

$$i_o(t) = I_E \tanh\left(\frac{V_1}{2V_T}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{V_2}{2V_T}\right)$$

$$i_o(t) = I_m A \tanh\left(\frac{\cos 2\pi \times 10^7 t}{2 \times 26mV}\right) \tanh\left(\frac{10mV f(t)}{26mV}\right)$$

$$i_o(t) \approx I_m A \left(2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n(x) \cos(2\pi(2n-1) \times 10^7 t) \right) \frac{10 f(t)}{26}$$

$$x = 38.4$$

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 2\pi \times 10^7 \text{ rad/sec}$$

$$n=1$$

عن اهم طریقی از مدل بررسی کن

$$V_{out}(t) = i_o(t) \cdot R_L = 2a_1(x) \cos(2\pi \times 10^7 t) \times \frac{10 f(t)}{26}$$

مربون
امی

نحوه

$$V_{out}(t) = 0.4615 f(t) \cos(2\pi \times 10^7 t)$$

دو مکان
DSB

$$V_o(t) = \alpha I_{E0} \{1 + m f(t)\} a_3(x) R_L \cos 3\omega t$$

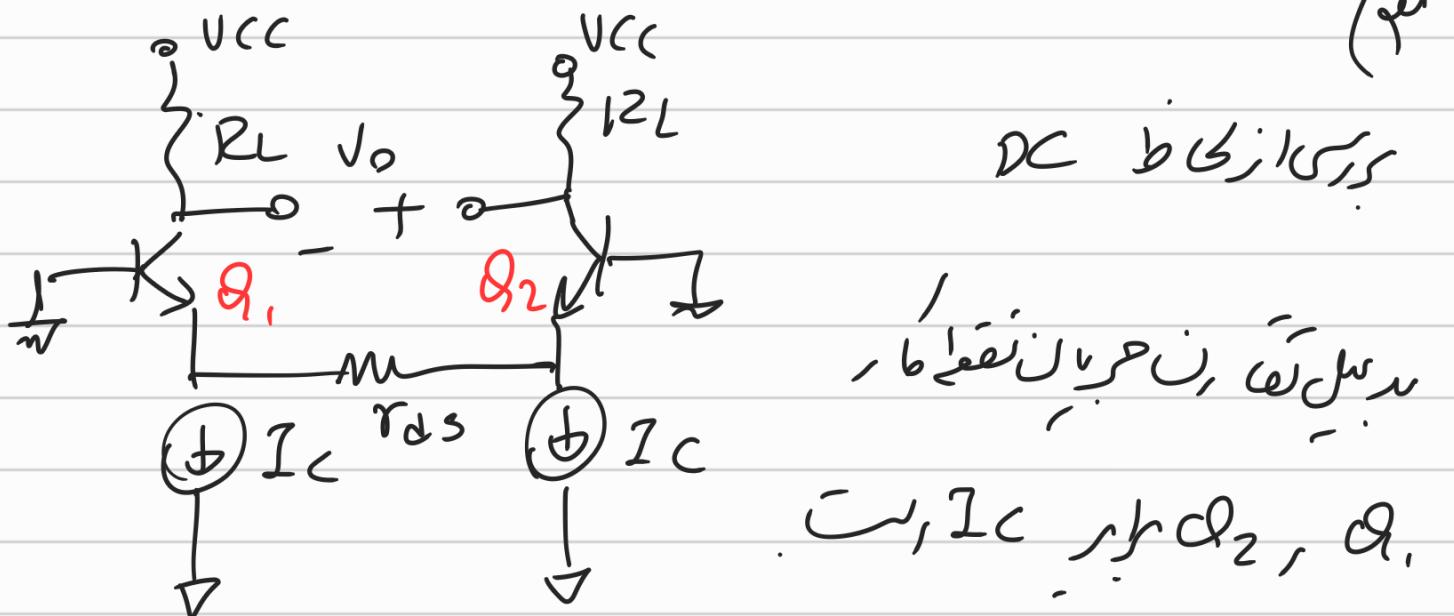
$$I_E(t) = \frac{V_{EE} - V_{BE}}{(2-\alpha)R_B} + \frac{V_m f(t)}{(2-\alpha)R_B}$$

$$I_E(t) = \frac{V_{EE} - V_{BE}}{(2-\alpha)R_B} \left[1 + \frac{V_m f(t)}{V_{EE} - V_{BE}} \right]$$

I_{E0}

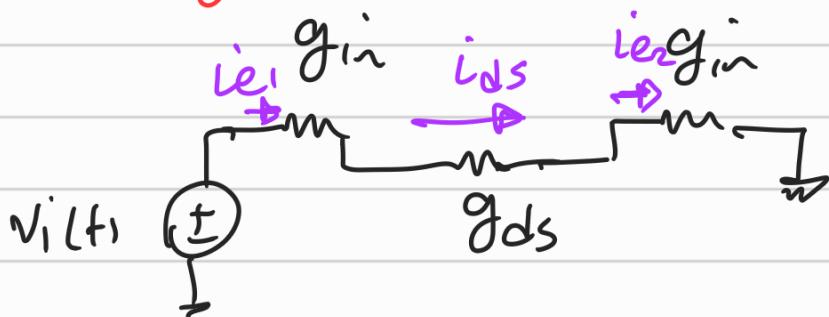
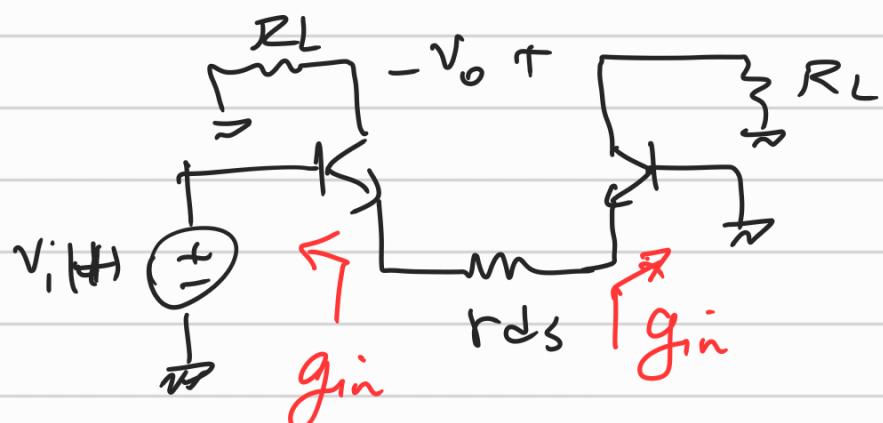
$$\chi = \frac{V_1}{V_T}$$

$$V_o(t) = \alpha \frac{V_{EE} - V_{BE}}{(2-\alpha)R_B} \left[1 + \frac{V_m f(t)}{V_{EE} - V_{BE}} \right] a_3 \left(\frac{V_1}{V_T} \right) R_L \cos 3\omega t$$



$$g_{ds} = \frac{2I_{DSS}}{V_P} \left[\frac{V_2(t)}{V_P} \right]$$

حالت درین مورس



$$i_{ez} = \frac{Vi}{2g_{in} + g_{ds}} = \frac{Vi}{2g_{in}(1 + \frac{g_{ds}}{2g_{in}})}$$

$g_{ds} \ll g_{in}$ این مورد صدق

از زیر
برای اینجا $\frac{1}{1+x} \approx 1-x+x^2-x^3+\dots$ $x \ll 1$

$$\frac{1}{1+x} \approx 1-x+x^2-x^3+\dots$$

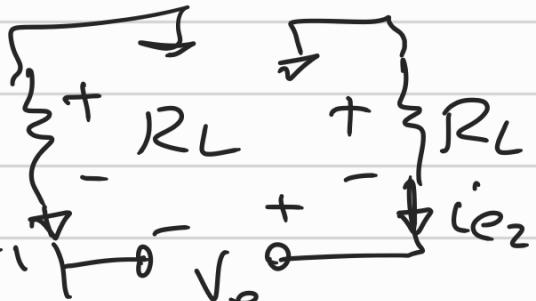
$$i_{e2} = \frac{V_i}{2g_{in}} \left(1 - \frac{g_{ds}}{2g_{in}} + \left(\frac{g_{ds}}{2g_{in}} \right)^2 + \dots \right)$$

صرفه می‌شود

$$i_{e2} \approx \frac{V_i}{2g_{in}} \left(1 - \frac{g_{ds}}{2g_{in}} \right)$$

$$i_{e1} = -i_{e2}$$

$$V_o(t) = R_L(i_{e1} - i_{e2})$$



$$V_o(t) = \frac{V_i}{g_{in}} R_L \left(1 - \frac{g_{ds}}{2g_{in}} \right)$$

$$V_o(t) = \frac{V_i R_L}{g_{in}} \left(1 - \frac{2I_{DSS} V_2(t)}{2VP^2 g_{in}} \right) \cos \omega t$$

$$i_{in} = g_m = \frac{I_c}{V_T}$$

لطفاً راهنمایی
می‌کنیم

(c)

$$V_{BE1}/V_T$$

$$i_{E_1}(t) = I_{ES} e^{V_{BE1}/V_T}$$

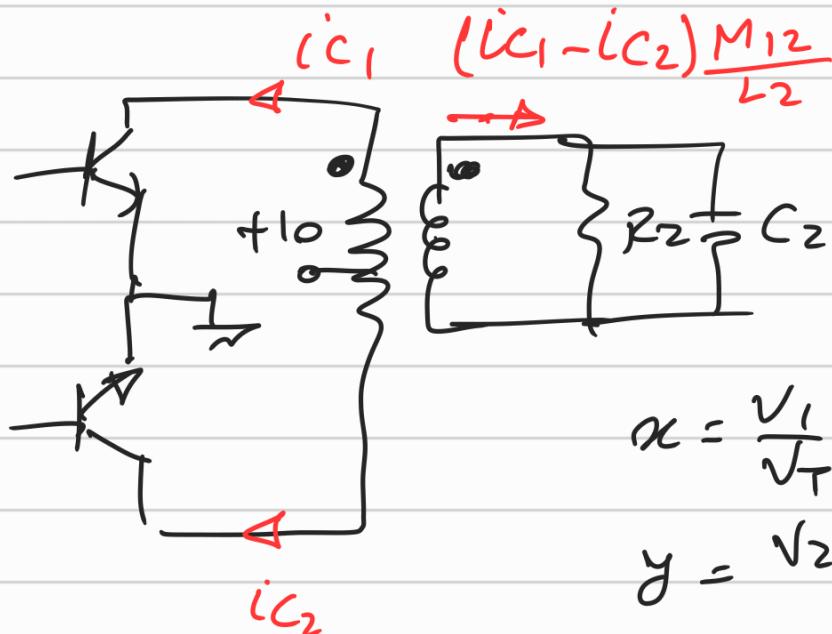
$$V_{BE1} = V_2 + V_1$$

$$i_{E_2}(t) = I_{ES} e^{V_{BE2}/V_T}$$

$$V_{BE2} = V_2 - V_1$$

$$i_{E_1}(t) = I_{ES} e^{\frac{V_2}{V_T} \cos \omega_0 t} \cdot e^{V_1/V_T \cos \omega_0 t}$$

$$i_{E_2}(t) = I_{ES} e^{-\frac{V_2}{V_T} \cos \omega_0 t} \cdot e^{V_1/V_T \cos \omega_0 t}$$



$$\alpha = \frac{V_1}{V_T}$$

$$\text{زیرا } b = \frac{1}{\omega_0} \cdot \sqrt{\mu_0 \cdot \epsilon_0}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{V_2}{V_T} \cdot \mu_0 \omega \cdot \sqrt{\mu_0 \cdot \epsilon_0}$$

$$iC_1 - iC_2 = \alpha (i_{E_1} - i_{E_2}) =$$

$$= \alpha I_{ES} \left[(I_0(\gamma) + 2 \sum I_n(\gamma) \cos n \omega_0 t) (I_0(\alpha) + 2 \sum I_m(\alpha) \cos m \omega_0 t) \right.$$

$$\left. - (I_0(-\gamma) + 2 \sum I_n(-\gamma) \cos n \omega_0 t) (I_0(\alpha) + 2 \sum I_m(\alpha) \cos m \omega_0 t) \right]$$

$$y = \frac{10mV}{26mV} = 0.3846 \rightarrow I_0(y) = 1$$

معدل موجة

$$I_1(z) = \frac{z}{2}$$

معدل موجة عوبن

$$(C_1 - iC_2) = \alpha I_{ES} \left[(1 + j) (I_0(x) + 2 \sum I_m(x) \cos mx \omega_0^2 t) - (1 - j) (I_0(x) + 2 \sum I_m(x) \cos mx \omega_0^2 t) \right]$$

$$(C_1 - iC_2) = 2\alpha I_{ES} j (I_0(x) + 2 \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} I_m(x) \cos mx \omega_0^2 t)$$

ملاjk طارر خروجي

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L_2 C_2}} = 5 \times 10^7$$

طارر خروجي

$$V_o(t) = R_2 (C_1 - iC_2) \frac{M_{12}}{L_2}$$

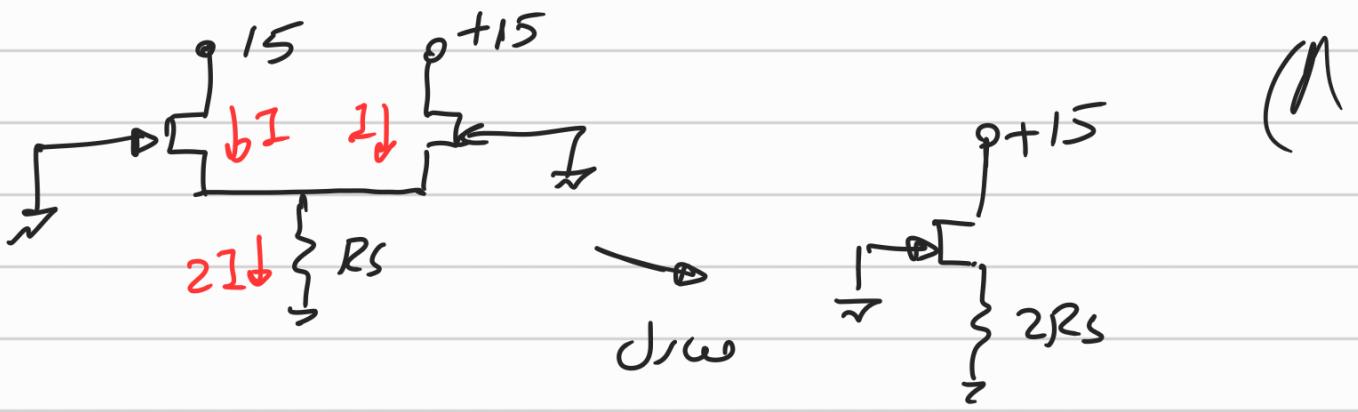
$$V_o(t) = 200 \Omega \times 2 \times 10^{-4} A \times 0.3846 \times \cos(10t) \times 2 \frac{1}{5} I_0(12) \cos 5 \times 10^7 t$$

I_{ES} & y

$$x = \frac{V_1}{V_T} = \frac{312}{26} = 12$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \omega_0$$

ـ نسبه دلار عبور منحنى $I_0(x)$



$$I_s = ID_{SS} \left(1 - \frac{V_{GS}}{V_P}\right)^2 = 10 \left(1 - \frac{-2R_s I_s}{-10}\right)^2$$

$$V_{GS} = -5$$

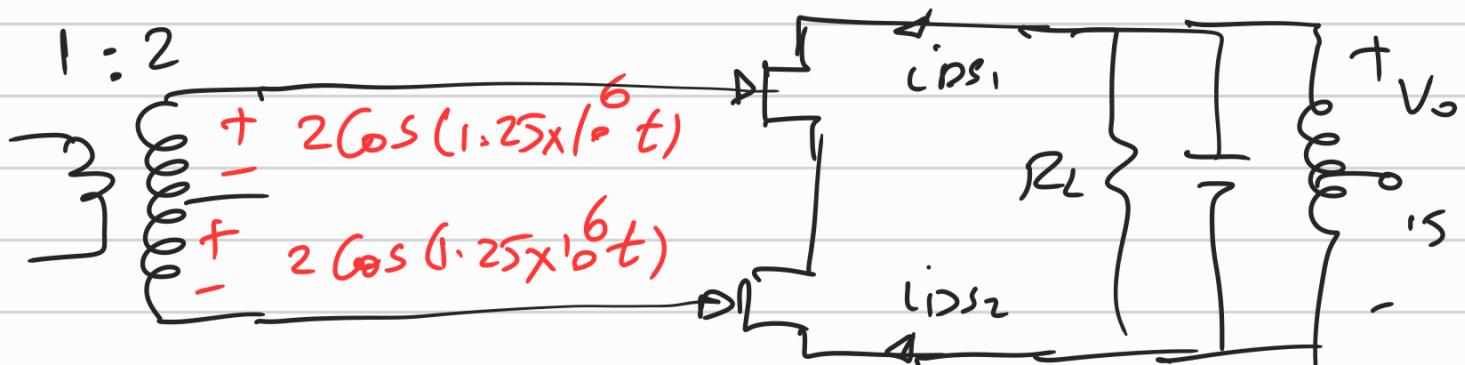
$$V_{GS} = -2R_s I_s$$

$$I_s = 2.5 \text{ mA}$$

$$-5 = -2 \times R_s (2.5)$$

$$\downarrow \\ R_s = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$V_S(t) = 4 \text{ mA} \cos(10^8 t) \times 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega = 4.8 \cos(10^8 t)$$



$$V_o(t) = (i_{DS_2} - i_{D_1}) R_L$$

مجهز

$$i_{DS_1} = ID_{SS} \left(1 - \frac{2 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) - (5 + 4.8 \cos 10^8 t)}{10}\right)^2$$

$$i_{DS_1} = ID_{SS} \left(1 + \frac{5}{10}\right) - \frac{2 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) - 4.8 \cos 10^8 t}{-10}^2$$

$$i_{DS1} = 2.5 \text{mA} \left(0.25 + 0.04 \cos^2(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \right. \\ \left. + 0.23 \cos^2(10^8 t) \right)$$

$$= 0.2 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \\ + 0.48 \cos(10^8 t) - 1.92 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \cos(10^8 t)$$

$$i_{DS2} = 2.5 \left(0.25 + 0.04 \cos^2(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \right. \\ \left. + 0.23 \cos^2(10^8 t) \right) \\ + 0.2 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t)$$

$$+ 0.48 \cos(10^8 t) + 1.92 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \cos(10^8 t)$$

$$i_{DS2} - i_{DS1} = 2.5 \times 2 \times 0.2 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t)$$

$$+ 2.5 \times 2 \times 4.8 \cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t) \cos(10^8 t)$$

ـ تيار في دائرة LC حيث تكون الموجة متحدة.

$$V_o(t) = 2.5 \times 2 \times 4.8 \times 4 \text{KSR} \underbrace{\cos(1.25 \times 10^6 t)}_{\text{f}_o \text{ دSB}} \underbrace{\cos(10^8 t)}_{\text{رسوون}}$$