Installation instructions for lrgpr

Dependencies and installation

Linux and Mac OS X are currently supported, but unfortunately Windows and Cygwin are not supported.

lrgpr has some dependencies that may not be installed on your system. Installation requires the GNU Scientific Library (GSL) and Boost C++ libraries.

• **Ubuntu / Debian:** these can be automatically installed with apt-get:

```
shell> sudo apt-get install libboost-all-dev libgs10-dev
```

• **Redhat / CentOS:** these can be automatically installed with yum:

```
shell> sudo yum install boost-devel gsl-devel
```

• Mac OS X: you can use brew (from http://brew.sh/):

```
shell> sudo brew install boost gsl
```

Alternatively, you can install them manually from source:

- GSL: http://www.gnu.org/software/gsl/
- Boost: http://www.boost.org/users/download/

lrgpr also depends on a number of R packages that can be installed from CRAN:

```
> pkgs = c("Rcpp", "RcppGSL", "RcppProgress", "MASS", "doParallel",
"formula.tools", "BH", "bigmemory", "biganalytics", "aod")
> install.packages(pkgs)
```

lrgpr requires bigmemory >= v4.4.7, so install this from R-Forge:

```
> install.packages("bigmemory", repos="http://R-Forge.R-project.org")
```

Once the dependencies are installed, you can install **lrgpr**:

```
shell> R CMD INSTALL lrgpr_0.0.8.tar.gz
```

For very advanced R users

Accelerating linear algebra in R

Linear algebra operations are the bottleneck for **lrgpr** and many other packages in R. Compiling R with a good implementation of the BLAS linear algebra library can speed up some operations by >10x, and using a parallel library can further improve performance compared to the standard "reference BLAS" used by default. Using the best library for your machine, such as ATLAS (generic), ACML (AMD) or MKL (Intel), is strongly suggested.

You can follow the instructions to compile R against one of these libraries: http://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/R-admin.html#Linear-algebra