```
-- Random stuff
local Seed, rand, randi
Seed = the.seed or 10
        -- random integers
function randi(lo,hi) return math.floor(0.5 + rand(lo,hi)) end
        -- random floats

function rand(lo,hi, mult,mod)

lo,hi = lo or 0, hi or 1

Seed = (16807 * Seed) $ 2147483647

return lo + (hi-lo) * Seed / 2147483647 end
      -- Random order of items in a list (sort in place).

function shuffle(t, j)

for i=#t,2,-1 do j=randi(1,i); t[i],t[j]=t[j],t[i] end; return t end
       function lap(t,f) return map(t,f,1) end

- Collect key, values, passed through 'f'.

- If 'f' returns two values, store as key, value.

- If 'f' returns one values, store at index value.

- If 'f' return nil then add nothing (so 'map' is also 'select').

function map(t,f,one, u)

u=(); for x,y in pairs(t) do

if one then x,y=f(y) else x,y=f(x,y) end

if x ~= nil then

if y then u[x]=y else u[1+#u]=x end end end

return u end
        -- Collect values, passed through 'f'.
function lap(t,f) return map(t,f,1) end
        -- Shallow copy function copy(t, u) u={}; for k,v in pairs(t) do u[k]=v end; return u end
         \begin{array}{ll} \text{function } top(t,n, & u) \\ u = \{\} \text{,for } k,v \text{ in pairs(t) } \text{do if } k\!\!>\!\! n \text{ then break end; } push(u,v) \text{ end; } return \text{ } u; \text{end} \end{array} 
        --- Return a table's keys (sorted). function keys(t,u)
              u=\{\} for k, in pairs(t) do if tostring(k):sub(1,1)~="_" then push(u,k) end end return sort(u) end
       -- Binary chop (assumes sorted lists)
function bchop(t,val,lt,lo,hi, mid)
lt = lt or function(x,y) return x < y end
lo,hi = lo or 1, hi or #t
while lo <= hi do
mid = (lo+hi) // 2
if lt(tmid],val) then lo=mid+l else hi= mid-l end end
return math.min(lo,#t) end
       -- ## Maths Stuff
local abs, sum, rnd, rnds
abs = math.abs
-- Round 'x' to 'd' decimal places.
-- Round 'x' to 'd' decimal places.
-- Round list of items to 'd' decimal places.
-- Round list of items to 'd' decimal places.
-- Round list of items to 'd' decimal places.
        -- Sum items, filtered through 'f'.
function sum(t,f)
f= f or function(x) return x end
out=0; for _,x in pairs(f) do out = out + f(x) end; return out end
       -- ## Printing Stuff
local out, shout, red, green, yellow, blue, color, fmt
fmt = string. Format
-- Print as red, green, yellow, blue,
function color(s,n) return fmt("\27|\mathrm{Im\27|\07|\07|\07|}\07|\07|\07|\07|\07|,n,s) end
function green(s) return color(s,31) end
function green(s) return color(s,32) end
function yellow(s) return color(s,34) end
function blue(s) return color(s,36) end
                 Printed string from a nested structure.

out = function(x) print(out(x)) end

Generate string from a nested structure
             hout = function(x) print(out(x)) end
- Generate string from a nested structures
- (and don't print any contents more than once).
unction out(t,seen, u,key,value,public)
function key(k) return fmt("%sfs",blue(k),out(t[k],seen)) end
function value(v) return out(v,seen) end
if type(t) == "function" then return "(...") end
if type(t) == "lable" then return tostring(t) end
seen = seen or {}
if seen[t] then return "..." else seen[t] = t end
u = $t>0 and lap(t, value) or lap(keys(t), key)
return red((t._is or"")..."{"}..cat(u,"")..red(")") end
        -- ## File i/o Stuff
-- Return one table per line, split on commans.
local csv
function csv(file, line)
file = io.input(file)
line = io.read()
return function(
t,tmp)
if line then
                    first then
t=()
for cell in line:gsub("[Wr]*",""):gsub("#.*",""):gmatch("([^.]+)") do
push(t, tonumber(cell) or cell) end
line = io.read()
if #t>0 then return t end
else io.close(file) end end end
       -- ## 00 Stuff
local has,obj
-- Create an instance
function has(mt,x) return setmetatable(x,mt) end
        -- Create a class
function obj(s, o,new)
o = {is=s, __tostring=out}
o.__index = o
return setmetatable(o,{__call = function(_,...) return o.new(...) end}) end
```



```
-- ## Stuff for tracking 'Num'bers.
-- "Num's track a list of number, and can report it sorted.
local Num-obj"Num"

function Num.new(inits,at, txt, self)
self= has(Num,{at=at or 0, txt=txt or"", w=(txt or""):find"-" and -1 or 1,
has={}, n=0, lo=1E32, hi =1E-32, ready=true})

for _,one in pairs(inits or {}) do self:add(one) end
return self end
 Ensure that the returned list of numbers is sorted.
-- misure that the returned list of numbers is sor
function Num:all(x)
if not self.ready then table.sort(self.has) end
self.ready = true
return self.has end
      if a=="" then b=self:norm(b); a = b>.5 and 0 or 1 elseif b=="" then a=self:norm(a); b = a>.5 and 0 or 1 else a,b = self:norm(a), self:norm(b) end return abs(a-b) end
 function Num: dist(a,b)
-- Combine two 'num's.
function Num:merge(other, new)
new = Num.new(self.has)
for _, x in pairs(other.has) do new:add(x) end
return new end
-- Return a merged item if that combination
-- is simpler than its parts.
function Num:mergeable(other, new,b4)
new = self:merge(other)
b4 = (self.n*self.sd() + other.n*other:sd()) / new.n
if b4 >= new:sd() then return new end end
 -- The 'mid' is the 50th percentile.
function Num:mid() return self:per(.5) end
    - Return 'x' normalized 0..1, lo..hi.
unction Num:norm(x, lo,hi)
if x==""" then return x end
lo,hi = self.lo, self.hi
return abs(hi - lo) < 1E-32 and 0 or (x - lo)/(hi - lo) end
   - Return the 'p'-th percentile number.

unction Num:per(p, t)
t = self:all()
p = p*t//1
return #t<2 and t[1] or t[p < 1 and 1 or p>#t and #t or p] end
 -- The 10th to 90th percentile range is 2.56 times the standard deviation. function Num:sd() return (self:per(.9) - self:per(.1))/ 2.56 end
 -- Create one span holding row indexes associated with each number local div -- defined below
local div — defined below
function Num:spans(egs)
local xys,xs = {}, Num()
for pos,eg in pairs(egs)
x = eg[self.at]
if x ~= "?" then
     function Sym:add(x)
self.n = self.n + 1
self.has[x] = 1 + (self.has[x] or 0)
if self.has[x] > self.most then self.most, self.mode = self.has[x], x end end
 function Sym:dist(a,b) return a==b and 0 or 1 end
function Sym:mid() return self.mode end
-- Create one span holding row indexes associated with each symbol function Sym:spans(egs, xys,x)

xys = {}
for pos,eg in pairs(egs) do
    x = eg[self.at]
    if x ~= "?" then
        xys[x] = xys[x] or {}
    push(xys[x], pos) end end
    return map(xys, function(x,t) return (lo=x, hi=x, has=Num(t)) end) end
```

```
-- Samples store examples. Samples know about
-- (a) lo,hi ranges on the numerics
-- and (b) what are independent 'x' or dependent 'y' columns.
local Sample = obj*Sample*
function Sample.new( src, self)
self = has(Sample, {names=nil, all={}, ys={}, xs={}, egs={}})
if src then
if type(src)==*sting* then for x in csv(src) do self:add(x) end end
if type(src)==*table* then for _,x in pairs(src) do self:add(x) end end
return self end
                function Sample:add(eg,
function name(at,new,
            function Sample:betters(egs)
  return sort(egs or self.egs,function(a,b) return self:better(a,b) end) end
       function Sample:clone(    inits,out)
  out = Sample.new():add(self.names)
  for _,eg in pairs(inits or {}) do out:add(eg) end
  return out end
       -- Report mid of the columns
function Sample:mid(cols)
return lap(cols or self.ys,function(col) return col:mid() end) end
            - Return spans of the column that most reduces variance unction Sample:splitter(cols) function worker(col) return self:splitter1(col) end return first(sort(lap(cols or sample.xs, worker), firsts))[2] end
            - Return a column's spans, and the expected sd value of those spans.
unction Sample:splitterl(col, spans, xpect)
spans= col:spacs(self.egs)
xpect= sum(spans, function(_,span) return span.n*span:sd()/#self.egs end)
return (xpect, spans) end
       -- Split on column with best span, recurse on each split.
function Sample:tree (min, node, min, sub, splitter, splitter)
node = (node-self, kids={})
min = min or (#self.egs)'the.small
if #self.egs >= 2*min then
for , span in pairs (self:splitter()) do
    sub = self:clone()
    for _rat in pairs (span.has) do sub:add(self.egs[at]) end
    push (node.kids, span)
    span.has = sub:tree(min) end end
return node end
        function Sample:where(tree,eg, max,x,default)
if #kid.has==0 then return tree end
            if #kid.has==0 then return tree end
max = 0
for _,kid in pairs(tree.node) do
if #kid.has > max then default,max = kid,#kid.has end
x = eg[kid.at]
if x ~= """ then
if x <= kid.hi and x >= kid.lo then
return self:where(kid.has.eg) end end end
return self:where(default, eg) end
            - Discretization tricks
- Input a list of {{x,y}..} values. Return spans that divide the 'x' values to minimize variance on the 'y' values.

unction div(xys, tiny, dull)
function merge (b4) - merge adjacent spans if combo simpler to he parts local j, tmp = 0, {}
while j < #b4 do
j = j + 1
local now, after = b4[j], b4[j+1]
if after then
local simpler = now, has imergeable (after, has)
                 if after then
local simpler = now.has:mergeable(after.has)
if simpler then
now = (lo-now.lo, hi= after.hi, has=simpler)
j = j + 1 end end
push(tmp,now) end
return #tmp==#bd and bd or merge(tmp) -- recurse until nothing merged
              end -----local spans, span
            span.hi = x
span.has:add(y) end
return merge(spans) end
```



```
-- Sorting on a few y values
local hints={}
function hints.default(eg) return eg end
          function hints.sort(sample,scorefun, test,train,egs,scored,small)
sample = Sample.new(the.file)
train,test = {}, {};
for i,eg in pairs(shuffle(sample.egs)) do
    push(i/= the.train*#sample.egs and train or test, eg) end
                push(ic= the tentre sample.egs and train or te
egs copy(train) sample.egs and train or te
egs copy(train) small local i=0
scored = {
while egs >= small do
local tmp = {
i = i + 1
io.stderr:write(fmt("%s",string.char(96+i)))
for j=1,the.hints do
egs[j] = (scorefun or hints.default)(egs[j])
push(tmp, push(scored, egs[j]))
end
egs = hints.ranked(scored,egs,sample)
                       end
egs = hints.ranked(scored,egs,sample)
for i=1,the.cull*#egs//1 do pop(egs) end
                 end io.stderr:write("\n")
train=hints.ranked(scored, train, sample)
return #scored, sample:clone(train), sample:clone(test) end
            function hints.ranked(scored,egs,sample,worker, some)
function worker(eg) return {hints.rankOfClosest(scored,eg,sample),eg} end
scored = sample:betters(scored)
return lap(sort(lap(egs, worker),firsts),second) end
          function hints.rankOfClosest(scored,eg1,sample,
    function worker(rank,eg2) return (sample:dist(eg1,eg2),rank) end
    closest = first(sort(map(scored, worker),firsts))
    return closest[2] end --+ closest[1]/10*8 end
```

```
local eg={}
function eg.shuffle( t)
        unction eg.shuffle( t)
t={}
for i=1,100 do push(t,i) end
assert(#t == #shuffle(t) and t[1] ~= shuffle(t)[1]) end
     function eg.lap()
assert(3==lap({1,2},function(x) return x+1 end)[2]) end
    function eg.map()
  assert(3==map({1,2},function(_,x) return x+1 end)[2]) end
     function eg.tables()
  assert(20==sort(shuffle({{10,20},{30,40},{40,50}}),firsts)[1][2]) end
     function eg.csv( n.z)
     function eg.num1(     n)
n=Num{10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50,10,20,30,40,50}
    function eg.binsym( s)
  s=Sample(the.file)
  print(s.all[6]._is=="S)
  s:splitter1(s.all[6])
end
                                       ="Svm")
    function eg.hints(
    s=Sample(the.file)
    evals, train,test = hints.sort(s)
    test.egs = test:betters()
    for m,eg in pairs(test.egs) do
        n = bchop(train.egs, eg, function(a,b) return s:better(a,b) end)
        print(n) end end
    -- startup
local fails, defaults = 0, copy(the)
local function example(k, f,ok,msg)
f = eg(k)
assert(f,"unknown action"..k)
the = copy(defaults)
Seed the seed return f() end
tok,msg = pcall(f)
if ok then print(green("PASS"),k)
else print(red("FAIL"), k,msg); fails=fails+1 end end
582
583 -- run one or more examples
584 if the.todo="all" then lap(keys(eg),example) else example(the.todo) end
585 -- print any rogue global variables
586 for k,v in pairs(_ENV) do if not b4[k] then print("?rogue: ",k,type(v)) end end
587 -- exit, return our test failure count.
588 os.exit(fails)
```

