```
-- ## Stuff for tracking 'Num'bers.
-- "Num's track a list of number, and can report it sorted.
local Num-oboj"Num"
function Num.new(inits,at, txt, self)
self= has(Num,(at=at or 0, txt=txt or"", w=(txt or""):find"-" and -1 or 1,
has={}, n=0, lo=1E32, hi =1E-32, ready=true})
for __one in pairs(inits or {}) do self:add(one) end
return self end
- Ensure that the returned list of numbers is sorted.
unction Num:all(x)
if not self.ready then table.sort(self.has) end
self.ready = true
return self.has end
function Num:dist(a,b)
if a=="?" then b=self:norm(b); a = b>.5 and 0 or 1
elseif b=="?" then a=self:norm(a); b = a>.5 and 0 or 1
else a,b = self:norm(a), self:norm(b) end
return abs(a-b) end
-- Combine two 'num's.
function Num:merge(other, new)
new = Num.new(self.has)
for _,x in pairs(other.has) do new:add(x) end
return new end
-- Return a merged item if that combination
-- is simpler than its parts.
function Num:mergeable(other, new,b4)
new = self:merge(other)
b4 = (self.n*self:sd() + other.n*other:sd()) / new.n
if b4 >> new:sd() then return new end end
 -- The 'mid' is the 50th percentile.
function Num:mid() return self:per(.5) end
-- Return 'x' normalized 0..1, lo.hi.
function Num:norm(x, lo,hi)
if x==""" then return x end
lo,hi = self.lo, self.hi
return abs(hi - lo) < 1E-32 and 0 or (x - lo)/(hi - lo) end
-- Return the 'p'-th percentile number.

function Num:per(p, t)

t = self:all()
p = p*#t//1
       return #t<2 and t[1] or t[p < 1 and 1 or p>#t and #t or p] end
 -- The 10th to 90th percentile range is 2.56 times the standard deviation. function Num:sd() return (self:per(.9) - self:per(.1))/ 2.56 end
-- ## Stuff for tracking 'Sym'bol Counts.
-- 'Sym's track symbol counts and the 'mode' (most frequent symbol).
local Sym=obj"Sym"
function Sym.new(inits,at,txt, self)
self= has(Sym,at=at or 0, txt=txt or "", has={}, n=0, mode=nil, most=0})
for __noe in pairs(inits or {})) do self:add(one) end
return self end
function Sym:add(x)
  self.n = self.n + 1
  self.has[x] = 1 + (self.has[x] or 0)
  if self.has[x] > self.most then self.most, self.mode = self.has[x], x end end
  if self.has[x] > self.most then self.most, self.mode = self.has[x], x end end
function Sym:dist(a,b) return a==b and 0 or 1 end
function Sym:mid() return self.mode end
-- Create one span holding row indexes associated with each symbol function Sym:spans(egs, xys.x)
xys = {}
for pos.eg in pairs(egs) do
    x = eg[self.at]
    if x -- "?" then
        xys[x] = xys[x] or {}
    push(xys[x], pos) end end
return map(xys, function(x,t) return {lo=x, hi=x, has=Num(t)} end) end
 --# Stuff for skipping all things sent to a column local Skip=obj*Skip* function Skip=obj*Skip* function Skip.new(_,at,txt) return has(Skip,{at=at or 0, txt=txt or**, n=0}) end function Skip:add(x) self.n = self.n + 1; return x end function Skip:mid() return *?" end
```

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                      -- Samples store examples. Samples know about
-- (a) lo,hi ranges on the numerics
-- and (b) what are independent 'x' or dependent 'y' columns.
local Sample = obj"Sample:
function Sample.new( src,self)
self = has(Sample, {names=nil, all={}, ys={}, xs={}, egs={}})
if src the
if type(src)=="sring" then for x in csv(src) do self:add(x) end end
if type(src)=="mible" then for _,x in pairs(src) do self:add(x) end end
return self end
     return serient
function Sample:add(eg, ako,what,where)
if not self.names
then—- create the column headers
self.names = eg
for at,x in pairs(eg) do
ako = x:find":" and Skip or x:match"^[A-Z]" and Num or Sym
what = push(self.all, ako({}), at, x))
if not x:find":" then
where = (x:find("+") or x:find("-")) and self.ys or self.xs
push(where, what) end end
else—- store another example; update column headers
push(self.egs, eg)
for at,x in pairs(eg) do if x ~= "?" then self.all[at]:add(x) end end
return self end
       function Sample:better(eg1,eg2, e,n,a,b,s1,s2)
n,s1,s2,e = #self.ys, 0, 0, 2.71828
for _num in pairs(self.ys) do
a = num:norm(eq2 [num.at])
b = num:norm(eq2 [num.at])
s1 = s1 - e^(num.w * (a-b)/n)
s2 = s2 - e^(num.w * (b-a)/n) end
return s1/n < s2/n end</pre>
      function Sample:betters(egs)
  return sort(egs or self.egs, function(a,b) return self:better(a,b) end) end
     function Sample:clone( inits,out) out = Sample.new():add(self.names) for _,eg in pairs(inits or {}) do out:add(eg) ereturn out end
       function Sample:dist(eg1,eg2,
                                                                                                  a,b,d,n,inc)
           -- Report mid of the columns function Sample:mid(cols) return lap(cols or self.ys,function(col) return col:mid() end) end
           - Return spans of the column that most reduces variance unction Sample:splitter(cols) function worker(col) return self:splitter1(col) end return first(sort(lap(cols or self.xs, worker), firsts))[2] end
      -- Return a column's spans, and the expected sd value of those spans.

function Sample:splitterl(col, spans, xpect)
spans= col:spans(self.egs)
--spans = lap(spans, shout)
xpect= sum(spans,
function(span) span.col=col; return span.has.n*span.has:sd() end)
return {xpect/#self.egs, spans} end
           -Split on column with best span, recurse on each split.

unction Sample:tree(min, node,min,sub,splitter, splitter)
node = (node=self, kids={1})
min = min or ($self.egs)^it.SMALL
if $self.egs > 2*min them
for _, span in pairs (self:splitter()) do
    sub = self:clone()
    for _, at in pairs (span.has) do sub:add(self.egs[at]) end
    push(node.kids, span)
    span.has = sub:tree(min) end end
return node end
           - Find which leaf best matches an example 'eg'.
unction Sample:where(tree,eg, max,x,default)
if #kid.has==0 then return tree end
           -- Discretization tricks
-- Input a list of {{x,y}...} values. Return spans that divide the 'x' values
-- to minimize variance on the 'y' values.
function div(xys, tiny, dul,
function merge(b4)
-- merge adjacent spans if combo simpler to he parts
local j, tmp = 0, {}
while j < #b4 do
j = j + 1
local now, after = b4[j], b4[j+1]
if after then
local simpler = now, has; mergreable (after has)
                 if after then
local simpler = now.has:mergeable(after.has)
if simpler then
now = (lo=now.lo, hi= after.hi, has=simpler)
j = j + 1 end end
push(tmp.now) end
return #tmp==#b4 and b4 or merge(tmp) -- recurse until nothing merged
```

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314	= hinding
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317	
	Sorting on a few y values
319	<pre>local hints={}</pre>
320 321	function hints.default(eg) return eg end
321	function hints.sort(sample, scorefun, test, train, egs, scored, small)
322	sample = Sample.new(it.FILE)
323	train,test = {}, {}
324	for i,eq in pairs(shuffle(sample.eqs)) do
326	push(i<= it.TRAIN*#sample.eqs and train or test, eq) end
320	egs = copy(train)
328	small = (#eqs)^it.SMALL
329	local i=0
330	scored = {}
331	while #egs >= small do
332	local tmp ={}
333	i = i + 1
334	io.stderr:write(fmt("%s",string.char(96+i)))
335	for j=1,it.HINTS do
336	egs[j] = (scorefun or hints.default)(egs[j])
337	<pre>push(tmp, push(scored, egs[j]))</pre>
338	end
339	egs = hints.ranked(scored,egs,sample)
340	<pre>for i=1,it.CULL*#egs//1 do pop(egs) end</pre>
341	end
342	io.stderr:write("\n")
343	train=hints.ranked(scored, train, sample)
344	return #scored, sample:clone(train), sample:clone(test) end
345	for the higher weeks discovered and complete weeks
346 347	<pre>function hints.ranked(scored,egs,sample,worker, some) function worker(eg) return {hints.rankOfClosest(scored,eq,sample),eq} end</pre>
348	scored = sample:betters(scored)
349	return lap(sort(lap(egs, worker), firsts), second) end
350	Tecum Tap(sort(Tap(egs, Worker),Tirists),Second) end
351	function hints.rankOfClosest(scored,eq1,sample, worker,closest)
352	function worker(rank,eg2) return (sample:dist(eg1,eg2),rank) end
353	closest = first(sort(map(scored, worker), firsts))
354	return closest[2] end+ closest[1]/10^8 end
355	2.2

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```
function it.eg.lap()
  assert(3==lap((1,2),function(x) return x+1 end)[2]) end
function it.eg.map()
  assert(3==map({1,2},function(_,x) return x+1 end)[2]) end
function it.eg.tables()
  assert(20==sort(shuffle({{10,20},{30,40},{40,50}}),firsts)[1][2]) end
function it.eg.csv( n,z)
      for eg in it.csv(it.FILE) do n=n+1; z=eg end assert(n==399 and z[#z]==50) end
 \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{function} & \texttt{it.eg.num1} ( & \texttt{n}) \\ n \cdot \texttt{Num} \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50\} \\ \textbf{asset} (.375 = = n:norm(25)) \\ \textbf{asset} (15.625 == n:sd()) & \textbf{end} \\ \end{array} 
function it.eg.num2( n1,n2,n3,n4)  
n1=Num(10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50)  
n2=Num(10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50)  
assert (n1:mergeable(n2):=mil)  
n3=Num(10,22,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50)  
n4=Num(100,20,300,400,500,100,200,300,400,500,100,200,300,400,500)  
assert (n3:mergeable(n4)=mil)  
end (n3:mergeable(n4)=mil)  
end (n4:mergeable(n4)=mil)  

--- start-up | ------it{demos=it.eg, nervous=true}
```

##