S.S analysis:



$$R_{in} = 2^K + R'_{in}$$

$$R'_{in} = r_{\pi} + (B+1)R_E \parallel 3^K \parallel 7^K = 2.01^K$$

$$R_{in} = 4.01^K$$

$$R_{out} = R_L \parallel R_E \parallel \left(\frac{1}{I_m} + \frac{R_B}{B} \right) \approx 0.032 K\Omega$$

$$A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_1} \times \frac{v_1}{v_{in}}$$

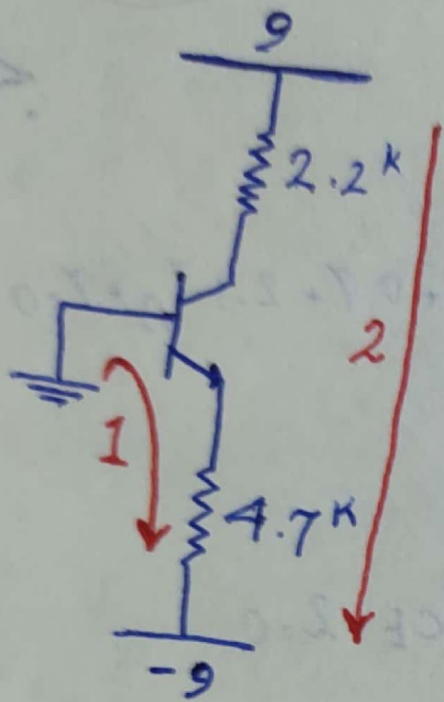
$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_1} = \frac{R_E}{R_E + \frac{1}{I_m}} = 0.95$$

$$\frac{v_1}{v_{in}} = \frac{R'_{in}}{2 + R'_{in}} = 0.5$$

$$A_v = 0.48 \frac{v_v}{v}$$

DC analysis.

.5



$$KVL @ 1: 0.7 + 4.7 I_E + 9 = 0$$

$$I_E = 1.76 \text{ mA}$$

$$KVL @ 2: -9 + 2.2(1.76) + V_{CE} + 4.7(1.76) = 0$$

$$V_{CE} = 5.85$$

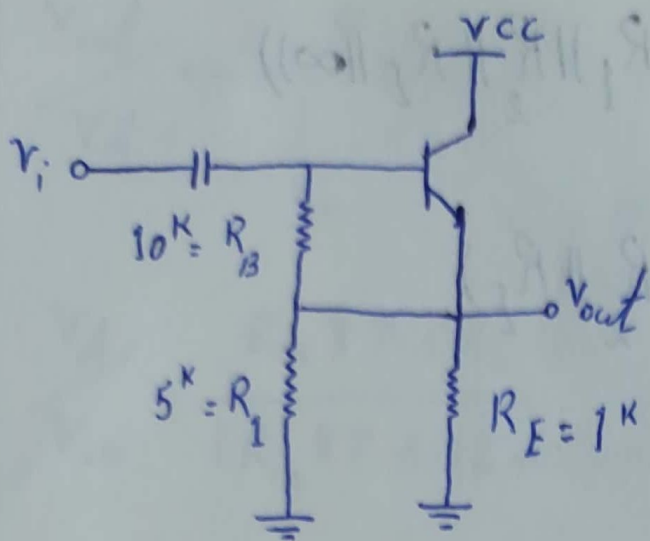
$$g_m = 70.4 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}}$$

$$r_{\pi} = 1.42$$

$$A_v = g_m (R_C \parallel R_L \parallel r_o) = 154.8$$

$$R_{in} = \frac{1}{g_m} \parallel R_E = 0.01$$

$$R_{out} = r_o \parallel R_C = 2.2 \text{ k}$$



$$r_{re} = 5\text{K}$$

$$\beta = 100$$

$$V_A = \infty$$

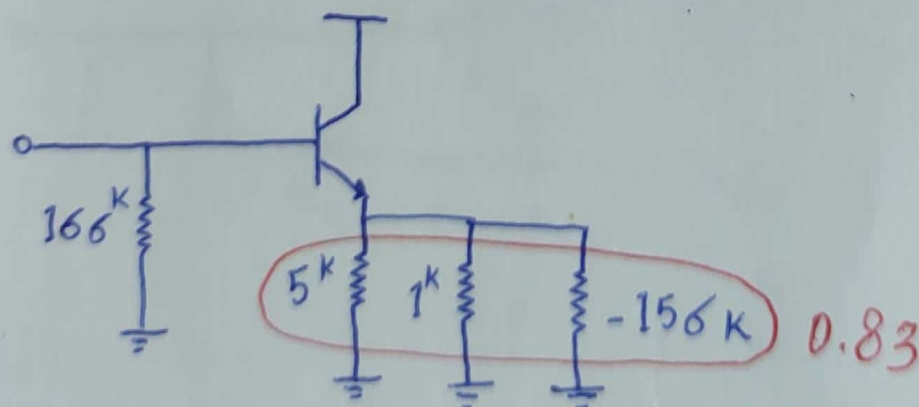
$$Z_1 = \frac{Z}{1 - A_V}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{Z}{1 - A_V^{-1}}$$

$$A_V = \frac{R_E}{\frac{1}{\frac{1}{20} + R_E}} = \frac{1115}{\frac{1}{20} + 1115} = 0.94$$

$$Z_1 = 166$$

$$Z_2 = -156$$



$$R_{in} = 166\text{K} \parallel r_{re} + (\beta + 1)R_E = 57.5\text{K}$$

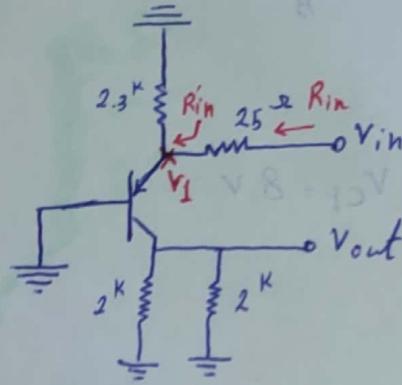
DC analysis:

$$I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{CE} = 5.7$$

$$\beta_m = 40$$

S.S analysis:



$$R_{in} = R'_in + 25 \Omega$$

$$R'_in = \frac{1}{\beta_m} \parallel 2.3 \text{ K} = 25 \Omega$$

$$R_{in} = 50 \Omega$$

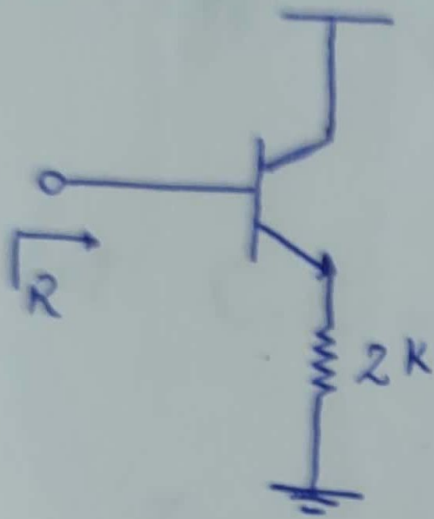
$$R_{out} = R_C \parallel R_L \parallel r_o = 1 \text{ K}$$

$$A_v = \frac{V_{out}}{V_1} \times \frac{V_1}{V_{in}}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_1} = \beta_m (R_C \parallel R_L) = 40$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_{in}}{R_{in} + R_s} = 0.5$$

$$A_v = 20 \frac{V}{V}$$



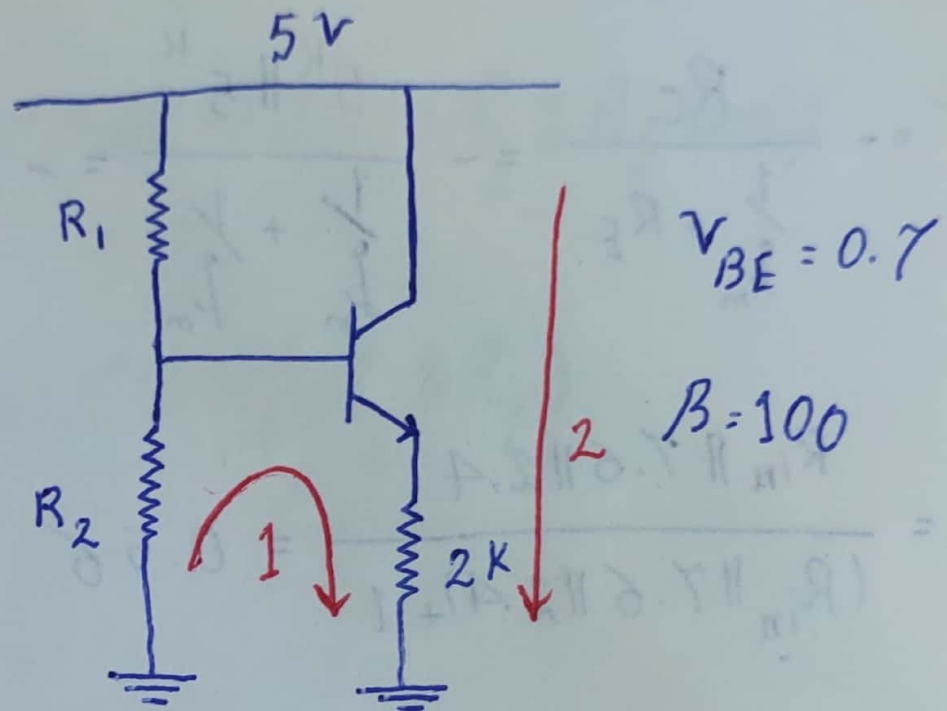
$$\beta = 100$$

$$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$\beta_m = 40$$

$$r_{re} = 2.5$$

$$R = r_{re} + (\beta + 1) R_E \rightarrow R = 2.5 + (101) 2 = 204.5 \text{ K}$$



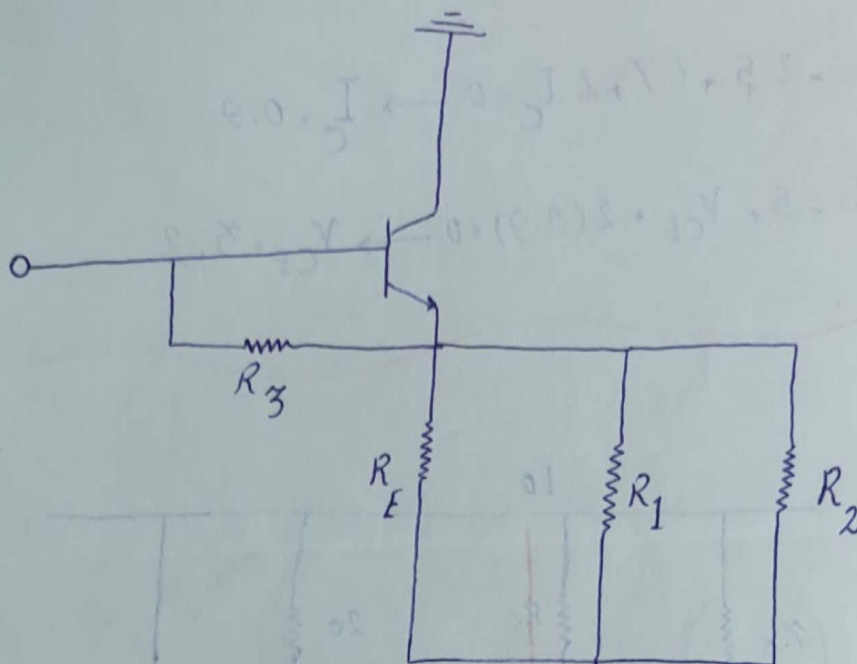
$$R_E > 10 \frac{R_{th}}{\beta}$$

$$2 > 10 \frac{R_{th}}{100} \rightarrow R_{th} < 20K$$

$$R_1 = R_2 = 20K$$

$$KVL @ 1: -2.5 + 0.7 + 2 I_C = 0 \rightarrow I_C = 0.9$$

$$KVL @ 2: -5 + V_{CE} + 2(0.9) = 0 \rightarrow V_{CE} = 3.2$$



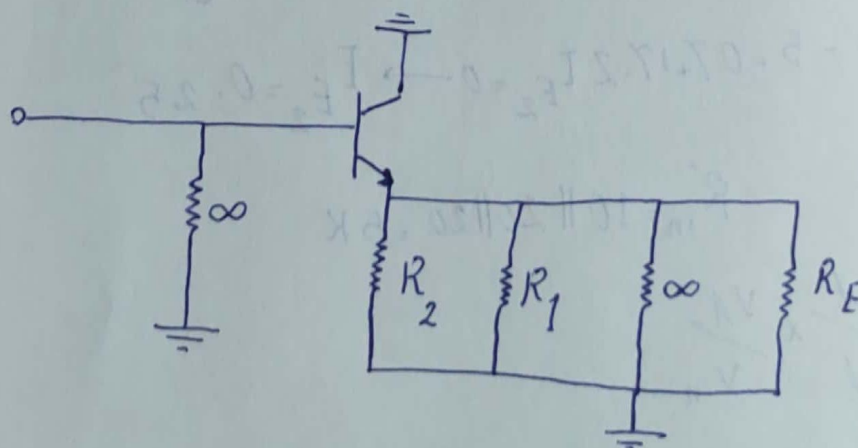
$$Z_1 = \frac{Z}{1 - A_v}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{Z}{1 - A_v^{-1}}$$

A_v for C.C $\rightarrow \max A_v = 1$

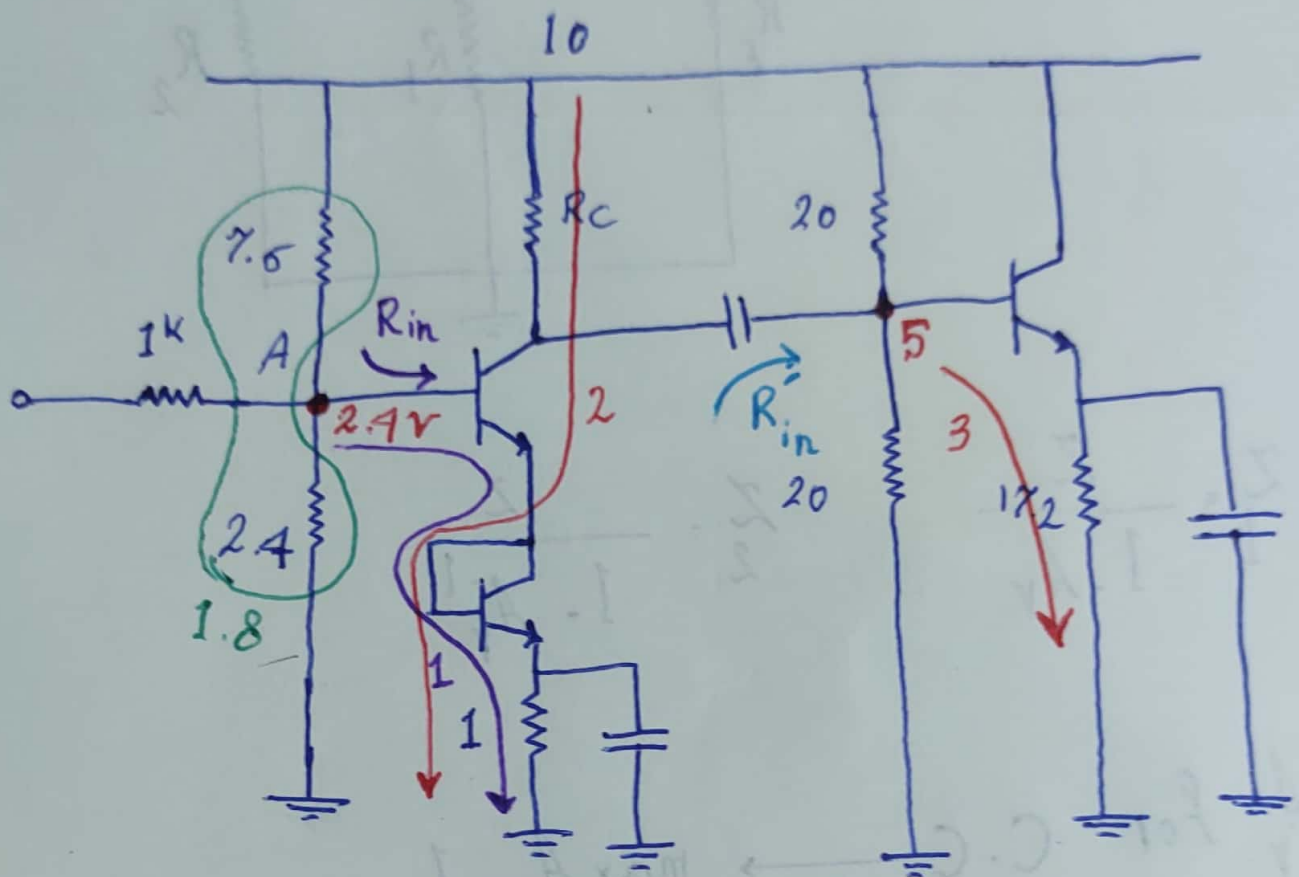
$$Z_1 = \frac{Z}{0} = \infty$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{Z}{0} = \infty$$



$$R_{in} = \infty \parallel (r_{re} + (B+1)(R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel R_F \parallel \infty))$$

$$R_{in} = r_{re} + (B+1)(R_1 \parallel R_2 \parallel R_F)$$



$$\text{KVL @ 1: } -2.4 + 0.7 + 0.7 + I_E = 0 \rightarrow I_E = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$\text{KVL @ 2: } -10 + R_C + 3.3 + 0.7 + 1 = 0 \rightarrow R_C = 5 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{KVL @ 3: } -5 + 0.7 + 17.2 I_{E_2} = 0 \rightarrow I_{E_2} = 0.25$$

$$r_{e_2} = 10$$

$$R'_{in} = 10 \parallel 20 \parallel 20 = 5 \text{ K}$$

$$A_V = \frac{v_{out}}{v_A} \times \frac{v_A}{v_{in}}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_A} = - \frac{R_C}{\frac{1}{\beta_m} + R_E} = - \frac{5^k \parallel 5^k}{\frac{1}{\beta_m} + \frac{1}{\beta_m}} = -50$$

$$\frac{v_A}{v_{in}} = \frac{R_{in} \parallel 7.6 \parallel 2.4}{(R_{in} \parallel 7.6 \parallel 2.4) + 1} = 0.56$$

$$R_{in} = r_{re} + (\beta + 1)R_E = 2.5 + (101) \frac{1}{40} = 5^k$$

$$A_v = -28.2 \frac{v}{v}$$