

1) Method Overloading: Write a class Calculator with overloaded methods add().

Implement add() methods that take:

- Two integers
- Two double values
- Three integers
- A variable number of integers

Program :-

```
package package_demo; // package
import java.util.*; //importing java.util package

class Calculator {
    int add(int a, int b) {           //two integer
        return a+b;
    }
    double add(double a, double b) { //two double
        return a+b;
    }
    int add(int a, int b, int c) {    //three integers
        return a+b+c;
    }
    int add(int ...x) {               //variable number of integers
        int sum = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < x.length; i++) {sum = sum + x[i];}
        return sum;
    }
}

public class MainDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Calculator obj = new Calculator();
        System.out.println(obj.add(12, 8)); //calling the method
        System.out.println(obj.add(5.5,2.3)); //calling the method
        System.out.println(obj.add(36,64,4)); //calling the method
        System.out.println(obj.add(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0)); //calling method
    }
}
```

Output :

```
<terminated> MainDemo [J
```

```
20
7.8
104
45
```

2) Super Keyword:

- Create a class Person with a constructor that accepts and sets name and age.
- Create a subclass Student that adds a grade property and initializes name and age using the super keyword in its constructor.
- Demonstrate the creation of Student objects and the usage of super to call the parent class constructor.

Program :

```
package package_demo; // package
import java.util.*; //importing java.util package

class Person { //Superclass
    String name;
```

```

    int age;
    Person(String name, int age) {    //constructor
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    }
}
class Student extends Person {    //Subclass
    char grade;
    Student(String name, int age, char grade) {    //constructor
        super(name, age);    //calling parent class constructor
        this.grade = grade;
    }
}

public class MainDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Student obj = new Student("Undertaker", 23, 'A'); //Student obj
        System.out.println("Name : " + obj.name);
        System.out.println("Age : " + obj.age);
        System.out.println("Grade : " + obj.grade);
    }
}

```

Output :

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application] (
Name   : Undertaker
Age    : 23
Grade  : A

```

3) Super Keyword:

- Create a base class Shape with a method draw() that prints "Drawing Shape".
- Create a subclass Circle that overrides draw() to print "Drawing Circle".
- Inside the draw() method of Circle, call the draw() method of the Shape class using super.draw().
- Write a main method to demonstrate calling draw() on a Circle object.

Program :-

```

package package_demo; // package
import java.util.*; //importing java.util package

class Shape {    //Superclass
    void draw() {
        System.out.println("Drawing Shape");
    }
}
class Circle extends Shape{    //Subclass
    @Override
    void draw() {
        System.out.println("Drawing Circle");
        super.draw();    //calling parent class method
    }
}

public class MainDemo { //Main class
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle obj = new Circle();
        obj.draw();
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

```

Output :

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application]
Drawing Circle
Drawing Shape

```

4) Write a Java Program to count the number of words in a String without using the Predefined method?

Program :

```

package package_demo;           // package
import java.util.*;             //importing java.util package

public class MainDemo {        //Main class
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "Good Morning merry sunshine";
        System.out.println(str);
        System.out.println("No. of words : " + count(str)); //calling method
    }
    static int count(String str) { //logic
        char space = ' ';
        int no_of_spaces = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
            if(str.charAt(i) == ' ') {
                no_of_spaces++;
            }
        }
        return no_of_spaces + 1;
    }
}

```

Output :

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application]
Good Morning merry sunshine
No. of words : 4

```

5) Write a Java Program to remove all white spaces from a String?

Program :-

```

package package_demo;           // package
import java.util.*;             //importing java.util package

public class MainDemo {        //Main class
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "Good Morning merry sunshine";
        System.out.println(str);
        str = str.replaceAll(" ", ""); //call replaceAll() method
        System.out.println(str);
    }
}

```

Output :

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application]
Good Morning merry sunshine
GoodMorningmerrysunshine

```

6) WAP to find occurrence of given in the given string.

Program :-

```
package package_demo;    // package
import java.util.*;      //importing java.util package

public class MainDemo {  //Main class
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "senselessness";
        func(str);    //calling method
    }
    static void func(String str) {    //logic
        char []arr = str.toCharArray();
        LinkedHashMap<Character, Integer> obj = new LinkedHashMap<>();
        for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) { //traversing the String
            if(obj.containsKey(arr[i])) {
                obj.put(arr[i], obj.get(arr[i])+1);
            } else {
                obj.put(arr[i], 1);
            }
        }
        for(Map.Entry<Character, Integer> entry : obj.entrySet()) {
            System.out.println(entry.getKey() + " : " + entry.getValue());
        }
    }
}
```

Output :

```
<terminated> MainDemo [Jav
s : 6
e : 4
n : 2
l : 1
```

7) Write a java class to implement any 10 string methods:

• replace • contains • replaceAll • indexOf • substring • Equals • lastIndexOf • startsWith
• endsWith • EqualsIgnoreCase • toLowerCase • toUpperCase • isEmpty • Length • split

Program :-

```
package package_demo;    // package
import java.util.*;      //importing java.util package

public class MainDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "Ronaldo Chaurasia";
        System.out.println("Length : "+ str.length()); //1st function
        str = str.toLowerCase(); //2nd function
        System.out.println("Lowercase : " + str);
        str = str.toUpperCase(); //3rd function
        System.out.println("Uppercase : " + str);
        if(str.equals("ronaldo chaurasia")) { //4th function
            System.out.println("Both Strings are equal considering cases");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Both Strings are not equal considering cases");
        }
        if(str.equalsIgnoreCase("ronaldo chaurasia")) { //5th function
```

```

        System.out.println("Both Strings are equal ignoring the cases");
    } else {
        System.out.println("Both Strings are not equal ignoring the cases");
    }

    System.out.println("contains : " + str.contains("R")); //6th function
    System.out.println("indexOf : " + str.indexOf("Z")); //7th function
    str = str.replace(" ", "--"); //8th function
    System.out.println("replace : " + str);
    System.out.println("Substring :"+str.substring(0, 7)); //9th function
    String []arr = str.split("--"); //10th function
    System.out.println("split : " + Arrays.toString(arr));
}
}

```

Output :

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application] C:\Users\Umesh\.p
Length : 17
Lowercase : ronaldo chaurasia
Uppercase : RONALDO CHAURASIA
Both Strings are not equal considering cases
Both Strings are equal ignoring the cases
contains : true
indexOf : -1
replace : RONALDO--CHAURASIA
Substring : RONALDO
split : [RONALDO, CHAURASIA]

```

8) Write a java program to implement string tokenizer.

Program :-

```

package package_demo; // package
import java.util.*; //importing java.util package

public class MainDemo { //Main class
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        StringTokenizer obj = new StringTokenizer("Games of Thrones");
        while(obj.hasMoreTokens()) {
            System.out.println(obj.nextToken());
        }
    }
}

```

Output :-

```

<terminated> MainDemo [Java Application]
Games
of
Thrones

```