

# **Analyse avancée**

## ***Locally convex spaces***

## Question 1/19

Basic properties/example of bounded sets

## Réponse 1/19

A subset of a normed space is bounded iff it is contained in  $B(0, R)$  for  $R > 0$

$\{u_n, n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  for  $(u_n)$  convergent is bounded

A finite union/sum of bounded sets is bounded

A compact set is bounded

A subset  $A$  of a Fréchet space of semi-norms  $(p_n)$  is bounded iff there exists  $(M_n)$  such that for all  $u \in A$ ,  $p_n(u) \leq M_n$

## Question 2/19

Necessary condition for  $X$  to be a Fréchet space

## Réponse 2/19

If  $X$  is endowed with a family of separating semi-norms for which the space is complete then  $X$  is a Fréchet space

## Question 3/19

Topological properties of hyperplanes

## Réponse 3/19

Hyperplanes are dense or closed  
Dense iff the associated linear map is  
continuous

## Question 4/19

Properties of  $K + F$  with  $K \subseteq X$  compact  
and  $F \subseteq X$  closed



## Réponse 4/19

$K + F$  is closed

## Question 5/19

Existence of symmetric neighbourhoods

## Réponse 5/19

If  $W$  is a neighbourhood of 0 then there exists a neighbourhood  $V$  of 0 such as  $V = -V$  and

$$V + V \subseteq W$$

## Question 6/19

Separation of compact and closed sets in a TVS

## Réponse 6/19

If  $X$  is a TVS,  $K$  is a compact subset of  $X$  and  $F$  a closed subset of  $X$  then there exists a neighbourhood  $V$  of  $0$  such that

$$(K + V) \cap (F + V) = \emptyset$$

## Question 7/19

Bounded set

## Réponse 7/19

$A$  is bounded if for all neighbourhood  $V$  of  $0$ ,  
there exists  $t_0 > 0$  such that, for all  $t \geq t_0$ ,

$$A \subseteq tV$$

$A$  is bounded if for all neighbourhood  $V$  of  $0$ ,  
there exists  $t > 0$  such that  $A \subseteq tV$

## Question 8/19

Link between  $\overline{A}$ ,  $\overline{B}$  and  $\overline{A + B}$



## Réponse 8/19

$$\overline{A} + \overline{B} \subseteq \overline{A + B}$$

## Question 9/19

Properties of  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overset{\circ}{A}$  when  $A$  is convex

## Réponse 9/19

$\overline{A}$  and  $\overset{\circ}{A}$  are convex  
If  $\overset{\circ}{A} \neq \emptyset$  then  $\overset{\circ}{\overline{A}} = \overline{A}$

## Question 10/19

Properties of  $p_A: X \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$   
 $u \longmapsto \inf(\{t > 0, u \in tA\})$   
for  $A \subseteq X$  absorbing

## Réponse 10/19

$p_A$  is well defined and positively homogeneous,

$p_A(0) = 0$  and  $p_A$  is sub-additive

If  $A$  is convex,  $\{p_A(x) < 1\} \subseteq A \subseteq \{p_A(x) \leq 1\}$

and if  $A$  is open then  $A = \{p_A(x) < 1\}$

If  $A$  is convex and balanced,  $p_A$  is a semi-norm

If  $X$  is a normed space and  $A$  is a neighbourhood of the origin then there exists

$K \geq 0$  such that  $p_A(u) \leq K \|u\|_X$

## Question 11/19

Bounded map

## Réponse 11/19

A map is bounded if it maps bounded sets to bounded sets

## Question 12/19

Linear functional



## Réponse 12/19

Linear map  $X \rightarrow \mathbb{K}$  with  $X$  a  $\mathbb{K}$ -vector space

## Question 13/19

$A \subseteq X$  is absorbing

## Réponse 13/19

$$\forall u \in X, \exists t > 0, tu \in A$$

## Question 14/19

Hyperplane

## Réponse 14/19

Kernel of a non-trivial linear map  
It has dimension 1 (the converse holds)

## Question 15/19

Link between bounded and continuous linear maps

## Réponse 15/19

A continuous linear map is bounded

A bounded linear map of a normed vector space is bounded

In a space with a compatible metric invariant by translation, a bounded linear map is continuous iff it is sequentially continuous at 0

## Question 16/19

$A \subseteq X$  is balanced



## Réponse 16/19

$$\forall |\lambda| \leq 1, \lambda A \subseteq A$$

## Question 17/19

Properties of  $A + U$  with  $A \subseteq X$  and  $U \subseteq X$   
open

## Réponse 17/19

$A + U$  is open

## Question 18/19

$A \subseteq X$  is convex

## Réponse 18/19

$$tA + (1 - t)A \subseteq A \text{ for all } t \in [0, 1]$$

## Question 19/19

Fréchet space

## Réponse 19/19

Topological vector space with a compatible metric, that is invariant by translation and with which the space is complete