Plasma Flow Shifts

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1 Plasma Equilibrium

We have

$$\mathbf{B} = \nabla \phi \times \nabla \psi + I(\psi) \nabla \phi = B_0 R_0 [f(r) \nabla \phi \times \nabla r + g(r) \nabla \phi]. \tag{1}$$

So

$$\frac{d\psi}{dr} = B_0 R_0 f(r), \tag{2}$$

$$I(\psi) = B_0 R_0 g(r). \tag{3}$$

We also have

$$|\nabla \phi| = \frac{1}{R},\tag{4}$$

$$\nabla r \times \nabla \theta \cdot \nabla \phi = \frac{R_0}{r R^2},\tag{5}$$

$$q(r) = \frac{r g}{R_0 f}. (6)$$

2 Plasma Flows

We have

$$\mathbf{E} = -\nabla \Phi(\psi) + \frac{E_{\parallel}}{B_0} \mathbf{B},\tag{7}$$

and

$$\mathbf{V}^{a} = \mathbf{V}_{\perp}^{a} + \frac{V_{\parallel}^{a}(\psi)}{B_{0}} \mathbf{B}, \tag{8}$$

$$\mathbf{V}_{\perp}^{a} = \frac{\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B}}{B^{2}} + \frac{\mathbf{B} \times \nabla p_{a}}{n_{a} e_{a} B^{2}}.$$
 (9)

Furthermore,

$$\omega_E(r) = -\frac{d\Phi}{d\psi},\tag{10}$$

$$\omega_*^a(r) = -\frac{T_a}{e_a} \frac{d \ln p_a}{d\psi}.$$
 (11)

It follows that

$$\mathbf{V}_{\perp}^{a} = (\omega_{E} + \omega_{*}^{a}) \left(\frac{B_{0}}{B}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{r g^{2}}{q}\right) \left(-R_{0} \nabla \phi \times \nabla r + \frac{r |\nabla r|^{2}}{q} \nabla \phi\right), \tag{12}$$

$$\frac{V_{\parallel}^{a}}{B_{0}} \mathbf{B} = V_{\parallel}^{a} \left(\frac{r g}{q} \nabla \phi \times \nabla r + R_{0} g \nabla \phi \right). \tag{13}$$

Let

$$\Omega_{\theta}^{a} = \mathbf{V}^{a} \cdot \nabla \theta, \tag{14}$$

$$\Omega_{\phi}^{a} = \mathbf{V}^{a} \cdot \nabla \phi. \tag{15}$$

It follows that

$$q \,\Omega_{\theta}^{a} = \frac{g \,V_{\parallel}^{a}}{R_{0}} \left(\frac{R_{0}}{R}\right)^{2} - \left(\omega_{E} + \omega_{*}^{a}\right) g^{2} \left(\frac{R_{0}}{R}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{B_{0}}{B}\right)^{2}, \tag{16}$$

$$\Omega_{\phi}^{a} = \frac{gV_{\parallel}^{a}}{R_{0}} \left(\frac{R_{0}}{R}\right)^{2} + \left(\omega_{E} + \omega_{*}^{a}\right)g^{2} \left(\frac{R_{0}}{R}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{B_{0}}{B}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{r}{R_{0}q}\right)^{2} |\nabla r|^{2}.$$
 (17)

Let

$$\omega_{\parallel}^{a} = \frac{g V_{\parallel}^{a}}{R_{0}},\tag{18}$$

$$C_1 = \left\langle \left(\frac{R_0}{R}\right)^2 \right\rangle,\tag{19}$$

$$C_2 = g^2 \left\langle \left(\frac{R_0}{R}\right)^2 \left(\frac{B_0}{B}\right)^2 \right\rangle = \left\langle \left[1 + \left(\frac{r}{R_0 q}\right)^2 |\nabla r|^2\right]^{-1} \right\rangle. \tag{20}$$

It follows that

$$q \langle \Omega_{\theta}^{a} \rangle = C_1 \omega_{\parallel}^{a} - C_2 (\omega_E + \omega_*^{a}), \tag{21}$$

$$\langle \Omega_{\phi}^{a} \rangle = C_1 \,\omega_{\parallel}^{a} + (1 - C_2) \,(\omega_E + \omega_*^{a}). \tag{22}$$

Thus,

$$\Delta\omega_E = \Delta\Omega_\phi^a - q\,\Delta\Omega_\theta^a,\tag{23}$$

$$\Delta\omega_{\parallel}^{a} = \frac{C_2 \Delta\Omega_{\phi}^{a} + (1 - C_2) q \Delta\Omega_{\theta}^{a}}{C_1}.$$
 (24)

Finally,

$$\Delta V_{\parallel}^{a} = \frac{R_0}{g} \, \Delta \omega_{\parallel}^{a},\tag{25}$$

$$\Delta V_{E\theta} = -C_2 \frac{r}{q} \Delta \omega_E. \tag{26}$$