

# Tutorial 9

## COMP 5361: Discrete Structures and Formal Languages

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1 Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

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## 1 Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

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# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Definition

NFA is exactly like DFA but with a different definition for the transition function  $\delta$ .

- **DFA Transition Function:** A function that takes a state and input symbol as arguments and returns **exactly one state**.
- **NFA Transition Function:** A function that takes a state and input symbol as arguments and returns **set of zero, one, or more states**.

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Example

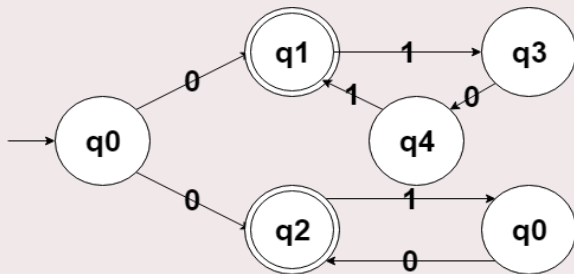


Figure: An example of NFA.

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Formal Definition

An NFA is a 5-tuple:

$$N = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$$

Where,

- $Q$  is a finite set of states.
- $\Sigma$  is a finite set of input symbols.
- $q_0 \in Q$  is the start state.
- $F \subset Q$  is the set of final or accepting states.
- $\delta$  the transition function is a function that takes a state in  $Q$  and an input symbol in  $\Sigma$  as arguments and returns a **subset** of  $Q$ .

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Definition

- **The Extended Transition Function:** The extended transition function of  $\delta$  is denoted by  $\hat{\delta}$ . It takes a state  $q$  and a string of input symbols  $w$  and returns the **set of states** that the NFA is in if it starts in state  $q$  and processes the string  $w$ .

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Example

Find the following values for the NFA defined in slide 5.

①  $\hat{\delta}(q_0, 0)$



# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Example

Find the following values for the NFA defined in slide 5.

①  $\hat{\delta}(q_0, 0)$

②  $\hat{\delta}(q_2, 0)$

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Example

Find the following values for the NFA defined in slide 5.

- 1  $\hat{\delta}(q_0, 0)$
- 2  $\hat{\delta}(q_2, 0)$
- 3  $\hat{\delta}(q_0, 010)$

# Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA)

## Definition

- **The Language of an NFA:** The Language of an NFA is the set of strings  $w$  in  $\Sigma^*$  such that  $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w)$  contains at least one accepting state.

$$L(N) = \{w \mid \hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \cap F \neq \emptyset\}$$

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## Example 1

Build a DFA for the NFA seen in slide 5.

# Examples

## Example 2

Build a DFA for the following NFA.

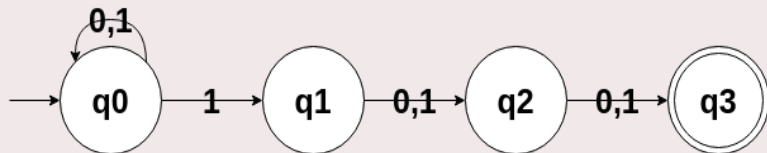


Figure: NFA to DFA example.

## Example 3

Build a DFA for the following NFA.

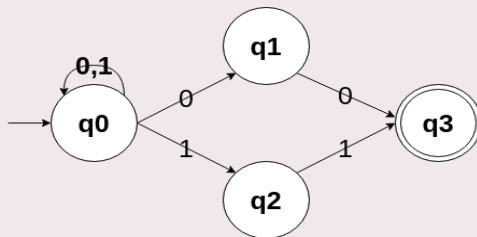


Figure: NFA to DFA example.