Package 'Sleuth2'

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Sleuth2-package case0101 case0102 case0201

case0202 case0301 case0302

case0401 case0402 case0501 case0502 case0601 case0602 case0701

case0702 case0801

9

15

case0802																					17
case0901																					18
case0901																					19
case1001																					19
case 1001																					20
case1101																					21
case1102																					22
case1201																					23
case1202																					24
case1301																					25
case1302																					26
case1401		 •		 •			•			•	 •	•	 •			 	•	 •	•		27
case1402								 •								 	•		•		28
case1501								 •								 					29
case1502																 					30
case1601																 					31
case1602																 					32
case1701								 								 					33
case1702								 								 					34
case1902								 								 					35
case2001								 								 					37
case2002								 								 					38
case2101								 								 					39
case2102								 								 					40
case2201																					41
case2202																					41
ex0112																					42
ex0116																					43
ex0211																					44
ex0221																					44
ex0222																					45
ex0222																					46
ex0223 ex0321																					46
ex0321																					47
ex0323 ex0327																					47
ex0327		 -	•	 •	•		•		•		 •		 •				•	 -	•	 -	
•	•																				49
ex0331																					49
ex0332																					50
ex0333																					51
ex0428																					51
ex0429																					52
ex0430																					53
ex0431																					53
ex0432																					54
ex0518																					55
ex0523																					55
ex0524																 					56
ex0621								 								 					57
ex0622								 								 					57
ex0723																 					59
ex0724																					60
ex0726																					61

	61
	62
	63
ex0730	63
ex0816	64
ex0817	65
ex0818	66
ex0820	66
ex0822	67
ex0823	68
ex0824	69
	69
	7 0
	71
	71
	72
	73
	74
	74 74
	7 5
	76
	70 77
	<i>י י</i> 77
	78 70
	7 9
	80
	80
	82
	83
	84
	85
	85
	86
	87
	88
	89
ex1509	89
ex1512	90
ex1513	91
ex1514	91
ex 1515	92
ex1605	93
ex1611	94
ex1612	94
ex1613	95
ex1614	96
	96
	97
	98
	99
ex1914	
ex 1916	

Sleuth2-package

Index	12	20
	Sleuth2Manual	9
	x241411	
	ex2225	
	x2224	
	ex2223	
	xx2222	
	ex2216	4
	ex22.20	4
	x211911	3
	ex2118	2
	x211711	1
	ex2116	0
	ex2115)9
	ex2018)8
	x2017	
	ex2016	
	ex2015	
	ex2012	
	ex2011	
	ex 1919	
	ex1917	
	$_{22}1017$	۱1

Sleuth2-package

The R Sleuth2 package

Description

Data sets from Ramsey and Schafer's "Statistical Sleuth (2nd ed)"

Details

This package contains a variety of datasets. For a complete list, use library(help="Sleuth2") or Sleuth2Manual().

Author(s)

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case0101 5

case0101

Motivation and Creativity

Description

Data from an experiment concerning the effects of intrinsic and extrinsic motivation on creativity. Subjects with considerable experience in creative writing were randomly assigned to one of two treatment groups.

Usage

case0101

Format

A data frame with 47 observations on the following 2 variables.

Score creativity score

Treatment factor denoting the treatment group

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Amabile, T. (1985). Motivation and Creativity: Effects of Motivational Orientation on Creative Writers, *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology* **48**(2): 393–399.

Examples

```
str(case0101)
boxplot(Score~Treatment, case0101)
```

case0102

Sex Discrimination in Employment

Description

The data are the beginning salaries for all 32 male and all 61 female skilled, entry-level clerical employees hired by a bank between 1969 and 1977.

Usage

case0102

Format

A data frame with 93 observations on the following 2 variables.

```
Salary starting salaries (in US$)
Sex sex of the clerical employee
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Roberts, H.V. (1979). Harris Trust and Savings Bank: An Analysis of Employee Compensation, *Report 7946*, Center for Mathematical Studies in Business and Economics, University of Chicago Graduate School of Business.

See Also

case1202

Examples

```
str(case0102)
boxplot(Salary~Sex, case0102)
```

case0201

Bumpus's Data on Natural Selection (Humerus)

Description

As evidence in support of natural selection, Bumpus presented measurements on house sparrows brought to the Anatomical Laboratory of Brown University after an uncommonly severe winter storm. Some of these birds had survived and some had perished. Bumpus asked whether those that perished did so because they lacked physical characteristics enabling them to withstand the intensity of that particular instance of selective elimination. The data are on the humerus (arm bone) lengths for the 24 adult male sparrows that perished and for the 35 adult males that survived.

Usage

case0201

Format

A data frame with 59 observations on the following 2 variables.

Humerus Humerus length of adult male sparrows (in inches)

Status factor variable indicating whether the sparrow perished or survived in a winter storm

Source

case0202 7

See Also

```
ex0221, ex2016
```

Examples

```
str(case0201)
with(subset(case0201, Status=="Perished"), stem(Humerus, scale=10))
with(subset(case0201, Status=="Survived"), stem(Humerus))
```

case0202

Anatomical Abnormalities Associated with Schizophrenia

Description

Are any physiological indicators associated with schizophrenia? In a 1990 article, researchers reported the results of a study that controlled for genetic and socioeconomic differences by examining 15 pairs of monozygotic twins, where one of the twins was schizophrenic and the other was not. The researchers used magnetic resonance imaging to measure the volumes (in cm\$^3\$) of several regions and subregions of the twins' brains.

Usage

case0202

Format

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 2 variables.

Unaffect volume of left hippocampus of unaffected twin (in cm³)

Affected volume of left hippocampus of affected twin (in cm³)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Suddath, R.L., Christison, G.W., Torrey, E.F., Casanova, M.F. and Weinberger, D.R. (1990). Anatomical Abnormalities in the Brains of Monozygotic Twins Discordant for Schizophrenia, *New England Journal of Medicine* **322**(12): 789–794.

```
str(case0202)
with(case0202, stem(Unaffect-Affected, scale=2))
```

case0301

Cloud Seeding

Description

Does dropping silver iodide onto clouds increase the amount of rainfall they produce? In a randomized experiment, researchers measured the volume of rainfall in a target area (in acre-feet) on 26 suitable days in which the clouds were seeded and on 26 suitable days in which the clouds were not seeded.

Usage

case0301

Format

A data frame with 52 observations on the following 2 variables.

Rainfall the volume of rainfall in the target area (in acre-feet)

Treatment a factor with levels "Unseeded" and "Seeded" indicating whether the clouds were unseeded or seeded.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). *The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed)*, Duxbury.

References

Simpson, J., Olsen, A., and Eden, J. (1975). A Bayesian Analysis of a Multiplicative Treatment Effect in Weather Modification. *Technometrics* 17: 161–166.

```
str(case0301)
boxplot(Rainfall ~ Treatment, case0301)
boxplot(log(Rainfall) ~ Treatment, case0301)
library(lattice)
bwplot(Treatment ~ log(Rainfall), case0301)
bwplot(log(Rainfall) ~ Treatment, case0301)
```

case0302 9

case0302

Agent Orange

Description

In 1987, researchers measured the TCDD concentration in blood samples from 646 U.S. veterans of the Vietnam War and from 97 U.S. veterans who did not serve in Vietnam. TCDD is a carcinogenic dioxin in the herbicide called Agent Orange, which was used to clear jungle hiding areas by the U.S. military in the Vietnam War between 1962 and 1970.

Usage

```
data(case0302)
```

Format

A data frame with 743 observations on the following 2 variables.

Dioxin the concentration of TCDD, in parts per trillion

Veteran factor variable with two levels, "Vietnam" and "Other", to indicate the type of veteran

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Centers for Disease Control Veterans Health Studies: Serum 2,3,7,8-Tetraclorodibenzo-p-dioxin Levels in U.S. Army Vietnam-era Veterans. *Journal of the American Medical Association* **260**: 1249–1254.

Examples

```
str(case0302)
boxplot(Dioxin ~ Veteran, case0302)
t.test(Dioxin ~ Veteran, case0302)
## To examine results with largest dioxin omitted
t.test(Dioxin ~ Veteran, case0302, subset=(Dioxin < 40))</pre>
```

case0401

Space Shuttle

Description

The number of space shuttle O-ring incidents for 4 space shuttle launches when the air temperatures was below 65 degrees F and for 20 space shuttle launches when the air temperature was above 65 degrees F.

Usage

case0401

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 2 variables.

Incidents the number of O-ring incidents

Launch factor variable with two levels—"Cool" and "Warm"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Feynman, R.P. (1988). What do You Care What Other People Think? W. W. Norton.

See Also

```
ex2011, ex2223
```

Examples

```
str(case0401)
stem(subset(case0401, Launch=="Cool", Incidents, drop=TRUE))
stem(subset(case0401, Launch=="Warm", Incidents, drop=TRUE))
```

case0402

Cognitive Load

Description

Educational researchers randomly assigned 28 ninth-year students in Australia to receive coordinate geometry training in one of two ways: a conventional way and a modified way. After the training, the students were asked to solve a coordinate geometry problem. The time to complete the problem was recorded, but five students in the "conventional" group did not complete the solution in the five minute alloted time.

Usage

case0402

Format

A data frame with 28 observations on the following 3 variables.

Time the time (in seconds) that the student worked on the problem

Treatmt factor variable with two levels—"Modified" and "Conventional"

Censor 1 if the individual did not complete the problem in 5 minutes, 0 if they did

case0501 11

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Sweller, J., Chandler, P., Tierney, P. and Cooper, M. (1990). Cognitive Load as a Factor in the Structuring of Technical Material, *Journal of Experimental Psychology General* **119**(2): 176–192.

Examples

```
str(case0402)
stem(subset(case0402, Treatmt=="Conventional", Time, drop=TRUE))
stem(subset(case0402, Treatmt=="Modified", Time, drop=TRUE))
wilcox.test(Time ~ Treatmt, case0402)
```

case0501

Diet Restriction and Longevity

Description

Female mice were randomly assigned to six treatment groups to investigate whether restricting dietary intake increases life expectancy. Diet treatments were:

- 1. "NP"—mice ate unlimited amount of nonpurified, standard diet
- 2. "N/N85"—mice fed normally before and after weaning. After weaning, ration was controlled at 85 kcal/wk
- 3. "N/R50"—normal diet before weaning and reduced calorie diet (50 kcal/wk) after weaning
- 4. "R/R50"—reduced calorie diet of 50 kcal/wk both before and after weaning
- 5. "N/R50 lopro"—normal diet before weaning, restricted diet (50 kcal/wk) after weaning and dietary protein content decreased with advancing age
- 6. "N/R40"—normal diet before weaning and reduced diet (40 Kcal/wk) after weaning.

Usage

case0501

Format

A data frame with 349 observations on the following 2 variables.

```
Lifetime the lifetime of the mice (in months)
```

Diet factor variable with six levels—"NP", "N/N85", "lopro", "N/R50", "R/R50" and "N/R40"

Source

References

Weindruch, R., Walford, R.L., Fligiel, S. and Guthrie D. (1986). The Retardation of Aging in Mice by Dietary Restriction: Longevity, Cancer, Immunity and Lifetime Energy Intake, *Journal of Nutrition* **116**(4):641–54.

Examples

case0502

The Spock Conspiracy Trial

Description

In 1968, Dr. Benjamin Spock was tried in Boston on charges of conspiring to violate the Selective Service Act by encouraging young men to resist being drafted into military service for Vietnam. The defence in the case challenged the method of jury selection claiming that women were underrepresented. Boston juries are selected in three stages. First 300 names are selected at random from the City Directory, then a venire of 30 or more jurors is selected from the initial list of 300 and finally, an actual jury is selected from the venire in a nonrandom process allowing each side to exclude certain jurors. There was one woman on the venire and no women on the final list. The defence argued that the judge in the trial had a history of venires in which women were systematically underrepresented and compared the judge's recent venires with the venires of six other Boston area district judges.

Usage

case0502

Format

A data frame with 46 observations on the following 2 variables.

Percent is the percent of women on the venire's of the Spock trial judge and 6 other Boston area judges

```
Judge a factor with levels "Spock's", "A", "B", "C", "D", "E" and "F"
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Zeisel, H. and Kalven, H. Jr. (1972). Parking Tickets and Missing Women: Statistics and the Law in Tanur, J.M. et al. (eds.) *Statistics: A Guide to the Unknown*, Holden-Day.

case0601 13

Examples

case0601

Discrimination Against the Handicapped

Description

Study explores how physical handicaps affect people's perception of employment qualifications. Researchers prepared 5 videotaped job interviews using actors with a script designed to reflect an interview with an applicant of average qualifications. The 5 tapes differed only in that the applicant appeared with a different handicap in each one. Seventy undergraduate students were randomly assigned to view the tapes and rate the qualification of the applicant on a 0-10 point scale.

Usage

case0601

Format

A data frame with 70 observations on the following 2 variables.

Score is the score each student gave to the applicant

Handicap is a factor variable with 5 levels—"None", "Amputee", "Crutches", "Hearing" and "Wheelchair"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Cesare, S.J., Tannenbaum, R.J. and Dalessio, A. (1990). Interviewers' Decisions Related to Applicant Handicap Type and Rater Empathy, *Human Performance* **3**(3): 157–171.

```
str(case0601)
boxplot(Score~Handicap, data=case0601, ylab="Score")
aov.handicap <- aov(Score ~ Handicap, case0601)
summary(aov.handicap)
TukeyHSD(aov.handicap)</pre>
```

```
#Calculate confidence interval for linear combination
#(wheelchair+crutches)/2 - (amputee+hearing)/2 as in Display 6.4
mean.handicaps <- with(case0601, tapply(Score, Handicap, mean))</pre>
var.handicaps <- with(case0601, tapply(Score, Handicap, var))</pre>
n <- 14
s.pooled <- sqrt(sum((n-1)*var.handicaps)/sum((n-1)*5))
cr.wh <- mean.handicaps["Wheelchair"] + mean.handicaps["Crutches"]</pre>
am.he <- mean.handicaps["Amputee"] + mean.handicaps["Hearing"]</pre>
g <- cr.wh/2 - am.he/2
## or
contr <- c(0, -1, 1, -1, 1)/2
g <- sum(contr * mean.handicaps)</pre>
se.g <- s.pooled * sqrt(sum(contr^2)/n)</pre>
t.65 <- qt(.975, 65)
## ci
g + c(-1,1) * t.65 * se.g
```

case0602

Mate Preference of Platyfish

Description

Do female Platyfish prefer male Platyfish with yellow swordtails? A.L. Basolo proposed and tested a selection model in which females have a pre-existing bias for a male trait even before the males possess it. Six pairs of males were surgically given artificial, plastic swordtails—one pair received a bright yellow sword, the other a transparent sword. Females were given the opportunity to engage in courtship activity with either of the males. Of the total time spent by each female engaged in courtship during a 20 minute observation period, the percentages of time spent with the yellow-sword male were recorded.

Usage

case0602

Format

A data frame with 84 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
Proportion The proportion of courtship time spent by 84 females with the yellow-sword males

Pair Factor variable with 6 levels—"Pair 1", "Pair 2", "Pair 3", "Pair 4", "Pair 5" and

"Pair 6"

Length Body size of the males
```

Source

case0701 15

References

Basolo, A.L. (1990). Female Preference Predates the Evolution of the Sword in Swordtail Fish, *Science* **250**: 808–810.

Examples

```
str(case0602)
boxplot(Proportion~Pair, case0602, ylab="Proportion")
#as in Display 6.5
summary(aov(Proportion~Pair, case0602))
n.fish <- with(case0602, tapply(Proportion, Pair, length))</pre>
av.fish <- with(case0602, tapply(Proportion, Pair, mean))</pre>
sd.fish <- with(case0602, tapply(Proportion, Pair, sd))</pre>
male.body.size <- with(case0602, tapply(Length, Pair, unique))</pre>
mean.body <- mean(male.body.size)</pre>
table.fish <- data.frame(n.fish, round(av.fish*100,2),</pre>
                           round(sd.fish*100,2), male.body.size,
                           2*(male.body.size-mean.body))
names(table.fish) <- c("n", "average", "sd", "male.body.size", "coefficient")</pre>
s.pooled <- with(table.fish, round(sqrt(sum(sd^2*(n-1))/sum(n-1)),2))</pre>
g <- with(table.fish, sum(average*coefficient))</pre>
se.g <- with(table.fish, round(s.pooled*sqrt(sum(coefficient^2/n)),2))</pre>
g/se.g
```

case0701

The Big Bang

Description

Hubble's initial data on 24 nebulae outside the Milky Way.

Usage

case0701

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 2 variables.

Velocity recession velocity (in kilometres per second)

Distance distance from earth (in magaparsec)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Hubble, E. (1929). A Relation Between Distance and Radial Velocity Among Extragalactic Nebulae, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Science* **15**: 168–173.

See Also

ex0727

Examples

```
str(case0701)
plot(case0701)
```

case0702

Meat Processing and pH

Description

A certain kind of meat processing may begin once the pH in postmortem muscle of a steer carcass has decreased sufficiently. To estimate the timepoint at which pH has dropped sufficiently, 10 steer carcasses were assigned to be measured for pH at one of five times after slaughter.

Usage

case0702

Format

A data frame with 10 observations on the following 2 variables.

```
Time time after slaughter (hours)
pH pH level in postmortem muscle
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Schwenke, J.R. and Milliken, G.A. (1991). On the Calibration Problem Extended to Nonlinear Models, *Biometrics* **47**(2): 563–574.

See Also

ex0816

```
str(case0702)
plot(case0702)
```

case0801 17

case0801

Island Area and Number of Species

Description

The data are the numbers of reptile and amphibian species and the island areas for seven islands in the West Indies.

Usage

case0801

Format

A data frame with 7 observations on the following 2 variables.

Area area of island (in square miles)

Species number of reptile and amphibian species on island

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

```
str(case0801)
plot(case0801)
```

case0802

Breakdown Times for Insulating Fluid under different Voltage

Description

In an industrial laboratory, under uniform conditions, batches of electrical insulating fluid were subjected to constant voltages until the insulating property of the fluids broke down. Seven different voltage levels were studied and the measured reponses were the times until breakdown.

Usage

case0802

Format

A data frame with 76 observations on the following 3 variables.

Time times until breakdown (in minutes)

Voltage voltage applied (in kV)

Group factor variable (group number)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

```
str(case0802)
plot(log(Time)~Voltage, case0802)
```

case0901

Effects of Light on Meadowfoam Flowering

Description

Meadowfoam is a small plant found growing in moist meadows of the US Pacific Northwest. Researchers reported the results from one study in a series designed to find out how to elevate meadowfoam production to a profitable crop. In a controlled growth chamber, they focused on the effects of two light—related factors: light intensity and the timeing of the onset of the light treatment.

Usage

case0901

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 3 variables.

Flowers average number of flowers per meadowfoam plant

Time time light intensity regiments started

Intens light intensity (in μ mol/m²/sec)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

```
str(case0901)
plot(Flowers~Intens, case0901, pch= ifelse(Time=="Early", 19, 21))
```

case0902 19

case0902

Why Do Some Mammals Have Large Brains for Their Size?

Description

The data are the average values of brain weight, body weight, gestation lengths (length of pregnancy) and litter size for 96 species of mammals.

Usage

case0902

Format

A data frame with 96 observations on the following 5 variables.

Species species

Brain average brain weight (in grams)

Body average body weight (in kilograms)

Gestation gestation period (in days)

Litter average litter size

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

case0902

Examples

```
str(case0902)
pairs(log(Brain)~log(Body)+log(Litter)+Gestation, case0902)
```

case1001

Galileo's Data on the Motion of Falling Bodies

Description

In 1609 Galileo proved mathematically that the trajectory of a body falling with a horizontal velocity component is a parabola. His search for an experimental setting in which horizontal motion was not affected appreciably (to study inertia) let him to construct a certain apparatus. The data comes from one of his experiments.

Usage

case1001

Format

A data frame with 7 observations on the following 2 variables.

```
Distance horizontal distances (in punti)
Height initial height (in punti)
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

```
str(case1001)
plot(Distance ~ Height, case1001)
```

case1002

The Energy Costs of Echolocation by Bats

Description

The data are on in–flight energy expenditure and body mass from 20 energy studies on three types of flying vertebrates: echolocating bats, non–echolocating bats and non–echolocating birds.

Usage

case1002

Format

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 4 variables.

```
Species species

Mass mass (in grams)

Type a factor with 3 levels indicating the type of flying vertebrate

Energy in-flight energy expenditure (in W)
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Speakman, J.R. and Racey, P.A. (1991). No cost of Echolocation for Bats in Flight, *Nature* **350**: 421–423.

case 1101 21

Examples

```
str(case1002)
plot(log(Energy)~log(Mass), case1002,
     pch = ifelse(Type=="echolocating bats", 19,
                  ifelse(Type=="non-echolocating birds", 21, 24)))
plot(Energy~Mass, case1002, log="xy",
     xlab = "Body Mass (g) (log scale)",
     ylab = "Energy Expenditure (W) (log scale)",
     pch = ifelse(Type=="echolocating bats", 19,
                  ifelse(Type=="non-echolocating birds", 21, 24)))
legend(7, 50, pch=c(24, 21, 19),
     \verb|c("Non-echolocating bats", "Non-echolocating birds", "Echolocating bats"))| \\
library(lattice)
yticks <-c(1,2,5,10,20,50)
xticks <- c(10,20,50,100,200,500)
xyplot(Energy ~ Mass, case1002, groups=Type,
       scales = list(log=TRUE, y=list(at=yticks), x=list(at=xticks)),
       ylab = "Energy Expenditure (W) (log scale)",
       xlab = "Body Mass (g) (log scale)",
       auto.key = list(x = 0.2, y = 0.9, corner = c(0, 1), border = TRUE))
```

case1101

Alcohol Metabolism in Men and Women

Description

These data were collected on 18 women and 14 men to investigate a certain theory on why women exhibit a lower tolerance for alcohol and develop alcohol–related liver disease more readily than men.

Usage

case1101

Format

A data frame with 32 observations on the following 5 variables.

Subject subject number in the study

Metabol first-pass metabolism of alcohol in the stomach (in mmol/liter-hour)

Gastric gastric alcohol dehydrogenase activity in the stomach (in μ mol/min/g of tissue)

Sex sex of the subject

Alcohol whether the subject is alcoholic or not

Source

Examples

case1102

The Blood-Brain Barrier

Description

The human brain is protected from bacteria and toxins, which course through the blood–stream, by a single layer of cells called the blood–brain barrier. These data come from an experiment (on rats, which process a similar barrier) to study a method of disrupting the barrier by infusing a solution of concentrated sugars.

Usage

case1102

Format

A data frame with 34 observations on the following 9 variables.

```
Brain Brain tumor count (per gm)
Liver Liver count (per gm)
Time Sacrifice time (in hours)
Treat Treatment received
Days Days post inoculation
Sex Sex of the rat
Weight Initial weight (in grams)
Loss Weight loss (in grams)
Tumor Tumor weight (in 10<sup>-4</sup> grams)
```

Source

case 1201 23

Examples

```
str(case1102)
plot(Brain/Liver ~ Time, case1102, log="xy", pch=ifelse(Treat=="BD", 19,21))
legend(10,0.1, pch=c(19,21), c("Saline control", "Barrier disruption"))
```

case1201

State Average SAT Scores

Description

Data on the average SAT scores for US states in 1982 and possible associated factors.

Usage

case1201

Format

A data frame with 50 observations on the following 8 variables.

State US state

SAT state averages of the total SAT (verbal + quantitative) scores

Takers the percentage of the total eligible students (high school seniors) in the state who took the exam

Income the median income of families of test-takers (in hundreds of dollars)

Years the average number of years that the test-takers had formal studies in social sciences, natural sciences and humanities

Public the percentage of the test-takers who attended public secondary schools

Expend the total state expenditure on secondary schools (in hundreds of dollars per student)

Rank the median percentile ranking of the test-takers within their secondary school classes

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

```
str(case1201)
pairs(SAT~Rank+Years+Income+Public+Expend, case1201)
```

case1202

Sex discrimination in Employment

Description

Data on employees from one job category (skilled, entry-level clerical) of a bank that was sued for sex discrimination. The data are on 32 male and 61 female employees, hired between 1965 and 1975.

Usage

case1202

Format

A data frame with 93 observations on the following 7 variables.

Bsal Annual salary at time of hire

Sal77 Salary as of March 1975

Sex Sex of employee

Senior Seniority (months since first hired)

Age Age of employee (in months)

Educ Education (in years)

Exper Work experience prior to employment with the bank (months)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Roberts, H.V. (1979). Harris Trust and Savings Bank: An Analysis of Employee Compensation, *Report 7946*, Center for Mathematical Studies in Business and Economics, University of Chicago Graduate School of Business.

See Also

case0102

```
str(case1202)
pairs(Sal77~Bsal+Senior+Age+Exper, case1202)
```

case 1301 25

case1301

Seaweed Grazers

Description

To study the influence of ocean grazers on regeneration rates of seaweed in the intertidal zone, a researcher scraped rock plots free of seaweed and observed the degree of regeneration when certain types of seaweed-grazing animals were denied access. The grazers were limpets (L), small fishes (f) and large fishes (F). Each plot received one of six treatments named by which grazers were allowed access. In addition, the researcher applied the treatments in eight blocks of 12 plots each. Within each block she randomly assigned treatments to plots. The blocks covered a wide range of tidal conditions.

Usage

case1301

Format

A data frame with 96 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
Cover percent of regenerated seaweed cover

Block a factor with levels "B1", "B2", "B3", "B4", "B5", "B6", "B7" and "B8"

Treat a factor indicating treatment, with levels "C", "f", "fF", "L", "Lf" and "LfF"
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Olson, A. (1993). Evolutionary and Ecological Interactions Affecting Seaweeds, Ph.D. Thesis. Oregon State University.

```
str(case1301)
# full two-way model with interactions
fitfull <- aov(Cover ~ Treat*Block, case1301)
# Residual plot indicates a transformation might help
plot(fitfull)

# Log of seaweed "regeneration ratio"
y <- with(case1301, log(Cover/(100-Cover)))
# Full two-way model with interactions
fitfull <- aov(y~Treat*Block, case1301)
# No problems indicated by residual plot
plot(fitfull)
# Note that interactions are not statistically significant
anova(fitfull)
# Additive model (no interactions)</pre>
```

```
fitadditive <- aov(y ~ Treat + Block, case1301)

# Make indicator variables for presence of limpets, small fish, and large fish
lmp <- with(case1301, ifelse(Treat %in% c("L", "Lf", "LfF"), 1, 0))
sml <- with(case1301, ifelse(Treat %in% c("f", "fF", "Lf", "LfF"), 1, 0))
big <- with(case1301, ifelse(Treat %in% c("fF", "LfF"), 1, 0))

fitsimple <- lm(y ~ Block + lmp + sml + big, case1301)
# Model with main effects of 3 "presence" factors seems ok.
anova(fitsimple, fitadditive)
summary(fitsimple, cor=FALSE)</pre>
```

case1302

Pygmalion Effect

Description

One company of soldiers in each of 10 platoons was assigned to a Pygmalion treatment group, with remaining companies in the platoon assigned to a control group. Leaders of the Pygmalion platoons were told their soldiers had done particularly well on a battery of tests which were, in fact, non-existent. In this randomised block experiment, platoons are experimental units, companies are blocks, and average Practical Specialty test score for soldiers in a platoon is the response. The researchers wished to see if the platoon response was affected by the artificially-induced expectations of the platoon leader.

Usage

case1302

Format

A data frame with 29 observations on the following 3 variables.

Company a factor indicating company identification, with levels "C1", "C2", ..., "C10"

Treat a factor indicating treatment with two levels, "Pygmalion" and "Control"

Score average score on practical specialty test of all soldiers in the platoon

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Eden, D. (1990). Pygmalion Without Interpersonal Contrast Effects: Whole Groups Gain from Raising Manager Expectations, *Journal of Applied Psychology* **75**(4): 395–398.

case 1401 27

Examples

```
str(case1302)

# two-way model with interactions
fitfull <- aov(Score ~ Company*Treat, case1302)

# No problems are indicated by residual plot
plot(fitfull)

# Interaction terms are not statistically significant
anova(fitfull)

# Additive model, with "treatment contrast" for treatment:
fitadditive <- aov(Score ~ Company + Treat, case1302)

# Interpret treatment effect as coefficient of Treat
anova(fitadditive)</pre>
```

case1401

Chimp Learning Times

Description

Researchers taught each of 4 chimps to learn 10 words in American sign language and recorded the learning time for each word for each chimp. They wished to describe chimp differences and word differences.

Usage

case1401

Format

A data frame with 40 observations on the following 3 variables.

Minutes learning time in minutes

Chimp a factor indicating chimp, with four levels "Booee", "Cindy", "Bruno" and "Thelma"

Sign a factor indicating word taught, with 10 levels

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Fouts, R.S. (1973). Acquisition and Testing of Gestural Signs in Four Young Chimpanzees, *Science* **180**: 978-980.

Examples

```
str(case1401)
fitadditive <- aov(Minutes ~ Chimp + Sign, case1401)</pre>
# Residual plot indicates a transformation may help
plot(fitadditive)
fitadditive <- aov(log(Minutes) ~ Chimp + Sign, case1401)</pre>
# No problems are indicated by residual plot
plot(fitadditive)
anova(fitadditive)
# Tukey multiple comparisons of sign differences
mcSign <- TukeyHSD(fitadditive, "Sign")</pre>
mcSign
plot(mcSign)
mcChimp <- TukeyHSD(fitadditive, "Chimp")</pre>
mcChimp
par(cex=.7)
plot(mcChimp)
```

case1402

Effect of Ozone, SO2 and Drought on Soybean Yield

Description

In a completely randomized design with a 2x3x5 factorial treatment structure, researchers randomly assigned one of 30 treatment combinations to open-topped growing chambers, in which two soybean cultivars were planted. The responses for each chamber were the yields of the two types of soybean.

Usage

case1402

Format

A data frame with 30 observations on the following 5 variables.

Stress a factor indicating treatment, with two levels "Well-watered" and "Stressed" SO2 a quantitative treatment with three levels 0, 0.02 and 0.06

O3 a quantitative treatment with five levels 0.02, 0.05, 0.07, 0.08 and 0.10

Forrest the yield of the Forrest cultivar of soybean (in kg/ha)

William the yield of the Williams cultivar of soybean (in kg/ha)

Source

case 1501 29

References

Heggestad, H.E. and Lesser, V.M. (1990). Effects of Chronic Doses of Sulfur Dioxide, Ozone, and Drought on Yields and Growth of Soybeans Under Field Conditions, *Journal of Environmental Quality* **19**: 488–495.

Examples

```
str(case1402)

plot(Forrest ~ 03, case1402, log="y", pch=ifelse(Stress=="Stressed",19,21))
plot(Forrest ~ S02, case1402, log="y", pch=ifelse(Stress=="Stressed",19,21))

fitbig <- lm(log(Forrest) ~ 03*S02*Stress, case1402)
# Residual plot does not indicate any problem.
plot(fitbig)
# The 3-factor interaction is not statistically significant.
anova(fitbig)
# Drop the three-factor interaction
fit2 <- update(fitbig, ~ . - 03:S02:Stress)
anova(fit2)

fitadditive <- lm(log(Forrest) ~ 03 + S02 + Stress, case1402)
summary(fitadditive)</pre>
```

case1501

Logging and Water Quality

Description

Data from an observational study of nitrate levels measured at three week intervals for five years in two watersheds. One of the watersheds was undisturbed and the other had been logged with a patchwork pattern.

Usage

case1501

Format

A data frame with 88 observations on the following 3 variables.

Week week after the start of the study

Patch residual nitrate level in the logged watershed (ppm) (see Display 15.3 of Statistical Sleuth)

Nocut residual nitrate level in the undisturbed watershed (ppm)

Source

References

Harr, R.D., Friderksen, R.L., and Rothacher, J. (1979). Changes in Streamflow Following Timber Harvests in Southwestern Oregon, USDA/USFS Research Paper PNW-249, Pacific NW Forest and Range Experiment Station, Portland, Oregon.

Examples

```
str(case1501)
par(mfrow=c(2,1)) # Make 2 plots on one page
plot(Nocut ~ Week, case1501)
plot(Patch ~ Week, case1501)
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
lag.plot(case1501$Nocut, do.lines=FALSE)
lag.plot(case1501$Patch, do.lines=FALSE)
# Compute pooled estimate of first autocorrelation coefficient
# First auto covariance, Nocut
ac1nocut <- acf(case1501$Nocut,lag.max=1,type="covariance",plot=FALSE)$acf[2]</pre>
n <- length(case1501$Nocut)</pre>
# Zeroth autocovariance for Nocut
ac0nocut <- var(case1501$Nocut[2:n])*(n-2)/(n-1)
# First auto covariance, Patch
ac1patch <- acf(case1501$Patch,lag.max=1,type="covariance",plot=FALSE)$acf[2]</pre>
# Zeroth autocovariance for PATCH
ac0patch \leftarrow var(case1501\$Patch [2:n])*(n-2)/(n-1)
ac1pool <- (ac1nocut + ac1patch)/2</pre>
ac0pool <- (ac0nocut + ac0patch)/2</pre>
acorr1 <- ac1pool/ac0pool</pre>
acorr1 # Pooled estimate of first lag serial coefficient
```

case1502

Global Warming

Description

The data are the temperatures (in degrees Celsius) averaged for the northern hemisphere over a full year, for years 1880 to 1987. The 108-year average temperature has been subtracted, so each observation is the temperature difference from the series average.

Usage

case1502

Format

A data frame with 108 observations on the following 2 variables.

Year year in which yearly average temperature was computed, from 1880 to 1987

Temp northern hemisphere temperature minus the 108-year average (degrees Celsius)

case 1601 31

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Jones, P.D. (1988). Hemispheric Surface Air Temperature Variations—Recent Trends Plus an Update to 1987, *Journal of Climatology* 1: 654–660.

Examples

```
# Residuals from regression fit, ignoring autocorrelation
resids <- lm(Temp ~ Year, case1502)$res
# PACF plot shows evidence of 1st order auto correlation
acf(resids,type="partial")
# 1st autocorrelation coef.
acorr1 <- acf(resids,type="correlation",plot=FALSE)$acf[2]

# Fit regression with filtered response and explanatory variables:
n <- length(case1502$Temp)
y <- with(case1502, Temp [2:n] - acorr1* Temp [1:(n-1)])
x <- with(case1502, Year [2:n] - acorr1* Year [1:(n-1)])
fit <- lm(y ~ x)
summary(fit) # Interpret coefficient of x as coefficient of Year</pre>
```

case1601

Sites of Short- and Long-Term Memory

Description

Researchers taught 18 monkeys to distinguish each of 100 pairs of objects, 20 pairs each at 16, 12, 8, 4, and 2 weeks prior to a treatment. After this training, they blocked access to the hippocampal formation in 11 of the monkeys. All monkeys were then tested on their ability to distinguish the objects. The five-dimensional response for each monkey is the number of correct objects distinguished among those taught at 16, 12, 8, 4, and 2 weeks prior to treatment.

Usage

case1601

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 7 variables.

Monkey Monkey name

Treatment a treatment factor with levels "Control" and "Treated"

Week2 percentage of 20 objects taught 2 weeks prior to treatment that were correctly distinguished in the test

Week4 percentage of 20 objects taught 4 weeks prior to treatment that were correctly distinguished in the test

Week8 percentage of 20 objects taught 8 weeks prior to treatment that were correctly distinguished in the test

Week12 percentage of 20 objects taught 12 weeks prior to treatment that were correctly distinguished in the test

Week16 percentage of 20 objects taught 16 weeks prior to treatment that were correctly distinguished in the test

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Sola-Morgan, S. M. and Squire, L. R. (1990). The Primate Hippocampal Formation: Evidence for a Time-limited Role in Memory Storage, *Science* **250**: 288–290.

Examples

```
str(case1601)
# short-term response
short <- with(case1601, (Week2 + Week4)/2)
# long-term response
long <- with(case1601, (Week8 + Week12 + Week16)/3)
# Multivariate analysis of variance
mfit <- manova(cbind(short,long) ~ Treatment, case1601)
summary(mfit)</pre>
```

case1602

Oat Bran and Cholesterol

Description

In a randomized, double-blind, crossover experiment, researchers randomly assigned 20 volunteer hospital employees to either a low-fiber or low-fiber treatment group. The subjects followed the diets for six weeks. After two weeks on their normal diet, all patients crossed over to the other treatment group for another six weeks. The total serum cholesterol (in mg/dl) was measured on each patient before the first treatment, at the end of the first six week treatment, and at the end of the second six week treatment.

Usage

case1602

Format

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 4 variables.

Baseline total serum cholesterol before treatment
Hifiber total serum cholesterol after the high fiber diet
Lofiber total serum cholesterol after the low fiber diet
Order factor to identify order of treatment, with two levels "HL" and "LH"

case 1701 33

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Swain, J.F., Rouse, I.L., Curley, C.B., and Sacks, F.M. (1990). Comparison of the Effects of Oat Bran and Low-fiber Wheat on Serum Lipoprotein Levels and Blood Pressure, *New England Journal of Medicine* **320**: 1746–1747.

Examples

case1701

Magnetic Force on Printer Rods

Description

Engineers manipulated three factors (with 3, 2, and 4 levels each) in the construction and operation of printer rods, to see if they influenced the magnetic force around the rod.

Usage

case1701

Format

A data frame with 44 observations on the following 14 variables.

```
Name Description

L1, L2,..., L11 the magnetic force at each of the equally-spaces positions 1, 2, ..., 11 on the printer rod electric current passing through the rod, with three levels "0", "250" and "500" (milliamperes)

Configur a factor identifying the configuration, with two levels "0" and "1"

Material a factor identifying the type of metal from which the rod was made, with four levels "1", "2", "3" and "
```

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

```
str(case1701)

pca <- princomp(case1701[,1:11])
summary(pca)
# The first 3 principal components account for 99.7% of the variation
screeplot(pca)
# The loadings suggest the following meaningful summaries...
loadings(pca)

overallaverage <- with(case1701, (L1 + L2 + L3 + L4 + L5 + L6 + L7 + L8 + L9 + L10 + L11)/11)
rightleftdiff <- with(case1701, (L9 + L10 + L11)/3 - (L1 + L2 + L3)/3)
middleleftdiff <- with(case1701, L6 - (L1 + L2)/2)

# Note 4 clusters and 1 outlier
pairs(cbind(overallaverage, rightleftdiff, middleleftdiff))

fit1 <- lm(overallaverage ~ Current*Configur*Material, case1701)
anova(fit1)</pre>
```

case1702

Love and Marriage

Description

Thirty couples participated in a study of love and marriage. Wives and husbands responded separately to four questions:

- 1. What is the level of passionate love you feel for your spouse?
- 2. What is the level of passionate love your spouse feels for you?
- 3. What is the level of compassionate love you feel for your spouse?
- 4. What is the level of compassionate love your spouse feels for you?

Each response was recorded on a five-point scale: 1=None, 2=Very Little, 3=Some, 4=A Great Deal and 5=A Tremendous Amount.

Usage

case1702

Format

A data frame with 30 observations on the following 9 variables.

Couple couple identification number

Hps level of passionate love husband feels for spouse

Wps level of passionate love wife feels for spouse

case1902 35

Hcs level of compassionate love husband feels for spouse

Wcs level of compassionate love wife feels for spouse

Hpy level of passionate love husband perceives spouse to have for him

Wpy level of passionate love wife perceives spouse to have for her

Hcy level of compassionate love husband perceives spouse to have for him

Wcy level of compassionate love husband perceives spouse to have for her

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Johnson, R.A. and Wichern, D.W. (1988). Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis (2nd ed), Prentice-Hall.

```
str(case1702)
# feelings about spouse
tospouse <- with(case1702, cbind(Hps, Wps, Hcs, Wcs))</pre>
# perceived feelings from spouse
fromspouse <- with(case1702, cbind(Hpy, Wpy, Hcy, Wcy))</pre>
cca <- cancor(tospouse, fromspouse)</pre>
# Examine loadings of first canonical variables:
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
barplot(cca$xcoef[,1], ylab="first 'to spouse' loadings",
names=c("Hps","Wps","Hcs","Wcs"))
barplot(cca$ycoef[,1], ylab="first 'from spouse' loadings",
     names=c("Hpy","Wpy","Hcy","Wcy"))
# The first canonical variable for 'to spouse" is mostly Hcs
# The first canonical variable for 'fom spouse' is mostly Hcy
can.to <- tospouse
can.from <- fromspouse</pre>
can.to.1 <- can.to[,1] # first canonical variable</pre>
can.from.1 <- can.from[,1] \# first canonical variable
pairs(cbind(can.to.1, case1702$Hcs, can.from.1, case1702$Hcy),
labels=c("1st cv 'to'", "husband's compassionate", "1st cv
         'from'", "husband's perceived compassionate"))
```

Description

Lawyers collected data on convicted black murderers in the state of Georgia to see whether convicted black murderers whose victim was white were more likely to receive the death penalty than those whose victim was black, after accounting for aggravation level of the murder. They categorized murders into 6 progressively more serious types. Category 1 comprises barroom brawls, liquor-induced arguments lovers' quarrels, and similar crimes. Category 6 includes the most vicious, cruel, cold=blooded, unprovoked crimes.

Usage

case1902

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 4 variables.

Aggravation the aggravation level of the crime, a factor with levels "1", "2", "3", "4", "5" and "6"

Victim a factor indicating race of murder victim, with levels "White" and "Black"

Death number in the aggravation and victim category who received the death penalty

Nodeath number in the aggravation and victim category who did not receive the death penalty

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Woodworth, G.C. (1989). Statistics and the Death Penalty, Stats 2: 9–12.

```
str(case1902)
# Add smidgeon to denominator because of zeros
empiricalodds <- with(case1902, Death/(Nodeath + .5))</pre>
plot(empiricalodds ~ as.numeric(Aggravation), case1902, log="y",
  pch=ifelse(Victim=="White", 21, 19),
  xlab="Aggravation Level of the Murder", ylab="Odds of Death Penalty")
legend(3.8,.02,legend=c("White Victim Murderers","Black Victim Murderers"),pch=c(21,19))
fitbig <- glm(cbind(Death, Nodeath) ~ Aggravation*Victim, case1902, family=binomial)</pre>
# No evidence of overdispersion; no statistically significant evidence
# of interactive effect
anova(fitbig, test="Chisq")
fitlinear <- glm(cbind(Death, Nodeath) ~ Aggravation + Victim, case1902, family=binomial)
summary(fitlinear)
# Mantel Haenszel Test, as an alternative
           <- with(case1902, rbind(Death, Nodeath))
table1902
dim(table1902) <- c(2,2,6)
mantelhaen.test(table1902)
```

case 2001 37

case2001

Survival in the Donner Party

Description

This data frame contains the ages and sexes of the adult (over 15 years) survivors and nonsurvivors of the Donner party.

Usage

case2001

Format

A data frame with 45 observations on the following 3 variables.

Age Age of person

Sex Sex of person

Status Whether the person survived or died

Details

In 1846 the Donner and Reed families left Springfield, Illinois, for California by covered wagon. In July, the Donner Party, as it became known, reached Fort Bridger, Wyoming. There its leaders decided to attempt a new and untested rote to the Sacramento Valley. Having reached its full size of 87 people and 20 wagons, the party was delayed by a difficult crossing of the Wasatch Range and again in the crossing of the desert west of the Great Salt Lake. The group became stranded in the eastern Sierra Nevada mountains when the region was hit by heavy snows in late October. By the time the last survivor was rescued on April 21, 1847, 40 of the 87 members had died from famine and exposure to extreme cold.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Grayson, D.K. (1990). Donner Party Deaths: A Demographic Assessment, *Journal of Anthropological Research* **46**: 223–242.

See Also

ex1918

Examples

str(case2001)

38 case2002

case2002

Birdkeeping and Lung Cancer

Description

A 1972–1981 health survey in The Hague, Netherlands, discovered an association between keeping pet birds and increased risk of lung cancer. To investigate birdkeeping as a risk factor, researchers conducted a *case–control* study of patients in 1985 at four hospitals in The Hague (population 450,000). They identified 49 cases of lung cancer among the patients who were registered with a general practice, who were age 65 or younger and who had resided in the city since 1965. They also selected 98 controls from a population of residents having the same general age structure.

Usage

case2002

Format

A data frame with 147 observations on the following 7 variables.

- LC Whether subject has lung cancer
- FM Sex of subject
- SS Socioeconomic status, determined by occupation of the household's principal wage earner
- BK Indicator for birdkeeping (caged birds in the home for more that 6 consecutive months from 5 to 14 years before diagnosis (cases) or examination (control))
- AG Age of subject (in years)
- YR Years of smoking prior to diagnosis or examination
- CD Average rate of smoking (in cigarettes per day)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Holst, P.A., Kromhout, D. and Brand, R. (1988). For Debate: Pet Birds as an Independent Risk Factor for Lung Cancer, *British Medical Journal* **297**: 13–21.

Examples

str(case2002)

case2101 39

case2101

Island Size and Bird Extinctions

Description

In a study of the Krunnit Islands archipelago, researchers presented results of extensive bird surveys taken over four decades. They visited each island several times, cataloguing species. If a species was found on a specific island in 1949, it was considered to be at risk of extinction for the next survey of the island in 1959. If it was not found in 1959, it was counted as an "extinction", even though it might reappear later. This data frame contains data on island size, number of species at risk to become extinct and number of extinctions.

Usage

case2101

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 4 variables.

Island Name of Island

Area Area of Island

Atrisk Number of species at risk

Extinct Number of extinctions

Details

Scientists agree that preserving certain habitats in their natural states is necessary to slow the accelerating rate of species extinctions. But they are divided on how to construct such reserves. Given a finite amount of available land, is it better to have many small reserves or a few large one? Central to the debate on this question are observational studies of what has happened in island archipelagos, where nearly the same fauna tries to survive on islands of different sizes.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

V\"ais\"anen, R.A. and J\"arvinen, O. (1977). Dynamics of Protected Bird Communities in a Finnish Archipelago, *Journal of Animal Ecology* **46**: 891–908.

Examples

```
str(case2101)
logit <- function(p) log(p/(1-p))
plot(logit(Extinct/Atrisk) ~ log(Area), case2101)</pre>
```

40 case2102

case2102

Moth Coloration and Natural Selection

Description

This data was collected by J.A. Bishop. Bishop selected seven locations progressively farther from Liverpool. At each location, Bishop chose eight trees at random. Equal number of dead (frozen) light (*Typicals*) and dark (*Carbonaria*) moths were glued to the trunks in lifelike positions. After 24 hours, a count was taken of the numbers of each morph that had been removed—presumably by predators.

Usage

case2102

Format

A data frame with 14 observations on the following 4 variables.

Morph, a factor with levels "light" and "dark"

Distance Distance from Liverpool (in km)

Placed Number of moths placed

Removed Number of moths removed

Details

Population geneticists consider clines particularly favourable situations for investigating evolutionary phenomena. A cline is a region where two colour morphs of one species arrange themselves at opposite ends of an environmental gradient, with increasing mixtures occurring between. Such a cline exists near Liverpool, England, where a dark morph of a local moth has flourished in response to the blackening of tree trunks by air pollution from the mills. The moths are nocturnal, resting during the day on tree trunks, where their coloration acts as camouflage against predatory birds. In Liverpool, where tree trunks are blackened by smoke, a high percentage of the moths are of the dark morph. One encounters a higher percentage of the typical (pepper—and—salt) morph as one travels from the city into the Welsh countryside, where tree trunks are lighter. J.A. Bishop used this cline to study the intensity of natural selection.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Bishop, J.A. (1972). An Experimental Study of the Cline of Industrial Melanism in *Biston betularia* [Lepidoptera] Between Urban Liverpool and Rural North Wales, *Journal of Animal Ecology* **41**: 209–243.

Examples

str(case2102)

case2201 41

case2201

Age and Mating Success of Male Elephants

Description

Although male elephants are capable of reproducing by 14 to 17 years of age, your adult males are usually unsuccessful in competing with their larger elders for the attention of receptive females. Since male elephants continue to grow throughout their lifetimes, and since larger males tend to be more successful at mating, the males most likely to pass their genes to future generations are those whose characteristics enable them to live long lives. Joyce Poole studied a population of African elephants in Amboseli National Park, Kenya, for 8 years. This data frame contains the number of successful matings and ages (at the study's beginning) of 41 male elephants.

Usage

case2201

Format

A data frame with 41 observations on the following 2 variables.

Age Age of elephant at beginning of study Matings Number of successful matings

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Poole, J.H. (1989). Mate Guarding, Reproductive Success and Female Choice in African Elephants, *Animal Behavior* **37**: 842–849.

Examples

```
str(case2201)
plot(case2201)
```

case2202

Characteristics Associated with Salamander Habitat

Description

The Del Norte Salamander (*plethodon elongates*) is a small (5–7 cm) salamander found among rock rubble, rock outcrops and moss-covered talus in a narrow range of northwest California. To study the habitat characteristics of the species and particularly the tendency of these salamanders to reside in dwindling old-growth forests, researchers selected 47 sites from plausible salamander habitat in national forest and parkland. Randomly chosen grid points were searched for the presence of a site with suitable rocky habitat. At each suitable site, a 7 metre by 7 metre search are was examined for the number of salamanders it contained. This data frame contains the counts of salamanders at the sites, along with the percentage of forest canopy and age of the forest in years.

Usage

case2202

Format

A data frame with 47 observations on the following 4 variables.

Site Investigated site

Salaman Number of salamanders found in 49 m\$^2\$ area

PctCover Percentage of canopy cover

Forestage Forestage

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Welsh, H.H. and Lind, A.J. (1995). Journal of Herpetology 29(2): 198–210.

Examples

str(case2202)

ex0112

Fish Oil and Blood Pressure

Description

Researchers used 7 red and 7 black playing cards to randomly assign 14 volunteer males with high blood pressure to one of two diets for four weeks: a fish oil diet and a standard oil diet. These data are the reductions in diastolic blood pressure.

Usage

ex0112

Format

A data frame with 14 observations on the following 2 variables.

BP reduction in diastolic blood pressure (in mm of mercury)

Diet factor variable indicating the diet that the subject followed

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

ex0116 43

References

Knapp, H.R. and FitzGerald, G.A. (1989). The Antihypertensive Effects of Fish Oil, *New England Journal of Medicine* **320**: 1037–1043.

Examples

str(ex0112)

ex0116

Planet Distances and Order from Sun

Description

The data are the distances from the sun (scaled so that earth=10) and the order from the sun for the 9 planets in our solar system plus the asteroid belt (treated here as the fifth body from the sun).

Usage

ex0116

Format

A data frame with 10 observations on the following 3 variables.

Planet name of body (planet or asteroid belt)

Order order from sun

Distance distance from sun (scaled so that earth's distance is 10)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex0116)

ex0211

Lifetimes of Guinea Pigs

Description

The data are survival times (in days) of guinea pigs that were randomly assigned either to a control group or to a treatment group that received a dose of tubercle bacilli.

Usage

ex0211

Format

A data frame with 122 observations on the following 2 variables.

Lifetime survival time of guinea pig (in days)

Group a factor with levels "bacilli" and "control", indicating the group to which the guinea pig was assigned

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Doksum, K. (1974). Empirical Probability Plots and Statistical Inference for Nonlinear Models in the Two-sample Case, *Annals of Statistics* **2**: 267–277.

Examples

str(ex0211)

ex0221

Bumpus's Data on Natural Selection (Weight)

Description

As evidence in support of natural selection, Bumpus presented measurements on house sparrows brought to the Anatomical Laboratory of Brown University after an uncommonly severe winter storm. Some of these birds had survived and some had perished. Bumpus asked whether those that perished did so because they lacked physical characteristics enabling them to withstand the intensity of that particular instance of selective elimination. The data are on the the weights, in grams, for the 24 adult male sparrows that perished and for the 35 adult males that survived.

Usage

ex0222 45

Format

A data frame with 59 observations on the following 2 variables.

Weight weight of adult male sparrows (in grams)

Status factor variable indicating whether the sparrow perished or survived in a winter storm

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

```
case0201, ex2016
```

Examples

str(ex0221)

ex0222

Cholesterol in Urban and Rural Guatemalans

Description

This data comes from an observational study to contrast cholesterol levels in rural and urban Guatemalan Indians

Usage

ex0222

Format

A data frame with 94 observations on the following 2 variables.

Cholesterol Serum total cholesterol of individual (in mg/l)

Group a factor with levels "Rural" and "Urban" indicating to which group the individual belongs

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Tejada, C., Charm, S., Guzman, M., Mendez, J. and Kurland, G. (1964). The Blood Viscosity of Various Socioeconomic Groups in Guatemala, *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition*: 303–308.

Examples

str(ex0222)

ex0223

Speed Limits and Traffic Fatalities

Description

The National Highway System Designation Act was signed into law in the United States on November 28, 1995. Among other things, the act abolished the federal mandate of 55 mile per hour maximum speed limits on roads in the United States and permitted states to establish their own limits. Of the 50 states (plus the District of Columbia), 32 increased their speed limits at the beginning of 1996 or sometime during 1996. These data are the percentage changes in interstate highway traffic fatalities from 1995 to 1996.

Usage

ex0223

Format

A data frame with 51 observations on the following 3 variables.

State US state

Increase a factor with levels "No" "Yes", indicating whether the state increased its speed limit FatalitiesChange percentage change in interstate traffic fatalities between 1995 and 1996

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Report to Congress: The Effect of Increased Speed Limits in the Post-NMSL Era, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, February, 1998; available in the reports library at http://www-fars.nhtsa.dot.gov/.

Examples

str(ex0223)

ex0321

Umpire Life Lengths

Description

Researchers collected historical and current data on umpires to investigate their life expectancies following the collapse and death of a U.S. major league baseball umpire. They were investigating speculation that stress associated with the job posed a health risk. Data were found on 227 umpires who had died or had retired and were still living. The data set includes the dates of birth and death.

ex0323 47

Usage

ex0321

Format

A data frame with 227 observations on the following 3 variables.

Lifelength observed lifetime for those umpires who had died by the time of the study or current age of those still living

Censored 0 for those who had died by the time of the study or 1 for those who were still living

Expected length from actuarial life tables for individuals who were alive at the time the person first became an umpire

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Cohen, R.S., Kamps, C.A., Kokoska, S., Segal E.M. and Tucker, J.B.(2000). Life Expectancy of Major League Baseball Umpires, *The Physician and Sportsmedicine* **28**(5): 83–89.

Examples

str(ex0321)

ex0323

Solar Radiation and Skin Cancer

Description

Data contains yearly skin cancer rates (per 100,000 people) in Connecticut from 1938 to 1972 with a code indicating those years that came two years after higher than average sunspot activity and those years that came two years after lower than average sunspot activity.

Usage

ex0323

Format

A data frame with 35 observations on the following 3 variables.

Year year

Rate skin cancer rate per 100,000 people

Sunspot a factor with levels "High" and "Low"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Andrews, D.F. and Herzberg, A.M. (1985). *Data: A Collection of Problems from many Fields for the Student and Research Worker*, Springer-Verlag.

Examples

str(ex0323)

ex0327

Life Expectancy and Per Capita Income

Description

Life expectancy and per capita income for 20 industrialized countries and 9 petroleum exporting countries. Note that there is a missing value for South Africa.

Usage

ex0327

Format

A data frame with 29 observations on the following 4 variables.

Country a character vector indicating the country

Life life expectancy (years)

Income income in 1974 (U.S. dollars)

Type factor variable with levels "Industrialized" and "Petroleum"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Leinhardt, S. and Wasserman, S.S. (1979). Teaching Regression: An Exploratory Approach, *The American Statistician* **33**(4): 196–203.

Examples

str(ex0327)

ex0328 49

ex0328

Pollen Removal

Description

As part of a study to investigate reproductive strategies in plants, biologists recorded the time spent at sources of pollen and the proportions of pollen removed by bumblebee queens and honeybee workers pollinating a species of lily.

Usage

ex0328

Format

A data frame with 47 observations on the following 3 variables.

Removed proportion of pollen removed

Duration duration of visit (in seconds)

Bee factor variable with levels "Queen" and "Worker"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Harder, L.D. and Thompson, J.D. (1989). Evolutionary Options for Maximizing Pollen Dispersal of Animal-pollinated Plants, *American Naturalist* **133**: 323–344.

Examples

str(ex0328)

ex0331

Iron Supplementation

Description

A randomized experiment was performed on mice to determine whether two forms of iron are retained differently. If one type is retained especially well it may be more useful as a dietary supplement for humans.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 2 variables.

Iron percentage of iron retained in each mouse
Supplement factor variable with levels "Fe3" and "Fe4"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Rice, J. (1987). Mathematical Statistics and Data Analysis, Wadsworth.

Examples

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str(ex0331)
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ex0332

College Tuition

Description

Tuition in dollars of 20 private and 20 public U.S. colleges and universities for 1993–1994.

Usage

ex0332

Format

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 3 variables.

Private tuition in dollars of 20 private schools

PubIn tuition in dollars of 20 public schools (in-state tuition)

PubOut tuition in dollars of 20 public schools (out-of-state tuition)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

1995 U.S. News and World Report's Guide to America's Best Colleges.

Examples

str(ex0332)

ex0333 51

ex0333

Brain Size and Litter Size

Description

Relative brain weights for 51 species of mammal whose average litter size is less than 2 and for 45 species of mammal whose average litter size is greater than or equal to 2.

Usage

ex0333

Format

A data frame with 96 observations on the following 2 variables.

Brainsize relative brain sizes (1000 * Brain weight/Body weight) for 96 species of mammals Littersize factor variable with levels "Small" and "Large"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Sacher, G.A. and Staffeldt, E.F. (1974). Relation of Gestation Time to Brain Weight for Placental Mammals: Implications for the Theory of Vertebrate Growth, *American Naturalist* **108**: 593–613.

See Also

case0902

Examples

str(ex0333)

ex0428

Darwin's Data

Description

Plant heights (inches) for 15 pairs of plants of the same age, one of which was grown from a seed from a cross-fertilized flower and the other of which was grown from a seed from a self-fertilized flower.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 2 variables.

Cross height (inches) of cross-fertilized plant Self height (inches) of self-fertilized plant

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Andrews, D.F. and Herzberg, A.M. (1985). *Data: A Collection of Problems from many Fields for the Student and Research Worker*, Springer-Verlag.

Examples

str(ex0428)

ex0429

Exercise and Walking Time

Description

Can active exercise shorten the time it takes an infant to walk alone? Twelve, one week old, male infants from white, middle-class families were randomly allocated to one of two treatment groups. Those in the active-exercise group received stimulation of the walking reflexes during four 3 minute sessions each day from the beginning of the second through the end of the eighth week. Those in the other group received no stimulation.

Usage

ex0429

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 2 variables.

Age age (months) at which infants first walked alone Exercise a factor with levels "Active" and "None"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Zelazo, P.R. (1972). Walking in the Newborn, Science 176: 314–315.

Examples

str(ex0429)

ex0430 53

ex0430

Sunlight Protection Factor

Description

Tolerance to sunlight (in minutes) for 13 patients prior to and after treatment with a sunscreen.

Usage

ex0430

Format

A data frame with 13 observations on the following 2 variables.

Control tolerance to sunlight (minutes) prior to sunscreen application Sunscreen tolerance to sunlight (minutes) after sunscreen application

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Fusaro, R.M. and Johnson, J.A. (1974). Sunlight Protection for Erythropoietic Protoporphyria Patients, *Journal of the American Medical Association* **229**(11): 1420.

Examples

str(ex0430)

ex0431

Effect of Group Therapy on Survival of Breast Cancer Patients

Description

Researchers randomly assigned metastatic breast cancer patients to either a control group or a group that received weekly 90 minute sessions of group therapy and self-hypnosis, to see whether the latter treatment improved the patients' quality of life.

Usage

ex0431

Format

A data frame with 58 observations on the following 3 variables.

Survival months of survival after beginning of study

Group a factor with levels "Control" and "Therapy"

Censor 0 if entire lifetime observed, 1 if patient known to have lived at least 122 months

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Spiegel, D., Bloom, J.R., Kraemer, H.C. and Gottheil, E. (1989). Effect of Psychosocial Treatment on Survival of Patients with Metastatic Breast Cancer, *Lancet* **334**(8668): 888–891.

Examples

str(ex0431)

ex0432

Therapeutic Marijuana

Description

To investigate the capacity of marijuana to reduce the side effects of cancer chemotherapy, researchers performed a double-blind, randomized, crossover trial. Fifteen cancer patients on chemotherapy were randomly assigned to receive either a marijuana treatment or a placebo treatment after their first three sessions of chemotherapy. They were then crossed over to the opposite treatment for their next 3 sessions.

Usage

ex0432

Format

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 3 variables.

Subject subject number 1–15

Marijuana total number of vomiting and retching episodes under marijuana treatment

Placebo total number of vomiting and retching episodes under placebo treatment

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Chang, A.E., Shiling, D.J., Stillman, R.C., Goldberg, N.H., Seipp, C.A., Barofsky, I., Simon, R.M. and Rosenberg, S.A. (1979). Delta-9-Tetrahydrocannabinol as an Antiemetic in Cancer Patients Receiving High Dose Methotrexate, *Annals of Internal Medicine* **91**(6): 819–824.

Examples

str(ex0432)

ex0518 55

ex0518

Fatty Acid

Description

A randomized experiment was performed to estimate the effect of a certain fatty acid CPFA on the level of a certain protein in rat livers.

Usage

ex0518

Format

A data frame with 30 observations on the following 4 variables.

Protein levels of protein (x 10) found in rat livers

Treatment a factor with levels "Control", "CPFA50", "CPFA150", "CPFA300", "CPFA450" and "CPFA600"

Day a factor with levels "Day1", "Day2", "Day3", "Day4" and "Day5"

Group a factor with levels "Group1", "Group2", ..., "Group10"; the observed levels of the Treatment and Day interaction

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex0518)

ex0523

Was Tyrannosaurus Rex Warm-Blooded?

Description

Data frame with measurements of oxygen isotopic composition of vertebrate bone phosphate (per mil deviations from SMOW) in 12 bones of a singe Tyrannosaurus rex specimen

Usage

ex0523

Format

A data frame with 52 observations on the following 2 variables.

Oxygen oxygen isotopic composition

Bonegrp a factor with levels "Bone1", "Bone2", ..., "Bone12"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Barrick, R.E. and Showers, W.J. (1994). Thermophysiology of *Tyrannosaurus rex*: Evidence from Oxygen Isotopes, *Science* **265**(5169): 222–224.

See Also

ex1120

Examples

str(ex0523)

ex0524

Vegetarians and Zinc: An Observational Study

Description

Previous studies suggest that vegetarians may not receive enough zinc in their diets and the zinc requirement is especially important during pregnancy. Twenty-three women were monitored: twelve vegetarians who were pregnant, six nonvegetarians who were pregnant, and five vegetarians who were not pregnant. Is there any evidence that pregnant vegetarians tend to have lower zinc levels than pregnant nonvegetarians?

Usage

ex0524

Format

A data frame with 23 observations on the following 2 variables.

Zinc levels of Zinc ($\mu g/g$) in the hair of women Group a factor with levels "PregNonVeg", "PregVeg" and "NonPregVeg"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

King, J.C., Stein, T. and Doyle, M. (1981). Effect of Vegetarianism on the Zinc Status of Pregnant Women, *American Journal of Clinical Nutrition* **34**(6): 1049–1055.

Examples

str(ex0524)

ex0621 57

ex0621

Failure Times of Bearings

Description

Data consist of times to fatigue failure (in units of millions of cycles) for 10 high-speed turbine engine bearings made from five different compounds.

Usage

ex0621

Format

A data frame with 50 observations on the following 2 variables.

Time failure times of bearings (millions of cycles)

Compound a factor with levels "I", "II", "III", "IV" and "V"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

McCool, J.I. (1979). Analysis of Single Classification Experiments Based on Censored Samples from the Two-parameter Weibull Distribution, *Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference* **3**(1): 39–68.

Examples

str(ex0621)

ex0622

A Biological Basis for Homosexuality

Description

Is there a physiological basis for sexual preference? Researchers measured the volumes of four cell groups in the interstitial nuclei of the anterior hypothalamus in postmortem tissue from 41 subjects at autopsy from seven metropolitan hospitals in New York and California.

Usage

680622

Format

A data frame with 41 observations on the following 2 variables.

Volume volumes of INAH3 (1000 $\times~\text{mm}^3\text{)}$ cell clusters from 41 humans Group a factor with levels

ex0723 59

"Group1"	heterosexual male with AIDS death
"Group2"	heterosexual male with Non-AIDS death
"Group3"	homosexual male with AIDS death
"Group4"	heterosexual female with AIDS death
"Group5"	heterosexual female with Non-AIDS death

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

LeVay, S. (1991). A Difference in Hypothalamic Structure Between Heterosexual and Homosexual Men, *Science* **253**(5023): 1034–1037.

Examples

str(ex0622)

ex0723

Old Faithful

Description

Old Faithful Geyser in Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, derives its name and its considerable fame from the regularity (and beauty) of its eruptions. As they do with most geysers in the park, rangers post the predicted tiems of eruptions on signs nearby and people gather beforehand to witness the show. R.A. Hutchinson, a park geologist, collected measurements of the eruption durations (X, in minutes) and the subsequent intervals before the next eruption (Y, in minutes) over an 8–day period.

Usage

ex0723

Format

A data frame with 107 observations on the following 3 variables.

Date date of observation (August 1 to August 8, 1978)

Interval length of interval before the next eruption (in minutes)

Duration duration of eruption (in minutes)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Weisberg, S. (1985). Applied Linear Regression, John Wiley & Sons, New York, p. 231.

Examples

str(ex0723)

ex0724

Crab Claw Size and Force

Description

As part of a study of the effects of predatory intertidal crab species on snail populations, researchers measured the mean closing forces and the propdus heights of the claws on several crabs of three species.

Usage

ex0724

Format

A data frame with 38 observations on the following 3 variables.

Force closing strength of claw of the crab

Height propodus height of claw of the crab

Species species to which the crab belongs

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Yamada, S.B. and Boulding, E.G. (1992). Shell-breaking Efficiency of Predatory Crabs Influences the Distribution of an Intertidal Snail, Technical Report, Zoology Department, Oregon State University.

Examples

str(ex0724)

ex0726 61

ex0726

Decline in Male Births

Description

The data are on the proportion of male birts in Denmark, The Netherlands, Canada and the United States for a number of yeras. Notice that the proportions for Canada and the United States are only provided for the years 1970 to 1990, while Denmark and The Netherlands have data listed for 1950 to 1994.

Usage

ex0726

Format

A data frame with 45 observations on the following 5 variables.

Year year of observation

Denmark male birth rate of Denmark for given year

Netherlands male birth rate of The Netherlands for given year

Canada male birth rate of Canada for given year

Usa male birth rate of the United States for given year

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Davis, D.L., Gottlieb, M.B. and Stampnitzky, J.R. (1998). Reduced ratio of male to female births in several industrial countries, *Journal of the American Medical Association* **279**(13): 1018–1023.

Examples

str(ex0726)

ex0727

The Big Bang II

Description

These data are measured distances and recession velocities for 10 clusters of nebulae, much farther from earth than the nebulae reported in case0701.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 10 observations on the following 2 variables.

Cluster name of the cluster of nebulae
Distance distance from earth (in million parsec)

Velocity recession velocity (in kilometres per second)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Hubble, E. and Humason, M. (1931). The Velocity–Distance Relation Among Extra–calactic Nebulae, *Astrophysics Journal* **74**: 43–50.

See Also

case0701

Examples

str(ex0727)

ex0728

Number of Stories and Building Height

Description

The 1994 World Almanac reports heights and number of stories for notable tall buildings in North America. The data in this data frame are a random sample of size 60 of those for which dates of completion were available.

Usage

ex0728

Format

A data frame with 60 observations on the following 3 variables.

Year year of completion
Height height of building
Stories number of stories of building

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex0728)

ex0729 63

ex0729

Male Displays

Description

Black wheatears are small birds in Spain and Morocco. Males of the species demonstrate an exaggerated sexual display by carrying many heavy stones to nesting cavities. This 35–gram bird transports, on average, 3.1 kg of stones per nesting season! Different males carry somewhat different sized stones, prompting a study on whether larger stones may be a signal of higher health status. Soler et al. calculated the average stone mass (g) carried by each of 21 male black wheatears, along with T-cell response measurements reflecting their immune systems' strengths.

Usage

ex0729

Format

A data frame with 21 observations on the following 2 variables.

Mass average mass of stones carried by bird (in g)

Tcell T-cell response measurement (in mm)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Soler, M., Martín-Vivaldi, M., Marín J. and Møller, A. (1999). Weight lifting and health status in the black wheatears, *Behavioral Ecology* **10**(3): 281–286.

Examples

str(ex0729)

ex0730

Brain Activity in Violin and String Players

Description

Studies over the past two decades have shown that activity can effect the reorganisation of the human central nervous system. For example, it is known that the part of the brain associated with activity of a finger or limb is taken over for other purposes in individuals whose limb or finger has been lost. In one study, psychologists used magnetic source imaging (MSI) to measure neuronal activity in the brains of nine string players (six violinists, two cellists and one guitarist) and six controls who had never played a musical instrument, when the thumb and fifth finger of the left hand were exposed to mild stimulation. The researchers felt that stringed instrument players, who use the fingers of their left hand extensively, might show different behaviour—as a result of this extensive physical activity—than individuals who did not play stringed instruments.

Usage

ex0730

Format

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 2 variables.

Years years that the individual has been playing Activity neuronal activity index

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Elbert, T., Pantev, C., Wienbruch, C., Rockstroh, B. and Taub E. (1995). Increased cortical representation of the fingers of the left hand in string players, *Science* **270**(5234): 305–307.

Examples

str(ex0730)

ex0816

Meat Processing

Description

The data in case0702 are a subset of the complete data on postmortum pH in 12 steer carcasses.

Usage

ex0816

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 2 variables.

Time time after slaughter (hours) pH pH level in postmortem muscle

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Schwenke, J.R. and Milliken, G.A. (1991). On the Calibration Problem Extended to Nonlinear Models, *Biometrics* **47**(2): 563–574.

ex0817 65

See Also

case0702

Examples

str(ex0816)

ex0817

Biological Pest Control

Description

In a study of the effectiveness of biological control of the exotic weed tansy ragwort, researchers manipulated the exposure to the ragwort flea beetle on 15 plots that had been planted with a high density of ragwort. Harvesting the plots the next season, they measured the average dry mass of ragwort remaining (grams/plant) and the flea beetle load (beetles/gram of ragwort dry mass) to see if the ragwort plants in plots with high flea beetle loads were smaller as a result of herbivory by the beetles.

Usage

ex0817

Format

A data frame with 15 observations on the following 2 variables.

Load flee beetle load (in beetles/gram of ragwort dry mass)

Mass dry mass of ragwort weed

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

McEvoy, P. and Cox, C. (1991). Successful Biological Control of Ragwort, *Senecio jacobaea*, by introducing insects in Oregon, *Ecological Applications* **1**(4): 430–442.

Examples

str(ex0817)

ex0818

Chernobyl Fallout

Description

One of the most dangerous contaminants deposited over European countries following the Chernobyl accident in April 1986 was radioactive cesium. To study cesium transfer from contaminated soil to plants, researchers collected soil samples and samples of mushroom mycelia from 17 wooded locations in Umbria, Central Italy, from August 1986 to November 1989. The data are measured concentrations (Bq/kg) of cesium in the soil and in the mushrooms.

Usage

ex0818

Format

A data frame with 17 observations on the following 2 variables.

Mushroom Cesium concentrations in mushrooms (in Bq/kg)

Soil Cesium concentrations in soil (in Bq/kg)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Borio, R., Chiocchini, S., Cicioni, R., Degli Esposti, P., Rongoni, A., Sabatini, P., Scampoli, P., Antonini, A. and Salvadori, P. (1991). Uptake of Radiocesium by Mushrooms, *Science of the Total Environment* **106**(3): 183–190.

Examples

str(ex0818)

ex0820

Election Fraud

Description

The data are observations on the difference between Democratic and Republican vote counts, by (a) absentee ballot and (b) voting machine, for 21 elections in Philadelphia's senatorial districts over the last 10 years.

Usage

ex0822 67

Format

A data frame with 21 observations on the following 2 variables.

Absentee Democratic minus Republican vote count by absentee ballot Machines Democratic minus Republican vote count by voting machine

Details

In a special election to fill a Pennsylvania State Senate seat in 1993, the Democrat, William Stinson, received 19,127 machine–counted votes and the Republican, Bruce Marks, received 19,691. In addition, there were 1,391 absentee ballots for Stinson and 366 absentee ballots for Marks, so that the total tally showed Stinson the winner by 461 votes. The large disparity between the machine–counted and absentee votes, and the resulting reversal of the outcome due to the absentee ballots caused some concern about possible illegal influence on the absentee votes. To see whether the discrepancy in absentee votes was larger than could be explained by chance, an econometrician considered the data given in this data frame (read from a graph in *The New York Times*, 11 April 1994).

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex1115

Examples

str(ex0820)

ex0822

Ecosystem Decay

Description

Data are the number of butterfly species in 16 islands of forest of various sizes in otherwise cleared areas in Brazil.

Usage

ex0822

Format

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 2 variables.

Area area (ha) of forest patch

Species number of butterfly species

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Lovejoy, T.E., Rankin, J.M., Bierregaard, Jr., R.O., Brown, Jr., K.S., Emmons, L.H. and van der Voort, M. (1984). Ecosystem decay of Amazon forest remnants *in* Nitecki, M.H. (ed.) *Extinctions*, University of Chicago Press.

Examples

str(ex0822)

ex0823

Wine Consumption and Heart Disease

Description

The data are the average wine consumption rates (in liters per person per year) and number of ischemic heart disease deaths (per 1000 men aged 55 to 64 years) for 18 industrialized countries.

Usage

data(ex0823)

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 3 variables.

Country a character vector indicating the country

Wine consumption of wine (liters per person per year)

Mortality heart disease mortality rate (deaths per 1,000)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

St. Leger A.S., Cochrane, A.L. and Moore, F. (1979). Factors Associated with Cardiac Mortality in Developed Countries with Particular Reference to the Consumption of Wine, *Lancet*: 1017–1020.

Examples

str(ex0823)

ex0824 69

ex0824

Respiratory Rates for Children

Description

A high respiratory rate is a potential diagnostic indicator of respiratory infection in children. To judge whether a respiratory rate is "high" however, a physician must have a clear picture of the distribution of normal rates. To this end, Italian researchers measured the respiratory rates of 618 children between the ages of 15 days and 3 years.

Usage

ex0824

Format

A data frame with 618 observations on the following 2 variables.

Age age in months of child

Rate respiratory rate (breaths per minute)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Rusconi, F., Castagneto, M., Porta, N., Gagliardi, L., Leo, G., Pellegatta, A., Razon, S. and Braga, M. (1994). Reference Values for Respiratory Rate in the First 3 Years of Life, *Pediatrics* **94**(3): 350–355.

Examples

str(ex0824)

ex0825

The Dramatic U.S. Presidential Election of 2000

Description

Data set shows the number of votes for Buchanan and Bush in all 67 counties in Florida during the U.S. presidential election of November 7, 2000.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 67 observations on the following 3 variables.

County a character vector indicating the county Buchanan2000 votes cast for P. Buchanan Bush2000 votes cast for G.W. Bush

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex1222

Examples

str(ex0825)

ex0914

Pace of Life and Heart Disease

Description

In four regions of the US (Northeast, Midwest, South and West), in three different sized metropolitan regions, researchers measured indicators of pace of life.

Usage

ex0914

Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 4 variables.

Bank bank clerk speed

Walk pedestrian walking speed

Talk postal clerk talking speed

Heart age adjusted death rate due to heart disease

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Levine, R.V. (1990). The Pace of Life, American Scientist 78: 450-459.

Examples

str(ex0914)

ex0915 71

ex0915

Rainfall and Corn Yield

Description

Data on corn yield and rainfall in six U.S. corn–producing states (Iowa, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and Ohio), recorded for each year from 1890 to 1927.

Usage

ex0915

Format

```
Year year of observation (1890–1927)
```

Yield average corn yield for the six states (in bu/acre)

Rainfall average rainfall in the six states (in in/year)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Ezekiel, M. and Fox, K.A. (1959). *Methods of Correlation and Regression Analysis*, John Wiley & Sons, New York.

Examples

str(ex0915)

ex0918

Speed of Evolution

Description

Researchers studied the development of a fly (Drosophila subobscura) that had been accidentally introduced from the Old World into North America around 1980.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 21 observations on the following 8 variables.

Continent a factor with levels "NA" and "EU"

Latitude latitude (degrees)

Females average wing size $(10^3 \times \log mm)$ of female flies on log scale

SE.F standard error of wing size ($10^3 \times \log mm$) of female flies on log scale

Males average wing size ($10^3 \times \log mm$) of male flies on log scale

SE.M standard error of wing size ($10^3 \times \log mm$) of male flies on log scale

Ratio average basal length to wing size ratios of female flies

SE.R standard error of average basal length to wing size ratio of female flies

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Huey, R.B., Gilchrist, G.W., Carlson, M.L., Berrigan, D. and Serra, L. (2000). Rapid Evolution of a Geographic Cline in Size in an Introduced Fly, *Science* **287**(5451): 308–309.

Examples

str(ex0918)

ex0920

Winning Speeds at the Kentucky Derby

Description

Data set contains the year of the Kentucky Derby, the winning horse, the condition of the track and the average speed of the winner for years 1896–2000.

Usage

ex0920

Format

A data frame with 105 observations on the following 4 variables.

Year year of Kentucky Derby

Winner a character vector with the name of the winning horse

Condition a factor with levels "fast", "good" and "slow"

Speed average speed of the winner (feet per second)

ex1014 73

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

http://www.kentuckyderby.com

Examples

str(ex0920)

ex1014

Toxic Effects of Copper and Zinc

Description

Researchers randomly allocated 25 beakers containing minnow larvae to receive one of 25 treatment combinations of 5 levels of zinc and 5 levels of copper.

Usage

ex1014

Format

A data frame with 25 observations on the following 3 variables.

Copper amount of copper received (in ppm)

Zinc amount of zinc received (in ppm)

Protein protein in minnow larvae exposed to copper and zinc (μ g/larva)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Ryan, D.A., Hubert, J.J., Carter, E.M., Sprague, J.B. and Parrott, J. (1992). A Reduced-Rank Multivariate Regression Approach to Aquatic Joint Toxicity Experiments, *Biometrics* **48**(1): 155–162.

Examples

str(ex1014)

ex1026

Thinning of Ozone Layer

Description

Depletion of the ozone layer allows the most damaging ultraviolet radiation to reach the Earth's surface. To measure the relationship, researchers sampled the ocean column at various depths at 17 locations around Antarctica during the austral spring of 1990.

Usage

ex1026

Format

A data frame with 17 observations on the following 3 variables.

Inhibit percent inhibition of primary phytoplankton production in water

UVB UVB exposure

Surface a factor with levels "Deep" and "Surface"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Smith, R.C., Prézelin, B.B., Baker, K.S., Bidigare, R.R., Boucher, N.P., Coley, T., Karentz, D., Mac-Intyre, S., Matlick, H.A., Menzies, D., Ondrusek, M., Wan, Z. and Waters, K.J. (1992). Ozone Depletion: Ultraviolet Radiation and Phytoplankton Biology in Antarctic Waters, *Science* **255**(5047): 952–959.

Examples

str(ex1026)

ex1027

Factors Affecting Extinction

Description

Data are measurements on breeding pairs of land-bird species collected from 16 islands around Britain over the course of several decades. For each species, the data set contains an average time of extinction on those islands where it appeared, the average number of nesting pairs, the size of the species and the migratory status of the species.

Usage

ex1028 75

Format

A data frame with 62 observations on the following 5 variables.

Species a character vector indicating the species

Time average extinction time in years

Pairs average number of nesting pairs

Size a factor with levels "L" and "S"

Status a factor with levels "M" and "R"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Pimm, S.L., Jones, H.L., and Diamond, J. (1988). On the Risk of Extinction, *American Naturalist* **132**(6): 757–785.

Examples

str(ex1027)

ex1028

El Nino and Hurricanes

Description

Data set with the numbers of Atlantic Basin tropical storms and hurricanes for each year from 1950–1997. The variable storm index is an index of overall intensity of hurricane season. Also listed are whether the year was a cold, warm or neutral El Nino year and a variable indicating whether West Africa was wet or dry that year.

Usage

ex1028

Format

A data frame with 48 observations on the following 7 variables.

Year year

ElNino a factor with levels "cold", "neutral" and "warm"

Temperature numeric variable with values -1 if ElNino is "cold", 0 if "neutral" and 1 if "warm"

WestAfrica numeric variable indicating whether West Africa was wet (1) or dry (0)

Storms number of storms

Hurricanes number of hurricanes

StormIndex index of overall intensity of hurricane season

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Data were gathered by William Gray of Colorado State University and reported on USA Today weather page: http://www.usatoday.com/weather/whurnum.htm

Examples

str(ex1028)

ex1029

Wage and Race

Description

Data set contains weekly wages in 1987 for a sample of 25,632 males between the age of 18 and 70 who worked full-time along with their years of education, years of experience, indicator variable for whether they were black, indicator variable for whether they worked in or near a city, and a code for the region in the US where they worked.

Usage

ex1029

Format

A data frame with 25631 observations on the following 6 variables.

Wage weekly wage in dollars

Education education in years

Experience experience in years

Black a factor with levels "Yes" and "No"; indicator for whether the person is black

SMSA a factor with levels "Yes" and "No"; indicator for whether the person worked in or near a city Region a factor with levels "MW", "NE", "S" and "W"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Bierens, H.J. and Ginther, D.K. (2001). Integrated Conditional Moment Testing of Quantile Regression Models, *Empirical Economics* **26**(1): 307–324

```
http://econ.la.psu.edu/~hbierens/QUANTILE.PDF
http://econ.la.psu.edu/~hbierens/MEDIAN.HTM
```

ex1115 77

Examples

str(ex1029)

ex1115

Election Fraud

Description

The data are observations on the difference between Democratic and Republican vote counts, by (a) absentee ballot and (b) voting machine, for 22 elections in Philadelphia's senatorial districts over the last 10 years.

Usage

ex1115

Format

A data frame with 22 observations on the following 2 variables.

Absentee Democratic minus Republican vote count by absentee ballot Machines Democratic minus Republican vote count by voting machine

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex0820

Examples

str(ex1115)

ex1120

Was Tyrannosaurus Rex Warm-Blooded?

Description

Data are the isotopic composition of structural bone carbonate (X) and the isotopic composition of the coexisting calcite cements (Y) in 18 bone samples from a specimen of the dinosaur Tyrannosaurus rex. Evidence that the mean of Y is positively associated with X was used in an argument that the metabolic rate of this dinosaur resembled warm-blooded more than cold-blooded animals.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 2 variables.

Carbonat isotopic composition of bone carbonate Calcite isotopic composition of calcite cements

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Barrick, R.E. and Showers, W.J. (1994). Thermophysiology of *Tyrannosaurus rex*: Evidence from Oxygen Isotopes, *Science* **265**(5169): 222–224.

See Also

ex0523

Examples

str(ex1120)

ex1122

Deforestation and Debt

Description

It has been theorized that developing countries cut down their forests to pay off foreign debt. Data are debt, deforestation, and population from 11 Latin American nations.

Usage

ex1122

Format

A data frame with 11 observations on the following 4 variables.

Country a character vector indicating the country

Debt debt (millions of dollars)

Deforest deforestation (thousands of ha)

Pop population (thousands of people)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

ex1123 79

References

Gullison, R.R. and Losos, E.C. (1992). The Role of Foreign Debt in Deforestation in Latin America, *Conservation Biology* **7**(1): 140–7.

Examples

str(ex1122)

ex1123

Air Pollution and Mortality

Description

Does pollution kill people? Data in one early study designed to explore this issue from 5 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas in the U.S between 1959–1961.

Usage

ex1123

Format

A data frame with 60 observations on the following 7 variables.

City a character vector indicating the city

Mort total age-adjusted mortality from all causes

Precip mean annual precipitation (inches)

Educ median number of school years completed for persons 25 years or older

Nonwhite percentage of population that is nonwhite

NOx relative pollution potential of oxides of nitrogen

SO2 relative pollution potential of sulfur dioxide

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

McDonald, G.C. and Ayers, J.A. (1978). Some Applications of the "Chernoff Faces": A Technique for Graphically Representing Multivariate Data in Wang, P.C.C. (ed.) *Graphical Representation of Multivariate Data*, Academic Press.

See Also

ex1217

Examples

str(ex1123)

ex1124

Natal Dispersal Distances of Mammals

Description

An assessment of the factors affecting dispersal distances is important for understanding population spread, recolonization and gene flow which are central issues for conservation of many vertebrate species. Researchers gathered data on body weight, diet type and maximum natal dispersal distance for various animals.

Usage

ex1124

Format

A data frame with 64 observations on the following 4 variables.

Species a character vector indicating the species

Bodymass bodymass (kg)

Maxdist maximum dispersal distance (km)

Type a factor with levels "Carnivore", "Herbivore" and "Omnivore"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Sutherland, G.D., Harestad, A.S., Price, K. and Lertzman, K.P. (2000). Scaling of Natal Dispersal Distances in Terrestrial Birds and Mammals, *Conservation Ecology* **4**(1): 16.

Examples

str(ex1124)

ex1217

Pollution and Mortality

Description

Complete data set for problem introduced in ex1123. Data from early study designed to explore the relationship between air pollution and mortality.

Usage

ex1217 81

Format

A data frame with 60 observations on the following 17 variables.

City a character vector indicating the city

Mort total age-adjusted mortality from all causes

Precip mean annual precipitation (inches)

Humidity percent relative humidity (annual average at 1:00pm)

Jantemp mean January temperature (degrees F)

Julytemp mean July temperature (degrees F)

Over65 percentage of the population aged 65 years or over

House population per household

Educ median number of school years completed for persons 25 years or older

Sound percentage of the housing that is sound with all facilities

Density population density (in persons per square mile of urbanized area)

Nonwhite percentage of population that is nonwhite

Whitecol percentage of employment in white collar occupations

Poor percentage of households with annual income under \$3,000 in 1960

HC relative pollution potential of hydrocarbons

NOx relative pollution potential of oxides of nitrogen

S02 relative pollution potential of sulfur dioxide

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

McDonald, G.C. and Ayers, J.A. (1978). Some Applications of the "Chernoff Faces": A Technique for Graphically Representing Multivariate Data in Wang, P.C.C. (ed.) *Graphical Representation of Multivariate Data*, Academic Press.

See Also

ex1123

Examples

str(ex1217)

ex1220

Galapagos Islands

Description

The number of species on an island is known to be related to the island's area. Of interest is what other variables are also related to the number of species, after island area is accounted for, and whether the answer differs for native and non native species.

Usage

ex1220

Format

A data frame with 30 observations on the following 8 variables.

Island a character vector indicating the island

Total total number of observed species

Native number of native species

Area area (km²)

Elev elevation (m)

DistNear distance from nearest island (km)

DistSC distance from Santa Cruz (km)

AreaNear area of nearest island (km²)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Johnson, M.P. and Raven, P.H. (1973). Species Number and Endemism: The Galapagos Archipelago Revisited, *Science* **179**(4076): 893–895.

Examples

str(ex1220)

ex1221 83

ex1221 River Nitrogen

Description

The rise in abundance of algae in coastal waters is thought to be due to increases in nutrients such as nitrate and other forms of nitrogen. Researchers gathered data to gauge the evidence that nitrates in the discharges of rivers around the world are associated with human population density.

Usage

ex1221

Format

A data frame with 42 observations on the following 11 variables.

River a character vector indicating the river

Country a factor variable with 26 levels

Discharge the estimated annual average discharge of the river into an ocean (m³ per second)

Runoff estimated annual average runoff from the watershed (liters/(sec \times km 2))

Area watershed area (km²)

Density density of people (people/km²)

NO3 nitrate concentration (μ M/l)

Export nitrate export (product of runoff times nitrate concentration)

Dep deposition (proportional to product of nitratrate precipitation times precipitation)

NPrec nitrate precipitation (μ mol NO₃/(sec×km²))

Prec precipitation (cm/year)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Cole, J.L., Peierls, B.L., Caraco, N.F. and Pace, M.L. (1993). Nitrogen Loading of Rivers as a Human-driven Process, in McDonnell, M.J. and Pickett, S.T.A. (eds.) *Humans as Components of Ecosystems: The Ecology of Subtle Human Effects and Populated Areas*, Springer-Verlag.

Examples

str(ex1221)

ex1222

Bush Gore Ballot Controversy

Description

This data set contains the vote counts by county in Florida for Buchanan and for four other presidential candidates in 2000, along with the total vote counts in 2000, the presidential vote counts for three presidential candidates in 1996, the vote count for Buchanan in his only other campaign in Florida—the 1996 Republican primary, the registration in Buchanan's Reform party and the total political party registration in the county.

Usage

ex1222

Format

A data frame with 67 observations on the following 13 variables.

County a character vector indicating the county

Buchanan2000 votes cast for Buchanan in 2000 presidential election

Gore2000 votes cast for Gore in 2000 presidential election

Bush2000 votes cast for Bush in 2000 presidential election

Nader 2000 votes cast for Nader in 2000 presidential election

Browne 2000 votes cast for Browne in 2000 presidential election

Total 2000 total vostes cast in 2000 presidential election

Clinton96 votes cast for Clinton in 1996 presidential election

Dole96 votes cast for Dole in 1996 presidential election

Perot96 votes cast for Perot in 1996 presidential election

Buchanan 96p votes cast for Buchanan in 1996 Republican primary

ReformReg the registration in Buchanan's Reform party

TotalReg the total political party registration

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex0825

Examples

str(ex1222)

ex1317 85

ex1317

Dinosaur Extinctions—An Observational Study

Description

About 65 million years ago, the dinosaurs suffered a mass extinction virtually overnight (in geologic time). Among many clues, one that all scientists regard as crucial is a layer of iridium-rich dust that was deposited over much of the earth at that time. The theory is that an event like a volcanic eruption or meteor impact caused a massive dust cloud that blanketed the earth for years killing off animals and their food sources. Dataset has Iridium depths by type of deposit.

Usage

ex1317

Format

A data frame with 28 observations on the following 3 variables.

Iridium Iridium in samples (ppt)

Strata a factor with levels "Limestone" and "Shale"

Depth a factor with six levels: "1", "2", ..., "6"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Alvarez, W. and Asaro, F. (1990). What Caused the Mass Extinction? An Extraterrestrial Impact, *Scientific American* **263**(4): 76–84.

Courtillot, E. (1990). What Caused the Mass Extinction? A Volcanic Eruption. *Scientific American* **263**(4): 85–92.

Examples

str(ex1317)

ex1319

Nature—Nurture

Description

A 1989 study investigated the effect of heredity and environment on intelligence. Data are the IQ scores for adopted children whose biological and adoptive parents were categorized either in the highest or the lowest socioeconomic status category.

Usage

ex1319

Format

A data frame with 38 observations on the following 3 variables.

IQ IQ scores of adopted children

Adoptive a factor with levels "High" and "Low"; the socioeconomic status of the adoptive parents Biologic a factor with levels "High" and "Low"; the socioeconomic status of the biological parents

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Capron, C. and Duyme, M. (1991). Children's IQ's and SES of Biological and Adoptive Parents in a Balanced Cross-fostering Study, *European Bulletin of Cognitive Psychology* **11**(3): 323–348.

See Also

ex1605

Examples

str(ex1319)

ex1320 Gender Differences in Performance on Mathematics Achievement Tests

Description

Data set on 861 ACT Assessment Mathematics Usage Test scores from 1987. The test was given to a sample of high school seniors who met one of three profiles of high school mathematics course work: (a) Algebra I only; (b) two Algebra courses and Geometry; and (c) two Algebra courses, Geometry, Trigonometry, Advanced Mathematics and Beginning Calculus.

These data were generated from summary statistics for one particular form of the test as reported by Doolittle (1989).

Usage

ex1320

Format

A data frame with 861 observations on the following 3 variables.

Sex a factor with levels "female" and "male" Background a factor with levels "a", "b" and "c" Score ACT mathematics test score ex1414 87

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Doolittle, A.E. (1989). Gender Differences in Performance on Mathematics Achievement Items, *Applied Measurement in Education* **2**(2): 161–177.

Examples

str(ex1320)

ex1414

Blood Brain Barrier

Description

Researchers designed an experiment to investigate how delivery of brain cancer antibody is influenced by tumor size, antibody molecular weight, blood-brain barrier disruption, and delivery route.

Usage

ex1414

Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 6 variables.

Agent a factor with levels "AIB", "DEX7" and "MTX"

Treatment a factor with levels "BD" and "NS"

Route a factor with levels "IA" and "IV"

Days days after inoculation

BAT concentration of antibody in the part of the brain around the tumor

LH concentration of antibody in the unaffected part of the brain

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Barnett, P.A., Roman-Goldstain, S., Ramsey, F., McCormick, C.I., Sexton, G., Szumowski, J. and Neuwelt, E.A. (1995). Differential Permeability and Quantitative MR Imaging of a Human Lung Carcinoma Brain Xenograft in the Nude Rat, *American Journal of Pathology* **146**(2): 436–449.

See Also

Examples

str(ex1414)

ex1415

Second Replicate of the Barrier Disruption Study

Description

Researchers designed an experiment to investigate how delivery of brain cancer antibody is influenced by tumor size, antibody molecular weight, blood-brain barrier disruption, and delivery route. The data for the first replicate of this study is in ex1414. This is the second replicate for the study.

Usage

ex1415

Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 6 variables.

Agent a factor with levels "AIB", "DEX7" and "MTX"

Treatment a factor with levels "BD" and "NS"

Route a factor with levels "IA" and "IV"

Days days after inoculation

BAT concentration of antibody in the part of the brain around the tumor

LH concentration of antibody in the unaffected part of the brain

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Barnett, P.A., Roman-Goldstain, S., Ramsey, F., McCormick, C.I., Sexton, G., Szumowski, J. and Neuwelt, E.A. (1995). Differential Permeability and Quantitative MR Imaging of a Human Lung Carcinoma Brain Xenograft in the Nude Rat, *American Journal of Pathology* **146**(2): 436–449.

See Also

ex1414

Examples

str(ex1415)

ex1417 89

ex1417

Tennessee Corn Yield Trials

Description

Corn yield trials were performed at four locations in Tennessee in 1999. Data shows the average yields for six hybrids at each of four locations.

Usage

ex1417

Format

A data frame with 30 observations on the following 3 variables.

```
Location a factor with five levels: "Ames.irr", "Ames.un", "Crossvill", "Knoxville" and "Milan"
```

Hybrid a factor with six levels: "AsgrowRX799", "Beck5912W", "Cargill7821", "FFR739W", "NorthrupKing" and "Pioneer"

Yield average yield (bushels per acre)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

University of Tennessee Agricultural Experiment Station.

Examples

str(ex1417)

ex1509

Sunspot Counts for 1749–1948

Description

Time series data set of annual counts of sunspots.

Usage

ex1509

Format

A data frame with 200 observations on the following 2 variables.

Year year

Spots number of sunspots

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Waldmeier, M. (1961). The Sunspot Activity in the Years 1610-1960, Federal Observatory, Zurich.

Examples

str(ex1509)

ex1512

Melanoma and Sunspot Activity—An Observational Study

Description

Several factors suggest that the incidence of melanoma is related to solar radiation. Data has the age-adjusted melanoma incidence among males from Connecticut Tumor Registry, 1936–1972.

Usage

ex1512

Format

A data frame with 37 observations on the following 3 variables.

Year year

Melanoma male melanoma incidence in number of cases per 100,000 population

Sunspot sunspot relative number

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Houghton, A., Munster, E.W. and Viola, M.V. (1978). Increased Incidence of Malignant Melanoma After Peaks of Sunspot Activity, *Lancet*: 759–760.

Examples

str(ex1512)

ex1513 91

ex1513

Lynx Trappings and Sunspots

Description

Data on the annual numbers of lynx trapped in the Mackenzie River district of northwest Canada from 1821–1934.

Usage

ex1513

Format

A data frame with 114 observations on the following 3 variables.

Year year

Lynx number of lynx trapped

Spots number of sunspots

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Elston, C. and Nicholson, M. (1942). The Ten Year Cycle in Numbers of the Lynx in Canada, *Journal of Animal Ecology* **11**(2): 215–244.

Examples

str(ex1513)

ex1514

Trends in Firearm and Motor Vehicle Deaths in the U.S.

Description

Data shows the number of deaths due to firearms and the number of deaths due to motor vehicle accidents in the United States between 1968 and 1993.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 26 observations on the following 3 variables.

Year year

FirearmDeaths deaths due to firearms (in thousands per year)

MotorVehicleDeaths deaths due to motor vehicles (in thousands per year)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Data read from a Centers for Disease Control and Prevention graph reported in The Oregonian, June 17, 1997.

Examples

str(ex1514)

ex1515

S\&P 500

Description

Data on the value of a \$1 U.S. stock investment in 1871 at the end of each year, based on the Standard and Poor (S&P) 500 Composite stock index.

Usage

ex1515

Format

A data frame with 129 observations on the following 2 variables.

Year year

SPReturn S&P composite stock index (\$)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex1515)

ex1605 *Nature—Nurture*

Description

Data are a subset from an observational, longitudinal, study on adopted children. Is child's intelligence related to intelligence of the biological mother and the intelligence of the adoptive mother?

Usage

ex1605

Format

A data frame with 62 observations on the following 6 variables.

AMED adoptive mother's years of education

BMIQ biological mother's score on IQ test

Age2IQ IQ of child at age 2

Age4IQ IQ of child at age 4

Age8IQ IQ of child at age 8

Age13IQ IQ of child at age 13

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Skodak, M. and Skeels, H.M. (1949). A Final Follow-up Study of One Hundred Adopted Children, *Journal of Genetic Psychology* **75**: 85–125.

See Also

ex1319

Examples

str(ex1605)

ex1611

Religious Competition

Description

Adam Smith, in Wealth of Nations, observed that even religious monopolies become weak when they are not challenged by competition. Data to illustrate this point is from 21 countries in which the percentages of Catholics in the populations varied from a low 1.2% to a high 97.6%.

Usage

ex1611

Format

A data frame with 21 observations on the following 4 variables.

Country a character vector indicating the country

PctCath percent Catholics in the population

P2PRatio priest to parishioner ratio

PctIndig percent clergy indigenous

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Gill, A.J. (1994). Rendering unto Caesar? Religious Competition and Catholic Political Strategy in Latin America, 1962–79, *American Journal of Political Science* **38**(2): 403–425.

Examples

str(ex1611)

ex1612

Wastewater

Description

Samples of effluent were divided and sent to two laboratories for testing. Data are measurements of biochemical oxygen demand and suspended solid measurements obtained for 2 sample splits from the two laboratories.

Usage

ex1613 95

Format

A data frame with 11 observations on the following 4 variables.

ComBOD biochemical oxygen demand measurements from commercial laboratory

ComSS suspended solids measurements from commercial laboratory

StaBOD biochemical oxygen demand measurements from state laboratory

StaSS suspended solids measurements from state laboratory

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Johnson, R.A. and Wichern, D.W. (1988). Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysis, Prentice-Hall.

Examples

str(ex1612)

ex1613

Flea Beetle Distinction

Description

Data are the measurements from two very similar species of flea beetle.

Usage

ex1613

Format

A data frame with 36 observations on the following 3 variables.

Jnt1 measurement of first joint in micrometers

Jnt2 measurement of second joint in micrometers

Species a factor with levels "conc" and "heik"

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Lubischew, A.A. (1962). On the Use of Discriminant Functions in Taxonomy, *Biometrics* **18**: 455–477.

Examples

str(ex1613)

ex1614

Pschoimmunology

Description

Recent studies in the field of psychoimmunology suggest a link exists between behavioral events and the functioning of one's immune system. Data shows the results of a study on 12 subjects who were monitored during three distinct activities. The first activity consisted of neutral activity such as reporting tasks. During the second activity, subjects listened to audiotape exercises relating to images of heaviness, warmth in the body, relaxation, suggestions to remember happy events, etc. The third activity included a nonaudio tape follow up stimulus consisting of continued relaxation as in activity 2 and a verbal discussion of the positive aspects of the audiotape.

Usage

ex1614

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 3 variables.

PhaseA Interleukin-1 levels (counts per minute) from blood samples taken during activity A

PhaseB Interleukin-1 levels (counts per minute) from blood samples taken during activity B

PhaseC Interleukin-1 levels (counts per minute) from blood samples taken during activity C

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Keppel, W. (1993). Effects of Behavioral Stimuli on Plasma Interleukin-1 Activity in Humans at Rest, *Journal of Clinical Psychology* **49**(6): 777–785.

Examples

str(ex1614)

ex1615

Trends in SAT Scores

Description

Data shows a partial listing of a data set with ratios of average math to average verbal SAT scores in the United States and the District of Columbia for 1989 and 1996–1999.

Usage

ex1708 97

Format

A data frame with 51 observations on the following 6 variables.

State a character vector indicating the state

M/V:89 average MATH SAT scores divided by average VERBAL SAT score in 1989

M/V:96 average MATH SAT scores divided by average VERBAL SAT score in 1996

M/V:97 average MATH SAT scores divided by average VERBAL SAT score in 1997

M/V:98 average MATH SAT scores divided by average VERBAL SAT score in 1998

M/V:99 average MATH SAT scores divided by average VERBAL SAT score in 1999

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex1615)

ex1708

Pig Fat

Description

Actual pig fat and measurements of pig fat from magnetic resonance images at 13 locations for 12 pigs.

Usage

ex1708

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 14 variables.

Fat actual pig fat (in percent)

M1 magnetic resonance image at location 1

M2 magnetic resonance image at location 2

M3 magnetic resonance image at location 3

M4 magnetic resonance image at location 4

M5 magnetic resonance image at location 5

M6 magnetic resonance image at location 6

M7 magnetic resonance image at location 7

M8 magnetic resonance image at location 8

M9 magnetic resonance image at location 9M10 magnetic resonance image at location 10

M11 magnetic resonance image at location 11

M12 magnetic resonance image at location 12

M13 magnetic resonance image at location 13

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Glasbey, C.A and Flowler, P.A. (1992). Regression Models Fitted Using Conditional Independence to Estimate Pig Fatness from Magnetic Resonance Images, *The Statistician* **41**(2): 179–184.

Examples

str(ex1708)

ex1713

Church Distinctiveness

Description

Data show measures that differ among denominations of American Protestant and Catholic churches.

Usage

ex1713

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 6 variables.

Denomination a character vector indicating the church denomination

Distinct distinctiveness (strictness of discipline on a seven point scale)

Attend average percentage of weeks that individuals attended a church meeting (% weekly)

NonChurch average number of secular organisations to which members belong

StrongPct average percentage of members that describe themselves as being strong church members (%)

AnnInc average income of members (US\$)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Iannaccone, L.R. (1994). Why Strict Churches Are Strong, *American Journal of Sociology* **99**(5): 1180–1211.

Examples

str(ex1713)

ex 1714 99

ex1714 Insurance

Description

In the 1970's the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights investigated charges that insurance companies were attempting to redefine Chicago "neighborhoods" in order to cancel existing homeowner insurance policies or refuse to issue new ones. Dataset has data on homeowner and residential fire insurance policy issuances from 47 zip codes in the Chicago area.

Usage

ex1714

Format

A data frame with 47 observations on the following 8 variables.

Zip last 2 digits of zip code

Fire fires per 1000 housing units

Theft thefts per 1000 population

Age percentage of housing units built prior to 1940

Income median family income

Race percentage minority

Vol number of new policies per 100 housing units

Invol number of FAIR plan policies and renewals per 100 housing units

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Andrews, D.F. and Herzberg, A.M. (1985). *Data: A Collection of Problems from many Fields for the Student and Research Worker*, Springer-Verlag.

Examples

str(ex1714)

ex1914 Mantel-Haenszel Test for Censored survival Times: Lymphoma and Radiation Data

Description

Survival times for two groups of lymphoma patients.

Usage

ex1914

Format

A data frame with 34 observations on the following 4 variables.

Months months after diagnosis

Group a factor with levels "no" and "radiation"

Survived number of patients known to survive beyond this month

Died number of patients known to die after this many months

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Neuwelt, E.A., Goldman, D.L., Dahlborg, S.A., Crossen, J., Ramsey, F., Roman-Goldstein, S., Braziel, R. and Dana, B. (1991). Primary CNS Lymphoma Treated with Osmotic Blood-brain Barrier Disruption: Prolonged Survival and Preservation of Cognitive Function, *Journal of Clinical Oncology* **9**(9): 1580–1590.

Examples

str(ex1914)

ex1916

Vitamin C and Colds

Description

Fictitious data set based on results of an experiment where subjects were randomly divided into two groups and given a placebo or vitamin c to take during the cold season. At the end of the cold season, the subjects were interviewed by a physician who determined whether they had or had not suffered a cold during the period. Skeptics interviewed the 800 subjects to determine who knew and who did not know to which group they had been assigned. Vitamin C has a bitter taste and those familiar with it could recognize whether their pills contained it.

ex1917 101

Usage

ex1916

Format

A data frame with 4 observations on the following 4 variables.

Knew a factor with levels "no" and "yes"

Treatment a factor with levels "placebo" and "vitC"

Cold number of people who got a cold

NoCold number of people who did not get a cold

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex1916)

ex1917

Alcohol Consumption and Breast Cancer—A Retrospective Study

Description

Dataset from a study which investigated the added risk of breast cancer due to alcohol consumption. A sample of confirmed breast cancer patients were compared with a sample of cancer free women who were close in age and from the same neighborhood as the cases. Data was collected on the alcohol consumption and body mass of both sets of women.

Usage

ex1917

Format

A data frame with 6 observations on the following 4 variables.

Bodymass a factor with levels "high", "low" and "medium"

Drinking a factor with levels "high" and "low"

Cases number of women with breast cancer

Controls number of women without breast cancer

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Rosenberg, L., Palmer, J.R., Miller, D.R., Clarke, E.A. and Shapiro, S. (1990). A Case-Control Study of Alcoholic Beverage Consumption and Breast Cancer, *American Journal of Epidemiology* **131**(1): 6–14.

Examples

str(ex1917)

ex1918

The Donner Party

Description

In 1846 the Donner party became stranded while crossing the Sierra Nevada Mountains near Lake Tahoe. The data frame has the counts for male and female survivors for six age groups.

Usage

ex1918

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 4 variables.

```
Age a factor with six levels: "15-19", "20-29", "30-39", "40-49", "50-59" and "60-69" Sex a factor with levels "female" and "male"

Lived number that lived
```

Died number that died

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Grayson, D.K. (1990). Donner Party Deaths: A Demographic Assessment, *Journal of Anthropological Research* **46**: 223–242.

See Also

case2001

Examples

str(ex1918)

ex1919 103

ex1919

Tire-Related Fatal Accidents and Ford Sports Utility Vehicles

Description

Data shows the numbers of compact sports utility vehicles involved in fatal accidents in the U.S. between 1995 and 1999, categorized according to travel speed, make of car (Ford or other), and cause of accident (tire-related or other).

Usage

ex1919

Format

A data frame with 8 observations on the following 4 variables.

Speed a factor with levels "0-40", "41-55", "56-65" and ">65"

Make a factor with levels "Ford" and "Other"

Other cause of accident was other than tire-related

Tire cause of accident was tire-related

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex2018

Examples

str(ex1919)

ex2011

Space Shuttle

Description

This data frame contains the launch temperatures (degrees Fahrenheit) and an indicator of O-ring failures for 24 space shuttle launches prior to the space shuttle *Challenger* disaster of January 28, 1986.

Usage

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 2 variables.

Temp Launch temperature (in degrees Fahrenheit)

Failure Indicator of O-ring failure

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

```
case0401, ex2223
```

Examples

str(ex2011)

ex2012

Muscular Dystrophy

Description

Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) is a genetically transmitted disease, passed from a mother to her children. Boys with the disease usually die at a young age; but affected girls usually do not suffer symptoms, may unknowingly carry the disease and may pass it to their offspring. It is believed that about 1 in 3,300 women are DMD carriers. A woman might suspect she is a carrier when a related male child develops the disease. Doctors must rely on some kind of test to detect the presence of the disease. This data frame contains data on two enzymes in the blood, creatine kinase (CK) and hemopexin (H) for 38 known DMD carriers and 82 women who are not carriers. It is desired to use these data to obtain an equation for indicating whether a women is a likely carrier.

Usage

ex2012

Format

A data frame with 120 observations on the following 3 variables.

Group Indicator whether the woman has DMD ("Case") or not ("Control")

CK Creatine kinase reading

H Hemopexin reading

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Andrews, D.F. and Herzberg, A.M. (1985). *Data: A Collection of Problems From Many Fields For The Student And Research Worker*, Springer-Verlag, New York.

Examples

str(ex2012)

ex2015

Spotted Owl Habitat

Description

A study examined the association between nesting locations of the Northern Spotted Owl and availability of mature forests. Wildlife biologists identified 30 nest sites. The researchers selected 30 other sites at random coordinates in the same forest. On the basis of aerial photographs, the percentage of mature forest (older than 80 years) was measured in various rings around each of the 60 sites.

Usage

ex2015

Format

A data frame with 60 observations on the following 8 variables.

Site Site, a factor with levels "Random" and "Nest"

PctRing1 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 0.91 km

PctRing2 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 1.18 km

PctRing3 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 1.40 km

PctRing4 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 1.60 km

PctRing5 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 1.77 km

PctRing6 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 2.41 km

PctRing7 Percentage of mature forest in ring with outer radius 3.38 km

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Ripple W.J., Johnson, D.H., Thershey, K.T. and Meslow E.C. (1991). Old–growth and Mature Forests Near Spotted Owl Nests in Western Oregon, *Journal of Wildlife Management* **55**(2): 316–318.

Examples

str(ex2015)

ex2016

Bumpus Natural Selection Data

Description

Hermon Bumpus analysed various characteristics of some house sparrows that were found on the ground after a severe winter storm in 1898. Some of the sparrows survived and some perished. This data set contains the survival status, age, the length from tip of beak to tip of tail (in mm), the alar extent (length from tip to tip of the extended wings, in mm), the weight in grams, the length of the head in mm, the length of the humerus (arm bone, in inches), the length of the femur (thigh bones, in inches), the length of the tibio—tarsus (leg bone, in inches), the breadth of the skull in inches and the length of the sternum in inches.

Usage

ex2016

Format

A data frame with 87 observations on the following 11 variables.

Status Survival status, factor with levels "Perished" and "Survived"

AG Age, factor with levels "adult" and "juvenile"

TL total length (in mm)

AE alar extent (in mm)

WT weight (in grams)

BH length of beak and head (in mm)

HL length of humerus (in inches)

FL length of femur (in inches)

TT length of tibio-tarsus (in inches)

SK width of skull (in inches)

KL length of keel of sternum (in inches)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

```
case0201, ex0221
```

Examples

str(ex2016)

ex2017 107

ex2017

Catholic stance

Description

The Catholic church has explicitly opposed authoritarian rule in some (but not all) Latin American countries. Although such action could be explained as a desire to counter repression or to increase the quality of life of its parishioners, A.J. Gill supplies evidence that the underlying reason may be competition from evangelical Protestant denominations. He compiled the data given in this data frame.

Usage

ex2017

Format

A data frame with 12 observations on the following 5 variables.

Stance Catholic church stance, factor with levels "Pro" and "Anti"

Country Latin American country

PQLI Physical Quality of Life Index in the mid-1970s; Average of live expectancy at age 1, infant mortality and literacy at age 15+.

Repress Average civil rights score for the period of authoritarian rule until 1979

Compete Percentage increase of competitive religious groups during the period 1900-1970

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Gill, A.J. (1994). Rendering unto Caesar? Religious Competition and Catholic Strategy in Latin America, 1962–1979, *American Journal of Political Science* **38**(2): 403–425.

Examples

str(ex2017)

ex2018

Fatal Car Accidents Involving Tire Failures on Ford Explorers

Description

This data frame contains data on 1995 and later model compact sports utility vehicles involved in fatal accidents in the United States between 1995 and 1999, excluding those that were struck by another car and excluding accidents that, according to police reports, involved alcohol.

Usage

ex2018

Format

A data frame with 2321 observations on the following 4 variables.

Make Type of sports utility vehicle, factor with levels "Other" and "Ford"

Vehicle.age Vehicle age (in years); surrogate for age of tires

Passengers Number of passengers

Cause Cause of fatal accident, factor with levels "Not_Tire" and "Tire"

Details

The Ford Explorer is a popular sports utility vehicle made in the United States and sold throughout the world. Early in its production concern arose over a potential accident risk associated with tires of the prescribed size when the vehicle was carrying heavy loads, but the risk was thought to be acceptable if a low tire pressure was recommended. The problem was apparently exacerbated by a particular type of Firestone tire that was overly prone to separation, especially in warm temperatures. This type of tire was a common one used on Explorers in model years 1995 and later. By the end of 1999 more than 30 lawsuits had been filed over accidents that were thought to be associated with this problem. U.S. federal data on fatal car accidents were analysed at that time, showing that the odds of a fatal accident being associated with tire failure were three times as great for Explorers as for other sports utility vehicles.

Additional data from 1999 and additional variables may be used to further explore the odds ratio. It is of interest to see whether the odds that a fatal accident is tire-related depend on whether the vehicle is a Ford, after accounting for age of the car and number of passengers. Since the Ford tire problem may be due to the load carried, there is some interest in seeing whether the odds associated with a Ford depend on the number of passengers.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

ex1919

Examples

str(ex2018)

Belief Accessibility

Description

The study the effect of *context questions* prior to *target questions*, researchers conducted a poll involving 1,054 subjects selected randomly from the Chicago phone directory. To include possibly unlisted phones, selected numbers were randomly altered in the last position. This data frame contains the responses to one of the questions asked concerning continuing U.S. aid to the Nicaraguan Contra rebels. Eight different versions of the interview were given, representing all possible combinations of three factors at each of two levels. The experimental factors were Context, Mode and Level.

Context refers to the type of context questions preceding the question about Nicaraguan aid. Some subjects received a context question about Vietnam, designed to elicit reticence about having the U.S. become involved in another foreign war in a third-world country. The other context question was about Cuba, designed to elicit anti-communist sentiments.

Mode refers to whether the target question immediately followed the context question or whether there were other questions scattered in between.

Level refers to two versions of the context question. In the "high" level the question was worded to elicit a higher level of agreement than in the "low" level wording.

Usage

ex2115

Format

A data frame with 8 observations on the following 5 variables.

Context Factor referring to the context of the question preceding the target question about U.S. aid to the Nicaraguan Contra rebels

Mode Factor with levels "not" and "scattered", "scattered" is used if the target question was not asked directly after the context question

Level Factor with levels "low" and "high", refers to the wording of the question

M Number of people interviewed

Percent Percentage in favour of Contra aid

Details

Increasingly, politicians look to public opinion surveys to shape their public stances. Does this represent the ultimate in democracy? Or are seemingly scientific polls being rigged by the manner of questioning? Psychologists believe that opinions—expressed as answers to questions—are usually generated at the time the question is asked. Answers are based on a quick sampling of relevant beliefs held by the subject, rather than a systematic canvas of all such beliefs. Furthermore, this sampling of beliefs tends to overrepresent whatever beliefs happen to be most accessible at the time the question is asked. This aspect of delivering opinions can be abused by the pollster. Here, for example, is one sequence of questions:

(1) "Do you believe the Bill of Rights protects personal freedom?"

(2) "Are you in favor of a ban on handguns?"

Here is another:

- (1) "Do you think something should be done to reduce violent crime?"
- (2) "Are you in favor of a ban on handguns?"

The proportion of yes answers to question 2 may be quite different depending on which question 1 is asked first.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Tourangeau, R., Rasinski, K.A., Bradburn, N. and D'Andrade, R. (1989). Belief Accessibility and Context Effects in Attitude Measurement, *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology* **25**: 401–421.

Examples

str(ex2115)

ex2116

Aflatoxicol and Liver Tumors in Trout

Description

An experiment at the Marine/Freshwater Biomedical Sciences Center at Oregon State University investigated the carcinogenic effects of aflatoxicol, a metabolite of Aflatoxin B1, which is a toxic by-product produced by a mold that infects cottonseed meal, peanuts and grains. Twenty tanks of rainbow trout embryos were exposed to one of five doses of Aflatoxicol for one hour. The data represent the numbers of fish in each tank and the numbers of these that had liver tumours after one year.

Usage

ex2116

Format

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 3 variables.

Dose (in ppm)

Tumor Number of trout with liver tumours

Total Number of trout in tank

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

ex2117 111

Examples

str(ex2116)

ex2117

Effect of Stress During Conception on Odds of a Male Birth

Description

The probability of a male birth in humans is about .51. It has previously been noticed that lower proportions of male births are observed when offspring is conceived at times of exposure to smog, floods or earthquakes. Danish researchers hypothesised that sources of stress associated with severe life events may also have some bearing on the sex ratio. To investigate this theory they obtained the sexes of all 3,072 children who were born in Denmark between 1 January 1980 and 31 December 1992 to women who experienced the following kind of severe life events in the year of the birth or the year prior to the birth: death or admission to hospital for cancer or heart attack of their partner or of their other children. They also obtained sexes on a sample of 20,337 births to mothers who did not experience these life stress episodes. This data frame contains the data that were collected. Noticed that for one group the exposure is listed as taking place during the first trimester of pregnancy. The rationale for this is that the stress associated with the cancer or heart attack of a family member may well have started before the recorded time of death or hospital admission.

Usage

ex2117

Format

A data frame with 5 observations on the following 4 variables.

Group Indicator for groups to which mothers belong

Time Indicator for time at which severe life event occurred

Number Number of births

PctBoys Percentage of boys born

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Hansen, D., Møller, H. and Olsen, J. (1999). Severe Periconceptional Life Events and the Sex Ratio in Offspring: Follow Up Study based on Five National Registers, *British Medical Journal* **319**(7209): 548–549.

Examples

str(ex2117)

ex2118

HIV and Circumcision

Description

Researchers in Kenya identified a cohort of more that 1,000 prostitutes who were known to be a major reservoir of sexually transmitted diseases in 1985. It was determined that more than 85% of them were infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) in February, 1986. The researchers identified men who acquired a sexually-transmitted disease from this group of women after the men sought treatment at a free clinic. The data frame contains data on the subset of those men who did not test positive for HIV on their first visit and who agreed to participate in the study. The men are categorised according to whether they later tested positive for HIV during the study period, whether they had one or multiple sexual contacts with the prostitutes and whether they were circumcised.

Usage

ex2118

Format

A data frame with 4 observations on the following 5 variables.

Contact Whether men had single or multiple contact with prostitutes

Circumcised Whether the men are circumcised, factor with levels "no" and "yes"

HIV Number of men that tested positive for HIV

Number Number of men

NoHIV Number of men that did not test positive for HIV (should be Number-HIV)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Cameron, D.W., D'Costa, L.J., Maitha, G.M., Cheang, M., Piot, P., Simonsen, J.N., Ronald, A.R., Gakinya, M.N., Ndinya-Achola, J.O., Brunham, R.C. and Plummer, F. A. (1989). Female to Male Transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type I: Risk Factors for Seroconversion in Men, *The Lancet* **334**(8660): 403–407.

Examples

str(ex2118)

ex2119 113

ex2119

Meta-Analysis of Breast Cancer and Lactation Studies

Description

This data frame gives the results of 10 separate case—control studies on the association of breast cancer and whether a woman had breast—fed children.

Usage

ex2119

Format

A data frame with 20 observations on the following 4 variables.

Study Factor indicating the study from which data was taken

Lactate Whether women had breast–fed children (lactated)

Cancer Number of women with breast cancer

NoCancer Number of women without breast cancer

Details

Meta-analysis refers to the analysis of analyses. When the main results of studies can be cast into 2×2 tables of counts, it is natural to combine individual odds ratios with a logistic regression model that includes a factor to account for different odds from the different studies. In addition, the odds ratio itself might differ slightly among studies because of different effects on different populations or different research techniques. One approach for dealing with this is to suppose an underlying common odds ratio and to model between–study variability as extra–binomial variation.

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Data gathered from various sources by Karolyn Kolassa as part of a Master's project, Oregon State University.

Examples

str(ex2119)

ex22.20

Cancer Death of Atomic Bomb Survivors

Description

The data in this data frame are the number of cancer deaths among survivors of the atomic bombs dropped on Japan during World War II, categorised by time (years) after the bomb that death occurred and the amount of radiation exposure that the survivors received from the blast (Data from D.A. Pierce, personal communication.) Also listed in each cell is the *person-years at risk*, in 100s. This is the sum total of all years spent by all persons in the category.

Usage

ex22.20

Format

A data frame with 42 observations on the following 4 variables.

Exposure Estimated exposure to radiation (in rads)

Years Years after exposure, factor with 7 levels

Deaths Number of cancer deaths

Risk Person-years at risk (in 100s)

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

str(ex22.20)

ex2216

Murder-Suicides by Deliberate Plane Crash

Description

Some sociologist suspect that highly publicised suicides may trigger additional suicides. In one investigation of this hypothesis, D.P. Phillips collected information about 17 airplane crashes that were known (because of notes left behind) to be murder–suicides. For each of these crashes, Phillips reported an index of the news coverage (circulation of nine newspapers devoting space to the crash multiplied by length of coverage) and the number of multiple-fatality plane crashes during the week following the publicised crash. This data frame contains the collected data.

Usage

ex2216

ex2222 115

Format

A data frame with 17 observations on the following 2 variables.

Index Index for the amount of newspaper coverage given the murder-suicide

Crashes Multiple-fatality crashes in the week following a murder-suicide by plane crash

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Phillips, D.P. (1978). Airplane Accident Fatalities Increase Just After Newspaper Stories About Murder and Suicide, *Science* **201**: 748–750.

Examples

str(ex2216)

ex2222

Emulating Jane Austen's Writing Style

Description

When she died in 1817, the English novelist Jane Austen had not yet finished the novel *Sanditon*, but she did leave notes on how she intended to conclude the book. The novel was completed by a ghost writer, who attempted to emulate Austen's style. In 1978, a researcher reported counts of some words found in chapters of books written by Austen and in chapters written by the emulator. These data are given in this data frame.

Usage

ex2222

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 3 variables.

Count Number of occurrences of a word in various chapters of books written by Jane Austen and the ghost writer

Book Title of books used

Word Words used

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Morton, A.Q. (1978). Literary Detection: How to Prove Authorship and Fraud in Literature and Documents, Charles Scribner's Sons, New York.

Examples

str(ex2222)

ex2223

Space Shuttle O-Ring Failures

Description

On January 27, 1986, the night before the space shuttle *Challenger* exploded, an engineer recommended to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) that the shuttle not be launched in the cold weather. The forecasted temperature for the *Challenger* launch was 31 degrees Fahrenheit—the coldest launch ever. After an intense 3-hour telephone conference, officials decided to proceed with the launch. This data frame contains the launch temperatures and the number of O-ring problems in 24 shuttle launches prior to the *Challenger*.

Usage

ex2223

Format

A data frame with 24 observations on the following 2 variables.

Temp Launch temperatures (in degrees Fahrenheit)

Incident Numbers of O-ring incidents

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

See Also

case0401, ex2011

Examples

str(ex2223)

ex2224 117

ex2224

Valve Failure in Nuclear Reactors

Description

This data frame contains data on characteristics and numbers of *failures* observed in valve types from one pressurised water reactor.

Usage

ex2224

Format

A data frame with 90 observations on the following 7 variables.

System System, factor with 5 levels

Operator Operator type, factor with 4 levels

Valve Valve type, factor with 6 levels

Size Head size, factor with 3 levels (less than 2 inches, 2–10 inches and 10–30 inches)

Mode Operation mode, factor with 2 levels

Failures Number of failures observed

Time Lengths of observation time

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Moore, L.M. and Beckman, R.J. (1988). Appropriate One-Sided Tolerance Bounds on the Number of Failures using Poisson Regression, *Technometrics* **30**: 283–290.

Examples

str(ex2224)

ex2225

Body Size and Reproductive Success in a Population of Male Bullfrogs

Description

As an example of field observation in evidence of theories of sexual selection, S.J. Arnold and M.J. Wade presented the following data set on size and number of mates observed in 38 bullfrogs.

Usage

ex2225

Format

A data frame with 38 observations on the following 2 variables.

Bodysize Body size (in mm)

Mates Number of mates

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Arnold, S.J. and Wade, M.J. (1984). On the Measurement of Natural and Sexual Selection: Aplications, *Evolution* **38**: 720–734.

Examples

str(ex2225)

ex2414

Amphibian Crisis and UV-B

Description

Data frame contains the percentage of unsuccessful hatching from enclosures containing 150 eggs each in a study to investigate whether UV-B is responsible for low hatch rates.

Usage

ex2414

Sleuth2Manual 119

Format

A data frame with 71 observations on the following 4 variables.

Percent percentage of frog eggs failing to hatch

Treat factor variable with levels "NoFilter", "UV-BTransmitting" and "UV-BBlocking" Location factor variable with levels "ThreeCreeks", "SparksLake", "SmallLake" and "LostLake" Phtolyase Photolyase activity

Source

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

References

Blaustein, A.R., Hoffman, P.D., Hokit, D.G., Kiesecker, J.M., Walls, S.C. and Hays, J.B. (1994). UV Repair and Resistance to Solar UV-B in Amphibian Eggs: A Link to Population Declines? *Proceedings of the National Academy of Science, USA* **91**: 1791–1795.

Examples

str(ex2414)

Sleuth2Manual

Manual of the R Sleuth2 package

Description

If the option "pdfviewer" is set, this command will display the PDF version of the help pages.

Usage

Sleuth2Manual()

Author(s)

Berwin A Turlach <Berwin. Turlach@gmail.com>

References

Ramsey, F.L. and Schafer, D.W. (2002). The Statistical Sleuth: A Course in Methods of Data Analysis (2nd ed), Duxbury.

Examples

Not run: Sleuth2Manual()

Index

*Topic datasets	ex0116, 43
case0101, 5	ex0211, 44
case0102, 5	ex0221, 44
case0201, <mark>6</mark>	ex0222, 45
case0202, 7	ex0223, 46
case0301, 8	ex0321, 46
case0302, <mark>9</mark>	ex0323, 47
case0401, <mark>9</mark>	ex0327, 48
case0402, 10	ex0328, 49
case0501, <u>11</u>	ex0331, 49
case0502, <u>12</u>	ex0332, 50
case0601, <u>13</u>	ex0333, <u>51</u>
case0602, <u>14</u>	ex0428, 51
case0701, <u>15</u>	ex0429, <u>52</u>
case0702, <u>16</u>	ex0430, 53
case0801, 17	ex0431, 53
case0802, 17	ex0432, 54
case0901, 18	ex0518, 55
case0902, 19	ex0523, <u>55</u>
case1001, <u>19</u>	ex0524, <u>56</u>
case1002, <u>20</u>	ex0621, 57
case1101, <u>21</u>	ex0622, 57
case1102, <u>22</u>	ex0723, 59
case1201, <u>23</u>	ex0724, 60
case1202, <u>24</u>	ex0726, 61
case1301, 25	ex0727, 61
case1302, <u>26</u>	ex0728, 62
case1401, 27	ex0729, 63
case1402, 28	ex0730, 63
case1501, 29	ex0816, 64
case1502, 30	ex0817, 65
case1601, 31	ex0818, 66
case1602, 32	ex0820, 66
case1701, 33	ex0822, 67
case1702, 34	ex0823, 68
case1902, 35	ex0824, 69
case2001, 37	ex0825, 69
case2002, 38	ex0914, 70
case2101, 39	ex0915, 71
case2102, 40	ex0918, 71
case2201, 41	ex0920, 72
case2202, 41	ex1014, 73
ex0112, 42	ex1026, 7 4

INDEX 121

ex1027, 74	ex2224, 117
ex1028, 75	ex2225, 118
ex1029, 76	ex2414, 118
ex1115, 77	*Topic documentation
ex1120, 77	Sleuth2Manual, 119
ex1122, 78	*Topic package
ex1123, 79	Sleuth2-package, 4
ex1124, 80	0101 5
ex1217, 80	case0101, 5
ex1220, 82	case0102, 5, 24
ex1221, 83	case0201, 6, 45, 106
ex1222, 84	case0202, 7
ex1317, 85	case0301, 8
ex1319, 85	case0302, 9
ex1320, 86	case0401, 9, 104, 116
ex1414, 87	case0402, 10
ex1415, 88	case0501, 11
ex1417, 89	case0502, 12
ex1509, 89	case0601, 13
ex1512, 90	case0602, 14
ex1513, 91	case0701, 15, 61, 62
ex1514, 91	case0702, 16, <i>64</i> , <i>65</i>
ex1515, 92	case0801, 17
ex1605, 93	case0802, 17
ex1611, 94	case0901, 18
ex1612, 94	case0902, 19, 19, 51
ex1613, 95	case1001, 19 case1002, 20
ex1614, 96	case1101, 21
ex1615, 96	case1102, 22
ex1708, 97	case1201, 23
ex1713, 98	case1202, 6, 24
ex1714, 99	case1301, 25
ex1914, 100	case1302, 26
ex1916, 100	case1401, 27
ex1917, 101	case1402, 28
ex1918, 102	case1501, 29
ex1919, 103	case1502, 30
ex2011, 103	case1601, 31
ex2012, 104	case1602, 32
ex2015, 105	case1701, 33
ex2016, 106	case1702, 34
ex2017, 107	case1902, 35
ex2018, 108	case2001, 37, 102
ex2115, 109	case2002, 38
ex2116, 110	case2101, 39
ex2117, 111	case2102, 40
ex2118, 112	case2201, 41
ex2119, 113	
ex22.20, 114	case2202, 41
ex2216, 114	ex0112, 42
ex2222, 115	ex0116, 43
ex2223, 116	ex0211, 44
CALLES, 110	CAULII, TT

INDEX

ex0221, 7, 44, 106	ex1222, <i>70</i> , 84
ex0222, 45	ex1317, 85
ex0223, 46	ex1319, 85, <i>93</i>
ex0321, 46	ex1320, 86
ex0323, 47	ex1414, 87, 88
ex0327, 48	ex1415, <i>87</i> , <i>88</i>
ex0328, 49	ex1417, 89
ex0331, 49	ex1509, 89
ex0332, 50	ex1512, 90
ex0333, 51	ex1513, 91
ex0428, 51	ex1514, 91
ex0429, 52	ex1515, 92
ex0430, 53	ex1605, 86, 93
ex0431, 53	ex1611, 94
ex0432, 54	ex1612, 94
ex0518, 55	ex1613, 95
ex0523, 55, 78	ex1614, 96
ex0524, 56	ex1615, 96
ex0621, 57	ex1708, 97
ex0622, 57	ex1713, 98
ex0723, 59	ex1714, 99
ex0724, 60	ex1914, 100
ex0726, 61	ex1916, 100
ex0727, <i>16</i> , 61	ex1917, 101
ex0728, 62	ex1918, <i>37</i> , 102
ex0729, 63	ex1919, 103, <i>108</i>
ex0730, 63	ex2011, <i>10</i> , 103, <i>116</i>
ex0816, <i>16</i> , 64	ex2012, 104
ex0817, 65	ex2015, 105
ex0818, 66	ex2016, 7, 45, 106
ex0820, 66, 77	ex2017, 107
ex0822, 67	ex2018, <i>103</i> , 108
ex0823, 68	ex2115, 109
ex0824, 69	ex2116, 110
ex0825, 69, 84	ex2117, 111
ex0914, 70	ex2118, 112
	ex2119, 113
ex0915, 71 ex0918, 71	ex22.20, 114
ex0920, 72	ex2216, 114
ex1014, 73	ex2222, 115
ex1026, 74	ex2223, <i>10</i> , <i>104</i> , 116
	ex2224, 117
ex1027, 74	ex2225, 118
ex1028, 75	ex2414, 118
ex1029, 76	
ex1115, 67, 77	Sleuth2 (Sleuth2-package), 4
ex1120, 56, 77	Sleuth2-package, 4
ex1122, 78	Sleuth2Manual, 119
ex1123, 79, 80, 81	
ex1124, 80	
ex1217, 79, 80	
ex1220, 82	
ex1221, 83	