Package 'VisCount'

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Title R package for training and evaluating visual count estimates

Type Package

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Suggests png
Description VisCount allows you to train rapid visual estimates of the number of individuals (symbols or pictures) in the plotting window, enter your estimates, and get a series of insightful statistics on your performance and how it evolves along different training sessions. It can also be a practical and economical tool for the training and calibration of field teams collecting information on the sizes of flocks or populations.
License GPL-3
URL http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org
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VisCount-package

R package for training and evaluating visual count estimates

Description

The VisCount package allows you to train rapid visual estimates of the number of individuals (symbols or pictures) in the plotting window, enter your estimates, and get a series of insightful statistics on your performance and how it evolves along different training sessions. It can also be a practical and economical tool for the training and calibration of field teams collecting information on the sizes of flocks or populations.

Details

Package: VisCount Type: Package Version: 1.1

Date: 2014-10-14 License: GPL-3

Author(s)

References

Barbosa A.M. (submitted) VisCount: a free software tool to train and evaluate visual count estimates.

Examples

```
## Not run:

# load previous VisCount results
# (if you've used VisCount before on this computer):

getSavedResults()

# practise visCount and enter your estimates as prompted:

visCount() # repeat until bored

# practise also with different shapes, sizes, colours and backgrounds:
```

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```
visCount(shape = "^", bg = "white")
visCount(shape = "~", size = 1.3)
visCount(shape = "x", size = 2, col = "brown")
visCount(shape = "Y", bg = "wheat")
# practise with different number limits
# (you can combine with any of the arguments above):
visCount(Nmax = 500, Nmin = 100)
# you can also use animal and/or background pictures in PNG format
# (you need to have the png R package installed for this);
# here are some examples with downloaded public domain images:
download.file(url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/flamingo_flying.png",
destfile = "flamingo_flying.png")
download.file(url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/clouds.png",
destfile = "clouds.png")
visCount(shape = "flamingo flying.png", bg = "lightblue")
visCount(shape = "flamingo flying.png", size = 0.5, bg = "clouds.png")
download.file(url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/gull standing.png",
destfile = "gull standing.png")
download.file (url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/water.png",\\
destfile = "water.png")
visCount(shape = "gull_standing.png", bg = "grey")
visCount(shape = "gull standing.png", bg = "water.png")
# if your last estimate was a mistake, remove it from record:
removeTypo()
# check out your performance statistics:
visCountStats()
# remove particular trials (e.g. 3 and 7) from records and stats:
removeTypo(c(3, 7))
# check performance stats for particular sessions:
visCountStats(c(1, 3:7))
# before quitting R, save your results on disk for future use:
```

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```
saveResults() ## End(Not run)
```

getSavedResults

Get previously saved VisCount estimates

Description

This function imports the VisCountSessions table saved in a previous R session to the current workspace.

Usage

```
getSavedResults(path = "VisCountSessions.csv")
```

Arguments

path

complete folder path to the .csv file containing your VisCountSessions data. The default is 'VisCountSessions.csv' in your current working directory. You will only have this file if you have previously used visCount(), provided some estimates and used the saveResults function to save your results to disk before quitting R.

Value

The function returns a message informing either that the .csv file was not available, or that it was correctly loaded in the workspace.

Author(s)

A. Marcia Barbosa

See Also

saveResults

Examples

```
getSavedResults()\\ getSavedResults(path = "/user/joey/myvisCount/VisCountSessions.csv")
```

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removeTypo

Remove mistaken estimate(s) from record

Description

This function removes one or more records that may have originated from mistyped estimates in the VisCountSessions data. Note that this operation cannot be undone. The resulting VisCountSessions table will silently overwrite the previous one and, as all trials are numbered consecutively, the removed trials will be noticeably missing from the table.

Usage

```
removeTypo(trial = max(VisCountSessions\$Trial))
```

Arguments

trial

Trial(s) of VisCountSessions to remove from record. The default (if no trial is specified) is the last one.

Value

This function invisibly returns the new VisCountSessions table after removal of the specified trial(s).

Author(s)

A. Marcia Barbosa

Examples

```
\begin{array}{l} removeTypo() \\ removeTypo(3) \\ removeTypo(3:5) \\ removeTypo(c(3,5)) \end{array}
```

saveResults

Save VisCountSessions results to disk

Description

This function saves the VisCountSessions table as a .csv file on disk, either in the working directory (the default) or in a specified folder path. Do not save your R workspace - in further VisCount sessions, your results will be retrieved from disk.

Usage

```
saveResults(path = "VisCountSessions.csv")
```

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Arguments

path folder path to t

folder path to the location and file name where you want the data to be recorded. The default is 'VisCountSessions.csv' in the working directory.

Author(s)

A. Marcia Barbosa

See Also

```
getSavedResults
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
saveResults()
saveResults("/user/joey/myVisCount/VisCountSessions.csv")
## End(Not run)
```

visCount

Train visual count estimates

Description

This functions plots a random number (within user-defined limits) of symbols or .png images at random positions in the plotting window, asks you to type in your estimate, and then shows you exactly how many symbols/pictures there were and the extent of your estimate error. It also stores these data in a VisCountSessions table which you can retrieve later and which can be used by the visCountStats function to provide performance statistics.

Usage

```
visCount(Nmax = 100, Nmin = 10, shape = 20, size = 1, col = "black", bg = "lightblue")
```

Arguments

Nmax	maximum number of symbols to plot; defaults to 100.
Nmin	minimum number of symbols to plot; defaults to 10.

shape plotting items to use. Can be one of the plotting symbols available in R (see

'pch' values in points), such as the default 20 for a black dot, or a keyboard character in quotes, or the complete folder path (in quotes and including file name and extension) to a .png image, preferably with transparent background

(see examples).

size size for the plotting symbols (see 'cex' in points)

col colour for the plotting symbols (see 'col' in points). The default is "black".

Ignored if shape is a .png image.

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bg

colour for the plot background (see 'bg' in par, and type colours() for available colour names in R). The default is "lightblue". Ignored if bg is a .png image.

Author(s)

A. Marcia Barbosa

Examples

```
\#\# Not run:
# practise visCount and enter your estimates as prompted:
visCount() # repeat until bored
# practise also with different shapes, sizes, colours and backgrounds:
visCount(shape = "^", bg = "white")
visCount(shape = "~", size = 1.3)
visCount(shape = "x", size = 2, col = "brown")
visCount(shape = "Y", bg = "wheat")
# practise with different number limits
# (you can combine with any of the arguments above):
visCount(Nmax = 500, Nmin = 100)
# you can also use animal and/or background pictures in PNG format
# (you need to have the png R package installed for this);
# here are some examples with downloaded public domain images:
download.file(url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/flamingo flying.png",
destfile = "flamingo flying.png")
{\bf download.file(url = \overline{"}http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/clouds.png"},
destfile = "clouds.png")
visCount(shape = "flamingo flying.png", bg = "lightblue")
visCount(shape = "flamingo_flying.png", size = 0.5, bg = "clouds.png")
download.file(url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/gull standing.png",
destfile = "gull standing.png")
download.file (url = "http://viscount.r-forge.r-project.org/water.png",\\
destfile = "water.png")
visCount(shape = "gull standing.png", bg = "grey")
visCount(shape = "gull standing.png", bg = "water.png")
## End(Not run)
```

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visCountStats visCount statistics on user performance

Description

This function provides the user with several statistics on their count estimate performance over different trials and training sessions.

Usage

```
visCountStats(sessions = unique(VisCountSessions$Session),
VCSessions = VisCountSessions, plot = TRUE)
```

Arguments

sessions numeric integer vector specifying the training sessions to calculate performace

statistics for. The default is all the sessions recorded in the VisCountSessions

results table.

VCS essions name of the table containing the VisCountS essions results. VisCountS essions

is the default.

plot logical, whether to provide the graphical results as well. Deafaults to TRUE.

Value

If there are no VisCountSessions results available, the function returns a message telling you so. If there are, it returns a list with the following components:

TrialStats a data frame showing data and user performance over the visCount trials in-

cluded in the specified sessions.

SessionStats a data frame summarizing user performance in each of specified sessions.

Overall Accuracy a numerical value of the overall user performance, measured by the coefficient of

determination (R-squared) of the equality line (where estimates = true numbers;

Poole 1974, Romdal et al. 2005).

If plot = TRUE, the function also produces a set of 4 plots depicting these statistics.

Author(s)

A. Marcia Barbosa

References

Poole R.W. (1974) An Introduction to Quantitative Ecology. McGraw-Hill, NY.

Romdal T.S., Colwell R.K. & Rahbek C. (2005) The influence of band sum area, domain extent, and range sizes on the latitudinal mid-domain effect. Ecology 86:235-244.

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Examples

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