Section I

- 40. Which of the following is a possible reason why cats can see better at night than can humans?
 - (A) Cats have a higher proportion of rods to cones.
 - (B) Cats' pupils can contract to a smaller opening.
 - (C) Cats have a smaller blind spot.
 - (D) Cats have a larger optic nerve tract.
 - (E) The visual cortex of cats is located farther forward in the cortex.
- 41. Which of the following reflects the inborn and stable rudiments of personality, such as excitability?
 - (A) Imprinting
 - (B) Social referencing
 - (C) Individuation
 - (D) Temperament
 - (E) Accommodation
- 42. After seeing her parents give her brother a dollar for cleaning his room, Sarah begins cleaning her own room. According to social-learning theorists, Sarah's behavior is an example of which of the following?
 - (A) Classical conditioning
 - (B) Spontaneous recovery
 - (C) Stimulus generalization
 - (D) Discrimination training
 - (E) Observational learning
- 43. In Abraham Maslow's hierarchy of needs, living up to one's potential and striving for personal fulfillment are referred to as

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- (A) biological needs
- (B) aesthetic needs
- (C) physiological needs
- (D) belonging needs
- (E) self-actualization needs

- 44. The technique of assessing personality by asking a person to make up a story based on a picture presented by the researcher is an example of which of the following types of tests?
 - (A) Trait/type
 - (B) Projective
 - (C) Forced choice
 - (D) Simulation
 - (E) Personality inventory
- 45. John B. Watson was a pioneer in which of the following perspectives of psychology?
 - (A) Biological
 - (B) Functionalism
 - (C) Psychoanalytic
 - (D) Structuralism
 - (E) Behaviorism
- 46. Which of the following is considered the fundamental building block of the nervous system?
 - (A) Nucleus
 - (B) Neuron
 - (C) Synapse
 - (D) Neurotransmitter
 - (E) Electrical impulse
- 47. The psychological effects of alcohol are powerfully influenced by the user's
 - (A) expectations
 - (B) success in developing a social network
 - (C) agility
 - (D) intelligence quotient (IQ)
 - (E) brain dopamine level