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local the,help = {}, [[
lua 2tree.lua [OPTIONS]
 Tree learner (binary splits on numierics (c)2021 Tim Menzies <timm@ieee.org> unlicense.org
     PTIONS:

-best X Best examples are in 1.best*size(all) = .2
-debug X run one test, show stackdumps on fail = ing
-epsilon X ignore differences under epsilon*stdev = .35
-file X Where to read data
-h Show help = false
-seed X Random number seed; = 10019
-Stop X Create subtrees while at least 2*stop egs = 4
-Tiny X Min range size = size(egs)^tiny = .5
-todo X Pass/fail tests to run at start time = ing
If "X=all", then run all.
If "X=ls" then list all.]]
OPTIONS:
  local b4={}; for k,_ in pairs(_ENV) do b4[k]=k end
        cal same
mme= function(x,...) return x end
  local push, sort, ones pushe function(t,x) table.insert(t,x); return x end sort= function(t,f) table.sort(t,f); return t end ones= function(a,b) return a[1] < b[1] end
 local copy.kevs.map.sum
  local copy-function(t, u) u={};for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k]=v end; return u end keys=function(t, u) u={};for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+*u]=k end; return sort(u) end map = function(t,f, u) u={};for k,v in pairs(t) do u[1+*u]=f(k,v) end; return u end sum =function(t,f, n) n=0;for _,v in pairs(t) do n=n+(f or same)(v) end; return u end end
  local hue, shout, out hue = function(n, s) return string.format("\27[1m\\27[\%sm\%s\\27[0m",n,s) end shout= function(x) print(out(x)) end
     unction out(t, u,key,val)
function key(_,k) return string.format(".%s%s", k, out(t[k])) end
function val(_,v) return out(v) end
if type(t) == "mble" then return tostring(t) end
u = #t>0 and map(t, val) or map(keys(t), key)
return "["..table.concat(u,"").."]" end
  function out (t,
 local coerce,csv
function coerce(x)
  if x=="tue" then return true end
  if x=="false" then return false end
  return tonumber(x) or x end
 Num= function(i) return (n=0, mu=0, m2=0, lo=math.huge, hi= -math.huge) end sd = function(i) return i.n<2 and 0 or (i.m2/(i.n-1))^0.5 end
 local norm, randi, rand
  norm = function(lo,hi,x) return math.abs(lo - hi)<1E-9 and 0 or (x-lo)/(hi-lo) end randi= function(lo,hi) return math.floor(0.5 + rand(lo,hi)) end
 function rand(lo,hi)
lo, hi = lo or 0, hi or 1
the.seed = (16807 * the.seed) % 2147483647
return lo + (hi-lo) * the.seed / 2147483647 end
  return ordered(out) end

function sample(eg,i)
local head,datum
function head(n,x)
if not x:find*" then -- [10]
if x:match*"\[ \frac{1}{2} \] then i.num[n] = Num() end -- [6]]
if x:find*" or x:find*";
then i.ys[n] = x
i.nys = i.nys+1
i.num[n].w = x:find*" and -1 or 1 end -- [9]
else i.xs[n] = x end
return x end
function datum(n,x) -- [4]
local num=1.num[n]
if num and x == "?" then add(num,x) end
return x end
      return i end

-- [14] Returns the sample, examples sorted by their goals, each example

-- tagged with "eg.klass=best" or "eg.klass=rest" if "eg" is in the top

-- "the.best" in the sort.

-- [12] Sort each example by exploring all goals (dependent variables).

-- [15] The direction that losses the most points to best example.

-- e.g. a.b=7,6 and a-b is .1 (small loss) and b-a is -.1

-- (much smaller than a or b) so a is more important than b.

-- [13] Goal differences are amplified by raining them to a power (so normalize the goals first so you that calculation does not explode.

function ordered(i)

local function better(eg1,eg2, a,b,s1,s2)

sl.s2=0,0

for n, _in pairs(i.vs) do

-- [12]

local num = i.num[n]

a = norm(num.lo, num.hi, eg1.cells[n]) -- [13]

b = norm(num.lo, num.hi, eg2.cells[n]) -- [13]

sl = sl - 2.71828^n(num.w * (a-b)/i.nys) = nd -- [13] [15]

return sl/i.nys < s2/i.nys end -- [15]

for lye in pairs(sort(i.egs,better)) do eg.klass=j end

return i end
```

149	
150	
151	[-· (7, (7,_)
152	1 1 (7 (7 )
	local splitter, worth, tree, count, keep, tree
153	
154	utility to take a list of $\{(x,y),\}$ pairs to return a cut on
155	x that most minimizes expected value of variance of v
156	x that most minimizes expected value of variance of y local minXpect, upto, over, eq, symcuts, numcuts, at_cuts
157	function minVenet (us unum sone ting us all shi min left wight us uncet)
	<pre>function minXpect(xy,ynum,xeps,tiny, xy,xlo,xhi,min,left,right,x,y,xpect)</pre>
158	xy = sort(xy, firsts)
159	xlo = xy[1][1] xhi = xy[*xy][1]
160	vhi = vv[#vv][1]
161	min = sd(ynum)
	min = sa(ynum)
162	<pre>if ynum.hi - ynum.lo &gt; 2*tiny then left, right = Num(), copy(ynum) for k,z in pairs(xy) do</pre>
163	left, right = Num(), copy(ynum)
164	for k.z in pairs(xv) do
165	x,y = z[1], z[2] add(left, y)
	$x, y = z[\pm j, z[\pm j]]$
166	add(left, y)
167	sub(right, y)
168	<pre>if k&gt;=tiny and k&lt;=#xy-tiny and x~=xy[k+1][1] and x-xlo&gt;=xeps and xhi-x&gt;=xeps</pre>
169	<pre>if k&gt;=tiny and k&lt;=#xy-tiny and x~=xy[k+1][1] and x~xlo&gt;=xeps and xhi-x&gt;=xeps then xpect = left.n/#xy*sd(left) + right.n/#xy*sd(right)</pre>
170	if tmp < xpect then cut, min = x, xpect end end end end
171	The state of the s
	return cut, min end
172	
173	upto = function(x,y) return y<=x end
174	over = function(x,y) return y>x end
175	eq = function(x,y) return x==y end
176	eq zamezen(x,j, zecutu xy end
177	Divide a column of symbols into one row per symbol. Return the
178	cuts and expecte
179	function symcuts(at,egs,txt, xy,n,x)
180	function cuts( xpect, cuts, size)
180	oiso = 0
	size = 0
182	<pre>xpect = sum(xy, function(num) size=size+1; return num.n/n*sd(num) end)</pre>
183	if size > 1 then
184	return xpect.map(kevs(xv).function(x)
185	return {txt=fmt("%s=%s",txt,x),at=at,op=eq,val=x} end) end end
186	Teetan (exe intel x5-x5 /exe/x//ac ac/op eq/var x) and end and
187	<pre>xy,n = {},0 for _,eg in pairs(egs) do</pre>
188	for _,eg in pairs(egs) do
189	local x=eq.cell[at]
190	<pre>local x=eg.cell[at] if x ~= "?" then</pre>
191	n = n + 1
	n = n + 1
192	xy x  = xy x  or $num()$
193	add(xy[x], eg.klass) end end return cuts() end
194	return cuts() end
195	
	Complete annual (1 of the
196	function numcuts(i,at,txt, argmin,cuts)
197	
198	function cuts(xy,ynum, xepsilon, tiny)
199	xespilon = sd(i.num[at])*the.epsilon
200	tiny = (#i.eqs)*the.Tiny
	ciny - (#1.egs) the liny
201	cut, xpect = minXpect(xy, ynum, xepsilon, tiny)
202	if cut then
203	<pre>return xpect, {{txt=fmt("%s&lt;=%s",txt,cut), at=at, op=upto, val=cut}, {txt=fmt("%s&gt;%s",txt,cut), at=at, op=over, val=cut}} end end</pre>
204	<pre>(txt=fmt("%s&gt;%s",txt,cut), at=at, op=over, val=cut)) end end</pre>
205	
205	11 () Non-()
	<pre>local xy, ynum = {}, Num() for _,eg in pairs(egs) do</pre>
207	for _,eg in pairs(egs) do
208	<pre>local x = eg.cell[at] if x ~= "?" then</pre>
209	if x ~= "?" then
210	add(vnum v)
210	add(ynum, x) push(xy, {x, eg.klass}) end end
	publication (A) Egintaboli end end
212	return cuts(xy,ynum) end
213	
214	function at_cuts(i)
215	local at, cuts
216	for at,txt in pairs(i.xs) do
216 217	if i.num[at]
218	<pre>then xpect,cuts0 = nums(i,at,txt)</pre>
219	<pre>else xpect,cuts0 = syms(i,at,txt) end if xpect and xpect &lt; min then out,min,cuts = at,xpect,cuts0 end end</pre>
220	<pre>if xpect and xpect &lt; min then out, min, cuts = at, xpect, cuts0 end end</pre>
221	return at, cuts end
222	
222	local function trace(up. one lul)
	<pre>local function tree(xs, egs,lv1) local here,at,splits,counts</pre>
224	local nere, at, spilts, counts
225	<pre>for _,eg in pairs(egs) do counts=count(counts,eg.klass) end</pre>
226	here = {mode=mode(counts), n=#egs, kids={}}
227	if #egs > the.Stop then
220	enlite at = () enlittor/ve age)
220	splits,at = {},splitter(xs,egs)
229	<pre>for _,eg in pairs(egs) do splits=keep(splits,eg.cooked[at],eg) end for val,split in pairs(splits) do</pre>
230	for val, split in pairs (splits) do
231	<pre>if #split &lt; #eqs and #split &gt; the.Stop then</pre>
232	push(here.kids, {at=at,val=val,
232	sub=tree(xx, split, (lvl or "")" ")}) end end end
	Sub-tree(xs, spiit, (ivi or )     end end end
234	return here end
235	
236	local function show(i,tree)
237	<pre>local vals=function(a,b) return a.val &lt; b.val end</pre>
	local function chould recurred a val \ D. val end
238	local function showl (tree, pre)
239	local function showl (tree, pre)
239 240	local function showl (tree, pre)
239 240 241	local function showl (tree, pre)
239 240 241 242	<pre>local function show1(tree,pre) if #tree.kids==0 then io.write(fmt("==&gt; %s{%s}",tree.mode, tree.n)) end for _,kid in pairs(sort(tree.kids,vals)) do     io.write("\un".fmt("\und*s\und*s\und*per.n".") end show1(kid.sub, pre.n".".") end</pre>
239 240 241	<pre>local function show1(tree.pre) if #tree.kids==0 then io.write(fmt("==&gt; %s[%s]",tree.mode, tree.n)) end for _,kid in pairs(sort(tree.kids,vals)) do io.write("\".",fmt("\%\%\%",pre, showDiv(i, kid.at, kid.val)))</pre>
239 240 241 242	<pre>local function show1(tree.pre) if #tree.kids==0 then io.write(fmt("==&gt; %s[%s]",tree.mode, tree.n)) end for _,kid in pairs(sort(tree.kids,vals)) do io.write("\".",fmt("\%\%\%",pre, showDiv(i, kid.at, kid.val)))</pre>
239 240 241 242 243	<pre>local function show1(tree,pre) if #tree.kids==0 then io.write(fmt("==&gt; %s{%s}",tree.mode, tree.n)) end for _,kid in pairs(sort(tree.kids,vals)) do     io.write("\un".fmt("\und*s\und*s\und*per.n".") end show1(kid.sub, pre.n".".") end</pre>

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