

# Package ‘NameNeedle’

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**Title** NameNeedle package  
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**Description** Using Needleman-Wunsch to Match Sample Names  
**Depends** R (>= 3.0)  
**Imports** stats  
**Suggests** Biostrings  
**License** Apache License (== 2.0)  
**URL** <http://oompa.r-forge.r-project.org/>  
**NeedsCompilation** no

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NameNeedle-package	<i>Implements Needleman-Wunsch simple global alignment algorithm</i>
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## Description

The Needleman-Wunsch simple gap algorithm was one of the first methods introduced for global alignment of biological sequences. The same algorithm can be used to match cell line names or sample names from two related data sets; we provide examples in the documentation, using data that accompanies this package.

While the **NameNeedle** package can be used for biological sequence alignment, the **Biostrings** package from Bioconductor contains much more sophisticated tools for that problem.

## Details

Package: NameNeedle  
Type: Package  
Version: 1.1.1  
Date: 2012-05-01  
License: GPL Version 2 or newer  
LazyLoad: yes

### Author(s)

Kevin R. Coombes <krc@silicovore.com>, P. Roebuck <proebuck@mdanderson.org>

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cellLineNames-data	<i>Cell Line Names</i>
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### Description

This dataset contains vectors of cell line names that are used to demonstrate how to use the **Name-Needle** package.

### Usage

```
data(cellLineNames)
```

### Format

This dataset contains four objects: three character vectors (sf2Names, rppaNames, and illuNames) and one factor (illuType).

### Details

The three character vectors, sf2Names, rppaNames, and illuNames contain the names of cell lines used in three different but related experiments. The factor, illuType, indicates whether the cell lines named in the illuNames vector were derived from lung cancer (with the value "Lung") or from head and neck cancer ("HNSCC").

### Examples

```
data(cellLineNames)  
head(rppaNames)  
head(sf2Names)  
head(illuNames)  
summary(illuType)
```

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needles*Needleman-Wunsch global alignment algorithm*

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## Description

This package contains a simple implementation of the Needleman-Wunsch global alignment algorithm.

## Usage

```
needles(pattern, subject, params=defaultNeedleParams)
needleScores(pattern, subjects, params=defaultNeedleParams)
defaultNeedleParams
```

## Arguments

pattern	character string to be matched
subject	character string to be matched against
subjects	character vector where matches are sought
params	list containing four required components. The default values are specified by the object defaultNeedleParams, which contains the following values:  \$ MATCH : num 1 \$ MISMATCH: num -1 \$ GAP : num -1 \$ GAPCHAR : chr "*"

## Details

The Needleman-Wunsch global alignment algorithm was one of the first algorithms used to align DNA, RNA, or protein sequences. The basic algorithm uses dynamic programming to find an optimal alignment between two sequences, with parameters that specify penalties for mismatches and gaps and a reward for exact matches. More elaborate algorithms (not implemented here) make use of matrices with different penalties depending on different kinds of mismatches. The version implemented here is based on the Perl implementation in the first section of Chapter 3 of the book *BLAST*.

## Value

The needles function returns a list with five components:

score	The raw alignment score.
align1	The final (optimal) alignment for the pattern.
align2	The final (optimal) alignment for the subject.
sm	The score matrix.
dm	The backtrace matrix.

The needleScores function returns a numeric vector the same length as the subjects argument, with each entry equal to the corresponding raw alignment score.

**Author(s)**

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**References**

Needleman SB, Wunsch CD.  
*A general method applicable to the search for similarities in the amino acid sequence of two proteins.*  
J Mol Biol 1970, 48(3):443–453.  
Korf I, Yandell M, Bedell J.  
*BLAST.*  
O'Reilly Media, 2003.

**See Also**

The **Biostrings** package from Bioconductor used to contain a function called `needwunQS` that provided a simple gap implementation of Needleman-Wunsch, similar to the one presented here. That function has been deprecated in favor of a more elaborate interface called [pairwiseAlignment](#) that incorporates a variety of other alignment methods in addition. While `pairwiseAlignment` is much more useful for applications to biological sequences, it is serious overkill for the application we have in mind for matching cell line or other sample names.

**Examples**

```
data(cellLineNames)
myParam <- defaultNeedleParams
myParam$MATCH <- 2
myParam$MISMATCH <- -2
needles(sf2Names[2], illuNames[1], myParam)
scores <- needleScores(sf2Names[6], illuNames, myParam)
w <- which(scores == max(scores))
w
sf2Names[6]

needles(sf2Names[6], illuNames[w], myParam)
```

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