

	<p><b>LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY</b> <b>College of Agriculture</b> <b>School of Plant, Environmental, and Soil Sciences</b> <b>AGRO 7076 HTP in Plant Breeding</b></p>	
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# Enviromics

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# Prediction-based model

$$RS = \frac{i \cdot r_{aP} \cdot \sigma_a}{T} \quad r_{aP} = \sqrt{h_a^2}$$

$$y = u + X\beta + Zg + Wge + \varepsilon$$



## Envirotyping (W):

- Virtually increase the MET
- Allows to better predict gxe
- Optimize cultivar recommendation
- Thus, increase h

## Current challenges:

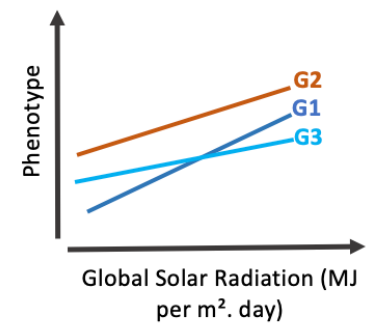
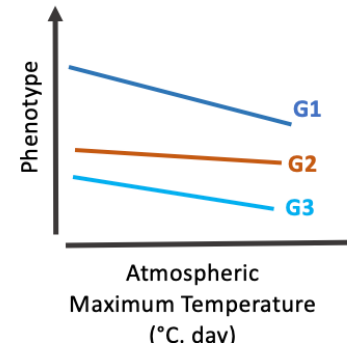
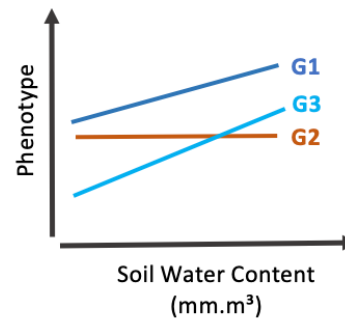
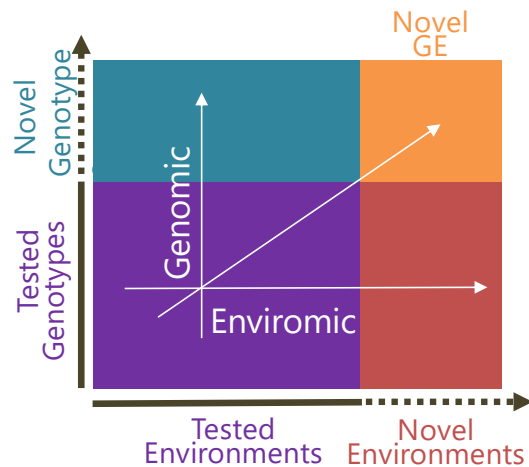
1. Obtain high resolution data
2. Translate information



# Nonlinear kernels, dominance, and envirotyping data increase the accuracy of genome-based prediction in multi-environment trials

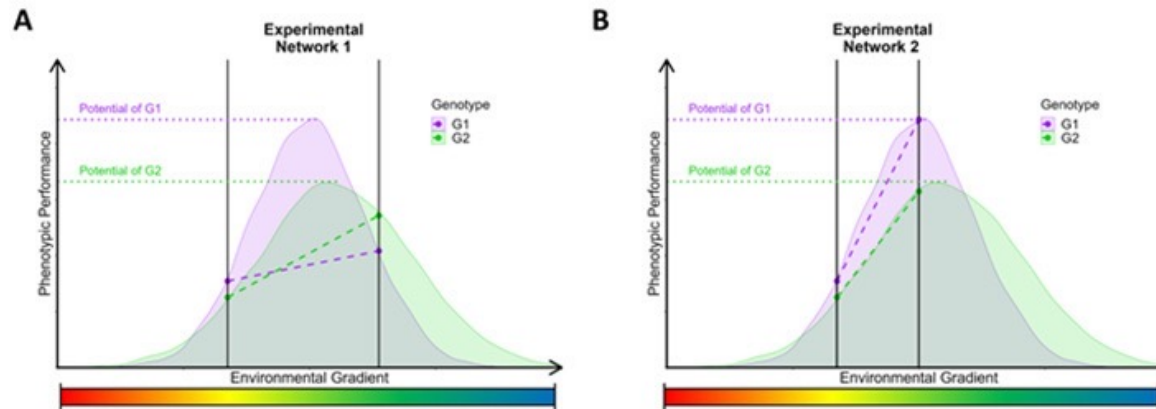
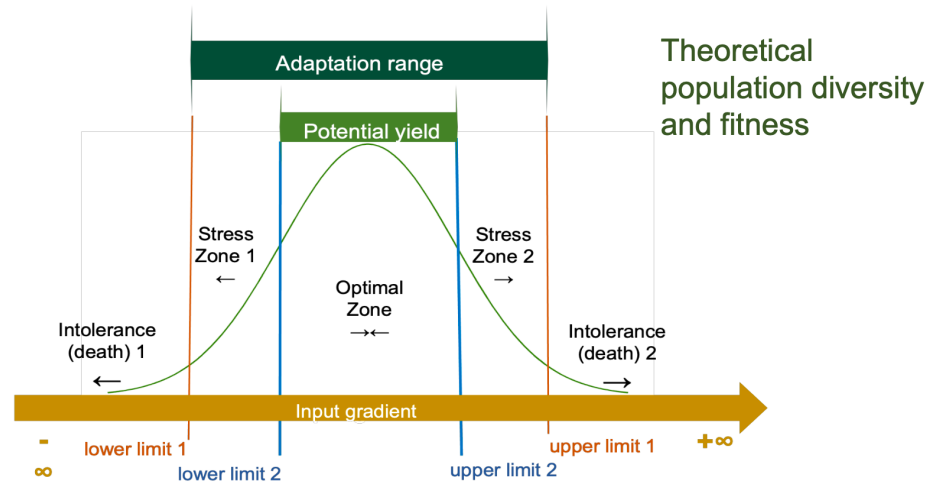
Germano Costa-Neto <sup>1</sup> · Roberto Fritsche-Neto <sup>1</sup> · José Crossa <sup>2</sup>

MET Prediction (Enviromic + Genomic)



Shelford (1931, 1932)  
Tolerance Limits and adaptation

Theoretical gradient of  
some continuous  
environmental factor





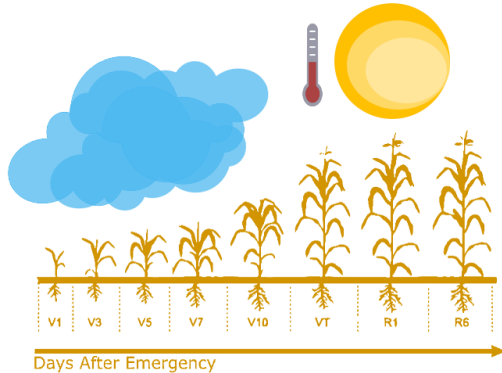
## Enviromic Assembly Increases Accuracy and Reduces Costs of the Genomic Prediction for Yield Plasticity in Maize

Germano Costa-Neto<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Jose Crossa<sup>3,4†</sup> and Roberto Fritsche-Neto<sup>1,5</sup>

- Cardinals must weight EC
- **Not all** EC are important:
  - *for all traits or*
  - *during the whole cycle*

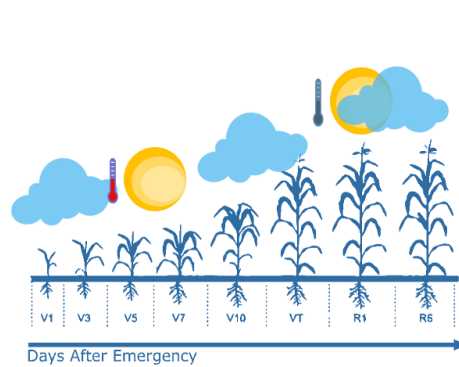
### Cumulative values per croplife (**poor description**)

Environment 1



- Precipitation: 560 mm/cycle
- Temperature: 962 °C/cycle
- Radiation: 724 MJ m2/ cycle

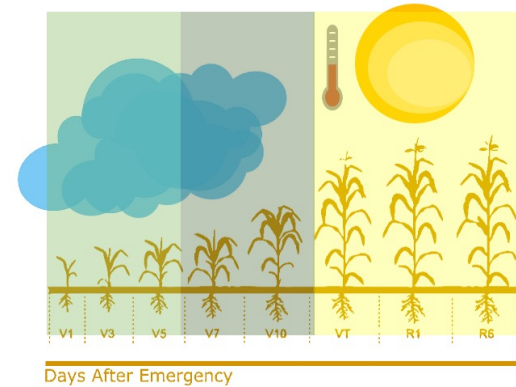
Environment 2



- Precipitation: 560 mm/cycle
- Temperature: 962 °C/cycle
- Radiation: 724 MJ m2/ cycle

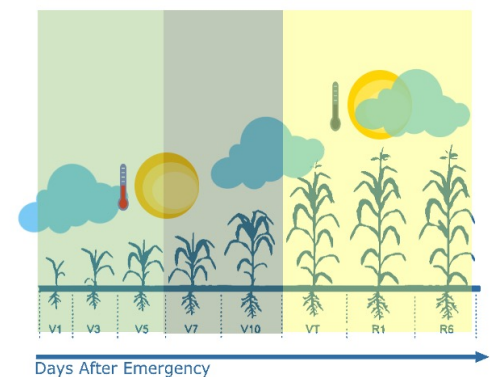
### Cumulative values per stage (**better**)

Environment 1



- Precipitation (mm): 300 (T1); 260 (T2); 0 mm (T3)
- Temperature (°C): 150 (T1); 100 (T2); 712 (T3)
- Radiation (MJ/m2): 144.8 (T1); 115.8 (T2); 463.4 (T3)

Environment 2



- Precipitation (mm): 224 (T1); 168 (T2); 168 (T3)
- Temperature (°C): 150 (T1); 100 (T2); 712 (T3)
- Radiation (MJ/m2): 144.8 (T1); 115.8 (T2); 463.4 (T3)

- **Crop-specific tune**

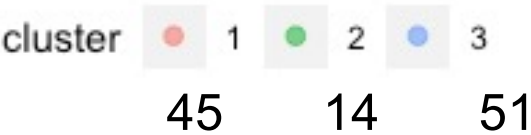
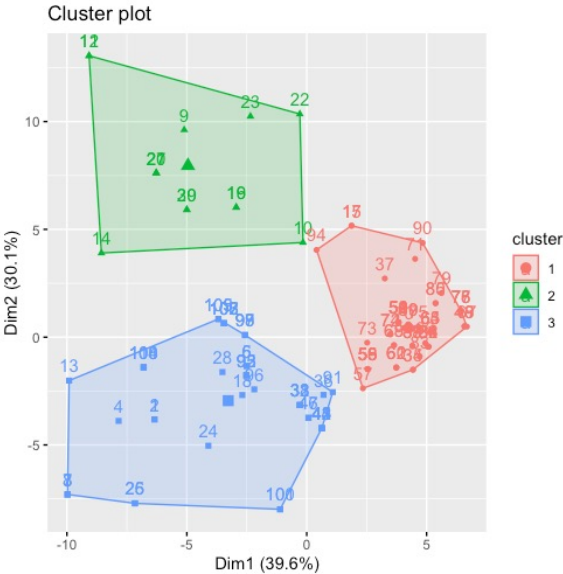
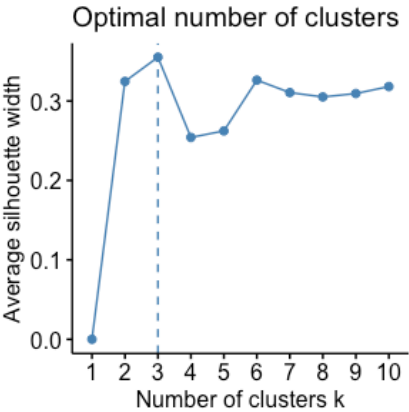
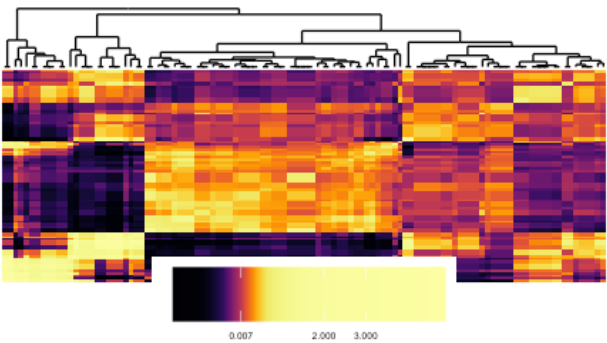
- Tbase1 = 12,
- Tbase2 = 24,
- Topt1 = 33,
- Topt2 = 37,
- Alt = 540

- **Temporal variations**

- From 0 DAE (emergence day) to 14 DAE (appearance of the first leaf, V1).
- From 15 DAE (V1) to 35 DAE (appearance of the fourth leaf, V4).
- From 36 DAE (V4) to 65 DAE (tasseling stage, VT).
- From 66 DAE (VT) to 90 DAE (kernel milk stage, R3).
- From 91 DAE (R3) to 120 DAE (physiological maturity).

Source	Environmental factor	Unit
NASA Power	Top-of-atmosphere insolation	$\text{MJ m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}$
	Average insolation incident on a horizontal surface	$\text{MJ m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}$
	Average downward longwave radiative flux	$\text{MJ m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}$
	Wind speed at 10 m above the surface of the earth	$\text{m s}^{-1}$
	Minimum air temperature at 2 m above the surface of the earth	$^{\circ}\text{C d}^{-1}$
	Maximum air temperature at 2 m above the surface of the earth	$^{\circ}\text{C d}^{-1}$
	Dew-point temperature at 2 m above the surface of the earth	$^{\circ}\text{C d}^{-1}$
	Relative air humidity at 2 m above the surface of the earth	%
	Rainfall precipitation (P)	$\text{mm d}^{-1}$
Calculated <sup>a</sup>	Effect of temperature on radiation-use efficiency	–
	Evapotranspiration (ETP)	$\text{mm d}^{-1}$
	Atmospheric water deficit P-ETP	$\text{mm d}^{-1}$
	Deficit of vapor pressure	$\text{kPa d}^{-1}$
	Slope of saturation vapor-pressure curve	$\text{kPa } ^{\circ}\text{C}^{-1} \text{d}^{-1}$
	Temperature range	$^{\circ}\text{C d}^{-1}$
	Global solar radiation based on latitude and Julian Day	$\text{MJ m}^{-2} \text{d}^{-1}$

# E.g., DS in The Philippines



**Using enviromics, we can:**

- **Reduce the total number of trials and cost**
- **Better allocate the resources**
- **Define the optimal MET in advance**
- **Identify genomic regions associated with EC responsiveness**
- **Select more resilient genotypes for future scenarios**



## EnvRtype: a software to interplay enviromics and quantitative genomics in agriculture

Germano Costa-Neto <sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup> Giovanni Galli, <sup>1</sup> Humberto Fanelli Carvalho <sup>2</sup>, <sup>1</sup> José Crossa <sup>2</sup> and Roberto Fritsche-Neto <sup>1,3</sup>



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SPECIAL SECTION: MACHINE LEARNING IN AGRICULTURE

Agronomy Journal

## SoilType: An R package to interplay soil characterization in plant science

Roberto Fritsche-Neto 

