Package 'Thresher'

August 4, 2017

Version 0.11.0

SignalSet-class

Date 2016-05-16
Title Threshing and Reaping for Principal Components
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Description The Thresher package defines the classes used to identify outliers (threshing) and compute the number of significant principal components and number of clusters (reaping) in a joint application of PCA and hierarchical clustering.
Depends R (>= 3.1), ClassDiscovery, PCDimension
Imports methods, stats, graphics, MASS, colorspace, movMF, ade4, oompaBase
License Apache License (== 2.0)
biocViews Clustering
<pre>URL http://oompa.r-forge.r-project.org/</pre>
NeedsCompilation no
R topics documented:
Thresher-package fit or miss-class getColors-methods getSplit-methods heat-methods image-methods makeFigures-methods

samplePalette9scatter-methods10screeplot-methods10

2 Thresher-package

Index															16
	nitize														
	hresher hresher-class														
	ımmary-metl														
	imThresher . imThresher-c														

Description

The Thresher package defines the classes used to identify outliers (threshing) and compute the number of significant principal components and number of clusters (reaping) in a joint application of PCA and hierarchical clustering.

Details

Package: Thresher Type: Package Version: 1.0

Date: 2014-11-20

License: What license is it under?

Depends: methods

Standard usage is to apply the Thresher function to a data set in order to estimate the princiapl component dimension and identifty outliers. You then apply the Reaper function to actually remove the outliers and asssign the remaining objects to clusters.

Author(s)

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References

Submitted to some journal.

See Also

PCDimension

fit or miss-class 3

```
fit or miss-class Class "fit or miss"
```

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Methods

No methods defined with class "fit or miss" in the signature.

Examples

```
{\tt showClass("fit \ or \ miss")}
```

```
getColors-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function getColors ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function getColors ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(object = "Reaper")
signature(object = "Thresher")
```

```
getSplit-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function getSplit ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function getSplit ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(object = "Reaper")
signature(object = "Thresher")
```

```
heat-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function heat ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function heat ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(object = "Thresher")
```

4 matchLabels

```
image-methods ~~ Methods for Function image ~~
```

Description

```
~~ Methods for function image ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(x = "SimThresher")
```

```
makeFigures-methods ~~ Methods for Function makeFigures ~~
```

Description

~~ Methods for function makeFigures ~~

Methods

```
signature(object = "Reaper")
signature(object = "SimThresher")
signature(object = "Thresher")
```

matchLabels

Match Arbitrary Class Assignments Across Methods

Usage

```
labelMatcher(tab, verbose = FALSE)
matchLabels(tab)
countAgreement(tab)
labelAccuracy(data, labels, linkage="ward.D2")
bestMetric(data, labels)
```

Arguments

tab	A contingency table, represented as a square matrix or table as an R object. Both dimensions represent an assignment of class labels, with each row and column representing one of the labels. Entries should be non-negative integer counts of the number of objects having the labels represented by the row and column.
verbose	A logical value; should the routine print something out periodically so you know it's still working?
data	A matrix whose columns represent objects to be clustered and whose rows represent the anonymous features used to perform the clustering.
labels	A factor (or character vector) of class labels for the objects in the data matrix.
linkage	A linkage rule accepted by the hclust function.

matchLabels 5

Details

In the most general sense, clustering can be viewed as a function from the space of "objects" of interest into a space of "class labels". In less mathematical terms, this simply means that each object gets assigned an (arbitrary) class label. This is all well-and-good until you try to compare the results of running two different clustering algorithms that use different labels (or even worse, use the same labels – typically the integers $1, 2, \ldots, K$ – with different meanings). When that happens, you need a way to decide which labels from the different sets are closest to meaning the "same thing".

That's where this set of functions comes in. The core algorithm is implemented in the function labelMatcher, which works on a contingency table whose entries N_{ij} are the number of samples with row-label = i and column-label = j. To find the best match, one computes (heuristically) the values F_{ij} that describe the fraction of all entries in row i and column j represented by N_{ij} . Perfectly matched labels would consist of a row i and a column j where N_{ij} is the only nonzero entry in its row and column, so $F_{ij} = 1$. The largest value for F_{ij} (with ties broken simply by which entry is closer to the upper-left corner of the mattrix) defines the best match. The matched row and column are then removed from the matrix and the process repeats recursively.

We apply this method to determine which distance metric, when used in hierarchical clustering, best matches a "gold standard" set of class labels. (These may not really be gold, of course; they can also be a set of labels determined by k-means or another clustering algorithm.) The idea is to cluster the samples using a variety of different metrics, and select the one whose label assignments best macth the standard.

Value

The labelMatcher function returns a list of two vectors of the same length. These contain the matched label-indices, in the order they were matched by the algorithm.

The matchLabels function is a user-friendly front-end to the labelmatcher function. It returns a matrix, with the rows and columns reordered so the labels match.

The countAgreement function returns an integer, the number of samples with the "same" labels, computed by summing the diagonal of the reordered matrix produced by matchLabels.

The labelAccuracy function returns a vector indexed by the set of nine distance metrics hard-coded in the function. Each entry is the fraction of samples whose hierarchical clusters match the prespecified labels.

The bestMetric function is a user-friendly front-end to the labelAccuracy function. It returns the name of the distance metric whose hierarchical clusters best match the prespecified labels.

Note

The labelAccuracy function should probably allow the user to supply a list of distance metrics instead of relying on the hard-coded list internally.

Author(s)

Kevin R. Coombes < krc@silicovore.com>

See Also

Hierarchical clusteriung is implemented in the hclust function. We use the extended set of distance metrics provided by the distanceMatrix function from the ClassDiscovery package. This set includes all of the metrics from the dist function.

6 number or miss-class

Examples

```
factor1 <- sample(c("A", "B", "C"), 30, replace=TRUE)
factor2 <- rep(c("X", "Y", "Z"), each=10)
tab <- table(factor1, factor2)
matchLabels(tab)
labelMatcher(tab)</pre>
```

movMF-class

Class "movMF"

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Slots

```
.S3Class: Object of class "character" ~~
```

Extends

```
Class "oldClass", directly. Class "fit or miss", directly.
```

Methods

No methods defined with class "movMF" in the signature.

Examples

```
showClass("movMF")
```

```
number or miss-class Class "number or miss"
```

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Methods

No methods defined with class "number or miss" in the signature.

```
showClass("number or miss")
```

plot-methods 7

```
plot-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function plot ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function plot ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(x = "AuerGervini", y = "missing")
signature(x = "Thresher", y = "missing")
```

Reaper

Reaper

Usage

Arguments

```
thresher
useLoadings
cutoff
metric
linkage
maxSampleGroups
verbose
...
```

8 Reaper-class

```
"cleaned", sep = "."), metric = m, ...)
  tab <- 0
  counter <- 0
  while (any(tab == 0) & counter < 5) {</pre>
      counter <- counter + 1</pre>
      fits <- .fitModels(cleaned, useLoadings)</pre>
      if (length(fits) == 0)
          next
      bic <- sapply(fits, BIC)</pre>
      woo <- which(bic == min(bic))</pre>
      ng <- as.integer(sub("NC=", "", names(woo)))</pre>
      fit <- fits[[woo]]</pre>
      gassign <- factor(predict(fit), levels = 1:ng)</pre>
      tab <- table(gassign)</pre>
  if (length(fits) == 0) {
      bic <- ng <- fit <- NA
      metric <- "no fit"</pre>
      sigset <- new("SignalSet")</pre>
  else {
      if (is.null(metric)) {
          pp <- factor(paste("G", predict(fit), sep = ""))</pre>
          metric <- bestMetric(cleaned@data, pp)</pre>
          cleaned@gc <- hclust(distanceMatrix(cleaned@data,</pre>
               metric, p = 1, "ward")
      }
      if (any(tab == 0)) {
           sigset <- new("SignalSet")</pre>
      }
      else {
           sigset <- .findSignals(cleaned, fit, ng)</pre>
  }
  new("Reaper", cleaned, useLoadings = useLoadings, keep = keep,
      nGroups = ng, fit = fit, allfits = fits, bic = bic, metric = metric,
      signalSet = sigset, maxSampleGroups = maxSampleGroups)
}
```

Reaper-class

Class "Reaper"

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Reaper", ...).

Slots

```
useLoadings: Object of class "logical" ~~
keep: Object of class "logical" ~~
nGroups: Object of class "number or miss" ~~
fit: Object of class "fit or miss" ~~
allfits: Object of class "list" ~~
```

samplePalette 9

```
bic: Object of class "number or miss" ~~

metric: Object of class "character" ~~

signalSet: Object of class "SignalSet" ~~

maxSampleGroups: Object of class "numeric" ~~

name: Object of class "character" ~~

data: Object of class "matrix" ~~

spca: Object of class "SamplePCA" ~~

loadings: Object of class "matrix" ~~

gc: Object of class "hclust" ~~

pcdim: Object of class "numeric" ~~

delta: Object of class "numeric" ~~

ag: Object of class "AuerGervini" ~~
```

Extends

```
Class "Thresher", directly.
```

Methods

```
getColors signature(object = "Reaper"): ...
getSplit signature(object = "Reaper"): ...
makeFigures signature(object = "Reaper"): ...
```

Examples

```
showClass("Reaper")
```

samplePalette

Color Palettes Used By Thresher Classes

Usage

```
data(samplePalette)
data(thresherPalette)
```

Format

```
The format is: chr [1:20] "gray" "blue" "red" "purple" "green" "cyan" ... The format is: chr [1:19] "#FF0000FF" "#0000FFFF" "#00BA38" "#AA00FFFF" ...
```

```
data(samplePalette)
data(thresherpalette)
```

10 SignalSet-class

```
scatter-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function scatter ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function scatter ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(object = "Thresher")
```

```
screeplot-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function screeplot ~~

Description

```
~~ Methods for function screeplot ~~
```

Methods

```
signature(x = "Thresher")
```

```
SignalSet-class
```

Class "SignalSet"

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("SignalSet", ...).

Slots

```
members: Object of class "list" ~~
continuous: Object of class "matrix" ~~
binary: Object of class "matrix" ~~
continuousClusters: Object of class "hclust" ~~
binaryClusters: Object of class "hclust" ~~
```

Methods

No methods defined with class "SignalSet" in the signature.

```
showClass("SignalSet")
```

SimThresher 11

SimThresher

simt

Usage

```
SimThresher(ss, nSample, nm = deparse(substitute(ss)), rho = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
ss
nSample
nm
rho
```

Examples

```
##---- Should be DIRECTLY executable !! ----
##-- ==> Define data, use random,
##--or do help(data=index) for the standard data sets.
## The function is currently defined as
function (ss, nSample, nm = deparse(substitute(ss)), rho = NULL,
    ...)
{
    if (is.null(rho)) {
        rho <- sort(unique(abs(ss[upper.tri(ss)])))[-1]</pre>
    require(MASS)
    nFeature <- ncol(ss)
    mu <- rep(0, nFeature)</pre>
    simdata <- mvrnorm(nSample, mu, ss)</pre>
    colnames(simdata) <- paste("Pr", 1:ncol(simdata), sep = "")</pre>
    new("SimThresher", Thresher(simdata, nm, ...), nSample = nSample,
        covariance = ss, rho = rho)
  }
```

SimThresher-class

Class "SimThresher"

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("SimThresher", ...).

12 summary-methods

Slots

```
nSample: Object of class "numeric" ~~
covariance: Object of class "matrix" ~~
rho: Object of class "numeric" ~~
name: Object of class "character" ~~
data: Object of class "matrix" ~~
spca: Object of class "SamplePCA" ~~
loadings: Object of class "matrix" ~~
gc: Object of class "hclust" ~~
pcdim: Object of class "numeric" ~~
delta: Object of class "numeric" ~~
ag: Object of class "AuerGervini" ~~
```

Extends

```
Class "Thresher", directly.
```

Methods

```
image signature(x = "SimThresher"): ...
makeFigures signature(object = "SimThresher"): ...
```

Examples

```
showClass("SimThresher")
```

```
summary-methods
```

~~ Methods for Function summary ~~

Description

```
\sim\sim Methods for function summary \sim\sim
```

Methods

```
signature(object = "AuerGervini")
```

Thresher 13

Thresher

Thresher

Usage

Arguments

data
nm
FUZZ
metric
linkage
method

```
##---- Should be DIRECTLY executable !! ----
##-- ==> Define data, use random,
##--or do help(data=index) for the standard data sets.
## The function is currently defined as
function (data, nm = deparse(substitute(data)), FUZZ = 0.005,
    metric = "pearson", method = c("broken.stick", "auer.gervini"))
{
    std <- scale(data)</pre>
    spca <- SamplePCA(t(std))</pre>
    ag <- AuerGervini(spca)</pre>
    method <- match.arg(method)</pre>
    pcdim <- switch(method, broken.stick = bsDimension(spca),</pre>
        auer.gervini = agDimension(ag))
    deltaDim \leftarrow max(1, pcdim)
    lambda <- sqrt(spca@variances)</pre>
    loadings <- sweep(spca@components, 2, lambda, "*")</pre>
    delta <- sqrt(apply(loadings[, 1:deltaDim, drop = FALSE]^2,</pre>
    gc <- hclust(distanceMatrix(std, metric), "ward")</pre>
    new("Thresher", name = nm, data = data, spca = spca, loadings = loadings,
        gc = gc, pcdim = pcdim, delta = delta, ag = ag)
  }
```

14 unitize

Thresher-class

Class "Thresher"

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Thresher", ...).

Slots

```
name: Object of class "character" ~~

data: Object of class "matrix" ~~

spca: Object of class "SamplePCA" ~~

loadings: Object of class "matrix" ~~

gc: Object of class "hclust" ~~

pcdim: Object of class "numeric" ~~

delta: Object of class "numeric" ~~

ag: Object of class "AuerGervini" ~~
```

Methods

```
getColors signature(object = "Thresher"): ...
getSplit signature(object = "Thresher"): ...
heat signature(object = "Thresher"): ...
makeFigures signature(object = "Thresher"): ...
plot signature(x = "Thresher", y = "missing"): ...
scatter signature(object = "Thresher"): ...
screeplot signature(x = "Thresher"): ...
```

Examples

```
showClass("Thresher")
```

unitize

Convert a Vector to Unit Length

Usage

```
unitize(mat)
```

Arguments

mat

unitize 15

```
##--- Should be DIRECTLY executable !! ----
##-- ==> Define data, use random,
##--or do help(data=index) for the standard data sets.

## The function is currently defined as
function (mat)
{
    enorm <- sqrt(apply(mat^2, 2, sum))
    sweep(mat, 2, enorm, "/")
}</pre>
```

Index

*Topic \textasciitilde\textasciitilde other possible keyword(s) \textasciitilde\textasciitilde	scatter-methods, 10 screeplot-methods, 10 summary-methods, 12
<pre>getColors-methods, 3</pre>	*Topic multivariate
getSplit-methods, 3	matchLabels, 4
heat-methods, 3	*Topic package
image-methods, 4	Thresher-package, 2
makeFigures-methods, 4	
plot-methods, 7	bestMetric(matchLabels),4
scatter-methods, 10	
screeplot-methods, 10	<pre>countAgreement (matchLabels), 4</pre>
summary-methods, 12	dist, 5
*Topic \textasciitildekwd1	distanceMatrix, 5
Reaper, 7	distancerati ix, 5
SimThresher, 11	fit or miss-class, 3
Thresher, 13	
unitize, 14	<pre>getColors,Reaper-method(Reaper-class),</pre>
*Topic \textasciitildekwd2	8
Reaper, 7	getColors,Reaper-method
SimThresher, 11	(getColors-methods), 3
Thresher, 13	getColors,Thresher-method
unitize, 14	(Thresher-class), 14
*Topic classes	getColors,Thresher-method
fit or miss-class, 3	(getColors-methods), 3
movMF-class, 6	<pre>getColors-methods, 3</pre>
number or miss-class, 6	<pre>getSplit,Reaper-method(Reaper-class), 8</pre>
Reaper-class, 8	getSplit,Reaper-method
SignalSet-class, 10	(getSplit-methods), 3
SimThresher-class, 11	getSplit,Thresher-method
Thresher-class, 14	(Thresher-class), 14
*Topic classif	getSplit,Thresher-method
matchLabels, 4	(getSplit-methods), 3
*Topic cluster	<pre>getSplit-methods, 3</pre>
matchLabels, 4	hclust, 4, 5
*Topic datasets	heat, Thresher-method (Thresher-class),
samplePalette, 9	14
*Topic methods	heat, Thresher-method (heat-methods), 3
<pre>getColors-methods, 3</pre>	heat-methods, 3
<pre>getSplit-methods, 3</pre>	near methods, 5
heat-methods, 3	image,SimThresher-method
image-methods, 4	(SimThresher-class), 11
makeFigures-methods,4	image, SimThresher-method
plot-methods, 7	(image-methods), 4

INDEX 17

image-methods, 4
<pre>labelAccuracy (matchLabels), 4 labelMatcher (matchLabels), 4</pre>
makeFigures,Reaper-method (Reaper-class), 8
makeFigures, Reaper-method (makeFigures-methods), 4
makeFigures,SimThresher-method (SimThresher-class),11
makeFigures, SimThresher-method (makeFigures-methods), 4
makeFigures, Thresher-method (Thresher-class), 14
makeFigures, Thresher-method (makeFigures-methods), 4
makeFigures-methods, 4 matchLabels, 4
movMF-class, 6
number or miss-class, 6
$\operatorname{oldClass}, 6$
PCDimension, 2 plot, AuerGervini, missing-method (plot-methods), 7
plot, Thresher, missing-method (Thresher-class), 14
plot, Thresher, missing-method (plot-methods), 7
plot-methods, 7
Reaper, 7 Reaper-class, 8
<pre>samplePalette, 9 scatter,Thresher-method</pre>
(Thresher-class), 14 scatter, Thresher-method
(scatter-methods), 10
scatter-methods, 10 screeplot, Thresher-method
(Thresher-class), 14 screeplot, Thresher-method
(screeplot-methods), 10 screeplot-methods, 10
SignalSet-class, 10
SimThresher, 11
SimThresher-class, 11
<pre>summary,AuerGervini-method (summary-methods), 12</pre>
summary-methods, 12

```
Thresher, 9, 12, 13
Thresher (Thresher-package), 2
Thresher-class, 14
Thresher-package, 2
thresherPalette (samplePalette), 9
unitize, 14
```