# Calculation of Layer Quantities in TJ

## I. ADDITIONAL PLASMA PARAMETERS

The following additional plasma parameters are required to calculate layer quantities:

- $\bullet$   $B_0$  the toroidal magnetic field-strength at the magnetic axis
- $R_0$  the plasma major radius
- ullet  $n_0$  the electron number density at the magnetic axis
- $\alpha$  the electron density profile is assumed to be  $n_e = n_0 (1 \hat{r}^2)^{\alpha}$
- ullet  $Z_{
  m eff}$  the (assumed spatially uniform) effective ion charge number
- $\bullet$  M the ion mass number
- $\bullet~\chi_{\perp}$  the (assumed spatially uniform) perpendicular momentum/energy diffusivity

The following derived parameter is also required:

•  $a = \epsilon R_0$  - the plasma minor radius

# II. RATIONAL SURFACE PARAMETERS

Let the kth rational surface be resonant with poloidal mode number  $m_k$  and lie at normalized radius  $\hat{r}_k$ . We can define

$$q_k = q(\hat{r}_k), \tag{1}$$

$$s_k = s(\hat{r}_k),\tag{2}$$

$$n_{ek} = n_0 \left( 1 - \hat{r}_k^2 \right)^{\alpha}, \tag{3}$$

$$p_k = \frac{\epsilon^2 B_0^2 p_2(\hat{r}_k),}{\mu_0} \tag{4}$$

$$T_{ek} = \frac{p_k}{2 n_{ek} e},\tag{5}$$

$$\ln \Lambda_k = 24 + 3 \ln 10 - \frac{1}{2} \ln n_{ek} + \ln T_{ek}, \tag{6}$$

$$\tau_{ee\,k} = \frac{6\sqrt{2}\,\pi^{3/2}\,\epsilon_0^2\,m_e^{1/2}\,T_{e\,k}^{3/2}}{\ln\Lambda_k\,e^{5/2}\,n_{e\,k}},\tag{7}$$

$$\sigma_{\parallel k} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 13 \, Z_{\text{eff}} / 4}{Z_{\text{eff}} \left(\sqrt{2} + Z_{\text{eff}}\right)} \, \frac{n_{e \, k} \, e^2 \, \tau_{ee \, k}}{m_e},\tag{8}$$

$$g_k = 1 + \epsilon^2 g_2(\hat{r}_k), \tag{9}$$

$$L_{sk} = \frac{R_0 \, q_k}{s_k},\tag{10}$$

$$V_{Ak} = \frac{B_0 g_k}{(\mu_0 n_{ek} M m_p)^{1/2}},\tag{11}$$

$$d_{ik} = \left(\frac{M \, m_p}{n_{ek} \, e^2 \, \mu_0}\right)^{1/2},\tag{12}$$

$$\beta_k = \frac{5 \,\epsilon^2 \, p_2(\hat{r}_k)}{3 \,g_k^2},\tag{13}$$

$$\hat{d}_{\beta k} = \left(\frac{\beta_k}{1 + \beta_k}\right)^{1/2} \frac{d_{ik}}{a \,\hat{r}_k},\tag{14}$$

$$\omega_{*k} = \frac{m_k B_0 \, p_2'(\hat{r}_k)}{\mu_0 \, R_0^2 \, e \, n_{ek} \, q_k \, \hat{r}_k},\tag{15}$$

$$\tau_{Hk} = \frac{L_{sk}}{m_k V_{Ak}},\tag{16}$$

$$\tau_{Rk} = \mu_0 \, a^2 \, \hat{r}_k^2 \, \sigma_{\parallel}(\hat{r}_k), \tag{17}$$

$$\tau_{\perp k} = \frac{a^2 \,\hat{r}_k^2}{\chi_\perp}.\tag{18}$$

Here, we are assuming that the electrons and ions have the same temperature.

## III. LAYER PARAMETERS

Layer physics at the kth rational surface is governed by the following normalized parameters:

$$S_k^{1/3} = \left(\frac{\tau_{Rk}}{\tau_{Hk}}\right)^{1/3},\tag{19}$$

$$\tau_k = S_k^{1/3} \, \tau_{H\,k},\tag{20}$$

$$\iota_{e\,k} = \frac{1}{2},\tag{21}$$

$$Q_{e\,k} = -\iota_{e\,k}\,\tau_k\,\omega_{*\,k},\tag{22}$$

$$Q_{ik} = (1 - \iota_{ek}) \, \tau_k \, \omega_{*k}, \tag{23}$$

$$D_k = S_k^{1/3} \iota_{ek}^{1/2} \hat{d}_{\beta k}, \tag{24}$$

$$P_{\varphi k} = \frac{\tau_{Rk}}{\tau_{\perp k}},\tag{25}$$

$$P_{\perp k} = \frac{\tau_{Rk}}{\tau_{\perp k}}. (26)$$

#### IV. CRITICAL $\Delta'$

The critical  $\Delta'$ , due to magnetic field-line curvature effects at the rational surface, that must be exceeded before an electron-branch tearing mode becomes unstable, can be written

$$\Delta_{ck} = -\frac{\sqrt{2} \pi^{3/2} D_{Rk}}{\hat{W}_{dk}},\tag{27}$$

where

$$D_{Rk} = -\frac{2\epsilon^2 \hat{r}_k p_2'(\hat{r}_k) (1 - q_k^2)}{s_k^2} - \frac{2\epsilon^2 p_2'(\hat{r}_k) q_k^2 H_1'(\hat{r}_k)}{s_k},$$
(28)

and

$$\hat{W}_{dk} = \sqrt{8} \left( \frac{\chi_{\perp}}{\chi_{\parallel}} \right)^{1/4} \frac{1}{(\epsilon \,\hat{r}_k \, s_k \, n)^{1/2}},\tag{29}$$

$$\chi_{\parallel} = \frac{\chi_{\parallel}^{\text{smfp}} \chi_{\parallel}^{\text{lmfp}}}{\chi_{\parallel}^{\text{smfp}} + \chi_{\parallel}^{\text{lmfp}}},\tag{30}$$

$$\chi_{\parallel}^{\text{smfp}} = \frac{1.581 \, \tau_{ee\,k} \, v_{t\,e\,k}^2}{1 + 0.2535 \, Z_{\text{eff}}},\tag{31}$$

$$\chi_{\parallel}^{\text{lmfp}} = \frac{2 R_0 v_{tek}}{\pi^{1/2} n s_k \hat{W}_{dk}},\tag{32}$$

$$v_{tek} = \left(\frac{2\,T_{ek}}{m_e}\right)^{1/2}.\tag{33}$$